University of London

REPORTS

FROM

COMMISSIONERS:

TWENTY-TWO VOLUMES.

— *(6.)* —

CALEDONIAN CANAL; CHARITY;
CHARITABLE DONATIONS AND BEQUESTS (IRELAND);
COPYHOLD; EMIGRATION; INCLOSURE;
LOAN FUND BOARD OF IRELAND;
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT; PUBLIC WORKS (IRELAND);
RAILWAYS (IRELAND); TITHE; TURNPIKE TRUSTS;
WOODS, FORESTS, AND LAND REVENUES.

Session

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VOL. XVII.

1868–9.

REPORTS FROM COMMISSIONERS:

1868–9.

TWENTY-TWO VOLUMES;—CONTENTS OF THE

SIXTH VOLUME.

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SIXTY-FOURTH

REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS

OF THE

CALEDONIAN CANAL.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
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CALEDONIAN CANAL.

THE SIXTY-FOURTH REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE CALEDONIAN CANAL.

The navigation of the Caledonian Canal has been maintained, in uninterrupted efficiency, throughout the year.

In their last report the Commissioners stated that Mr. Fowler, C.E., was engaged in an inquiry into the causes of floods in the River Ness; and they have since received from that gentleman an able and conclusive report upon the subject. With reference to allegations that these floods have been aggravated by the works of the Caledonian Canal, he says: "after carefully weighing all the information and evidence which I have been able to collect on the subject, and after many months of searching inquiry, I am of opinion that the works of the Caledonian Canal at Bona, Dochgarroch, and the River Ness, taken as a whole, have not caused any increase of the floods in the River Ness." He shows clearly that no mitigation of these floods could be effected by any alteration of the canal works; and that the only practicable relief is to be found in improvements in the channel of the River Ness itself, at and near Inverness. Appendix No. 2.

As Mr. Fowler was selected by the Commissioners to undertake this inquiry, at the solicitation of the magistrates and town council of Inverness, who signified their entire confidence in his impartiality and professional ability, it is to be hoped that further controversies upon this subject may be averted.

The Commissioners have the satisfaction of reporting favourably of the traffic and revenue of the past year. In the year ending 30th April 1868, the receipts were 6,041 *l.* 8 *s.* 5 *d.*; in the year ending 30th April 1869, they had risen to 7,004 *l.* 15 *s.* 9 *d.*; thus showing an increase in the latter period of 963 *l.* 7 *s.* 4 *d.* In the former year the expenditure amounted to 6,560 *l.* 18 *s.* 1 *d.*; in the latter to 6,634 *l.* 2 *s.* 8 *d.*; thus showing the inconsiderable increase of 73 *l.* 4 *s.* 7 *d.* In the former year the expenditure exceeded the receipts by 519 *l.* 9 *s.* 8 *d.*; in the latter year, the revenue was in excess of the expenditure by 370 *l.* 13 *s.* 1 *d.* The balance of the Commissioners at the Bank of Scotland, as at the 30th April last, was 1,053 *l.* 17 *s.* 8 *d.*

The revenue is affected by changes in the character and circumstances of the traffic, some of which may be specially noticed. In 1866–67, 17 cargoes of linseed passed through the Canal, from Riga to Ireland; while in the last year, this number had increased to 47, with a corresponding increase of revenue from 193 *l.* 7 *s.* to 592 *l.* 11 *s.* 6 *d.*; and from the continued demand for that article for the linen manufactures in Ireland, a considerable importation may be expected in the present year. The quantities imported, however, will be affected by the production, quality, and prices of the article in the producing countries, as well as by the demand for it in Ireland.

The variations of the herring fisheries have always had a perceptible effect upon the traffic of the Canal; and of late years, there have been remarkable changes in that industry. Formerly Ireland derived her principal supply of cured herrings from the fisheries in the Moray Firth, and on the coast of Caithness; and the greater part of this supply was conveyed through the Caledonian Canal. Of late years, however, considerable fisheries have been established on the Irish coasts, especially at Howth, and thence along the east coast to Carlingford Bay. The Isle of Man has also contributed large quantities of cured fish to the Irish market. At the same time, important fishing stations have arisen on the west coast of Scotland at Stornoway, and at Barra Island, and Loch Boisdale in South Uist. To these west coast fisheries, the fishermen of the east coast resort in great numbers.

 Very

Very few fishing boats bound for Stornoway pass through the Canal; but of those proceeding to Barra and Loch Boisdale, no less than 380 took that route in April and May last, of which number 321 returned through the Canal, on the closing of the fisheries; and notwithstanding this extensive diversion of the Irish herring trade from the east to the west coast of Scotland, the enterprise of the eastern fishermen, who have engaged in the new fisheries, has contributed to the traffic and revenue of the Canal more largely than when the Irish trade was chiefly confined to their own coast, and the produce of their industry was conveyed westward through the Canal.

Last year the Commissioners reduced the tonnage dues upon through cargoes of coals and slates, during the summer months, from 1 *s.* to 9 *d.* The experiment has hitherto had little perceptible effect upon the traffic; but, with a view to attract to the Canal some portion of the extensive coal trade between the east coast of England and Ireland, they have determined to reduce the Canal dues on coals from 1 *s.* to 6 *d.* a ton. To promote the slate trade between Wales and the east coast of Scotland, by way of the Canal, they propose to continue the reduced rate of 9 *d.*, throughout the year; and further, in the hope of reviving the salt trade from Runcorn and Liverpool, which formerly contributed to the traffic of the Canal, they have resolved to reduce the tonnage dues on salt from 1 *s.* to 6 *d.* a ton. Without forming any sanguine anticipations of increased revenue from these reductions, they think it right to make the resources of the navigation available, as far as possible, for the encouragement of every branch of trade.

CRINAN CANAL.

THE traffic and revenue of the Canal have been fairly maintained during the past year. In the year ending 30th April 1868, the receipts of the Canal and harbour amounted to 4,350 *l.* 9 *s.* 8 *d.*; in the year ending 30th April 1869, they were 4,315 *l.* 18 *s.* 4 *d.*; thus showing a decrease of 34 *l.* 11 *s.* 4 *d.*, as compared with the preceding year. This small falling off is due to a bad fishing season, and to the discontinuance of the "Plover" steamer, which had regularly plied upon the Canal for many years.

The expenditure of the year ending 30th April 1868 was 4,143 *l.* 19 *s.* 11 *d.*; and in the year ending 30th April 1869, 4,394 *l.* 2 *s.*, being an increase in the latter year of 250 *l.* 2 *s.* 1 *d.* The expenditure has exceeded the revenue by 78 *l.* 3 *s.* 8 *d.*; and the balance due by the Commissioners to the Bank of Scotland amounted, as at the 30th April last, to 181 *l.* 5 *s.* 1 *d.* The expenditure of both these years comprises the annual payment of 250 *l.* to the Bank of Scotland in discharge of the Crinan Canal "Old Account," which was reduced by the last payment to 393 *l.* 18 *s.* 7 *d.*, and will soon be wholly paid off.

The Commissioners have often had occasion to express their concern at the large and increasing expenditure of this Canal, which, from various causes, is proportionately much higher than that of the Caledonian Canal; and during the past year it has undergone a most searching investigation. So many lock gates and swing bridges still require renewal, that no considerable reduction can be immediately anticipated; but the navigation has recently been placed under the charge of a new superintendent, Mr. William Rhodes; and no pains will be spared to reduce the annual expenditure, so far as is compatible with complete efficiency.

A P P E N D I X.

Appendix, No. 1.

GENERAL REPORT on the State of the Caledonian Canal Works, to 1st May 1869.

The navigation of the Canal has met with no interruption during the past year.

The winter months were very mild and open, and without floods of any consequence, as compared with those of the preceding winter.

The works in the east district of the Canal are in a satisfactory state.

Several leakages have broken out in the clay linings at Torvaine, but were carefully watched and promptly remedied.

The new roads of approach from Inverness to Muirtown Locks, made at the expense of Mr. Matheson, M. P., prove a great accommodation, and are much used by the steamer passengers and the public in general.

The want of a good winter berth for the swift steamers when not running, has long been felt, especially since the "Gondolier," was added to the service. During the annual repairs in May 1868, when the water was low in the Muirtown Reach, the opportunity was taken to deepen and level an extensive shoal at the clay-pits, about 400 yards above Muirtown Locks, giving a sufficient depth and area to moor the two steamers, which berth they occupied during the last winter and spring months. The cost of this work was about 30 *l.*, one-third of which was paid by Messrs. D. Hutcheson & Co.

The retaining and waste weirs at the lower end of Loch Dochfour stand well, and have required no repairs.

In the middle district, viz., from Lochness to Loch Lochy, the various works are all in good order.

In my last Annual Report it was stated, that the dredging operations at the mouth of the River Garry were left unfinished, owing to the flooded state of Loch Oich. These were resumed in August 1868, and brought to a satisfactory conclusion in September.

The waters of the Garry now discharge themselves in an oblique direction into Loch Oich, thus diverting the force of the current from the navigable channel, which used to cause much trouble and frequent delays to passing vessels.

At the same time, a long shoal in the Laggan cutting, brought in by the floods in the Burn, was also dredged out, and the navigable channel restored to its proper depth.

West district, from Loch Lochy to the sea at Corpach. At Moy, in the Bannavie Reach, the Burn there had produced the same shoaling in the channel as that already described at Laggan. This was removed by the steam-dredge in October last, when all the suitable materials produced were applied to the repairs of the towing path, which, along the whole of this reach is used by the adjacent tenants as an accommodation road, to the lands they occupy between the Canal and the River Lochy, and consequently stood in much need of repair.

At the annual stoppage of the navigation in May 1868, the chain of locks at Bannavie was carefully examined, and everything done to improve these works, that the limited period of 12 days would allow, large quantities of concrete and cement grout being used to fill up cavities and interstices in the masonry of the inverts and recess walls, which, I have no doubt, will have a good and lasting effect. The tug steamers went through their work well during the past winter; since then the hulls of each have undergone some slight repairs, and all the boilers thoroughly repaired, so that, barring accidents, these vessels may yet be serviceable for some years to come.

Caledonian Canal Office,
Inverness, 1 May 1869.

James Davidson.

Appendix, No. 2.

FLOODS OF THE RIVER NESS.

REPORT of *John Fowler*, Esq., C.E.

2, Queen Square Place, Westminster,
5 January 1869.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

IN compliance with the instructions conveyed to me in the letter of your Secretary, dated 2nd May 1868, I have made a careful investigation into the extent, character, and causes of the floods of the River Ness, with a view to suggest means for their mitigation.

I have caused accurate sections to be taken, both longitudinal and transverse, of the channel of the River Ness, from Bona Channel at the east end of Loch Ness to its discharge into Moray Firth, below Inverness, and I have compared the existing with the former state of things, so far as I have been able, with the plans, reports, and other records which have been placed at my disposal.

The reports of the engineers on the subject of the River Ness floods, which I have read and considered, are as follows:—

1. Mr. Walker's Report, dated 22nd March 1849.
2. Sir John Burgoyne's Private Report to the Treasury, dated 9th April 1849.
3. Messrs. Leslie and Mitchell's Report, dated 24th May 1849.
4. Mr. Davidson's Report, dated 9th July 1849.
5. Mr. Davidson's Report, dated 9th April 1868.
6. Mr. Rhodes' Letter to Mr. Davidson, dated 24th April 1868.

In addition to the valuable information contained in these reports, I have had free access to all the plans, sections, and other documents in the possession of Mr. Davidson, the engineer to the Commissioners at Inverness, and of Mr. Mitchell, who had special sections of the River Ness taken in 1849, for the purpose of the report he made jointly with Mr. Leslie.

I have also availed myself of information collected from old residents in the neighbourhood, and of valuable oral evidence obtained from Mr. Davidson, the engineer, Mr. Jackson, the contractor for the works of 1846, and others.

It would have been more satisfactory for the purposes of this report, and have saved much time and laborious investigation, if authentic documents had been accessible, describing the exact condition of Loch Ness, Loch Dochfour, and the River Ness, before any of the works connected with the Caledonian Canal had been commenced; and if records of gauges could have been given of the varying levels of Loch Ness, both at Fort Augustus and Bona, and also of one or two places upon the River Ness. No such documents, however, can be found, and no gauges appear to have been established until after the great flood of 1849.

A difference of opinion has long existed, and still continues to exist, as to the effect of the works of the Caledonian Canal near Loch Dochfour, on the floods of the River Ness. The reports of the various engineers to which I have referred, state the two sides of the question with considerable ability and force.

It may be convenient here to enumerate a few figures and dimensions, for a more clear appreciation of this important subject.

The area of the district drained and discharged by the River Ness is 700 square miles; Loch Ness is 22 miles long, averages a little more than a mile wide, and is 25 square miles in area. Loch Dochfour receives the waters of Loch Ness through the narrow channel at Bona, and is two miles in length.

The River Ness and the Caledonian Canal leave the east end of Loch Dochfour by separate channels; the River Ness by passing over the long weir constructed to raise the level of Loch Dochfour, and the Caledonian Canal by an artificial cut or channel, which thus becomes a prolongation of Loch Dochfour to the regulating lock at Dochgarroch.

The River Ness to its point of discharge into the sea is about six miles long, and falls nearly 50 feet by a channel of varying declivity.

The Caledonian Canal, from Loch Dochfour to the sea, is about six miles in length, and has seven locks to overcome the difference of the 50 feet in level.

The Caledonian Canal works were commenced in 1804, and opened for traffic in 1822, but with an available depth of 13 feet only (instead of 20 feet as originally intended), and with some of its works finished in a temporary or otherwise imperfect manner. In 1846 the traffic of the canal was stopped to put the works into efficient working order, to construct permanent weirs, and to obtain a minimum depth of 17 feet of water throughout the whole length of the canal.

The three greatest floods recorded in the present century were in the years 1815, 1849, and 1868, the two last of which occurred after the completion of the canal works.

I will now proceed to consider in what manner the works of the Caledonian Canal, near

near Loch Dochfour, have affected the height or duration of the floods in the River Ness, These works may be divided into two parts, viz.:—

1. Alterations of the channel of the river below Dochgarroch weir.
2. The construction of Dochgarroch weir, and the enlargement of the channel at Bona.

With regard to the alterations of the channel of the river below Dochgarroch weir, it is obvious that the only effect of any such alteration would be, to cause a merely local irregularity in the inclination of the surface of the water, but it could not in the slightest degree affect the quantity of water discharged from Loch Ness, or the level of the flood water attained at Inverness.

The facts, however, respecting the alterations actually made in the channel of the River Ness, by the works of the Caledonian Canal, are fortunately recorded in various documents, and traceable on the ground with sufficient accuracy to place beyond all doubt that they were really improvements to the river, so far that its course was made more direct, and that obstructions and contractions were removed.

It would, indeed, have been a remarkable neglect of duty, on the part of those interested in the River Ness, to have permitted its channel to have been injuriously affected in the serious manner which has been suggested, without promptly requiring the mischief to be made good, and such neglect was most unlikely to have occurred, and indeed it is very clear that it did not.

The works of the Caledonian Canal at the Dochgarroch weir, and the alteration of the channel at Bona are those which were really calculated to affect the condition of Loch Ness, Loch Dochfour, and the River Ness, and to those we must look (if to any) for the alleged changes in the magnitude and effect of the floods in the River Ness, by the increase or decrease of the efficiency of Loch Ness as a regulating basin.

The construction of Dochgarroch weir alone, by raising Loch Dochfour, would have had the effect of increasing the power of Loch Ness to regulate the flood discharged down the Ness. The water passing out of Loch Ness into Loch Dochfour would, by such raising, have had a less fall than before, and therefore less velocity, and a less discharge of water, at an equal flood level in Loch Ness, and thus in order to obtain an equal discharge through Bona channel the flood waters in the Loch must have continued to rise so as to attain a higher level than previous to the construction of Dochgarroch weir.

The summer level, however, would have remained very nearly the same under both conditions, inasmuch as the small quantity of water then passing through the Bona channel would require only a slight fall, and, therefore, the summer level in Loch Ness would have remained practically unaltered; so that the full extent to which the flood level would have been raised by Dochgarroch weir might be taken as the measure of increase in the regulating power of Loch Ness, provided Dochgarroch weir alone had been constructed.

The widening and deepening of Bona channel alone, on the contrary, would have had the effect of facilitating the discharge of flood waters more rapidly and at an earlier period, and, therefore, of discharging an equivalent maximum volume of flood waters with a lower head or level in Loch Ness, by which means the regulating power of Loch Ness would have been decreased.

Both these works, viz., the construction of the Dochgarroch weir and the enlargement of the Bona channel have, however, been carried out, and their combined effect on the regulating power of Loch Ness and on the height of the floods in the River Ness is the resultant of this separate action.

It does not appear that any inquiry was instituted into the probable effects on the floods of the River Ness at the time these works were authorised or carried out, and no exact records appear to exist of the original state of things in Loch Ness and Loch Dochfour, and certainly none of the gaugings of the water by which any comparison could be satisfactorily made between the old and altered conditions.

As direct evidence was wanting, I have endeavoured to obtain the best indirect evidence I possibly could.

I find that in 1803, Mr. Jessop, who was a very careful engineer, reported that Loch Ness had a varying level of eight and even as much as ten feet, that is between the highest flood and lowest summer level; this was before any works were executed at Bona or Dochgarroch.

I also find that in 1868, when records by gauging were kept at Fort Augustus, the difference between the flood level and the summer level was 8 feet 8 inches.

At the time of the flood in 1849 gauges were not kept at Fort Augustus, but careful observations were made, and these would indicate a higher flood level than 1868, to the extent of about six inches, or a varying difference of level of upwards of nine feet.

These facts would appear to indicate that the combined works at Bona and Dochgarroch have not affected in any appreciable degree the extent to which Loch Ness now acts as a regulating basin, and this result has been confirmed by a very careful inquiry and examination along the shores of Loch Ness.

Lastly, I have obtained general testimony, as far as possible, of the original dimensions of the Bona channel and of the original level of Loch Dochfour, and have estimated the comparative result upon flood discharges under the old natural state of the lochs and the river, and under the existing artificial state.

After carefully weighing all the information and evidence which I have been able to collect on the subject, and after many months of searching inquiry, I am of opinion that the

the works of the Caledonian Canal at Bona, Dochgarroch, and the River Ness, taken as a whole, have not caused any increase of the floods in the River Ness.

I will now proceed to consider the means which may be taken to mitigate the effects of the floods in the River Ness.

As a purely engineering question, and distinct from any consideration of property or rights, any one of three different plans might be adopted.

1. To contract the channel at Bona.

2. To direct a portion of the flood waters to the west coast by constructing a weir at the west end of Loch Oich and of Loch Lochy, with new or enlarged channels between Loch Oich and Loch Lochy, and also between Loch Lochy and the River Lochy.

3. To improve the channel of the River Ness at and near Inverness.

1. *To contract the Channel at Bona.*

It would, no doubt, be practicable to contract this channel to an extent which would increase the capacity of Loch Ness considerably as a regulating basin, by making it necessary to have a higher level of water in the loch to deliver an equal quantity of water through the diminished or contracted channel; and if no alternative were possible, I think this plan might be seriously entertained; but it is obviously open to two very serious objections, amongst others, and from which it cannot be relieved, viz., the injury to arable land and other property round the 50 miles of shore of the loch, and also by the work of contraction ceasing to be of any utility in the mitigation of the river floods when rains continue long enough to produce an equality between the reception and discharge of flood waters. This was supposed to be the case with the flood of 1849.

2. *To direct a Portion of the Water to the West Coast.*

I have reason to believe that if this plan was decided upon as the best remedy for the existing evil, Mr. Ellice, M.P., and Lord Abinger, whose properties would be chiefly affected, would interpose no difficulties in the way of its being carried out; and I confess that in the first instance I had an impression in its favour.

It is not easy to realise immediately all the consequences of such a bold and novel remedy, but a little reflection will suggest many possible difficulties, and, no doubt, others would develope themselves if the plan were worked out in detail.

The works of construction in weirs and new channels and protection works in the River Lochy, for the increased discharge of water, would be considerable and expensive, but with the friendly concurrence of the owners and parties interested, this might probably be overcome.

The regulation of the weirs for the discharge of water to the west coast would be a work of more difficulty, and of a nature not easily to be overcome, as the time, circumstances, and degree of its operation would probably be antagonistic between different interests.

The most serious objection to this suggestion, however, is with reference to the River Ness itself, because, although the town of Inverness has suffered severely at different times from disastrous floods, it cannot be contended that the power of flood waters in the River Ness, even with their greatest height and duration, is more than sufficient to maintain the channel of the river in a satisfactory state; indeed, it may be stated on the contrary, that the channel does not even now sufficiently maintain itself at its proper depth.

I cannot, therefore, advise the diversion of any portion of the drainage of the Ness into the River Lochy.

3. *To improve the Channel of the River Ness at and near Inverness.*

It is difficult to make a correct comparison between the state of the channel of the River Ness, near Inverness, at the present and at former times.

Previous to the year 1816, no houses of value or importance, and very few of any kind existed where Ness Bank and Eileanach now are, and therefore floods before that date would receive little or no attention.

Between the year 1816 and the present year (1869) the channel of the river through Inverness appears to have been diminished by various works, including the formation and widening of roadways and the obstruction of a water main across the river, by which the bed of the river at that place has been raised about 16 inches.

It is also probable that the *debris* from the weirs and cruives, removed from the channel of the river above Inverness, was partially deposited again in and near the town, and has not been cleared away.

It cannot be doubted that these combined causes have had some influence in raising the level of the flood waters of the Ness through the town of Inverness, and the injury they have occasioned has become more serious from the increased extent and value of houses and buildings.

The flooding of the lower part of the town of Inverness from exceptionally high tides is sufficiently important to deserve attention, although the mischief arises from a different cause than from the land floods which I have been discussing.

After much careful consideration, I would advise the following remedial works to be carried

carried out as being the most effectual, and also as involving the smallest outlay, for the prevention or mitigation of Ness floods :—

1. To lower the bed of the river from the islands above Eileanach to near the railway bridge.

2. To take up the water main and relay it below the altered level of the channel.

3. To raise the banks and roadways on each side of the river where necessary, so far as it can be done without injury to property.

4. To construct small dwarf walls on each side of the river at the lower part of the town against high tides, with trap doors or other provision for drains.

5. To construct a few groynes along the southern side of the spit at Bona to intercept the shingle which appears to be constantly travelling along the western shore of Loch Ness and round the northern end.

It would also be desirable to prevent shingle from the Holme burn on the sides of the River Ness between Dochgarroch weir and Inverness being brought into the channel of the river to a greater extent than absolutely unavoidable, but I am not aware of any power of the Caledonian Canal Commissioners, or of the authorities of Inverness, to interfere in this matter.

I believe the effect of the works which I advise would be to lower the level of high floods through Inverness to the extent of at least three feet, and thereby to prevent injury to property or inconvenience to the inhabitants in the case of all floods not exceeding the magnitude of those of which authentic records exist.

I estimate the cost of executing the works I have described at 15,000 *l.*

The alteration in the bed of the channel, which I recommend, would give a more regular fall than the existing channel; and therefore I do not anticipate any difficulty or considerable expense in its future maintenance.

I strongly advise the Commissioners to have gauges fixed and accurate records kept daily of the level of the water at Fort Augustus, Bona, and at Dochgarroch, and I hope it may be possible also to have a gauge established in the River Ness at Inverness. These gauges should all have their zero mark exactly at the same level with each other.

I have much pleasure in stating my obligations to Mr. George Kilgour for the skill and perseverance with which he collected documentary and other information for me, and to Mr. Philip Stanhope, who zealously seconded him in his work. Mr. Davidson the engineer to the Commissioners has most freely given me every information in his power, and I have also received very useful documents from Mr. Joseph Mitchell, C.E., of Inverness.

I am, &c.
(signed) *John Fowler.*

To the Commissioners of the Caledonian Canal.

Appendix, No. 3.

ABSTRACT of ACCOUNT of the COMMISSIONERS of the CALEDONIAN CANAL for the CALEDONIAN CANAL, from 30th April 1868 to 30th April 1869.

RECEIPTS.	£. s. d.			£. s. d.		
I. Canal dues, &c., collected by Mr. Davidson and Mr. Clark, including steam towages - - - - - - - - - -				6,240	12	9
II. Transit tolls on passengers - - - - - - - -				529	16	3
III. Rents of property - - - - - - - - - -				180	–	–
IV. Petty Customs from town of Inverness - - - - - -				51	3	4
V. Sum disallowed by Audit Office - - - - - - - -				3	3	5
AMOUNT of RECEIPTS - - - £.				7,004	15	9
PAYMENTS.	£.	s.	d.			
I. Pay bills - - - - - - - - - -	5,276	19	6			
II. Ditto - for steam tug-boats - - - - - -	808	17	–			
III. Secretary's salary and disbursements - - - -	205	4	2			
IV. Shore and anchorage dues to Inverness Harbour Trustees	247	17	6			
V. Mr. James Hope, jun., Account of Business during 1867 (whereof Disbursements, 6 *l.* 16 *s.* 2 *d.*) - -	25	4	6			
VI. Mr. James Hope, jun., allowance as cashier for 1868 -	70	–	–			
AMOUNT of PAYMENTS - - - £.				6,634	2	8
EXCESS of RECEIPTS - - £.				370	13	1
	£.	s.	d.			
The balance due by the Bank of Scotland, as at 30th April 1868, was - - - - - - - - - -	693	2	5			
Add interest due by the Bank of Scotland - - - -	6	7	2			
	699	9	7			
Deduct commission charged by Bank - - - - -	16	5	–			
				683	4	7
Balance due to the Commissioners by the Bank of Scotland, as at 30th April 1869, after giving effect to the transactions subsequent to 30th April, which are applicable to the year previous to that date - -				1,053	17	8

Edinburgh, 12 July 1869.

James Hope, W. S.

Appendix, No. 4.

ABSTRACT of ACCOUNT of the COMMISSIONERS of the CALEDONIAN CANAL for the CRINAN CANAL, from 30th April 1868 to 30th April 1869.

RECEIPTS.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
I. Canal and Harbour, &c. dues collected by Mr. Fyfe - - - -				3,740	6	8
II. Transit tolls on passengers - - - - - - - - -				434	9	6
III. Rents of property - - - - - - - - - -				69	10	6
IV. For services rendered to stranded vessels - - - - - -				71	11	8
AMOUNT of RECEIPTS - - - £.				4,315	18	4
PAYMENTS.						
I. Pay bills - - - - - - - - - - -	4,112	14	7			
II. Mr. James Hope, jun., W. S., amount of Disbursements during 1867 - - - - - - - - -	1	7	5			
III. Mr. James Hope, jun., allowance as cashier for 1868 -	30	–	–			
IV. Payment to Old Crinan Canal account - - - -	250	–	–			
AMOUNT of PAYMENTS - - £.				4,394	2	–
EXCESS of PAYMENTS - - £.				78	3	8
The balance due to the Bank of Scotland, as at 30th April 1868, was - - - - - - - - - - -	99	3	1			
Deduct interest due by the Bank of Scotland during year to 30th April 1869 - - - - -	6	19	9			
	92	3	4			
Add commission charged by Bank - - - -	10	18	1			
				103	1	5
Balance due by the Commissioners to the Bank of Scotland, as at 30th April 1869, after giving effect to the transactions subsequent to 30th April, which are applicable to the year previous to that date - - -				181	5	1

Edinburgh, 12 July 1869. *James Hope*, W. S.

Appendix, No. 5.

MONTHLY ACCOUNT of VESSELS Navigating the CALEDONIAN CANAL, from 1st May 1868 to 1st May 1869.

DATE.	Number of Passages through the Canal. East to West Sea.	Number of Passages through the Canal. West to East Sea.	Number of Passages on Parts of Canal.	Number of Passages by Steamers.	Total of Passages made on Canal.	Amount of Tonnages. £.	s.	d.
1868:								
May - - -	172	12	33	27	244	288	16	6
June - - -	15	30	53	64	162	334	15	3
July - - -	18	286	47	122	473	669	–	4
August - -	24	21	57	119	221	489	16	3
September - -	144	14	37	114	309	537	11	9
October - -	25	22	28	51	126	396	15	4
November - -	44	7	11	17	79	589	10	5
December - -	32	24	17	18	91	526	5	9
1869:								
January - -	29	20	16	17	82	340	8	7
February - -	27	15	21	17	80	255	17	6
March - -	33	23	45	21	122	418	2	5
April - - -	121	20	44	20	205	401	6	5
TOTALS - -	684	494	409	607	2,194	5,248	6	6

James Davidson.

Appendix, No. 6.

TABLE of Comparative Number of Passages and Amount of REVENUE on the CRINAN CANAL, for the Years ending 30th April 1868 and 30th April 1869.

Year ending 30th April 1868.

	Number of Steamers.	Number of Vessels.	Number of Boats.	Number of Passages.	Steamboat Dues.			Vessels and Boats' Dues.			Transit Dues.			TOTAL.		
1867:					£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
May - - -	43	91	139	273	92	10	9	194	1	5	9	1	6	295	13	8
June - - -	65	111	106	282	106	11	10½	191	15	5	47	10	–	345	17	3½
July - - -	88	83	74	245	133	17	4½	134	4	7	95	–	6	363	2	5½
August - -	85	118	19	222	131	8	9	186	7	7	135	11	8	453	8	–
September - -	79	116	15	210	117	1	–	184	8	6½	86	8	8	387	18	2½
October - -	45	127	51	223	76	11	7½	209	13	3½	25	6	6	311	11	5
November - -	17	124	35	176	39	6	–	194	5	10½	2	16	6	236	8	4½
December - -	17	124	18	159	40	13	3	180	7	1½	2	16	–	223	16	4½
1868:																
January - -	23	61	5	89	54	–	–	97	4	–½	2	19	6	154	3	6½
February - -	19	72	7	98	46	9	3	119	2	6	3	12	6	169	4	3
March - -	21	106	8	135	51	9	6	174	7	10	2	1	4	227	18	8
April - - -	10	89	11	110	23	8	–	125	2	4	1	19	6	150	9	10
	512	1,222	488	2,222	913	7	4½	1,991	–	6½	415	4	2	3,319	12	1

Year ending 30th April 1869.

	Number of Steamers.	Number of Vessels.	Number of Boats.	Number of Passages.	Steamboat Dues.			Vessels and Boats' Dues.			Transit Dues.			TOTAL.		
1868:					£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
May - - -	33	94	161	288	56	8	10½	198	6	9	13	17	10	268	13	5½
June - - -	59	120	63	242	78	12	9	184	4	6½	37	18	8	300	15	11½
July - - -	69	125	81	275	88	16	–	201	16	11	106	1	6	396	14	5
August - -	71	113	21	205	95	–	9	180	2	10	149	1	–	424	4	7
September - -	65	138	17	220	82	6	6	211	4	2	87	14	10	381	5	6
October - -	49	114	7	170	70	16	3	170	3	1	28	16	8	269	16	–
November - -	9	89	11	109	19	7	9	156	–	4	1	10	2	176	18	3
December - -	16	123	18	157	40	11	–	186	17	–½	2	1	–	229	9	–½
1869:																
January - -	18	81	4	103	41	17	9	141	10	6½	2	1	8	185	9	11½
February - -	14	83	–	97	32	11	–	147	5	7	1	13	6	181	10	1
March - -	17	101	7	125	38	12	3	157	1	5	1	13	8	197	7	4
April - - -	18	80	75	173	41	8	6	150	15	9½	1	19	–	194	3	3½
	438	1,261	465	2,164	686	9	4½	2,085	9	–	434	9	6	3,206	7	10½

Appendix, No. 7.

RETURN of RECEIPTS of the CRINAN CANAL, Classified under different Descriptions of Goods, in the Year ending 30th April 1869.

—	Slates.	Coals.	Fishing.	Boats.	General Goods.	Ballast.	Steamers.	Transit Toll.	TOTAL.
1868:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
May - -	32 17 9	53 16 8	53 12 6	1 15 1½	41 12 1	14 12 7½	56 8 10½	13 17 10	268 13 5½
June - -	29 1 10½	62 9 –½	35 1 6	1 16 –	39 4 –	16 12 1½	78 12 9	37 18 8	300 15 11½
July - -	37 5 –	62 6 6½	26 11 –	2 17 –	49 13 –	23 4 4½	88 16 –	106 1	396 14 5
August - -	20 7 9	54 5 10	1 19 –	2 15 –	49 8 1	51 7 2	95 – 9	149 1 –	424 4 7
September -	42 2 –	70 2 4	5 13 9	1 12 –	70 8 7	21 5 6	82 6 6	87 14 10	381 5 6
October - -	31 1 3	57 5 10½	– 11 –	– 2 –	68 18 4	12 4 7½	70 16 3	28 16 8	269 16 –
November -	43 12 9	53 – 1½	4 16 6	– 16 –	49 15 10	3 19 1½	19 7 9	1 10 2	176 18 3
December -	40 1 3	73 – –	2 10 –	– 5 –	55 19 9½	15 1 –	40 11 –	2 1 –	229 9 –½
1869:									
January - -	36 11 9	58 7 8	1 8 –	– 7 –	39 5 6	5 10 7½	41 17 9	2 1 8	185 9 11½
February -	40 7 1½	54 8 11	– 7 –	- -	44 7 9½	7 14 9	32 11 –	13 6	181 10 1
March - -	45 10 6	60 14 4½	– 5 –	1 12 4	44 12 8	4 6 6½	38 12 3	1 13 8	197 7 4
April - -	30 13 3	45 9 8½	25 – –	1 12 6	41 13 2	6 7 2	41 8 6	19 –	194 3 3½
£.	429 12 3	705 7 1	157 15 3	15 9 11½	594 18 10	182 5 7½	686 9 4½	434 9 6	3,206 7 10½

SIXTY-FOURTH

REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS

OF THE

CALEDONIAN CANAL.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
30 *July* 1869.

379.

Under 2 oz.

CHARITY COMMISSION.

SIXTEENTH REPORT

OF

THE CHARITY COMMISSIONERS

FOR

ENGLAND AND WALES;

WITH

AN APPENDIX.

1868.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

LONDON:
PRINTED BY GEORGE EDWARD EYRE AND WILLIAM SPOTTISWOODE,
PRINTERS TO THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.
FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE.

[*Price* 5½*d.*]

1869.

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SIXTEENTH REPORT

OF

THE CHARITY COMMISSIONERS FOR ENGLAND AND WALES.

TO THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

May it please Your Majesty,

We, the Charity Commissioners for England and Wales, humbly submit to Your Majesty a Report of our proceedings during the year 1868.

Number and objects of Orders.

The following statement shows the number and principal objects of the Orders made under our Official Seal during the past and preceding years respectively. But it is expedient to repeat from our former reports that the larger proportion of the cases brought under our consideration are disposed of by correspondence, or after discussion in our office, without any formal order, and cannot therefore be included in the statement referred to; even in the numerous cases in which applications are refused no formal order, such as a nonsuit or the dismissal of a Bill, is made, but the refusal may be equally calculated to involve inquiry and discussion, and to be the subject of as elaborate judgment as the granting of the application.

The number of orders therefore, although affording some indication of the comparative operations of the office in different years, cannot be relied upon as furnishing a complete and accurate test for this purpose.

Objects of Orders.	Number.	
	During the year 1868.	During the year 1867.
Authorizing applications to the Court of Chancery - - - - - - -	17	23
" " the County Courts - - - - - -	2	2
" " the Courts of Common Law - - - - - -	3	9
Appointing and removing trustees, and establishing schemes, or for some of those purposes -	359	352
Certifying cases to the Attorney General, with a view to the institution by him of ex-officio proceedings - - - - - - - - - -	7	5
Conveying advice to trustees for their protection and indemnity on questions involving their personal responsibility - - - - - - - -	46	64
Authorizing sales of Charity estates - - - - - - -	203	180
" exchanges* - - - - - - - -	8	12
" building, mining, or other special leases - - - - - -	209	202
" improvements of charity estates, and the raising or appropriation of the necessary funds - - - - - - - - - -	57	42
" the compromise of claims - - - - - - -	33	13
" transfers of stock or money to "The Official Trustees of Charitable Funds" -	817	680
For various purposes not comprised under any of the foregoing heads - - - -	286	241
Total - -	2,047	1,825

Department of the Official Trustees of Charitable Funds.

The aggregate amount of stocks in the public funds, and of stocks, funds, and securities in railway and other companies, transferred to "The Official Trustees of

* The powers of the Inclosure Commissioners to make exchanges of charity lands being more summary and beneficial than the powers vested in our Board for the same purpose, such transactions are most generally referred to their cognizance.

Charitable Funds" during the past year, is 458,092*l.* 10*s.* Sums of stock amounting together to 35,458*l.* 16*s.* 11*d.* have been sold by the Official Trustees during the year, principally for the purpose of being re-invested in land, or of being expended in repairs or other improvements, for the benefit of the Charities interested in them.

At the close of the year the total amount of the various stocks and shares vested in the Official Trustees was 3,443,029*l.* 6*s.* 2*d.* held by them upon 4,951 accounts.

We subjoin a statement, in continuation of those given in our former Reports, showing the amounts of stock transferred to "The Official Trustees of Charitable Funds," and re-transferred or sold by them in each year, from 1854 inclusively:—

	Amount of Stock transferred.	Amount re-transferred.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
In the year 1854	6,360 16 11	—
" 1855	21,158 17 3	—
" 1856	118,115 4 2	32 2 6
" 1857	159,735 11 1	4,023 11 8
" 1858	110,417 12 1	5,650 16 8
" 1859	189,084 10 10	1,436 1 9
" 1860	202,816 17 2	1,780 17 7
" 1861	293,786 17 0	7,530 9 6
" 1862	330,131 10 2	31,926 16 11
" 1863	269,488 18 11	14,670 1 4
" 1864	459,162 10 8	7,927 4 9
" 1865	319,820 14 7	14,454 17 9
" 1866	316,476 0 11	20,558 18 5
" 1867	348,617 18 2	14,786 8 0
" 1868	458,092 10 0	35,458 16 11
Total	£3,603,266 9 11	160,237 3 9
Deduct amount re-transferred	160,237 3 9	
Total amount of stocks standing in name of "The Official Trustees of Charitable Funds," 31st December 1868	£3,443,029 6 2	

We have inserted in an Appendix the particulars of the stocks which have been transferred into the name of the Official Trustees during the past year, distinguishing the several Charities entitled thereto, and the amount belonging to each Charity.

The progressive increase of the amounts annually transferred to the Official Trustees for ensuring their safety and just management well deserves observation. This increase has been very remarkable during the past year.

Parliamentary scheme.

The only scheme which we have thought it desirable to prepare during the past year, with a view to its being submitted to the consideration of Parliament, is for the Trevilson Charity, affecting the Parish of East Newlyn, in Cornwall.

The scheme, with an explanatory statement of the circumstances of the case, is set forth in an Appendix.

We beg to call attention to this statement, as strongly illustrative of the working of certain rules adopted by the Court of Chancery in the settlement of schemes for Endowed Schools, which we venture to think are of prejudicial tendency, and have been so considered in the late Report of the Schools Inquiry Commission.

Working of Jurisdiction of Board to propose such Schemes.

But, though we have provisionally approved this scheme, we wish to observe, in repetition of what we have stated on former occasions, that our authority to propose legislative schemes for particular charities, which might and ought to be most valuable, is practically of little utility. The Act creating this jurisdiction rightly provides that, as a preliminary to the approval of such a scheme, the case shall be heard and inquired into in the most careful and elaborate manner by our Board, but when this has been done (usually at a great cost of time and labour) there is no machinery for carrying the scheme into effect. The Act directs only that if enacted by Parliament it shall be Law, but is wholly silent respecting the agency by which the requisite enactment shall be obtained. The result of our proposals of such schemes has not been satisfactory. It is certain that any scheme of importance displacing some real or fancied interests, and offending some prejudices, will provoke some zealous and eager opposition, but there is no certainty that the Bill will attract general interest, or the attention and support which it may deserve.

With this experience we shrink from undertaking the difficult and frequently invidious duty of elaborating and approving these schemes, and the apparently powerful machinery devised by the legislature for effecting in this manner the reformation of Charities of special magnitude and importance is virtually powerless for its object.

One of the proceedings which we thought it desirable to set on foot during the past year has been an inquiry into the Charitable Foundations of Henry Smith, made at an early period of the 17th century. Of these foundations there are two main branches: one for the poor relations of the founder, the other for the benefit of the poor of no less than 209 places in various parts of England; and the funds, in a course very usual in the administration of such endowments, have come to be spent almost wholly in direct gifts, or doles of money or goods divided in small amounts, among a vast number of persons. Inspection of Henry Smith's Foundations.

From their magnitude and extended ramifications these Charities are very prominent examples of such foundations, and inquiry into their operation and results has appeared to us likely to afford instructive information.

A gift for the perpetual benefit of poor relations of the founder is a very anomalous disposition, and seems to be at variance with the general rules of law relating to settlements of property in this country. It is a kind of entail on a particular family, which is incapable of being barred, but the claimants of which ought to be qualified, not only by pedigree, but by improvidence or its consequences, misfortune, or some of the many causes which reduce men to dependence on others. Not indeed that this latter qualification is rigidly exacted, for in the administration of such trusts the word poverty (for avoiding greater mischiefs) receives a conventional meaning, and the funds are received by many who are in easy and comfortable circumstances, and ought not to be objects of public charity. Of the working of such dispositions of property those who read our detailed statement of this case may form some opinion. The Court of Chancery has allowed them as legal on the ground as it would seem that they are only settlements "in favour of a particular description of poor," and in this particular case they were established by an Act of Parliament, in lieu of other trusts declared by the donor, and the objects of which had failed. We venture to suggest that such gifts ought to be declared illegal and void. Nature of gift to poor relations.

Upon the other branch of the foundations, the funds of which are spent mainly in doles, we need hardly enlarge much here. It is matter of common complaint that indiscriminate distributions are open to gross abuses, and tend to corrupt rather than to benefit. We have touched upon the matter more than once in our detailed statement of this case; and the evidence there exhibited not only supplies fresh illustrations of the evil of indiscriminate distributions, but shows, as we think, how universally such distributions, when on a large scale, become indiscriminate. Mischief of distributive charities.

One of our inspectors, Mr. Martin, was in the course of last year instructed to make inquiry into these Charities, which he has done with great care and labour. His Report was not presented to us till the 1st of this month, and as it is very voluminous, and the subject matter is of great complication, it has not been possible, even were it desirable, for us to submit any scheme for a detailed reform of these foundations. Indeed in the present case we think that so far as regards the doles, sufficient, or at all events substantial, reforms would be found to lie within the compass of the ordinary law, and would not therefore be proper subjects of special legislation; but, as regards the trust for poor relations, the powers of the law would be inadequate to work any effective reform, which could be effected only by the same legislative authority by which these trusts were established. And as regards the doles, reforms could only be effected by numerous processes involving vast labour, if not expense. And they only afford samples of most numerous foundations of the same kind, many of them much more largely endowed, pervading the whole country. Why we have pursued the course of simply reporting the case without attempting any scheme.

It may be convenient for showing the real impracticability of reforming even these endowments alone, by the application to them of the general law, to state the process which would be necessary.

If we were to attempt to proceed by way of Judicial scheme we should find ourselves involved in endless details. There are 209 different funds administered each by its separate body of trustees. For their re-organization by Judicial schemes we should have to procure 209 different applications, and the trustees, who, where the income exceeds 50*l.* must be the applicants, would in many cases refuse to apply. And for either kind of scheme we should have to frame 209 different plans, to correspond with as many different sets of trustees, to serve many times 209 notices, to receive objections on each case from all quarters, to hear all parties desiring to be heard, and ultimately to make decisions on all the objections. We should then, in the case of Judicial schemes, have to make 209 orders establishing them, whence appeals would lie Excessive complication and labour of preparing schemes in this office whether judicial or legislative.

to the Court of Chancery, and the whole matter might in any case be opened again. In the case of Parliamentary Schemes we should be required to set forth in our Report to Your Majesty each of the 209 schemes, with a statement of the circumstances leading to each, and all proceedings taken upon them, and our reasons for allowing or disallowing all objections. They would then be laid on the tables of the two Houses of Parliament, when they might or might not be introduced as Bills. If introduced the Bills would in all probability be opposed by persons whose private interests or feelings were hurt by them, and, according to the past experience of such cases, the public interests would be found weaker than the private.

We have, therefore, thought it the better plan simply to bring this case pointedly under the consideration of the Legislature. We are indeed constantly engaged in making Schemes for the reformation of dole Charities, but they are isolated, and are insignificant in extent compared with the vast number to be handled. We are very often baffled in our endeavours to reform them, and are also hampered by the narrow limits of the Law, even when the bulk of the parties concerned are willing to apply them more usefully. We feel that the subject is one which requires some more certain and decisive action than any which can now be applied to it; and if the Legislature is of opinion that doles in general are productive of more poverty and ultimate misery than they relieve, and that the true way of giving relief is by helping the poor to help themselves, to endeavour to give them health and strength of body, intelligence and cultivation of mind, and habits of thrift, forethought, and self-respect, they will probably find some course by which funds now employed in the former of these courses may be diverted to the latter.

Our detailed statement of the case will be found in the Appendix to this Report.

New or unreported foundations.

The particulars of 213 charitable foundations, either newly created, or not noticed in any previous public record, have been ascertained during the past year, and are in the course of being added to the register of such cases in our office.

Returns of Accounts.

We have received during the year 15,583 returns of the accounts of the income and expenditure of Charities. We have explained in former Reports, and more particularly in that for the year 1866, the object and use of these returns, and the functions of our Board respecting them.

General Digests of Charities.

We had occasion to mention in our last Report that, in obedience to an Order of the House of Commons, we had caused copies to be returned to that House of the General Digest, which had been compiled under our direction, of the Endowed Charities vested in the various companies of the City of London, and of those established locally in each of the following 21 counties, viz.:

Bedfordshire;	Middlesex;
Berkshire;	Norfolk;
Buckinghamshire;	Shropshire;
Cheshire;	Surrey;
Cornwall;	Cambridgeshire;
Dorsetshire;	Cumberland;
Essex;	Gloucestershire;
Hertfordshire;	Rutland;
Huntingdonshire;	Sussex; and
Kent;	Westmoreland.
Leicestershire;	

These portions of the Digest are now in course of being printed under the Order of the House of Commons. The portions comprising the parochial Charities of the Cities of London and Westminster had been previously printed in obedience to the Order of the House of Lords.

The compilation of the Digest has since been proceeded with, and is now complete, to the extent of the information which we have been able to procure, for the following additional counties, viz.:

Devonshire;
Herefordshire;
Lancashire;
Lincolnshire;
Monmouthshire;
Staffordshire; and
The counties comprised in South Wales.

The progress of the same work has also been considerably advanced for the county of Wilts.

The possibility of rendering these numerous and largely endowed Charitable Foundations more extensively and permanently useful has recently attracted a considerable amount of public attention.

Question of increasing usefulness of Charitable Foundations.

On former occasions we have indicated with more or less particularity our views upon this important question, and have endeavoured to point out the measures which may in our judgment be adopted for increasing the efficiency of our office, as furnishing one of the means for effecting its solution. At this juncture it may not be inappropriate that we should recapitulate to some extent our previous observations upon this subject.

Effect of Charitable Trusts Act, 1860, upon the character and functions of the office.

We have adverted in former Reports to the fundamental change effected by the Charitable Trusts Act, 1860, in the character and functions of our office as first constituted in the year 1853. A commission created mainly for the purposes of investigation and inquiry, and intrusted with little direct authority (except for administrative details connected with the management of the Trust Estates), was by the operation of that Act invested with power to exercise varied and important judicial functions for the regulation of all endowed Charities.

Success of that measure.

After an experience extending over fully eight years the measure referred to may be safely pronounced to have been eminently successful for its intended object. The jurisdiction thereby given to our Board, exercised in an untechnical and inexpensive course of procedure, but with the safeguard in all cases of ample publicity, has rapidly attracted to it the judicial business both of the Court of Chancery and County Courts in connexion with Charities. The following figures, extracted from our former annual Reports, may be referred to in proof of the substantial correctness of this statement:

	In the Year 1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.	Total.
Number of applications for relief authorized to be made to the Court of Chancery - - - -	32	18	30	15	23	18	23	17	176
To the County Courts - -	7	1	1	5	2	4	2	2	24
Number of Judicial Orders made by the Charity Commissioners for the appointment or removal of Trustees or establishment of schemes -	207	280	351	291	288	301	352	359	2,529

It should be borne in mind, moreover, in estimating the true force of these comparative numbers, that, as has been already explained, no adjudications of our Board refusing the desired relief can be taken into account. If it were the practice of our office, as well as of the Judicial Courts, to make an order of dismissal upon the refusal of any application, the quantity of the judicial business disposed of by our Board would be found to be largely in excess of that mentioned in the foregoing statement.

It is right to add that these results have not been realized without a considerable strain upon the energies both of ourselves and our official staff. The establishment of our office has continued up to the present time, with trifling exceptions, to be the same in number, and all other particulars, as when it was originally created for the discharge of functions of a far less responsible and onerous character; but the duties thrown upon us have increased to an extent which greatly overtasks the working force of our office, and our utmost endeavours, seconded in most instances with much cheerfulness and devotion by our officers, and to an extent greatly exceeding the strict requisitions of their official duty, have failed to prevent the accumulation of an arrear of business, causing delays, which we can only regret, but cannot prevent. But for this cause the the number of Judicial Orders made by our Board (which it will be observed has during the year 1868 remained without any material alteration) would without doubt have progressively increased.

Its defects.

But although the measure of 1860 has proved to be so far satisfactory in its results, its efficacy is doubtless diminished by some important defects, to which we have had occasion to advert in former Reports, and by the removal of which the direct usefulness of our Board, in facilitating and securing the improved administration of Charitable endowments, might in our judgment be largely increased.

In our last Report we pointed out two of the most important of these defects, one arising from the restriction placed upon the exercise of our jurisdiction in the case of any

Charity having a gross yearly income of 50*l*. or more, except upon the voluntary application of the trustees themselves, who may be the persons most interested in preventing action in the matter; and the other from the practically uncontrolled right given by the Act of appealing from Orders of our Board, relating to the same class of Charities. Our increasing experience has confirmed our views respecting the inexpediency of the provisions referred to, and the advantage to be anticipated from their removal.

By the adoption of these and some other more or less important modifications of the particular Acts relating to the constitution and functions of this Commission, its value and efficiency as an engine for furthering the general improvement of the administration of Endowed Charities might doubtless be largely increased.

Suggestion for improvement of general law.

We venture to think, however, that the surest and most effectual means of accomplishing that object will be found in the judicious relaxation of the rule of general law, which is held, with more or less strictness, to prohibit all deviation from the Trusts of the original foundation. The soundness of that rule is in our judgment very questionable.

Passing by the question how far the intention of founders ought to be allowed to govern distant generations, we think that those intentions will in spirit and substance be more effectually promoted by the abrogation of prescribed details of administration which in process of time have become unsuitable and obsolete, and that the practice which enjoins the continued observance of such details at the cost of the efficiency and usefulness of the Charity will be found upon a closer examination to be in reality subversive of the object of the trust.

If a declaratory enactment were passed to the effect that all tribunals having power to establish Schemes shall be at liberty to take into consideration the propriety of effecting the modification of any of the original trusts, which by reason of the lapse of time or change of circumstances shall appear to be no longer beneficial to the object of the Charity, we should confidently anticipate that this wise extension of power would be followed by a progressive amelioration of the management and application of Endowed Charities, which being effected through existing agencies, and a familiar course of procedure, would to a great extent be exempt from the distrust and apprehension that are usually attached to any sweeping or sudden change, and are found not unfrequently to create serious impediments to its success.

We offer the foregoing observations upon this important subject with great submission as being not inconsistent with the design of our annual Report.

All which we humbly report to Your Majesty.

In witness whereof, we have directed our official seal to be hereto affixed, this twenty-sixth day of February one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine.

(L.S.)

APPENDIX.

PART I.

Particulars of Stocks transferred to "The Official Trustees of Charitable Funds" during the Year ending the 31st December 1868.

ABBREVIATIONS.

Cons. -	Consolidated £3 per Cent. Annuities.
Red. -	Reduced £3 per Cent. Annuities.
New -	New £3 per Cent. Annuities.
N. 2½ -	New £2 10*s.* per Cent. Annuities.
E. I. Stk.	East India £5 per Cent. Stock.
Bk. S. -	Bank Stock.

Locality or Designation of Charity.	Amount of Stock. £ s. d.	Description.
Abbotts Langley - - Hertford :		
Francis Combes' Charity -	295 2 6	Cons.
Abingdon - - - Berks :		
Hospital of Christ's - -	279 17 10	Cons.
John Bedwell's Charity - -	300 0 0	Cons.
Samuel Cripps' Charity - -	181 14 6	New.
Charles Twitty's Almshouses -	310 0 0	Cons.
Ainstable - - Cumberland :		
Margaret Dixon's Charity -	15 15 11	New.
Charities of Bridget and George Lowthian - - -	56 0 1	New.
Alkborough - - Lincoln :		
Almshouse Charity - - -	128 13 9	Cons.
All Cannings - - Wilts :		
Ann Lavington's Charity -	541 7 1	Red.
Almondbury - - York :		
Robert Nettleton's Charity -	10 13 5	Cons.
George Parkin's Charity -	146 19 7	Cons.
Alston - - - Cumberland :		
The Cowper Charity for School -	53 16 7	Cons.
Alwington - - - Devon :		
Rev. T. H. Morrison's Charity -	50 18 2	Cons.
Amroth - - Pembroke :		
David Rees' Charity - -	666 13 4	Cons.
Ampthill - - - - Bedford :		
Feoffee Estate - - - -	1,291 8 11	Cons.
Amyott's Charity for Monthly Meeting of Society of Friends in Upper Side of Buckingham - -	1,600 0 0	Cons.
Ashby-de-la-Zouch - - Leicester :		
Blue Coat School - -	137 19 9	Cons.
Margaret Wright's Charity -	624 0 2	Cons.
Ashton-under Lyne and Oldham - - } Lancaster :		
and Saddleworth - - York :		
John Walker's Charity - -	48 17 9	Cons.
Aspatria - - - Cumberland :		
James Clennell's Charity -	133 15 2	Cons.
Thomas Donald's Charity -	62 12 0	Cons.
Astley-in-Leigh - - Lancaster :		
Charities of Adam and Thomas Mort - - - -	185 19 7	Cons.
Aston Abbotts - Buckingham :		
Church Land and Houses -	6 6 9	Cons.
Astwood - - Buckingham :		
Clara Lowndes' Charity - -	166 13 4	Cons.
Aylesbury - - Buckingham :		
John Bedford's Charity - {	89 3 0	Red.
	2,046 5 7	Cons.
Baldock - - - Hertford :		
Almshouses of John Wynne, and subsidiary Endowments - -	894 3 8	Red.
Bancroft's (Francis) Charity - -	392 10 11	Cons.
Baptist General Education Fund -	94 10 0	New.
Barnstaple - - - Devon :		
Joan Stanbury's Charity - -	705 15 8	Cons.
Bassingham. (*See* Marston.)		
Bath - - - Somerset :		
Martin White Almshouse -	212 9 8	Cons.
Bedford :		
Hospital of St. John the Baptist	412 14 3	Cons.
Bedwas. *See* Eglwysilan.		
Beetham - - Westmorland :		
Poor's Stock, &c. - -	395 3 10	New.
Beighton - - - Derby :		
Charities of Godfrey Morton and others - - -	334 4 4	Cons.
Belton - - - Rutland :		
Charles Roberts' Charity -	329 18 0	Cons.
Poor's Land - - -	400 0 0	Cons.
Belton. (*See* Wardley.)		
Bengeworth. *See* Evesham.		
Benhilton - - Surrey :		
Susannah Bentley's Charity -	35 18 2	Red.
William Beck's Charity - -	110 0 0	N. 2½.
Elizabeth Stephen's Charity -	110 0 0	N. 2½.
Robert Holmes' Charity -	110 0 0	N. 2½.
Mary Gibson's Charity - -	83 6 8	Cons.
Elizabeth Gibson's Charity -	250 0 0	New.
Berkhampstead - - Hertford :		
Free Grammar School of King Edward VI. - - -	791 2 11	Cons.

Locality or Designation of Charity.	£	s.	d.	Description.
Berman's (William) Trust for Benefit of Poor Ministers and other Charitable Purposes -	277	17	8	Red.
	3,469	18	11	Cons.
Berwick-upon-Tweed - (Borough):				
Hugh Bertram Askew's Bequest	530	10	1	Cons.
Bethnal Green - - Middlesex:				
Poor's Land - -	2,122	0	4	Cons.
Elizabeth Carter's Charity for Parmiter's Charity - -	333	12	6	Cons.
Bettws - - Glamorgan:				
Powell's Charity - -	31	16	9	Cons.
Beverley - - York:				
Ann Nelson's Charity for Poor Inhabitants of Back Street -	106	7	8	Cons.
„ (St. Mary) - - York:				
Church Estate - - -	606	1	1	Cons.
Billing Hospital - Northampton:	278	12	6	Cons.
Binfield - - - Berks:				
William Randall's Charity -	17	10	0	Cons.
Bingley - - - York:				
Mercy Smith's Charity - -	108	2	2	Cons.
Birling. *See* Snodland.				
Birmingham - - Warwick:				
George Hill's Charity - -	46	0	11	New.
Bishop's Waltham - Southampton:				
Bishop's Palace Charity - -	4	10	2	Cons.
Bittern, Holy Saviour, Southampton:				
Janet Hoyes' Memorial Clock Charity - - -	100	0	0	Red.
Blackmore - - - Essex:				
Thomas Almond's Charity -	426	1	9	Cons.
Blencairn. *See* Kirkland.				
Bloxham - - - Oxford:				
Feoffee's Charity - -	82	5	5	New.
Bodington - - Northampton:				
Rev. Thomas Golightly's Charity	106	16	2	New.
Bodmin - - - Cornwall:				
William Pope's Charity - -	271	0	0	New.
Boldre - - Southampton:				
Rev. Wm. Gilpin's School Charity	2,900	0	0	Cons.
Bolton (Great) - - Lancaster:				
Thomas Cocker's Charity -	174	19	9	Cons.
Borden - - - Kent:				
William Barrow's Charity -	255	9	10	Cons.
Bourton-on-the-Hill - Gloucester:				
Mary Leader's Bequest for Sunday School - - -	67	14	2	Cons.
Bowness and other places - - Cumberland:				
Thomas Pattinson's Charity -	913	3	9	Cons.
Bradford - - - York:				
Free Grammar School of King Charles II. - -	1,026	13	2	Cons.
	2,400	0	0	Exchequer Bills.
Brampton Bierlow - - York:				
Daniel Carnley's Charity -	210	9	9	Cons.
Brancepeth - - - Durham:				
Anne Dobinson's Charity -	438	10	3	Cons.
Brandon - - - Suffolk:				
Ling Heath Charity - -	356	14	4	Cons.
Bream in Newland - Gloucester:				
James Gough's Charity - -	65	3	7	Cons.

Locality or Designation of Charity.	£	s.	d.	Description.
Bretton (West) in Silkstone - York:				
Poor's Land - - -	5	1	8	Bk. S.
Bridgnorth (St. Leonard) - Salop:				
Charities of John Guest, jun., Edward Guest, William Guest, Mrs. Law, Edward Beard, and John Oakes - - -	706	7	8	New.
Brindle. (*See* Walton-le-Dale.)				
Brislington - - Somerset:				
Wm. Maberley's Charity -	212	4	2	New.
Charities of Sir Wm. Cann, Bart., and John Newman - -	100	0	0	Cons.
Bristol (City:)				
Alderman Robert Kitchin's Charity - - -	42	5	0	Cons.
Free Grammar School - -	1,581	0	7	Cons.
Richard Reynold's Charity -	15,108	1	2	Cons.
„ (All Saints):				
Church Lands - - -	766	8	2	Cons.
„ (St. Barnabas):				
Church Repair Fund - -	151	9	6	Cons.
„ (Christchurch):				
Church Lands - - -	68	9	8	Cons.
„ (St. Nicholas):				
Wm. Challoner's Charity -	135	8	0	Cons.
Broughton - - Southampton:				
Stephen Leach's Bequest for Baptist Minister - -	194	6	7	Cons.
Bruton - - - Somerset:				
Hugh Sexey's Hospital - -	355	1	7	Cons.
Bryngwyn - - Monmouth:				
Samuel Tippin's Charity -	17	9	9	Cons.
Budworth (Great) - - Chester:				
The School Charity - -	104	3	0	Cons.
Bungay - - - Suffolk:				
Henry Williams' Charity for Master of Grammar School -	13	18	6	Cons.
Burford - - - Oxford:				
John Holloway's Bread Charity -	2	16	10	Cons.
Burghill, Wellington, and Credenhill - - Hereford:				
William Warlter's School -	106	4	10	Cons.
Burnham - - Buckingham:				
Mrs. Millington's Charity -	160	0	10	Cons.
John Popple's Charity - -	120	0	0	Cons.
Edmond Rowls' Charity -	47	13	7	Cons.
	666	10	2	Red.
Burton Overy - - Leicester:				
Catherine Palmer's Charity -	133	6	8	Cons.
Burton-upon-Trent - Stafford:				
Town Lands - - -	84	15	11	Cons.
Butcombe - - Somerset:				
Rachel Plaister's Charity - -	105	0	0	New.
Buxted - - - Sussex:				
George Spencer Benham's Charity	300	0	0	Cons.
Caerleon - - Monmouth:				
Charity School - - -	42	17	6	Cons.
Calne - - - Wilts:				
Thomas Weeke's Charity -	492	7	6	Cons.
Camberwell - - Surrey:				
Free Grammar School - -	263	10	11	Cons.
„ (Christchurch): Surrey:				
Catherine Elizabeth Hyndman's Bounty - -	241	14	0	Cons.

Locality or Designation of Charity.	Amount of Stock.	Description.
	£ s. d.	
Carlton - - Northampton:		
The Hospital - - -	68 9 7	Cons.
Catherine Palmer's Charity for do.	133 6 8	Cons.
Sir Thomas Palmer's Charity for do. - - - -	133 6 8	Cons.
Carlton - - York:		
Spence's Almshouses - -	1,100 2 1	Cons.
Carnforth in Warton - Lancaster:		
Poor's Land - - -	178 5 0	Cons.
Cassington - - Oxford:		
Rev. Thomas Forster's Charity in augmentation of Archdeacon Cotton's Charity - -	47 4 0	Cons.
Catcliffe in Rotherham - York:		
Shipley's Charity - -	241 5 9	Cons.
Chagford - - Devon:		
John Weekes' Charity - -	200 0 0	New.
Charterhouse - - -	827 11 8	Cons.
Chelmsford - - - Essex:		
George Meggy's Bequest to Established Church Old Charity Schools - - -	94 19 8	Cons.
Chelsea (St. Luke) - Middlesex:		
Frances Elizabeth Eggleton's Charity - - -	200 0 0	Cons.
Cheltenham - - Gloucester:		
Church of England Training Schools Association - -	56 6 8	Cons.
Chepstow - - Monmouth:		
Charities of John, Anne, and Hester Morgan, and Hugh Watkin - - -	80 7 6	Cons.
Chertsey - - - Surrey:		
Ann Holden's Charity - -	6 8 4	Cons.
Chester (Holy Trinity):		
Thomas Kenyon's Charity - -	681 17 7	Cons.
Chetwynd - - - Salop:		
School Charities - -	10 10 7	Cons.
Chew Magna. *See* Dundry.		
Chignal Smealy - - Essex:		
Sarah Viscountess Falkland's Charity - - -	133 6 8	Cons.
Chipping Norton - - Oxford:		
Martha Nedham's Charity -	103 19 11	Cons.
Chorley - - - Lancaster:		
Hugh Cooper's Charity - -	132 11 0	Cons.
Chudleigh - - - Devon:		
Wm. Stidston's Charity - -	100 0 0	New.
Chulmleigh - - - Devon:		
Richard Stucley's Charity - -	33 0 5	Cons.
Cirencester - - Gloucester:		
The Presbyterian Chapel or Meeting House - -	200 0 0	Cons.
	1,796 14 0	Red.
James Clutterbuck's Charity in aid of ditto - - -	200 0 0	Cons.
Clapton. *See* Hackney.		
Claverley - - - Salop:		
Richard Dovey's Charity -	1,372 13 1	Cons.
Cleathing's, Rev. John, (Exhibition Fund). See Corporation of the Sons of the Clergy.		
Clent - - - Worcester:		
The Church Lands - -	57 15 7	Cons.

Locality or Designation of Charity.	Amount of Stock.	Description.
	£ s. d.	
Clerkenwell, St. John - Middlesex:		
Susanna Nieman's Charity -	900 0 0	New.
Gifts of Elisha and Sarah Wilde, and Sarah Weatherall - - -	50 0 0	New.
John Nieman's Charity - -	476 13 4	New.
General George Michell's Charity	100 0 0	Cons.
Clifton with Salwick in Kirkham - - } Lancaster:		
School - - - -	10 14 11	Cons.
Coggeshall - - - Essex:		
Thomas Paycock's Charity -	1,688 13 1	Cons.
Collingbourne Ducis - - Wilts:		
Mariana Hooper's Charity -	100 0 0	Cons.
Colston's Hospital - - -	151 7 3	Cons.
Coreley - - - Salop:		
John Longmore's Charity -	539 16 3	Cons.
Corfe Mullen - - Dorset:		
Grace Ascough Hodges' Charity in aid of Richard Lockyer's Charity - - -	100 0 0	Cons.
Corporation of the Sons of the Clergy, Rev. John Cleathing's Exhibition Fund - - - -	6,896 0 11	Cons.
Cottingham - - Northampton:		
School - - -	233 6 8	Cons.
Cottingham and Middleton, Northampton:		
Catherine Palmer's Charity (Poor)	133 6 8	Cons.
Do. (School)	133 6 8	Cons.
Coulsdon - - - Surrey:		
Wood's Charity - -	1 8 11	Cons.
Courty Bella in Penmaen Monmouth:		
Sir Thos. Phillips' Charity -	700 0 0	Cons.
Cranborne - - - Dorset:		
John Miles' Charity - -	142 16 0	New.
Cranwell. *See* Marston.		
Credenhill - - Hereford:		
Harriett Hardwick's Charity -	105 19 3	Cons.
Credenhill. *See* Burghill.		
Cromhall - - Gloucester:		
Thomas Ford's Charity - -	100 0 0	Cons.
Crookham in Ford - Northumberland:		
Sir Henry Askew's Bequest to National School - -	500 0 0	Cons.
Crosthwaite - - Cumberland:		
Sir John Banks' Charity -	137 15 6	Cons.
Danish Chapel Charity - -	2,147 13 0	Cons.
Dauntsey - - - Wilts:		
Henry Earl of Danby's Almshouse and School - - -	21 3 5	Cons.
Daventry - - - Northampton:		
Sir John Knightley's Charity -	179 14 7	Cons.
Charity for Minister of Sheaf Street Chapel - - - -	0 17 0	Cons.
Dedham - - - Essex:		
Rev. Wm. Burkett's Charity -	285 14 3	Cons.
Denby - - - Derby:		
Free School - - -	53 7 4	Cons.
Derby (All Saints):		
Moore and Ward's Charity -	52 18 0	Cons.
Devizes (St. Mary) - - Wilts:		
John Filke's Bequest to Independent Chapel - - -	101 0 0	New.
Elizabeth Filke's Bequest to do.	1,057 14 6	Cons.

Locality or Designation of Charity.	Amount of Stock. £	s.	d.	Description.
Dewsbury - York:				
Daw Green Charity School	1,839	2	3	Cons.
	1,300	0	0	New.
Diddlebury - Salop:				
Elizabeth Radnor's Charity	105	2	9	Cons.
Mary Valentine's Charity	1,000	0	0	New.
Diseworth - Leicester:				
Caleb Lowdham's Charity	248	1	3	Cons.
Dorchester - Dorset:				
Charities of Mary Strangway and Lora Pitt	1,100	0	0	Cons.
Hussey Floyer's Charity	340	0	0	Cons.
Down, West - Devon:				
Poor's Lands	190	19	8	Cons.
Dronfield - Derby:				
Elizabeth Richardson's Charity	87	0	4	Cons.
Free Grammar School of Henry Fanshawe, Esq.	256	12	3	Cons.
Dudley - Worcester:				
Joseph Guest's Gift to Female School of Industry	321	8	6	Cons.
Cornelius Cartwright's Charity	321	5	9	Cons.
Duffield - York:				
Edward Potterell's Almhouses	244	17	4	Red.
Dufton - Westmorland:				
Rev. Joseph Rawlins Henderson's School Charity	158	14	7	Cons.
Dundry, Chew Magna, and Nailsea - Somerset:				
Benjamin Syme's Charity	434	17	10	Cons.
Dunkeswell - Devon:				
Charlotte Simcoe's Charity	413	12	2	Cons.
Colonel Black's Charity	4	7	8	Cons.
Dunnington - York:				
Charities of Dinah Richardson and Thomas Wilson	78	15	0	New.
Dunstew - Oxford:				
Loan Charity and Betty Clerk Chamberlayne's Charity	40	14	6	Cons.
Durham (City):				
Henry Smith's Charity	333	6	8	Cons.
Ealing - Middlesex:				
Bowman's Charity	160	4	3	Cons.
Easton in Bowness - Cumberland:				
Thomas Pattinson's Charity	96	11	2	Cons.
Easton - Northampton:				
Richard Garford's Charity	600	0	0	Cons.
Benefaction Fund	81	1	8	Cons.
Eaton in Tarporley - Chester:				
Thomas Hough's Charity (School)	1,008	13	7	Cons.
Do. (Poor)	560	11	3	Cons.
Edgbaston - Warwick:				
Samuel Wheeley's Charity	300	0	0	Cons.
Edmondson's (William) Charity for Prisoners in Lancaster Castle and in the Gaol at Preston	59	16	10	Cons.
Edmonton - Middlesex:				
Thomas Elliott's Charity	450	0	0	New.
John Lewitt's Charity	900	0	0	Red.
Edmund Slaughter's Charity	500	0	0	Red.
John Pitt's Charity	100	0	0	Red.
Edward Latymer's Charity	248	1	11	Cons.
Ann Wyatt's Charity	105	0	0	New.
William Skip's Charity	103	9	0	New.
Margaret Uvedale's Charity	375	0	0	Bk. S.
Sarah Huxley's Charity	1,278	18	3	Cons.
George Stanbridge's Charity	950	0	0	Cons.
Francis and Joyce Chaplin's Charity	50	0	0	Cons.
Sara Slaughter's Charity	50	0	0	Cons.
Catherine Tatem's Charity	50	0	0	Cons.

Locality or Designation of Charity.	Amount of Stock. £	s.	d.	Description.
Eglwysilan - Glamorgan: and Bedwas - Monmouth:				
Ann Aldworth's Charity	186	19	1	Cons.
Elston - Lancaster:				
John Farington's Charity	639	11	7	Cons.
Enfield - Middlesex:				
Ann Crowe's Almshouses	500	0	0	Red.
Aleconner's Fund	3	2	2	Cons.
" (Clayhill):				
Saint John Baptist Chapel Fund	133	6	8	Cons.
Epsom - Surrey:				
Mary De Teissier's Charity	90	0	0	Cons.
Evesham and Bengeworth - Worcester:				
Edward Rudge's Charity	10	12	11	Cons.
Ewell - Surrey:				
Mary De Teissier's Charity	90	0	0	Cons.
Thomas Bridge's Charity	100	0	0	Cons.
Exeter (City):				
John Dinham's Charity in aid of Davye's Charity	321	14	4	Cons.
Do. of Lethbridge's Charity	536	3	9	Cons.
Episcopal Charity School	7	6	5	Cons.
Flaye's, Lethbridge's, and Davye's United Almshouses	183	15	8	Cons.
Mary Wotton Copp's Bequest in aid of charities of John Davye, Elizabeth Flaye and Christopher Lethbridge	413	14	9	Cons.
Do. of Dr. Bodley's Fund for Sunday evening lectures	53	6	6	Cons.
Do. of Lawrence Seldon's Charity	53	6	6	Cons.
Wm. Hurst's Almshouse Charity	3,809	10	6	Cons.
Webb's Almshouse Charity	318	6	0	Cons.
Exeter (Holy Trinity) - Devon:				
Charities of Thomas and James Clutterbuck and others	1,132	3	6	Cons.
" (St. Edmund-on-the-Bridge):				
John Dewdney Worthy's Charity	6	8	2	Cons.
" (St Olave):				
James Madgwick Wilcock's Charity	100	0	0	New.
Exeter and Halberton - Devon:				
Nicholas Spicer's Charity	6,112	0	0	Cons.
Fairford - Gloucester:				
Lady Jane Mico's Charity	214	3	10	Cons.
Farnham - Surrey:				
Charity of Brownlow, Bishop of Winchester	405	5	1	Cons.
Faversham - Kent:				
Henry Wreight's Charity	53	13	9	Cons.
Municipal Charities	12,290	4	9	Cons.
	50,473	7	9	Red.
Fawley - Southampton:				
Mary Trattle's Charity	861	7	6	New.
Featherstone in Haltwhistle - Northumberland:				
Henry Turner's Charity	124	4	3	Cons.
Fisherton Anger - Wilts:				
Francis Attwood's Charity, called St. Paul's Home	2,700	0	0	E. I. Stk.
John Woodward's Clothing Charity	900	0	0	New.
Fladbury - Worcester:				
Rev. Martin Stafford Smith's Charity	1,125	1	0	Cons.
Flower otherwise Floore - Northampton:				
Abigail Rushton's Charity	100	0	0	Red.

Locality or Designation of Charity.	Amount of Stock. £	s.	d.	Description.
Foxton - - - Leicester:				
Catherine Palmer's Charity -	133	6	8	Cons.
Frittenden - - - Kent:				
The Church Lands - -	95	9	10	Cons.
Fulbourne - - Cambridge:				
Charities of Dr. Hill and Thomas Oslar, otherwise The Widow's Acre - - - -	126	13	0	Cons.
Fyfield - - - Essex:				
Rev. Robert Gibson's Charity -	200	0	0	Cons.
Charlotte Gibson's Charity -	200	0	0	Cons.
Georgeham - - - Devon:				
Thomas Hole's Charity - -	167	0	0	Cons.
Glascomb - - Somerset:				
David Davies' Charity - -	62	19	10	Cons.
John Evans' Charity - -	41	19	5	Cons.
Glastonbury (St. Benedict), Somerset:				
Rev. William Gould's Charity -	50	2	5	Cons
Gloucester (City):				
St. Bartholomew's Hospital -	294	7	2	Cons.
„ (St. John):				
Thomas Webley's Charity -	9	12	0	Cons.
Goathurst - - Somerset:				
James Culverwell's Charity -	106	7	8	Cons.
Goosnargh-with-Newsham - Lancaster:				
Wm. Waring's Charity - -	315	15	10	New.
Guestling - - - Sussex:				
Robert Bradshaw's Charities—				
Physician or Surgeon - -	1,000	0	0	Cons.
Schoolmaster - - -	3,010	14	2	Cons.
Repairing and School Fund -	533	6	8	Cons.
Guildford - - - Surrey:				
Joseph Nettle's Exhibitions from the Free Grammar School -	2,899	6	7	Cons.
Guiseley - - - York:				
Endowment of Rev. Robert Hitch, D.D., for the School -	742	6	7	Cons.
Hackney - - Middlesex:				
Bishop Wood's Hospital Houses or Almshouses at Clapton -	1,000	6	0	Cons.
Orchard Street Schools - -	1,598	13	6	New.
„ (St. John) - - Middlesex:				
Maria Powell's Augmentation to Jeremiah Marlowe's Charity -	228	5	2	Cons.
Hadleigh - - - Essex:				
Martha Lovibond's Charity -	781	5	0	Cons.
Hadley otherwise Monken Hadley - } Middlesex:				
National School - - -	224	14	4	Cons.
Hagbourne (East and West) Berks:				
John Reynold's Charity - -	35	0	0	Cons.
Halling. *See* Snodland.				
Ham, High - - Somerset:				
Parish Charities - -	572	13	9	Cons.
Hammersmith - - Middlesex:				
Edwd. Latymer's Charity -	1,198	18	9	Cons.
Henry Webb's Charity - -	52	1	5	New.
Hampstead (St. John) - Middlesex:				
The Well's Charity - -	399	10	8	Cons.
Hampton - - Middlesex:				
Parochial Quit Rents - -	4	10	0	Cons.
Harbury - - - Warwick:				
John Jorge's Charity or the Church Estate - -	789	3	1	Cons.
Harleston - - Northampton:				
Poor's Heath Charity - -	21	6	3	New.
Hartlepool - - Durham:				
Henry Smith's Charity - -	314	19	2	Cons.
Hartley Westpall - Southampton:				
Paice and Stawell's Gifts -	846	11	2	Cons.
Haslingfield - - Cambridge:				
William Skelman's Charity -	49	11	3	Cons.
Haverfordwest - - Pembroke:				
James Haward's Charity -	767	0	0	Cons.
Mary Howard's otherwise Tasker's Charity - -	13	7	10	New.
"Senex" Charity - -	212	9	8	Cons.
Charities of Unknown Donor and Martha Bowen - -	158	2	2	New.
Hay - - - Brecon:				
Francis Harley's Almshouses -	300	0	0	Cons.
Hayes - - - Middlesex:				
Elizabeth Parker's Charity -	7	8	2	Cons.
Henley-upon-Thames - Oxford:				
United Charity Schools - -	321	14	4	Cons.
Hereford (City):				
Wm. Price's Hospital - -	1,741	18	7	Cons.
Hesket - - Cumberland:				
William Parker's Charity -	215	1	0	Cons.
Hessle - - - York:				
The Church Lands - - {	325	13	5	Cons.
	486	1	9	New.
Heston - - - Middlesex:				
Miss Elizabeth Taylor's Charity -	459	13	10	Cons.
Heytesbury - - - Wilts:				
Almshouse of Walter and Robert, Lords of Hungerford and Heytesbury - - -	128	9	4	Cons
Hexham - - Northumberland:				
Dame Anne Radcliffe's Charity -	667	5	0	Cons.
Dame Elizabeth Radcliffe's Charity - - -	133	12	6	Cons.
Hickson's (Alderman James) Charity	214	9	6	Cons.
Highleadon-in-Rudford - Gloucester:				
Charity for Overseers - -	53	7	11	Cons.
Hilcott. *See* Newnton.				
Hindley St. Peter - Lancaster:				
Thomas Winnard's Charity -	42	2	9	Cons.
Hoby's (John) Charity - -	461	18	6	Cons.
Holbrook in Duffield - Derby:				
Edward Potterell's Almshouses -	248	1	8	Red.
Holme - - Huntingdon:				
Charity Land - - -	119	2	8	Cons.
Honing - - - Norfolk:				
John Baxter's Charity - -	140	17	1	Cons.
Horsham - - - Sussex:				
Charles Champion's Charity -	175	5	4	Cons.
Horwich in Deane - Lancaster:				
Richard Pilkington's Charity -	91	4	4	Cons.
Horwood (Great) - Buckingham:				
Charities of Ralph Snow and Hugh Barker - - -	288	12	0	Cons.
Houghton-le-Spring - Durham:				
Kepier Grammar School Exhibition - - -	76	14	10	Cons.

Locality or Designation of Charity.	Amount of Stock. £	s.	d.	Description.
Hoyland (High) - York:				
Joseph Kaye's Bequest to the School	113	9	6	Cons.
Huddersfield - York:				
Thomas Armytage's Charity, or The Huddersfield Dole	2,884	19	8	Cons.
Hunslet - York:				
Paley's Gift	83	12	6	Cons.
Hutton Bushell - York:				
Henry Pearson's Charity	214	3	10	New.
Ide Hill in Sundridge - Kent:				
Contributions of William Chapman and others	666	13	4	Cons.
Ilkeston - Derby:				
William Gregg's Charity	293	17	7	New.
Ilston - Leicester:				
Catherine Palmer's Charity	133	6	8	Cons.
Ireby. *See* Thornton.				
Isleworth - Middlesex:				
Warren Scholarship at the Royal Naval Female School	2 Debentures for 100*l.* each of Eastern Bengal Railway Company.			
Kedleston - Derby:				
Edward Baskerville's Charity	131	9	1	Cons.
Hon. and Rev. David Francis Curzon's Charity	166	13	4	Cons.
Keene's Scholarship from St. Paul's School, created by will of Hannah Barber	1,000	0	0	Cons.
Kelsey (North) - Lincoln:				
Anne Tesh's Charity	190	19	8	Cons.
Kelston - Somerset:				
John Hudleston's Charity	166	13	4	Cons.
Kelston - Somerset: and Marshfield - Gloucester:				
Rev. Robert Kening's Charity	157	8	10	Cons.
Kemble - Wilts:				
Ann Partridge's Charity	300	0	0	New.
Kidderminster - Worcester:				
Free Grammar School	655	19	8	Cons.
Henry Huggen's Charity	146	19	7	Cons.
Kingston - Somerset:				
Thomas Cornish's Charity	357	12	3	Cons.
Kingston-upon-Thames - Surrey:				
Ann Elizabeth Savage's Charities	14,817	15	0	Cons.
Cleave's Almshouse Charity	100	0	0	Cons.
Kirkham - Lancaster:				
The Bread Charities	102	2	0	Cons.
Rev. Richard Clegg's Charity	12	11	5	Cons.
Kirkheaton - York:				
N. Lee's Charity	88	14	2	Cons.
Kirkland and Blencairn - Cumberland:				
Thomas Gate's Gift	476	16	4	Cons.
Knoyle (East) - Wilts:				
Free Chapel of Hindon	3,217	3	2	Cons.
Lakenheath - Suffolk:				
Poor's Turf Land	179	16	8	Cons.
Laleston - Glamorgan:				
Unknown Donor's Charity	55	4	10	Cons.
Lambeth (St. Mary) - Surrey:				
Jane Wakeling's Charity	300	0	0	Red.
Lancaster Castle Gaol. *See* Edmondson's Charity.				
Landkey - Devon:				
Richard Squire's Charity	53	9	8	Cons.
Langley Marish - Buckingham:				
John Trelawney's Charity	1,000	0	0	Red.
Langwathby - Cumberland:				
Lough Carleton's Gift	14	18	8	Cons.
Leamington Hastings - Warwick:				
Humphrey Davis's Almshouse	520	9	7	Cons.
Ledbury - Hereford:				
Poor's Land Charity	25	6	9	Cons.
Rev. Reginald Pyndar's Charity	57	10	0	New.
Charities of William, Philip John, John, and Philip Miles	800	0	0	Cons.
Daniel Ellis Saunder's Charity	100	0	0	Cons.
"The Dawes Testimonial"	105	5	3	Red.
Leeds - York:				
John Harrison's Charity for Minister and Church of St. John the Evangelist	3,037	17	1	Cons.
Leicester (Boro'):				
Elizabeth Countess of Devonshire's Charity	467	5	10	Cons.
Alderman Gabriel Newton's General Charity	100	0	0	New.
Wyggeston's Hospital	350	3	1	Cons.
„ (All Saints):				
Charity for Society of Protestant Dissenters	554	16	5	Cons.
Lenham - Kent:				
Anthony Honeywood's Almshouses	106	13	4	Cons.
Leverton (South) - Notts				
Ann Flint Otter's Bequest	53	5	7	Red.
Lewes (St. Peter and St. Mary Westont otherwise St. Ann) - Sussex:				
Richard Parkhurst's Charity	173	4	2	Cons.
The Spital Charity	445	14	1	Cons.
Leyland - Lancaster:				
The Grammar School	321	14	4	Cons.
Alice Rawlinson's Charity	594	11	11	Red.
Lincoln - County Gaol:				
Charity of Thomas Robert Jenkinson for Prisoners	126	19	8	Cons.
Llanellen - Monmouth:				
Sir Thomas Phillips' Charity	350	0	0	Cons.
Llanfaes - Anglesey:				
Elizabeth Harriet Viscountess Warren Bulkeley's Charity	1,268	9	6	Cons.
Llanfair Fechan - Carnarvon:				
Ellen Nicholas' Charity	20	15	8	Cons.
Llangunnock Llanllwch - Carmarthen:				
John Vaughan's Charity	17	16	8	Cons.
Llanilar - Cardigan:				
Penelope Perry's Charity	106	2	0	Cons.
Richard Jones' Charity	566	13	4	Cons.
Llanvalteg - Carmarthen:				
Richard Hughes' Charity	90	6	7	Cons.
Llanybloddwell - Salop:				
School	320	7	0	Cons.
London (City):				
St. Bartholomew's Hospital	1,209	9	0	Cons.
St. Thomas's Hospital	549	9	3	Cons.
„ (St. George-in-the-East):				
William Game's Charity	11	3	5	New.

Locality or Designation of Charity.	Amount of Stock. £ s. d.	Description.
London, St. John the Baptist, Kentish Town — Middlesex:		
Kentish Town Schools	1,288 11 10	Cons.
	1,285 2 10	New.
„ (St. Peter, Broad St): Mary De Teissier's Charity	90 0 0	Cons.
Luckington - Wilts: Rev. John Woodroffe's Charity	187 16 0	Red.
Charity of Catherine Fitzherbert, augmented by Rev. John Woodroffe	54 14 5	Cons.
Lydlinch - Dorset: Phillis Romayne's Charity	193 0 7	Cons.
Lytchett Minster - Dorset: Richard Lockyer's Charity	64 9 9	Cons.
Macclesfield - Chester: Free Grammar School of Edward VI.	11,519 8 4	Cons.
„ (St. Michael) - Chester: Thomas Boden's Charity	344 7 9	Cons.
Manchester - Lancaster: Thos. Percival's Charity	2,381 15 6	Cons.
Thomas Mynshull's Charity	400 0 0	Cons.
Mappowder - Dorset: Charity of Right Hon. John Reginald Pindar, Earl Beauchamp	109 11 9	Cons.
Market Lavington - Wilts: Sarah Stobbert's Charity	136 11 4	New.
Marlborough (St. Mary) - Wilts: Sarah Lawes Gift to Free Grammar School	94 0 10	Cons.
„ (St. Peter and St. Paul) - Wilts: Church Estates	1,109 1 4	Cons.
Marshfield. *See* Kelston.		
Marston, Bassingham, and Cranwell — Lincoln: Sir William and Dame Mary Thorold's Charity	137 14 4	Red.
Martock - Somerset: Free Grammer School	80 11 4	Cons.
Matlock - Derby: George Spateman's Charity	194 13 4	Cons.
Maulds Meaburn in Crosby Ravensworth — Westmorland: John Salkeld's Charity	106 4 10	Cons.
Meon (East) - Southampton: Forbes' Almshouses	10 9 0	New.
Middleton - Lancaster: Widows Gown Charity	733 17 8	New.
Middleton - Warwick: The Endowed School, commonly called The Mixed School	346 19 2	Cons.
Middleton. *See* Cottingham.		
Middleton Cheney - Northampton:		
Horton Almshouses	1,500 0 0	Cons.
	7 4 7	Red.
Middleton-on-the-Wolds - York: Thomas Oxtoby's Charity	38 18 10	New.
Middleton Stoney - Oxford: Charity of Right Hon. Sarah Sophia Child, Countess of Jersey for Training School for Girls	4,500 0 0	Cons.
Do. for Inmates of Almshouses	1,500 0 0	Cons.

Locality or Designation of Charity.	Amount of Stock. £ s. d.	Description.
Midsomer Norton - Somerset: Ann Harris' Charity	12 15 8	Cons.
Millbrook - Bedford: John Allen's Charity, or Georgina Fox's Bounty	200 6 0	Cons.
Missenden (Little) - Buckingham: Lydia Bate's Charity	666 13 4	Cons.
Mitcheldean - Gloucester: The Wilderness Charity	1,268 3 3	Cons.
Monken Hadley. *See* Hadley.		
Moreton - Essex: Church Lands	3 5 7	Cons.
Moreton-in-the-Marsh - Gloucester: Mary Leader's Bequest for Infant School	67 14	Cons.
Do. National School	67 14 2	Cons.
Moreton Say - Salop: Bread Money Charity	250 0 0	New.
Mountnessing - Essex: Charity founded by John and Amy English for maintenance and support of a School	239 4 4	Cons.
Mount Sorrell - Leicester: (Christ Church Repair Fund) Sarah Brinton's Charity	22 3 3	Red.
Nailsea. *See* Dundry.		
Narborough - Leicester: Stephen Buckingham's Charity	166 13 4	Cons.
Netherhampton - Wilts: Phillippa Grove's Charities	1,557 7 8	Red.
Newbury - Berks: Church Estate	1,505 16 5	Cons.
Newcastle - Glamorgan: Watkin's Charity	10 11 2	Cons.
Newcastle-upon-Tyne (All Saints): Nicholas Ridley's Charity	33 12 6	Red.
Matthew White's Charity	50 6 0	Red.
„ (St. Andrew): Nicholas Ridley's Charity	33 12 6	Red.
Matthew White's Charity	33 12 6	Red.
„ (St. John): Nicholas Ridley's Charity	33 12 6	Red.
Matthew White's Charity	33 12 6	Red.
„ (St. Nicholas): Nicholas Ridley's Charity	50 6 0	Red.
Matthew White's Charity	50 6 0	Red.
Newington (North) - Oxford: Christobella, Viscountess Saye and Sele's Charity	4,067 14 5	Red.
Newnton (North) and Hillcott - Wilts: Job Clifts Bequest for Infant School	214 15 4	Cons.
Northiam - Sussex: Maria Elizabeth Gladwish's Gift for National School	5 4 4	Cons.
Norton, St. Philip - Somerset: Sarah Fripp's Charity	134 16 8	Cons.
Norwich (City): Great Hospital	103 5 6	Cons.
Luke Fisher's Charity	412 16 5	Red.
Robert Mealing Mill's Charity to Norwich Society	179 11 6	E. I. Stk.
Norwood - Surrey: New Town Mission and School Room	666 13 4	Cons.

Locality or Designation of Charity.	Amount of Stock.	Description.
	£ s. d.	
Nottingham, St. Mary - Town:		
Wm. Bilby's Charity - -	665 15 7	Cons.
Oldham. *See* Ashton-under-Lyne.		
Old Swinford Hospital, founded by Thomas Foley - - -	859 16 3	Cons.
Orlingbury - - Northampton:		
Robert Busby's Charity - -	10 11 5	New.
Joseph Manning's Charity -	19 1 11	New.
Ottery, St. Mary - - Devon:		
Feoffee Charity - -	3,525 1 7	Cons.
Richard Seaward's Charity -	222 6 8	Cons.
Ouseburn (Great) - - York:		
Wm. Henlock's Charity - -	216 10 2	Cons.
Oving - - - Sussex:		
Stephen Challen's Charity -	12 15 10	Cons.
Oystermouth - - Glamorgan:		
Rev. Wm. Hammerton's Charity	900 0 0	Cons.
Rev. Thomas Fryer's Charity -	87 10 0	Cons.
Painswick - - Gloucester:		
Endowed School - -	729 0 0	New.
Do. (Baylis's Fund) - -	254 0 5	Cons.
Pargeter's (Thomas, of Foxcote) Charity - - - -	50,400 11 3	Cons.
Penistone - - - York:		
The Grammar School - -	439 13 7	Cons.
Pennington - - Lancaster:		
James Fell's Charity - -	10 12 0	Cons.
Pest House Charity, founded by William Earl Craven 1687 - -	395 7 8	Cons.
Petherwin, North - - Devon:		
Chapman's Gift - - -	33 12 8	Cons.
Pilton - - - Devon:		
Poor's Land - - -	31 11 8	Cons.
Pinner - - - Middlesex:		
Benjamin Weald's Charity -	96 5 2	New.
Plymouth - - - Devon:		
Joan Bennett's Charity - -	44 9 5	Cons.
Hospital of Orphan's Aid -	382 19 10	Cons.
Plymptree - - - Devon:		
Mary Crosse's Gift - -	128 13 9	Cons.
Ponton (Great) - - Lincoln:		
Wm. Archer's School - -	211 1 7	Cons.
Popham - - Southampton:		
Charity of Wm. Waldron Harding, augmented by Gift of Jesse Vidler - - -	500 0 0	Cons.
Poplar (All Saints) - Middlesex:		
Parish Trust - - -	10,624 3 5	Cons.
Poulshot - - - Wilts:		
Charity of Rev. Benjamin Blaney, D.D. - -	300 0 0	New.
Preston Gaol. *See* Edmondson's Charity.		
Preston-next-Wingham - Kent:		
John Gregory's Charity - -	500 0 0	Cons.
Preston Plucknett - - Somerset:		
James Hooper's Charity - -	83 13 4	Cons.
Puddington - - - Devon:		
John Blagden's Charity for Independent Chapel - -	333 6 8	Cons.
Puddletown - - Dorset:		
Elizabeth Boswell's Charity -	530 10 1	Red.
Putney - - - - Surrey:		
Maria Geyer's Bequest for Inmates of Sir Abraham Dawes Almshouses - - -	191 9 9	Cons.
Queenborough - - Kent:		
Charities of Joseph Shield and others - - -	2 5 6	Cons.
Rackenford - - - Devon:		
Charities of David Hill and others - - -	65 6 1	Cons.
Radnor, New - - Radnor:		
John Green's Charity - -	498 19 2	Cons.
Rawden in Guiseley - - York:		
Baptist Chapel Estate - -	1,909 16 4	Cons.
Ratcliffe Culey and Sheepy Magna - - } Leicester:		
Thomas Corbett's Charity for Coal - - - -	107 19 3	New.
Do. for Sabbath School belonging to the Pretestant Established Church - - -	107 19 3	New.
Reading - - - Berks:		
Grammar School - -	2,079 8 8	Cons.
Richard Aldworth's Charity -	54 0 11	Cons.
Reading { St. Giles - - / St. Mary - - / St. Lawrence - } Berks:		
Mary Kendrick's Charity -	94 14 7	Cons.
Retford (East) - Nottingham:		
Ann Flint Otter's Charity -	53 10 10	New.
Retford (West) - Nottingham:		
Church and Poor Charity -	517 8 4	Cons.
Ribbleton - - Lancaster:		
John Farington's Charity -	1,304 11 4	Cons.
Ringwood - - Southampton:		
Wm. Clark's Charity to the Goreley Friendly Society -	94 7 4	Cons.
Do. to New Forest Friendly Society - - -	190 19 8	Cons.
Ripley. *See* Send.		
Rochester (City):		
Sir Joseph Williamson's Free Mathematical School - -	2,223 13 6	Cons.
Ross - - - Hereford:		
Society of Friends, New Street Burial Ground - -	100 10 7	Cons.
Rothwell - - Northampton:		
Francis Fortescue Turville's Charity - - -	109 17 9	Cons.
Rudbaxton - - Pembroke:		
James Haward's Charity - -	100 6 0	Cons.
Rudford - - Gloucester:		
The Rudford Charity - -	173 0 8	Cons.
Rugeley - - - Stafford:		
Free Grammar School - -	184 1 11	Cons.
Ruthin - - - Denbigh:		
Ruthin Charities - -	107 7 1	Cons.
Saddleworth. *See* Ashton-under-Lyne.		
Saffron Walden - - - Essex:		
Elizabeth Erswell's Charity -	1,179 12 6	Cons.
Joseph Sparrow's Charity -	107 1 11	Cons.
Salkeld (Great) - - Cumberland:		
Bowstead Memorial Medal Charity at National School - -	29 9 5	Cons.
Sandhurst. *See* Yateley.		

Locality or Designation of Charity.	Amount of Stock. £	s.	d.	Description.
Sandwich - - - Kent:				
St. Thomas's Hospital - -	100	0	0	Cons.
„ (St. Clement): Edward Slaughter's Charity -	94	19	1	Cons.
„ (St. Mary): Mary Thomas's Charity -	1,220	0	0	New.
„ (St. Peter): John Spratt's Charity - -	164	12	0	Cons.
Sapcote - - - - Leicester: John Frewen Turner's Charity -	29	17	1	Cons.
Scarborough - - - York: Joseph Taylor's Charity - -	938	6	9	Cons.
Seathwaite in Kirkby Ireleth - - } Lancaster: Charities of Thos. Tyson, Geo. Gibson, and Rev. Robert Walker - - -	31	10	0	Cons.
Send with Ripley - - Surrey: Susannah Legatt's Charity -	200	0	0	Cons.
Sevenoaks - - - Kent: Free Grammar School and Almshouses of Queen Elizabeth -	24	11	9	Cons.
Shaftesbury - - - Wilts: Free Grammar School - -	13	11	6	Cons.
Shareshill - - Stafford: Sarah Knight's Charity -	166	13	4	Cons.
Sharow in Ripon - - York: Ann Knowles' Charity -	216	10	2	Cons.
Sheepy Magna. *See* Ratcliffe Culey.				
Sheffield - - - York: Church Burgesses Trust - -	634	6	1	Cons.
Sherburn Hospital - - -	673	11	5	Cons.
Shinfield - - - Berks: John Reynold's Charity - -	35	0	0	Cons.
Shrewsbury (Town): The Burlton Estate - - -	1,273	4	3	Cons.
Sibsey - - - Lincoln: Thomas Peel's Charity - -	10	9	2	New.
Sixpenny Handley - - Dorset: Douglas Wynne Stewart's Charity	100	0	0	Red.
Skelmersdale in Ormskirk - - } Lancaster: Evan Swift's Charity - -	39	19	11	Cons.
Skipton in Craven - - York: Free Grammar School - -	2,012	16	7	Cons.
Skircoat in Halifax - - York: Rob. Sattenstall's Gift to the Free Grammar School -	33	12	6	Cons.
Skirwith in Kirkland - Cumberland: The Poor's Stock - -	22	10	0	Cons.
Smalley and Morley - Derby: The School Charity - -	104	3	4	Cons.
Smith's, (Henry,) Charity - -	6,914	13	6	Cons.
Snodland, Halling, and Birling - - } Kent: John May's Charity - -	69	12	0	Cons.
Southborough in Tonbridge - Kent: David Osborne's Charity -	628	18	11	New.

Locality or Designation of Charity.	Amount of Stock. £	s.	d.	Description.
Stalbridge: - - Dorset:				
Rev. Henry Boucher's Augmentation of William Boucher's Charity - - -	300	0	0	5*l.* per cent. Preference Stock London and South Western Railway Company.
Stamford - - - Lincoln:				
Eliz. Hurst's Gift to Truesdale's Hospital - - -	340	0	0	Cons.
Wm. Browne's Hospital -	1,412	8	11	Cons.
Stapleton - - Cumberland: Sir Simon Heward's Charity -	502	16	0	Cons.
Stepney (St. Dunstan) - Middlesex: Margaretta Brown's Charity -	1,400	0	0	Cons.
Stevenage - - Hertford:				
Susanna Smyth's Charity for National School	21	10	4	Red.
Do. for Poor -	162	3	3	Red.
Stogursey - - Somerset: Almshouse Charity - -	159	11	6	Cons.
Stratfield Mortimer - - Berks: Harriet Brocas's Charity -	204	1	0	Cons.
Studley - - - Warwick: Nat. George Petre's Charity -	29	5	2	Cons.
Sudborough - - Northampton: Sunday School Charity - -	666	13	4	Red.
Sunninghill - - - Berks: Fuel Allotment - - -	86	12	1	Cons.
Sutton in Ashfield - Nottingham: John Newton's Charity - -	448	11	0	Cons.
Sutton Coldfield - - Warwick: Free Grammar School - -	74	17	6	Cons.
Sutton St. George in Macclesfield - - } Chester: Thomas Bullock's Charity -	215	6	10	Cons.
Sutton - - - Surrey:				
Susannah Bentley's Charity -	107	14	4	Red.
William Beck's Charity - -	110	0	0	N. 2½.
Elizabeth Stephen's Charity -	110	0	0	N. 2½.
Robert Holme's Charity - -	110	0	0	N. 2½.
Mary Gibson's Charity - -	416	13	4	Cons.
Elizabeth Gibson's Charity -	250	0	0	New.
Swinderby - - - Lincoln: Poor's Land - - -	37	0	2	Cons.
Sympson - - Buckingham: Thomas Pigott's Charity -	405	1	2	Red.
Taunton (St. James) - Somerset: Church Estate - - -	317	9	2	Cons.
Thornton - - - York: and Ireby - - - Lancaster: Rev. Thomas Burrow Pooley's Charity - - -	55	17	4	Cons.
Thornton in Lonsdale - York: Ralph Redmayne's Charity -	169	6	3	Cons.
Thorverton - - - Devon: Frank Wm. Reynold's Charity -	333	6	8	Cons.
Tibberton - - Gloucester:				
Poor's Land - - -	160	8	5	Cons.
William Philip Price's Repair Fund for Almshouses - -	200	0	0	Cons.
Tiverton - - - Devon: Anna Maria Turner's Bequests for Inmates of Slees and the Western or Waldron's Almshouses - - -	630	0	0	New.

Locality or Designation of Charity.	£	s.	d.	Description.
Tottenham - - Middlesex:				
Elizabeth Saunders' Charity	222	12	0	Cons.
Tregare - - Monmouth:				
Samuel Tippen's Charity	17	9	4	Cons.
Uley - - - Gloucester:				
Ann Went's Charity	109	4	2	Cons.
Catherine Worlock's Charity	80	0	0	Cons.
Waddington Hospital, York	338	6	4	Cons.
	100	0	0	Exchequer Bill.
Wakefield - - - York:				
Wilson's Gift	1,375	13	2	Cons.
Wallasey - - - Chester:				
Free School	1,670	14	1	Cons.
Walsingham (Little) - Norfolk:				
Bond's Free School	12	16	11	Cons.
Walton-le-Dale and Brindle Lancaster:				
The Shutlingfield Estate	2,600	10	9	Cons.
Wardley and Belton - Rutland:				
Charity of Rev. Abraham Jobson, D.D.	100	0	0	Red.
Warminster - - - Wilts:				
Common Close Charities	703	8	11	New.
Ann Butts' Charity for Poor of the Common Close Chapel	106	19	1	New.
Sarah Lawes' Gift	96	6	5	Red.
Watford - - - Hertford:				
Eliz. Fuller's Free School	3,752	1	8	Red.
	110	19	1	Cons.
John Dyson's Bequest in aid of o.	1,042	18	1	Cons.
Wath-upon-Dearne - - York:				
Daniel Carnley's Charity	210	9	9	Cons.
Watlington - - Oxford:				
Maria Cook's Charity	1,072	7	9	New.
Weaverham - - Chester:				
Thomas Bancroft's Charity	110	5	0	New.
Mrs. Clewes' Charity	350	0	0	New.
Poor's Money	131	12	8	New.
Ralph Birkenhead's Charity	5	3	8	New.
Unknown Donor's Charity	20	19	5	New.
Phœbe Darwell's Charity	52	11	0	New.
Wednesbury - - Stafford:				
Joseph Hopkins' Charity	241	9	6	Cons.
Wellingborough - Northampton:				
Church Lands	330	0	5	Cons.
Wellington - - - Salop:				
Richard Steyinton's Charity	333	12	6	Cons.
James Oliver's Bequest (Bread)	239	7	4	Cons.
Do. (National School)	191	9	9	Cons.
Do. (Young Men's Christian Association)	191	9	9	Cons.
Do. (Christ Church Sunday School)	191	9	9	Cons.
Wellington. *See* Burghill.				
Wells (City):				
William Charles' Almshouses	125	4	1	Cons.
Old Almshouses founded by Bishop Bubwith	345	17	8	Cons.
Welwyn - - - Hertford:				
Daniel Spurgeon's Charity	195	5	8	Cons.
Westhouse in Thornton in Lonsdale - - York:				
Felix Slade's Bequest to School founded by Major Redmayne	210	16	1	Cons.
Westminster (City):				
Repair Fund for Church of St. Luke, Berwick Street	1,062	12	1	Cons.
Westminster (St. Margaret):				
Charles Rampaine's Charity	122	19	4	Cons.
Weston St. Mary - - Lincoln:				
Rev. Walter Maurice Johnson's Charity, or the Vicars Dole	40	0	0	Cons.
Wethersfield - - - Essex:				
Sarah Clerke's Charity	390	15	6	New.
Wheelwright's Charities	1,182	17	4	Cons.
Whitchurch Canonicorum - Dorset:				
Nathaniel Paul's Charity	223	4	2	Cons.
Whickham - - Durham:				
Gibside Chapel Endowment	2,900	0	0	Red.
Whittingham - Northumberland:				
Matthew Hedley's Charity	89	2	8	New.
Whittington - - Derby:				
School Charity	115	15	9	Cons.
Charity of Peter Webster the Younger	646	0	7	Cons.
Whittington - - Lancaster:				
Elizabeth Redman's Charity	36	19	6	New.
Whitworth in Rochdale - Lancaster:				
Mary Shephard's Charity	31	2	7	Cons.
Wigginton in Tamworth - Stafford:				
Charities of Eliz. Beardsley and John Taylor	249	16	1	Cons.
Wilbarston - - Northampton:				
Catherine Palmer's Charity (School)	133	6	8	Cons.
Do. (Spinning and Knitting)	133	6	8	Cons.
Willesden - - Middlesex:				
Wm. Graham's Charity	100	0	0	Cons.
Willoughby on the Wolds Nottingham:				
John Bryan's Bequest to School	21	1	9	Cons.
Winchester (City):				
Magdalen Hospital	15	1	0	Cons.
Richard Budd's Charity	8	6	8	Cons.
„ (St. Bartholomew, Hyde):				
Church Lands Charity	159	3	0	Cons.
Windlesham - - Surrey:				
The Poor's Allotment	10	10	11	Cons.
Windsor (New) - - Berks:				
The National Schools	158	6	5	New.
Sir John Elly's Bequest	51	13	7	New.
Winkfield - - - Berks:				
Church Lands Charity	145	16	8	Cons.
Thomas Pitt's Charity	50	0	0	Cons.
Winterbourne Stickland - Dorset:				
Barbara Skinner's Charity	238	10	0	Cons.
Wisbech St. Peter - Cambridge:				
George Swaine's Charity	400	0	0	Cons.
Witherley - - Leicester:				
Thomas Corbett's Charity for Coal	107	19	3	New.
Witley - - - Surrey:				
Anthony Smith's Charity	2,116	8	0	Cons.
Wittenham (Little) - - Berks:				
Lady Mary Clarke's Charity	34	3	7	Cons.
Wokingham - - Berks:				
Fuel Allotment	910	4	2	Cons.
Woodbridge - - Suffolk:				
Thomas Seckford's Charity	14,340	19	9	Cons.
Woodstock - - - Oxford:				
George Spencer Benham's Charity	300	0	0	Cons.

Locality or Designation of Charity.	Amount of Stock.	Description.
	£ s. d.	
Worcester (City):		
Berkeley's Hospital - -	9,363 3 8	Cons.
John Nash's Charity - -	544 12 5	Cons.
Richard Inglethorpe's Charity -	904 6 1	Cons.
Thomas Farley's Charity -	361 16 2	Cons.
Wormingford - - Essex:		
James Robinson's Charity -	471 1 9	Cons.
Worsbrough - - - York:		
Free Grammar School - -	682 8 11	Cons.
Wotton-under-Edge - Gloucester:		
Free Grammar School of Lord Berkeley - - -	132 5 1	Cons.
Wrawby - - - Lincoln:		
Brigg Grammar School - -	460 2 9	Cons.
Wray - - - Lancaster:		
Free School founded by Capt. Richard Pooley - -	2,122 0 4	Cons.
Wreay in St. Mary Carlisle - - } Cumberland:		
Richard Lowthian's Charity -	53 12 3	Cons.
Wrockwardine - - Salop:		
Cludde's Almshouses (Gifts of Hon. Mrs. Robert Herbert, and Rev. G. L. Yate) -	10 14 11	Cons.
Yateley - - Southampton: and Sandhurst - - - Berks:		
Richard Bannister's Charity -	154 10 11	Cons.
York (St. Margaret) City:		
Robert Winterscale's Charity -	404 10 7	Cons.

PART II.

CASE of the TREVILSON CHARITY, EAST NEWLYN.

Importance of case and reasons for seeking a legislative scheme.

1. This is a foundation of small value, but its peculiar position has excited so much feeling among its administrators and recipients, has caused such difficulty to our own minds, and illustrates so strongly some results of the present state of the law, that we cannot help thinking the case an important one. It will be seen that we had our choice of four courses: to do nothing, to establish a judicial scheme by our own authority, to certify the case to the Attorney-General, and to report it to your Majesty with a view to a Parliamentary scheme. We shall here endeavour to make clear our reasons for adopting the last of these courses.

Circumstances of East Newlyn.

2. East Newlyn is situate a few miles distant from Truro, in the mining district of Cornwall. The population at the last census was 1,641. It consists principally of persons engaged in mining and agriculture. As is very common in Cornwall, the more opulent inhabitants are attached to the Church of England, and the great majority of the poor are nonconformists. What proportion are so, is, as may be supposed, the subject of dispute, which would not be easy, and we conceive is not necessary, to ascertain with accuracy. Mr. Britton the vicar, and his friends say there are 35 per cent. of Church people; the other party say that seven-eighths are non-conformists. It is undisputed that there are five Methodist chapels all largely attended; and sunday schools belonging to the Wesleyans and Bible Christians also largely attended, while the Church sunday school has not more than 20 or 30 scholars. Whatever then the proportions may be, the excess of non-conformists especially among the poor is unquestionably very large.

The poor are chiefly non-conformists.

State of the schools.

3. Though sunday schools are actively kept on foot by the non-conformist bodies, there is no day school in the parish at all except one for boys and girls on the foundation of John Oxnam. This is managed by the vicar and churchwardens, and complaints have been made to us that these managers have established rules calculated to confine the benefit of it to Church people, such as, that every free scholar shall attend Church on Sundays or leave the school. On the the inquiry held in May 1867, our inspector reported that the average number of children attending the schools is 55, viz., 30 boys and 25 girls, and that the master and mistress are both dissenters, but the schools have always been and are still used as Church schools. The foundation is an open one. We do not now go further into this question, but it was necessary to state thus much in order to exhibit both the amount of machinery existing for education, and the state of feeling that exists between churchmen and non-conformists.

Nature of the foundation.

4. This charity we call the Trevilson Charity, from the name of the little farm that belongs to it. Its origin is unknown. We subjoin the whole report of the commissioners for inquiring concerning charities presented to Parliament in the year 1837, (Vol. 32, part 1, p. 485) as follows:

"Parish of Newlyn. Poors House and Lands.

"A house and about 20 acres of land called "Trevilson in Newlyn, now let for 26*l*. per annum, "is under the management of the parish officers, by "whom the income is distributed in money among "poor families not receiving parish relief. The "preference is given to widows and orphans. The "manner in which this property is acquired is "unknown."

It is, however, probable that this is the property mentioned in Gilbert's returns of charitable donations, presented to Parliament in 1786. We subjoin the entry:

Name of Parish of Township.	Names of the persons who gave the Charity.	When given.	Whether by Will or Deed.	Description of the Charity and for what purpose given.	Whether in Land or Money.	In whom now vested.	Gross amount of that given in Money.	Clear annual produce of that given in land after deducting the rents issuing thereout.	Observations.
							£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Newlyn -	Unknown -	Unknown -	Unknown -	To the poor not receiving parish relief.	Money -	Churchwardens and Overseers.	*140 0 0	7 0 0	*Since laid out in Land.

There is no other property answering to this return. These reports and the usage must be taken as constituting the sole evidence of the nature of the foundation, which, therefore, is for the benefit of the poor of East Newlyn.

5. The sole property of the charity consisted of an old house, and about 29 acres of land, now let for 22*l*. per annum, surface rent. The house is occupied by poor people, of whom some pay rent, and some do not. The property has fallen under the management of the vicar, churchwardens, and overseers. It is probable that the churchwardens and overseers have the legal estate by force of the statute 59 Geo. III, cap. 12, sec. 17, though nothing can be considered clear, which depends upon the interpretation of this statute, and of the numerous conflicting decisions on it. The vicar, however, would seem, both from Gilbert's returns, and from the report of 1837, not to be a trustee. That he cannot have the legal estate is quite clear. But we have not cared to go into this question. We have found the vicar, churchwardens, and overseers in actual possession as trustees, and for the purpose of the negotiations we have treated them as possessing that character, whether legally theirs or not.

Increase of property giving rise to the present difficulty.

6. In the year 1841 the churchwardens and overseers granted a lease of the minerals for 21 years. The royalties have been partly accumulated, and partly distributed among the poor. They were in July 1867 represented by the sum of 2,400 consols, a cash balance at the bankers of 137*l*. 4*s*. 3*d*., a small balance in the hands of Mr. Bullmore, one of the churchwardens, and some outstanding claims against the lessees. The minerals are exhausted. It is with respect to the sum representing the minerals, and constituting a capital fund, that the present controversy has arisen.

March 1862, proposal to set up church school.

7. On the 5th March 1862 an application was received at our office, signed by Mr. Britton, the vicar, and Messrs. Bullmore and Tremain, the then churchwardens, proposing to apply the funds partly in erecting and maintaining schools, to be united with

Oxnam's, to be conducted on church principles, and to be managed by the vicar and churchwardens; partly in repairing the church; and partly in setting up dame schools for young children. On the 7th of April 1862 an application was received from the overseers, praying for inquiry in order to devise a system of education suitable to the wants of the parishioners. On these applications some correspondence ensued, and our board was satisfied that it was proper to apply the fund to promote education.

April 1862, counter proposal.

February 1863, the vicar is informed that the dissenters must be protected.

8. On the 6th of February 1863, Mr. Britton was advised by us that the charity was for the benefit of the poor irrespective of creed, and that "the scheme "of management must contain what are commonly "called 'conscience clauses,' that is to say, it must "provide that the children of dissenters, if they "attend the school, shall not be compelled to learn "the Church catechism, if objected to by their "parents or guardians, and shall not be required to "attend the school or the parish church on Sundays. "On this account it would not be expedient to put "the new school in union with the National Society. "It may be assumed that in so large a parish there "may be many dissenters."

He protest against this view.

9. On the 25th February 1863, Mr. Britton wrote to contend against the introduction of any such clauses. He stated his view of the law thus: "The intro- "duction of these clauses at the present time seems "to us particularly unfair towards the church, and "a virtual surrender of her property. The 'Non- "conformist' of January 14, 1863, asserts that 'The "'rule of our law courts has been that all schools "'not avowedly founded for the immediate use and "'benefit of a particular sect, must be taken to "'belong to the Church of England." The state- "ment being as I believe strictly correct, the "charities in question must of necessity be deemed "according to existing law, charities belonging to "the Church of England. The same authority also "tells us that the object of Mr. Dillwyn's Endowed "School Bill is to abrogate 'the law at present in "'force,' and to enact that 'no other school shall "'be deemed a Church of England school, unless "'founded for the immediate use and benefit of that "'Church.' The commissioners cannot fail to see "with the trustees of the Trevilson and Oxnam "charities, that the introduction of the 'conscience "'clauses' would deprive the Church of England "of these endowments, in case Mr. Dillwyn should "succeed in his attempts to alter our constitutional "law."

With this letter was sent a written application by the trustees for a scheme. On this some correspondence ensued, but the matter was delayed by some disputes with the lessees, and the consequent impossibility of ascertaining the amount of property to be dealt with.

June 1865, the dissenters ask for British and Foreign school.

10. On the 28th June 1865, an application was received at our office, signed by Mr. Nye, a Wesleyan minister residing at Truro, and by several inhabitants of East Newlyn, asking for the appointment of trustees, and the establishment of a school on the principles of the British and Foreign Society. And on the 7th November in the same year a further letter was received, signed by some of the former applicants, viz., William Tom, an overseer, Thomas Rowe, a waywarden, and Andrew Carvolth, called a "Wesleyan trustee," in which they complained of the system on which Oxnam's school was conducted, and objected decidedly to any distinctive dogmatic teaching at all. They contended again for a school on the principles of the British and Foreign Society.

View then taken by the Board of the legal obligations on them.

11. On this occasion both parties were informed that we did not consider that we could establish any school except a Church of England school with conscience clauses, and that a mixed body of trustees would be proper. Both parties appeared so dissatisfied with this conclusion, that shortly afterwards they were informed the case was too contentious for us to proceed with.

Explanation of the legal difficulties surrounding the case.

12. This expression of opinion on the part of our board, has appeared to Mr. Britton so irrevocable, that he considers himself and his friends deceived and illused, because we now propose a Parliamentary scheme of a different purport. It will be convenient here to break off the narrative of proceedings, and to explain the state of the law which gave rise to that opinion. It will be observed in the first place that we are now recommending a *Parliamentary or legislative scheme*, on the ground that it is desirable to have a new scheme, as to which it is at least doubtful whether it can be carried into effect by the Court of Chancery. Whereas in the year 1865 we were considering the question of a *judicial scheme*, in establishing which it is our duty to keep within the limits of the law, and which is the subject of appeal to the Court of Chancery, a court bound equally with ourselves to observe strict law.

13. It is true that the law on the subject of charity schemes is extremely indefinite and uncertain, and that equity judges have taken very different views as to the latitude of discretion given to the court. But still precedents are of force in subsequent cases, and there are limits beyond which judges think themselves precluded by authority or by principle from going. We have shown previously (sup. par. 9) what was Mr. Britton's view of the law. Our view was as stated in the letter of the 6th February 1863. It is right now to show on what authority both these views are founded, and what in our view would be the practical effect of applying the Trevilson funds to the erection of a school.

Case of A.G. v. Cullum.

14. The authority to which we refer is the case of *Attorney General v. Cullum*, decided by Vice-Chancellor Knight Bruce in the year 1842, and reported in the 1st Vol. of Younge and Collyer's Reports, p. 411. It related to a charity at Bury St. Edmunds, originally founded in the Reign of Edward IV. for "The relief "of the aldermen and burgesses, and the whole "community, and poor inhabitants of the town of "Bury St. Edmunds, in support of the burdens daily "falling upon them." The foundation had been augmented by many subsequent donations; some for purposes which at the Reformation were held to be superstitious, others for charitable purposes of very various descriptions, mostly for the general benefit of the town, or of the poor.

15. In 1836 the income exceeded 2,000*l.* per annum, and an information was filed for a new scheme. The master reported in favour of erecting three schools, a commercial school, one for poor girls, and one for poor boys; and he proposed the following rules, viz.:—"That the school should be closed as "regarded instruction on Sundays; that a con- "venient and sufficient portion of the stated school "hours should be set apart daily for reading the "scripture lessons prepared for the use of the Irish "national schools, and the authorised version of the "scriptures, or such part thereof as the trustees "should think proper, and that no other religious in- "struction should be introduced into the school." No mention was made as to the religious creed of the masters or mistresses of the schools, but the power of appointment and removal of the masters and mistresses was vested in the trustees.

16. The trustees objected to this part of the scheme, contending that the teachers should be of the Established Church; that instructions in church doctrines should be given in school to those whose parents were willing; and that certain attendances at public worship should be required. On this issue the case came on to be argued.

Decision that on converting general charities to educational purposes the doctrines of the Church of England must be taught by

17. According to the report, the Vice Chancellor having remarked that any scheme of education without religion would be worse than a mockery, afterwards said,—"In my judgment this scheme does not provide "for religious instruction in the sense in which the "expression ought to be understood. Its effect is "not that it does not provide for religious instruc- "tion according to the doctrines of the Church of

teachers members of the Church.

"England, but that it does not provide for what I "am able to consider religious instruction at all. "If education, of course including religious instruc- "tion, is to be provided for, I apprehend it must be "according to the doctrines and principles of the "English Church. I know no other standard or "guide to which the court can resort, and dissenting "as I do from the present scheme, as far as it relates "to purposes of education, I must send that part of "the scheme back to the master for the purpose of "review, unless some other course can hereafter be "suggested to the court. If education is to be part "of the scheme, it is clear in my judgment that "whatever may be the particular course of instruc- "tion pursued, or whatever may be the course as to "exemption (if any) from any particular points of "instruction, the masters, mistresses, and teachers, "must be members of the Church of England. I do "not think it necessary to declare that either the "masters or teachers should be clergymen, but that "the masters, mistresses, and teachers should be all "members of the Church of England, and that no "other course of religious instruction should be "adopted than such as in conformity with the "Church of England."

18. The scheme ultimately settled was as follows:— "That the masters and mistresses of the schools "should be members of the Church of England; "that during one hour at least of each school day "the master should give religious instruction to all "the scholars, such religious instruction to be con- "fined to the reading and explanation of the scriptures; "that on every Lord's day he should give instruction "in the liturgy, cathechism, and articles of the "Church of England, to such of the boys whose "parents were in communion with that church, "and that all the scholars should be required to "repair twice every Lord's day to church, provided "however that any two of the trustees, by a note in "writing, might excuse from attendance at church "any of the scholars who were children of persons "not in communion with the Church of England."

Bearing of A. G. v. Cullum on the present case.

19. We do not know whether any case precisely resembling that of *Attorney General v. Cullum* has been the subject of dispute in the Court of Chancery, but it has often been referred to, and we believe it to be accepted as a sound and binding decision of the court, and to be constantly followed without argument. It will be shown how very closely the circumstances of that case resemble the circumstances of this. The original objects of the foundations were not connected with any religious denomination. It was proposed to apply them to education. The scheme proposed was very much like that of the British and Foreign Society; but it was rejected by the court in favour of a Church system with special exemptions, with the observation that the proposed scheme did not provide for what the judge could consider religious instruction at all, and, therefore, according to his previous remark, must be worse than a mockery.

20. Now that the Court of Chancery would follow the principles of *Attorney General v. Cullum* in case of ordinary English communities we have no doubt. When framing judicial schemes in similar cases we have always considered the decision binding on us. The important point in which the circumstances of the present case differ from ordinary ones is that the community of East Newlyn comprises a decided majority of Nonconformists, and that they express a strong dislike to the Church education, however guarded by conscience clauses, a distrust of Church trustees, and a strong preference for the British and Foreign system. And whether the Court of Chancery would think that the principles of *Attorney General v. Cullum* are of universal application, or whether it would think that the decision, however good for Bury St. Edmunds is not suitable for Nonconformist communities, and that for such communities a system of religious instruction deemed satisfactory by the Irish national schools and by the large religious body that finds expression in the British and Foreign Society, ought not to be taken as no religious instruction at all, or as worse than a mockery, we do not know. It is possible that the second alternative might prevail. But our impression is the other way. We rather think that the court would refuse to go into the local circumstances, and would apply the decision as a rule of law intelligible and convenient under all circumstances.

Case of Ilminster school.

21. We turn now to another decision of the Court of Chancery, affirmed by the House of Lords. It is well known as the Ilminster school case, and is reported under the title of *Baker v. Lee* in the 8th Vol. of House of Lords cases. It relates to a foundation of the year 1549, partly for the purpose of maintaining a schoolmaster for instruction as well in godly learning and knowledge as in other learning, and partly for repairing highways and other general purposes. The question was whether dissenters could be appointed trustees. On one part of the case there was no difference of opinion, viz:—That in the case of a church charity the Court of Chancery will in its discretion appoint churchmen exclusively to be trustees. On the only other question, viz., whether this was a Church Charity, there was remarkable discrepancy of judicial opinion. Lord Romilly, acting as Master of the Rolls, thought not, and appointed some dissenters; the Lords Justices Knight Bruce and Turner thought it was, and discharged those gentlemen. In the House of Lords, Lords Campbell and Cranworth were of one opinion, and Lords Wensleydale and Chelmsford of the other, and so the appeal stood dismissed, and the upshot was that in that foundation, mixed as were its objects, the appointment of a mixed body of trustees was held to be a wrong exercise of discretion with which a court of appeal would interfere.

Decision that dissenters ought not to be trustees of a foundation which has for its main object a Church school.

22. We are not aware of any case in which it has been discussed whether or no it is proper to appoint dissenters to be trustees of a charity converted from general to educational purposes. When no dispute has been raised such appointments have in fact been made, as notably in the Bury St. Edmund's case (*Attorney General v. Cullum*), where we understand there is at this moment a mixed body working harmoniously and with good effect. But many things are done in practice and by acquiescence which, when disputed, a court of justice is obliged to disallow. It will be observed that in the autumn of 1865 we proposed to appoint a mixed body of trustees for this charity. But the right to do so was promptly challenged on the part of the Church people. And on a careful consideration of the matter we are disposed to think that a court of appeal would disturb such an appointment. We cannot be sure, but seeing that a school, and in obedience to *Attorney General v. Cullum*, a Church school would be the principal object of the charity, it seems difficult to escape from the logical conclusion that the appointment of Nonconformists to manage such a charity would be held as erroneous an exercise of discretion as such an appointment was held to be in the case of Ilminster school. The combined effect of these two decisions, if applied to the Trevilson case, we will state presently. We now return to our narrative.

Further proceedings.

23. After the intimation given in the early part of 1866 that we could not continue the pending proceedings, the matter lay dormant for a while. Some inquiries were made and answered, but the case was not substantially moved until the receipt of a memorial from the parish on the 24th April 1867. This memorial we subjoin:—

April 1867, memorial of ratepayers and householders.

"St. Newlyn, April 23, 1867.

"Trevilson Charity Lands.

"The memorial of the undersigned ratepayers and householders of the parish of Newlyn East, in the county of Cornwall,

"Sheweth,

"That this charity consists of land which produces a rental of 22*l.* per annum, and a sum of

about 2,500*l.* Consols. That the rent of the land has from time immemorial been distributed among the poor of the parish without regard to sect or creed, and that such distribution had up to the year 1858 been made by the ratepayers in vestry assembled, at their annual meeting on the 25th of March, when a list of the recipients was made out and determined on by the majority of such ratepayers in vestry assembled. That about the said year 1858 the vicar and churchwardens, without any right or authority for the purpose, took upon themselves to alter the mode of distribution, and distributed the charity on their own sole authority at St. Thomas Day, the 22d of December.

"That no document exists showing any appointment of trustees, and that if the vicar, churchwardens, and overseers have so acted, it has only been as the instruments of the parish, and in accordance with its resolutions in vestry assembled, as aforesaid. That it was proposed some years ago by the vicar and churchwardens to alter the appropriation of the funds by applying a portion of them to the education of the poor instead of money gifts, and while your memorialists agree that such a change would be beneficial, they hereby enter their earnest protest against its being made the means of promoting sectarian oppression.

"That in pursuance of such proposed change, the vicar and churchwardens proposed to your honourable board that the funds should be appropriated to the support of a Church of England school, not only without any authority from the parish for so doing, but in defiance of the principle hitherto adopted in the parish, and the immemorial practice which has prevailed for centuries.

"That on this being discovered, a proposal was made by the parishioners generally, that as the funds belonged to the entire parish, the school to be supported by the funds should be a British school, whereby a good secular and religious education would be secured to the parish without any infringement of religious liberty, and as the only way of securing the application of the funds in accordance with the supposed will of the founder and the practice of centuries.

"That the vicar and churchwardens opposed this plan, showing their desire to exclude all dissenters from the benefits of the charity, and when the Charity Commissioners required the introduction of the conscience clause, the said vicar and churchwardens opposed it, showing again and still more strongly their sectarian purposes.

"That the introduction of a Church of England school with the conscience clause would be objectionable both to churchmen and dissenters, and especially so to the latter, after the proof they have as aforesaid received of the real object and purpose of the vicar and churchwardens.

"That the instruction given in the British schools has been highly approved by some of the most eminent men in the State, and has been honoured with the patronage of the Queen and other members of the Royal Family, and has also been highly approved by school inspectors.

"That your memorialists are all of one mind that the British school system would be suitable to the wants of the parish, and would be hailed with delight by the great bulk of the inhabitants.

"They protest also against the unwarrantable interference of the vicar and churchwardens as contrary to the practice in the parish, at variance with the spirit of the age, and calculated to create and increase sectarian and religious animosities in the parish.

"Your memorialists therefore humbly pray that proper steps may be taken to appropriate the charity funds to the right purpose and in the right way, and that they may be heard in support of the plan proposed by them,

"And will ever pray, &c.

"To the Charity Commissioners."

Here follow 228 signatures.

Inspection ordered.

24. The receipt of this memorial impressed us with a strong sense of the hardship which, if its statements were correct, the majority of the parish were undergoing. It seemed that they valued education sufficiently to desire its promotion out of a fund which otherwise might be spent in providing creature comforts, but that they could not get it because of a dispute about the nature and extent of the religious instruction to be given. We thought it necessary to make another effort to move, and determined to send an inspector for the purpose of inquiring on the spot. This inspection took place in May, and the inspector made his report on the 24th July 1867.

Inspectors report, 24th July 1867.

25. Beyond ascertaining the precise amount and position of the funds, the report added little to our previous information. The inspector did not enter into the religious statistics of the parish; he only reports that the majority of the inhabitants are said to be nonconformists. The statements we here make on this matter are founded on written correspondence, partly prior and partly subsequent to the report. The report, however, afforded an opportunity of impeaching the memorial of 26th April 1867, and the inference is that it is a genuine expression of the views of the signataries. It was not overlooked, but no substantial case was made against it. The inspector says, "It was represented at the inquiry that several of the "signatures to the memorial had not been obtained "fairly, also that one or two of the persons who signed "it were desirous of having their names struck off."

The genuineness of the memorial of April 1867 remains unimpeached.

Conclusion of report.

26. With respect to the main question, the report concludes thus:—

"The whole question as to the future manage- "ment and application of the charity was fully "and fairly discussed at the inquiry; the main "points for consideration being whether the "funds arising from the mining lease, instead of "being applied with the income derivable from "other sources to purely eleemosynary purposes "might not be more profitably expended in "making better provision for the educational "wants of the poor of the parish, and if so, the "best mode of effecting that object. The need "of such provision, and the expediency af ap- "propriating the accumulated mining funds "towards supplying it, appeared to be admitted "by all who attended the inquiry. A large "number of them (including the most influential "parishioners) were in favour of a scheme similar "to Mr. Bullmore's plan for the erection and "maintenance of Church of England schools, "while the great majority (being for the most "part dissenters) would very much prefer a "British school, but of these latter, a large propor- "tion, if not all of them, were willing to accept a "scheme for Church of England schools, modi- "fied by the introduction of a conscience clause, "rather than that the parish should lose altogether "the benefit to be derived from the application "of the funds to the purposes of education."

Conflicting views of the church and nonconformists parties as to the precise effect of the proceedings upon the inspection, both being in error.

27. With respect to the concluding sentence of the report, we ought to mention that there seems some misunderstanding as to what actually passed. It will be seen from the objections to our scheme, sent in by Mr. Britton and his friends, that he conceived that the discussion was in the nature of a bargain between two contracting parties, and that a contract was actually made when the inspector satisfied himself of the wishes of the persons present. And though it has been fully explained to him that such a view is wholly erroneous and involves false notions as to the object of the inquiry, the authority of our inspector, and the functions of our board, he firmly adheres to the position that a contract was then made to esta-

blish church schools with conscience clauses, which contract is now being violated. On the other hand, the nonconformist party think that some injustice was done to them, that the inspector stated too positively that a school, if established, must be a church school, and thereby played too much upon their strong wishes to have a school of some kind. It seems to us that no one has cause for complaint. The inspector's report produces on our minds precisely the same general effect as the voluminous correspondence which has been going on for the last five years. It will be better, however, to subjoin the letter of the nonconformists, and our secretary's answer.

28. "Newlyn East, May 7th, 1867.

"Trevilson Charity Lands.

"To the Charity Commissioners,

"I beg in the first place to offer my unqualified approval of the great patience and forbearance with which your inspector conducted the inquiry into the charities of this parish yesterday; at the same time, I would be thankful to be informed whether your board authorized him to say to the meeting yesterday, 'that if the people 'of Newlyn would not have a Church of England 'school with the conscience clause, they would 'have no school at all.'

"Although we have been in correspondence on the subject with your board for, I believe, years, we have never received such a communication from you.

"When the question came before the meeting as to what kind of education should be set on foot, the inspector strongly recommended a church school, with the conscience clause.

"The Wesleyan ministers, and others, strongly advocated a British school.

"The inspector then divided the meeting by calling for a show of hands; first, in favour of a church school, 31 were held up; he then called for a show of hands in favour of a British school, a cloud of hands were raised, so that, without counting, the inspector pronounced the majority to be for a British school.

"The inspector then said to the meeting that we must have the Church of England school, with the conscience clause, or no school at all.

"He then called for a show of hands of those in favour of a church school, with the conscience clause, 39 were held up, among whom were the Wesleyan ministers, saying, that it is better to have this than to have no school.

"The inspector called next for a show of hands against a national school, the meaning of which very few in that meeting understood, 18 were held up against it.

"I would here state decidedly that a show of hands in that meeting was no test of the wishes of the inhabitants on the question.

"It was not known, except on the church side, that any such voting would take place, the latter being there with their labourers apparently prepared.

"The inspector brought before the meeting the memorial which I forwarded to your board, signed by 226 ratepayers and two householders out of a total of 300.

"Two names only were objected to. I beg therefore to call your attention to that memorial, as well as to the resolutions passed by a vestry held in June last, which your inspector examined.

"If it is the determination of your honourable board to sanction none but a scheme for a national school with the conscience clause we should be exceedingly thankful to know, so as to stop a fruitless contest.

"CHARLES S. LANYON,
Overseer of the Poor.

"ANDREW CARVOLTH.
Trustee of the Wesleyan Chapel.

"To the Charity Commissioners."

29. "Charity Commission,
"8 York Street, St. James's Square,

Hob. G. 9,136 "11th May 1868.

"St. Newlyn, The Charity Lands, or
"Sir, "The Trevilson Charity."

"1. I am to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 7th instant, and to state that the commissioners have not yet received the report of the inspector who inquired into the St. Newlyn Charities, and it can hardly be expected for some little time.

"2. The commissioners would perfer not to answer your letter in detail until they have seen the report, but there is no objection to state in general terms that the inspectors functions are confined to the collection of evidence which may form materials for the decision of the board. But in the case of inquiries of this kind it is often very useful to throw out hypotheses for the purpose of ascertaining what the views or wishes of the interested parties are in the event of one or another line of opinion being adopted by the board.

"3. From your letter the commissioners collect that this was done on the inspection in question. It may be very useful for the board to know that the majority prefer a British school, but that if the board should find it impossible to establish one they would prefer a church school with conscience clauses to no school at all.

"4. It must be remembered that proposals have been made to apply the funds to other than school purposes.

"I am, &c.
"HENRY M. VANE,
"Secretary."

"Mr. Chas. S. Lanyon,
"Newlyn East,
"Truro."

30. The season of the year at which the report was received, and (we may add) the increasing pressure of business which now constantly overtasks the whole strength of this office, prevented us from considering the case again until the month of February 1868. In the meantime Mr. Britton had written a letter to the inspector insisting on the fact that we could not of own authority effect anything. He said,

The trust rely on th board bei powerless proceed u less set in motion by the truste themselve

"But under present circumstances I think it right to observe that I am not aware that there is any matter before the commissioners regarding the Trevilson Charity upon which they can give a decision. In the exercise of the powers given them by statute they authorized you to hold an inquiry. But here there powers ceased. They have no jurisdiction in law over the Trevilson Charity unless the present trustees make a written application to them. The form has been for months in the hands of our attornies, but there is little chance of its being signed if the commissioners are bent on disregarding the decision of May 6th, and upon throwing the parish again into a state of excitement with a view of swamping the educated, intelligent, and wealthy portion of the parishioners, who discharge five sixths of the rates of the parish by counting heads and respecting mere numbers, taking no cognizance whatever of their characters and qualifications by forming a judgment on the merits of various educational schemes, nor even of their being householders. I shall not sign the application myself, and I shall dissuade my co-trustees from signing it until we have come to a specific agreement with the commissioners as to the heads of the scheme to be established."

31. Mr. Britton was perfectly right in his law. If the income of a charity exceeds 50*l.* we cannot make any order under the jurisdiction given by the

Charitable Trusts Act of 1860, unless the trustees themselves apply for it in writing. So that in cases where the remedy required is opposed to the views or interests of the trustees, even where they themselves are wrongdoers, we can only interfere by advice and solicitation, or ultimately by certifying the case to the Attorney General. We have therefore frequently to urge trustees to make application to us in order to save the ruinous costs of litigation. This was done in the first instance to Mr. Britton, because we wished to be set free to consider all possible courses. No fresh application has ever been made to us, and therefore we could not establish any judicial scheme however much we might have wished it. But in fact, on considering the matter further, we ceased to wish it, and ceased to urge the trustees to make any application. This was hinted to Mr. Britton on the 4th of May 1868, when our Secretary wrote :—

> "The board wish they could see such an agreement as you believe to exist, and they do not desire to conceal the difficulty they feel between the pressure of rules established by the Court of Chancery on the one hand, and on the other the hardship of establishing a general charity on a footing offensive to the bulk of its recipients. They may possibly find no escape from the difficulty except through the agency of an Act of Parliament."

32. We need not advert more particularly to the other correspondence which took place between this office and the several parties. It is sufficient to say that we were still convinced that both parties in the parish were bent on maintaining their own views, and that if we were to establish a judicial scheme, litigation would be commenced by whichever party was dissatisfied. We will now state why we thought a parliamentary scheme was necessary.

Reasons for not attempting a judicial scheme.

33. We have already stated that practically a judicial scheme has not since March 1866 been within our power. But it is quite possible that the trustees if further urged would have put it in our power, being confident that we must frame it according to the views of the law more than once expressed by us. The first question then was: Should we endeavour to establish a judicial scheme? Two considerations decided this in the negative.

1. Hardship on the poor of Newlyn owing to the rules of law.

34. The first consideration was the hardship which the rules of law would inflict on the majority of the true owners of the property, *i.e.*, the poorer inhabitants of East Newlyn. The case would stand thus :— The poor of Newlyn are entitled to have in some way the benefit of funds given to them without distinction of sect. They might have them in the shape of bread, coals, clothes, money, or other material enjoyments. If so, all may share alike. But they are sufficiently refined to prefer education. They ask for a school, with such religious instruction as they and their co-religionists love and approve of. But the law then tells them that this is not religious instruction at all, and that the school must have church doctrines taught by church masters and mistresses, under regulations made by church trustees. Assuming that this case would be governed by the two decisions we have above discussed, it follows that in this community, mainly consisting of nonconformists, it would not be thought sufficient to adopt the system of the Irish National Schools, or of the British and Foreign Society, but that—

1. Every master and mistress must belong to the Established Church.
2. They must give instruction according to the doctrines and formularies of the Established Church.
3. The scholars must as a rule attend church.
4. Every trustee must be a member of the Established Church.

Subject, however, to this qualification, that rules must be made for allowing the children of nonconformists to absent themselves from the church instruction and worship. We felt that there was not only hardship in this, but some danger of impairing the utility of a school by laying down general rules, followed by exceptions, which would certainly include the great majority of children.

2. Fear of an appeal.

35. The other consideration was the fear of an appeal. The provisions as to appeal contained in the Charitable Trusts Act of 1860 have to some extent neutralized the careful precautions taken by the Act of 1853, that no litigation should be commenced by private persons alone. All litigation commenced on behalf of charities was to be either by the Attorney General or with the sanction of this board. The reasons for those precautions are matter of history, and their enactment has prevented much wanton expenditure. When the Act of 1860 gave the board jurisdiction to establish judicial schemes, the same precautions were taken with respect to appeals in cases where the income of the charity is not more than 50*l.*; but where the income exceeds 50*l.*, it is, practically speaking, open to anybody to promote an appeal. The singular result is, that whereas no original proceeding can be taken by any private person without the sanction of our board, however much the state of the charity may require it, the moment our board endeavours to improve the state of things the charity is immediately exposed to all the perils of wanton or interested litigation which beset all charities before the passing of the Act of 1853. We are obliged at times to abstain from making an order of the soundness and expediency of which we are confident, merely because we are certain that the order will be followed by a litigation the costs of which will leave little or nothing for the order to operate upon.

36. Indeed, in a case like this, of great legal doubt and difficulty, an appeal would be most justifiable, and in all probability neither our board nor the Attorney General could refuse to permit it. But the appeal is not to the Appellate Court in Chancery, it is to one of the judges of first instance. It may go through every step of the most hardly fought chancery suit, and in a case like the present it is not at all unlikely that the funds would be totally exhausted by the litigation.

Reasons for not certifying the case,

37. The next question was whether we should certify the case to the Attorney General. But the Attorney General could only act by filing an information in the Court of Chancery, and all that we have said respecting the bearings of the law, and respecting expense, applies as strongly to an information as to a judicial scheme of this board.

Only a legislative scheme remains.

38. The only active course then remaining was to report the case to Your Majesty. It seems to us to be peculiarly a case falling within the provisions of the 54th section of the Charitable Trusts Act of 1853, a case in which a new scheme is imperatively required, and such a scheme as the rules of law do not suffice for.

Opinion of Schools Inquiry Commissioners.

39. With respect to the views we have expressed and have embodied in the scheme on the two questions of having a body of trustees acceptable to the bulk of those who will use the school and the character of religious instruction, we feel ourselves strongly fortified by the opinions of the Schools Inquiry Commissioners, expressed in their recent report.

On the question of trustees.

40. As to trustees, the report says (page 588),— "In the second place the restriction of the trustees "of schools to members of the Church of England "appears to be now a mere cause of irritation "without securing any corresponding advantage. It "very slightly affects, probably does not affect at "all, the character of the religious instruction, and "it often causes much annoyance. At Birmingham "the advocates of a reform in the governing body "urged with much force that, even admitting that "no charge of partiality to members of the Church

"of England could be fairly made against the "management of the school, yet it seemed a kind of "stigma on half the inhabitants of the town, that "they should be excluded from all share in the con- "trol of a most important public institution. In "many other instances the result of confining the "governorship to churchmen has been to create a "spirit of hostility against the school in the minds "of those whose support would greatly aid its "prosperity. Lord Cranworth's Act provides that, "unless the foundation expressly requires it, no "scholar shall be excluded from a grammar school "on the ground of religious opinions. The duty of "enforcing this Act devolves on the trustees. It "would seem to follow, that since parents of all "opinions may send their children to the school, "parents of all opinions have a right to be repre- "sented on the body of the trustees. This argu- "ment might even be listened to in a court of "equity. But in our opinion it would be better to "remove all doubt on the subject, and simply abolish "the restriction."

As to religious instruction.

41. As to religious instruction, the same report (page 589), says,—"Lastly, there appears to be no "reason for maintaining the rule of law which assumes "that whenever the contrary is not plainly specified, "the instruction is to be in accordance with the "doctrines of the Church of England. As an inter- "pretation of the wishes of the founders there can "be no doubt that in many cases this rule rests upon "insufficient data. As a rule of policy it seems "quite unsuited to the present day." And (page 590),—"Whenever it should be necessary to place "the religious instruction in schools under entirely "new regulations, it might be left to a provincial "authority to choose according to circumstances "between two forms of rule; one, 'that the religious "'instructioa shall be in accordance with the "'doctrines of the Church of England,' the other, "'that the children shall be instructed in the Holy "'Scriptures.' The former of these would be most "suitable when the Church of England was much in "the majority, the latter when it mas much in the "minority; but every case should be considered on "its own merits, and due regard paid to the wishes "of the locality."

Narrative of proceedings with reference to the legislative scheme.

42. We now proceed, in obedience to the 60th clause of the Act of 1853, to set forth in full the scheme we have approved, and the objections which have been made thereto, and all proceedings had in respect of the objections, and the grounds on which they have (with one objection) been over-ruled.

Scheme proposed.

43. The scheme is as follows:—

In the matter of the charity called "The Charity Land," otherwise "The Trevilson Charity," in the parish of Newlyn, in the county of Cornwall.

Scheme for the regulation and management of the above-mentioned charity.

1. The vicar and churchwardens of the parish of Newlyn for the time being in right, and during tenure of their office, and six other respectable persons resident in the same parish, or within the distance of seven miles from the church thereof, shall be the trustees of the charity, which shall be called "The Trevilson Charity."

2. The first six non-official trustees shall be elected by the vestry of Newlyn at their annual meeting for the election of churchwardens, which shall be held at or about the season of Easter 1870.

3. One of such non-official trustees shall go out of office very year, but shall be eligible for re-election. The rotation in which the six trustees first elected shall go out of office shall be decided by lot. After the year 1876 the non-official trustees shall go out of office by rotation according to the date of their election, one going out every year.

4. If any non-official trustee shall become bankrupt or incapacitated to act, or shall cease to be resident in the said parish, or within the distance of seven miles from the church thereof, or shall not attend any meeting of the trustees during a consecutive period of two years, it shall be competent to the trustees to cause a record of the fact to be entered in their books, and upon such record being entered, the trustee to whom it applies shall immediately cease to be a trustee, and thereupon, or upon the death or resignation or retirement by rotation of any such trustee, a new trustee, qualified as aforesaid, shall be appointed by the other trustees at their next Easter meeting which shall be held after the occurrence of such vacancy.

5. When any non-official trustee ceases to be a trustee otherwise than by his retirement in course of rotation, the vestry shall at their next Easter meeting elect a person to be trustee in his place, and every trustee elected to supply any such casual vacancy shall go out of office at the time when the term of office of the trustee in whose place he is elected would have expired in course of rotation. Whenever a poll is demanded the poll shall remain open for at least two days, and on each day between the hours of six and half past seven p.m. and at such other hours as the vestry may appoint.

6. The trustees shall hold meetings in some convenient place within the parish as often as may be found necessary for the management of the charity. The vicar if present, or in his absence the trustee furthest advanced towards the expiry of office according to the course of rotation, shall be the chairman at every meeting. Five trustees shall form a quorum at any meeting.

7. Any two trustees may summon a special meeting, giving fourteen days previous notice in writing to the other trustees, and specifying in such notice the object of such meeting.

8. All matters and questions shall be determined by the majority of the trustees present at any meeting, and in case of equality of votes the chairman shall a double or casting vote.

9. A minute book and proper books of account shall be provided by the trustees, and kept in some convenient and secure place of deposit to be provided or appointed by them for that purpose; and minutes of the entry into office or the appointment of every new trustee, and of all proceedings of the trustees, shall be entered in such minute book, and signed by the chairman at the termination of the proceedings at each meeting.

10. Full accounts shall be kept of the receipts and expenditure of the trustees in respect of the charity in the books to be provided for that purpose, and such accounts shall be examined and passed annually at a general meeting, and signed by the trustees present at such meeting.

11. The trustees shall be at liberty, if they think fit, to appoint and employ a person as clerk and treasurer, or in either of those offices, who, if not one of their own body, may receive an annual salary not exceeding *5l.*, to be paid out of the income of the charity; and such person shall keep the accounts of the charity, and shall receive the rents and income and make the several payments thereout, under the immediate control and superintendence of the trustees, who shall be responsible for the due application by him of all such moneys, or he shall discharge all such of the said duties as shall be required of him by the trustees.

12. The real property of the charity shall be vested in "The Official Trustees of Charity Lands," and shall be let and otherwise managed by the trustees, who shall receive and apply the income.

13. Any money arising from the sale of timber or from any mines or minerals on the charity

estates shall be treated as capital and invested in the Government funds in the name of "The Official Trustees of Charitable Funds" in trust for the charity, except in any special cases in which the trustees may be authorized by the Charity Commissioners for England and Wales to apply such money or any part thereof as income.

14. The clear income arising from such real estate shall be applied to the benefit of the most deserving and necessitous inhabitants of the parish of Newlyn, to be selected for this purpose by the trustees by providing them with clothes, bedding, fuel, medical or other aid in sickness, food or other articles in kind, or with pecuniary aid in special cases, as shall be considered by the trustees to be most advantageous to them, and that either directly or by aiding the funds of any provident or friendly associations to which they shall belong, or any public institutions of which respectively it shall be the object to provide them with like benefits, and so that no funds of the charity shall be applied directly or indirectly with the view of relieving or diminishing the poor rates of the said parish.

15. The stock and moneys belonging to the charity representing the produce of minerals shall be transferred to the official trustees of charitable funds in trust for the charity.

16. The clear income arising from the last-mentioned funds shall be received by the trustees and applied by them towards the maintenance in Newlyn of a school or schools for the education of the poorer classes in the parish of Newlyn and of the neighbourhood, if others can be conveniently be accommodated.

17. The body of trustees constituted at Easter 1870 shall submit to the Charity Commissioners suggestions for a code of regulations for carrying into effect the objects mentioned in the last preceding clause, and the Charity Commissioners shall proceed to frame regulations for such objects.

18. If the trustees neglect for three months after Easter 1870 to submit any suggestions herein-before provided, the Charity Commissioners shall of their own authority proceed to frame a code of regulations for the objects aforesaid, and the trustees shall administer the funds and conduct the school or schools according to such regulations.

19. In framing regulations the Charity Commissioners shall make provision for religious instruction, but shall be under no obligation to provide for any specific dogmatic instruction in the religious tenets of the Church of England or of any other denomination of Christians, and it shall be lawful for them to direct biblical readings according to the principles of the British and Foreign School Society.

20. This scheme may from time to time be amended or altered under any jurisdiction empowered to established schemes for the administration of endowed charities in England as effectually and freely as if the charitable objects hereby designated had been designated by such ordinary jurisdiction and not by an Act of Parliament.

Publication of scheme and objections.

44. The provisional scheme, which varies so slightly from that finally approved that it is not worth while to state it independently, was duly notified, and several sets of objections were sent in, which we now set forth.

1. From Mr. Rowe.

45. The first set was received on the twenty-first day of December from Mr. Thomas Rowe, and was as follows:

"Newlyn East,
"Hob. G. 9136. "19th December 1868.

"The Charity Land, or Trevilson Charity.

"To the Charity Commissioners.

"Section 2 empowers the vestry to elect six trustees.

"We beg to point out a difficulty which will arise here, and for which we would suggest a remedy.

"The majority of parish officers will fix the time of the vestry, and they may fix it in the middle of the day when the labouring classes cannot attend except by losing a day's work, which will be a loss both to the employer and employed.

"We beg to suggest that when a poll is demanded the time of polling remain open two days, and on each day until half past seven p.m.

"Agricultural labourers leave work at five, and miners at half past five, so it is obvious that they cannot record their votes without a loss if the time of the polling be closed before half past seven.

"The principal villages are two miles and a half from Newlyn Church Town.

"We remain,
"Yours obediently,
"Thomas Rowe."

2. From Mr. Bennett.

46. The second set was received on the 22nd of December from Mr. Bennett and was as follows:—

"Tresillian House, Ladock, Cornwall,
"Sir, 19th December 1868.
"Trevilson Charity, Newlyn.

"As a resident landowner and ratepayer of the parish of Newlyn, I ask you to submit to the Charity Commissioners the following remarks on the initiatory scheme for the management of the above charity, which now lies for consideration at the village post office.

"For the last 24 years I have been conversant with and have generally taken part in the business of the parish, and I aver that until a recent date everything has been conducted in the most harmonious and friendly manner, and in this respect this was quite a model parish. But since the question of the appropriation of the proceeds of the mine dues has been raised, irritation and severance have been in the ascendant.

"The plan of the commissioners for the election of trustees in a parish which is composed of not unequal proportions of churchmen and dissenters is peculiarly obnoxious, because in place of promoting good will and kindly sympathies, there will be an annual recurrence of party strife at the Easter election which will be intolerable. The Charity Commissioners can never desire that such a state of things should be perpetuated.

"To the proposition of the commissioners that we should seek beyond the boundary of the parish men to fill the office of trustees I altogether object. Within its limits are many 'respectable' men, in every way capable of discharging the duties of trustees of this charity, which is purely local; and it would be a stigma upon them, and of no countervailing advantage, to elect trustees from a larger area.

"While fully recognizing the advantages which will flow from promoting the education of the poor out of the funds of this charity, provided the parishioners were of accord as to the character of the school to be established, I venture to submit that where serious continuing discord is likely to be the consequence of the appropriation of the funds in hand to this purpose, and where a national scheme of education is likely to be in force at no distant date, the Charity Commissioners would act considerately in recommending some scheme—say a medical one—in which the parishioners, without distinction of creed, would benefit, and those who live in the outlying villages equally with those who inhabit the village of Newlyn.

"Should the Charity Commissioners determine, notwithstanding the risks I have indicated, that these funds shall be appropriated to educational purposes, I sincerely trust that church schools with the conscience clause, and extended to outlying vil-

lages, will be adopted. And I would point out that of those who have a continuing interest in the parish, nearly all (to the best of my belief) are in favcur of such school; while those who favour a British School are principally miners, who are necessarily a migratory race, headed by Mr. Thomas Rowe, himself a yearly tenant.

"I have the honour to be, Sir,
"Faithfully yours,
"R. Gully Bennet,
"D. L. and J. P.
"Chairman of S. Columb Board of
"Guardians for 23 years.

"The Secretary of the Charity
"Commissioners, London."

3. From the trustees.

47. The third set was received from Mr. Britton, the vicar; Messrs. Bullmore and Searle, the churchwardens; Mr. James, the overseer; and Mr. Jeffery, the assistant overseer; and was as follows:—

"Trevilson Charity,
"Saint Newlyn.

"We, the undersigned, being trustees, and acting in the administration of the charity known as the Trevilson Charity, in the parish of St. Newlyn, in the hundred of Pydar, in the county of Cornwall, most strongly object and protest against the proposal of the Board of Charity Commissioners for England and Wales to use their exceptional powers of reporting to Parliament a scheme for the appropriation of the funds of the aforesaid charity. We neither know of any difficulties nor of any special circumstances which call for or justify recourse to such an exceptional and extreme measure, which will prevent that full and judicial discussion of a scheme which would be accorded to us in the Court of Chancery.

"2. We object to this scheme that it is a scheme for promoting secular education with a bequest, which, it is presumed, was made by a churchman, and that it is in principle and in detail totally different from and irreconcilable with—

"1st. The scheme which the said Board recommended, both to the trustees and to their opponents, on two different occasions, namely, in their letters dated February 6, 1863, and November 9, 1865, and which, in their letter of April 13, 1866, they declared themselves prepared to establish if the trustees, the leaders of the dissenting party, and the inhabitants of St. Newlyn generally agreed to accept it. This condition was complied with on May 6, 1867, and the Commissioners are, in our judgment, morally bound to fulfil their engagement, since no legal difficulties interpose.

"2d. The statemets made by Mr. Good, the Inspector of the Charity Commissioners, both to the trustees and to the parishioners at large. This gentleman repeatedy declared (with the warrant of the Commissioners' letters to each of the opposing parties, which he held in his hand,) that the Commissioners felt themselves unable to give their sanction to any educational scheme other than that of a Church of England school with a conscience clause. Mr. Nye, the leader of the opposition, frankly admitted, that he knew the Commissioners did not approve of a British and Foreign school, and he and the other spokesmen of dissent virtually withdrew their application for a British and Foreign school, and warmly recommended the establishment of a church school with a conscience clause, and urged all under their influence to support it.

"We object to the scheme itself as a whole, because its object and effect is to deprive the acting trustees both of the power (which the Legislature has equitably conferred upon them) of retaining their vested interests in the real and personal property of the charity, and of supporting, before judicial authority, their *opinions* upon any scheme which the board of Charity Commissioners may propose to establish, as well as of the *right of appealing* against any order which the said board may be arbitrarily inclined to enforce against the wills of the trustees who represent the feelings and opinions of so large a body of the best informed and most substantial owners and occupiers of land in the said parish as pay five sixths of the parochial rates.

"But to come to details of the proposed scheme. It is proposed first, 'for the purpose 'of providing a body of trustees to administer 'the charity.'

"We object to the said board applying to Parliament for this purpose,

"1st. Because it has not been proved that the acting trustees have done anything which justifies so extreme a measure as either their removal or their extinction by indirect means.

"2d. Because whenever the board have inquired whether the trustees were disposed to increase their number, the trustees have shown no reluctance to make an addition, but on the contrary have submitted the names of several gentlemen to the board for nppointment; nevertheless the said board have never informed the trustees, except in the present indirect way, that they thought it necessary that additional trustees should be appointed.

"3rd. Because when Mr. Nye and his supporters applied to the Commissioners, on or about December 1864, for an order that 'six persons, 'being resident in the parish [should] be elected 'by the inhabitants thereof' to be trustees, the Commissioners declined to give their sanction to this proposal.

"4th. Because at the inquiry held by Mr. Good on May 6, 1867, it was agreed to by the trustees, by Mr. Nye, and by all parties present, that the acting trustees should choose and appoint such persons as they thought proper (one of whom was to be for that time a dissenter), and request the Commissioners to confirm the appointment. We therefore consider the Commissioners, after they had expressed in writing their readiness to accept and give effect to such an agreement, morally bound to carry it into effect.

"5th. Because if new trustees are to be appointed we object to any person being deemed eligible for the appointment of a non-official trustee who is either not an inhabitant and a ratepayer, or who resides more than five miles from the parish church, and also is not interested in the welfare of the parish, either as a ratepayer or landowner.

"We object that clauses 4 and 5 propose two different methods of electing a person in the room of a 'non-official trustee who ceases to 'be a trustee otherwise than by his retirement 'in the course of rotation;' and we suggest that in every case of a vacancy occurring among the non-official trustees the successor shall be appointed by the other trnstees at their next Easter meeting, &c., as is stated in clause 4.

"In clause 7 we suggest that notice in writing shall be given by the clerk of the trustees for the time being to *each* of the trustees of the time and place and object of such meeting, which notice shall be sent by the post or left at the usual place of abode of every trustee fourteen clear days at least before such meeting; and no business shall be transacted at such meeting other than that which is specified in the notice.

"Clause 9. We suggest that after 'provide by the trustees,' be added, 'at the expense of the charity;' and that a clause be inserted to

the effect that all checks and orders for payment of money be signed by the chairman and two trustees at a meeting.

"Clause 11. We suggest that the trustees may, if they see fit, appoint one of themselves to be a clerk or receiver, who may be willing to undertake the duties gratuitously, to execute that office, and may allow him such sum as he may actually expend to the satisfaction of his co-trustees for assistance in the execution of his office.

"We suggest that the clerk and receiver should hold office only during such time as the trustees for the time being shall see fit, and that the schoolmaster shall be eligible for the appointment.

"We suggest that the duties of the clerk and the receiver be properly set forth and defined, and that the receiver shall give sufficient security for duly accounting for and paying the monies which may come into his hands and for the faithful performance of his duty.

"We object to those trustees who have not concurred in the appointment of the receiver being made responsible for the due application by him of any monies belonging to the charity.

"Clause 12. We object to the real property of the charity being vested in the Official Trustee of Charity Lands. The 16th & 17th Vict. c. 137. sec. 48. provides that no such vesting order shall be made by the Court of Chancery in respect of any land vested in a corporation, *without consent of such corporation.*

"Clauses 13 and 15. We object to the stock and monies belonging to the charity being transferred to the Official Trustees of Charitable Funds. The 18th & 19th of Victoria, ch. 124. sec. 22. gives the trustees the power of making such transfer or not.

"Clause 14. We object to the trustees being empowered to aid the funds of any provident or friendly association, or of any public institution, out of the income arising from the real or personal property of the Trevilson Charity.

"We suggest that the trustees be empowered to apply, as heretofore, a portion of the income arising from the accumulated mine dues, to the extent of 10*l.* or 15*l.* a year, towards providing such necessaries and comforts for the aged and deserving poor, as are mentioned in the former part of this clause. (See below, clause 16.)

"Clause 16. We object to the whole of the clear annual income arising from the accumulated mine dues (described as the stock and monies of the charity) being applied to educational purposes, because, by reason of mining operations, the real estate of the charity has been decreased in value at least 5*l.* a year, and this deficiency ought, in our opinion, to be made good from the income arising from the stock.

"We object also to the benefits of the charity being extended to non-parochial persons, though we offer no opposition to the children of non-parishioners being educated in the proposed schools upon paying head money.

"Clause 17. We object to this clause on the ground that if 'the body of trustees constituted at Easter 1870' do not happen to submit 'suggestions' consonant with the views of the Charity Commissioners it will be in the power of the then board to refuse to establish a scheme in conformity with their 'suggestions'; it seems, therefore, to be desirable to add the words 'in accordance with such suggestions' after 'regulations for such objects.'

"Clause 19. We most strongly object to the Commissioners being released by Parliament from the obligation to provide for any specific dogmatic instruction in the religious tenets of the Church of England.

"Because the want of such provisions will be doing a great and wanton wrong to the members of the Church of England in the parish of St. Newlyn. It will be a great wrong to them, because it will deprive their children of the means of receiving daily instruction in the doctrinal portions of the Holy Bible, and in the doctrines of that church of which they are members, which instruction churchmen consider of the highest importance. It will also do such persons a wanton wrong, because the fact of the children of churchmen receiving such instruction in the faith of their parents can give no just offence to parents who are unwilling for their children to receive any 'specific dogmatic instruction' in the Christian religion, and are contented with 'biblical readings.' Such children by the terms of conscience clauses will be exempted from all religious instruction in the church schools, and will be at liberty to seek it when and where the parents may direct.

"THOMAS HOPKINS BRITTON,
"Vicar of Saint Newlyn.
"GEORGE G. BULLMORE,
"Churchwarden.
"WILLIAM SEARLE,
"Churchwarden.
"WILLIAM JAMES, Overseer,
"SAMUEL JEFFERY,
"Assistant Overseer.

"Dated December 19th, 1868."

48. The fourth set was received on the 23rd December, and was signed by Mr. Britton and with eighty-five other names. The objections were as follows:— 4. From the vicar and others.

"The undersigned, being trustees of the above-named charity or persons entitled to the benefits thereof, object to the scheme for the regulation thereof which the Board of Charity Commissioners for England and Wales propose to approve, as stated in their notice, dated the 21st day of November 1868.

"1. Because the Court of Chancery being perfectly competent in the case of a purely eleemosynary charity of this kind to carry into complete effect such a scheme as is now contemplated, the Commissioners are not authorized to proceed therein by virtue of the Act 16 & 17 Vict. cap. 137. sec. 54.

"2. Because the practical effect of section 19 of the said scheme would be to exclude from the benefits thereof those inhabitants of the parish who are members of the Church of England, it being the fact that a majority of persons, members of the Church of England, have a conscientious objection to sending their children to schools conducted in the principles of the British and Foreign School Society, whereas nonconformists have no such objection to sending their children to schools where the religious teaching is conducted on the principles of the Church of England, if they are protected by a conscience clause; it follows that the section in question, while admitting nonconformists to the benefits of the charity in this particular, would have a strong tendency to exclude members of the Church of England and to do them an injustice.

"3. That a majority of the inhabitants, including nonconformists, have already accepted a former scheme proposed by the Commissioners, and which differed from that now proposed in essentials."

[Here follow 86 signatures.]

49. Besides these, there were sent two documents together signed with 212 names, said to be of ratepayers and householders, and purporting to be a petition in favour of our scheme, and two more documents containing 186 signatures, said to be of ratepayers, householders, farmers' sons, and labourers, and called by Messrs. Bullmore and Searle who sent them, a Other documents in the nature of petitions.

petition against the scheme, but containing no statement and no prayer.

It is not necessary here to set forth these documents. We have made some observations on them in the answer to the second and third sets of objections.

50. Mr. Rowe's suggestion was adopted, and the 5th clause of the scheme altered accordingly.

Answer to objections of Mr. Bennett.

51. The second set of objections was answered as follows:

"Charity Commission,
"23d January 1869.

"Newlyn East.

"The Charity Land or the Trevilson Charity.

"Sir,

"1. I am to inform you that before the close of the year the commissioners finally considered this case, and determined on the form of scheme which they think proper to submit to Parliament. Amongst the other papers laid before the board was your letter of the 19th ultimo.

"2. The commissioners have been painfully aware of the irritation that has prevailed in the parish ever since the discussions over this case first began, and they certainly do not desire that it should be perpetuated. On the contrary they are doing all in their power to allay it by proposing a scheme founded on that which they are convinced is the desire, and which they think to be a reasonable and intelligent desire, of the great majority of the persons for whom the charity was designed. They can hardly think that they are mistaken in supposing that if the matter can once be settled by law, all parties will take the good provided for them, and that the now prevailing heats and animosities will gradually subside.

"3. Your objection to have out-parishoners as trustees is not an uncommon one, but the commissioners think it is not well-founded. It is probably better to have parishioners for the majority of trustees of a parish charity, but the presence of one or two who stand aloof from the immediate pressure of parochial interests, is calculated to give a variety and breadth of view very useful in bodies of trustees. There is never any danger that there will be too many of such persons, for in most cases the vestry will be unwilling to elect them or they to accept the trust. It is wiser to give a latitude of choice, and to leave the choice itself to those who make the appointment.

"4. Your suggestion of a medical charity has much to recommend it. Medical assistance is almost, if not quite, on a par with education in the amount of benefit which it confers, and in the small quantity of abuse to which it is subject. If the discussion were now beginning, the commissioners would probably avail themselves of your assistance in advocating such an application of the money, or a part of it. But after almost all parties have for some five years evinced a steady disposition to turn the funds to education, leaving only for dispute the amount and kind of religious doctrines which should be taught, the commissioners feel that it is too late to consider new arrangements.

"5. With respect to the question of religious instruction, you are aware that it has throughout the whole discussion been a stumbling block to both parties, and a great trouble and difficulty to the commissioners. In framing their report to Her Majesty, they will state the reasons why they propose the present scheme, and you will doubtless excuse them from now entering into further discussion of a question so much discussed. The novelty in your letter which they duly note, is, that you draw attention to the circumstance that the nonconformist population are of a migratory character. The commissioners have been often reminded in this case that the land owners of the parish are chiefly churchmen, and it probably is as you say that the miners migrate easily. But the commissioners cannot shut their eyes to the fact impressed on them by many cases, that a very large proportion of the Cornish lower orders, whether miners or others, are nonconformists, and it can hardly be that any shifting of miners can make a vital difference in this respect.

"6. With great respect, therefore, and thanking you for your temperate and intelligent statement of objections, the Commissioners cannot alter their judgment on any of the points you have mentioned. No one can be more sensible of the difficulty and delicacy of the case than they are; but they are not the judges; they can merely recommend, the Legislature must decide. There will be two slight alterations respecting the polling in vestry and the wording (not the principle) of the 19th clause, otherwise the scheme will be reported to Her Majesty in the form in which it was notified.

"I am, &c.

"(Signed) Henry M. Vane,
"R. Gully Bennett, Esq., Secretary."
"Tresillian House,
"Ladock."

52. The third and fourth set of objections were answered by the following letter:— Answer to the trustees and the vicar and others.

"Charity Commission,
"Rev. Sir, 23rd January 1869.

"Newlyn East.

"The Charity Land or the Trevilson Charity.

"1. Before the year closed the Commissioners finally considered this case, and determined on the form of scheme which they think proper to submit to Parliament. But the pressure of business has been so great that I have not hitherto been able to notify the result to you and the other persons who have sent in objections.

"2. Amongst other papers laid before the board was your letter of the 4th ultimo, the formal objections signed by yourself, the churchwardens and overseers, and received on the 22nd ultimo, and the formal objections signed by yourself and 86 other persons, and received on the 23rd ultimo.

3. (After some observations on the last-mentioned letter and personal to Mr. Britton), "I pass, therefore, to the formal objections, and I call those received on the 22nd ultimo No. 1, and the others No. 2.

"4. Objections No. 1 commence with two of a general nature. The first is that there is some agreement or bargain binding the Board not to take the present steps. This is a point which you reiterate very frequently. There is not, as has before been intimated to you, the slightest foundation for it. Attempts have been made to introduce some agreement of views into the parish, but without success. The Board have from time to time propounded more than one plan, but they have never professed to enter into bargains, nor could they without impropriety have done so.

"5. The second of the general objections is, that in a proceeding of this kind the trustees cannot be heard, and that there is no right of appeal. That is an entire mistake. Of course there is no appeal from the Legislature, and if that constitutes an objection, it is an objection to the whole system of parliamentary schemes established by the Charitable Trusts Acts. But the trustees are heard by the Board, who have anxiously listened to and considered all they have had to say throughout the discussion, and the result of whose final hearing I am now reporting to you. And if the Board miscarry,

there is a most effective appeal to the two Houses of Parliament, both of whom lend a ready ear to any suggestion of injustice or error.

"6. The document No. 1 then goes on to state four other objections. Of the third and fourth I need say nothing here, for they proceed on the imaginary basis of an agreement binding this Board. The first and second are to the effect that the trustees have done nothing to merit extinction. The Commissioners will not stop to discuss the merits of the trustees whom they do not propose to extinguish. It is sufficient to say, that in their judgment a scheme framed for the benefit of and in accordance with the wishes of the parishioners at large is likely to be most efficiently worked by a body of trustees mainly drawn from the parishioners at large. The fifth of these objections relates to the qualifications of the trustees. If the Commissioners construe it rightly (and it is not easy to construe) the alteration suggested is a very trifling one, for which no reason is assigned, and none, as far as they can see, exists.

"7. The same document then goes on to observe on particular clauses of the scheme. As to clauses 4, 5, and 7, the objections relate to small details, and as no reasons are given, the Commissioners can only say that they prefer not to alter the scheme as it stands drawn in these respects. As to clauses 9 and 11, the proposed additions are needless, for the scheme involves them, except as regards the limitation of the trustees' responsibility, which is objectionable in principle. There is no reason why the trustees of this charity should not be left to bear the ordinary responsibility of trustees.

"8. The 12th, 13th, and 15th clauses of the scheme provide for the due custody of the property by the simple and safe machinery of the official trustees. This you object to, but you do not say why. Now such transfers of the legal estate in property are a pure benefit to charities without drawback. They save much expense and much risk, and they do not impede, but rather accelerate and simplify the management of affairs by the local trustees.

"9. On clause 14 you object to the trustees having power to aid such bodies as provident associations, and so forth. Why you consider that of a fund designed for the general benefit of the poor, the trustees should be precluded from giving any portion to institutions calculated to encourage in them the valuable habits of thrift, forethought, and self-help, you do not say. To the Commissioners it seems a very strange objection to come from such a quarter.

"10. On clause 16 you object first to the amount applied to education. The Commissioners, however, cannot think it too much, and it must be remembered that the parishioners have been almost unanimous on this point—that the accumulated fund should be given to education rather than to creature comforts.

"11. On the same 16th clause you complain that the benefits of the school may be extended to non-parishioners. Why should they not, if there is more accommodation than is wanted for East Newlyn? It is only in that event that the scheme proposes to take them in. And in that event it would not only be wasting the resources of the charity to exclude other children from benefiting by it, but as every one experienced in schools knows, it is a material improvement in the school itself to have its numbers full.

"12. On clause 17 your objection appears to be that the trustees are not to be allowed to settle the regulations for themselves. The Commissioners, however, conceive that some superior authority is necessary. The trustees are to manage the charity, but the general principles on which it is to be managed should be laid down for them, as is invariably done.

"13. Your observations on clause 19 raise the whole question which has been the subject of dispute, viz., whether there shall be specific dogmatic instruction in Church of England doctrines. The Commissioners cannot usefully discuss that question any more with the parties, especially as in their Report to Her Majesty they will have fully to explain the grounds on which they have dealt with this case. They can only here notice the extreme singularity of the argument, that the Church minority, who have their clergyman and other teachers to resort to out of school, suffer a wanton wrong because they are not also taught in school, while the nonconformist majority suffers no wrong, because they may walk away while the Church children are being taught. Whatever may be thought of the necessity and propriety of introducing church teaching in this case, there can be no doubt that hardship is created, not by the wider system which excludes nobody at any time, but by the narrower system which excludes a portion for some time.

"14. The second document (No. II.) states three objections, of which only the first is new. The second is the same as that made in No. 1 to clause 19 of the scheme. The third is founded on the supposed bargain. The first is that the Court of Chancery is competent to carry into complete effect such a scheme as is now contemplated. You do not say whether you have calculated how much of the fund would remain after the Court of Chancery had carried into complete effect a scheme of any kind. But with the Commissioners the fear of costs has weighed much in the course of this discussion. Neither do you say by what authorities you have been guided to the conclusion that the powers of the court suffice for such a scheme. To the Commissioners it has appeared that this is so doubtful, and that the result is so likely to encourage litigation, that the case is one for legislative interference.

"15. When the case was decided there was also laid before the board a document, which it may be convenient to call No. III. It is of very unmethodical construction. It purports to be a letter transmitted by the churchwardens, Messrs. Bullmore and Searle, and said by them to enclose a petition signed by about 273 inhabitants. On the same sheet with the letter or an accompanying sheet are 186 signatures, but the only address to the Commissioners is the the letter itself. I introduce here the remarks which I have to make upon document No. III., because I observe that Messrs. Bullmore and Searle both sign the objections No. II., to which your signature is placed first, and the observations here made will doubtless reach the hands of those gentlemen, while their insertion here will save some repetition.

"16. Though called a petition against the scheme, the document states nothing with respect to the scheme, and asks nothing at all. What part of the scheme is objected to, or on what grounds, the signataries do not say. Document No. III. therefore appears to be in the nature simply of a demonstration of numbers to deter the Commissioners from reporting the case to Her Majesty. As such the following observations occur upon it.

"17. It will be in your recollection that after the Commissioners had (in April 1866) intimated their opinion that they could not usefully go on with the proceedings then pending, they were urged to take up the case again by a memorial received in April 1867, signed by 228 ratepayers, of whom it was stated that only 300 existed in

the parish. This memorial stated the nature of the foundation, pointing out accurately that it was for the whole parish irrespective of religious views; it referred to the movement for applying the funds, to education in which the memorialists stated their concurrence; it protested against a school in which Church principles should be taught; it referred to the opposition made by the vicar and churchwardens, even to the proposed introduction of a conscience clause, as evidence of the spirit in which they were likely to work such a school; and it submitted that the school should be a British school, whereby a good secular and religious education would be secured to the parish without any infringement of religious liberty.

"18. These memorialists, if they had really and conscientiously given their signatures, were clearly persons who knew their own minds, and had a definite object before them. This memorial produced a great impression on the Commissioners, and decided them to direct a local inquiry. They are aware how frequently such memorials are merely the result of a busy solicitation, in concession to which numbers of persons sign their names in entire carelessness or ignorance of the subject. Had the case been so here, nothing could have been easier than to expose the hollowness of the memorial. Their opponents were well prepared for the inquiry. They are the wealthiest and most influential inhabitants (as the Commissioners have often been reminded) in the parish. All they had to do was to call a number of the signataries and ask them how and why they had signed. But they contented themselves (as the inspector reports) with a general suggestion that 'several 'of the signatures had not been obtained fairly; 'also that one or two of the persons who signed 'it were desirous of having their names struck 'off.' This failure to impeach the memorial of April 1867, coupled with the other phenomena in the case, convinces the Commissioners that it was a genuine document representing the true wishes of the signataries.

"19. They now receive two other memorials, intended by their senders to be opposed to the former. But looking at their contents, the Commissioners find that they do not express a simple wish as to a simple issue, such as that between a Church and a nonconformist school, on which even an illiterate man may have a clear opinion. One of them commits the signataries to no statements or views at all, it is merely a piece of paper with signatures on it. The other commits them to statements concerning an agreement which does not exist, and concerning the jurisdiction of the Court of Chancery in a doubtful matter, and it makes them attribute to the nonconformists sentiments which that body have repeatedly and strenously disclaimed.

"20. Again, looking at the signatures, the Commissioners are struck by finding that 32 persons, whose names appear to No. III., have almost simultaneously signed memorials sent in by Messrs. Rowe and Carvolth, intended to induce the Commissioners to proceed with the scheme; moreover that 78 who have signed No. II. and No. III. appear to be persons who signed the unimpeached memorial of April 1867. And out of 186 persons whose names appear to No. III., no less than 30 have written to this office asking to have their names struck out, of whom about 15 say that they were informed that their signing it would get the poor some more money; others say that they thought they were signing for a British school, and others assign other reasons.

"21. You will therefore not be surprised if the Commissioners attach little weight to expressions of opinion which might have been given with so much more effect, and in so much more satisfactory and convincing a manner on the occasion of the inspection.

"22. I believe that I have now gone through the various considerations offered on your behalf. The result of the board's consideration of the case is that they have made two slight alterations in the scheme, one relating to the polling of the vestry, and the other a verbal alteration in clause 19, not affecting its principle. In this state the scheme will be reported to Her Majesty; but that is not done until the last day of February. It is usual for the Houses of Parliament to order the report to be printed, but you will understand that from henceforth the case is not under the control of this Board, but has passed into that of the Legislature."

"I am, &c.

(Signed) "Henry M. Vane,

"Rev. T. H. Britton." "Secretary."

53. The result of the objections was that an alteration was made in clause 3 to provide for an efficient poll when the vestry have to elect trustees, and another in clause 19 by inserting the words 'make provision for religious instruction, but shall.' The second alteration does not affect the principle of clause 19, but in our judgment makes its meaning more clear. With these exceptions the scheme notified was the scheme we now have the honour to report.

PART III.

Charities of Henry Smith, Citizen and Alderman of London.

Part I.—The Original Foundations and present State of the Property.

Gift of Henry Smith, A.D. 1620 to 1627

1. The first gift made by Henry Smith to charitable uses was in the year 1620, when he conveyed lands to trustees for purposes which he varied by a deed executed in 1624. He was again dissatisfied with the altered arrangements, and in order to alter them again he had to file a bill in chancery against his trustees. In this suit a decree was made bearing date the 20th June 1625. There are three distinct origins to the charities of Henry Smith. One is the decree of 1625, and a deed, dated the 24th January 1626, and executed in pursuance of that decree. Another is his will, which bears date 24th April 1627. The third consists of certain gifts of money made by him in his lifetime to trustees for various localities.

Uses declared, A.D. 1625, 1626.

2. By the decree of 1625 and the deed of 1626 certain lands are vested in trustees for the following objects :—

- The relief of aged poor or impotent people ;
- Married persons having more children than their labour can maintain ;
- Poor orphans ;
- Such persons as keep themselves to labour, and put forth their children to be apprenticed at the age of fifteen ;
- And to provide a stock always in readiness to set such persons to work as are able.

And not to—

- Any given to excessive drinking ;
- Whoremongers, common swearers, pilferers, or otherwise notoriously scandalous, or who have been incorrigible or disobedient servants ;
- Vagrants, such as have no constant dwelling, or receive inmates ; or,
- Have not inhabited the parish five years next before the distribution, or, being able, refuse work.

In the deed of 1626 Smith directs that the churchwardens, once in every month at least, on the Sabbath day, after evening prayer, shall meet in the church, and consider which of the poor have most need of relief ; and shall, between Easter and Whitsuntide in every year, after evening service (giving notice of such meeting after morning prayer), make a book of their receipts and payments, to be read in the church on the next Sunday, and a copy, signed by the churchwardens, to be fixed on the wall of the church, and to remain there 14 days, for the inspection of the parish, that exceptions may be reformed.

Such money as was to be given to the aged and impotent poor was to be laid out in apparel of one colour, with some badge or mark, that it might be known to be his gift, or else in bread and flesh or fish upon the Sabbath day, publicly in the church.

Although he refers in this deed to church or churches, and obviously intends parochial machinery to be used in managing his property, he does not mention any parish or place to which the funds are to be appropriated.

Henry Smith's will, A.D. 1627.

3. By his will Henry Smith gave various legacies in the following manner :—

	£	s.	d.
To be laid out in lands of 60*l.* a year for the ransom of poor captives, being slaves under Turkish pirates - -	1,000	0	0
To be laid out in lands of 60*l.* a year for the use and relief of the poorest of his kindred, such as should not be able to work for their living, viz., sick, aged, and impotent persons, and such as cannot maintain their own charge -	1,000	0	0
To buy lands for the relief of the poor of Wandsworth -	500	0	0
In like manner for the poor of Reigate - - -	1,000	0	0
The sum of 10,000*l.* or thereabouts (owing to him by Sir Edd. Francis, Sir Richard Lumley, and John Middleton) to buy impropriations for the relief and maintenance of Godly preachers, and the better furtherance of knowledge and religion - -	10,000	0	0

He directs that all or most part of the money given for relief of the poor of any parish or place should be for setting on the poor at work, binding them apprentices, and teaching and education of poor children " as is now used or begun within the town of " Dorchester, in the county of Dorset, and according " to his last deed of uses." *

	£	s.	d.
He gave 150*l.* to buy a fellowship in Cambridge - -	150	0	0
One hundred pounds to be lent, gratis, to such persons as should need, for half a year, in parcels of 20*l.* - -	100	0	0
A thousand pounds (owing to him by Mr. Serjeant Amherst) to buy lands for the poor of Richmond, to continue to them as his gift to other towns do - -	1,000	0	0

He also gave to his executors and their heirs all his lands and goods to charitable uses, to the relief and maintenance of poor towns, in the same manner as he had formerly appointed to the towns of Wandsworth and Kingston, at the discretion of his executors.

4. Henry Smith died on the 3d January 1628 (new style). His death, A.D. 1628.

* This would seem to refer to Dorchester Hospital, which was built in 1616. It seems to have been a kind of workhouse. Sir Josiah Child, in his " Treatise on Trade," commends the Dorchester method of employing the poor, under the care of governors and assistants. After having been applied to other uses, it was again, in 1744, converted into a workhouse for the reception of the poor of the three parishes.

Gifts made by him in his lifetime.

5. It appears, partly from his epitaph and partly from other records, that in his lifetime he gave sums of money at various times to buy lands in perpetuity for the relief and setting of poor people at work. The gifts are as follows:—

	£
To Croydon - - -	1,000
„ Kingston-on-Thames -	1,000
„ Guildford - - -	1,000
„ Dorking - -	1,000
„ Farnham - - -	1,000
„ Godalming - -	1,000

State of the property.

6. We do not think it necessary for the present purpose to trace the devolution of Henry Smith's property, or its appropriation from time to time. This has been done with great care in Mr. Martin's report. It is sufficient to say that there is no trace of the funds applied, if any were ever applied, to the prescribed object of loans, or to the purchase of a fellowship at Cambridge; that in the year 1641 property, which then had an income amounting to 1,321*l.* 16*s.*, was formally divided by the trustees into lots, which they appropriated to various localities, and that by this means, and by long usage, the foundations have got divided into 17 distinct trusts. One of them is the general trust, managed by a central body of trustees, who are self-elected from time to time, subject, however, to the approval of the Lord Chancellor and the Archbishop of Canterbury. The others are for the different towns and parishes which were specifically named by the founder, or which were selected by the trustees as proper recipients of his gifts.

7. The amount of property possessed by the various trusts is as follows:—

—	Houses and Lands.	Rent.	Rent Charges, Dividends, &c.	Total Income.
	A. R. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
General Trust -	4,662 0 37		2,047 18 4	1,2941 5 3
Tolleshunt Darcy		10,893 6 11		
Trust - - -	299 2 18	420 0 0	—	420 0 0
Croydon - -	125 3 6	278 0 0	23 13 2	301 13 2
Dorking - - -	143 3 20	172 16 0	—	172 16 0
Farnham - -	140 1 9	179 0 0	6 0 0	185 0 0
Fetcham - - -	(Cottages)	7 19 0	45 0 0	52 19 0
Godalming - -	91 0 30	145 0 0	6 0 0	151 0 0
Guildford - -	122 3 16	680 18 10	39 16 7	720 15 5
Hartlepool - -	18 3 18	388 8 9	13 4 7	401 13 4
Kingston - - -	—	—	106 0 0	106 0 0
Reigate - -	—	—	129 14 9	129 14 9
Stafford - - -	—	—	14 0 0	14 0 0
Newcastle - under - Lyne - -	—	—	12 0 0	12 0 0
Tamworth - -	—	—	14 0 0	14 0 0
Lichfield - -	—	—	18 0 0	18 0 0
Wandsworth - -	116 3 16	190 0 0	6 2 4	196 2 4
Winchester - -	61 3 13	77 6 0	—	77 6 0
	5,783 1 23	13,432 15 6	2,481 9 9	15,914 5 3

Present objects of expenditure.

8. We pass over the details of management of these considerable properties, and of the expense which is incurred thereby, merely stopping to remark that, as regards the general trust, it appears to us that it presents a very favourable specimen of care and economy. No estate without a private owner can be managed very cheaply, but we find the charges of managing this estate average much less than is the case with some others, which appear to benefit the agents at least as much as any other class of the community. We now divide the foundations, not according to the division of trusts or of the localities, but according to the objects aimed at. These are three in number:—

A. The relief of poor clergymen;
B. The relief of poor relations of Henry Smith;
C. The general relief of the poor.

Part II. Objects to which the Funds are applied.

A. The relief of poor clergymen.

Tithes 675*l.* per ann.

9. The property directed to this object is part of the general trust, and consists entirely of the tithes of Alfriston and Mayfield. The average income is 675*l.* per annum. The distribution is confined to clergymen actually officiating. It is effected by inviting applications from all quarters, which, after being subjected to such imperfect tests as the trustees can apply, are finally decided on by them. In the year 1868, 25 clergymen received 20 pounds a-piece.

Probable effects of the system.

10. The actual working of this part of the foundation has not been traced to its consequences in individual cases. We can only reason upon it from grounds common to all cases of this kind. And the observations we have to make are these: In the first place, the amount of trouble and expense, not only to the charity, but also to a great number of candidates for it, arising from the issuing of circulars, the sending in of applications, the procuring of certificates, the sifting of cases, and other negotiations, is very considerable: Secondly, the excitement of hope, and the disappointment of failure, is apt to have a painful and deteriorating effect; it introduces an element of chance into life which takes away from the steadfastness of character: Thirdly, the necessity of making such applications familiarizes the mind with the practice of begging, and too often with that putting a false colour on a case by the suppression of facts which, if known, would tell against the application. We cannot help thinking that it would be a better mode of spending the funds, and would produce no conceivable injustice to either dead or living,—indeed it would seem more in accordance with the founder's views,—if the tithes were sold, and the proceeds handed over either to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners or the governors of Queen Anne's bounty for the augmentation of incumbencies in poor and populous places. This would benefit the very classes for whom the benefit is designed, and to whom it is now confined, while the recipients of it would take the benefit without feeling that they were owing anything to voluntary gifts, or with any loss of self-respect, but on the contrary with the satisfaction of knowing that they were paid, and honourably earning, at least as much as they were receiving. Of course any alteration of this kind would be made subject to a reservation in favour of existing recipients.

B. The relief of poor relations of Henry Smith.

Income nearly 7,000*l* per ann.

11. The property devoted to this object is also part of the general trust, and consists mainly of land in Kensington, the value of which is constantly increasing. Its present income from all sources amounts to 6,797*l.* per annum. The last demand on behalf of captives was made in the year 1723, after that the income was accumulated for many years, but in the year 1772 the trustees were authorized by Act of Parliament to add the captive fund to that for poor relations.

Number of poor relations.

12. The number of poor relations has undergone a great increase. In the year 1700 there were only four on the list. In 1772 there were fifteen. In 1807 there were 12 families of them. In 1830 there were 14 families, comprising 100 adult recipients of or candidates for money. In 1841 there were 123 adults, and 170 children. In 1868 there were 412 known relations (exclusive of families settled in America) who did or might apply for assistance. Of these 110 families or individuals reside in different parts of England, Ireland, France, and Australia, while the residences of seven are marked as "uncertain." The subjoined table shows their remoteness from the founder:—

G^{6}	1
G^{7}	35
G^{8}	112
G^{9}	160
G^{10}	104
	412

The index to the letter G denotes how often the prefix "great" must be repeated before the word nephew or niece, to show the connexion with the donor.

Difficulties experienced by trustees.

13. It may well be imagined that the trustees have found serious practical difficulties in distributing the funds. In the year 1838, and again in the year 1841, they consulted the late Lord Kingsdown, then at the bar, on the subject. From the latter of the two cases laid before that eminent lawyer we extract some passages as illustrative of the kind of questions that have perplexed the trustees.

Extracts from case laid before Lord Kingsdown in 1841.

"The allowance to the poor relations in the 1st and 2d class is just enough to make them feel less dependent on their own industry, and has rather injured than improved their condition in life. The occasional advances made to assist them in their trades or employments have more frequently led them into improvident speculations than contributed to their permanent advantage. The best bestowed allowances are in fact those paid to relations who are *not* the poorest of the testator's kindred.

"Could the trustees withhold the benefit of the charity from an industrious young man with a large family when his senior by a year was availing himself of his allowance to do nothing, or when by a rigid scrutiny into the circumstances of some other relation they might be able to create a vacancy, the pressure for admission would be continually placing the trustees in situations of great difficulty.

"Complaints have been sometimes made to the trustees that they do not pay sufficient attention to the words of the testator's will, by which 'the poorest of his kindred, and those 'who are not able to work for their living, and 'such as cannot maintain their own charge,' are to be chiefly preferred. It has been observed that Mr. Mapleson the cupper, whose practice yields him 400*l.* a year, ought not to receive the same allowance as one of the Swash family at Norwich, or H. S. Webb, the patient of an hospital.

"The trustees are anxious to give effect as far as practicable to the words of the will, but where is the line of exclusion to be drawn?

"If Mr. Mapleson is excluded, is his brother to remain on the list because his extravagance has made him poor?

"What is to be the test of such poverty as comes within the words of the will?

"A declaration may be required that the income of the applicant is within a certain limit, but supposing the limit to be 50*l.* it will exclude many industrious and deserving members of the family who have the honesty to admit what they possess, and include others to whom the bequest is more mischievous than useful, or who conceal the amount of their earnings. In dealing also with applications for relief on the ground of sickness or misfortune, the trustees cannot but feel that they are liable to be very much imposed on, and they prefer giving as few extra additional allowances as possible.

Lord Kingsdown's opinions 1841.

14. Lord K. commenced his opinion by saying, "The nature of this trust makes it impossible for the "trustees to administer it in any manner that can be "satisfactory either to themselves or to the objects of "the charity." He then goes on to say that the trustees must deal with each particular case according to their discretion, that a plan proposed by them seems to be the plan least open to objection, and to suggest that they may apply to the Court of Chancery for a scheme.

Chancery schemes.

15. Two schemes have since been obtained from the Court of Chancery. All they do is to attempt some classification and definition of the recipients of the funds, and to place a limit on the amounts receivable by them.

Working of charity under them.

16. It is hardly necessary here to set out these schemes in detail. The best mode of exemplifying their operation will be to show how the funds were distributed in the year ending May 1867, being the last year for which the accounts have been formally rendered to this office.

17. That distribution was as follows:—

	No. of Gifts.	£	s.	d.
Poor kindred unable to work by reason of constitutional infirmity, and consequently unable to support themselves or their children -	3	130	0	0
Poor kindred under 55 having children to maintain, and not more than 50*l.* a year, including the earnings of husband and wife - -	7	161	0	0
Children of deceased kindred under 21, not apprenticed or old enough to earn their living, and not having a sufficient provision for their support or education -	10*	372	10	0
Education - - - -	124	523	4	5
Clothing - - - -	89	240	3	9
Apprentice fees - - -	5	135	0	0
Gifts on coming of age - -	10	70	0	0
Special donations on account of distress - - -	16	117	3	11
Pensions - - - -	101	3,896	10	0
Total of gifts -	365	£5,645	12	1

18. In Mr. Martin's report are stated a great number of cases and letters relating to recent applications, all taking place within the space of little more than a year. We select a few, as showing the working of the charity.

19. Of one of the families it is stated,—

"S. O. W. is described as ragged and destitute. He is paid weekly. According to his "own account he has been dying of consumption for above 20 years.

"H. C. is the wife of a watchmaker. She "returns an income of 20*l.* a year. A sewing-"machine has been bought for her daughter who "it appears is not able to work it.

"J. A. is the wife of a compositor. She has "been visited by a gentleman from Mr. Bray's "office, and appears to be in a state of great "destitution. Her butcher's bill was paid for "her, her husband having taken all her money. "The income returned by them is 5*s.* a week. "It is believed that he does or might earn good "wages."

20. Of another it is said,—

"J. M. is a dentist. He returns an income "of 120*l.*

"H. M. is an actor, a refreshment-house "keeper, and a cupper. He returns no income. "He applied for assistance to go to a watering-"place."

21. Of another it is said,—

"R. S. was a soldier and is now a bootmaker. "It is said that he has been in prison for deserting his family, and has been charged with "robbing his lodgings.

"M. A. B. is the wife of a hairdresser who "returns 16*s.* a week. She makes frequent applications for assistance. She is in fact represented as a regular beggar, and it is said that "the 'charity' has done much mischief to the "family."

22. The families of A. and T. appear to be little suited to benefit by charitable gifts, as will be seen by the following statements:—

* This denotes the number of gifts to families, not to individual children.

Receipt of the Family from the Charity.

	£	s.	d.
E. A. (G^8) pension - -	60	0	0
Pensions of eight children - -	230	0	0
Schooling of eleven grandchildren	96	8	0
Gifts to two grandchildren on attaining 21 - - -	20	0	0
	£406	8	0

Income of the Family.

Recipients.		Incomes returned.
		£
A. E.	Husband, a retired druggist -	300*
A. W.	A retired surgeon - - -	225
A. F. T.	Chemist and druggist - -	280
B. M.	Husband, a wholesale grocer, over	300*
B. C.	Husband, brother of the above, over - - - -	300*
T. S.	Husband, a surgeon, about -	200
M. E.	Husband, a music master, over -	300*
		£1,905

It will be observed that the sums marked with an asterisk are minima.

The income of W. A. is in right of his second wife. It is said that he refused to support his children by his first marriage.

F. T. A. applied for the payment of a governess for his children.

J. A. is now dead. His children receive an allowance of 60*l.* paid to their grandfather.

Receipt of the T. Family from the Charity.

	£	s.	d.	
Three brothers, (G^8) -	100	0	0	pensions.
The children of J. & E. T.	62	14	9	
	£162	14	9	

Income of the Family.

	£	s.	d.
H. T. - -	440	0	0
J. T. - - -	117	0	0
E. T. - -	130	0	0
	£687	0	0

H. T. receives a reduced pension.

M. S. received an annuity of 40*l.* Of her it is said, "It is said that Mrs. S., who is now dead, died of want. On account of her great destitution she was paid weekly. Her husband had a situation of 200*l.* a year in the docks, which he threw up in a moment of irritation.

"On further inquiry, it would seem that Mrs. S.'s distress was probably in a great measure her own fault. Her allowance was 15*s.* a week. She sometimes came to receive it with black eyes, saying that she had fallen down. Her appearance betokened dissipation and drink."

24. The following letter was received from J. D.:

"Gentlemen, Feb. 1st 1868.

"I take the Liberty of Writeing again to inform you that I was entitled to my Allowance at Christmas and I don't see why I should be kept 7 Months without it. It his my rights and I did not send to ask for It untill I Inherrited It. I was born on November 25th 1832 and I was 35 Years of Age on November 25th 1867. If you will not send It to me I will come and see the Trustees about it and know the reason why it should be kept of me untill Midsummer and I shall expect you to pay my expenses there and back. I am almost distressed. I owe 8*l.* for rent and 4*l.* for clothes, and 3*l.* 10*s.* for provisions and I have not got one Shilling towards Paying either of the bills and I think It his very hard that you will not send me my Allowance as It his my rights and which I ought to have had It at Christmas and I hope gentlemen that you will Please to send It me as early as Posible.

"I remain, Gentlemen,
"Your humble Survant,
"J. D."

25. The following letter was received from J. R.:—

"Sir, July 4, 1868.

"I rite to ask you to ples to forward my Mother's Money as due on the 6th of this Month. I have heard from the Gentleman where i intendd to put my boy an he told me as he could not take him tell feby and I told him that would not Do i have been talken to Mr. Peploe upon the subject that i should like to have him myself it is not because i wants the money it is because there is a few faculties as i want to keep him at home he is not like the others but that will be his trade he is very wishful for to stay with me an i have a very good business in hand an i can have a good caracter from all the respectable farmers as i work for an he would be very useful as they recommend me to keep him as he is a very good boy and he is Like upon very mutch as makes me wishful to keep him if i have less money with him an he shall be made a good workman against he is out of his time.

"I remain, Your
"Obedient Servant,
(Signed) "J. R."

26. The widow of a pensioner lately deceased sent in the following undertaker's bill to be paid by the trustees:—

	£	s.	d.
8 black Silk Bands, 8*s.* 10*d.*	3	10	8
8 Crape, 7*s.* 10*d.* - -	3	2	8
18 pair Berlin Gloves, 1*s.* 2*d.*	1	1	0
Use of Pall - - -	0	8	0
	£8	2	4

The trustees did not pay it.

27. The following letter is illustrative of the way in which the spirit of independence is sapped. The style is calculated to give a good impression of the writer, but she is clearly being tempted, by the hope of extraneous assistance, to indulge in comforts beyond her husband's earnings:—

"Gentlemen, April 9, 1867.

"I wish to inform you that I (E. H. S., eldest daughter of the late B. S.) was married on the 22d December 1864 to W. A.

"We have one child, who was born on the 4th of May 1866. Will send you the certificate of our marriage and the child's birth when you please to write for them. We are living with mother in St. James's. My husband is a very steady and industrious young man, but his salary is not sufficient for us to live in a house of our own, particular now our expenses are increasing. Should it please you to assist me in any way I shall feel very grateful.

"Will you please to place this letter before the trustees for their consideration.

"And remain,
"Gentlemen,
"Yours obediently
(Signed) "E. H. A."

28. Here is a specimen of an application made but not granted. The father of the pupil is a brass and ivory turner earning *25s. 6d.* a week.

"Branstone Road, July 31st, 1867.

"H. Smallman's compliments to Messrs. Bray and Co., and wishes to know if they will allow Miss C. to learn music, as her mamma thinks it quite time she commenced. An early reply will oblige.

"Miss Smallman,
"Ladies School, Gothic House,
"Branstone Road, Burton-on-Trent."

"Gothic House, Branstone Road,
"Burton-on-Trent.

"Mr. Bray,

"I received your letter on Sunday, and the parents of F. C. are surprised at your thinking it unnecessary for her to learn music. It is the wish of Mrs. C. to have them educated for governesses as they are delicate children, therefore music is essentially necessary.

"I shall feel much obliged by your remitting my small account of Miss E. C. at your early convenience; also your decision as regards the music.

"I am,
"Yours respectfully,
(Signed) "H. SMALLMAN."

Inferences as to working of the charity.

29. From the evidence in these cases we deduce these conclusions: that numbers of persons who might otherwise preserve a spirit of self-reliance are being tempted to beg, circulars being sent round to every family; that many of the recipients are persons who either from the actual return of their incomes, as in the cases of the families of A. and T., mentioned above in paragraph 22, and Mr. Mapleson, mentioned in the case before Lord Kingsdown, or from the nature of their expenditure (as in the cases mentioned in paragraphs 26 and 28), appear to be in a state of life not entitling them to be considered as poor; that of those who are destitute many, such as M. S. and the persons mentioned in the foregoing paragraph 19, show that the charity does not induce them to behave well, and that the attempt to obtain education for the children is sometimes, as is shown by the letters of J. D. and J. R., either inoperative altogether or very poor in result.

Observations of Mr. Martin.

30. Mr. Martin winds up this portion of his report with the following observations:—

"The kindred being dispersed over the country the schools to which they resort are very numerous. The parents are at liberty to send their children where they think proper, and it is quite beyond the power of the trustees in any way to watch over or supervise the education which is given. The master's bills are transmitted for payment, but no certificate is required of the proficiency of the pupils. Indeed certificates would probably be delusive.

"It has been observed of many of those whose schooling has been paid for by the charity that their writing, when they apply for their majority gifts, gives evidence of very imperfect instruction.

"Those requiring clothing for their children 'sign' for want they want. The bills are in almost all cases sent in to the office, a precaution without which the money might be disposed of for other purposes.

"It is said that recipients have been known on leaving the office with their allowance to hand it over to the creditors who had come with them.

"The information which has been obtained respecting the recipients of these gifts is scanty and imperfect, but it is sufficient to show that their circumstances differ very greatly. Some are in affluence; others in the lowest destitution. To some the gifts afford a welcome addition to a narrow income; others live upon them, and, there seems reason to believe, neglect altogether, or follow carelessly occupations, by which they might earn a comfortable independent living. To these the gifts are positively injurious. They demoralize many by engendering a habit of asking, which at last converts them into beggars.

"A principle, which to some persons might seem objectionable, has been adopted by the schemes, and sanctioned by the court, viz., the giving of relief, as of course, pari passu or nearly so, to parent and child. A respectable and frugal father it might be thought would be the proper channel through which charity should reach his family.

"It was stated at the inquiry that in several cases (at least a dozen it was said) girls have been married because it was known that they could never be left destitute. There was indeed no actual proof, but it was said the circumstances were such that it must have been so. It is by no means improbable, as the rights of the testator's kindred are well known in the places where they live.

"Without, however, entering into the details of the scheme it is manifest that this perpetuity disguised as a charity has failed to effect the intention of the donor, for it has been shown that some of his relations (if they must be called so) are or represent themselves to be in abject destitution; while of others not in this condition several receive the gifts because the law or the courts seems in their favour to have stretched the meaning of the word 'poor.'

"There are indeed some deserving persons by whom the gifts are valued, and to whom they are useful, but as the numbers of the relations multiply the relief thus afforded will be inappreciable; and it seems manifest that if Mr. Smith intended to exempt from poverty his great great great great great great great great great great nephews and nieces and their posterity his wishes were futile and absurd, and at variance with the moral laws which govern the world."

31. In the general drift of these observations we concur. This anomalous kind of settlement appears to us to create a mixture of perpetually inalienable private property and public charity calculated to combine the evils and to exclude the good of both. It does not confer the independence of private property, and the benefits are obtained by a course of solicitation, importunity, testimonials, certificates, and all the apparatus of begging, out of which the applicant must emerge with his self respect largely abated. It has not the advantage which a well managed public charity may have of being made an inducement to exertion and good behaviour, for the right of private property so narrows the area of distribution, and gives such a primâ facie claim, that (as we have seen in the case of J. D.) the gifts are claimed in a somewhat threatening way, and it is not easy for the trustees to make them at all dependent on or conducive to good behaviour. It would be a good thing for the Smith family, and for the community at large, if a process analogous to barring the entail were gone through, *i.e.*, if the property were simply distributed among all existing members. It would be better still if, with all due and tender regard for living persons, the illegality of such gifts were affirmed, and the property taken as ownerless, and, (as in the case of the captive fund, it might legally have been taken) for some useful national purpose. Indeed, it is very uncertain what was Henry Smith's notion as to the operation of his gift to poor relations. Except possibly in the direction to buy land, there is nothing to show that he looked beyond those of his own generation. But, however this may be, it is impossible to suppose that he contemplated what has happened, viz., that his 1,000*l.*, or 60*l.* per annum, should grow into a property more than a

Vicious principle of the foundation.

Views of the founder himself very doubtful.

hundredfold in value, for the enjoyment of which the members of his family are to struggle and compete for ever.

C.—*General Relief of Poor.*

Amount of property given in doles.

32. The property devoted to this object consists of the remainder of that which is subject to the general trust, and of the whole of that which, either by Henry Smith or by subsequent arrangement, has become appropriated to distinct localities. Its present income from all sources amounts to about 8,235*l.* per annum. This income (after answering expenses of management) is spent almost entirely in direct gifts or doles of money or goods. The number of distinct parishes or places entitled to share in the distribution is 209. Every parish in the county of Surrey has a share. The other places are scattered over England. Excluding such places as Croydon, where the income is applied in bulk to support an almshouse, and Reigate where it is applied to support a school (and taking the year ending Michaelmas 1866 for the general trust as a specimen), the amount now spent in doles is about 5,580*l.* per annum, which is divided amongst upwards of 23,000 persons, being at the rate of about 4*s.* 10*d.* per head.

Proceedings to collect evidence.

33. To institute personal inquiry at so many places was impossible. We therefore framed a paper of questions which we caused to be sent to the clergy and parish officers of the several places. The paper was framed so as elicit an account of the mode in which the funds are actually distributed, and to invite attention to modes of applying them which we believe to work more good and less evil, such as clothing and sick clubs, village or general hospitals or dispensaries, schools, and particularly the plan of instituting small exhibitions at primary schools, such as may induce parents to allow their children a year or two more of education instead of taking them away to earn money.

Extreme difficulty of distributing doles usefully.

34. There may indeed be cases when a moderate sum of money distributed with great care and pains by intelligent persons has a good effect on the community that receives it. One case among the many that have been inquired into on this occasion may, perhaps, be found at Dorking, and another at Singleton in Sussex. But the phenomenon is very rare. The care, the pains, and we may add the intelligence, are usually lacking. The nice adjustment of relief to wants so as to create neither discontent nor a servile spirit of mendicancy may possibly be attained when people, having their minds fully alive to the perils of almsgiving, are yet giving out of their own pockets and within the range of their personal knowledge. But in the administration of a public charity it is hardly possible, if indeed it be possible at all, under the system of direct gifts to attain any such good result. We believe we are only concurring with every other person who has studied the subject with a thoughtful and dispassionate mind when we say that in every system of doles, unless conducted with great discrimination, the evil largely preponderates over the good; and moreover that, when doles are distributed out of public funds among great numbers, the distribution must practically be indiscriminate.

35. We do not say these things because they are new. On the contrary they are so trite that there is danger of the mind not being sufficiently alive to them. They are listened to, assented to, and forgotten. It is so easy to see the immediate satisfaction afforded by the gift of a blanket or of five shillings, and to forget the lasting effect which they may produce on the recipient or his neighbours. For example, one of the questions put by us relates to the utility of the gifts. It is occasionally answered thus "How can bread be otherwise than useful to a family?" "They are useful if a shirt can be called useful." Now nobody doubts that bread is useful for food, or shirts for clothing, but if the giving of these things slackens the exertions necessary for their constant acquisition, such giving is not only not useful but pernicious.

If very numerous, the distribution must be indiscriminate, and if indiscriminate mischievous.

36. The reason then why we insist here on the well known general principles of public economy is this. Mr. Martin has not attempted, nor indeed would it have been within his province, to trace out particular instances of mischief effected by this charity. He has done that which fell within the scope of his functions, viz., by examining the accounts, and in some cases the trustees, he has shown the system on which the funds are distributed in almost every place. Those therefore who seek for individual examples of ruin effected by profuse gifts will not find them in this report. But to those who understand and accept the general principles above stated, the figures themselves will tell a tale of waste and of misuse, and will lend great force to the expressions of opinion we are about to set forth.

Bias in the minds of the distributors of funds.

37. It will be observed that the persons to whom questions have been put are generally the distributors of these funds. Now it is not from persons in this position that opinions adverse to their own practice are to be expected. There is an unconscious bias, partly arising from habit, partly from incidents inseperable from the position of a distributor of funds, which indisposes him to take readily an unfavourable view of the system. Of this bias we subjoin two illustrations.

38. Mr. Hertslet is one of the churchwardens of Richmond, and is evidently an able and active administrator of the charities; and it is in evidence that by his activity and care he has much diminished the amount of confusion and struggle attendant on the distribution of these funds. His opinion is stated as follows:—

> "Mr. Hertslet, who is well and intimately acquainted with the condition of the place, is firmly convinced that if the poor were deprived of the charity to any considerable extent the wealthier parishioners would be compelled to raise a large fund every Christmas to provide coals and warm clothing for their poor brethren; and although the distribution of the charity entails immense trouble on the churchwardens, he he would rather undertake much greater labour than that the poor should be deprived of it; but he fully admits that the mode in which the charity is administered requires to be put upon a better footing. He considers the idea of giving a portion to the infirmary well worthy of consideration, but is unwilling that any part should be taken for education."

39. At Tooting, Mr. Barringer, the churchwarden, and Mr. Norris (who is the vestry clerk) are stated to have expressed opinions thus:—

> "At Tooting, Mr. Norris, the vestry clerk, stated that he thought the charity did a great deal of good to the recipients, and to the parish because it saves private charity. Mr. Barringer thought that it has done moral good, inasmuch as those who receive it are in want and use it for a good purpose. Knowing that there are such gifts keeps them in proper respect to the parochial officers, and makes them contented with their position."

40. When therefore we receive general expressions of approbation from this quarter, we look for traces of circumspection and discrimination in the distribution of the funds. And if they cannot be found, or if from the great numbers who receive it is clear that, whatever be the machinery used, the distribution is practically indiscriminate, we cannot help suspecting that the general principles above stated must be at work. For example, at East Grinstead the opinions of the distributors are in terms favourable to the operation of the charity. But when it it is found that out of a population of 4,262 there are, on such calculation as can be made, 1,488, or more than one third who receive gifts of the average value of 1*s.* 7*d.* it is impossible for any one familiar with such subjects not to suppose that many who ought to be quite above the receipt of public charity are induced to receive it and

to solicit it by the usual methods, and that the spirit of self respect and self help is thus materially impaired.

Cases in which the distribution is shown to be indiscriminate or reported to be actually mischievous.

41. It is nevertheless surprising how much direct evidence, merely in the shape of opinions of distributors or administrators of the funds, we have received, to show their mischievous operation. We proceed to exhibit some portions of this evidence, and some of the phenomena remarked on by Mr. Martin.

Farnham.

42. At Farnham the annual income is about 185*l.* In the year 1868 the sum of 53*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* was distributed to 407 persons in tickets for clothing and provisions, being about 2*s.* 7*d.* per ticket.

The population is 9,278.

Mr. Martin reports :—

"Single persons, unless old, and married couples without families, receive nothing. Assuming the 407 recipients to represent families of five including the parents, the persons who partake of the charity in each year would be about 2,000, and as the charity is given only once in three years it would appear that nearly 6,000 persons out of a population of 9,278 are, or at least are considered to be, objects of charity."

The charities of Farnham were inspected in 1865 by Mr. Good.

It appears from Mr. Good's report that, "before the inquiry, besides the distribution of clothing and provisions from Smith's charity, the sum of 21*l.* 16*s.* 4*d.*, or thereabouts, the produce of different gifts, was expended in bread distributed on Candlemas Day in the parish church (latterly by tickets), without distinction as to character, amongst the poor of the parish, who attended there in large numbers, sometimes exceeding 1,000, to receive it, and that the contests which took place in the church were most unseemly."

It seems that some improvement has been effected in this matter, but on the last occasion that the loaves and Smith's tickets were given together, the Rev. C. Strange, curate of Farnham, and the Rev. G. E. Fox, incumbent of the district of Hale, took the Common part of the parish, and with loaves and tickets together managed to satisfy everybody.

Mr. Strange had seen Mr. Fox's house at Hale besieged with people who got nothing, simply because there was nothing for them.

Fetcham.

43. At Fetcham the income of the charity is about 52*l.* a year. In 1865–6 the sum of 8*l.* 10*s.* 9*d.* was given in bread. Eighty loaves were given weekly, on 8 or 10 successive Sundays before Christmas, making 80 gifts of 2*s.* 2*d.* each, on the supposition that each person receives only one loaf.

The population is 390.

About the same amount of bread is given from another charity, and 47 gifts of coal, worth 2*s.* 8*d.* each, were distributed from a third .

The churchwardens, in reply to the printed circular, state,—

That several of the recipients are on the parish :

That the charity is often taken as a right :

That improper persons ask for it :

That much dissatisfaction is expressed by those who are unsuccessful :

That the moral effect is unsatisfactory, and that it is an inducement for people to take up their residence in the parish whose daily work is at a distance, and that it tends to raise the rent of cottages.

They consider the suggestions of small scholarships as worthy of consideration.

Godalming.

44. At Godalming the annual income is about 153*l.* In 1867–8 the sum of 101*l.* 5*s.* 0*d.* was distributed in money among 466 persons, giving about 4*s.* 4*d.* to each, and 7*l.* 1*s.* 3*d.* in tickets to 44 persons, being about 3*s.* 2*d.* each.

Mr. Martin states :—

"The children of the recipients were 690 ; so that, assuming one half of the 510 to be married couples, the gifts were spread over a population of 1,455."

The population of the entire parish is 3,369.

Mr. Martin reports :—

"The clothing and grocery tickets were given to persons who it was thought could not be very safely trusted with money. Such tickets were given to a greater extent when the office of churchwarden was more frequently filled by tradesmen than is the case at present.

"The money gifts are distributed in the vestry, the town being taken on one day and the country districts on another.

"There is an immense crowd. The church used formerly to be filled, but the people are now let in at one door and out at another ; for which purpose the services of two men are required. A policeman is not now wanted. The distribution lasts from nine to five.

"From 1862 till the present year the office of parish churchwarden was filled by Mr. Simmonds of Godalming. On his accession to office the applicants were above 600. He reduced the number considerably, and was in consequence publicly abused, both in the vestry and in the street, by disappointed and discontented persons, including young single men."

Guildford.

45. At Guildford the income of the charity in 1866 was above 600*l.* ; of this, 300*l.* was paid over to the municipal trustees, by whom 263*l.* 8*s.* 0*d.* was distributed in 510 half-yearly gifts of the average amount of 10*s.* At a local inquiry held by Mr. Martin it was stated that one of the recipients named C. was an examiner of railway carriages, and received wages of "15*s.* or 18*s.* a week." In the newspaper reports of the inquiry this case was mentioned, and it attracted the attention of the London and South-western railway authorities, by whom C. was employed. They resented the imputation that their servants were so underpaid as to have recourse to public charity; they therefore caused a letter to be written by one of their agents, Mr. Bentlie, to Mr. Scott, one of the trustees, in which he states that C.'s wages averaged 37*s.* 9*d.* a week, and that one of his sons, a lad of 16, was earning 9*s.* 6*d.* more. Mr. Bentlie concludes thus :—

"I am vexed to find that one of the company's servants in the receipt of such high wages should be an applicant for a charitable dole, and I am sure you will agree with me that it is a pity that more discrimination was not used in distributing the doles so as to exclude such a case as that of C., who was certainly not in a position to require charitable relief."

46. We have before said that no attempt has been made to trace individual instances of mischief. C.'s case has been accidentally brought to light. It is instructive, as showing the almost irresistible temptation which these doles present to unworthy begging, and the extreme difficulty of placing any efficient check on the statements, and of ascertaining the cases of the applicants. The Guildford trustees appear to be more rigid than is usual in their examination of cases, but it is impossible to expect that they can verify, by references and correspondence, the honesty of persons who are numbered by hundreds ; nor can it be doubted that C. and his family stand less high in their own esteem than before this transaction, nor that their friends and acquaintances received thereby an encouragement to become beggars.

Kingston.

47. Kingston-on-Thames is one of the places to which Henry Smith made gifts in his lifetime. He gave 1,000*l.* to the corporation, and the intent of his gift was stated in an agreement dated 12 June 1624. It was this :

"To the end that they should employ the rents and profits thereof for the relief, maintenance, and setting to work of the poor people of

the said town, and for the bringing up of the poor people there in some good and charitable course and trade of life."

It was agreed that the bailiffs and freemen would lay out the said 1,000*l.* in the purchase of land, and bestow the rents and profits to the only benefit, use, and behoof of the poor people of the said town, by providing stock of some kind of wares or goods to keep them in work, by binding forth poor children apprentice, by instructing poor people in some kind of trade or course of living whereby they might honestly and lawfully maintain themselves and their families, and in relieving the poor, aged, and impotent according to their necessities, as to the said bailiffs and freemen from time to time in their discretion should seem most meet, available, and beneficial to the poor there.

48. Nevertheless the funds appear to be distributed only by way of doles. The income is 106*l.* In 1867 the sum of 98*l.* 12*s.* was distributed among 359 persons, giving an average of 5*s.* 2*d.* to each. The population is 17,792. Gifts of the same value amounting to 185 were given from other sources, making 544 in the whole. Assuming each recipient to represent a family of four persons it would seem that 2,176 men, women, and children received the value of about 1*s.* 3½*d.* each.

The charities were inspected by Mr. Hare, one of our inspectors, in the year 1862. He reports as follows:—

"The money is distributed by tickets for shoes, trowsers, jackets, and articles of drapery, the latter being confined to the value of 3*s.* The sum allowed for shoes is 12*s.* for men's and 6*s.* for boys, for jackets and trowsers 8*s.* each.

"One person can receive only one ticket in the year and the larger tickets are not given to the same persons in two successive years. The poor receiving the tickets are allowed to select their own shoemaker, but the names of the tailors and drapers are indicated on the tickets and apportioned amongst different tradesmen in the town. The tickets are equally divided amongst the trustees, the numbers being dependent on the amount to be distributed."

In addition to the facts reported by Mr. Hare, it was stated before Mr. Martin that:—

"Half the town apply for the gifts. They ask " for them as a right and abuse you if they do " not get them." Mr. Martin adds, " It seems " that people are attracted to Kingston because " there is so much to be given away."

Lichfield. 49. Of Lichfield Mr. Martin on the authority of the answers to our circular reports thus:—

"At Lichfield the charity is given away by the churchwardens of the parish of St. Mary in flannel petticoats and shoes. There are a great many applicants; no name is put down two years running. In St. Mary's many of the recipients are on the parish. The gifts are received as a right, in a spirit of grumbling. Many improper persons apply. Those who are successful are dissatisfied. *A fortiori* those who are not. The gifts (it would seem the *general* gifts are intended) have turned half the inhabitants of Lichfield into beggars, hence idleness, drunkenness, poaching and thieving. 'It is impossible to exaggerate the ' evils they produce.'"

In Christ Church the incumbent "fears that the gifts are sometimes sold. They have good and evil effects. They teach persons to beg who ought to be quite independent of them, but they are often very useful to the poor who are badly off at Christmas time, being market gardeners." The answer, though given in reply to a question relating to Smith's charity, seems to refer to the general charities of the city, for the writer proceeds "I should think this charity is working very well as it is." The incumbent of St. Chad's considers the corporation gifts as wholly bad, the cause of demoralizing the town. "The parochial charities are helpful to many poor but productive often of much jealousy."

The charities of Lichfield were inspected by Mr. Hare in 1868. He speaks of them as follows:—

"I ought not to conclude this report without referring to the testimony I have received from some of the most intelligent inhabitants, who take the greatest interest in the welfare of the poor, that the charities produce a vast amount of beggary, idleness, lying, and profligacy, and destroy the feelings of self respect and independence, and thus are great instruments of demoralization in Lichfield. The rule generally applied in the distribution of from 800*l.* to 1,000*l.* a year in doles and money in kind, that none are entitled to receive them who are aided by the poors rate, whatever might be the sickness or other emergency under which they have obtained relief, has the effect of keeping down the poors rate, whilst the charities themselves fill the city with large numbers of the pauper class. Some of the inhabitants defended this state of things by urging that many of the poor are engaged in cultivating vegetables for sale in the black country, and that in winter and particular seasons of the year there is very little work for them. This by no means proves that it is good for the labourers in these circumstances to remain in a place where there is only half employment for them, by assistance from the charities. The state of things encourages beggary, for instead of applying to the relieving officers, the poor appeal to the charity of their neighbours, in order to preserve their right to the gifts, and in truth it becomes a kind of art how to obtain as much relief as possible from one source without loosing the chance of obtaining it from another."

50. At Winchester Mr. Martin reports:— Winchester.

"In St. Peter's Winchester in the year 1867–8 the sum of 14*l.* 14*s.* was distributed in—

79 bread tickets, average value 1*s.* 4*d.*
48 grocery „ „ 4*s.* 1*d.*

Most of the recipients were paupers.

"The charities in St. Peter's are managed by the churchwardens who are usually tradesmen and have for many years been chiefly in the hands of Mr. K. who was a grocer but who has since retired in favour of his son.

"They have been chiefly applied in the distribution of bread and groceries, but apprentices are occasionally bound out.

"Whatever be the result of the general inquiry into this great charity it is submitted that this branch of it requires a thorough reformation. In St. Peter's the administration during the last 40 years (assuming the present system to have prevailed during the reign of Mr. K.) has been a continued though no doubt unconscious breach of trust, the trustee himself having supplied the groceries and no small part of the bread which has been distributed.

"It is clear from the evidence of Mr. K. himself that the parish though poor can support a flourishing clothing club, and the fostering of habits of frugality by judicious contributions to that club or similar institutions, or by the promotion of sound education, would be far more beneficial to the labouring population than 1*s.* 4*d.* worth of bread or 4*s.* worth of groceries supplied by the churchwardens.

"Mr. C., a gentleman present at the local inquiry, observed that it was all bread and groceries and that perhaps blankets would have been more useful.

"Mr. K. replied that there is a clothing club in the parish and that he had sometimes 70*l.*

from that source to apply in clothing. He had heard no complaints of the administration of the charity.

"The incumbent in his answer to the 13th printed query replies in the affirmative. To the 19th query he 'can hardly return a satisfactory answer.' To the same query the churchwardens answer 'decidedly beneficial.'"

Richmond.

51. Of Richmond Mr. M. reports :—

"In Richmond in the year 1867–8 the sum of 207*l.* was distributed in coal, blankets, flannel, coats and cloaks.

"The recipients were about 1,003, representing a population of about 3,600.

"The distribution was made by tickets.

"Before this plan was adopted the clothes were sometimes sold at the door by those to whom they had been given.

"The administration of the gift has no doubt been greatly improved during the last few years. It appears however to be spread over a surface so large as to approximate to an indiscriminate distribution.

"The population at the last Census was 10,926. Of these the recipients it will have been seen represent 3,600, being very nearly one third, a proportion which includes only about 50 of those in the receipt of relief from the parish.

Westbourne.

52. The following is an extract from a letter respecting this charity, published in 1849 by the Rev. Henry Newland, Rector of Westbourne, Sussex, which receives about 57*l.* a year :—

"At present the Smith's Charity is generally distributed on application; it is given in small sums, by means of tickets for food or clothing, to the value generally of about half a crown, sometimes higher—as much, perhaps, as six or seven shillings, and in rare cases, such as boys going to sea, the gift amounts to a pound.

"These tickets are given without any particular system or arrangement. Those who hope for assistance merely make a personal application to a churchwarden, and he determines each case as it arises, according to the best of his judgment, aided by whatever information he may happen to have of the parties.

"The natural effect of this is perpetual mendicancy and discontent. Not a day passes without numerous applications at the churchwardens' doors. Five times the money could not suffice to answer the expectations of the applicants; and while the successful consider that they have barely got their rights, the refused, having lost their time and labour, go home and compare their case with that of their more fortunate neighbours. The churchwarden's impartiality, and sometimes his honesty, is thus called in question, while on the other hand, he, with all his care and all his good intentions, cannot avoid passing over deserving modesty, and sometimes giving to worthless importunity that which ought to have relieved distress or encouraged merit."

The present rector considers that the moral effect is bad rather than otherwise. It is a small dole given, and gone in a day, and without any permanent benefit to any one.

Stafford.

53. At Stafford the fund is spent in paying premiums or apprenticeship, a system now very generally disused. It is found that either by apprenticing boys to their fathers or in some other way the premiums are in effect received by the parents. On the Stafford ward Mr. Martin observes :—

"The staple occupation at Stafford is shoemaking, and there is little doubt that the children would learn their trade just as well without being bound at all. In the case of a similar charity in the same town boys have often been bound to friends who keep a few shillings, and hand back the rest to the parents of the apprentice.

"About 11 apprentices are bound in Stafford from the charities at an expense of about 41*l.* The doles of bread, coals, and money may be taken at 1,300, worth about 2*s.* 4½*d.* each."

Unwillingness of residents to move of their own accord for improvement.

54. In this case, and in many others, we have found that persons who perceive and lament the ill effects worked by doles among their neighbours find themselves powerless to provide any remedy. It is seen what anger is occasionally excited against distributors on the part of the unsuccessful claimants. Similar anger is sometimes excited among the least intelligent and most violent part of the community against those who take part in diverting doles to better objects. This liability is apt to deter residents, and particularly persons in the position of clergymen, from coming forward to abate the mischief; and it is not very surprising if, under these circumstances, a public board, such as ours, is called on to interfere. We subjoin two appeals that have been made to us.

55. The Incumbent of a large parish, in answer to some of our questions, writes thus :—

"I consider that a charity was never worse applied. I think its effects are demoralizing, and as the parish becomes larger the difficulty of dispensing the charity becomes every day greater. It is practically almost impossible for a churchwarden to give it to suitable objects. At present there is not even an attempt.

"After some thought I believe that in our parish the funds would be best applied—

"1. In helping to support a night school.

"2. In helping to apprentice a child at the school chosen by Her Majesty's Inspector-General.

"I believe that many of the leading residents in the place would concur with the commissioners in any well-considered scheme in lieu of the present wretched arrangement.

"If nothing else can be done I consider that the Commission should bring a pressure to bear on the parish authorities insisting that proper objects for the charities should be chosen.

"It is proper to add to what I have said the fact that the charity is not unpopular, rather is popular. No change could be made by the clergyman or influential parishioners except under a strong pressure from without. If anything is done it must be done by the Commissioners."

The following letter was received from another Incumbent :—

"Sir,

"In reply to your communication respecting Henry Smith's Charity I beg leave to say—

"(1.) That the amount appropriated to P. is only about 6*l.* per annum, and is doled out on one day in the year, one or two loaves of bread to each family to all the poor of the parish indiscriminately.

"(2.) That I have no particular suggestion to offer, but would express an earnest hope that the Commissioners will deal thoroughly with Smith's Charity throughout the country, and utilize it for purposes tending to raise and not (as at present) to degrade the moral tone of our labouring class."

Improvement actually effected by schemes.

57. Some encouragement to persevere in endeavouring to improve these charities may be drawn from those cases in which schemes have been established either by the Court of Chancery or by this Board.

At Reigate.

58. Reigate is one of the places to which Henry Smith made a spacial gift on the same terms as the gift to Kingston. In the year 1859 it was inspected under our order by Mr. Hare, who reported thus :—

"In 1859 the sums of 50*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* and 36*l.* 6*s.* were distributed in bread in the Borough and Foreign respectively from the dividends of the consols.

"The recipients in each were about 300, giving together 300 doles of 3*s.* 4*d.* on the average and 300 doles of 2*s.* 6*d.*

"The Stoughton money was also given in bread.

"It is disposed of in the Borough in tickets for bread in quantities varying from 2*s.* to 5*s.* according to the families. There are more applicants in the Foreign and the quantities are there smaller, varying from 1*s.* and upwards, 4*s.* being the highest.

"The recipients come in a crowd of nearly 200 to the Churchwardens, and many fail in obtaining it. The Churchwardens state that they believe that the shilling ticket has frequently been bartered for gin."

59. An information was filed, and the Court of Chancery established a scheme under which the whole income (about 183*l.*) instead of being spent in doles goes to support a school. There is no complaint now. And the vicar, after stating that by a scheme made in 1860 Smith's Charity was incorporated into the endowment of the Grammar School, adds (in answer to question 20) "That the present application of the funds is of infinitely more value to the parish than before."

At Ewell. 60. In the parish of Ewell a scheme was established by ourselves in the year 1862, the principle of which was to add certain proportional sums to the deposits in the savings banks, or in other words to help those who are willing to help themselves. The vicar now writes, "All the dissatisfaction arising from a jealousy of supposed favourings, and of one having more than another, which used to create annual heart-burnings, and render the charity a curse rather than a blessing to the place, has entirely disappeared." He never hears of any complaint or disappointment.

At Hartlepool. 61. The case of Hartlepool is perhaps even more instructive. It has an income of about 401*l.* from this charity. This used to be taken to relieve the poor rate. In the year 1855 a scheme was established by the Court of Chancery. Under this scheme the trustees give 100*l.* to support schools and another 100*l.* to support a general hospital. The rest, after answering expenses, they spend in doles. Last year they spent 100*l.* in this way amongst 250 recipients. Of the usefulness of schools and hospital no question is made. As to the doles the usual suspicion exists. The rector thinks them beneficial. But the house surgeon of the hospital writes as follows :—

"In reply to your questions, I may state that this hospital contains 25 beds, and is about to be enlarged by the addition of another wing. During the past 12 months 120 patients have been received into the hospital, and 450 attended at their own homes, this number of patients might be indefinitely increased if the funds of the hospital were sufficient. As it is patients are obliged to be selected with great care, and many deserving ones are refused admission. The hospital, with the exception of an endowment of about 60*l.* a year, is supported entirely by voluntary contributions, and these, in consequence of the greatly depressed condition of the trade of the two towns, have fallen off to an alarming extent.

"We have no Samaritan fund.

"It is my opinion that the gifts distributed by Smith's Charity Trustees only tend to increase the number of paupers in this neighbourhood, and I believe it is generally known here, that the pawn shops receive a great portion of the articles thus distributed."

62. Here we close our account of this part of Henry Smith's Charities. It will be seen, that in our judgment, if they are doing good, there is at least a large amount of mischief mixed with it. We have indicated how the funds might be turned to good purposes, such as schools and hospitals and clubs for clothing or savings. They might be made to confer the healthy mind and the healthy body, and those habits of thrift and forethought without which poverty and squalid distress must come. This might be done, not only without injustice to any living person, but even with more regard to the founder's special direction, certainly with far more regard to the spirit of his gifts than is now shown. Henry Smith's expressions are *to set the poor on work, to instruct them, to teach them trades*, and he gives directions for inquiry by the parish authorities, showing how much he would have disapproved of indiscriminate alms. We have pointed out in the body of our Report how inadequate our strength is to this task. The best thing that we can do is probably in this and in other cases to exhibit the facts, to state our opinions on them, to point out the classes of objects which our experience leads us to think beneficial, and to leave it to the legislature to devise such machinery as to their wisdom shall seem fitting for applying the funds to the selected objects in each locality according to its special need. Conclusion.

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TWENTY-FOURTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS

OF

CHARITABLE DONATIONS AND BEQUESTS

FOR

IRELAND.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

DUBLIN:
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1869.

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REPORT.

TO THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR GRACIOUS MAJESTY,

1. We, the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, appointed under an Act passed in the 7th and 8th years of your Majesty's reign, entitled "An Act for the more effectual Application of Charitable Donations and Bequests in Ireland," humbly beg leave to submit to your Majesty this our Twenty-fourth Annual Report.

2. In presenting our last Annual Report to your Majesty we felt it necessary to call attention to the changes in the law relating to charities in Ireland, effected by the Act passed in the 30th and 31st years of your Majesty's reign. The experience of another year in the practical working of the amended law has confirmed the opinions then expressed by us, both as to the benefit conferred by it, and as to its defects and omissions, which require to be remedied.

3. The number of applications and communications addressed to us, appears to be considerably and progressively increasing.

4. In referring in our last report to the *cy pres* power conferred on us by the 7th section, to deal with the funds of Charities limited by the Act to very small amounts, we stated that we had adopted the rule of not confirming any scheme without previous publication and notice by advertisement to all parties locally interested. We have made a similar rule, applicable to cases where we are authorized, under the 8th section, to propose a scheme to the Court of Chancery for the *cy pres* application of funds larger in amount than that contemplated by the 7th section.

5. Under the 9th section funds continue to be offered to us for safe custody by trustees, and though we have not in every case felt it necessary to accept their guardianship, we have done so where they appeared to us to be in danger, and we have thus been enabled to place several endowments in security. The names of the charities, and the amounts already voluntarily transferred to us will be found in the Schedule No. 8 in the Appendix to this Report. Some offers have been made to us of charity property, consisting of rents and rentcharges; but as these do not fall within the 9th section, we have been compelled to decline them.

6. The power under the 13th section of sanctioning leases of charity property by trustees has been exercised by us in one case of considerable importance in Belfast.

7. We have already had the honour to report that, in accordance with the provisions in the 19th section, we issue circulars to every executor of a will containing charitable

bequests, informing him of his duty to advertise them once in the *Dublin Gazette* and three times in local papers. We have also directed our secretaries to prepare and print brief abstracts of the charitable bequests for each year in a simple form, such as will be readily accessible for search or reference to those interested in their being carried out. We hope that these precautions will materially reduce the number of charities withheld or concealed, particularly in that class of cases where the very smallness of the amount has been the cause of their concealment or misapplication.

8. With a view to being satisfied that the obligation of local publication is complied with, we have in every instance requested executors to forward to our secretaries copies of the newspapers in which the advertisements have appeared. This request has been generally and willingly complied with. The sums charged for advertisements in the *Dublin Gazette* having been complained of as excessive in small charities, and formal representations on the subject having been made to us by several executors, we addressed a communication to the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury who were pleased to establish an uniform scale of 5*s.* for each advertisement.

9. With reference to the provisions of the 6th section, intended to confer on us the power of recovering small charities by the inexpensive machinery of the Civil Bill Acts, we beg again to call attention to their insufficiency and to the recommendation in the fourteenth paragraph of our last Report for their amendment. In four instances we found it impracticable to avail ourselves of these provisions, and have had, therefore, to decline to interfere in similar cases. One special inconvenience has been felt in our inability to enforce the regular payment of small annuities, in which punctuality is of the utmost consequence to the recipients. It is often just and desirable to compel the payment of a single gale, when it would be both harsh and undesirable to do so by instituting a costly suit in Chancery.

10. The power conferred upon us of sanctioning compromises of charity claims has been exercised by us in three cases, in one of which it was the means of preventing a charity fund from being materially diminished, if not wholly wasted in litigation.

11. Since our last Report to your Majesty we have held twenty-six meetings for the despatch of business. At these, in addition to providing for the usual payments and distribution of funds under our control, we made 223 orders in various charity matters.

12. In our last Report we noticed the alteration in the system of keeping that portion of our accounts called our "Private Account," which came into operation on the 1st of April, 1868. Accounts have been regularly furnished by us during the past year in accordance with the forms adopted, under the directions of the Treasury, and the provisions of the "Exchequer and Audit Departments Act, 1866."

13. We annex to this our Report, in Schedule No. 2, a copy of the Abstract of our Accounts in the several Charities under our administration, from 1st January, 1868, to 31st December last; the details of which with their vouchers having been lodged as usual with Master Fitzgibbon for examination and audit, have been examined and passed, and a declared copy lodged in the Privy Council Office, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Parliament.

14. The total amount of the trust funds which were under our care and control in cash and vested in Government and other securities on the 31st December last, is set forth in

the 4th, 5th, and 6th Schedules, the particulars of which, together with the objects of each trust fund, will be found in Schedule No. 7.

15. The annual amount of rents and annuities under our guardianship at the same period specifying the particular amount of each, with the name of the testator or donor by whom created, the source from whence each is derived, and the object of each trust, is given in Schedule No. 9 ; and in Schedule No. 10 will be found a Return of Charity Funds standing to the credit of causes or matters in the Court of Chancery, in which the title of the Charity has been established by decree or order.

All which we submit as our Report to your Most Excellent Majesty, this 5th day of July, 1869.

Present when seal affixed :

THE RIGHT HON. THE MASTER OF THE ROLLS,
THE RIGHT HON. JUDGE FITZGERALD,
THE VERY REV. THE DEAN OF ST. PATRICK'S,
JONATHAN PIM, ESQUIRE, M.P.,
SIR JAMES POWER, BARONET,
THE RIGHT HON. MOUNTIFORT LONGFIELD, LL.D.,
} *Commissioners.* (SEAL.)

HERCULES MACDONNELL,
WILLIAM GERNON,
} *Secretaries.*

APPENDIX TO THE TWENTY-FOURTH REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS OF CHARITABLE DONATIONS AND BEQUESTS FOR IRELAND.

SCHEDULES.

NAMES OF COMMISSIONERS AND ORDER AND DATE OF APPOINTMENT.

APPENDIX.

SCHEDULE No. 1.

Return of the Meetings of the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, since the 25th June, 1868.

Right Honorable the MASTER of the ROLLS, } *ex-officio*,	October, 1866.
Right Honorable the LORD CHIEF BARON, } *ex-officio*,	1 January, 1845.
Sir JOHN ENNIS, Bart., D.L., ...	9 July, 1852.
Right Honorable JOHN HATCHELL, . . .	10 June, 1854.
Right Honorable Mr. Justice FITZGERALD, . .	14 February, 1861.
The Reverend W. B. KIRKPATRICK, D.D., . .	21 March, 1862.
The Very Reverend J. WEST, Dean of St. Patrick's,	16 January, 1863.
JONATHAN PIM, Esq., M.P., ...	17 January, 1863.
His Grace the LORD ARCHBISHOP OF DUBLIN, .	12 January, 1865.
Sir JAMES POWER, Bart., ...	12 January, 1865.
Right Honorable Lord Chancellor O'HAGAN, . .	1 June, 1866.
Right Honorable MOUNTIFORT LONGFIELD, LL.D., .	25 May, 1867.
The Honorable Mr. Justice O'BRIEN, . . .	19 June, 1869.

RETURN of the Meetings of the Commissioners since the 25th June, 1868, the dates thereof and the Commissioners present at each Meeting up to the *present* time.

2nd July, 1868.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls in the Chair.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Sir James Power, Bart.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

9th July, 1868.

The Right Honorable Mr. Justice Fitzgerald in the Chair, which was afterwards taken by the Master of the Rolls.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Sir James Power, Bart.
The Right Honorable Mr. Justice O'Hagan.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

16th July, 1868.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls in the Chair.
The Right Honorable John Hatchell.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
His Grace the Archbishop of Dublin.
Sir James Power, Bart.

23rd July, 1868.

The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.

*** *And no other Commissioner having attended, no Board business could be transacted on this day.*

23rd October, 1868.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls in the Chair.
The Right Honorable the Chief Baron.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
Jonathan Pim, Esq., M.P.
His Grace the Archbishop of Dublin.
Sir James Power, Bart.

29th October, 1868.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
Sir James Power, Bart.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

*** *And no other Commissioner having attended, no Board business could be transacted on this day.*

Appendix.

[Schedule No. 1.

Return of the Meetings of the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, since the 25th June, 1868.

5th November, 1868.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls in the Chair.
The Right Honorable Mr. Justice Fitzgerald.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Jonathan Pim, Esq., M.P.
Sir James Power, Bart.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

12th November, 1868.

The Right Honorable Mr. Justice Fitzgerald.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
The Right Honorable Mr. Justice O'Hagan.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

*** *And no other Commissioner having attended, no Board business could be transacted on this day.*

19th November, 1868.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls in the Chair.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
The Right Honorable Mr. Justice O'Hagan.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

26th November, 1868.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Jonathan Pim, Esq., M.P.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

3rd December, 1868.

The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Jonathan Pim, Esq., M.P.
Sir James Power, Bart.

*** *And no other Commissioner having attended, no Board business could be transacted on this day.*

10th December, 1868.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls in the Chair.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
His Grace the Archbishop of Dublin.
Sir James Power, Bart.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

17th December, 1868.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
Jonathan Pim, Esq., M.P.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

*** *And no other Commissioner having attended, no Board business could be transacted on this day.*

7th January, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls in the Chair.
The Right Honorable the Chief Baron.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Jonathan Pim, Esq., M.P.
His Grace the Archbishop of Dublin.
The Right Honorable the Lord Chancellor (O'Hagan).
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

14th January, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls in the Chair.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Jonathan Pim, Esq., M.P.
Sir James Power, Bart.
The Right Honorable the Lord Chancellor.

21st January, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls in the Chair.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Jonathan Pim, Esq., M.P.
Sir James Power, Bart.

APPENDIX.

SCHEDULE No. 1.

Return of the Meetings of the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, since the 25th June, 1868.

28th January, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Chief Baron in the Chair, which was afterwards taken by the Master of the Rolls.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Jonathan Pim, Esq., M.P.
Sir James Power, Bart.

4th February, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls in the Chair.
Sir John Ennis, Bart.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Jonathan Pim, Esq., M.P.

11th February, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls in the Chair.
The Right Honorable Mr. Justice Fitzgerald.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Sir James Power, Bart.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

18th February, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Sir James Power, Bart.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

25th February, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls in the Chair.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
Jonathan Pim, Esq., M.P.
Sir James Power, Bart.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

4th March, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls in the Chair.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Sir James Power, Bart.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

11th March, 1869.

The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

*** *And no other Commissioner having attended, no Board business could be transacted on this day.*

18th March, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls in the Chair.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

*** *And no other Commissioner having attended, no Board business could be transacted on this day.*

1st April, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls in the Chair.
Sir John Ennis, Bart.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Jonathan Pim, Esq., M.P.
His Grace the Archbishop of Dublin.
Sir James Power, Bart.
The Right Honorable the Lord Chancellor.

8th April, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls.
The Reverend William B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.

*** *And no other Commissioner having attended, no Board business could be transacted on this day.*

15th April, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls.
Sir John Ennis, Bart.
The Reverend William B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
Sir James Power, Bart.

*** *And no other Commissioner having attended, no Board business could be transacted on this day.*

Appendix.

Schedule No. 1.

Return of the Meetings of the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, since the 25th June, 1868.

22nd April, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls in the Chair.
The Right Honorable Mr. Justice Fitzgerald.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Sir James Power, Bart., M.P.

29th April, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls in the Chair.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Sir James Power, Bart.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

6th May, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls in the Chair.
Sir John Ennis, Bart.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

13th May, 1869.

Sir John Ennis, Bart., in the Chair, which was afterwards taken by the Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls.
The Reverend William B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Sir James Power, Bart.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

20th May, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls in the Chair.
The Right Honorable Mr. Justice Fitzgerald.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Jonathan Pim, Esq., M.P.
The Right Honorable the Lord Chancellor.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

27th May, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls.

*** *And no other Commissioner having attended, no Board business could be transacted on this day.*

3rd June, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls in the Chair.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Sir James Power, Bart.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

10th June, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Sir James Power, Bart.

*** *And no other Commissioner having attended, no Board business could be transacted on this day.*

17th June, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Sir James Power, Bart.

*** *And no other Commissioners having attended, no Board business could be transacted on this day.*

24th June, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls.
The Right Honorable John Hatchell.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Sir James Power, Bart.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

1st July, 1869.

The Right Honorable the Master of the Rolls.
The Right Honorable the Lord Chief Baron.
The Right Honorable John Hatchell.
The Reverend W. B. Kirkpatrick, D.D.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Patrick's.
Sir James Power, Bart.
The Right Honorable Mountifort Longfield, LL.D.

APPENDIX.

SCHEDULE No. 2.

Abstract of the Accounts of the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, in the several Charities under their Administration for the year ended 31st December, 1868.

ABSTRACT OF THE ACCOUNTS OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF CHARITABLE DONATIONS AND

1st January to 31st

THE CHARGE.

GOVERNMENT STOCK

	£	s.	d.
To amount of Government Stock and Debentures to credit of the Commissioners on 1st day of January, 1868, as per last Account rendered, . . .	210,182	19	6
To amount of Government Stock received from 1st day of January to 31st December, 1868, per Schedules A, B, ...	3,756	9	8
	£213,939	9	2

CASH

		£	s.	d.
January 1, 1868.	To amount due to Charities, per last account audited and declared,	1,274	18	4
31st December.	To amount received from Rents and Annuities, Schedule C, .	995	15	2
„	To do. do. from Interest on Stock and Debentures, Schedule E, ...	6,463	1	2
„	To do. do. from Sale of Stock, Schedule A & B, .	58	14	2
„	To do. do. from other sources, Schedule D, . .	300	14	11
„	To do. do. advanced to Charities, Schedule G, .	67	3	3
		£9,160	7	0

STATE OF BALANCE.

				£	s.	d.
Advances, as above, ...				67	3	3
In Bank, per certificate, ...	£989	6	10			
Less outstanding Drafts of 1859, ...	1	11	3			
				987	15	7
Sums disallowed in former accounts, being embezzlements of E. W. Mathews, .				387	9	8
Due by Private account, ...				0	14	3
				£1,443	2	9

Present when Seal affixed, this 1st day of April, 1869.

THE RIGHT HON. THE MASTER OF THE ROLLS, *Chairman*,
SIR JOHN ENNIS, BARONET,
REV. W. B. KIRKPATRICK, D.D.,
THE VERY REV. THE DEAN OF ST. PATRICK'S,
JONATHAN PIM, ESQUIRE, M.P.,
} *Commissioners.* (SEAL.)

HERCULES MACDONNELL,
WILLIAM GERNON,
} *Secretaries.*

Appendix.

Schedule No. 2.

Abstract of the Accounts of the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, in the several Charities under their Administration for the year ended 31st December, 1868.

Bequests for Ireland, in the several Charities under their administration, from December, 1868.

THE DISCHARGE.

AND DEBENTURE ACCOUNT.

	£	s.	d.
By New 3 per Cents. sold or transferred, per Schedule,	Nil.		
By Consols, do.,	62	11	0
By balance standing to the credit of the Commissioners in the Bank of Ireland on the 31st December, 1868,	213,876	18	2

	£	s.	d.
In Government Consols,	85,228	10	6
In Government New Three per Cent. Stock,	127,831	9	2
In Debentures and Mortgage,	816	18	6
	£213,876	18	2

	£	s.	d.
	£213,939	9	2

ACCOUNT.

		£	s.	d.
31st December, 1868.	By amount paid under orders of Commissioners, the vouchers for which are numbered consecutively from No. 1 to No. 601,	7,132	2	1
"	By amount invested in (new) 3 per cent. Stock, } Schedules A and B,	442	8	11
"	By do. do. 3 per cent. do., } Schedules A and B,	54	10	1
"	By do. advanced to Charities in last year's account,	88	3	2
"	By balance due to Charities, Schedule F,	1,443	2	9
		£9,160	7	0

I, Robert Molloy, do solemnly and sincerely declare, that this, the Account of the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, from 1st January to 31st December, 1868, rendered by me as their Accountant, is just and true, according to the best of my knowledge and belief, and I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true.

Robert Molloy,
Accountant to said Commissioners.

Declared before me, at Dublin Castle,
this 11th day of February, 1869,
John L. O'Ferrall.

Appendix.

Schedule No 3.

Exchequer and Audit Department,
Somerset House, London, W.C.

I hereby certify that the Account of the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests, rendered by Robert Molloy, Esq., their Accountant, from 1st April, 1867, to 31st March, 1868, was signed and passed by me under the 38th section of the Act 29 & 30 Vic., cap. 39; and that the Charge and Discharge on the said Account are as follows:—

Charge, ...	£607 19 7
Discharge, ...	537 2 11

and that on the said Account the Accountant is indebted in the sum of £70 16*s.* 8*d.*

Given under my Hand, this 7th day of May, 1868.

W. Dunbar, *Comptroller and Auditor-General.*

Schedule No. 4.

Return of the Amount of Government Stock standing to the credit of the Commissioners.

Return of Amount of Government Stock standing to the credit of the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, in the Books of the Bank of Ireland on 31st December, 1866.

Bank of Ireland, 16th February, 1869.

I certify that it appears by the Books of the Bank of Ireland, there remained a Balance of £85,228 10*s.* 6*d.*, new 3 per cent. Government Stock, and £127,831 9*s.* 2*d.*, Government 3 per cent. Consols, to the credit of the Account of the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, on the 31st day of December, 1868.

For the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland,

W. T. Briscoe, *Stock Leger Keeper.* Robert Roberts, *Transfer Officer.*

Schedule No. 5.

Return of Debentures, &c., the Property of the Commissioners.

Return of Debentures deposited in the Bank of Ireland, the property of the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland.

Bank of Ireland, 15th February, 1869.

I certify that the following Debentures and Mortgage, the property of the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, have been deposited in the Bank of Ireland since the 26th March, 1848, except the last mentioned, which were deposited on 10th March, 1865:—

		£	s.	d.
One Ballast Office Debenture for		92	6	2
A Mortgage upon the county of Dublin Rates for £184 12*s.* 3*d.*, bearing interest at 3 per cent. in place of	One Kinnegad Turnpike Debenture for	46	3	1
	„ ditto, ...	46	3	1
	„ ditto, ...	46	3	1
	„ Dunleer Turnpike do. .	46	3	1
One Ballingarry Loan Fund Debenture for . . .		100	0	0
Twenty ditto ditto for . . .		440	0	0
		£816	18	6

For the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland,

J. MacIlwaine, *Dep. Secretary.*

Schedule No. 6.

Return of Cash Balance in Bank to the credit of Commissioners.

Return of the Amount of Cash standing to the credit of the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, in the Books of the Bank of Ireland, on the 31st December, 1868.

I certify that there remained a Balance of £989 6*s.* 10*d.* to the Credit of the Account of the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests' "Charity Account," in the Books of the Bank, on the 31st day of December, 1868.

Dublin, 16th February, 1869.

For the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland,

W. Hodges, *Accountant-General.*

Schedule No. 7.

Schedule showing for what Trusts the Government Stocks under the Guardianship of the Commissioners are held.

Schedule showing for what Trusts the Government Stocks under the Guardianship of the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland are held, 31st day of December, 1868.

Donor or Testator.	Charity.	Government Consols. £ s. d.	Half-yearly Interest. £ s. d.
Aghalee Union Fund, .	Poor of Aghalee, ...	172 9 11	2 11 10
Aldworth, St. Leger, .	„ Newmarket, . . .	276 18 8	4 3 1
Aldworth, R. R. . .	„ do. . . .	102 19 10	1 10 11
Archbold, Mrs. . .	Derryaghy, purchase of spinning wheels, .	107 12 2	1 12 3
Belfast Fund, . .	Incorporated Charitable Society, . .	782 13 6	11 14 9
Boyle, Margaret, .	Coombe Lying-in Hospital, . . .	387 3 11	5 16 3
Browne, Colonel R. .	Freshford Dispensary, . . .	112 19 0	1 13 10
Burgh Fund, . .	Poor of Naas, ...	361 2 7	5 8 4
Cavan Fund, . .	Cavan Sick Poor, ...	903 4 2	13 10 11
Chapelliere, Louis, .	Kilkenny Marriage Portions, . .	461 4 0	6 18 4
Crawford, William, .	Kilwaugher Poor, . . .	48 15 0	0 14 8
Craven, Alice, . .	Limerick Blue School, . . .	714 16 6	10 14 6
Crone, John, . .	Poor of Doneraile and Cahirduggan, .	895 8 1	13 8 8
Ditto, . . .	„ Ballingarry, . . .	1,116 11 5	16 15 0
Cunningham, Samuel, .	„ Killead, . . .	114 8 2	1 14 4

Schedule—*continued.*

APPENDIX.

SCHEDULE No. 7.

Schedule showing for what Trusts the Government Stocks under the Guardianship of the Commissioners are held.

Donor or Testator.	Charity.	Government Consols. £	s.	d.	Half-yearly Interest. £	s.	d.
Davis, Rev. Samuel,	Mendicity Association,	55	16	4	0	16	9
Disraeli, Benjamin,	School at Rathvilly,	3,137	16	9	47	1	4
Ditto,	Poor of ditto, in purchase of provisions, Christmas Eve,	503	16	4	7	11	1
Edwards, Hugh,	Castlederg School,	291	3	1	4	7	4
Erskine, William,	Cavan Infirmary	156	11	10	2	7	0
Fairbrother, William,	Poor of Wicklow,	124	11	9	1	17	5
Fanning, Jas., and others,	Waterford Fanning Institution,	35,050	0	5	525	15	0
Fanning, James,	Kilkenny, Poor of Five Townlands in,	3,790	3	10	56	17	1
Fox, Mrs.	Poor of St. John's Parish, Dublin,	54	17	4	0	16	6
Frost, Edward,	„ Dunganstown,	116	6	10	1	14	11
Goold, Michael,	„ Gurrane,	310	14	11	4	13	2
Graves, Dr. H. M.	„ Templemore,	54	13	11	0	16	5
Hall, Dr. J.	Alms-house and School, Limerick,	555	15	8	8	6	8
Hall, Rowley,	Poor of Lisburn,	113	14	1	1	14	3
Ditto,	Lancasterian School in Lisburn,	61	10	10	0	18	5
Hamilton, General,	The Minister of Holy Cross,	331	6	7	4	19	5
Hanrahan, Thomas,	Poor of Tuam,	201	15	11	3	0	6
Hodgens, Thomas,	Alms-house, Kildalkey,	10	3	9	0	3	0
Hore, Rev. Thomas,	Poor of Roscarberry,	274	6	7	4	2	3
Ditto,	Rossnacreina School,	4	2	11	0	1	3
Jackson, Margaret,	Hibernian Bible Society,	57	6	6	0	17	2
Ditto,	Poor of Monaghan,	607	2	8	9	2	1
Jacobs, Rev. R. S.	Protestant Poor of Killenaule,	69	12	6	1	0	11
Johnston, Mary,	Poor of Drumcree,	100	2	6	1	10	0
Julianstown Fund,	„ Julianstown,	126	18	11	1	18	1
Keatinge, R. S.	„ Drumcolloher,	153	10	11	2	6	2
Kennedy, John,	„ Hollywood,	216	14	11	3	5	0
Lawder, James,	„ Kilmore,	133	5	0	2	0	0
Lombard, Rev. G.	Six Poor People of Kilshannig,	228	5	10	3	8	6
Lowe, Robert,	Poor of Clonmel and Cashel,	24	0	9	0	7	2
Massey, Miss F.	„ St. Multose, Kinsale,	200	2	2	3	0	0
Masterson, J. J.	Manorhamilton School,	900	0	0	13	10	0
Mills, John,	Dinner on Christmas Day to Inmates of Wicklow Gaol,	117	8	1	1	15	3
M'Kenny, Elizabeth,	Poor of Clough,	56	14	10	0	17	0
Ditto,	„ Lisburn,	200	8	8	3	0	1
Molyneux, Sir Capel,	After death of Schoolmaster and Wife, to Poor of Loughgall,	666	13	4	10	0	0
M'Cluney, Robert,	Incorporated Charitable Society, Belfast,	109	18	9	1	12	11
Ditto,	Fever Hospital,	109	18	9	1	12	11
Ditto,	Surgical „	123	3	7	1	17	0
M'Cluney, Mrs. C.	Incorporated Charitable Society, Belfast,	51	14	10	0	15	6
Ditto,	Fever Hospital,	51	14	10	0	15	6
Ditto,	Surgical „	82	1	4	1	4	7
Ditto,	Ulster Deaf and Dumb Institution,	51	14	9	0	15	6
Newman, Mrs. E.	Poor of Kilshannig,	186	7	6	2	15	10
Northumberland Fund,	Mendicity Association,	5,180	18	10	77	14	4
Power, Rev. John,	Poor of Cahir,	656	0	10	9	16	10
Power, Mary,	Old Ladies' Asylum, Waterford,	2,487	1	11	37	6	2
Ditto,	Convent Children, do.	1,658	1	4	24	17	6
Ditto,	Poor Boys, do.	829	0	7	12	8	9
Quinn, Alice,	School and Poor of Waterford and Tramore,	1,141	17	4	17	2	7
Sandes, George,	Poor of Rosinallis,	207	14	1	3	2	3
Sinclair, Thomas,	„ Hollywood,	49	10	6	0	14	11
Ditto,	Belfast Fever Hospital,	49	10	6	0	14	11
Ditto,	„ Poorhouse,	49	10	7	0	14	11
Shanks, John,	Poor of Lisburn,	1,389	11	0	20	16	11
Smith, Bishop,	Pious charitable uses as the Bishop of Limerick, for time being, should direct,	903	7	0	13	11	0
Smith, Rev. Dr. Thomas,	Parishes of Annahilt and Magheralin,	50	0	0	0	15	0
Southwell, Rev. Dr.	Poor Protestants of Castlemartyr,	63	13	7	0	19	1
Southwell, Sir R.	Alms-house, Kinsale,	93	14	11	1	8	1
Stewart, Dr. William,	Poor of Lisburn,	56	11	7	0	16	11
Stopford, Bishop,	„ Kintennel,	199	12	9	2	19	11
Simpson, John,	„ St. Anne's, Shandon,	1,119	13	2	16	15	11
Swanzy, John,	Poor Protestants of Clontibret,	214	0	5	3	4	2
Tate, William,	Bread for Wexford Poor,	1,567	13	8	23	10	3
Thompson, Thomas,	Muckamore Abbey School,	274	6	11	4	2	5
Thomas, General Lewis,	Poor of Naas,	636	15	8	9	11	1
Trail, Archdeacon,	„ Lisburn,	58	18	4	0	17	8
Ditto,	„ Billy,	91	2	6	1	7	4

APPENDIX.

SCHEDULE No. 7.

Schedule showing for what Trusts the Government Stocks under the Guardianship of the Commissioners are held.

Schedule—*continued.*

Donor or Testator.	Charity.	Government Consols. £	s.	d.	Half-yearly Interest. £	s.	d.
Tuthill, Barbara, . .	Roman Catholic Magdalen Asylum, Protestant Blind Asylum, Protestant Orphan Asylum, Lying-in Hospital, Protestant Penitentiary, Poor Debtors in Gaols, Blanket and Fuel Fund, Limerick, .	898	1	7	13	9	4
Ditto, . . .	Protestant Widows, St. John's, Limerick, .	88	1	5	1	6	5
Verner, Thomas, . .	Sunday-school at Donaghmore, . .	143	3	10	2	3	0
Ward, Hon. Sophia, .	Poor of Ballyculter, . . .	2,912	10	3	43	13	8
Ditto, . . .	Mendicity Association, Dublin, . .	283	8	3	4	5	0
Ward, Right Hon. Robt.	School at Bangor, County Down, . .	2,023	9	6	30	7	0
Warren, William, .	Poor of Rathconnel, . . .	329	4	0	4	18	9
Williams, Henry, .	Hospital for Incurables, Dublin, . .	322	11	0	4	16	9
Ditto, . . .	Sick and Indigent Roomkeepers, Dublin, .	215	0	3	3	4	6
Ditto, . . .	Molyneux Blind Asylum, „ .	161	5	2	2	8	5
Ditto, . . .	Old Man's Asylum, „ .	161	5	2	2	8	5
Ditto, . . .	Deaf and Dumb, Claremont, „ .	215	0	3	3	4	6
Ditto, . . .	Protestant Orphan Society, „ .	215	0	3	3	4	6
Ditto, . . .	Methodist Widow, „ .	107	9	10	1	12	3
Wyse, James, . .	Waterford Poor Men's Asylum, . .	1,161	9	5	17	8	5
Ditto, . . .	Coals for Poor of Waterford, . .	501	10	5	7	10	6
Wright, Joseph, . .	Poor of Monasteroris, . . .	70	13	9	1	1	3
Waterhouse, William, .	Fever Hospital, Waterford, . .	7	19	8	0	2	4
	Total, .	£85,228	10	6	1,278	8	7

Donor or Testator.	Charity.	Government New 3 per Cent. Stock. £	s.	d.	Half-yearly Interest. £	s.	d.
Adair, Rev. Dr. . .	Fermoy School, ...	1,237	9	0	18	11	2
Allen, Joseph, . .	Poor of Gorey, ...	200	0	0	3	0	0
Aldworth, St. Leger, .	Poor Annuitants of New Market, . .	327	8	2	4	18	2
Austin, Joseph, . .	Bread for Poor in Cork, ...	48	16	7	1	4	8
Audoen's, St. Parish, .	St. Audoen's Alms-house, . . .	184	16	3	2	15	6
Ball, Catherine, . .	Poor of Drumholme, ...	136	17	2	2	1	0
Banks, Anne, . .	Protestant Orphan Society, Limerick, .	1,000	0	0	15	0	0
Ditto, . . .	Lying in Hospital, „ .	1,000	0	0	15	0	0
Ditto, . . .	Clergy Widows' Fund, „ .	1,230	8	7	18	9	2
Ditto, . . .	Barrington's Hospital, „ .	1,000	0	0	15	0	0
Ditto, . . .	County Infirmary, „ .	1,000	0	0	15	0	0
Ditto, . . .	Fever Hospital, „ .	1,000	0	0	15	0	0
Ditto, . . .	Female Blind Asylum, „ .	500	0	0	7	10	0
Ditto, . . .	Magdalen Asylum, „ .	500	0	0	7	10	0
Ditto, . . .	Female Blind and Magdalen Asylumu, .	421	0	2	6	6	4
Barrett, Rev. Dr. .	Sick & Indigent St. Michan's Parish, Dublin,	105	13	0	1	11	8
Batchelor, John, . .	„ St. Audoen's „ „	205	17	8	3	1	9
Ditto, . . .	„ St. George's „ „	212	14	7	3	3	10
Ditto, . . .	„ St. John's, „ „	212	6	9	3	3	9
Ditto, . . .	„ St. Luke's „ „	212	6	9	3	3	10
Ditto, . . .	„ St. Mary's „ „	212	14	2	3	3	9
Ditto, . . .	„ St. Michael's „ „	200	0	0	3	0	0
Ditto, . . .	„ St. Michan's „ „	209	2	0	3	2	9
Ditto, . . .	„ St. Nicholas in „ „	212	14	7	3	3	10
Ditto, . . .	„ St. Nicholas out „ „	210	3	0	3	3	0
Ditto, . . .	„ St. Paul's „ „	212	13	9	3	3	10
Ditto, . . .	„ St. Thomas's „ „	212	10	6	3	3	9
Ditto, . . .	„ St. Werburgh's „ „	212	14	2	3	3	10
Bellew, Bishop, . .	Schools at Killala, . . .	2,000	0	0	30	0	0
Belvidere, Lady, .	The Bethesda School, Dublin, . .	300	10	4	4	10	1
Ditto, . . .	St. George's Parish School, „ . . .	289	4	1	4	6	9
Bennett, George, . .	Poor of Templemore, . . .	234	7	0	3	10	4
Benton, Dr. John, .	Poor of Drumard, . . .	254	0	6	3	16	2
Bertrand, Peter, . .	Alms House, Dublin, . . .	1,766	18	1	26	10	0
Blennerhassett, William,	Schools at Killorglin, County Kerry, .	790	5	7	11	17	1
Bryan, Jane and Mary,.	Poor Widows, St. Mary's, Shandon, .	108	2	5	1	12	5
Board's private fund,	Embezzled Charity Recovery Fund, .	1,397	13	0	20	19	2
Brereton, Rev. G. .	Sick Poor of Rahan, . . .	200	11	10	3	0	2
Brett, John, . .	Bread and Mutton on Christmas Eve to Poor Roomkeepers in Downpatrick, .	296	7	10	4	8	11
Burke, Joseph, . .	Blind Asylums Merrion and Glasnevin, .	250	0	0	3	15	0
Ditto, . . .	Deaf and Dumb, Cabra, . . .	250	0	0	3	15	0
Ditto, . . .	Mater Misericordiæ Hospital, . .	500	0	0	7	10	0
Ditto, . . .	St. Vincent's Hospital, . . .	500	0	0	7	10	0
Burrowes, Eleanor, .	Fever Convalescents, Cavan, . .	287	18	8	4	6	4
Barrett, Jacob, . .	Poor of Armagh, ...	530	5	2	15	18	2
Cliffe, Anthony, . .	Poor of New Ross, . . .	457	8	0	6	17	2
Clarence School Fund,	Mendicity Association School, . .	1,000	0	0	15	0	0
Clendenning, George, .	Vicar, for Protestant Poor of Westport, .	204	4	1	4	1	8

Schedule—*continued.*

APPENDIX.

SCHEDULE No. 7.

Schedule showing for what Trusts the Government Stocks under the Guardianship of the Commissioners are held.

Donor or Testator.	Charity.	Government New 3 per Cent. Stock. £	s.	d.	Half-yearly Interest. £	s.	d.
Connell, William,	Poor of Clonfert,	68	0	0	1	0	5
Crofton, M. A.	School, County Cork,	509	8	3	7	12	10
Crofton, M. A.	Dispensary, Macroom,	75	6	10	1	2	7
Cunningham, George,	Sick Poor Institution, New Ross; or, that failing, the Friends of Education,	1,382	0	2	20	14	8
Darcy, Nicholas,	Poor of Loughrea,	1,858	11	10	27	17	7
Deane, Moses,	Parish of St. Nicholas, Cork,	5,559	17	8	83	8	0
Deane, Moses,	Parish of St. Mary's, Shandon, Cork,	2,001	2	8	30	0	4
Deane, Thomas,	Cork Alms-house and Schools,	1,015	11	3	15	4	8
Delacherois, Nicholas,	Poor of Lisburn,	464	11	5	6	19	5
Denvir, Rt. Rev. Bishop,	Masses in Glenavey,	817	19	6	12	5	5
Destournel, Eleanor,	Poor of Castlemacadam,	104	1	4	1	11	3
Ditto,	„ Dunganstown,	95	16	3	1	8	8
Donovan, Rev. Edward,	„ Ballymere,	95	13	7	1	8	8
Eaton, Catherine,	„ Wicklow,	734	9	3	11	0	4
Farrell, James,	Clonmel Surgical Hospital,	589	17	2	8	17	0
Faviere, Rev. Jos.	Sir Patrick Dun's Hospital,	4,350	0	0	65	5	0
Felster, George,	Poor of German Church, Poolbeg-st., Dublin,	385	8	5	5	15	7
Fletcher, A. J.	Poor Housekeepers of Parish of Derryaghy, on Christmas Day, to be distributed by the Protestant Clergyman,	537	1	7	8	1	1
Freke, P. Evans,	Poor of Wexford,	12	4	1	0	3	7
Goff, Joseph,	School of St. Werburgh's, Dublin,	52	16	2	0	15	10
Green, Hannah,	Poor of Donnybrook,	115	7	0	1	14	9
Hamilton, Rev. J.	„ Killough,	737	13	3	11	1	4
Hall, Dr. Jeremiah,	Limerick Alms-house and School,	279	7	8	4	3	9
Hamilton, Quinton,	Poor of Glanmire,	551	11	0	8	5	5
Herron, Samuel,	„ Lisburn,	188	9	8	2	16	7
Higgins, Francis,	Debtors in Marshalsea, Dublin, at Christmas,	923	15	1	13	17	2
Hutchinson, Lady,	Curates' Widows, Ardagh,	1,008	19	5	15	2	8
Ditto,	„ Killala,	1,125	2	10	16	17	6
Ditto,	House of Refuge, Dublin,	504	11	10	7	11	5
Ditto,	Richmond Blind, „	504	11	10	7	11	5
Ditto,	Shelter for Females, „	504	11	9	7	11	5
Ditto,	Mercer's Hospital, „	504	11	10	7	11	5
Ditto,	Meath Loan, „	504	11	10	7	11	5
Ditto,	Magdalen Asylum, „	504	11	10	7	11	5
Ditto,	House of Recovery, „	504	11	10	7	11	5
Ditto,	Reception for Servants, ditto,	504	11	10	7	11	5
Ditto,	Molyneux Asylum, ditto,	504	11	10	7	11	5
Ditto,	Hibernian Bible Society, ditto,	504	11	9	7	11	5
Ditto,	Sunday School Society, ditto,	504	11	10	7	11	5
Ditto,	Sick and Indigent Roomkeepers' Society, do.	504	11	10	7	11	5
Hughes, Eleanor,	Orphans' Schools, Townsend-street,	896	8	11	13	8	11
Jackson, Myles,	Poor of Ballingarry,	1,212	3	4	18	3	7
Jackson, Margaret,	„ Clontibret and Cornibrook,	208	16	4	3	2	8
Ditto,	Church Missionary Society,	51	4	7	0	15	3
Keary, Michael,	Sick and Indigent Roomkeepers, Dublin,	250	1	2	3	15	0
Ditto,	Widows' House, Cork-street, Dublin,	250	1	2	3	15	0
Ditto,	Asylum, Rainsford-street, Dublin,	500	2	4	7	10	0
Ditto,	Education of Roman Catholic Children, St. James's Parish, Dublin,	500	2	4	7	10	0
Ditto,	Ditto, of Clontarf, county Dublin,	500	2	4	7	10	0
Ditto,	Ditto, of Baldoyle, do.	500	2	4	7	10	0
Ditto,	Ditto, of Howth, do.	500	2	4	7	10	0
Killala Fund,	Killala Clergy Widows,	1,319	1	4	19	15	9
Kendall, Anne,	Poor of Athy,	1,237	16	10	18	11	2
Kerevan, Dr.	Charitable Society, Kilkenny,	486	6	2	7	5	11
Ditto,	Benevolent, „ „	486	6	2	7	5	11
Ditto,	Walkin-st. Poorhouse, „	486	6	2	7	5	11
Ditto,	Female Orphan School, „	291	15	8	4	7	6
Ditto,	Chapel-lane, „ „	194	10	6	2	18	3
Kellett, Anne,	Schools, Meath and Dublin,	206	18	2	3	2	1
Leake, Surgeon,	Mendicity Association, Dublin,	3,876	18	0	58	3	0
Lee, Jane,	Poor of Carrickfergus,	211	8	4	3	3	6
Leighs,	„ Lisburn,	268	4	0	4	0	5
Lett, Stephen,	„ Mulrankin, Kiltrastran, & Moyglass,	46	3	0	0	13	10
Lill, Dr.	Armagh Infirmary,	2,257	0	4	33	17	1
Lovett, J. H.	Poor of Lismore,	558	17	0	8	7	8
Lowe, Robert,	„ Clonmel and Cashel,	1,285	2	2	19	5	6
Ditto,	„ Fethard,	187	12	1	2	16	3
Macklin, Ralph,	School Building Fund of St. Anne's, St. Andrew's, and St. Werburgh's, Dublin,	362	1	2	5	8	7
Madden, James,	Poor of Kilcoleman,	213	5	9	3	4	0
Magan, Elizabeth,	St. George's Protestant Parochial School, Dublin,	502	19	5	7	10	10
Mahon, Bartholomew,	Poor of Bumlin, Kiltruton, and Liscanuffy,	969	18	7	14	11	0

APPENDIX.

SCHEDULE No. 7.

Schedule showing for what Trusts the Government Stocks under the Guardianship of the Commissioners are held.

Schedule—*continued.*

Donor or Testator.	Charity.	Government New 3 per Cent. Stock. £	s.	d.	Half-yearly Interest. £	s.	d.
M'Call, Samuel, . .	Presbyterian Congregation, Cork, .	415	2	10	6	4	6
Ditto, . . .	Poor of Glanmire, . . .	393	0	1	5	18	0
M'Kiernan, John, .	Protestant Poor, St. Michan's, Dublin, .	51	7	6	0	15	5
Ditto, . . .	Roman Catholic Poor, do. do. .	102	15	1	1	10	10
M'Crabb, William, .	Poor of Killea, ...	300	0	0	4	10	0
Moira Parish Fund, .	„ Moira, ...	479	1	7	7	3	8
Morris, Thomas, . .	„ Lisburn, ...	97	4	10	1	9	2
Moxley, William, .	Poor Tradesmen, Bandon, . .	455	0	11	6	16	2
Ditto, . . .	Bible Society, Bandon, . . .	113	15	2	1	14	6
Ditto, . . .	Missionary, do. . . .	113	15	2	1	14	2
Ditto, . . .	Benevolent Society, do. . . .	113	15	2	1	14	2
Needham, Thomas, .	Poor of St. Luke's, Dublin, . .	485	0	10	7	5	7
Newman, Henry, . .	Poor of Kilshannig, . . .	53	8	0	0	16	1
O'Donnell, Mrs. . .	„ Burrishoole, . . .	420	0	0	6	6	0
O'Neill, Hugh, . .	Apprenticing Fund, Dublin, . .	3,041	17	7	45	12	5
O'Neill, Mark Kerr, .	Poor of Agherton, . . .	287	9	5	4	6	1
Palmer, Roger, . .	Marriage Portions, Rush, county Dublin, .	3,121	7	7	46	16	5
Ditto, . . .	Mayo Schools, ...	325	4	3	4	17	7
Paul, Mrs. Urith, .	Stokestown (county Wexford) School & Poor,	6,114	5	9	91	14	5
Persse, Parsons, . .	School at Illerton, county Galway, .	232	1	2	3	9	7
Power, Mary, . .	Old Ladies' Asylum, Waterford, . .	1,175	17	6	17	12	19
Ditto, . . .	Convent Children, „ . .	1,019	7	3	15	5	5
Ditto, . . .	Poor Boys, „ . .	507	17	0	7	12	0
Power, William, . .	Gurteen Asylum, county Waterford, .	7,416	15	8	111	4	11
Purcell, William, . .	Kilkenny Poor, ...	631	9	10	9	9	5
Rush, Judith, . .	Poor of Mullingar, . . .	756	0	9	11	7	0
Ryan, Kennedy, . .	Charleville Roman Catholic Free School, .	246	14	5	3	14	0
Smith, Henry, . .	Poor of Colpe, ...	193	16	0	2	18	2
Sproule, Andrew, .	„ Urney, ...	717	19	0	10	15	4
St. Mark's Fund, .	St. Mark's Hospital, Dublin, . .	845	17	3	12	13	10
St. Paul's Parish, .	Coal Fund, do. . .	55	4	0	0	16	7
Stephenson, Dr. R. .	Incorporated Charitable Society, Belfast, .	946	14	11	14	4	0
Switzer, James, . .	Fever Hospital, Kilkenny, . .						
Ditto, . . .	Benevolent Society, „ . . .						
Ditto, . . .	Charitable „ „ . . .	3,876	18	0	58	3	0
Ditto, . . .	County Infirmary, „ . . .						
Ditto, . . .	Bread for Poor, „ . . .	2,237	18	5	33	11	5
Tew, Rev. William, .	Ballysax School, . . .	184	10	10	2	15	4
Ditto, . . .	Poor of Ballysax, . . .	46	2	9	0	13	10
Ditto, . . .	Raddanstown School, . . .	635	15	2	9	17	9
Ditto, . . .	Poor of Raddanstown, . . .	46	2	9	0	13	10
Ditto, . . .	St. Werburgh's School, Dublin, . .	46	2	9	0	13	10
Ditto, . . .	Kilcullen Hospital and Dispensary, .	61	11	9	0	18	6
Thomas, Robert, .	Poor of Tuam, ...	313	13	8	4	14	1
Tisdall, Allen, . .	Sick and Indigent Roomkeepers, Dublin,	92	16	4	1	7	10
Ditto, . . .	St. Audoen's Parish, do. .	46	8	2	0	13	11
Ditto, . . .	St. Catherine's „ do. .	46	8	2	0	13	11
Ditto, . . .	St. Luke's „ do. .	46	8	2	0	13	11
Ditto, . . .	St. Michael's „ do. .	46	8	2	0	13	11
Trail, Robert, . .	Poor of Lisburn, . . .	97	4	11	1	9	2
Tuthill, Barbara, . .	Roman Catholic Magdalen Asylum, Protestant Blind Asylum, Protestant Orphan Asylum, Lying-in Hospital, Protestant Penitentiary, Poor Debtors in Gaols, Blanket and Fuel Fund, Limerick, .	2,183	6	9	32	15	0
Ditto, . . .	Protestant Widows, St. John's, Limerick,	70	11	8	1	1	2
Tate, William, . .	Wexford Schools, . . .	112	12	3	1	13	9
Valentine, Rev. Thomas,	Killala Clergy Widows, and School at Frankford, ...	2,495	0	10	37	8	6
Verschoyle, Richard, .	St. Catherine's Parish, Dublin, . .	526	2	4	7	17	10
Ditto, . . .	St. Luke's „ do. . .	526	2	4	7	17	10
Waldron, Jeffrey, .	Roman Catholic Schools, Denmark-street, .	461	10	9	6	18	6
Ditto, . . .	„ „ Liffey-street, .	461	10	9	6	18	6
Ditto, . . .	Orphan School at Wicklow, . .	611	10	9	9	3	6
Ditto, . . .	Indigent Roomkeepers, St. Mary's Parish, Dublin, ...	530	0	7	7	19	0
Ditto, . . .	Female Penitents, Donnybrook, near Dublin,	461	10	9	6	18	6
Ditto, . . .	Widows' House, Clarendon-street, Dublin,	276	18	6	4	3	2
Walker, Hamilton, .	Poor of Inniskeel and Killybegs, . .	117	1	4	1	15	1
Ward, Judge, . .	Killough Schools and Poor, . .	767	18	2	11	10	5
Ward, Hon. Sophia, .	Mendicity Association, . . .	1,723	12	9	25	17	1
Waring, Samuel, . .	Poor Housekeepers of Moira Parish, .	104	5	8	1	11	3
Waterhouse, William, .	Fever Hospital, Waterford, . .	202	6	11	3	0	9
Ditto, . . .	Dispensary, „ . .	50	13	2	0	15	4
Ward, Laurence, .	Sick and Indigent Roomkeepers, Dublin,	545	9	10	8	3	7
	Total, . .	127,831	9	2	1,917	9	5

Appendix.

Schedule No. 7.

Mortgage and Debentures.

	Amount. £	s.	d.	Donor.	Object of Trust.
Ballast Office Debenture,	92	6	2	M. Boyle,	Coombe Lying-in Hospital.
*Two Kinnegad ,,	92	6	2	Rev. Dr. Smith,	Poor of Annahilt and Maralin.
*One ,, ,,	46	3	1	—	St. Mark's Hospital.
*Dunleer Turnpike, ,,	46	3	1	M. Boyle,	Coombe Lying-in Hospital.
Ballingarry Loan Fund,	540	0	0	John Crone,	Poor of Ballingarry.
	816	18	6		

* The Debentures thus marked were given up and exchanged for a Mortgage upon the county of Dublin Rates executed by J. Prendergast, Esq., Commissioner appointed under Act of Parliament, the 18 & 19 of Vic., cap. 69.

Schedule No. 8.

Showing the Sums placed under the Guardianship of the Commissioners since the passing of 30 & 31 Vict. c. 54.

Schedule of Sums voluntarily placed under the Guardianship of the Commissioners since the passing of 30 & 31 Vict. chap. 54.

Donor or Testator.	Charity.	Government New 3 per Cent. Stock. £	s.	d.
Fletcher, A. J.	Poor of Derryaghy,	537	1	7
Burke, Joseph,	Roman Catholic Blind Asylum,	250	0	0
Ditto,	Roman Catholic Deaf and Dumb Asylum,	250	0	0
Ditto,	Mater Misericordiæ Hospital,	500	0	0
Ditto,	St. Vincent's Hospital,	500	0	0
M'Crabb, Wm.	Poor of Killea,	300	0	0
Barrett, Jacob,	Poor of Armagh,	530	5	2
Atkinson, Edward,	Poor of Kilmore (amount secured by a Mortgage), cash,	640	0	0
Roberts, Thomas,	Protestant Church School of Mountmellick. Fifty Shares in Mountmellick Gas Company of £5 each, shares,	250	0	0
Austin, Joseph,	Bread to be distributed by the Rector and Parish Priest, Cork,	48	16	7
Ball, Mrs. Catherine,	Poor of Drumholm (Raphoe),	136	17	2
Crofton, M. A.	Dispensary, Macroom,	75	4	10
Murphy, Robert,	Sunday School, Tallaght,	90	0	10
Ditto,	Poor of Parish, do.	90	0	9
Roe, Rev. Peter,	Poorhouse, Lee's-lane, Kilkenny,	217	2	4
Ditto,	Bread for Poor Protestants, do.	217	2	3

SCHEDULE No. 9.

RETURN of Rents or Annuities under the Guardianship of the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, and in which the Title of the Charity has been established by decree or order, showing by whom created, whence derived, and the object of the Trust, and showing the Head Rents affecting same, to 31st Dec., 1868.

By whom created.	Gross Amount. £ s. d.	Head Rent. £ s. d.	Whence derived.	The Trusts.	Observations.
Peter Bertrand,	1,014 6 10	191 5 4	Houses and lands at St. Sepulchre's in Dublin,	Female Orphan School in Dublin.	Proceedings have been instituted to bring this charity into operation.
Cordelia Carey,	356 4 7	64 10 8	Rents of lands and premises in Dublin and King's County,	For Poor, for Schools, and several Charitable Institutions in Portarlington and Dublin.	
J. Crone,	64 12 3	—	Rent-charge of lands in county Limerick,	Poor of Ballingarry, county Limerick.	
John Crone,	64 12 4	—	Rent-charge of lands, county Cork,	Poor of Doneraile and Cahirduggan, county Cork.	
S. Cunningham,	23 12 2	8 0 7	Rent of lands in Killead, county Antrim,	Poor of Killead, county Antrim.	
Thomas Deane,	92 6 2	—	Rent-charge of lands in county Cork,	Alms-house and Schools in Cork.	
Hugh Edwards,	27 13 10	—	Annuity payable out of lands in county Tyrone,	School at Castlederg, county Tyrone.	
M. Goold,	9 4 7	—	Annuity payable under will of testator,	Poor of Gurrane, county Cork.	
Captain Grenville,	44 17 0	—	Tithe rent-charge of lands of Ballyvaloo, co. Wexford	Poor of Enniscorthy, county Wexford.	
Dr. J. Hall,*	199 8 3	12 8 11	Rent of premises in town of Limerick,	Alms-house and School in Limerick,	* These rents are received and administered locally; but, owing to some legal difficulties, a great portion of the fund can no longer be applied, and a scheme for its application has been prepared.
R. S. Keatinge,	9 4 7	—	Annuity under testator's will,	Poor of Drumcolliher, county Limerick.	
James Lawder,	18 9 2	—	Rent-charge of lands in Kilmore, county Cavan,	Poor of Kilmore, county Leitrim.	
William Power,	26 15 0	—	Rent of lands in Gurteen, county Waterford,	Asylum at Gurteen, county Waterford.	
Parsons Persse,	23 1 6	—	Rent-charge of lands, county Galway,	School at Ilerton, county Galway,	This rent is administered locally.
Sir Robert Southwell,	46 3 4	—	Rent-charge of lands in counties Cork and Limerick	Alms-house at Kinsale, county Kerry,	A portion of this rent charge has not been received for some years.
B. Tuthill,	69 4 8	—	Rent-charge of lands in county Limerick,	Magdalen Blind, Protestant Orphan Asylums, Lying-in Hospital, Penitentiary, Gaol, Blanket and Fuel Fund, and Protestant Widows, Limerick.	
Judge Ward,	82 8 4	—	Rent of lands in Bangor, county Down,	For Schools and Poor at Killough, county Down.	
Wm. Waterhouse,	54 10 0	21 16 6	Rent of house in Waterford,	Hospital, Dispensary, Fanning Institution, and Sick Poor, Waterford.	
Joseph Wright,	69 4 8	—	Rent-charge of lands in King's County,	Lying-in Hospital, Hibernian Marine Society, Dublin, King's County Infirmary, and Monasteroris Poor.	
Joseph E. Nolan,	4 12 4	—	Rent-charge,	Poor in county Roscommon.	
Joseph Wright,	9 4 7	—	Rent-charge of lands in the county Monaghan,	Poor of Aghabog, county Monaghan.	
	2,309 16 2	298 2 0			

An annual gift of £200 heretofore made by the Hon. Sidney Herbert for the Parish Priests of Irishtown, Booterstown, and Bray, has been reduced by the Trustees of the Earl of Pembroke to £110, in consequence of the death of the Parish Priest of Booterstown, who received £90.

Appendix.

Schedule No. 10.

Return of Charity Funds standing to the Credit of Causes and Matters in the Court of Chancery, and in which the Title of the Charity has been established by Decree or Order.

SCHEDULE No. 10.

RETURN of Charity Funds standing to the credit of Causes or Matters in the Court of Chancery, and in which the title of the Charity has been established by Decree or Order.

The Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests against Francis Lill, John Stewart, and others.

Government New 3 per Cent. Stock,	£4,399	3	1
Turnpike Debentures,*	2,500	0	0

The Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests against the Rev. Edward St. Lawrence and others.

Government New 3 per Cent. Stock,†	£4,012	6	2
Cash,	58	13	7

I certify that the foregoing sums remain in Bank to the credit of the matters above recited.

DIGBY P. STARKEY, *Accountant-General.*

Accountant-General's Office, Four Courts,
4th March, 1869.

* By letter received from Edward Clements, Esq., Turnpike Commissioner, dated 25th January, 1859, these debentures are stated to be totally valueless.

† These funds are held in Elizabeth Smith's Charity, and are to accumulate until they amount to £4,000, British sterling; but they are subject to reduction in case the interest upon a fund in stock in the same charity should not be sufficient to pay two permanent Annuities with which such fund is charged.

DUBLIN: Printed by ALEXANDER THOM, 87 & 88, Abbey-street,
For Her Majesty's Stationery Office.

COPYHOLD COMMISSION.

TWENTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF

THE COMMISSIONERS.

1869.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

LONDON:
PRINTED BY GEORGE EDWARD EYRE AND WILLIAM SPOTTISWOODE,
PRINTERS TO THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.
FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE.

[*Price* 5½*d.*]

1869.

COPY of the TWENTY-SEVENTH REPORT of the COPYHOLD COMMISSIONERS to HER MAJESTY'S PRINCIPAL SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE HOME DEPARTMENT;—pursuant to the Act 4 & 5 Vict. c. 35. s. 3.

SIR,

Copyhold, Inclosure, and Tithe Consolidated Commission,
December 30, 1868.

WE have the honour of presenting the Twenty-seventh Report of our proceedings in that department of this Consolidated Commission which superintends the operation of the Copyhold Acts.

We have now completed eight thousand seven hundred and eighty-six enfranchisements and commutations, of which six hundred and sixty-eight enfranchisements have been effected during the present year. The particulars of these last are stated in the schedule hereto annexed, and they amount to one hundred and ten enfranchisements in clerical manors, forty-five in collegiate manors, and five hundred and thirteen in lay manors.

Besides these enfranchisements we have received three hundred and forty applications, of which fifty-five are under the voluntary, and two hundred and eighty-five under the compulsory powers of the Acts.

We have further to report, that in pursuance of the powers vested in us by "The Universities and College Estates Act, 1858," and "The Universities and College Estates Act Extension, 1860," we have authorized three hundred and ninety-five sales, one hundred and forty-seven purchases, fifty-six enfranchisements, twenty-seven exchanges, fifty-one applications for raising money, and three transfers of trust.

Of these, thirty-eight sales, sixteen purchases, nine enfranchisements, four exchanges, and ten applications for raising money have been authorized during the present year.

We have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient Servants,
G. DARBY.
G. RIDLEY.
JAMES CAIRD.

The Right Honourable the Secretary of State
for the Home Department,
&c. &c. &c.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS AND COMMUTATIONS.

—		Clerical.	Collegiate.	Lay.	Total.
Years	1841	1	—	—	1
	1842	9	—	3	12
	1843	15	1	13	29
	1844	24	—	15	39
	1845	44	—	12	56
	1846	49	—	7	56
	1847	38	1	13	52
	1848	16	1	8	25
	1849	19	1	10	30
	1850	27	1	9	37
	1851	31	2	31	64
	1852	31	—	13	44
	1853	36	6	16	58
	1854	59	11	61	131
	1855	42	32	146	220
	1856	46	23	162	231
	1857	52	21	230	303
	1858	32	13	159	204
	1859	52	11	308	371
	1860	74	57	583	714
	1861	93	59	634	786
	1862	101	72	505	678
	1863	90	47	383	520
	1864	97	26	787	910
	1865	88	48	903	1,039
	1866	100	40	685	825
	1867	88	55	540	683
	1868	110	45	513	668
Total		1,464	573	6,749	8,786

ENFRANCHISEMENTS AND COMMUTATIONS.

—		No.	Consideration. Payment in full. £ s. d.	Consideration. Rentcharges. £ s. d.	Consideration. Land. A. R. P.
Years	1841	1	8 14 0	—	—
	1842	12	594 19 0	120 0 0	—
	1843	29	4,815 7 2	17 0 0	—
	1844	39	9,572 0 0	138 19 5	—
	1845	56	10,651 3 4	763 5 6	—
	1846	56	13,162 18 6	286 0 0	97 3 6
	1847	52	12,158 14 8	474 15 0	—
	1848	25	3,091 17 7	56 19 1	—
	1849	30	3,929 6 10	144 7 6	—
	1850	37	7,530 6 3	88 0 1	798 2 2
	1851	64	22,723 4 8	273 13 0	—
	1852	44	16,699 17 9	116 12 0	313 1 25
	1853	58	15,299 19 9	157 15 9	—
	1854	131	30,732 10 3	150 6 5	—
	1855	220	44,874 14 8½	166 10 4½	13 1 15
	1856	231	53,408 4 2½	7 18 11½	—
	1857	303	55,879 17 6½	50 14 0	—
	1858	204	35,802 1 4	3 14 7	—
	1859	371	41,582 19 1	378 19 7	114 1 26
	1860	714	107,415 6 11	805 15 1	0 0 32
	1861	786	74,186 3 5	341 12 7	41 2 32
	1862	678	92,791 5 9¾	340 1 3¾	8 3 35
	1863	520	80,718 13 7	477 14 3¼	—
	1864	910	116,223 4 9¼	1,417 12 0½	—
	1865	1,039	118,514 8 0	1,380 8 3½	—
	1866	825	95,068 14 11	736 12 9¼	—
	1867	683	118,041 7 0	377 0 11¾	—
	1868	668	109,645 14 0½	603 18 8	—
Total		8,786	1,295,123 15 1	9,876 7 3	1,388 1 13

COPYHOLD COMMISSION.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS.

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Leighton Buzzard otherwise Grovebury.	Bedford	Wyndham Edward Hanmer, Esquire.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	About four years' annual value; heriot 3*l.* 3*s.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals 1*l.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Three-and-a-half years' annual value; two heriots 7*l.* 7*s.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals 1*l.* 10*s.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Three-and-three-fifths' years' annual value; heriot 3*l.* 3*s.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals 6*l.* 5*s.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	About three-and-two-thirds' years' annual value; heriot 3*l.* 3*s.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals 20*s.* per acre.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Settled by award.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Four years' annual value; heriot 3*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals 20*s.* per acre.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and heriots	Three-and-four-fifths years' annual value; heriot 2*l.* 2*s.*, minerals 10*s.*
Bassetsbury	Bucks	Edward Walker, Esquire, as Lessee holding under the Dean and Canons of Windsor.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary	Settled by award.
Bledlow	Ditto	The Provost and College Royal of Eton nigh Windsor.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Three-and-a-half years' annual value; heriot 10*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Chalfont St. Peter	Ditto	The Rev. Edward Moore and Mary his wife.	Ditto	Ditto	Settled by award.
Chesham Bury	Ditto	The Right Honourable Baron Chesham.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Chesham Woburn, The Rectory of.	Ditto	Benjamin Fuller, Esquire	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Farnham Royal	Ditto	The Duke of Leeds	Ditto	Fines certain and quit-rents	Ditto.
Peterley Stone, Neitherbury Great Missenden, and Overbury Great Missenden.	Ditto	Mrs. Elizabeth Jane Carrington, the Rev. James Hodges, and Charles Henry Best, Esquire.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	About three years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals 1*l.*
Wing with its Members	Ditto	The Right Honourable Lord Overstone.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Five years' annual value; two heriots 20*l.*, quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Barton Priory in Barton	Cambridge	The Provost and Scholars of King's College, Cambridge.	Ditto	Ditto	Four-and-three-eighths years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, timber 10*s.*, minerals 8*l.* 11*s.*
Buristead in Great Shelford	Ditto	The Master or Keeper and Fellows of Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge.	Ditto	Ditto	Five-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 1*l.* 8*s.*

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Buristead in Great Shelford	Cambridge	The Master or Keeper and Fellows of Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Four-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 1*l.* 7*s.* 6.
Carlton with Willingham	Ditto	The Right Honourable Lord Dacre.	Ditto	Ditto	About three-and-a-quarter years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 3*l.*
Coveney (Isle of Ely)	Ditto	The Right Honourable Lord Rokeby.	Ditto	Ditto	A rent-charge based upon five years' annual value; quit-rents 25 years, minerals included.
Eltisley	Ditto	George Onslow Newton, Esquire	Ditto	Ditto	Settled by award.
Foulmire	Ditto	Henry Sholto Douglas, Esquire	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Grandsden, Little, The Rectory of.	Ditto	The Rev. Alfred Newby as Rector.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Grantchester with Coton	Ditto	The Provost and Scholars of King's College, Cambridge.	Ditto	Ditto	Three-and-one-eighth years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals 1*l.*
Isleham Shrewsbury Fee in Isleham.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Four years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Three-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years.
Maney (Isle of Ely)	Ditto	The Right Honourable Lord Rokeby.	Ditto	Ditto	Five years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 1*l.* 15*s.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Three-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	A rent-charge based upon four years' annual value; quit-rents 25 years, minerals 1*l.* 7*s.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	A rent-charge based upon three years' annual value; quit-rents 25 years, minerals 3*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	A rent-charge based upon four-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 25 years, minerals 12*s.* 6*d.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	A rent-charge based upon three-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 25 years, minerals 12*s.* 6*d.*
Netherhall Wygorne	Ditto	William Dunn Gardner, Esquire	Ditto	Ditto	Settled by award.
Soham and Fordham (Parcel of the Duchy of Lancaster).	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	About four-and-one-fifth years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Swaffham Shadworth	Ditto	The President or Master and Fellows of Queen's College, Cambridge.	Ditto Customary Freeholds.	Ditto Free Rents.	Three years' annual value; quit and free rents 28 years, minerals included.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Tyndalls and Lyles in Chatteris (Isle of Ely).	Cambridge	The Right Honourable Lord Rokeby.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Three years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Four years' annual value; heriot 2*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals 1*l.*
Whittlesey St. Andrew	Ditto	John Walbanke Childers, Esquire	Ditto	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Whittlesey St. Mary (Isle of Ely).	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	The property was purchased with a view to benefiting the living, and a nominal consideration was agreed upon.
Wilburton	Ditto	Dame Margaret Letitia Matilda Pell.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	A rent-charge based upon three and one-sixth years' annual value; quit rents 28 years, timber 3*l.* 10*s.*, minerals included.
Beaureper	Derby	The Reverend Sir Edward Repps Jodrell, Bart.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary	Three years' annual value; minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Three-and-one-third years' annual value; minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Four years' annual value.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Four years' annual value; minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Four-and-three-quarter years' annual value; minerals included.
Duffield	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Three years' annual value.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines certain	Three fines, one quarter of a year's annual value, minerals included.
Horsley and Horeston	Ditto	The Reverend Hervey Wilmot Sitwell.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary	Six years' annual value.
Iderichay within the Duffield Fee.	Ditto	The Reverend Sir Edward Repps Jodrell, Bart.	Ditto	Ditto	Five years' annual value.
Piddletrenthide	Dorset	The Warden and Scholars Clerks of the College of Saint Mary of Winchester near Winchester.	Copyhold for three lives	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Two years' annual value; heriots 5*l.*, quit-rents 18 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two years' annual value; heriot 2*l.* 10*s.*, quit-rents 18 years, minerals included.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Wyke Regis and Elwell -	Dorset - -	The Honourable Amelia Barbara Fox Strangways, Guardian of the Right Honourable the Earl of Ilchester.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines certain and quit-rents.	One and a quarter years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Arden Hall, Horndon House, with Brismeres and Horndon Market.	Essex - -	James Theobald, Esquire -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Baddow Great -	Ditto -	John Archer Houblon, Esquire -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Five years' annual value; twenty-five heriots 60*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, lord's share of timber 14*l.*, and minerals 18*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Settled by award.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	About three years' annual value; heriot 20*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, timber 1*l.* 10*s.*, minerals 19*s.* 7*d.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Four-and-two-thirds years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 1*s.* 9*d.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	About three years' annual value; three heriots 12*l.* 10*s.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals 1*l.* 1*s.*

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued*.

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Baddow, Great	Essex	John Archer Houblon, Esquire	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Three-and-three-quarters' years' annual value; eight heriots 30*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, timber 6*l.*, minerals 8*l.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	A rent-charge based upon three and nine-tenths' years' annual value; quit rents 25 years, timber 3*l.*, minerals 6*l.* 6*s.* 4*d.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Settled by award.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Three years' annual value; heriot 10*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals 6*s.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Settled by award.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Three-and-three-quarters' years' annual value; eight heriots 30*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, timber 5*l.* 11*s.* 9*d.*, minerals 7*l.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Settled by award.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Baddow, Great	Essex	John Archer Houblon, Esquire	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	A rent-charge based upon four-and-three-quarters' years' annual value; heriots 8*l.* 10*s.*, quit-rents 25 years, minerals 10*s.* 4*d.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Four-and-three-quarters' years' annual value; heriot 7*l.* 10*s.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals 2*s.* 4*d.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Three-and-a-half years' annual value; heriot 10*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals 4*s.* 6*d.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Three-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, timber 2*l.*, minerals 14*s.* 8*d.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Baddow Great	Essex	John Archer Houblon, Esquire	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Four-and-two-fifth-years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 5*l.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Settled by award.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Blackmore	Ditto	The Guardians of James Housen Parker, Esquire.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Black Notley with Gubbyons	Ditto	Daniel Bell Hanbury, Thomas Christy, Samuel Christie Miller, and Edmund Ashworth, Esqrs.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Bradwell near the Sea with Pilton Fee.	Ditto	The Trustees of the Municipal Charities of Bristol, and the President and Fellows, Governors of Sion College, London.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Braxted Great	Essex	Charles Du Cane, Esquire	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Bursted Great, Whites, Gurnards, and Chalweeden.	Ditto	The Right Honourable Lord Petre.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Three-and-a-quarter years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Four-and-a-quarter years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 5*s.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Four years' annual value; heriots 15*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, timber 9*l.*, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Three-and-one-twelfth years' annual value; heriot 25*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals 1*l.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Customary freeholds.	Reliefs and free rents	Two reliefs; free rents 28 years, minerals included.
Canewdon Hall	Ditto	Augustus Kortright, Esquire	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Four-and-three-quarters' years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Chelmsford otherwise Bishops Hall.	Essex -	Sir Henry Bouverie Paulet St. John Mildmay, Bart.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit rents.	Three-and-one-twentieth years' annual value; heriot 10*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals 1*l.*
Chesterford Little - -	Ditto -	The Most Honourable the Marquess of Bristol.	Ditto - - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Chigwell and West Hatch -	Ditto -	James Mills, Esquire - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary - -	About three-and-two-fifths' years' annual value; minerals 1*l.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Four-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 3*l.*
Chipping Walden - -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable Baron Braybrooke	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Settled by award.
Clapton Hall otherwise South Hall.	Ditto -	The Worshipful Company of Drapers.	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Coggeshall Great - -	Ditto -	Charles Du Cane, Esquire -	Ditto - - -	Fines certain and quit rents.	Three fines, quit-rents 25 years, minerals included.
Cold Norton - -	Ditto -	The Governors of the Hospital of King James founded in Charterhouse.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Three-and-two-fifths years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals 6*l.* 10*s.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Three-and-three-fifths' years' annual value; heriot 14*l.* 5*s.*, quit-rents 28 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals 12*l.*
Costead - - -	Ditto -	Christopher John Hume Tower, Esquire - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary, and quit-rents.	The land consisted of valuable frontage for building purposes, and about one-third of the fee simple value, including quit-rents, was agreed upon.
Cowbridge - -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable Lord Petre.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary - -	Three years' annual value; minerals 2*l.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Three-and-one-sixth years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, timber 9*l.* 19*s.* 10*d.*, minerals included.
Crixey otherwise Crixeth -	Ditto -	Sir Henry Bouverie Paulet St. John Mildmay, Bart.	Ditto - - -	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit rents.	Four-and-one-tenth years' annual value; heriot 25*l.*, quit-rents 30 years, timber, 1*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, minerals 2*l.*
Donyland, West - -	Ditto -	The Rev. John Philip Tomlinson, and the Rev. William Robert Tomlinson.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Eastham Burnells - -	Ditto -	Raymond Pelly and Percy Leonard Pelly, Esquires.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents. (Fines certain while used as Agricultural Land).	Ditto.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
East Westham - -	Essex - -	Raymond Pelly and Percy Leonard Pelly, Esquires.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents. (Fines certain while used as Agricultural Land.)	Settled by award.
East West, Hanningfield -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable Lord Petre.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary heriots and quit-rents.	Three-and-a-half years' annual value; two heriots 20*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals 1*l.*
Eastwood, otherwise Eastwood Bury.	Ditto -	John Waylett Stallibrass, Esq. -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four years' annual value; two heriots 20*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, timber 3*l.* 2*s.* 8*d.*, minerals included.
Felix Hall in Kelvedon -	Ditto -	Dame Emma Carolina Wood -	Ditto - - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Four-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals 2*l.* 10*s.*
Felsted otherwise Felsted Bury with Grand Courts.	Ditto -	William Bulkeley Glasse and Andrew Alfred Collyer Bristow, Esquires.	Ditto - -	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Three fines, half-a-year's annual value, four heriots 20*l.*, quit-rents 30 years, minerals 1*l.*
Fifield otherwise Fish Head	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - - Customary freeholds.	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents, reliefs and free rents.	Three-and-a-half years' annual value; two heriots 36*l.* 15*s.*, quit-rents 28 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals 5*l.* 10*s.* for copyhold lands; four reliefs, free-rents 28 years for customary freehold lands.
Fordham Hall - -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable Dowager Countess Cowper and Baroness Lucas.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ging Margarett otherwise Margaretting.	Ditto -	The Right Honourable Lord Petre.	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	Three and one-third years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals included.
Grays in Hedingham Sible -	Ditto -	Lewis Ashhurst Majendie, Esq. -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four and-one-sixth years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, and minerals 5*s.* per acre.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	The land enfranchised was less than half an acre, and the sum of 11*l.* 5*s.* was agreed upon.
Hallingbury Little - -	Ditto -	The Governors of Sutton's Hospital in Charterhouse.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	About four-and-two-thirds' years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 11*l.* 5*s.*
Haverhill Horsham with Hellions.	Ditto, and Suffolk.	Sir George Howland Beaumont, Bart.	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Four and one-twentieth years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Four and one-third years' annual value; quit-28 years, minerals 1*l.*
Hedingland Upland -	Essex - -	Lewis Ashhurst Majendie, Esq. -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	About five years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, 10 per cent. for facilities of improvement, and minerals 17*s.* 9*d.*

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Hockley otherwise Hockley Hall.	Essex	James Wood, Charles James Carter, and George Wyatt Digby, Esqs.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	About three-and-a-half years' annual value; heriot 15*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, timber 10*l.*, minerals 17*l.*
Holland, Great	Ditto	Thomas Cree junior, Esq.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto
Langford	Ditto	The Honourable Mrs. Mary Jane Byron.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Ditto
Langham	Ditto	The Honourable and Reverend Frederick Baring.	Ditto	Part fines arbitrary, part fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Layton otherwise Low Leighton, otherwise Leighton Grange.	Ditto	John Pardoe, Esquire	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Lindsell Hall	Ditto	Stephen Alger, Esquire	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Low Hall otherwise Walthamstow Frances.	Ditto	Samuel Richard Bosanquet, Esq.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Marshalls in North Weald Bassett.	Ditto	John Archer Houblon, Esquire	Ditto	Ditto	About three year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years.
Milton Hall otherwise Middleton Hall.	Ditto	Daniel Robert Scratton, Esq.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Four-and-one-fifth years' annual value; heriots 30*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, timber 2*l.* 10*s.*, minerals 8*l.*
Minchins with the Rectory in Arkesden.	Ditto	Thomas Birch Wolfe, Esquire	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Netteswell Bury	Ditto	Charles Phelips, Esquire	Ditto	Ditto	Four-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, timber 5*l.*, minerals 20*l.*
Newland in Witham	Ditto	Charles Du Cane, Esquire	Ditto Customary Freeholds.	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents (fines certain of double quit-rent on admission of heir and one year's value on admission of stranger) and free rents.	Four-and-three-quarters years' annual value; heriot 20*l.*, one-third value of the timber, minerals included, for copyholds, two years' annual value for customary freeholds, free rents, 28 years.
Newnham Hall	Ditto	Lady Frances Evelyn Maynard	Copyhold of Inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Orsett	Ditto	Richard Baker Wingfield-Baker, Esquire.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Overhall and Netherhall in Dedham.	Ditto	Francis Smythies, Esquire	Ditto	Fines certain	Four-and-a-half years' annual value; minerals 1*l.*

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Overhall and Netherhall in Dedham.	Essex - -	Francis Smythies, Esquire -	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines certain and quit-rents.	About one year's annual value; quit-rents and minerals included.
Prayors in Hedingham Sible	Ditto -	Lewis Ashnurst Majendie, Esq. -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Four-and-one-sixth years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 2*l.* 18*s.*
Prittlewell Priory - -	Ditto -	Daniel Robert Scratton, Esquire	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Three-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four years annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Rawreth Hall - -	Ditto -	The Master, Fellows, and Scholars of Saint John's College, Cambridge.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	About three-and-one-third years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 12*l.* 15*s.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Customary Freeholds -	Reliefs and free rents -	One-and-a-half reliefs; free rents 25 years.
Ridgewell - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Copyhold of Inheritance	Fines certain and quit-rents.	One year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Rivenhall Hall - - -	Ditto -	Dame Emma Carolina Wood -	Ditto - - - Customary Freeholds.	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents; free-rents.	Five years' annual value; quit and free rents 25 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals 1*l.*
Rockells, Wiggpitts, and Coggeshalls.	Ditto -	The Rev. Robert Wilkes - -	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Rockells, Wiggpitts, and Coggeshalls.	Ditto -	Thomas Birch Wolfe, Esquire -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Roydon Hall - -	Ditto -	William Bulkeley Glasse and Andrew Alfred Collyer-Bristow, Esquires.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Five years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals 7*s.* 6*d.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - Customary freeholds.	Ditto - - Reliefs and free rents.	Five years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals 25*l.* for copyholds; reliefs 2*l.* 5*s.*, free rents 30 years, for customary freeholds.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Four-and-a-quarter years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals 1*s.* 8*d.*
Ruckholts - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Five years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals 1*l.* 10*s.*
Shenfield - - -	Ditto -	The Right Hon. Dowager Countess Cowper and Baroness Lucas.	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Settled by award.
Southminster - -	Ditto -	The Governors of the Hospital of King James founded in Charterhouse.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Three and one-twentieth years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Southweald - -	Essex - -	Christopher John Hume Tower, Esquire.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	About one-third of the fee simple value; quit-rents 28 years.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	About three-and-two-thirds' year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years.
Stapleford Abbotts - -	Ditto -	Joseph Pemberton, Esquire -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Three-and-one-third years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals included.
Steeple Bumpsted otherwise Bumpsted at the Tower.	Ditto -	George Shaw, Esquire - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Three-and-three-quarters' years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, timber 1*l.*, minerals 1*l.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	About three-and-one-tenth years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Four-and-two-fifths' years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Four-and-one-sixth years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Three-and-seven-tenths' years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Three-and-nine-tenths years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Three-and-a-quarter years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Steeple Grange - -	Ditto -	The Governors of Saint Bartholomew's Hospital.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four-and-one-twentieth years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Four-and-four-fifths years annual value, heriot 16*l.* 15*s.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Four-and-one-fifth years' annual value, heriot 25*l.*, quit-rents 30 years, timber 1*l.* 15*s.* 10*d.*, minerals 2*l.* 5*s.* 9*d.*
Sutton Temple - -	Ditto -	William Bulkeley Glasse and Andrew Alfred Collyer Bristow, Esquires.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Three-and-a-half years' annual value; heriot 20*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Takeley Saint Wallerice, otherwise Warish Hall.	Ditto -	The Warden and Scholars of New College, Oxford.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Five years' annual value; two heriots 40*l.*, quit-rents 30 years, minerals 5*s.* per acre.
Waltham Great, the Rectory of.	Ditto -	The President, Fellows, and Scholars of Trinity College, Oxford.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Waltham Holy Cross -	Ditto -	Sir Herewald Wake, Bart. -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Settled by award.
Walthamstow Toney and High Hall.	Ditto -	Lady Frances Evelyn Maynard -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Walthamstow Toney and High Hall.	Essex - -	Lady Frances Evelyn Maynard -	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Five years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, timber 3*l.*
Wanstead with Stone Hall -	Ditto -	William Bulkeley Glasse and Andrew Alfred Collyer Bristow, Esquires.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Three-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, 100*l.* for releasing condition as to building, minerals 2*s.* 6*d.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 4*l.* 10*s.*
Warley, Great - -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable Lord Headley.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Settled by award.
Westham Burnells - -	Ditto -	Raymond Pelly and Percy Leonard Pelly, Esquires.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents. (Fines certain while used as agricultural land.)	Ditto.
Woodford - - -	Ditto -	William Bulkeley Glasse and Andrew Alfred Collyer Bristow, Esquires.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Four-and-a-quarter years' annual value; 2*l.* for release of condition as to building, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Woodham Walter - -	Ditto -	The Duke of St. Albans - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Settled by award.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Writtle - - -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable Lord Petre.	Customary Freeholds -	Reliefs, heriots, and quit-rents.	Two reliefs; heriot 5*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ashley, otherwise Charlton Kings.	Gloucester -	Sir William Russell, Bart., C.B., M.P.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines certain, heriots certain, and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half fines, one-hundredth part of the fee simple value, heriot certain 10*s.*, quit-rents 25 years.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half fines, one hundredth part of the fee simple value, quit-rents 25 years.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half fines, one-hundredth part of the fee simple value, heriots 3*l.* 9*s.* 3*d.*, quit-rents 25 years.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	The land enfranchised formed a portion of pleasure ground attached to the residence of the tenant, and the sum of 5*l.* was agreed upon.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Barton and Tupsley - -	Hereford -	The Bishop of Hereford - -	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Five years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, one-tenth value of the timber, minerals included.
Canon Pion - -	Ditto -	The Dean and Chapter of Hereford.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Four years' annual value; heriots 100*l.*, quit-rents 24 years, timber 40*l.* minerals 10*l.*
Cradley, the Rectory of -	Ditto -	The Rev. Edward Penn Hampden, as Rector.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four years' annual value; three heriots 21*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, one-tenth value of the timber, minerals included.
Froome Bishop - -	Ditto -	The Bishop of Hereford - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four-and-a-half years' annual value; heriot 15*l.* 15*s.*, quit rents 28 years, one-tenth value of the timber, minerals included.
Hampton Bishop - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Four-and-a-half years' annual value; two heriots 63*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, timber 10*l.*
Lugwardine - - -	Ditto -	Edward Griffiths, Esquire -	Ditto - -	Fines certain and quit-rents.	One year's annual value; quit-rents 25 years, minerals included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Norton Canon - -	Ditto -	The Dean and Chapter of Hereford.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Four years' annual value; heriot 21*l.*, quit-rents 30 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals 2*l.* 2*s.*
Preston upon Wye - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Four years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 1*l.* 1*s.*
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Four-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, timber 1*l.*, minerals 1*l.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Four-and-a-half year's annual value; heriot 21*l.*, quit-rents 30 years, one fourth value of the timber, minerals 1*l.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four years' annual value; heriot 21*l.*, quit-rents 30 years, timber 1*l.*, minerals 1*l.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four years' annual value; heriot 15*l.*, quit-rents 30 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals 2*l.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four-and-a-half years' annual value; two heriots 21*l.* 6*s.*, quit-rents 30 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals 5*l.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four years' annual value; three heriots 63*l.*, quit-rents 30 years, minerals 10*l.*

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Whitborne - - -	Hereford -	The Bishop of Hereford - -	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Four-and-a-half years' annual value; heriots 52*l.* 10*s.*, quit-rents 28 years, timber 5*l.* 10*s.*, minerals included.
Woolhope otherwise Hope Woolith.	Ditto -	The Dean and Chapter of Hereford.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four years' annual value; two heriots 30*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*
Abbots Langley otherwise Lees Langley.	Hertford -	The President, Fellows, and Scholars of Trinity College, Oxford, and the Master, Fellows, and Scholars of Sidney Sussex College, Cambridge.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and heriots	Settled by award.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Aldenham - - -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable Baron Rendlesham.	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	About three-and-one-eighth years' annual value; heriots 70*l.*, quit-rents 25 years, minerals included.
Andrews and Le Mote otherwise Andrews Le Motte.	Ditto -	The Rev. Charles Erskine Mayo as Committee of the Estate of William Herbert Mayo, Esquire.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Biggin - - -	Ditto -	The Provost and Scholars of King's College, Cambridge.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Five years' annual value; quit-rents 25 years, minerals 3*s.* 9*d.*
Cashio - - -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable the Earl of Essex.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary - -	One-sixth of the fee simple value, minerals included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - - -	Ditto - - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four years' annual value; quit-rents and minerals included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Five years' annual value; heriot 50*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Cheshunt - - -	Ditto -	Sir George Rendlesham Prescott, Bart.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Four-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents and minerals included.
Chipping Barnet and East Barnet.	Ditto -	William Henry Richardson, Esquire.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four years' annual value; quit-rents and minerals included.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Chipping Barnet and East Barnet.	Hertford	William Henry Richardson, Esquire.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary, and quit-rents.	About eight years' annual value was taken for the consideration, the land being eligible for building purposes.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Five years' annual value; quit-rents and minerals included.
Ditto	Herts and Middlesex	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Four years' annual value for buildings, six years' annual value for land, timber 10*l.*, 9*l.* for improvements, quit-rents and minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Settled by award.
Corneybury	Hertford	William Butt, Esquire	Ditto	Ditto	Three-and-one-fifth years' annual value; quit-rents 25 years, minerals 2*s.* 6*d.* per acre.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Settled by award.
Gledseys otherwise Gledseyes otherwise Gledsis otherwise Butlers.	Ditto	John Phillips, Esquire	Ditto	Ditto	Four years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 10*l.*
Hemel Hempsted, with the Members.	Ditto	Mrs. Sarah Moore Halsey	Ditto	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Two and a half fines; one-third of a year's annual value; quit-rents 25 years.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Two and a half fines; one-third of a year's annual value; heriots 2*l.* 15*s.*, five heriots certain 12*s.* 6*d.*, quit-rents 25 years.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two and a half fines; one-third of a year's annual value; two and a half heriots, quit-rents 25 years.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two and a half fines; one-third of a year's annual value; heriot 7*l.* 10*s.*, forty-one heriots certain 1*l.* 0*s.* 6*d.*, quit-rents 25 years.
Hormead, Little	Ditto	Mrs. Elizabeth Leader	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Hormead Redewells otherwise Clarkes.	Ditto	Charles Eyre, Esquire	Ditto	Ditto	Three and nine-sixteenths' years' annual value; quit-rents 25 years; minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Five years' annual value; quit-rents 25 years, timber 6*l.* 15*s.* 10*d.*, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Five years' annual value; quit-rents 25 years, minerals included.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Park	Hertford	The Right Honourable the Earl of Essex.	Copyhold of Inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Five years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Sandon with Luffnal and Cromer.	Ditto	John George Fordham, Esquire	Ditto	Ditto	About three-and-one-third years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, timber 7*l.* 4*s.*, minerals included.
Sarratt	Ditto	Thomas Clutterbuck, Esquire	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Stevenage	Ditto	The Bishop of London	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	About three and a half years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals 1*l.* 1*s.*
Tedenhoe otherwise Tednambury.	Ditto	Stephen Walters, Esquire	Ditto	Ditto	Four-and-three-quarters' years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, timber 1*l.* 15*s.*, minerals 5*l.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Five years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, timber 1*l.*, minerals 9*l.*
Theobalds otherwise Tongs Cleys, Clerks, Darceys, Crossbrooks, and Cullins.	Ditto	Mrs. Elizabeth Oliveria Prescott and Mrs. Emma Bridget Warner.	Ditto	Ditto	Settled by award.
Tring, Great, with the Members.	Ditto	John Galsworthy and Christopher Peach Pemberton, Esquires, and Thomas Barnes, Esquire, and Ann his wife.	Ditto	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Five fines; one-quarter of a year's annual value of house, one-third of a year's annual value of land; quit-rents 28 years.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Four fines; one-third of a year's annual value; quit-rents 30 years.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Settled by award.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Five fines; one-third of a year's annual value; quit-rents 30 years.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Four fines; one quarter of a year's annual value; heriot 6*l.* 6*s.*, quit-rents 30 years.
Whethampsted with Harpenden.	Ditto	The Dean and Chapter of Westminster.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Five years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, quit and free rents.	Five years' annual value; quit and free rents 30 years.
Wiggenhall otherwise Oxhey Wall Round.	Ditto	William Henry Smith, Esquire	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Wigginton	Ditto	Lord Frederick Charles Cavendish and others.	Ditto	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Woodhall in Kelshall -	Hertford -	John Phillips, Esquire - -	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Four years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 11*l.*
Bury with Hepmangrove -	Huntingdon -	The Duke of Manchester -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Settled by award.
Holywell cum Needingworth	Ditto -	Thomas Cree, jun., Esquire -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	A rent-charge based upon about three and a half years' annual value; quit-rents 25 years, minerals 15*l.*
Houghton with Witton -	Ditto -	The Duke of Manchester -	Ditto - -	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ives, Saint, with the Sleap and Burstellars.	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Neots, Saint - - -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable the Earl of Sandwich.	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Spaldwick with the Soak -	Ditto -	The Duke of Manchester - -	Ditto - -	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Stanground - - -	Hunts and Cambridge.	Edward Westwood, Esquire -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Three fines, half a year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, and minerals included.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Three fines, three quarters of a year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Three fines, three quarters of a year's annual value of land; half a year's annual value of buildings, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	Three fines, three quarters of a year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Stukeley Little - -	Huntingdon -	The Duke of Manchester - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Upwood - - - -	Ditto -	Richard Hussey Hussey, Esquire	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Warboys - - -	Ditto -	The Rev. Hugh Chambres Jones	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Derby, West - - -	Lancaster -	The Marquis of Salisbury - -	Ditto - -	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Derby, West - - -	Lancaster -	The Marquis of Salisbury - -	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Prescot - - -	Ditto -	The Provost and Scholars of King's College, Cambridge.	Ditto - -	No fine - - -	One year's annual value.
Bourn with the Members -	Lincoln -	The Marquis of Exeter - -	Ditto - - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Five years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Earls Hall in Frampton with its Members in Donington.	Ditto -	Samuel Henry Jebb, Esquire -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Settled by award.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Langtoft - - -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable Baron Aveland.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Multon Hall - - -	Ditto -	The President and Scholars of Magdalen College, Oxford.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Three-and-seven-eighths' years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, and minerals 5*s.* per acre.
Barners otherwise Barnersbury in Isledon otherwise Islington.	Middlesex -	Edward Carleton Tuffnell and Thomas Robert Tuffnell, Esquires.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary - -	One-fifth of the fee simple value; minerals included.
Chiswick - - -	Ditto -	Charles Marion Welstead and Charles Holt, Esquires, as Lessees holding under the Ecclesiastical Commissioners.	Ditto - -	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ealing - - -	Ditto -	The Bishop of London - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Half-a-year's annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	About half-a-year's annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Half-a-year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 5*l.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Half-a-year's annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals 10*l.* 10*s.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Half-a-year's annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals 5*l.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Half-a-year's annual value; quit-rents 30 years.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Half-a-year's annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Half-a-year's annual value; quit-rents 30 years, heriot, and minerals included.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Edgware and Kingsbury with its Members.	Middlesex	The Warden and College of All Souls, Oxford.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents. Fines certain on admission of heir.	Three-and-three-quarters' years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, timber 62*l.* 10*s.*, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	About four years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto Customary freeholds.	Ditto Free rents.	About four-and-a-half year's annual value; quit and free rents 30 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Four years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years.
Finchley	Ditto	The Bishop of London	Ditto	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Half-a-year's annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Friern Barnet	Ditto	The Dean and Chapter of Saint Paul's.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Three-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Fulham	Ditto	The Bishop of London	Ditto	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Half-a-year's annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Half-a-year's annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals 6*l.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Half-a-year's annual value; quit-rents 30 years, heriots and minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines certain, heriots certain, and quit-rents.	Half-a-year's annual value, including heriot, quit-rents 30 years, minerals 10*l.*
Greenford	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Hampstead	Ditto	Sir Thomas Maryon Wilson, Bart.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Hampstead - - -	Middlesex -	Sir Thomas Maryon Wilson, Bart.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary, and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and heriots	Ditto.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Hanwell - - -	Ditto -	The Bishop of London - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Four years' annual value ; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Five years' annual value ; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four years' annual value ; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Harrow otherwise Sudbury -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable Baron Northwick.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary (on admission of stranger) a relief of two years' quit-rent on admission of heir, tenants on the roll to pay no fine on subsequent admissions, heriots, and quit-rents.	Three-and-a-half years' annual value, heriot 20*l.*, quit-rents 27 years, minerals 10*l.*
Hendon - - -	Ditto -	Arthur Hyde Dendy, Esquire -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Four years' annual value ; quit-rents 30 years.
Hornsey - - -	Ditto -	The Bishop of London - -	Ditto - -	Fines certain and quit-rents.	One-quarter of a year's annual value ; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	One-third of a year's annual value ; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Half-a-year's annual value, quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Half-a-year's annual value, quit-rents 30 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals included.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Hornsey	Middlesex	The Bishop of London	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half fines; half a year's annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals 10*l.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two-and-a-half fines; half a year's annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Isleworth Syon, otherwise Syon Isleworth, otherwise Thistleworth.	Ditto	The Duke and Earl of Northumberland.	Ditto	Ditto	About three-quarters-of-a-year's annual value; quit-rents included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	About one year's annual value, quit-rents included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	About half-a-year's annual value, heriot and quit-rents included.
John, Saint, of Jerusalem, called the Manor of Clerkenwell, otherwise St. John's, Clerkenwell.	Ditto	John Wainewright, Esquire, and George Tawke Kempe and the said John Wainewright, Esquires, as Trustees for Thomas Jacomb, Esquire.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Shepperton	Middlesex and Surrey.	John Brown and James Roberton, Esquires.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Tuddington	Ditto	Burwood Godlee, Esquire	Ditto	Fines arbitrary	A rent-charge based upon four years' annual value, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Four years' annual value; minerals included.
Attleburgh Mortimers, with the Members.	Norfolk	Samuel Brise Ruggles Brise, and Nathaniel Tertius Lawrence, Esquires.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Three-and-three-quarters' years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Five years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Buxton with the Members	Ditto	William Martin Hazard, Esquire	Ditto	Ditto	Settled by award.
Carrow	Ditto	Miss Fanny Anne Martineau	Ditto	Ditto	Three-and-three-fifths' years' annual value, quit-rents 25 years, minerals 1*l.*
Castle Hall in Shipdham	Ditto	The Provost and Scholars of King's College, Cambridge.	Ditto	Ditto	Five years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years.
Cringleford	Ditto	The Trustees of the Charity known as "The Great Hospital in the city of Norwich."	Ditto	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Edgefield-with-Ellingham	Ditto	John Marcon, Esquire	Ditto	Ditto	Two-and-a-half fines, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Hethersett Cromwells -	Norfolk -	James Cuddon and Francis Thomas Cuddon, Esquires.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Half-a-year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals included.
Hickling Netherhall -	Ditto -	The Rev. John Nathaniel Micklethwait.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Two-and-a-half fines, half a year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Hickling Overhall - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Kenninghall - -	Ditto -	The Duke of Norfolk - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	A rentcharge based upon four-and-three-quarters' years 'annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals 1*l.* 2*s.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Part fines arbitrary, part fines certain, and quit-rents.	A rentcharge based upon four-and-three-quarters' years' annual value for fines arbitrary; two-and-a-half fines, half a-year's annual value for fines certain, quit-rents 30 years, minerals 1*l.* 5*s.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Four years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals 1*l.* 18*s.* 6*d.* for fines arbitrary, two-and-a-half fines, half-a-year's annual value for fines certain.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals 3*l.* 5*s.* for fines arbitrary, two-and-a-half fines, half-a-year's annual value for fines certain.
Lesingham - - -	Ditto -	The Provost and Scholars of King's College, Cambridge.	Ditto - -	Fines certain and quit-rents.	One year's annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals 1*s.*
Lopham - - -	Ditto -	The Duke of Norfolk - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	About three-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 31 years, minerals 2*l.* 14*s.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	About three-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 18*s.*
Saham Toney - -	Ditto -	James Cuddon, Esquire - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary - -	Four-and-three-quarters years' annual value; minerals 10*s.*
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Four-and-one-tenth years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 10*s.* per acre.
Sculthorpe - - -	Ditto -	Sir Willoughby Jones, Bart. -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Three-and-nine-tenths' years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Toft Monks - -	Ditto -	The Provost and Scholars of King's College, Cambridge.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four-and-a-quarter years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years; timber 1*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.*, and minerals 10*s.* per acre.
Topcroft-with-Denton -	Ditto -	John Isaac Hunter and William Martin Hazard, Esquires.	Ditto - -	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Three fines; one-quarter of a year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, timber 7*l.* 13*s.* 5*d.*, and minerals 15*s.* per acre.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Whissonsett	Norfolk	Mrs. Matilda Jones	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Three-fines; one quarter of a year's annual value, quit-rents 28 years, minerals 2*l.*
Boroughbury	Northampton	The Bishop of Peterborough	Ditto	Ditto	One year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years; minerals included.
Kings Sutton with its Members.	Ditto	Charles Thomas Willes and George Shippen Willes, Esquires.	Ditto	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half fines, half-a-year's annual value; heriot 24*l.*, quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Kings Sutton	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two-and-a-half fines, half-a-year's annual value; heriot 9*l.* 4*s.* 9*d.*, quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Peterborough	Ditto	The Dean and Chapter of Peterborough.	Ditto	Fines certain and quit-rents.	One year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	One year's annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Wellingborough	Ditto	Quintus Vivian, Esquire.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	About three-and-three-quarters' years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Settled by award.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Wellingborough Hatton	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Deddington	Oxford	The Dean and Chapter of Christchurch, Oxford.	Copyhold for one life	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Nine-and-three-quarters' years' annual value; heriot 3*l.* 10*s.*, quit-rents 15 years.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Eight years' annual value; heriot 2*l.* 5*s.*, quit-rents 16 years, minerals 5*s.*
Oakham with Barleythorpe	Rutland	The Dean and Chapter of Westminster.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Four years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Four-and-one-third years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Allington	Southampton	The Warden and Scholars Clerks of the College of Saint Mary of Winchester near Winchester.	Copyhold for three lives	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Five-and-seven-eighths' years' annual value; heriot 2*l.* 10*s.*, quit-rents 27 years, minerals included.
Bentley	Ditto	The Bishop of Winchester	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value; two-and-a-half heriots, quit-rents 28 years, timber 182*l.*, minerals included.
Bishops Sutton	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines certain	One year's annual value, minerals included.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Bishops Sutton	Southampton	The Bishop of Winchester	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value, quit-rents and minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines certain heriots, and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value; heriots 2*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value of old inclosures, one-quarter of a year's annual value of allotments, two-and-a-half heriots, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines certain	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value, minerals included.
Bishops Waltham	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value of old inclosures, one quarter of a year's annual value of allotments, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half fines, two-and-a-half heriots, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Bitterne	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Cadnam and Winsor	Ditto	Sir Henry Charles Paulet, Bart.	Ditto	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Crofton	Ditto	Henry Peter Delmé, Esquire	Ditto	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Droxford	Ditto	The Bishop of Winchester	Ditto	Fines certain	Half a year's annual value, minerals included.
Eastmeon	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two-and-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines certain and heriots	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value; heriot 1*l.* 6*s.* 3*d.*, minerals included.
Ecchinswell	Ditto	The Right Honourable the Earl of Carnarvon.	Ditto	Fines certain	Two-and-a-half fines, half a year's annual value; free warren 15*s.*, minerals 4*s.* 2*d.*

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Ecchinswell - - -	Southampton	The Right Honourable the Earl of Carnarvon.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half fines, half-a-year's annual value, quit-rents 28 years, free warren 1*l.* 10*s.*, minerals 8*s.* 4*d.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Two-and-a-half fines, half-a-year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, free warren and minerals 15*s.* 6*d.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Two-and-a-half fines, half-a-year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, free warren 15*s.*, minerals 4*s.* 2*d.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Two-and a-half fines, half-a-year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 19*s.* 2*d.*
Eling - - -	Ditto -	The Warden and Scholars, Clerks of the College of Saint Mary of Winchester, near Winchester.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Four-and-three-fifths' years' annual value; heriot 17*l.* 4*s.* 1*d.*, quit-rents 25 years, minerals included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Five years' annual value; heriot 6*l.* 10*s.*, quit-rents 25 years, minerals included.
Fareham - - -	Ditto -	The Bishop of Winchester -	Ditto - -	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half fines one-third of a year's annual value, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value; heriot 4*l.* 5*s.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Hambledon - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value; heriot 13*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Hambledon - -	Ditto -	The Warden and Scholars, Clerks of the College of Saint Mary of Winchester near Winchester.	Copyhold for three lives	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Six and three-fifths' years' annual value of land, one and three-fifths' years' annual value of house; heriot 6*l.* 5*s.*, quit-rents 26¾ years, minerals included.
Highclere and Burghclere -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable the Earl of Carnarvon.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Four-and-three-quarters' years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years.
Huntbourne - -	Ditto -	The Warden and Scholars, Clerks of the College of Saint Mary of Winchester, near Winchester.	Copyhold for three lives	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Two years' annual value of houses, nine years' annual value of land, heriot 13*l.* 15*s.*, quit-rents 24 years, minerals included.
Overton - - -	Ditto -	The Bishop of Winchester -	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half-fines; one-third of a year's annual value of old inclosures, one-quarter of a year's annual value of allotments, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Selborne - - -	Southampton	The President and Scholars of Magdalen College, Oxford.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Four years' annual value; heriot 10*l.*, quit-rents 25 years, minerals 10*s.* per acre.
Southey and Blackmore -	Ditto -	The Rev. William Legge -	Customary freeholds -	Heriots and free-rents -	Heriots, &c. 30*l.*, free rents 28 years.
Titchfield - - -	Ditto -	Henry Peter Delmé, Esquire -	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Twyford - - -	Ditto -	Henry Bingham Mildmay, Esquire.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Four-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half years' annual value; two heriots 20*l.*, quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Wallesworth - -	Ditto -	Thomas Thistlethwayte, Esquire	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Three-and-a-quarter years' annual value; heriot 205*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.*, quit-rents 28 years, timber 10*l.*, license to demise 6*l.*, minerals included.
Barton-under-Needwood -	Stafford -	Dame Anne Beatrix Wilmot Horton.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary - -	Five years' annual value.
Brewood, The Deanery of -	Ditto -	Francis Monckton, Esquire -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Three-and-a-half years' annual value.
Lapley and Aston - -	Ditto -	Frederick Hay Swinfen, Esquire	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Stowheath - - -	Ditto -	The Duke and Earl of Sutherland and Walter Peter Giffard, Esquire.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary - -	One-sixth of the fee simple value.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Two-and-a-half years' annual value.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Three years' annual value.
Ditto - - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Three-and-a-half years' annual value.
Wednesbury - -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable Lady Emily Foley and Sir Edward William Dolman Scott, Bart.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary, heriots, quit-rents.	Ditto.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Wednesbury - -	Stafford -	The Right Honourable Lady Emily Foley and Sir Edward William Dolman Scott, Bart.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Quit-rents - -	Ditto.
Acton - - -	Suffolk -	The Right Honourable Earl Howe	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Ampners in Thrandeston -	Ditto -	Sir Edward Clarence Kerrison, Baronet.	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	About three-and-a-quarter years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 1*l.* 8*s.* 7*d.*
Aspall Stonham - -	Ditto -	John Francis Cust, Leopold Cust, and Horace Broke, Esquires.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Settled by award.
Barking with Needham -	Ditto -	The Earl of Ashburnham -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Three-and-one-third years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	About three-and-four-fifths' years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four-and-one-third years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto -	About four-and-a-quarter years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years.
Borehouse in Edwardstone -	Ditto -	The Provost and Scholars of King's College, Cambridge.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Three-and-a-quarter years' annual value; quit-rents 27 years, minerals 6*d.*
Bungay Priory - -	Ditto -	The Duke of Norfolk - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Three-and-three-fifths' years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Five years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years.
Bungay Soke - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Drinkstone Timperlies -	Ditto -	Thomas Mingaye Golding, Esq. -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	A rent-charge based upon three-and-a-quarter years' annual value; minerals 10*s.*, quit-rents included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	A rent-charge based upon three-and-one-third years' annual value; minerals 10*s.*, quit-rents included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Three years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 2*l.*
Drinkstone with Lovaines -	Ditto -	Ditto - - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Settled by award.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	A rent-charge based upon five years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 1*l.* 3*s.* 6*d.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	A rent-charge based upon four-and-one-fifth years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 5*l.* 18*s.* 6*d.*

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Drinkstone with Lovaines -	Suffolk -	Thomas Mingaye Golding, Esq. -	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit rents.	Three years' annual value; quit and free rents 28 years, minerals 18*l.*
			Customary freeholds -	Free rents - -	
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	A rent-charge based upon three-and-four-fifths' years' annual value; quit and free rents 25 years, one-third value of the timber, minerals 45*l.*
Gainshall in Wickhambrook	Ditto -	James Read, Thomas Mingaye Golding, and James Neal York, Esquires.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	About four-and-one-third years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, timber 1*l.*, minerals 1*l.*
Halesworth, the Rectory of -	Ditto -	The Reverend Vincent John Stanton, as Rector.	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Four-and-one-sixth years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 8*s.* 10*d.*
Haverhill Horsham with Hellions.	Ditto -	Sir George Howland Beaumont, Baronet.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Settled by award.
Horham Jernegans - -	Ditto -	Sir Edward Clarence Kerrison, Baronet.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary - -	About four-and-one-third years' annual value.
Hoxne Hall with the Priory	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Four-and-a-quarter years' annual value; quit-rents and minerals included.
Hundon with Chilbourn its Member.	Ditto -	Sir Charles Robert Rowley, Bart., the Rev. Foster Barham Zincke, and Thomas Harwood, Esquire.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Four-and-two-fifths' years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Kelsale - - -	Ditto -	Henry Alexander Starkie Bence, Esquire.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	About four years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 5*l.*
Lavenham - -	Ditto -	George Richard Pye, Esquire -	Ditto - -	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Northall otherwise Wrentham Poynings.	Ditto -	Sir Edward Sherlock Gooch, Baronet.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Five years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 1*s.*
Stradbroke with Stubcroft -	Ditto -	Sir Edwaad Clarence Kerrison, Baronet.	Ditto - - -	Ditto - - -	Three-and-three-quarters' years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 6*l.* 19*s.* 3*d.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Four-and-a half years' annual value, quit-rents 25 years, minerals 10*l.* 10*s.*
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Five years' annual value; quit-rents 27 years, minerals 1*l.* 6*s.*
Thorndon Rectory - -	Ditto -	The Reverend William Henry Glover.	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Settled by award.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyhold.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Thorndon Rectory	Suffolk	The Reverend William Henry Glover.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Thorpe Morieux	Ditto	Basil Sparrow, Esquire, as Committee of the estate of Henry Weare Sparrow.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Veales in Fressingfield	Ditto	William Martin Hazard, Esquire	Ditto	Ditto	A rent-charge based upon three-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 25 years, minerals 9*l*. 16*s*. 4*d*.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	A rent-charge based upon four years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 8*l*.
Walsham	Ditto	The Reverend Thomas Baden Powell.	Ditto	Ditto	Settled by award.
Wattisham	Ditto	John Frederick Robinson, Esq.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Weybread Hall	Ditto	Thomas Wilcox Hunter, Esquire.	Ditto	Ditto	A rent-charge based upon about four years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 13*l*. 12*s*. 6*d*.
Wissett and Le Roos	Ditto	Sir John William Cradock Hartopp, Baronet.	Ditto	Ditto	About three years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, timber included, minerals 5*s*. per acre.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Three-and-one-eighth years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, timber included, minerals 5*s*. per acre.
Woodbridge Hasketon	Ditto	Rolla Rouse and William Rouse, Esquires.	Ditto	Ditto	Four years' annual value; quit-rents 25 years.
Yaxlee Bulls Hall with Blogates Hall.	Ditto	Thomas Paine, Esquire	Ditto	Ditto	Settled by award.
Bisley	Surrey	The Right Honourable the Earl of Onslow.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Four-and-two-fifths' years' annual value; heriot 5*l*., quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Three-and-seventeen-twentieths' years' annual value; heriot 5*l*., quit-rents 28 years, timber 5*s*., minerals included.
Bookham, Little	Ditto	Charles Lestock Boileau, Esquire, as Committee of the Estate of John Douglas Boileau Pollen, Esquire.	Freehold	Relief and free-rents	Free rents 27 years, reliefs included.
Chertsey Beomond	Ditto	James Cuddon and Francis Thomas Cuddon, Esquires.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Half-a-year's annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Half-a-year's annual value; quit-rents 30 years' minerals 10*l*.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Chobham	Surrey	The Right Honourable the Earl of Onslow.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Four years' annual value; two heriots 5*l.* 5*s.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Four years' annual value; heriot 10*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, timber 3*l.* 11*s.*, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots certain, and quit-rents.	Four years' annual value; three heriots certain 7*s.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Four years' annual value; heriot certain 1*s.*, quit-rents 28 years.
Ebbisham otherwise Epsom	Ditto	John Ivatt Briscoe, Esquire	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	About one-fifth of the fee simple value, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Five years' annual value; heriot 5*l.*, quit-rents and minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Five years' annual value, heriot 25*l.*, minerals included.
Farnham	Ditto	The Bishop of Winchester	Ditto	Fines certain	One-quarter of a year's annual value, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two-and-a-half fines, one-quarter of a year's annual value.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two-and-a-half fines, one-quarter of a year's annual value, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	One year's annual value.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Half-a-year's annual value, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	One-third of a year's annual value; minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	One-quarter of a year's annual value; minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, one-fifth value of the timber, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value of old inclosures, one-quarter of a year's annual value of allotments, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Farnham	Surrey	The Bishop of Winchester	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half fines, one-quarter of a year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, timber 50*l.* 6*s.* 6*d.*, minerals 10*l.*
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value; heriots 2*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value; heriots 7*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value; heriot 21*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, one-fifth value of the timber, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value; heriot 5*l.* 5*s.*, quit-rents 28 years, one-fifth value of the timber, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value of old inclosures, one-quarter of a year's annual value of allotments, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines certain	One year's annual value, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value; heriot 5*l.* 5*s.*, quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value of old inclosures, one-quarter of a year's annual value of allotments, heriot 26*l.* 5*s.*, quit-rents 28 years, timber 2*l.* 5*s.* 4*d.*, minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Two-and-a-half fines, one-third of a year's annual value of old inclosures, one-quarter of a year's annual value of cottages and allotments, heriot 7*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.*; quit-rents 28 years, one-fifth value of the timber, minerals included.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Gumshall, Tower Hill	Surrey	Reginald Bray, Esquire	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Four-and-a-half years' annual value; heriot 7s. 6d., quit-rents 25 years, minerals included.
Ham	Ditto	The Right Honourable the Earl of Dysart.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Four-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Four-and-a-half years' annual value; quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Horley	Ditto	The Governors of Christ's Hospital.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Five years' annual value; heriot 2l. 2s., quit-rents 30 years.
Pyrford	Ditto	The Right Honourable the Earl of Onslow.	Ditto	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Two fines, one-quarter of a year's annual value; heriots 2s. 6d., quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ripley and Send	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Four years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years.
Shalford, Branston	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	About four-and-two-fifths' years' annual value; heriot certain 6d., quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Sutton	Ditto	Philip William Lovett, Esquire	Ditto	Ditto	A rent-charge based upon three-and-a-quarters' years' annual value; heriots, quit-rents, and minerals included.
Windlesham	Ditto	The Master, Fellows, and Scholars of Saint John's College, Cambridge.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Five years' annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals 5s.
Woking	Ditto	The Right Honourable the Earl of Onslow.	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Four years' annual value; heriot 15l., quit-rents 28 years, timber 14l. 19s. 6d. minerals included.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Customary freeholds	Heriots and free rents	Three heriots 25l., free-rents 28 years.
Worplesdon	Ditto	The Right Honourable the Earl of Onslow.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Two fines, one-quarter of a year's annual value; three heriots 2s. 4d., quit-rents 28 years, timber 10l., minerals included.
Amberley	Sussex	The Bishop of Chichester	Ditto	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Balneth	Ditto	Sir Charles Goring, Baronet	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Part fines arbitrary, part fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Bosham	Ditto	The Honourable Charles Paget Fitzhardinge Berkeley.	Ditto	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Half a year's annual value; two heriots 125l., quit-rents 30 years, minerals 10l.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Brighthelmstone Michelham	Sussex -	The Right Honourable Countess De la Warr and Baroness Buckhurst.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Cackham - - -	Ditto -	The Bishop of Chichester -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary, heriots certain, and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Catsfield - - -	Ditto -	Dame Maria Elizabeth Pilkington	Customary freeholds -	Heriots and free rents -	Heriots 23*l.* 18*s.* 8*d.*; free-rents 28 years.
Clayton - - -	Ditto -	William John Campion, Esquire -	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Cuckfield - - -	Ditto -	Warden Sergison, Esquire -	Ditto - -	Part fines arbitrary, part fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Dedisham - - -	Ditto -	The Duke of Norfolk - -	Customary freeholds -	Reliefs, heriots, and free-rents.	Ditto.
Didling and Dumpford -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable Lord Leconfield.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Four-and-three-quarters' years' annual value; four heriots 120*l.*, quit-rents 28 years, building value 100*l.*
Ditcheling - - -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable the Earl of Abergavenny (with the Consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues).	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Settled by award.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Part fines arbitrary, part fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Five-and-one-eighth years' annual value; heriot 21*l.*, timber 15*l.*, minerals 16*l.* for fines arbitrary; two-and-a-half fines, 4*l.* for proportion of year's value, heriot certain 1*s.* 3*d.*, minerals included, for fines certain, quit-rents 30 years.
Framfield - - -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable Earl De La Warr.	Customary freeholds -	Reliefs, heriots, and quit-rents.	Relief and heriot 15*l.*; quit-rents 28 years.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - - -	Copyhold of inheritance Customary freeholds.	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents. Reliefs and free rents.	One-and-a-half years' annual value; heriot 31*l.* 10*s.*, quit-rents 28 years, reliefs 1*l.* 1*s.*, free-rents 28 years. (The copyholds are subject to a relief of one year's quit-rent on admission of any person claiming by descent, and fine of six years' quit-rents on admission of any person claiming otherwise than by descent.)

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Framfield - - -	Sussex -	The Right Honourable Earl De La Warr.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	About three-quarters' of a year's annual value; heriot 21*l*., quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	About half-a-year's annual value; heriot 21*l*. quit-rents 28 years.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - - (Relief on admission of heir.)	Fines, reliefs, &c. 25*l*. for copyholds, reliefs 1*l*. 1*s*. for freeholds; heriots 31*l*. 10*s*., quit-rents 28 years.
			Customary freeholds -	Reliefs, heriots, and quit-rents.	
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents. (Relief on admission of heir.)	Half a year's annual value; heriot 21*l*., quit-rents 30 years.
Hova Villa et Hova Ecclesia	Ditto -	William Tanner, Esquire, and others, Lessees holding under the Prebendary of the Prebend of Hova Ecclesia.	Ditto - -	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines certain, heriots certain, and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Imberhorne - - -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable Countess De LaWarr and Baroness Buckhurst.	Customary freeholds -	Reliefs, heriots, and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Laughton - - -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable the Earl of Chichester.	Ditto - -	Fines certain and quit-rents.	About half a year's annual value; quit-rents 28 years, minerals included.
Lewes, Borough of - -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable the Earl of Abergavenny (with the Consent of the Commissioner of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues), the Duke of Norfolk, and the Right Honourable the Earl Delawarr.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Ditto.
Marlpost - - -	Ditto -	Robert Henry Hurst, Esquire -	Customary freeholds -	Reliefs, heriots, and free-rents.	Ditto.

ENFRANCHISEMENTS—*continued.*

Manor.	County.	Lord.	Nature of Copyholds.	Incidents of the Manor.	Terms for Enfranchisement.
Rotherfield - -	Sussex -	The Right Honourable the Earl of Abergavenny (with the Consent of the Commissioner of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues).	Copyhold of inheritance	Part fines arbitrary, part fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Sela - - -	Ditto -	The President and Scholars of Magdalen College, Oxford.	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Three-and-a-quarter years' annual value; heriots 50*l.*, quit-rents 25 years, timber 10*l.* 1*s.* 8*d.*, minerals 16*l.* 10*s.*
Shortsfield - - -	Ditto -	Robert Henry Hurst, Esquire -	Customary freeholds -	Reliefs, heriots, and free-rents.	Settled by award.
Sullington - - -	Ditto -	William Wilks Dalbiac, Esquire -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Two reliefs; heriots 118*l.* 15*s.*, free rents 30 years.
Warbleton - - -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable the Earl of Onslow and others as Trustees of "Smith's Charity."	Ditto - -	Reliefs, heriots, and quit rents.	One relief; heriot 25*l.*, quit-rents 25 years.
Wotton - - -	Ditto -	The Right Honourable the Earl of Chichester.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Settled by award.
Kington Great with its Members.	Warwick -	The Right Honourable Lord Willoughby de Broke.	Ditto - -	Fines certain, heriots, and quit-rents.	Three fines, one quarter of a year's annual value; heriot 1*l.* 18*s.* 9*d.*, quit-rents 30 years minerals included.
Ditto - - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Three fines, one quarter of a year's annual value; heriot 16*s.* 6*d.*, quit-rents 30 years, minerals included.
Kington Little, Canbrook, and Brookhampton.	Ditto -	The Right Honourable Lord Willoughby de Broke.	Ditto - -	Ditto - - -	Three fines, one quarter of a year's annual value; heriot 2*l.* 6*s.* 6*d.*, quit-rents 30 years, minera s included.
Downton - -	Ditto -	The Warden and Scholars Clerks of the College of Saint Mary of Winchester near Winchester.	Copyhold for 3 lives -	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents.	Ten-and-a-quarter years' annual value, heriots 6*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.*, quit-rents 14¾ years, minerals included.
Tardebigg - - -	Worcester and Warwick.	The Right Honourable Baroness Windsor.	Copyhold of inheritance	Fines arbitrary and heriots. (Fines certain on admission of heir.)	Settled by award.
Ditto - -	Ditto -	Ditto - - -	Ditto - -	Fines arbitrary, heriots, and quit-rents. (Fines certain on admission of heir.)	Ditto.
Tupcoates with Myton -	York - -	The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the Borough of Kingston-upon-Hull.	Ditto - -	Fines certain and quit-rents.	Four fines, one quarter of a year's annual value; quit-rents 30 years.

COPYHOLD COMMISSION.

COPY of the TWENTY-SEVENTH REPORT of the Copyhold Commissioners to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department;—pursuant to the Act 4 & 5 Vict. c. 35. s. 3.

1869.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

LONDON:
Printed by George E. Eyre and William Spottiswoode,
Printers to the Queen's most Excellent Majesty.
For Her Majesty's Stationery Office.

[4159] 29th. General Report of
the Emigration Commissioners
1869. 8vo Report. See End
of Vol. XIV.

INCLOSURE COMMISSION.

TWENTY-FOURTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF

THE COMMISSIONERS.

1869.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

LONDON:
PRINTED BY GEORGE EDWARD EYRE AND WILLIAM SPOTTISWOODE,
PRINTERS TO THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.
FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE.

[*Price 3d.*] 1869.

INCLOSURE COMMISSION.

REPORT.

TO THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE SECRETARY OF STATE
FOR THE HOME DEPARTMENT.

SIR,

WE have the honour to forward to you the Twenty-fourth Annual Report of our proceedings in the Inclosure Department of the Consolidated Copyhold Inclosure and Tithe Commission.

The number of applications of all kinds since the passing of the Acts has been 5,691.

The number of cases since the last Annual Report is 250.

The following is an Abstract of proceedings:

ABSTRACT OF PROCEEDINGS.

Applications.	Prior to last Report.	In the present Year.	Total.	Confirmed.	Otherwise disposed of.	In progress.
Inclosures - - -	1,169	36	1,205	811	230	164
Exchanges - - -	3,968	206	4,174	3,492	428	254
Partitions - - - -	165	5	170	132	27	11
Conversions into regulated pastures - - - -	2	—	2	2	—	—
Divisions of intermixed lands -	35	1	36	27	5	4
In reference to Local Acts -	47	—	47	39	7	1
To define lost boundaries -	30	1	31	25	4	2
Application of money received under Lands Clauses Consolidation or Railway Acts -	20	1	21	19	1	1
To apportion fixed rents - -	5	—	5	4	1	—
Total	5,441	250	5,691	4,551	703	437

	Acres.
Acreage of inclosures confirmed - - - -	530,605
„ „ in progress - - - -	126,239

We have received the necessary consents to the following proposed inclosures, to which severally we have appended the grounds on which we are of opinion that they are expedient.

None of the lands proposed to be inclosed are situated within the distances named in the 14th section of the 8th and 9th Vict. cap. 118.

1. Skyborrah Hill, in the township of Skyborrah, in the parish of Llanvair Waterdine, containing about 497 acres. Most of the cottages in the parish lie at a distance from the Hill, and on this account, as well as from the great steepness of the hill sides, it is *1. Llanvair Waterdine, County of Salop.*

considered that an allotment for exercise and recreation, or for labouring poor, would be useless: the few cottages near the Hill are already supplied with ample gardens. It is estimated that about a moiety of the land can be converted to arable cultivation, and the inclosure will lead to the improvement of the remainder for sheep pasture.

2. Highbray, County of Devon.

2. Shrewsborough Castle Common, in the parish of Highbray, containing about 177 acres. These lands are waste of a manor. The common lies nearly three miles from the village, where there are only a very few cottages, all of which are provided with gardens; the common is, moreover, in a high and exposed situation, and unsuitable for either an allotment for exercise and recreation, or for the labouring poor. The inclosure will lead to the draining and improvement of the lands, a large portion of which is suited for cultivation.

3. Stoke Orchard, County of Gloucester.

3. Stoke Moor, in the hamlet of Stoke Orchard, in the parish of Bishops Cleeve, containing about 20 acres. This land is subject to limited rights, which prevent its being farmed to the best advantage.

4. Huntley (No. 2.), County of Gloucester.

4. Huntley Hill and Brights Hill Commons, in the parish of Huntley, containing about 78 acres. Waste of a manor. On a recent inclosure in the parish sufficient allotments for exercise and recreation, and for the labouring poor, were set out. The larger portion of these lands could be converted to arable cultivation, in like manner as portions of the commons which have been already inclosed, and which now yield fair crops; the remainder of the tracts could be profitably planted. In their present neglected state the lands afford very little profit to the owners.

5. Harrietsham, County of Kent.

5. Fairbourn Heath, in the parish of Harrietsham, containing about 39 acres. Waste of a manor. Owing to the distance of the Heath from the village (nearly two miles), the unsuitable nature of the ground, and the fact that the cottages are already provided with gardens, no allotments for either exercise and recreation, or for labouring poor, have been set out. The soil of the Heath, though not very fertile, is sufficiently good for arable cultivation, and the clearing of the surface after inclosure would probably lead to the breaking up and tillage of the land. The inclosure will also be the means of abating trespasses, by which the surface is becoming permanently damaged.

6. Hunston (No. 2.), County of Sussex.

6. The Common, in the parish of Hunston, containing about 12 acres. Waste of a manor. There are very few inhabitants in the district, and they never resort to the common for recreation; the dwellings are amply provided with garden ground. The inclosure will lead to the profitable cultivation of the land, and will put an end to trespasses upon it.

7. Lanivet, County of Cornwall.

7. Bokiddick Common, in the parish of Lanivet, containing about 97 acres. There is already a large green in the village which is sufficient for exercise and recreation; and the few cottages near the common have gardens annexed to them. In its present state the land yields but little profit to the owners, and if allotted in severalty its value and productiveness could, by planting and cultivation, be much increased.

8. Tir Abbot Ucha, County of Denbigh.

8. The waste lands of the township of Tir Abbot Ucha, in the parish of Cerrig-y-druidion, containing about 2,550 acres. None of these lands are fit for allotments for exercise and recreation, or for gardens for the labouring poor, and there are no inhabitants living near the wastes to avail themselves of such allotments if they were to be set out. The inclosure will lead to a settlement of the rights of the parties interested, and will put a stop to encroachments.

9. Withypool, County of Somerset.

9. Withypool Common, in the parish of Withypool, containing about 1,904 acres. Waste of a manor. Nearly the whole of this large tract of land could, after inclosure, be profitably converted to arable cultivation; whereas at present it lies in a neglected state, and is impoverished by the paring and removal of the surface.

10. Wisley Common, in the parish of Wisley, containing about 375 acres. Waste of a manor. The parish is very thinly populated, and the cottages lie dispersed; each of them has a garden annexed to it, and an allotment for the labouring poor has, therefore, not been required. The pasturage of the common is of very small value, but nearly the whole extent might, when cleared, be broken up and profitably converted to arable cultivation. 10. Wisley, County of Surrey.

11. The Cowdown, the Dale, and Woolstanbury Hill, in the parish of Piecombe, containing about 318 acres. The rights over these lands are limited by numbers or stints. The lands could be much improved if held in severalty, and the inclosure would further lead to a settlement of the rights of the parties, which are now the subject of dispute. 11. Piecombe, County of Sussex.

12. Saxlingham Common, in the parishes of Saxlingham-Nethergate, and Saxlingham Thorpe, containing about 60 acres. Waste of a manor. As there is a village green in the place consisting of 7 or 8 acres, an allotment for exercise and recreation has not been required. The inclosure will enable the owners, by draining and otherwise, to reclaim the land, which at present affords but little pasturage, and is much overstocked. 12. Saxlingham, County of Norfolk.

13. Lightwood Green and Knolton Bryn, in the parish of Overton, containing about 39 acres. The population being agricultural and engaged in open air employment, and the lands being at a considerable distance from the village, an allotment for exercise and recreation has not been required, and the cottages are already supplied with gardens. The anticipated advantages of the inclosure are the increased productiveness of the land, and the useful employment of labour; the land at present is of very little value, but is capable of being much improved. 13. Overton, County of Flint.

14. Kirton Marsh, in the parish of Kirton, containing about 750 acres. As the bulk of the parishioners live about two miles and a half from the Marsh, and as the few cottages near to it are provided with garden ground, no allotment for exercise and recreation or for the labouring poor has been set out. Owing to the flow of the tidal water over the surface, the Marsh can at present only be used for sheep pasture; but when the water has been excluded by an embankment, the entire tract might be profitably converted to arable cultivation, in like manner as the adjoining marsh, which is now under tillage. 14. Kirton, County of Lincoln.

The average expense of the inclosure proceedings, as far as this office is concerned, up to the time of the assents to the Provisional Orders, including any expense which may have attended these assents, and which leaves the case ready for Parliament to deal with, is £15 19*s*. 7*d*.

STATEMENT OF THE PROCEEDINGS which have taken place since the Inclosures have been sanctioned.

Act authorizing Inclosure.	Inclosure.	County.	Estimated Number of Acres. A.	R.	P.	Date of Valuer's Appointment.	Report of Valuer received.	Meeting to hear Objections to Report.	Award confirmed.
11 & 12 Vict. c. 27.	Itton Moor - -	Devon -	185	0	0	1848 August 29			
„	Hesketh Marsh - -	Lancaster -	494	0	0	„ September 14	1866 September 18	1868 December 1	
15 Vict. c. 2.	Billinge - - -	Lancaster -	150	0	0	1852 May 18			
16 & 17 Vict. c. 120.	Old Storridge Common -	Worcester -	84	0	0	1853 September 27	1868 January 10	„ December 2	
17 Vict. c. 9.	Porlock - - -	Somerset -	1,866	0	0	1854 June 17	1864 March 18	1866 July 3	1868 May 28
„	Wootton Courtney -	Somerset -	1,334	0	0	„ June 19	1865 June 7	1868 August 12	
19 Vict. c. 11.	Wiggenhall Mead and Middle Moor Mead - -	Hertford -	92	0	0	1856 May 15	„ December 4	1866 June 15	
„	West Chiltington -	Sussex - -	115	0	0	„ May 20	„ June 19	1867 June 14	„ June 4
„	Llanteague Common -	Pembroke -	200	0	0	„ May 16	1864 November 5	1868 March 3	„ November 26
„	Hexton - - -	Hertford -	36	0	0	„ November 4			
19 & 20 Vict. c. 106.	Brixham - - -	Devon -	130	0	0	„ September 3	1865 October 7	1867 October 4	„ October 1
20 Vict. c. 5.	Chiltington Common -	Sussex - -	115	0	0	1857 April 29	„ October 25	„ June 14	„ May 7
20 & 21 Vict. c. 20.	Hirwain Common - -	Glamorgan -	3,318	0	0	„ September 8	1866 August 29	„ October 2	
21 Vict. c. 8.	Soberton - - -	Southampton -	481	0	0	1858 April 27	1865 May 3	„ May 17	„ March 26
21 & 22 Vict. c. 61.	Cornborough - - -	York - -	26	0	0	„ September 13			
„	Draughton Moor - -	York - -	300	0	0	„ September 15	1864 December 13	„ May 4	„ August 26
22 Vict. c. 3.	Kirkby Ireleth - -	Lancaster -	300	0	0	1859 May 3	1866 May 17	1866 August 28	„ June 18
23 & 24 Vict. c. 55.	Dorstone - -	Hereford -	463	0	0	1860 September 17	1867 May 10	1867 November 13	„ September 8
„	Charlton in Wantage -	Berks - -	1,346	0	0	„ September 18	1864 October 1	1866 February 13	„ April 16
24 Vict. c. 1.	Amberley Manor - -	Sussex - -	200	0	0	1861 May 11			
„	Cannock - - -	Stafford - -	2,917	0	0	„ May 11	1865 December 2	1867 February 26	„ February 6
„	Ribbleton Moor - -	Lancaster -	109	0	0	„ May 11	1864 November 9	1868 December 14	

Statement of the Proceedings which have taken place since the Inclosures have been sanctioned—*continued.*

Act authorizing Inclosure.	Inclosure.	County.	Estimated Number of Acres. A.	R.	P.	Date of Valuer's Appointment.	Report of Valuer received.	Meeting to hear Objections to Report.	Award confirmed.
24 Vict. c. 1.	Lillingston Dayrell and Passenham.	Bucks and Northampton	54	0	0	1862 July 24			
„	Carlton in Craven -	York - -	1,250	0	0	1861 May 7			
„	Longdon - - -	Worcester -	126	0	0	„ May 9			
24 & 25 Vict. c. 38.	Writtle and Roxwell -	Essex - -	709	0	0	„ September 30	1868 July 14		
25 & 26 Vict. c. 47.	Kirkoswald - - -	Cumberland -	2,500	0	0	1862 November 20			
„	Crane Mead and Amwell Marsh - - -	Hertford -	82	0	0	„ September 23	1866 April 14	1867 July 4	
„	Llanfechell Mountain -	Anglesey -	283	0	0	„ October 20	1867 March 14	„ September 6	
„	Thingwall - - -	Chester - -	25	0	0	„ September 10	1866 May 5	„ January 21	1868 August 5
25 & 26 Vict. c. 94.	Ceulan-y-maes-mawr, and Lancynfelin - -	Cardigan -	2,086	0	0	1863 January 30	1867 June 26		
„	Llanfihangel Geneurglyn	Cardigan -	206	0	0	„ January 30	„ June 26		
„	Scyborycoed - -	Cardigan -	244	0	0	„ January 30	„ June 26		
„	Swydd Neithon -	Radnor -	2,749	0	0	1862 September 8	„ August 2	1868 May 12	
„	Norton Canes - -	Stafford -	994	0	0	„ September 9	1868 September 25		
26 Vict. c. 18.	Meliden - -	Flint - -	600	0	0	1863 June 15	1865 June 7	1867 September 20	
„	Bishop's Waltham -	Southampton -	157	0	0	„ June 26	1866 July 17	1868 July 29	
„	East Clandon - -	Surrey -	399	0	0	„ June 17	1865 August 31	1866 July 19	„ April 30
„	Llysfaen - -	Carnarvon -	283	0	0	„ August 17	1866 November 30		
„	Saint David's - -	Pembroke -	234	0	0	„ June 18	1865 January 18	1865 December 14	
„	Grayrigg - - -	Westmorland -	1,022	0	0	„ June 25	„ November 28	1867 November 12	„ May 14
„	Ockham - -	Surrey -	405	0	0	„ June 18	1866 June 25		
„	Swaffham - - -	Norfolk -	4,293	0	0	„ June 15	1867 June 15	1868 May 29	
26 & 27 Vict. c. 39.	Cockfield Fell - -	Durham -	620	0	0	„ September 2	„ April 2	1867 November 26	„ April 16
„	Albury - - -	Hertford -	302	0	0	„ September 3	1865 July 11	1866 July 18	
„	Baxterley Commons -	Warwick -	55	0	0	„ September 4	1867 January 21	1867 September 25	„ March 12
„	Ywchcoed - - -	Radnor - -	2,761	0	0	„ September 2	1868 October 13		
„	Westhope Hill - - -	Hereford -	86	0	0	„ September 3			
„	Rhysllyn - - -	Radnor -	2,261	0	0	„ September 2	„ April 21		
„	Llangwm - - -	Denbigh -	3,455	0	0	„ October 27	1866 June 2	„ June 18	

Statement of the Proceedings which have taken place since the Inclosures have been sanctioned—*continued.*

Act authorizing Inclosure.	Inclosure.	County.	Estimated Number of Acres. A.	R.	P.	Date of Valuer's Appointment.	Report of Valuer received.	Meeting to hear Objections to Report.	Award confirmed.
26 & 27 Vict. c. 39. -	Llanfihangel-glyn-Myfir -	Denbigh and Merioneth -	1,188	0	0	1863 November 25	1866 June 1	1867 June 19	
„	Bisley - - -	Gloucester -	891	0	0	„ October 20	1867 February 14	1868 August 31	
„	Llandewi-brefi - -	Cardigan -	17,278	0	0	„ October 29			
„	Stanstead Marsh - -	Hertford -	18	0	0	„ November 10	1868 June 25		
„	The Rye Meads - -	Hertford -	153	0	0	„ November 10	„ June 25		
„	Castle Mead or Causeway Mead - - -	Hertford -	17	0	0	„ November 10	„ June 25		
27 Vict. c. 1.	Wooler and Humbleton -	Northumberland	531	0	0	1864 May 6	1866 October 5	1867 August 9	
„	Ayle Common - -	Northumberland	1,715	0	0	„ May 4	1867 May 10	1868 February 4	1868 July 9
„	Ennerdale - - -	Cumberland -	11,000	0	0	„ May 3	1866 September 5	„ November 10	
„	Nantwich Barony - -	Chester - -	34	0	0	„ June 8	1867 November 9	„ October 13	
„	Bedingfield - -	Suffolk - -	22	0	0	„ May 3	1868 February 24	„ December 17	
„	Slindon - - -	Sussex - -	862	0	0	„ May 5	„ March 19		
„	Blackwell - - -	Worcester - -	820	0	0	„ May 3	1865 February 8	1866 April 4	„ October 30
„	Briston - - -	Norfolk - -	260	0	0	„ May 5	1868 September 24		
„	Berrington - - -	Worcester - -	39	0	0	„ September 22	1867 September 14	1868 February 19	„ August 5
27 & 28 Vict. c. 66.	Faddiley - -	Chester - -	17	0	0	„ August 30	„ March 2	1867 November 22	
„	Hartleyburn - -	Northumberland	2,500	0	0	„ August 31	1866 October 1	„ July 17	
„	Ruffside - - -	Durham - -	955	0	0	„ September 5			
„	Great Gidding - -	Huntingdon -	1,777	0	0	„ October 26	„ March 2	„ February 12	
„	Whitton - - -	Radnor - -	740	0	0	„ August 31	1867 May 28	„ November 19	
„	Eversley - -	Southampton -	1,211	0	0	„ August 29	1865 November 9	1866 July 2	„ May 14
„	Havant - - -	Southampton -	891	0	0	„ September 8	1868 May 15		
„	Leake - - -	York - -	140	0	0	„ October 17	„ March 20	1868 December 17	
„	Greystone Heath and Doe Green - -	Lancaster -	95	0	0	„ September 9	1866 June 12	1867 March 29	
„	Eltisley - - -	Cambridge -	1,473	0	0	„ September 7	„ September 10	„ October 18	„ April 24
„	Lambley - - -	Northumberland	450	0	0	„ September 6	„ October 1	„ October 3	„ July 9
„	Avon Commons - -	Southampton -	1,268	0	0	„ September 10	1867 October 1	1868 October 15	
„	Ashley Heath - -	Southampton -	2,641	0	0	„ September 10	„ October 28	„ August 4	„ December 18
„	Rose Ash - - -	Devon - -	452	0	0	„ November 14	1868 September 18		
„	Combmartin - -	Devon - -	1,294	0	0	„ October 13	1867 October 28		
„	Rugeley - - -	Stafford - -	5,055	0	0	„ September 8			

Statement of the Proceedings which have taken place since the Inclosures have been sanctioned—*continued.*

Act authorizing Inclosure.	Inclosure.	County.	Estimated Number of Acres. A.	R.	P.	Date of Valuer's Appointment.	Report of Valuer received.	Meeting to hear Objections to Report.	Award confirmed.
28 Vict. c. 20.	Maerbach Hill - -	Hereford -	72	0	0	1865 June 22	-		
„	Elmley Lovett - -	Worcester -	165	0	0	„ June 20			
„	Helmsley Common -	York - -	162	0	0	„ June 23	1866 May 23	1867 December 10	1868 June 18
„	Asby Winderwath -	Westmorland -	1,700	0	0	„ June 23	1868 March 7		
„	Gamblesby Fell - -	Cumberland -	1,500	0	0	„ June 21	1866 July 5	„ July 16	„ June 11
„	Elmbridge - -	Worcester -	38	0	0	„ June 20			
„	Reepham Moor - -	Lincoln -	19	0	0	„ June 20	1868 September 11		
„	Epsom Common Fields -	Surrey - -	535	0	0	„ June 21	„ June 9	1868 December 19	
„	Broad Heath Common or Hanley Heath - -	Worcester -	92	0	0	„ June 22	„ December 5		
„	Trumfleet - -	York - -	141	0	0	„ June 23			
„	Llawrbante - - -	Carmarthen -	23	0	0	„ June 20	1866 July 19	1867 May 29	„ February 6
„	Abernant - -	Carmarthen -	68	0	0	„ June 20	„ August 6	„ May 28	„ February 6
28 Vict. c. 39.	Llangeler, Pemboyr, and Kilrhedin - -	Carmarthen -	2,526	0	0	„ August 1			
„	Bradwell - - -	Derby - -	45	0	0	„ August 1			
„	Longsleddale - -	Westmorland -	1,990	0	0	„ August 2	„ December 12	„ August 2	„ June 4
„	Longville Common -	Salop - -	80	0	0	„ August 1	„ November 1	„ June 12	
„	Selston - - -	Nottingham -	850	0	0	„ December 12			
„	Chipping Wycombe -	Buckingham -	347	0	0	„ August 9	1867 August 31	1868 July 28	
„	Chidden Down - -	Southampton -	339	0	0	„ August 4			
„	Anthill Common -	Southampton -	87	0	0	„ August 4			
„	Brumby Commons -	Lincoln -	817	0	0	„ August 3			
„	Brumby Moors - -	Lincoln -	612	0	0	„ August 3			
„	Nuthurst - -	Sussex -	36	0	0	„ August 1	„ May 27	„ November 13	
„	Stinchcombe - -	Gloucester -	202	0	0	„ August 1	„ July 8	„ September 1	
„	Addingham - -	York - -	845	0	0	„ August 3			
„	Bootle and Waberthwaite -	Cumberland -	950	0	0	„ August 1	„ June 28		
„	Cefnllys - - -	Radnor - -	217	0	0	„ September 5	1866 December 19	1867 July 5	
„	Roughton - -	Norfolk -	378	0	0	„ August 8	1868 September 21		
„	Bettws Gwerfil Goch -	Merioneth -	998	0	0	„ August 1	1867 March 14	„ September 10	1869 January 22
29 Vict. c. 29.	Walsall Wood - -	Stafford - -	400	0	0	1866 June 26			
„	Bathford and Warleigh -	Somerset -	154	0	0	„ July 5	1868 January 17	1869 January 21	
„	Charing and Lenham -	Kent - -	72	0	0	„ June 28	1867 June 22	1868 May 1	1868 October 1
„	Preston Candover -	Southampton -	220	0	0	„ July 3	1868 September 15		

Statement of the Proceedings which have taken place since the Inclosures have been sanctioned—*continued.*

Act authorizing Inclosure.	Inclosure.	County.	Estimated Number of Acres. A. R. P.	Date of Valuer's Appointment.	Report of Valuer received.	Meeting to hear Objections to Report.	Award confirmed.
29 Vict. c. 29.	Warmwell	Dorset	630 0 0	1866 July 4	1867 June 28	1867 December 10	1868 June 11
"	Chillington	Somerset	27 0 0	" July 6			
"	Coaley	Gloucester	154 0 0	" July 6			
"	Cam	Gloucester	166 0 0	" July 6			
"	Minsterworth (No. 2.)	Gloucester	400 0 0	" July 4			
"	Southey	Southampton	181 0 0	" June 28	1868 February 3	1868 May 7	" December 31
"	Hill	Gloucester	25 0 0	" July 3	1867 May 27	1867 December 11	" July 30
"	Lockton	York	2,868 0 0	" July 4			
29 & 30 Vict. c. 94.	Saint Julliot	Cornwall	440 0 0	" September 17	1868 February 12	1869 January 19	
"	Widdington	Essex	820 0 0	" September 20			
"	Mynydd Bodafon	Anglesey	115 0 0	" September 18			
"	Coventry (No. 2.)	Warwick	52 0 0	" October 3			
"	Wainfleet	Lincoln	100 0 0	" September 19	" October 19		
"	Aspeden	Hertford	375 0 0	" September 18			
"	Hopton Wafers	Salop	237 0 0	" September 18	1867 April 10	1867 September 24	" April 23
"	Throcking	Hertford	106 0 0	" September 20	1868 July 9	1868 November 12	
30 Vict. c. 20.	Chard	Somerset	40 0 0	1867 August 15			
"	Chippenham and Langley Burrell	Wilts	37 0 0	" July 2	" January 8	" September 2	
"	Colkirk	Norfolk	76 0 0	" July 3	" December 24		
"	Tatterford	Norfolk	75 0 0	" July 2	" March 13	" July 2	
"	Dawlish	Devon	177 0 0	" September 23			
"	Saint Pinnock	Cornwall	113 0 0	" July 17			
"	Manley	Chester	54 0 0	" July 3			
"	Greasby	Chester	21 0 0	" July 1	" April 17	" October 6	
"	Shap	Westmorland	308 0 0	" July 2			
"	Fakenham	Norfolk	163 0 0	" July 3			
"	Boughton	Nottingham	144 0 0	" July 4			
"	Crimscott and Whimpstone	Warwick	1,161 0 0	" July 2	" November 23		
30 & 31 Vict. c. 71.	Elham	Kent	33 0 0	" September 10			
"	Whitson	Monmouth	50 0 0	" September 11			
"	Shimpling and Burston	Norfolk	38 0 0	" September 12			
"	Elsdon (Troughend)	Northumberland	1,152 0 0	" September 10			
"	Foulk Stapleford	Chester	48 0 0	" September 11	" November 10		

Statement of the Proceedings which have taken place since the Inclosures have been sanctioned—*continued.*

Act authorizing Inclosure.	Inclosure.	County.	Estimated Number of Acres.	Date of Valuer's Appointment.	Report of Valuer received.	Meeting to hear Objections to Report.	Award confirmed.
			A. R. P.				
31 Vict. c. 31.	Grange of Gwyddgryg -	Carmarthen -	1,064 0 0	1868 August 26			
"	Hunston - - -	Sussex - -	78 0 0	" July 15			
"	Heyop, &c. - -	Radnor - -	1,500 0 0	" July 7			
"	Elsdon (Rochester) -	Northumberland	305 0 0	" July 7			
"	East Stoke - -	Dorset - -	477 0 0	" July 7			
"	South Clifton Marsh -	Nottingham -	49 0 0	" July 7			
"	Golden Mile Common -	Glamorgan -	84 0 0	" July 7			
"	WestGrinstead and Cowfold	Sussex - -	105 0 0	" July 23			
"	Christchurch - - -	Southampton -	287 0 0	" September 3			
31 & 32 Vict. c. 82.	Longhope - - -	Gloucester -	440 0 0	" September 8			
"	Old Radnor - - -	Radnor - -	412 0 0	" August 26			
"	Grimstone - - -	Norfolk - -	460 0 0	" August 11			
"	Ripon (Dacre) - -	York - -	1,638 0 0	" August 11			
"	Chirbury (Priest Weston)	Salop - -	227 0 0	" August 11			
"	Upottery - - -	Devon - -	36 0 0	" August 14			
"	Badgeworth - -	Gloucester -	110 0 0	" August 14			
"	Badgeworth (Bentham) -	Gloucester -	80 0 0	" August 14			
			132,707 0 0				
		Less	24,589 0 0	Acreage of Inclosures confirmed since last Report.			
			108,118 0 0	In progress.			

Applications for Inclosures not yet sanctioned.

[The Cases marked P are those to which the proper Assents have been given to the Provisional Order, and are in a state to be included in the Annual General Bill.]

Date of Application.		Inclosure.	County.	Estimated Number of Acres.	Assistant Commissioner's Inquiry Meeting.	Date of Provisional Order.	Allotment to Lord of Manor.	Allotment for Exercise and Recreation.	Allotment for Labouring Poor.	Consents to Provisional Order received.	Remarks.
				A. R. P.				A. R. P.	A. R. P.		
1864 March 15	P.	Tir Abbot Ucha	Denbigh	2,550 0 0	1864 April 19	1865 June 15	-	-	-	1868 Nov. 3	
April 12		Pelsall	Stafford	215 0 0	-	-	-	-	-	-	Abandoned.
April 20		Sageston	Pembroke	25 0 0	-	-	-	-	-	-	"
May 30		Biggleswade	Bedford	315 0 0	-	-	-	-	-	-	"
June 22		Birtley Fell	Durham	335 0 0	Aug. 11	-	-	-	-	-	"
Sept. 23		Woodham Walter	Essex	75 0 0	Nov. 3	1864 Dec. 16	1-4th	2 0 0	4 0 0	-	"
1865 June 20		Kempsey	Worcester	507 0 0	1866 Mar. 21	-	-	-	-	-	"
Aug. 18		Bulvan	Essex	223 0 0	1865 Nov. 14	1865 Nov. 30	20 acres	2 0 0	3 0 0	-	"
Oct. 17		Withiel	Cornwall	129 0 0	Dec. 19	1866 Jan. 11	-	-	-	-	"
1866 Jan. 19		Stuston Common	Suffolk	146 0 0	1866 Feb. 20	-	-	-	-	-	"
Feb. 13		Lydd	Kent	475 0 0	-	-	-	-	-	-	"
April 4		Lakenheath	Suffolk	2,329 0 0	June 27	-	-	-	-	-	"
July 9		Altarnun	Cornwall	135 0 0	Nov. 21						
Sept. 25		Alverstoke	Southampton	29 0 0	-	-	-	-	-	-	"
Oct. 31		Grasmere (Great Langdale).	Westmorland	5,067 0 0	Dec. 11	-	-	-	-	-	"
1867 Jan. 5		Haworth (Stanbury)	York	1,000 0 0	1867 Mar. 8	-	-	-	-	-	"

Applications for Inclosures not yet sanctioned—*continued.*

Date of Application.	Inclosure.	County.	Estimated Number of Acres.	Assistant Commissioner's Inquiry Meeting.	Date of Provisional Order.	Allotment to Lord of Manor.	Allotment for Exercise and Recreation.	Allotment for Labouring Poor.	Consents to Provisional Order received.	Remarks.
1867			A. R. P.	1867			A. R. P.	A. R. P.		
March 8	Crosthwaite (Borrow-dale).	Cumberland	800 0 0	April 23						
May 6	Llanganhafal	Denbigh	1,005 0 0	June 20						
June 7	Sherfield-upon-Loddon.	Southampton	18 0 0	July 20						
June 19	Holyhead (No. 2.)	Anglesey	192 0 0	Aug. 29	-	-	-	-	-	Abandoned.
June 24	Snodland	Kent	100 0 0	Aug. 31	-	-	-	-	-	"
Oct. 22	Widdial	Hertford	332 0 0	Dec. 19	-	-	-	-	-	"
Dec. 20	Layston	Hertford	410 0 0	1868 Jan. 21	-	-	-	-	-	"
1868					1868				1868	
Jan. 4	P. Highbray	Devon	177 0 0	June 5	June 18	1-20th, inclusively	-	-	July 15	
Feb. 8	Riccall	York	1,245 0 0	-	-	-	-	-	-	"
Feb. 14	P. Withypool	Somerset	1,904 0 0	June 4	Nov. 19	1-16th, inclusively	1 0 0	5 0 0	Dec. 9	
Feb. 19	Elmstone Hardwicke	Gloucester	630 0 0	April 30	July 2					
Mar. 31	P. Llanfair Waterdine	Salop	497 0 0	June 9	June 25	1-14th, inclusively	-	-	July 11	
Mar. 31	Steventon	Berks	1,373 0 0							
April 2	Milton (Chewton)	Southampton	80 0 0							
April 6	Felixtow	Suffolk	100 0 0	May 26						
April 7	P. Saxlingham	Norfolk	60 0 0	June 11	June 25	1-14th, inclusively	-	1 0 0	1869 Jan. 21	
April 7	P. Overton	Flint	39 0 0	May 18	May 28	1-12th, exclusively	-	-	Jan. 25	

Applications for Inclosures not yet sanctioned—*continued.*

Date of Application.	Inclosure.	County.	Estimated Number of Acres.	Assistant Commissioner's Inquiry Meeting.	Date of Provisional Order.	Allotment to Lord of Manor.	Allotment for Exercise and Recreation.	Allotment for Labouring Poor.	Consents to Provisional Order received.	Remarks.
1868			A. R. P.	1868	1868		A. R. P.		1868	
April 18	P. Harrietsham -	Kent - -	39 0 0	June 13	July 2	1-4th, inclusively -	- -	- -	Aug. 4	
April 23	P. Huntley (No. 2.) -	Gloucester -	78 0 0	June 18	July 2	1-14th, inclusively -	- -	- -	Aug. 3	
May 6	P. Stoke Orchard -	Gloucester -	20 0 0	June 19	July 2	- - - -	- -	- -	July 29	
May 7	P. Piecombe - -	Sussex - -	318 0 0	July 24	Dec. 2	33 acres, inclusively -	- -	- -	1869 Jan. 9	
May 16	Alston - -	Cumberland -	2,878 0 0	June 30						
May 21	Layston and Widdial	Hertford -	764 0 0	Sept. 30	Nov. 19					
May 25	P. Lanivet - -	Cornwall -	97 0 0	Aug. 6	Aug. 18	- - - -	- -	- -	1868 Sept. 26	
May 30	P. Hunston (No. 2.) -	Sussex - -	12 0 0	July 14	July 30	1-15th, inclusively -	- -	- -	Aug. 28	
Aug. 7	P. Kirton - -	Lincoln - -	750 0 0	Dec. 15	1869 Jan. 7	- - - -	- -	- -	1869 Jan. 25	
Sept. 18	Llanfair Waterdine (No. 2.)	Salop - -	1,600 0 0	1869 Jan. 15						
Sept. 29	P. Wisley - -	Surrey - -	375 0 0	1868 Nov. 28	1868 Dec. 11	1-8th, inclusively -	2 0 0	- -	Jan. 7	
Oct. 6	Christon - -	Somerset -	85 0 0							
Oct. 20	Wolstanton - -	Stafford -	31 0 0	Dec. 29						
Oct. 31	Felkirk (Brierley, &c.)	York - -	239 0 0	Dec. 31						
Nov. 3	Addingham (Heathness).	York - -	21 0 0	Dec. 8						
Dec. 2	Maltby - -	York - -	80 0 0							
Dec. 21	Evercreech - -	Somerset -	59 0 0							

Applications for Inclosures not yet sanctioned—*continued.*

Date of Application.	Inclosure.	County.	Estimated Number of Acres.	Assistant Commissioner's Inquiry Meeting.	Date of Provisional Order.	Allotment to Lord of Manor.	Allotment for Exercise and Recreation.	Allotment for Labouring Poor.	Consents to Provisional Order received.	Remarks.
1869			A. R. P.	1868						
Jan. 5	Lythe (Ugthorpe) -	York - -	500 0 0							
Jan. 25	Landewednack -	Cornwal -	460 0 0							
Jan. 30	Myndtown - -	Salop - -	347 0 0							
			31,270 0 0							
		Less -	13,149 0 0	Acreage of Inclosures abandoned since last Report.						
			18,121 0 0	In progress.						

Other Applications.

Date of Application.	Applications.	County.	Notice given.	Order confirmed.	Remarks.
1860 June 5	For exchange	Gloucester.			
„ June 27	„	Dorset.			
„ Sept. 6	„	Herts.			
„ Oct. 5	„	Kent.			
1861 April 19	„	Brecon -	1861 June 20		
„ April 19	„	Brecon -	„ June 20		
„ Sept. 4	„	Hereford.			
1862 Feb. 8	„	Leicester.			
„ Feb. 22	„	Somerset and Dorset.			
„ April 23	„	Stafford.			
„ May 8	„	Anglesey.			
„ May 17	„	Essex - -	1868 Oct. 1		
„ June 2	„	Cumberland -	1862 Sept. 18		
„ July 19	„	Cumberland.			
„ Aug. 5	„	Stafford -	1862 Sept. 1		
„ Aug. 18	„	Kent.			
„ Oct. 16	„	Bucks -	1863 March 19		
„ Nov. 22	„	Cardigan.			
1863 Jan. 15	„	Bucks.			
„ Jan. 21	„	York.			
„ Jan. 21	„	York.			
„ April 14	„	Chester.			
„ May 13	„	Derby.			
„ July 18	„	Suffolk.			
„ Sept. 25	„	Brecon -	1868 Feb. 13	1868 June 25	
„ Oct. 5	„	Dorset.			
„ Oct. 5	„	Norfolk.			
„ Nov. 5	„	Bucks.			
„ Nov. 5	„	Bucks.			
„ Nov. 25	„	Devon -	1868 Sept. 8		
„ Nov. 28	„	Bucks.			
„ Dec. 5	„	York - -	1867 Nov. 14	1868 March 26	
„ Dec. 5	„	Monmouth.			
„ Dec. 22	„	Devon.			
1864 Jan. 28	„	Lancaster.			
„ Feb. 3	„	Hereford.			
„ Feb. 22	„	Kent.			
„ March 4	„	Oxford.			
„ March 8	„	Stafford.			
„ April 25	„	Stafford -	1865 Feb. 23		
„ May 26	„	Glamorgan.			
„ June 14	„	York -	1868 Mar. 5	1868 Aug. 26	
„ Aug. 8	„	Monmouth and Gloucester.			
„ Aug. 29	„	Stafford -	1864 Nov. 24		
„ Oct. 20	„	Herts.			

Date of Application.	Applications.	County.	Notice given.	Order confirmed.	Remarks.
1864 Nov. 23	For exchange	Devon.			
„ Dec. 19	„	Lancaster.			
1865 Jan. 10	„	York.			
„ Feb. 2	„	Stafford -	1867 Nov. 7	1868 March 26	
„ Feb. 4	„	Lancaster -	„ Nov. 7	„ Nov. 5	
„ Feb. 11	„	Brecon -	„ Aug. 2	1868 May 7	
„ March 21	„	Wilts - -	1868 April 8	„ Oct. 1	
„ June 3	„	Cambridge -	1868 Feb. 13	„ July 2	
„ June 26	„	Somerset -	1867 Dec. 5	„ June 25	
„ July 1	„	Lincoln.			
„ Aug. 1	„	Lancaster.			
„ Aug. 10	„	Chester -	1865 Oct. 26		
„ Aug. 18	„	Dorset.			
„ Sept. 12	„	Southampton -	1866 Jan. 25		
„ Sept. 15	„	Derby and Stafford.	1867 Dec. 5	1868 April 23	
	„				
„ Oct. 2	„	Leicester.			
„ Oct. 3	„	Worcester -	„ Oct. 4	1868 June 11	
„ Dec. 28	„	York and Lancaster.	„ Sept. 27	- - -	Withdrawn.
1866 Jan. 8	„	Kent - -	1866 July 12		
„ Jan. 16	„	Sussex - -	1867 Sept. 26	1868 Feb. 13	
„ Jan. 17	„	Northampton & Southampton.	1868 July 16	„ Dec. 24	
„ Jan. 29	„	Herts -	1867 Feb. 14	„ June 18	
„ Feb. 8	„	Surrey.			
„ Feb. 15	„	Derby -	„ July 23	1869 Jan. 22	
„ March 9	„	Herts - -	1866 June 14		
„ March 16	„	Surrey.			
„ April 20	„	Suffolk - -	1868 Jan. 16	1868 July 16	
„ April 25	„	Somerset.			
„ April 30	„	Somerset -	1868 May 28	1868 Oct. 15	
„ May 5	„	Brecon -	„ Sept. 8	- - -	Withdrawn.
„ June 5	„	Gloucester.			
„ June 11	„	Leicester -	1867 Sept. 26	1868 Feb. 27	
„ June 15	„	Middlesex.			
„ June 16	„	Sussex -	- - -	- - -	Abandoned.
„ June 28	„	Anglesey -	1867 Jan. 24	„ May 21	
„ June 29	„	Norfolk -	- - -	- - -	Withdrawn.
„ June 30	„	Hereford.			
„ July 16	„	Norfolk.			
„ July 28	„	York and Lancaster.	1867 Nov. 28	1868 June 11	
„ July 26	„	Surrey -	1868 May 7	„ Oct. 1	
„ Aug. 3	„	Berks -	1867 Nov. 7	„ April 6	
„ Aug. 3	„	Oxford -	1868 May 28	„ Dec. 2	
„ Aug. 28	„	York -	1867 Sept. 26	„ April 8	

Other Applications—*continued.*

Date of Application.	Applications.	County.	Notice given.	Order confirmed.	Remarks.
1866 Sept. 3	For exchange	Stafford -	1867 March 7	1868 May 28	
,, Sept. 25	,,	Somerset -	,, July 11	,, May 7	
,, Oct. 11	,,	Essex.			
,, Oct. 13	,,	Merioneth -	1868 March 5	- - -	One of the parties dead.
,, Oct. 31	,,	York - -	1867 Feb. 28	,, March 26	
,, Nov. 2	,,	Dorset.			
,, Nov. 6	,,	Surrey -	,, Feb. 7	,, Aug. 18	
,, Nov. 20	,,	Leicester.			
,, Dec. 13	,,	Chester -	,, Oct. 4	,, Feb. 20	
,, Dec. 19	,,	Hereford -	- - -	- - -	Abandoned.
,, Dec. 29	,,	Salop -	,, Sept. 4	,, April 8	
1867 Jan. 19	,,	Herts.			
,, Jan. 26	,,	Hereford -	1868 May 21	,, Oct. 22	
,, Jan. 26	,,	Hereford -	,, May 14	,, Oct. 1	
,, Jan. 29	,,	Notts - -	1867 July 11	,, Feb. 20	
,, Feb. 1	,,	Hereford.			
,, Feb. 4	,,	York -	,, June 20	,, March 12	
,, Feb. 5	,,	Wilts - -	,, Nov. 21	,, April 30	
,, Feb. 5	,,	Denbigh -	,, Nov. 7		
,, Feb. 9	,,	Wilts and Somerset.	,, Sept. 26	,, Feb. 27	
,, Feb. 11	,,	Dorset -	,, Nov. 6	,, April 23	
,, Feb. 15	,,	Gloucester -	,, Sept. 12	,, Feb. 13	
,, Feb. 15	,,	Derby and Stafford.	,, Aug. 22	,, Feb. 6	
,, Feb. 20	,,	Somerset -	,, Sept. 12	,, Feb. 13	
,, Feb. 25	,,	Hereford -	,, Nov. 28	,, April 8	
,, March 1	,,	Devon -	,, Nov. 28	,, April 8	
,, March 4	,,	Kent - -	1868 Dec. 10		
,, March 7	,,	Denbigh and Carnarvon.	1867 Nov. 28	,, April 23	
,, March 11	,,	Sussex -	1868 June 4	,, Nov. 19	
,, March 12	,,	Leicester and Derby.	,, June 18	,, Nov. 12	
,, March 14	,,	Gloucester.			
,, March 20	,,	Lincoln and Northampton.	,, July 23		
,, March 21	,,	Dorset.			
,, March 21	,,	Stafford -	,, July 23	1869 Jan. 22	
,, March 21	,,	Southampton -	,, Sept. 26	1868 June 11	
,, March 23	,,	Essex -	,, April 2	- - -	One party dead.
,, April 10	,,	Gloucester -	1867 Dec. 12	,, May 7	
,, April 12	,,	Lincoln -	,, Aug. 22	,, March 26	
,, April 15	,,	Chester -	1868 Jan. 2	1868 June 25	
,, April 16	,,	Gloucester -	1867 Sept. 5	,, Feb. 20	
,, April 24	,,	Somerset -	,, Nov. 28	,, June 11	
,, April 24	,,	Merioneth -	,, Aug. 22	,, Feb. 6	

Date of Application.	Applications.	County.	Notice given.	Order confirmed.	Remarks.
1867 April 30	For exchange	Suffolk -	1868 March 26	1868 Dec. 2	
,, April 30	,,	Brecon -	,, Jan. 2	,, June 4	
,, April 30	,,	Herts.			
,, May 4	,,	Essex.			
,, May 9	,,	York -	1867 Nov. 7	,, March 26	
,, May 9	,,	Montgomery -	1868 June 11	,, Oct. 15	
,, May 18	,,	York - -	1867 Nov. 28	,, May 14	
,, May 21	,,	Somerset -	1868 May 21	,, Oct. 22	
,, May 23	,,	Kent - -	1867 Sept. 26	,, Feb. 13	
,, May 27	,,	Leicester and Northampton.	,, Nov. 14	,, April 2	
,, May 28	,,	Devon, Dorset, and Somerset.	,, Oct. 17	,, March 5	
,, May 29	,,	Berks -	,, Sept. 19	,, Feb. 6	
,, May 29	,,	Norfolk -	,, Nov. 7	,, May 7	
,, May 31	,,	Cornwall -	1868 May 21	,, Sept. 22	
,, June 1	,,	York - -	1867 Sept. 26	,, Feb. 20	
,, June 3	,,	Somerset -	,, Oct. 4	,, Feb. 27	
,, June 3	,,	Pembroke -	,, Nov. 6	,, April 23	
,, June 3	,,	Pembroke	,, Nov. 21	,, April 30	
,, June 4	,,	Northumberland	,, Nov. 14	,, May 14	
,, June 5	,,	Kent - -	,, Oct. 4	,, Feb. 27	
,, June 7	,,	Northumberland.			
,, June 17	,,	Gloucester -	,, Dec. 12	,, March 21	
,, June 17	,,	Kent - -	,, Nov. 21	,, May 7	
,, June 21	,,	Herts -	,, Oct. 11	,, April 2	
,, July 2	,,	Berks -	,, Dec. 12	,, April 23	
,, July 2	,,	Worcester -	1868 Jan. 2	,, June 11	
,, July 3	,,	Anglesey.			
,, July 8	,,	Norfolk -	1867 Nov. 21	,, May 21	
,, July 9	,,	Gloucester -	,, Nov. 7	,, May 7	
,, July 11	,,	Suffolk - -	,, Nov. 7	,, March 26	
,, July 11	,,	Wilts -	1868 Aug. 26	1869 Jan. 22	
,, July 12	,,	Herts -	1867 Dec. 19	1868 May 28	
,, July 15	,,	Norfolk -	1868 July 9	,, Dec. 18	
,, July 16	,,	Salop.			
,, July 16	,,	Southampton -	,, Jan. 2	,, May 28	
,, July 19	,,	Derby -	1867 Nov. 7		
,, July 20	,,	Denbigh -	,, Sept. 19	,, Feb. 20	
,, July 22	,,	Somerset -	,, Oct. 24	,, March 5	
,, July 22	,,	Somerset -	,, Oct. 24	,, March 5	
,, July 24	,,	Essex.			
,, July 25	,,	Essex and Norfolk.	1868 Feb. 20	,, July 20	
,, July 27	,,	Anglesey -	1867 Nov. 14	,, March 26	
,, July 29	,,	Devon - -	,, Nov. 14	,, April 30	
,, Aug. 1	,,	Southampton -	,, Oct. 4	,, Feb. 27	

Other Applications—*continued.*

Date of Application.	Applications.	County.	Notice given.	Order confirmed.	Remarks.
1867 Aug. 1	For exchange	Southampton -	1867 Oct. 4	1868 Feb. 27	
,, Aug. 2	,,	Surrey -	,, Nov. 14	,, April 23	
,, Aug. 3	,,	Southampton -	1868 Jan. 2	,, May 21	
,, Aug. 6	,,	Somerset -	1867 Nov. 7	,, March 19	
,, Aug. 8	,,	Lincoln -	,, Nov. 28	,, April 8	
,, Aug. 9	,,	Somerset -	1868 Feb. 26	,, July 23	
,, Aug. 9	,,	Middlesex -	,, May 28	,, Oct. 15	
,, Aug. 9	,,	Middlesex.			
,, Aug. 9	,,	Durham -	1867 Nov. 7	,, June 11	
,, Aug. 10	,,	Sussex -	1868 May 7	,, Oct. 15	
,, Aug. 12	,,	Bedford -	1867 Oct. 11	,, March 19	
,, Aug. 13	,,	Surrey -	1868 Jan. 2	,, June 18	
,, Aug. 13	,,	Merioneth -	,, April 8	- - -	One of the parties dead.
,, Aug. 17	,,	Stafford -	1867 Nov. 7	,, March 26	
,, Aug. 20	,,	Somerset -	,, Nov. 6	,, April 2	
,, Aug. 21	,,	Essex - -	,, Dec. 19	,, June 18	
,, Aug. 23	,,	Essex - -	1868 Jan. 16	,, June 16	
,, Aug. 24	,,	Gloucester -	,, Jan. 9	,, June 4	
,, Aug. 24	,,	Hants -	,, Jan. 9	,, May 21	
,, Aug. 26	,,	York - -	,, Aug. 26	1869 Jan. 22	
,, Aug. 31	,,	Somerset -	1867 Nov. 21	1868 April 2	
,, Aug. 31	,,	Norfolk -	1868 May 7	,, Sept. 14	
,, Sept. 3	,,	Somerset -	1867 Nov. 21	,, May 7	
,, Sept. 4	,,	Kent - -	1868 Jan. 2	,, June 11	
,, Sept. 6	,,	Anglesey -	,, Jan. 2	,, Aug. 18	
,, Sept. 12	,,	Worcester -	,, Jan. 9	,, June 4	
,, Sept. 12	,,	Sussex -	,, Feb. 13	,, July 16	
,, Sept. 16	,,	Rutland -	1869 Jan. 7		
,, Sept. 16	,,	Westmorland -	1867 Dec. 23	,, June 4	
,, Sept. 24	,,	Gloucester -	1868 April 2		
,, Sept. 24	,,	Flint. -	,, Feb. 13	,, July 2	
,, Sept. 26	,,	Middlesex -	,, March 26		
,, Sept. 26	,,	Kent -	1867 Nov. 21	,, April 23	
,, Sept. 27	,,	Middlesex -	1868 Feb. 13	,, Nov. 19	
,, Oct. 1	,,	Chester -	,, Jan. 8	,, May 21	
,, Oct. 2	,,	Stafford -	1867 Nov. 28	,, April 8	
,, Oct. 3	,,	Suffolk -	1868 Jan. 8	,, June 4	
,, Oct. 3	,,	Stafford -	,, Feb. 26	,, July 23	
,, Oct. 4	,,	Chester - -	1867 Oct. 11	,, March 2	
,, Oct. 9	,,	Essex -	1868 March 5	,, July 23	
,, Oct. 11	,,	Northampton -	,, March 19	,, Aug. 18	
,, Oct. 16	,,	Sussex - -	- -	- -	Abandoned.
,, Oct 17	,,	Derby -	,, Jan. 9	,, May 7	
,, Oct. 18	,,	Pembroke.			
,, Oct. 21	,,	Gloucester -	,, Feb. 13	,, June 25	
,, Oct. 23	,,	Essex -	,, Feb. 13	,, July 16	
,, Oct. 23	,,	Somerset -	,, Feb. 6	,, July 2	

Date of Application.	Applications.	County.	Notice given.	Order confirmed.	Remarks.
1867 Oct. 23	For exchange	Somerset -	1868 Feb. 6	1868 July 2	
,, Oct. 26	,,	Warwick -	,, March 19	,, Aug. 5	
,, Oct. 26	,,	Warwick -	,, March 19	,, Aug. 5	
,, Oct. 30	,,	Southampton -	,, Aug. 18	1869 Jan. 22	
,, Oct. 30	,,	Suffolk -	,, March 26	1868 Sept. 8	
,, Oct. 31	,,	Suffolk - -	,, March 19	,, July 30	
,, Oct. 31	,,	Lincoln -	,, Jan. 9	,, May 21	
,, Nov. 1	,,	York -	,, Aug. 26		
,, Nov. 1	,,	Dorset -	,, March 5	,, July 23	
,, Nov. 2	,,	Norfolk -	,, May 14	,, Oct. 22	
,, Nov. 2	,,	Worcester -	,, Jan. 2	,, June 4	
,, Nov. 2	,,	Derby -	,, May 7	,, Sept. 14	
,, Nov. 8	,,	Kent -	,, March 12	,, Aug. 18	
,, Nov. 8	,,	York -	,, Nov. 12		
,, Nov. 9	,,	York - -	,, April 2	,, Sept. 14	
,, Nov. 9	,,	Worcester -	,, April 2	,, Sept. 8	
,, Nov. 11	,,	Oxford - -	,, March 5	,, July 19	
,, Nov. 16	,,	Somerset -	,, July 30	,, Dec. 18	
,, Nov. 19	,,	Hereford -	,, May 7	,, Oct. 1	
,, Nov. 19	,,	Gloucester -	,, March 26	,, Sept. 8	
,, Nov. 21	,,	Sussex -	,, April 2	,, Sept. 8	
,, Nov. 22	,,	Southampton -	,, May 21	,, Oct. 15	
,, Nov. 23	,,	York - -	,, March 19	,, July 30	
,, Nov. 23	,,	Devon - -	,, July 23	,, Dec. 18	
,, Nov. 23	,,	Devon -	,, March 5	,, Sept. 14	
,, Nov. 23	,,	Somerset -	1867 Dec. 19	,, May 21	
,, Nov. 26	,,	Somerset -	1868 Jan. 2	,, June 11	
,, Nov. 29	,,	Essex -	,, June 25	,, Nov. 12	
,, Dec. 2	,,	Somerset -	,, Jan. 16	,, June 18	
,, Dec. 7	,,	Hereford and Radnor.	,, April 2	,, Sept. 22	
,, Dec. 10	,,	Berks - -	,, June 18	,, Dec. 18	
,, Dec. 13	,,	Salop - -	,, June 4	,, Nov. 5	
,, Dec. 13	,,	Salop - -	,, March 12	,, July 23	
,, Dec. 17	,,	York - -	,, June 18	,, Nov. 5	
,, Dec. 19	,,	Surrey - -	,, July 6	,, Dec. 18	
,, Dec. 19	,,	York - -	,, July 2	,, Dec. 11	
,, Dec. 20	,,	Warwick -	,, July 28	1869 Jan. 7	
,, Dec. 22	,,	Derby -	,, July 30	,, Jan. 16	
,, Dec. 30	,,	Dorset and Berks.	,, July 4	1868 Nov. 19	
,, Dec. 30	,,	Dorset - -	,, April 8	,, Sept. 8	
,, Dec. 31	,,	Suffolk -	,, May 28	,, Oct. 1	
1868 Jan. 3	,,	Suffolk -	,, April 8	,, Sept. 8	
,, Jan. 6	,,	Somerset -	,, July 30	1869 Jan. 16	
,, Jan. 8	,,	Norfolk -	,, Nov. 5		
,, Jan. 10	,,	Gloucester -	,, Nov. 26		

Other Applications—*continued.*

Date of Application.	Applications.	County.	Notice given.	Order confirmed.	Remarks.
1868 Jan. 10	For exchange	Southampton	1868 May 7	1868 Sept. 22	
„ Jan. 11	„	Kent	„ June 11	„ Oct. 30	
„ Jan. 16	„	Gloucester	„ July 2	„ Nov. 19	
„ Jan. 18	„	York	„ May 7	„ Oct. 8	
„ Jan. 18	„	Hereford	„ Nov. 16		
„ Jan. 18	„	Dorset	„ July 2	„ Nov. 26	
„ Jan. 20	„	Gloucester	„ June 18	„ Oct. 30	
„ Jan. 21	„	Northumberland	„ April 8	„ Sept. 14	
„ Jan. 22	„	Southampton	„ July 16	1869 Jan. 7	
„ Jan. 23	„	Southampton	1869 Jan. 16		
„ Jan. 24	„	Kent	1868 Sept. 14		
„ Jan. 27	„	York	„ May 14	1868 Oct. 8	
„ Jan. 29	„	Dorset	„ Feb. 20	„ Aug. 5	
„ Jan. 30	„	Salop.			
„ Feb. 1	„	Essex and Suffolk.			
„ Feb. 3	„	Salop	„ May 28	„ Oct. 30	
„ Feb. 3	„	Chester	„ May 7	„ Sept. 14	
„ Feb. 4	„	Somerset	„ June 11	„ Oct. 30	
„ Feb. 5	„	Lancaster	„ April 23	„ Sept. 14	
„ Feb. 6	„	Northumberland	1869 Jan. 7		
„ Feb. 6	„	Essex	1868 May 6	„ Oct. 1	
„ Feb. 8	„	Worcester.			
„ Feb. 11	„	Kent	„ July 9	„ Dec. 2	
„ Feb. 11	„	Devon	„ April 8	„ Sept. 14	
„ Feb. 12	„	Kent	„ July 2	„ Nov. 19	
„ Feb. 12	„	Chester	„ July 2	„ Nov. 19	
„ Feb. 14	„	Herts	„ June 4	„ Oct. 22	
„ Feb. 15	„	Wilts	„ July 23	„ Dec. 11	
„ Feb. 17	„	Kent	„ July 2	„ Nov. 26	
„ Feb. 20	„	Notts	„ June 25	„ Nov. 12	
„ Feb. 22	„	Middlesex	„ June 18	„ Nov. 26	
„ Feb. 25	„	Notts	„ Dec. 24		
„ Feb. 26	„	Stafford	„ June 25	„ Nov. 5	
„ Feb. 26	„	Stafford	„ June 25	„ Nov. 5	
„ Feb. 29	„	Notts	„ July 29		
„ March 4	„	Chester	„ April 23	„ Oct. 8	
„ March 5	„	Essex.			
„ March 6	„	Beds	„ July 2	„ Dec. 2	
„ March 13	„	Suffolk	„ Nov. 5		
„ March 14	„	Berks	„ June 4	„ Oct. 15	
„ March 14	„	Hereford	„ July 30	„ Dec. 18	
„ March 16	„	Flint	„ Nov. 5		
„ March 17	„	Cumberland	„ Oct. 1		
„ March 17	„	Chester	„ July 2	„ Nov. 12	
„ March 18	„	Suffolk	„ July 24		
„ March 19	„	Kent	„ Aug. 26	1869 Jan. 22	
1868 March 19	For exchange	Norfolk	1868 Dec. 24		
„ March 24	„	Notts	„ June 25	1868 Dec. 2	
„ March 24	„	Northumberland	„ Oct. 8		
„ March 25	„	Suffolk	„ Sept. 8		
„ March 26	„	Somerset	„ July 16	„ Dec. 11	
„ March 27	„	Somerset	„ July 30	1869 Jan. 16	
„ March 27	„	Somerset	„ July 30	1868 Dec. 24	
„ April 2	„	Beds	„ Sept. 3	1869 Jan. 16	
„ April 2	„	Lincoln	„ June 25	1868 Nov. 12	
„ April 4	„	Northampton and Bucks.			
„ April 4	„	Somerset	„ Dec. 17		
„ April 6	„	Lancaster.			
„ April 7	„	Salop.			
„ April 9	„	Norfolk	„ Sept. 8		
„ April 15	„	Warwick	„ Oct. 1		
„ April 15	„	Bristol	„ Oct. 8		
„ April 15	„	Carnarvon	„ July 16	1869 Jan. 16	
„ April 17	„	Hants and Berks.	„ Aug. 18	„ Jan. 16	
„ April 21	„	Kent	„ July 30	1868 Dec. 24	
„ April 24	„	Middlesex	„ Oct. 1		
„ April 24	„	Cumberland	„ June 25	„ Nov. 19	
„ April 25	„	York.			
„ April 28	„	Herts	„ Dec. 10		
„ May 5	„	Sussex	„ July 30	1869 Jan. 16	
„ May 6	„	Anglesey.			
„ May 9	„	Somerset	„ Nov. 5		
„ May 9	„	Somerset	„ Nov. 5		
„ May 9	„	Dorset	„ Aug. 26	„ Jan. 22	
„ May 12	„	Anglesey	„ June 25	1868 Nov. 5	
„ May 14	„	Gloucester	„ Nov. 19		
„ May 15	„	Oxford.	„ Dec. 2		
„ May 16	„	Lincoln	„ July 2	„ Nov. 5	
„ May 18	„	Derby.			
„ May 19	„	Lincoln	„ Sept. 14		
„ May 21	„	Devon.			
„ May 25	„	Stafford	„ July 23	1869 Jan. 7	
„ May 27	„	Hants	1869 Jan. 7		
„ May 28	„	Norfolk	1868 Aug. 26	- - -	Withdrawn.
„ May 30	„	Somerset	„ Oct. 1		
„ May 30	„	Somerset	„ Oct. 1		
„ June 4	„	Hereford	„ Sept. 8		
„ June 5	„	Somerset	„ Nov. 26		
„ June 6	„	Sussex	„ Dec. 17		
„ June 9	„	Oxford	„ Nov. 5		
„ June 11	„	Gloucester	„ Sept. 3	„ Jan. 16	

Other Applications—*continued.*

Date of Application.	Applications.	County.	Notice given.	Order confirmed.	Remarks.
1868 June 12	For exchange	Surrey -	1868 Oct. 1		
,, June 12	,,	Hereford.			
,, June 13	,,	Somerset.			
,, June 13	,,	Hereford -	,, Oct. 1		
,, June 13	,,	Wilts and Somerset.	,, Nov. 26		
,, June 15	,,	Oxford -	- - -	- - -	Transferred to Tithe Department.
,, June 17	,,	Lancaster -	,, Oct. 8		
,, June 18	,,	Devon -	,, Dec. 24		
,, June 18	,,	Northampton -	,, Aug. 26	1869 Jan. 16	
,, June 19	,,	Salop - -	,, Sept. 8		
,, June 23	,,	Northumberland	,, Oct. 1		
,, June 24	,,	Stafford -	,, Oct. 1		
,, June 24	,,	Anglesey.			
,, June 30	,,	Salop - -	,, Sept. 8		
,, July 1	,,	Oxford.			
,, July 1	,,	Hereford -	,, Oct. 1		
,, July 7	,,	Wilts -	,, Nov. 5		
,, July 8	,,	Gloucester -	,, Oct. 1		
,, July 13	,,	Notts - -	,, Nov. 26		
,, July 14	,,	Hereford -	,, Oct. 1		
,, July 14	,,	Hereford -	,, Nov. 5		
,, July 16	,,	Anglesey.			
,, July 17	,,	Hants -	,, Oct. 1		
,, July 17	,,	Kent & Surrey	,, Sept. 3	1868 Dec. 24	
,, July 17	,,	York.			
,, July 18	,,	Wilts.			
,, July 18	,,	Somerset.			
,, July 21	,,	Bedford.			
,, July 23	,,	Middlesex.			
,, July 25	,,	Cornwall.			
,, July 28	,,	Hereford.			
,, July 28	,,	York.			
,, July 30	,,	Hants -	,, Nov. 12		
,, Aug. 4	,,	Somerset -	,, Nov. 12		
,, Aug. 6	,,	Herts -	,, Nov. 12		
,, Aug. 13	,,	Wilts - -	1869 Jan. 7		
,, Aug. 13	,,	Middlesex -	1868 Dec. 2		
,, Aug. 17	,,	Hants.			
,, Aug. 18	,,	Cambridge.			
,, Aug. 18	,,	Devon.			
,, Aug. 19	,,	Suffolk.			
,, Aug. 20	,,	Wilts -	,, Dec. 17		
,, Aug. 20	,,	Bucks -	,, Dec. 24		
,, Aug. 26	,,	Lancaster.			
,, Aug. 26	,,	Durham -	,, Dec. 17		

Date of Application.	Applications.	County.	Notice given.	Order confirmed.	Remarks.
1868 Sept. 2	For exchange	Devon.			
,, Sept. 4	,,	Devon.			
,, Sept. 9	,,	Lincoln -	1868 Oct. 22		
,, Sept. 16	,,	Essex -	,, Oct. 15		
,, Sept. 17	,,	Herts.			
,, Sept. 21	,,	Sussex.			
,, Sept. 22	,,	Gloucester.			
,, Sept. 22	,,	Kent - -	,, Dec. 17		
,, Sept. 23	,,	Chester - -	,, Dec. 17		
,, Sept. 24	,,	Derby - -	1869 Jan. 7		
,, Sept. 24	,,	Oxford.			
,, Sept. 24	,,	Middlesex.			
,, Sept. 24	,,	Warwick.			
,, Sept. 26	,,	York.			
,, Sept. 26	,,	Denbigh and Flint.			
,, Sept. 29	,,	Derby -	1868 Dec. 17		
,, Sept. 30	,,	Sussex.			
,, Oct. 1	,,	Gloucester.			
,, Oct. 1	,,	Hunts.			
,, Oct. 1	,,	Hunts -	,, Nov. 26		
,, Oct. 5	,,	Chester.			
,, Oct. 6	,,	Hunts.			
,, Oct. 7	,,	Oxford -	,, Dec. 2		
,, Oct. 8	,,	York - -	1869 Jan. 16		
,, Oct. 8	,,	York.			
,, Oct. 10	,,	Suffolk -	1868 Dec. 17		
,, Oct. 12	,,	Cumberland.			
,, Oct. 14	,,	Notts.			
,, Oct. 14	,,	Lancaster.			
,, Oct. 15	,,	Monmouth.			
,, Oct. 16	,,	Glamorgan.			
,, Oct. 16	,,	York and Lancaster.			
,, Oct. 20	,,	Hants.			
,, Oct. 20	,,	Somerset and Devon.			
,, Oct. 21	,,	Somerset.			
,, Oct. 26	,,	Essex.			
,, Oct. 27	,,	Wilts.			
,, Oct. 30	,,	Leicester.			
,, Oct. 30	,,	Bucks.			
,, Oct. 30	,,	Notts.			
,, Nov. 2	,,	Wilts.			
,, Nov. 3	,,	Northampton			
,, Nov. 3	,,	Sussex.			
,, Nov. 6	,,	Northampton.			

Other Applications—*continued.*

Date of Application.	Applications.	County.	Notice given.	Order confirmed.	Remarks.
1868 Nov. 10	For exchange	Gloucester.			
„ Nov. 16	„	Northampton.			
„ Nov. 19	„	Cornwall.			
„ Nov. 21	„	Carnarvon.			
„ Nov. 23	„	Stafford & Derby			
„ Nov. 24	„	Bucks.			
„ Nov. 24	„	Essex.			
„ Nov. 24	„	Berks.			
„ Nov. 26	„	Gloucester.			
„ Nov. 26	„	Surrey.			
„ Nov. 28	„	Northampton.			
„ Nov. 28	„	Dorset.			
„ Dec. 1	„	Herts.			
„ Dec. 4	„	Merioneth.			
„ Dec. 7	„	Gloucester.			
„ Dec. 8	„	Oxford.			
„ Dec. 11	„	Carnarvon and Denbigh.			
„ Dec. 14	„	Dorset.			
„ Dec. 15	„	Hants.			
„ Dec. 15	„	Middlesex.			
„ Dec. 16	„	Devon.			
„ Dec. 17	„	Chester.			
„ Dec. 23	„	Gloucester.			
„ Dec. 23	„	Gloucester.			
„ Dec. 30	„	Wilts.			
„ Dec. 30	„	Somerset.			
1869 Jan. 6	„	Merioneth.			
„ Jan. 8	„	Middlesex.			
„ Jan. 9	„	Somerset.			
„ Jan. 9	„	Somerset.			
„ Jan. 9	„	Carmarthen & Cardigan.			
„ Jan. 18	„	Wilts -	- - -	- - -	Withdrawn.
„ Jan. 20	„	Northumberland			
„ Jan. 26	„	York.			
„ Jan. 26	„	Lancaster.			
„ Jan. 26	„	Brecon.			
„ Jan. 27	„	Southampton.			
„ Jan. 28	„	Devon.			
„ Jan. 28	„	Kent.			
„ Jan. 30	„	Anglesey.			

Date of Application.	Applications.	County.	Notice given.	Order confirmed.	Remarks.
1860 April 20	For partition	Lancaster.			
1862 May 5	„	Sussex.			
„ May 12	„	Surrey and Sussex.	1867 Aug. 15	1868 July 2	
1864 Jan. 7	„	Durham.			
1865 March 25	„	Cornwall.			
1866 Jan. 13	„	Northumberland			
„ May 28	„	Cornwall.			
„ Oct. 18	„	Glamorgan.			
„ Dec. 18	„	Northampton -	„ Sept. 12	„ Feb. 13	
„ Dec. 28	„	Oxford -	„ Oct. 11	„ April 2	
1867 Jan. 5	„	Brecon -	1868 July 30	1869 Jan. 7	
„ Feb. 11	„	Northumberland			
„ Feb. 18	„	Southampton -	„ July 23		
„ April 26	„	Leicester -	1867 Nov. 7	1868 March 26	
„ Aug. 2	„	Gloucester -	1868 Jan. 30	„ July 9	
„ Sept. 20	„	Herts -	„ Jan. 2	„ May 28	
„ Oct. 11	„	Devon -	„ Feb. 20	„ July 9	
„ Nov. 6	„	Lincoln -	„ May 7	„ Sept. 22	
„ Dec. 11	„	Surrey.			
1868 Feb. 21	„	Chester.			
„ Feb. 25	„	York -	„ May 7	„ Nov. 26	
„ March 17	„	Chester -	„ April 3	- - -	One of the parties dead.
„ March 23	„	Wilts - -	„ Aug. 18	„ Dec. 24	
„ Dec. 2	„	Northampton.			
1859 Dec. 7	For division of intermixed lands.	Surrey.			
1867 Feb. 22	„	Suffolk -	„ March 26	„ Sept. 14	
„ Oct. 30	„	Hereford.			
„ Nov. 21	„	Hereford.			
„ Nov. 27	„	Middlesex -	„ March 12	1869 Jan. 22	
1868 July 7	„	Sussex.			
1860 June 16	Iver - -	Bucks -	1860 July 19	- - -	Application under Local Inclosure Act.
1857 Oct. 13	To define lost boundaries.	Hertford.			
1868 Aug. 13	„	Sussex -	1868 Aug. 25		
„ Aug. 24	Leyton -	Essex - -	- - -	- - -	For application of money received under Lands Clauses Consolidation or Railway Acts.

(Signed) G. DARBY, G. RIDLEY, JAMES CAIRD, } INCLOSURE COMMISSIONERS.

Copyhold, Inclosure, and Tithe Commission,
3, *St. James's Square,*
30*th January* 1869.

INCLOSURE COMMISSION.

TWENTY-FOURTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF

THE COMMISSIONERS.

1869.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

LONDON:
Printed by George E. Eyre and William Spottiswoode,
Printers to the Queen's most Excellent Majesty.
For Her Majesty's Stationery Office.

INCLOSURE COMMISSION.

COPY of the REPORT of the INCLOSURE COMMISSIONERS to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for the Home Department, dated 1st February 1869, under the "Metropolitan Commons Act, 1866."

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

Inclosure Commission, 3, *St. James' Square, London, S.W.*
1*st February* 1869.

"Metropolitan Commons Act, 1866," 29 & 30 Vict. c. 122.

SIR,

WE have the honour to forward to you, in pursuance of the Provisions of the 20th Section of the above-named Act, the Second Annual Report of our proceedings under that Act.

During the year 1868 we have received memorials for schemes in the two following cases:

1. Hayes Common, in the County of Kent.

In this case the procedure pointed out by the Act has been followed; a draft scheme was prepared and duly published and circulated, a meeting was held by an Assistant Commissioner to hear and inquire into objections and suggestions, and the scheme, when finally settled and approved, was certified by us under our seal. A printed copy of the scheme so certified is annexed to this report.

The grounds of our approval of the scheme are,—

That Hayes Common has for many years been and is still resorted to by numerous picnic and pleasure parties; that some of the persons so resorting to the common are of a rough class, and their conduct is occasionally of a disorderly character.

That until the last year the common has been constantly used as a place of encampment by numerous tramps and vagrants, who have injured the surface of the common and illegally taken away its profits.

That the rights of cutting furze, turf, and fern have been illegally exercised by the owners of such rights, and that the future exercise of the rights requires regulation.

That the common is subject to nuisance by deposit of rubbish, that dangerous portions of the tract require to be fenced off, and that provision ought to be made for draining the common.

That no sufficient authority of a permanent nature at present exists for keeping tramps and vagrants off the common, for enforcing order amongst the persons who frequent it, or for suppressing nuisances and preventing damage thereon; and that no permanent fund is at present available in the parish for remunerating an officer, if appointed for the purpose.

That the preservation of order on the common could be maintained at a small annual expense.

And that the scheme will carry out these and the other objects set forth therein.

[Price 1d.]

Sundry objections were made to the draft scheme. Some of them are embodied in a memorial presented to us by persons representing themselves to be "Ratepayers and "bonâ fide householders being inhabitants," who state that they "object in toto to all "clauses contained in the proposed scheme for the management of the common, other-"wise they desire that the scheme should be abandoned altogether, as not tending to "benefit the interests of the parishioners generally," and they further state that they "do not hold themselves responsible in any way for any expenses that may have been "incurred in attempting to pass or in the preparing to pass the aforesaid scheme."

An objection was also made by a lady residing close to the common; the substance of her objection is that there is no sufficient cause for the adoption of the Metropolitan Commons Act, that for the purpose of suppressing riotous conduct it would be sufficient to appoint a bailiff during the summer months, that if the scheme is adopted the rates ought to be voted prospectively, that the vestry alone should appoint a conservator in case of a vacancy, and that the chairman ought not to have a casting vote at any meeting.

A paper of further objections was delivered to the Assistant Commissioner at the meeting; the substance of these is, that the application for the scheme was not obtained with the general consent of the parish, that the common might be managed by the authority hitherto exercised, that a small sum only is required for the duty necessary to protect the common from depredations or injury, that a rate is objected to, and that the promoters of the scheme should bear the expenses of all proceedings on the ground that the wish of the inhabitants was not consulted.

In regard to these several objections it was shown at the meeting that, of the persons who signed the memorial, only eight are owners of property in the parish, that nine others are occupiers and ratepayers, that forty-two are cottagers not paying rates, that four are lodgers, and that two are boys not living at Hayes; and also that the objections of the principal portion of them had mainly proceeded upon a misapprehension that the common was about to be taken away from them, or that a large expense which would fall on them was about to be incurred; but that after a full explanation the opposition was considerably diminished. Respecting the objection that the scheme was applied for without the general consent of the parish, it is sufficient to state that the memorial for the scheme was presented by the lord of the manor and the inhabitants in vestry assembled. As regards the other objection, it appeared that the objector is only a tenant from year to year, and that the owner of the property assents to the scheme.

2. Hackney Commons, in the County of Middlesex.

The memorial recently presented to us in this case has been under consideration, but we are not yet in a position to publish a draft scheme, owing to inquiries which are still pending.

In our report last year we stated that memorials had been presented with reference to Wimbledon Common, in the County of Surrey, and Mousehold Heath, in the County of Norfolk (under a local Act); but in neither case have we yet been placed in a condition to publish a draft scheme, in consequence of differences among those interested.

We have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient Servants,

G. DARBY.
G. RIDLEY.
JAMES CAIRD.

The Right Honourable H. A. Bruce,
Home Office.

"METROPOLITAN COMMONS ACT, 1866."

SCHEME for the ESTABLISHMENT of LOCAL MANAGEMENT with respect to HAYES COMMON.

1. Hayes Common, in the County of Kent (which shall for all the purposes of this Scheme be deemed to include Pickhurst Green), as the same is delineated in a plan deposited with the Inclosure Commissioners for England and Wales, and therein edged with green, shall henceforth for all the purposes of this Scheme be regulated and managed by a body of Conservators.

2. The Conservators shall consist of the following persons, namely :—The Lord, for the time being, of the Manor of Baston, in the county of Kent, and five other persons to be annually elected by the parish vestry of the parish of Hayes in the county of Kent. Provided that the Lord of the said Manor shall be qualified to act as a Conservator, notwithstanding any mortgage or other incumbrance on his estate, and that in case the Lord of the said Manor or of any part thereof shall be an infant or otherwise under disability, the guardian, guardians, or other person directing the holding of the courts and otherwise managing the said Manor or part thereof, on behalf of the said Lord, shall be entitled also to act as a Conservator on behalf of such Lord. Provided, that in case the said Manor, or the management thereof, shall at any time be vested in two or more persons, such persons shall, for the purposes of this Scheme, be considered as one Conservator, and have only a single vote.

3. The first election of Conservators under this Scheme shall be made at a Vestry, to be held for that purpose as soon as conveniently may be after the confirmation of this Scheme by Act of Parliament, and the succeeding elections of Conservators shall be held annually at the Vestry next following Easter day in every year, and the Conservators so respectively elected as aforesaid shall hold office until the election of their successors and no longer.

4. Any Conservator, after going out of office, resigning, or otherwise ceasing to be a Conservator, may be again elected a Conservator, and in the event of any vacancy in the number of Conservators, by death, resignation, or otherwise, between the times fixed for election as aforesaid, or if at any time there shall not be a full number of Conservators, the Conservators for the time being shall continue to be as competent to act as if no such vacancy or deficiency in number had occurred. Provided that in the case of any such vacancy by death, resignation or otherwise, the Vestry of the said parish of Hayes may (if such Vestry think fit) before the next annual meeting elect some proper person as a Conservator to supply such vacancy, but the person so elected shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Conservator would have retained the same if no such vacancy had occurred.

5. All proceedings of the Conservators, and of any person acting as one of, or under the authority of the same, shall, notwithstanding any defect in the title to the estate qualifying the Lord of the said Manor, or any defect in the election of the elected Conservators, or any of them, or any other want of or defect in qualification of the Conservators, or any of them, be as valid and effectual as if no such defect had ever existed.

6. The Conservators shall hold meetings for transacting business under this Scheme once at least in every year, and at such other times as may be necessary for properly executing their powers and duties under this Scheme, and shall from time to time make regulations with respect to the summoning, notice, place, management, and adjournment of such meetings, and generally with respect to the transaction and management of business by such Conservators under this Scheme. Provided always, that no business shall be transacted at any such meeting unless three Conservators at least are present thereat, and all questions shall be decided by a majority of votes, and the names of the members present shall be recorded, and the said Conservators shall annually appoint one of their number to be chairman for one year at all meetings at which he is present, and in case the chairman so appointed be absent from any meeting at the time appointed for holding the same, the Conservators present shall appoint one of their number to act as chairman thereat, and in case the chairman appointed as first aforesaid shall die, resign, or become incapable of acting, another Conservator shall be appointed to be chairman for the period during which the person so dying, resigning, or becoming incapable, would have been entitled to continue in office, and the chairman at any meeting shall have a second or casting vote in case of an equality of votes.

7. The Conservators shall from time to time provide and maintain such offices as may be necessary for transacting their business, and that of their officers and servants under this Scheme, and shall cause to be made a seal for the use of the said Conservators under this Scheme, and documents or copies of documents purporting to proceed from the said Conservators, and to be signed by any three or more Conservators, and to be sealed or stamped with such seal, shall be received as primâ facie evidence in all courts and places whatsoever.

8. The Conservators may from time to time appoint fit and proper persons to be their surveyor, clerk, and treasurer, and shall appoint or employ such common keepers, collectors, and other officers and servants, as may be necessary and proper for the preservation of order on, and the enforcement of byelaws with respect to Hayes Common, and otherwise for the purposes of this Scheme, and may make rules for regulating the duties and conduct of the several officers and servants so appointed and employed (altering such rules as occasion may require); and the Conservators may pay, out of the rates to be levied under this Scheme, to such officers and servants, such reasonable wages, salaries, or allowance, as they may think proper, and every such officer and servant shall be removable by the Conservators at their pleasure. Provided that neither the person holding the office of treasurer, nor his partner, nor any person in the service or employ of them, or either of them, shall hold, be eligible to, or shall in any manner assist or officiate in the office of clerk; and neither the person holding the office of clerk, nor his partner, nor any person in the service or employ of them, or either of them, shall hold, be eligible to, or shall in any manner assist or officiate in the office of treasurer.

9. The Conservators shall take into consideration, and if they see fit shall undertake and execute, the drainage and improvement of Hayes Common, so far only as is required for the purposes of health, exercise, and recreation, and shall preserve the turf, the gorse,

fern, grass, brushwood, and trees, in such manner as to maintain the natural features and aspect of the Common.

10. The Conservators shall frame bye-laws and regulations for the prevention of nuisances and the preservation of order on Hayes Common, and particularly for preventing the deposit of rubbish on, and the illegal taking, cutting, felling, and sale of turf, sods, bog-earth, gravel, sand, loam, clay, gorse, furze, fern, brushwood, trees, and the like, from the common, and for regulating the legal taking of the same profits. Provided that all such bye-laws made by the Conservators shall be in writing, under their seal, and the signature of any three or more of their number; and the said Conservators may by any such bye-laws impose upon offenders against the same such reasonable penalties as they shall think fit, not exceeding the sum of £5 for each offence; and in the case of a continuing offence a further penalty, not exceeding the sum of 40*s.* for each day after written notice of the offence; and the said Conservators may alter or repeal any such bye-laws by any subsequent bye-laws, sealed and signed as last aforesaid. Provided always that all bye-laws imposing any penalty shall be so framed as to allow of the recovery of any sum less than the full amount of the penalty. Provided always that no such bye-laws shall be repugnant to the laws of England or the provisions of this Scheme, and no such bye-law shall, as against any person entitled to any estate, interest, or right of a profitable or beneficial nature in, over, or affecting Hayes Common, operate or be construed so as to take away or injuriously affect such estate, interest, or right, and no such bye-laws shall be of any force or effect unless and until the same be submitted to and confirmed by Her Majesty's First Commissioner of Works for the time being, who is hereby empowered to allow or disallow the same as he may think proper. Provided that any certificate of allowance purporting to be signed by the First Commissioner of Works for the time being shall be primâ facie evidence of such allowance in all courts and places whatsoever. Provided also that no such bye-laws shall be confirmed unless notice of intention to apply for confirmation of the same shall have been given in one or more of the London daily morning newspapers one calendar month at least before the making of such application, and for one calendar month at least before any such application, a copy of the proposed bye-laws shall be kept at the office of the Conservators, and be open during office hours thereat to the inspection of the owners and ratepayers of the said parish of Hayes without fee or reward, and the clerk shall furnish every such inhabitant, who shall apply for the same, with a copy thereof, or of any part thereof, on payment of sixpence for every one hundred words contained in such copy.

11. All bye-laws made by the Conservators, in pursuance of this scheme, shall be printed, and shall be sold to any person who may apply for the same, at such price not exceeding one shilling per copy, as the Conservators may determine.

12. The Conservators shall be at liberty to receive and apply for the purposes of this Scheme, or any of them, any subscriptions or donations applicable thereto respectively that may come to their hands.

13. Whenever any expenses are incurred, or about to be incurred, by the Conservators in managing, regulating, or protecting Hayes Common, or in draining or permanently improving the same, or otherwise in executing the powers or authorities vested in them, under this Scheme, the Conservators may make and levy a rate or rates for defraying the amount of such expenses or so much thereof as shall not be provided for by any other moneys which may come to the hands of the Conservators and be applicable thereunto, provided that no such rate shall be valid unless the same be sanctioned by the parish vestry of the said parish of Hayes, except in the case of a rate made for raising moneys to answer any principal moneys or interest secured by any such mortgage as hereinafter provided for, or any costs, charges, or expenses of or incidental to the same, but any such excepted rate shall be valid without such sanction.

14. The rates to be made under this Scheme shall be made and levied upon the persons and in respect of the property rateable to the relief of the poor in the said parish of Hayes, and shall be assessed upon the rateable annual value of the same property, such value to be ascertained by the rate for the relief of the poor made next before the making of the respective assessments under this Scheme.

15. For the purpose of assessing any such rate as aforesaid, any person appointed by the Conservators may inspect, take copies of, or make extracts from any rate for the relief of the poor in the parish of Hayes, or any books relating to the same, and if any officer having the custody of such last-mentioned rate, or of any such books, refuses to permit any such inspection, or the taking of any such copies or extracts, he shall for every such offence incur a penalty not exceeding £5.

16. The Conservators may make and levy the said rates prospectively in order to raise money for the payment of future charges and expenses, or retrospectively in order to raise money for the payment of charges and expenses which may have been incurred at any time within twelve months before the making of the rate. And if at the time of making any rate any premises in respect of which the rate may be made are unoccupied, such premises shall be included in the rate, but the rate shall not be charged upon any person in respect of the same whilst they continue to be unoccupied, and if any such premises are afterwards occupied during any part of the period for which the rate was made, and before the same shall have been fully paid, the name of the incoming tenant shall be inserted in the rate, and thereupon so much of the rate as at the commencement of his tenancy may be in proportion to the remainder of the said period shall be collected, recovered, and paid in the same manner in all respects as if the premises had been occupied at the time when the rate was made. And if any occupier assessed or liable to any such rate cease to be the occupier of the premises in respect whereof he is so assessed or liable before the end of the period for which the rate was made, and before the same is fully paid off, he shall be liable to pay only such part of the rate as shall be in proportion to the time during which he continues to be such occupier, and in every such case if any person afterwards become occupier of the premises during part of the said period he shall pay such part of the rate as shall be in proportion to the time during which he continues to be such occupier, and the same shall be recovered from him in the same manner as if he had been originally assessed or liable.

17. The Conservators, before any rate is made under this Scheme, shall cause an estimate to be prepared of the money required for the purposes in respect of which the rate is to be made, showing the several sums required for each of such purposes, the rateable value of the property assessable, and the amount of rate which for those purposes it is necessary to make on each pound of such value; and the estimate so made shall be entered in the rate book, and be kept at the offices of the Conservators, open to public inspection during office hours thereat.

18. Public notice of intention to make any rate, and of the time at which it is intended to make the same, and of the place where a statement of the proposed rate is deposited for inspection, shall be given by the Conservators, or their officer, in the week immediately before the day on which the rate is intended to be made, and at least seven days previously

thereto ; but in case of proceedings to levy or recover any rate, it shall not be necessary to prove that such notice was given.

19. Any person interested in or assessed to any rate made under this Scheme may inspect the same, and any estimate made previously thereto, and may take copies of or extracts therefrom without fee or reward. And whosoever having custody of such estimate or rate refuses to allow, or does not permit such inspection, or such copies or extracts to be taken, shall, for every such offence be liable to a penalty not exceeding five pounds.

20. Whenever the name of any occupier liable to be rated under this Scheme is not known to the Conservators, it shall be sufficient to assess and designate him in the rate as "the occupier" of the premises in respect of which the assessment is made, without further description.

21. The Conservators may, from time to time, amend any rate made in pursuance of this Scheme, by inserting therein the name of any person claiming and entitled to have his name inserted, or by inserting the name of any person who ought to have been assessed, or by striking out the name of any person who ought not to have been assessed, or by raising or reducing the sum at which any person has been assessed if it appear to the said Conservators that he has been under-rated or over-rated, or by making any other alteration which will make the rate conformable to the provisions of this Scheme : and no such amendment shall be held to avoid the rate. Provided always that any person who may feel himself aggrieved by any such amendment shall have the same right of appeal therefrom as he would have had if the matter of amendment had appeared on the rate originally made. And with respect to him the amended rate shall be considered to have been made at the time when he first received notice of the amendment. And in case of any person, the amount of whose rate is increased by the amendment, or whose name is thereby newly inserted as aforesaid, the rate shall not be payable by him until seven days after such notice shall have been given to him.

22. All rates made or collected under the authority of this Scheme shall be published in the same manner as poor rates, and shall commence and be payable at such time or times, and shall be made in such manner and form, as the Conservators shall from time to time appoint, and shall be collected by the overseers of the said parish of Hayes, and the said overseers shall for the purpose of levying of such rates proceed in the same manner and have the same powers, remedies, and privileges as for levying money for the relief of the poor, and all such rates shall be subject to all the same provisions in relation to appeal, and to excusing persons from payment on the ground of poverty, and otherwise as the rate for the relief of the poor in the same parish, and such overseers shall pay to the treasurer of the Conservators the amount collected of such rates, and the receipt of such treasurer shall be a sufficient discharge for the same.

23. In case any rate which the Conservators shall, by an order under their seal, direct to be collected by the said overseers, be not collected in manner directed by such order, and within the time therein specified for that purpose, it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, upon the complaint of the Conservators, or of any person authorized by them for that purpose, to issue his warrant for levying the amount or so much thereof as shall not be collected by distress and sale of the goods of all or any of the said overseers.

24. The Conservators may, in case they shall consider that any rate made by them cannot conveniently be collected by the said overseers, or in case of any default or neglect of any overseers to collect a rate ordered by the Conservators to be collected as aforesaid, within such time and in such manner as in such order mentioned, appoint persons to collect such rate, or the part thereof not otherwise collected, and such persons shall proceed in the same manner and have the same powers, remedies, and privileges, and be subject to the same regulations and penalties with reference to collecting such rate as any overseers would have had, or been subject to with reference to collecting the same in pursuance of an order of the Conservators under their seal.

25. The Conservators may, for the purpose of defraying any costs, charges, and expenses incurred, or to be incurred, by them in, or relating to, the drainage or other improvement of Hayes Common, borrow and take up at interest, on the credit of the rates authorized to be made or collected under this scheme, any sums of money necessary for defraying any such costs, charges, and expenses, and for the purpose of securing the repayment of any sums so borrowed, together with such interest as aforesaid, the said Conservators may mortgage to the persons by or on behalf of whom such sums are advanced the said rates, or any of them, but the exercise of the above power shall be subject to the following regulations:—

(1.) Such money shall not be borrowed without the sanction of the parish vestry of the said parish of Hayes.

(2.) The money borrowed shall not at any time exceed in the whole the sum of £500.

(3.) The money may be borrowed for such time not exceeding thirty years as the Conservators determine in each case, and the Conservators may either pay off the moneys borrowed by equal annual instalments, or they may in every year set apart as a sinking fund, and accumulate in the way of compound interest by investing the same in the purchase of Exchequer Bills or other government securities, such sum as will be sufficient to pay off the moneys so borrowed, or a part thereof, at such times as the Conservators may determine.

26. If the Conservators can at any time borrow at a lower rate of interest than that secured by any mortgage previously made by them, and then outstanding and in force, they may, if they shall think fit, so borrow accordingly in order, with the consent of the mortgagee, to pay off and discharge any of the securities bearing a higher rate of interest, and may charge the rates which they may be authorized to mortgage under this scheme with payment of the sum so borrowed, together with interest thereon, in such manner and subject to such regulations as are herein contained with respect to other moneys borrowed upon mortgage.

27. If at the time appointed by any mortgage deed for payment of the principal money secured thereby the Conservators are unable to pay off the same, they may, if they shall think fit, borrow such sum of money as may be necessary for the purpose of paying off the whole or any part of the said principal moneys, and may secure the repayment of the same and the interest to be paid thereon in the same manner in all respects as in the case of moneys borrowed for defraying costs, charges, and expenses in the execution of this scheme.

28. Every mortgage authorized to be made under this Scheme shall be by deed truly stating the date, consideration, and the time and place of payment, and shall be sealed with the seal of the Conservators, and be signed by three or more of the said Conservators, and may be made in a form similar, as far as circumstances will admit, to the form of mortgage authorized by the Public Health Act, 1848, or to the like effect, and there shall be kept at the office of the Conservators a register of the mortgages upon the rates, and within 14 days after the date of any mortgage an entry shall be made in the register of the number and date thereof, and of the names and

descriptions of the parties thereto as stated in the deed, and such register shall be open to public inspection during office hours at the said office without fee or reward, and any clerk or other person having the custody of the same, and refusing to allow such inspection, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five pounds.

29. Any mortgagee or other person entitled to any such mortgage may transfer his estate and interest therein to any other person by deed duly stamped truly stating its date and the consideration for the transfer, and such transfer may be in a form similar, as far as circumstances will admit, to the form of transfer authorized by the Public Health Act, 1848, or to the like effect, and there shall be kept at the office of the Conservators a register of such transfers of mortgages, and within 30 days after the date of each such deed of transfer, if executed within the United Kingdom, or within 30 days after its arrival in the United Kingdom, if executed elsewhere, the same shall be produced to the clerk, who shall upon payment of the sum of 5s. cause an entry to be made in such register of its date, and of the names and descriptions of the parties as stated in the transfer, and upon any transfer being so registered, the transferee, his executors, administrators, or assigns, shall be entitled to the full benefit of the original mortgage, and the principal and interest secured thereby, and every such transferee may in like manner transfer his estate and interest in every such mortgage, and no person except the person to whom the same shall have been last transferred, his executors, administrators, or assigns shall be entitled to release or discharge any such mortgage or any money secured thereby.

30. If at the expiration of six months from the time when any principal money or interest has become due upon any mortgage of rates made under this scheme, and after demand in writing, the same be not paid, the mortgagee or other person entitled thereto may, without prejudice to any other mode of recovery, apply for the appointment of a receiver to two justices, who are hereby empowered, after hearing the parties, to appoint in writing under their hands and seals some person to collect and receive the whole or a competent part of the rates liable to the payment of the principal or interest in respect of which the application is made, until such principal or interest, or both, as the case may be, together with the costs of the application and the costs of collection are fully paid, and upon such appointment being made, all such rates or such competent part thereof as aforesaid shall be paid to the person appointed, and when so paid shall be so much money received by or to the use ef the mortgagee or mortgagees of such rates, and shall be rateably apportioned between them: Provided always that no such application shall be entertained unless the sum or sums due and owing to the applicant amount to £100, or unless a joint application be made by two or more mortgagees or other persons, to whom there may be due after such lapse of time and demand as last aforesaid moneys collectively amounting to that sum.

31. Any penalty imposed by or under the authority of this Scheme, or any bye-law made under this Scheme, may be recovered, together with costs of the proceedings, in such manner and with such remedies by distress, sale, or committal to gaol, and subject generally to such provisions as have been or may be by the Public Health Act, 1848, or by any other statute provided or enacted with respect to the penalties referred to in the 129th section of the said Public Health Act, 1848, as imposed by or made under the authority of that Act, or any bye-law made under that Act, the recovery whereof is not otherwise expressly provided for; but no proceedings for the recovery of a penalty incurred under the provisions of this Scheme, or any bye-law made under this Scheme shall be had or taken except by the party aggrieved or by the said Conservators, and when the party aggrieved is the informer the penalty shall be divided between him and the Conservators, but if the Conservators be the informer they shall be entitled to the whole of the penalty recovered, and all penalties or parts of penalties received by them shall be applied for the purposes of this Scheme.

32. The statute passed in the 58th year of his late Majesty King George III. (chapter 69), intituled "An Act for the regulation of Parish Vestries," and the Acts amending the same, and any other Act or Acts of Parliament which may for the time being be in force for the regulation of parish vestries, shall with respect to the manner of voting and otherwise, as far as circumstances may require or admit, be deemed to extend and apply to the said Parish Vestry of Hayes, acting in execution of the powers vested in them under this Scheme, and any election made or thing done or sanctioned by a majority of votes taken in manner directed by the same Act or Acts of Parliament shall be deemed to have been made, done, or sanctioned by the said Vestry.

33. No rate nor any proceeding to be had touching the conviction of any offender under this Scheme, nor any order or other matter or thing whatsoever made, done, or transacted in or relating to the execution of this Scheme, shall be vacated, quashed, or set aside for want of form.

34. The Conservators may sue and be sued in the name of their clerk for the time being for or concerning any nuisance upon Hayes Common, or for or concerning any contract, matter or thing relating to any property vested or to become vested in them under this scheme, and otherwise for or concerning any matter or thing whatsoever relating to the execution of their powers and authorities under this scheme, and their said clerk shall be deemed to have a sufficient possession of the said Common to enable the said Conservators to maintain, in the name of their clerk, an action of trespass with regard thereto, and in all proceedings by or on the part of the said Conservators against any person for stealing, or wilfully injuring or otherwise improperly dealing with any property, works, or things belonging to them or under their management, it shall be sufficient to state generally that the property or thing in respect of which the proceeding is instituted is the property of the said clerk. And all legal proceedings by or on the part of or against the said Conservators under this scheme may be preferred, instituted, and carried on in his name, and no proceedings whatever shall abate or be discontinued by the death, resignation, or removal of the clerk, or by reason of any change or vacancy among the said Conservators, by death, resignation, or otherwise: Provided always, that the clerk in whose name such action or suit, complaint, information, or proceeding may be brought, preferred, instituted, or defended as aforesaid, shall be fully reimbursed out of the rates to be levied under this Scheme, all such costs, charges, damages, and expenses as he shall or may be or become liable to pay, sustain, or be put unto by reason of his name being so used.

35. No matter or thing done, or contract entered into by the Conservators or any of them, nor any matter or thing done by any surveyor, common-keeper, clerk, or other officer or person whomsoever acting under the direction of the Conservators, shall, if the matter or thing were done or the contract entered into bonâ fide for the purpose of executing this scheme, subject them or any of them personally to any action, liability, claim, or demand whatsoever, and any expense incurred by the Conservators or any of them, or any such surveyor, or common-keeper, clerk, or other officer or person acting as last aforesaid, shall be borne and paid out of the rates levied under the authority of this Scheme.

36. Saving always to all persons and bodies politic and corporate, and their respective heirs, successors, executors, and administrators, all such estates, interests, or rights of a profitable or beneficial nature in, over, or affecting Hayes Common, or any part thereof, as they or any of them had before the confirmation of this Scheme by Act of Parliament, or could or might have enjoyed if this Scheme had not been confirmed by Act of Parliament.

37. The Lord of the Manor of Baston, in the county of Kent, claims the soil and freehold of Hayes Common and all timber and timber like trees, game and conies upon the same, and the minerals (including gravel) under the same. The tenants of the said manor claim the right of cutting heather, furze, underwood and turf for fuel, and of digging gravel under certain restrictions. This Scheme affects the rights over Hayes Common so claimed as aforesaid, only so far as is absolutely necessary for the purposes contemplated by Clause 6 of the Metropolitan Commons Act, 1866, inasmuch as the improvement of the common, and the prevention of nuisances thereon, and other purposes of a like nature, cannot be carried out without, in some small degree, interfering with such rights, but such interference will be beneficial to such rights, and the persons entitled thereto respectively, and no such rights are taken away or injuriously affected by this Scheme. The Lord and tenants of the Manor consent to their rights being affected in the manner and to the extent herein expressed.

38. Printed copies of this Scheme shall at all times be sold at the office of the Conservators, to all persons desiring to buy the same, at a price not exceeding 2*s.* 6*d.* each.

The Inclosure Commissioners of England and Wales, pursuant to the provisions of "The Metropolitan Commons Act 1866," hereby certify the above-written Scheme.

In Witness whereof the said Inclosure Commissioners have caused their Official Seal to be hereunto affixed this thirty-first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

(L.S.)

INCLOSURE COMMISSION.

COPY of the REPORT of the INCLOSURE COMMISSIONERS to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for the Home Department, dated 1st February 1869, under the "Metropolitan Commons Act, 1866."

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

LONDON:
Printed by GEORGE E. EYRE and WILLIAM SPOTTISWOODE, Printers to the Queen's most Excellent Majesty.
For Her Majesty's Stationery Office.
1869.

23708.

SPECIAL REPORT OF THE INCLOSURE COMMISSIONERS.
1869.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

TO THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE HOME DEPARTMENT.

SIR,

SINCE the presentation of our last Report the necessary consents have been received to the following proposed inclosures.

Where no allotments have been required for exercise and recreation, or for the labouring poor, the grounds on which we have abstained from requiring such appropriation are stated.

With the exception of Wolstanton Marsh, none of the lands proposed to be inclosed are within the distances referred to in the 14th section of the 8 & 9 Vict. c. 118.

The commons and waste lands in the township of Maltby and the hamlet of Stone, both in the parish of Maltby, containing about 78 acres. 1. Maltby, County of York.

The population is not large, and is agricultural. Three acres, on the part nearest the village, have been set out for exercise and recreation. Some of the cottages have no gardens. Two acres have been set out for the labouring poor, on the land nearest and best adapted for the purpose.

The anticipated advantages of this inclosure are the useful employment of labour, and the increased productiveness of the land when allotted in severalty.

Wolstanton Marsh, in the township of Wolstanton, in the parish of Wolstanton, containing about 31 acres. 2. Wolstanton, County of Stafford.

The marsh is distant about one mile from Newcastle-under-Lyme, about a mile and a half from Burslem, about two miles and a half from Hanley, and about three miles from Stoke.

At present this land, or the greatest part of it, is wet and marshy, the turf is peeled, and the soil improperly taken away; the pits and open drains are a receptacle for refuse, and a breeding-place of fever, ague, and rheumatic complaints; epidemics frequently prevail, and the marsh in its present condition is a nuisance.

The inclosure will be expedient, inasmuch as it will put an end to these evils, and will lead to the draining and improvement of the land; public allotments will be set out under proper control, and the inclosure will thus promote the health of the neighbourhood, which, but for the marsh, it is considered would be a very healthy one.

The population of the township is 1,842, but the parish contains a population of 32,029. Having regard to the extent of the common, 31 acres, it was not thought

[*Price One Halfpenny.*]

expedient to require more than 10 acres for public allotments, of which six acres have been appropriated for exercise and recreation, and four for gardens for the labouring poor, on the best and dryest part of the land, and that most resorted to for games and recreation.

3. Llanvair Waterdine (No. 2), County of Salop.

Llanvair Hills, in the townships of Llanvair, Menethesney, Trebert, and Fynnon-vair, in the parish of Llanvair Waterdine, containing about 1,600 acres.

The village of Llanvair Waterdine comprises only six dwellings, and lies about one mile from the hills, which at the nearest point to the village rise for a considerable distance with an extremely steep slope; at another place six other cottages adjoin the hills, which there also rise abruptly to a great elevation; the other dwellings in the parish lie scattered at long distances from the hills; the occupation of the people is entirely agricultural. For these reasons we have not required any allotment for exercise and recreation.

The cottages in the parish are already provided with gardens. But one acre has been set out for the labouring poor, to further accommodate the cottages near the hill. It is not very convenient for garden ground, as it is on a steep slope, but the situation is the best that could be obtained within reasonable distance.

Although portions of the hills are far too steep for tillage, and the table land on the summit lies exposed, it is an extensive tract of useful land, nearly three-fourth parts of which could be profitably broken up and converted to arable cultivation.

4. Alston, County of Cumberland.

Gilderdale, otherwise Gildersdale, in the parish of Alston, containing about 2,878 acres.

This land is not subject to the rights mentioned in sections 30 and 31 of 8 & 9 Vict. c. 118., and no public allotments can therefore be required.

The inclosure will promote the increased productiveness of the land, and lead to a more equitable enjoyment of his rights by each person interested.

5. Myndtown, County of Salop.

Myndhill or Longmynd, in the parish of Myndtown, containing about 348 acres.

The population of the parish, which is entirely agricultural, is only 48 in number, and there are but four cottages. The hill rises from the part where the cottages lie with an exceedingly steep slope, which extends for nearly three-quarters of a mile, no part of which could be used for the purpose of exercise and recreation, and therefore no allotment for exercise and recreation has been set out.

The four cottages in the parish have ample gardens, two of which contain nearly an acre each, and the other two about a quarter of an acre each. No additional garden ground is required, and even if it were the hill is unsuited for the purpose, on account of its steep slope.

It is contemplated to plant the larger portion of the hill sides, which could be done to advantage; some of the table land at the summit could be broken up and tilled; and the remainder, now overspread with furze and heath, is capable of improvement for sheep pasture.

6. Liston, County of Essex.

Liston Common, in the parish of Liston, containing about 30 acres, subject to limited rights, and on which no public allotments can be required.

This is a meadow held in 22 separate pieces, several of which do not exceed 2 roods in extent.

The pieces of each part-owner lie inconveniently scattered, and, owing to the rights existing over them, cannot be cultivated to the best advantage. This disadvantage will be removed by the inclosure.

7. Felkirk (Brierley, &c.), County of York.

Brierley Common, Grimethorp Green, Ferry Moor Common, Shafton Green, and South Hiendley Common, in the townships of Brierley, Shafton, and South Hiendley, in the parish of Felkirk, containing about 238 acres.

The population of the three townships is 997, and their occupation agricultural and pastoral. Many of the cottages have gardens, but not all. Six acres have been set out for exercise and recreation, and eight acres for labouring poor, in separate tracts best adapted for the convenience of the people in the respective townships.

The inclosure will lead to the increased productiveness of the land and the useful employment of labour, will put an end to trespass, and prevent the soil being taken away by those who have no right to it, and will give to the persons interested their due proportion in severalty.

8. Layston and Widdial, County of Hertford.

Haley Hill, Downhall Field, parts of Snails Mead, Lucy Corner, Spur Field, Great Bartholomew Field, Little Bartholomew Field, Madder Field, Church Field, Pupsey Hill, Brunsle or Brownshill Field, Stoneybury Green, Owls Green, North Field, Copridge Field, Browns Field, Outward Ley, Outward Field, and Clapgate Shot, in the parishes of Layston and Widdial, containing about 764 acres.

These are open field lands, subject to limited rights, and on which no public allotment can be required.

PROPOSED INCLOSURES.

Inclosure.	County.	Extent.	Date of Provisional Order.	Allotment to Lord of Manor.	Allotment for Exercise and Recreation.	Allotment for Labouring Poor.	Consents to Provisional Order received.
		Acres.			A. R. P.	A. R. P.	
Maltby - -	York -	78	1869, Mar. 4	$\frac{1}{16}$th inclusive of minerals -	3 0 0	2 0 0	1869, Mar. 31.
Wolstanton -	Stafford -	31	1869, Mar. 4	$\frac{1}{14}$th exclusive of minerals -	6 0 0	4 0 0	1869, April 5.
Llanvair Waterdine (No. 2).	Salop -	1,600	1869, Feb. 25	$\frac{1}{14}$th exclusive of minerals, except building stone and tile.	- -	1 0 0	1869, Mar. 31.
Alston - -	Cumberland	2,878	1869, Mar. 18	- - - - -	- -	- -	1869, April 23.
Myndtown -	Salop -	348	1869, May 6	$\frac{1}{14}$th exclusive of metallic minerals.	- -	- -	1869, May 15.
Liston - -	Essex -	30	1869, May 6	- - - - -	- -	- -	1869, May 19.
Felkirk (Brierley, &c.)	York -	238	1869, Mar. 1	$\frac{1}{16}$th exclusive of coal and ironstone.	6 0 0	8 0 0	1869, May 19.
Layston and Widdial.	Hertford	764	1868, Nov. 19	- - - - -	- -	- -	1869, May 20.

(Signed) G. DARBY, G. RIDLEY, JAMES CAIRD, } INCLOSURE COMMISSIONERS.

Inclosure Commission,
24*th May* 1869.

INCLOSURE COMMISSION.

SPECIAL REPORT

OF

THE COMMISSIONERS.

1869.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

LONDON:
Printed by GEORGE E. EYRE and WILLIAM SPOTTISWOODE,
Printers to the Queen's most Excellent Majesty.
For Her Majesty's Stationery Office.

24297.

THIRTY-FIRST

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS

OF THE

LOAN FUND BOARD OF IRELAND,

PURSUANT TO THE ACT 6 & 7 VICT., CAP. 91,

FOR 1868.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

DUBLIN:
PRINTED BY ALEXANDER THOM, 87 & 88, ABBEY-STREET,
FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE.

1869.

[*Price* 2½*d.*]

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THIRTY-FIRST ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS OF THE LOAN FUND BOARD OF IRELAND.

In conformity with their prior Reports, the Loan Fund Board submit the following Summary of the Operations of the Loan Funds in Ireland during the past Year:—

Counties.	Number of Societies.	Amount Circulated during the Year 1868.	Number of Loans in 1868.	Gross Profit.	Interest on Capital, Expenses of Management, Bad Debts, and Loss on Notes.	Net Loss.	Net Profit.
		£		£ s. d.	£ s. d	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Antrim,	1	16,986	2,583	351 0 9	270 3 10	–	80 16 11
Armagh,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Carlow,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Cavan,	1	14,713	2,313	311 11 9	259 1 0	–	52 10 9
Clare,	1	3,248	960	92 11 7	91 17 5	–	0 14 2
Cork,	9	18,049	5,966	567 19 9	559 8 7	107 7 4	115 18 6
Donegal,	5	42,464	8,707	1,304 7 9	1,014 18 4	–	289 9 5
Down,	1	20,365	2,378	420 10 3	366 7 1	–	54 3 2
Dublin,	1	412	67	19 1 8	16 12 3	–	2 9 5
Fermanagh,	7	63,609	10,725	1,836 16 3	1,308 13 5	–	528 2 10
Galway,	2	6,153	1,287	141 16 0	119 5 0	–	22 11 0
Kerry,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kildare,	2	9,763	2,236	383 2 0	324 13 1	–	58 8 11
Kilkenny,	4	7,613	2,665	204 2 2	170 0 11	–	34 2 2
King's,	2	14,389	4,037	511 0 4	355 4 0	–	155 16 4
Leitrim,	1	4,739	1,348	104 14 2	97 8 7	–	7 5 7
Limerick,	5	26,286	5,528	598 13 2	472 15 8	–	125 17 6
Londonderry,	4	37,468	7,577	1,192 15 0	943 12 9	–	249 2 3
Longford,	1	5,734	1,178	178 18 6	149 2 8	–	29 15 9
Louth,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mayo,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Meath,	1	5,677	1,350	139 12 10	130 5 0	–	9 7 10
Monaghan,	1	4,595	1,556	101 18 6	108 5 0	6 6 6	–
Queen's,	6	42,165	11,211	1,191 13 9	1,119 13 6	36 15 7	108 15 10
Roscommon,	1	12,270	2,675	368 15 11	314 13 1	–	54 2 10
Sligo,	3	21,080	5,054	583 0 8	458 9 8	–	124 11 0
Tipperary,	7	57,244	16,305	1,629 11 11	1,307 14 0	–	321 17 4
Tyrone,	13	98,790	19,035	3,305 16 7	2,614 13 3	–	691 3 3
Waterford,	1	13,379	2,219	300 17 2	250 2 5	–	50 14 9
Westmeath,	3	11,954	3,204	351 17 9	292 2 10	–	59 14 11
Wexford,	3	13,802	3,857	498 6 8	449 2 3	47 3 8	96 8 1
Wicklow,	4	8,490	2,053	311 2 3	249 4 8	–	61 17 7
Total,	90	581,437	128,074	17,001 15 1	13,813 10 3	197 13 1	3,385 18 1

The following Table shows the comparative operations of Loan Funds from the period of the Board's First Report :—

Years.	—	No. of Societies Transmitting Annual Accounts.	Amount Circulated.	Total Circulation.	Number of Loans issued, or of Pledges received.	Total Number of Loans and Pledges.	Net Profit applicable to Charity and Reserve Fund.	Total Profit.
			£	£			£	£
1838 1839 1840	In the Returns of these years the Loan Funds and Monts de Piété were not separately classified,	50 125 215	– – –	180,526 816,473 1,164,046	– – –	148,528 352,469 463,750	– – –	2,547 11,047 15,477
1841	Loan Funds, 268 Monts de Piété, 8	276	1,438,598 61,935	1,500,533	411,303 351,408	762,711	14,853 –	14,853
1842	Loan Funds, 300 Monts de Piété, 7	307	1,691,871 46,196	1,738,067	488,702 293,985	782,687	18,967 –	18,967
1843	Loan Funds, 298 Monts de Piété, 7	305	1,650,963 30,878	1,681,841	490,870 178,528	669,398	14,149 –	14,149
1844	Loan Funds, 259 Monts de Piété, 4	263	1,702,918 5,801	1,708,719	488,207 42,632	530,839	8,949 98	9,047
1845	Loan Funds, 255 Monts de Piété, 5	260	1,857,457 12,880	1,870,337	507,339 85,319	592,658	9,695 67	9,762
1846	Loan Funds, 250 Monts de Piété, 5	255	1,770,397 8,194	1,778,591	470,291 48,792	519,083	8,332 72	8,404
1847	Loan Funds, 228 Monts de Piété, 4	232	863,647 3,468	867,115	231,101 21,550	252,651	– –	–
1848	Loan Funds, 177 Monts de Piété, 1	178	717,865 1,269	719,134	190,407 10,948	201,355	– –	–
1849	Loan Funds, 160 Monts de Piété, 1	161	649,934 1,393	651,327	175,673 9,452	185,125	761 28	789
1850	Loan Funds, 132 Monts de Piété, 1	133	662,794 1,238	664,032	189,235 8,099	197,334	1,880 19	1,899
1851	Loan Funds, 123 Monts de Piété, 1	124	712,073 1,512	713,585	191,050 9,861	200,911	2,992 –	2,992
1852	Loan Funds, 113 Monts de Piété, 1	114	739,056 1,450	740,506	191,870 9,461	201,331	5,962 14	5,976
1853	Loan Funds, 112 Monts de Piété, 1	113	842,803 1,208	844,011	210,622 7,734	218,356	6,878 5	6,883
1854	Loan Funds,*	115	–	870,024	–	208,917	–	7,253
1855	Loan Funds,	113	–	883,321	–	208,655	–	8,037
1856	Loan Funds,	115	–	917,686	–	202,420	–	6,527
1857	Loan Funds,	111	–	929,653	–	204,394	–	7,816
1858	Loan Funds,	111	–	930,170	–	200,200	–	7,459
1859	Loan Funds,	112	–	936,217	–	201,807	–	6,769
1860	Loan Funds,	110	–	917,737	–	198,355	–	6,363
1861	Loan Funds,	105	–	826,774	–	182,067	–	5,682
1862	Loan Funds,	105	–	719,400	–	163,327	–	3,660
1863	Loan Funds,	104	–	692,951	–	155,067	–	2,075
1864	Loan Funds,	98	–	636,331	–	147,816	–	1,824
1865	Loan Funds,	97	–	615,786	–	141,051	–	1,818
1866	Loan Funds,	94	–	597,491	–	134,447	–	1,716
1867	Loan Funds,	93	–	582,216	–	130,328	–	3,108
1868	Loan Funds,	90	–	581,437	–	128,074	–	3,386

* From 1853 Monts de Piété ceased to exist connected with Loan Funds.

The number of Loan Funds in 1868 on Board's Register was 90, being three less than in the preceding year.

The circulation of Loan Funds throughout the country connected with the Board in 1868 amounted to £581,437; it fell short of the preceding year by the sum of £779.

The capital of Loan Funds actually working in 1868 amounted to £151,546; it exceeded that of the preceding year by the sum of £696.

The number of loans made in 1868 was 128,074; it fell short of that of preceding year by 2,254.

The number of Notes sold by the Board in 1868, at 1*d.* each, was 130,300; it exceeded the number sold in 1867 by 4,800. The produce of the sale of Notes in 1868 was £542 18*s.* 4*d.*; showing an increase, compared with that of 1867, of £20.

The number of Debentures sold in 1868, by the Board, at 1*s.* each, was 126; the produce of the sale of which was £6 6*s.* There was a decrease in the number sold as compared with 1867, of 74, and in the produce of the sale of £3 14*s.*

The Gross Profits derived by Local Societies from Discounts, Fines, Sale of Application Papers and Cards, in 1868, amounted to £17,001 15*s.* 1*d.*; they exceeded the amount derived from the same sources in 1867 by £5 7*s.* 2*d.*

The amount of Fines (one of the above-named items) in 1868 was £3,481 5*s.* 6*d.*; showing a decrease as compared with same item in 1867, of £153 6*s.* 6*d.*

The amount of Surplus Profits applied to charitable or useful purposes in the several localities of Loan Funds, in 1868, was £1,671 6*s.* 1*d.*, showing a decrease of such grants, in that year, as compared with that of 1867, of £628 10*s.* 5*d.*

The Board's Income in 1868, derived from ordinary sources of Revenue, was—

	£	s.	d.
Sale of Notes, Debentures, and Cards, ...	£549	9	0
Interest on Funds invested in Government Stock, . .	129	3	5
Total, ...	£678	12	5

The Ordinary Income of 1868 exceeded that of the preceding year by the sum of £11 13*s.* 0*d.*

The total of Board's Receipts from all sources in 1868, was—

	£	s.	d.
Sale of Notes, Debentures, and Cards, ...	£549	9	0
Interest on Funds invested in Government Stock, . .	129	3	5
Total, ...	£678	12	5

The Board's Expenditure in 1868 was £829 6*s.* 11*d.*; it was less than that of 1867 by the sum of £6 2*s.* 10*d.*

The Board's Expenditure in 1868 exceeded the income from all sources, by the sum of £150 14*s.* 6*d.*

	£	s.	d.
The total Expenditure for 1868 being	£829	6	11
The total Income from all sources being	678	12	5
Left a deficiency of	£150	14	6

To meet deficiency of Board's Assets in 1867 in aid of the expenditure of that year, Stock had to be sold out of Board's Invested Funds on the 15th March, 1867, to the net amount of £200.

There has been an increase, as shown above, this year, in the item of receipts from sale of Notes, of £20.

Nevertheless, the total receipts of ordinary income from all sources fall short of actual ordinary expenditure by the sum, this year, of £150 14*s.* 6*d.*, and this falling off necessitated a further sale of Board's Stock on 18th September, 1868, to meet current expenditure, of £200 3*s.* 2*d.*

It is to be observed that in 1859 there was an increase in the Board's Income from sale of Notes and Debentures, over that of the previous year. Since that period to the end of 1867 there was a continued decrease.

In the year 1860 the decrease amounted to	. £38	3	8
„ 1861 „ „	76	16	9
„ 1862 „ „	53	5	6
„ 1863 „ „	38	4	11
„ 1864 „ „	65	14	5
„ 1865 „ „	14	13	4
„ 1866 „ „	15	0	0
„ 1867 „ „	55	0	0
But in the year 1868 there has been an increase on same items over the previous year of	16	1	4

Amount of Loan Fund Circulation throughout Ireland from the year 1843, the date of passing of Act 6 & 7 Vic., cap. 91, to 1868:

1843	£1,681,841
1844	1,708,719
1845	1,870,337
1846	1,778,591
1847	867,115
1848	719,134
1849	651,327
1850	664,032
1851	713,585
1852	740,506
1853	844,011
1854	870,024
1855	883,321
1856	917,686
1857	929,653
1858	930,170
1859	936,217
1860	917,737
1861	826,774
1862	719,400
1863	692,951
1864	636,331
1865	615,786
1866	597,491
1867	582,216
1868	581,437

(Signed)

GEO. H. LINDSAY.
JOHN LENTAIGNE.
JAMES POWER, BART.
JOHN ENNIS, BART.
WILLIAM JONES WESTBY.
W. H. F. COGAN, P.C., M.P.
TALBOT DE MALAHIDE.
WALTER SWEETMAN.

(Countersigned) R. R. MADDEN, *Secretary*.

2nd April, 1869.

APPENDIX.

APPENDIX

SYNOPTICAL TABLE, exhibiting the Operations of the

COUNTIES.	Number of Societies Reporting in 1868.	Amount of Capital to be Accounted for on 31st December, 1868.	Actual Amount of Capital Working on 31st December, 1868.	Total Amount Circulated in 1868.	Number of Loans issued in 1868.	Sum in Borrowers' hands, on 31st December, 1867, exclusive of Bad Debts.			Sum in Treasurers' hands, on 31st December, 1868.			Amount of Discount received in 1862.			Amount of Fines received in 1868.		
		£	£	£		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Antrim,	1	4,891	4,888	16,986	2,583	4,445	9	0	442	4	4	283	2	0	28	18	9
Armagh,	—	—	—	—	—	—			—			—			—		
Carlow,	—	—	—	—	—	—			—			—			—		
Cavan,	1	3,822	3,816	14,713	2,313	3,711	16	0	107	2	10	245	4	4	43	13	1
Clare,	1	805	776	3,248	960	754	15	0	45	1	4	77	17	6	6	14	1
Cork,	9	6,307	6,046	18,049	5,966	4,217	18	6	2,053	17	7	324	6	6	172	17	6
Donegal,	5	12,288	11,625	42,464	8,707	10,449	19	0	1,560	4	9	945	4	4	290	15	10
Down,	1	4,763	4,716	20,365	2,378	4,357	16	0	398	8	6	339	8	4	45	8	0
Dublin,	1	399	399	412	67	103	16	0	295	7	5	6	17	4	4	17	5
Fermanagh,	7	16,158	15,905	63,609	10,725	14,844	2	0	1,304	16	1	1,326	0	7	415	17	0
Galway,	2	1,989	1,979	6,153	1,287	1,366	16	0	621	17	2	115	12	1	10	6	8
Kerry,	—	—	—	—	—	—			—			—			—		
Kildare,	2	2,531	2,498	9,763	2,236	2,356	7	0	168	1	6	273	19	9	88	11	1
Kilkenny,	4	1,869	1,842	7,613	2,665	1,704	14	0	163	5	8	126	17	8	61	4	3
King's,	2	3,796	3,636	14,389	4,037	3,531	11	0	259	11	10	319	0	4	165	2	7
Leitrim,	1	1,261	1,225	4,739	1,348	1,209	16	0	49	10	11	78	19	8	14	9	1
Limerick,	5	6,533	6,492	26,286	5,528	5,438	19	0	1,085	0	6	438	7	10	82	10	7
Londonderry,	4	10,512	9,902	37,468	7,577	9,259	7	0	1,232	18	3	859	1	3	265	15	4
Longford,	1	1,720	1,718	5,734	1,178	1,717	16	0	0	4	8	157	15	7	9	15	4
Louth,	—	—	—	—	—	—			—			—			—		
Mayo,	—	—	—	—	—	—			—			—			—		
Meath,	1	1,274	1,264	5,677	1,350	1,271	19	0	—			94	12	4	32	13	5
Monaghan,	1	936	931	4,595	1,556	907	13	0	27	8	8	76	11	8	12	7	6
Queen's,	6	10,223	10,157	42,165	11,211	9,382	19	0	824	18	2	781	3	6	275	1	10
Roscommon,	1	3,482	3,459	12,270	2,675	3,338	7	0	136	0	11	280	13	10	61	6	0
Sligo,	3	4,896	4,737	21,080	5,054	4,667	7	0	223	13	8	430	1	11	110	16	5
Tipperary,	7	14,540	14,368	57,244	16,305	12,690	10	0	1,827	11	9	1,149	3	1	342	6	1
Tyrone,	13	28,650	26,633	98,790	19,035	27,131	12	0	1,503	14	2	2,357	12	7	604	3	10
Waterford,	1	2,829	2,827	13,379	2,219	2,826	18	0	—			222	19	8	52	12	4
Westmeath,	3	3,122	3,115	11,954	3,204	2,917	1	0	198	9	2	259	0	3	59	15	2
Wexford,	3	4,823	4,189	13,802	3,857	4,043	6	0	769	16	1	289	2	8	155	16	4
Wicklow,	4	2,409	2,403	8,490	2,053	1,896	18	0	506	15	1	225	11	1	67	10	0
Totals,	90	156,828	151,546	581,437	128,074	140,545	7	6	15,806	1	0	11,984	7	8	3,481	5	6

(A) No. 1.

Loan Fund System during the Year 1868.

Gross Profit, being the Total Amount received for Discount, Fines, and Cards or Application Papers, in 1868.	Total Paid as Salaries or Wages during 1868.	Number of Paid Servants employed.	Total Expenses of Management, including Salaries or Wages, and Loss on Notes, during 1868.	Amount of Interest paid for Capital.	Number of Depositors owning said Capital.	Net Loss of 1868, after Payment of Interest and all Expenses, and deducting any Bad Debts.	Net Profit of 1868, after Payment of Interest and all Expenses, and deducting any Bad Debts.	Amount of Bad Debts charged to Stock in 1868.	Amount actually expended for Charitable or useful Local Purposes in 1868.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
351 0 9	231 0 0	3	270 3 10	—	—	—	80 16 11	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
311 11 9	110 0 0	3	133 8 8	125 12 4	11	—	52 10 9	—	—
92 11 7	45 0 0	2	54 13 5	37 0 0	6	—	0 14 2	0 4 0	—
567 19 9	350 17 6	16	470 10 7	88 18 0	28	107 7 4	115 18 6	—	104 0 0
1,304 7 9	442 8 10	12	579 7 10	426 10 6	161	—	289 9 5	9 0 0	20 0 0
420 10 3	127 15 0	3	155 17 1	210 10 0	46	—	54 3 2	—	109 18 1
19 1 8	15 0 0	1	16 12 3	—	—	—	2 9 5	—	—
1,836 16 3	616 0 0	20	783 0 7	510 14 10	92	—	528 2 10	14 18 0	418 2 0
141 16 0	55 16 8	3	81 5 5	37 19 7	8	—	22 11 0	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
383 2 0	166 2 0	8	236 14 5	87 18 8	22	—	58 8 11	—	67 18 0
204 2 2	91 0 0	7	113 13 7	56 7 4	8	—	34 2 2	—	30 12 3
511 0 4	194 0 0	7	261 8 9	93 15 3	25	—	155 16 4	—	89 9 5
104 14 2	50 0 0	2	56 7 4	41 1 3	16	—	7 5 7	—	—
598 13 2	325 0 8	13	413 10 5	58 11 3	20	—	125 17 6	0 14 0	—
1,192 15 0	501 9 0	12	609 8 11	331 14 10	85	—	249 2 3	2 9 0	104 0 0
178 18 6	78 0 0	4	89 3 0	59 19 8	23	—	29 15 9	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
139 12 10	58 0 0	3	68 12 0	57 10 0	9	—	9 7 10	4 3 0	—
101 18 6	56 0 0	2	66 12 0	41 13 0	5	6 6 6	—	—	—
1,191 13 9	571 12 0	18	714 5 11	398 0 7	77	36 15 7	108 15 10	7 7 0	29 17 8
368 15 11	169 0 0	4	195 14 6	118 18 7	48	—	54 2 10	—	—
533 0 8	210 0 0	10	263 19 0	194 10 8	40	—	124 11 0	—	—
1,629 11 11	768 9 0	20	964 4 0	343 10 0	116	—	321 17 4	—	134 10 0
3,305 16 7	1,190 0 0	34	1,504 2 9	1,110 10 6	205	—	691 3 3	—	372 0 0
300 17 2	120 0 0	3	147 8 5	102 14 0	23	—	50 14 9	—	32 0 0
351 17 9	170 0 0	6	206 12 5	85 10 5	39	—	59 14 11	—	15 0 0
498 6 8	277 9 4	8	331 1 7	118 0 8	38	47 3 8	96 8 1	—	77 18 8
311 2 3	143 10 0	11	179 5 6	69 19 2	64	—	61 17 7	—	66 0 0
17,0[illegible]1 15 1	7,1[illegible] 10 0	235	8,[illegible]67 4 2	1,867 11 1	1,215	197 13 1	3,385 18 1	38 15 0	1,671 6 1

APPENDIX

STATEMENT of ACCOUNTS of LOAN FUNDS for the Year ending

The Funds, the Names of which are printed in *Italics*, have ceased to operate during the year 1868, or have been

County and Name of Loan Fund.	Amount of Capital to be accounted for on 31st Dec. 1868.	Of which is held free of Interest, being Original subscription or Unappropriated Profits.	Actual Amount of Capital working on 31st Dec. 1868.	Total Amount Circulated in 1868.	Amount issued in Monthly Loans.	Number of Loans issued in 1868.	Average Amount of each Loan.	Average Cost of the Issue of each Loan to the Society, exclusive of Interest on the Capital.	Sum in Borrowers' hands on 31st Dec., 1868, exclusive of Bad Debts.	Sum in Treasurers' hands on 31st Dec., 1868.	Amount of Discount received in 1868.	Amount of Fines received in 1868.
ANTRIM.	£	£	£	£	£		£ s. d.	s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Antrim,	4,891	4,891	4,888	16,986	16,986	2,583	6 11 6	2 1	4,445 9 0	442 4 4	283 2 0	28 18 9
CAVAN.												
Ballyjamesduff,	3,822	1,342	3,816	14,713	14,713	2,313	6 5 6	1 1¼	3,711 16 0	107 2 10	245 4 4	43 13 1
CLARE.												
Miltown Malbay,	805	65	776	3,248	1,628	960	3 7 8	1 1½	754 15 0	45 1 4	77 17 6	6 14 1
CORK.												
Aghada,	415	415	413	1,351	–	862	1 11 4	0 6¼	220 14 0	193 1 1	22 10 4	20 19 3
Bandon,	300	300	272	996	–	368	2 14 0	1 1¾	205 17 0	66 6 6	16 12 0	3 0 2
Cork (Charitable),	1,326	146	1,137	–	–	–	–	–	186 18 0	1137 4 5	–	5 2 10
Fermoy,	886	158	870	4,837	–	1,268	3 16 3	0 9	885 4 0	–	80 12 4	4 10 0
Kanturk,	1,096	314	1,086	4,468	1,612	1,706	2 12 4	0 8½	1,094 12 0	0 7 0	97 19 6	46 4 7
Kinsale,	1,158	1,158	1,144	3,523	–	938	3 15 1	2 8½	614 7 0	543 3 10	58 14 4	71 16 8
Knockmourne,	205	86	205	1,019	–	396	2 1 2	0 3	198 15 0	6 2 11	16 19 8	4 10 5
Newmarket,	492	492	492	1,855	–	428	4 6 8	2 3	386 14 0	105 1 8	30 18 4	16 4 7
Queenstown,	429	332	427	–	–	–	–	–	424 17 6	2 10 2	–	–
	6,307	3,401	6,046	18,049	1,612	5,966	–	–	4,217 18 6	2053 17 7	324 6 6	172 17 6
DONEGAL.												
Carndonagh,	2,686	–	2,408	7,819	6,860	1,958	4 0 0	0 11¼	1,899 7 0	521 11 0	230 7 2	37 15 0
Culdaff,	3,119	471	2,830	9,488	9,092	1,729	5 9 2	1 7¼	3,074 13 0	40 6 9	233 18 0	59 3 2
Letterkenny,	2,074	1,788	2,036	8,883	–	1,850	4 15 6	1 4½	1,704 2 0	364 14 3	147 4 4	65 16 1
Moville,	2,152	240	2,116	7,980	7,401	1,757	4 10 10	1 0½	2,150 12 0	–	194 13 6	74 12 11
Raphoe,	2,257	1,115	2,235	8,344	–	1,413	5 18 1	1 9½	1,621 5 0	633 12 9	139 1 4	53 8 8
	12,288	3,614	11,625	42,464	23,353	8,707	–	–	10,449 19 0	1560 4 9	945 4 4	290 15 10
DOWN.												
Holywood,	4,763	637	4,716	20,365	–	2,378	8 11 3	1 3¾	4,357 16 0	398 8 6	339 8 4	45 8 0
DUBLIN.												
Johnstone Charitable,	399	399	399	412	412	67	6 3 0	4 11¼	103 16 0	295 7 5	6 17 4	4 17 5
FERMANAGH.												
Crichton,	7,686	4,268	7,670	30,002	29,123	4,714	6 7 3	1 0	7,362 7 0	320 6 9	500 0 8	228 11 3
Enniskillen,	1,543	223	1,433	5,365	4,461	935	5 14 9	2 8¾	1,318 15 0	223 16 7	154 9 5	37 12 11
Irvinestown,	1,747	107	1,713	7,171	6,416	1,326	5 6 7	2 0½	1,524 3 0	222 10 3	213 1 8	26 8 9
Kesh,	1,598	72	1,594	7,297	–	1,435	5 1 8	0 9¾	1,527 0 0	69 2 8	121 12 4	25 13 7
Lack,	1,812	876	1,744	6,673	5,406	963	6 18 7	2 1¼	1,478 11 0	330 11 0	190 1 1	45 13 9
Lisbellaw,	638	98	619	1,949	1,949	340	5 14 7	2 8	499 8 0	138 8 10	60 18 1	16 17 8
Tempo,	1,134	611	1,132	5,152	–	1,012	5 1 9	1 6¼	1,133 18 0	–	85 17 4	34 19 1
	16,158	6,255	15,905	63,609	47,355	10,725	–	–	14,844 2 0	1304 16 1	1326 0 7	415 17 0
GALWAY.												
Ballinasloe,	1,255	464	1,253	5,275	–	1,018	5 3 7	1 2½	1,121 0 0	133 3 5	87 18 4	8 0 4
Loughrea,	734	734	726	878	878	269	3 5 3	1 5	245 16 0	488 13 9	27 13 9	2 6 4
	1,989	1,198	1,979	6,153	878	1,287	–	–	1,366 16 0	621 17 2	115 12 1	10 6 8
KILDARE.												
Athy,	1,496	596	1,485	6,215	4,624	1,593	3 18 0	2 1	1,446 16 0	45 0 11	171 0 4	57 10 11
Fontstown,	1,035	208	1,013	3,548	3,006	643	5 10 4	2 4¼	909 11 0	123 0 7	102 19 5	31 0 2
	2,531	804	2,498	9,763	7,630	2,236	–	–	2,356 7 0	168 1 6	273 19 9	88 11 1

(A) No. 2.

31st December, 1868, as rendered to the Loan Fund Board.

wound up; those printed in Capitals have been closed, by order of the Board, on account of Irregularities in the Management.

Gross Profit, being the Total Amount received for Discount, Fines, and Cards, or Application Papers, in 1868.	Total Paid as Salaries or Wages during 1868.	Number of Paid Servants employed.	Total Expenses of Management, including Salaries or Wages, and Loss on Notes in 1868.	Amount of Interest paid for Capital.	Number of Depositors owing said Capital.	Net Loss of 1868 (if any) after payment of Interest and all Expenses, and deducting any Bad Debts.	Net Profit of 1868 (if any) after payment of Interest and all Expenses, and deducting any Bad Debts.	Amount of Bad Debts charged to Stock in 1868.	Amount actually Expended for Charitable Purposes in 1868.	Honorary Officers: Treasurers.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
351 0 9	231 0 0	3	270 3 10	–	–	–	80 16 11	–	–	William J. Gwynn, Esq.
311 11 9	110 0 0	3	133 8 8	125 12 4	11	–	52 10 9	–	–	R. J. Cuming, Esq., J.P.
92 11 7	45 0 0	2	54 13 5	37 0 0	6	–	0 14 2	0 4 0	–	Fras. Moroney, Esq., J.P.
50 17 5	14 13 0	2	23 3 11	–	–	–	27 13 6	–	–	Rev. Francis Shortt.
22 13 6	20 0 0	1	21 0 3	–	–	–	1 13 3	–	–	Mr. John B. Scott.
33 10 7	86 0 0	2	106 11 3	–	–	73 0 8	–	–	–	G. J. Wycherly, Esq., M.D.
90 16 6	27 14 0	2	46 18 5	37 16 8	10	–	6 1 5	–	–	Miss C. Briscoe.
158 18 11	52 8 0	2	61 7 2	38 11 8	6	–	59 0 1	–	90 0 0	Very Rev. P. D. O'Regan, P.P.
135 12 6	75 0 0	3	127 8 7	–	–	–	8 3 11	–	–	Achilles Daunt, Esq.
24 16 1	5 0 0	1	5 10 7	8 5 6	10	–	11 0 0	–	4 0 0	Rev. R. D. Campion.
50 14 3	40 0 0	1	48 7 11	–	–	–	2 6 4	–	10 0 0	George Smith, Esq.
–	30 2 6	2	30 2 6	4 4 2	2	34 6 8	–	–	–	Mr. Jos. Fitzgerald.
567 19 9	350 17 6	16	470 10 7	88 18 0	28	107 7 4	115 18 6	–	104 0 0	
290 5 6	60 0 0	2	95 0 6	131 1 11	35	–	58 3 1	6 0 0	–	John Doherty, Esq.
309 5 10	110 0 0	3	139 13 0	131 3 5	33	–	35 9 5	3 0 0	20 0 0	Rev. John Canning.
225 6 9	94 0 0	2	126 17 9	14 7 10	8	–	84 1 2	–	–	John R. Boyd, Esq., J.P.
276 12 11	63 8 10	2	90 12 8	100 1 7	25	–	85 18 8	–	–	Wm. Haslet, Esq., J.P.
202 16 9	115 0 0	3	127 3 11	49 15 9	60	–	25 17 1	–	–	Wm. Fenwick, Esq., J.P.
1,304 7 9	442 8 10	12	579 7 10	426 10 6	161	–	289 9 5	9 0 0	20 0 0	
420 10 3	127 15 0	3	155 17 1	210 10 0	46	–	54 3 2	–	109 18 1	James Jackson, Esq.
19 1 8	15 0 0	1	16 12 3	–	–	–	2 9 5	–	–	James C. Lowry, Esq.
776 11 3	192 0 0	6	233 10 8	175 6 6	14	–	367 14 1	–	347 2 0	Mr. Hugh Armstrong.
201 8 10	100 0 0	2	127 13 7	73 10 0	18	–	0 5 3	–	–	M. H. Morphy, Esq.
251 10 7	100 0 0	2	136 10 11	90 19 6	14	–	24 0 2	–	–	Mr. A. Aiken.
159 5 1	43 0 0	2	58 16 6	65 16 4	17	–	34 12 3	–	10 0 0	Wm. Archdall, Esq., J.P.
243 15 4	81 0 0	3	101 6 11	51 13 7	17	–	75 16 10	14 18 0	61 0 0	Edward Atthill, Esq., J.P.
79 4 5	35 0 0	2	46 0 0	28 0 5	5	–	5 4 0	–	–	Rev. J. G. Porter, J.P.
125 0 9	65 0 0	3	79 2 0	25 8 6	7	–	20 10 3	–	–	Mr. James Beatty.
1,836 16 3	616 0 0	20	783 0 7	510 14 10	92	–	528 2 10	14 18 0	418 2 0	
105 0 0	43 16 8	2	62 3 5	37 19 7	8	–	4 17 0	–	–	John Lancaster, Esq.
36 16 0	12 0 0	1	19 2 0	–	–	–	17 14 0	–	–	Rev. John Sellars.
141 16 0	55 16 8	3	81 5 5	37 19 7	8	–	22 11 0	–	–	
241 13 7	117 2 0	5	160 15 7	54 2 8	5	–	26 15 4	–	52 16 0	Henry Hannon, Esq.
141 8 5	49 0 0	3	75 18 10	33 16 0	17	–	31 13 7	–	15 2 0	Rev. Richard W. Bagot.
383 2 0	166 2 0	8	236 14 5	87 18 8	22	–	58 8 11	–	67 18 0	

APPENDIX (A) No. 2.—Statement of Accounts of Loan Funds for the Year

County and Name of Loan Fund.	Amount of Capital to be accounted for on 31st Dec. 1868.	Of which is held free of Interest, being Original subscription or Unappropriated Profits.	Actual Amount of Capital working on 31st Dec. 1868.	Total Amount Circulated in 1868.	Amount issued in Monthly Loans.	Number of Loans issued in 1868.	Average Amount of each Loan.	Average Cost of the Issue of each Loan to the Society, exclusive of Interest on the Capital.	Sum in Borrowers' hands on 31st Dec., 1868, exclusive of Bad Debts.	Sum in Treasurers' hands on 31st Dec., 1868.	Amount of Discount received in 1868.	Amount of Fines received in 1868.
	£	£	£	£	£		£ s. d.	s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
KILKENNY.												
Callan,	796	286	796	3,653	–	1,280	2 17 1	0 9¼	644 16 0	150 15 0	60 17 8	30 16 8
Fiddown,	167	167	167	669	–	293	2 5 8	1 0¾	166 12 0	0 10 0	11 3 0	4 12 5
Stoneyford,	386	–	359	1,607	–	496	3 4 9	0 7¼	373 11 0	12 0 8	26 15 8	3 12 1
Thomastown,	520	304	520	1,684	–	596	2 16 6	1 1	519 15 0	–	28 1 4	22 3 1
	1,869	757	1,842	7,613	–	2,665	–	–	1,704 14 0	163 5 8	126 17 8	61 4 3
KING'S CO.												
Clara,	2,469	773	2,457	9,838	6,336	2,422	4 1 3	1 3	2,280 14 0	187 6 11	243 3 4	73 9 10
Tullamore,	1,327	1,237	1,179	4,551	–	1,615	2 16 4	1 4	1,250 17 0	72 4 11	75 17 0	91 12 9
	3,796	2,010	3,636	14,389	6,336	4,037	–	–	3,531 11 0	259 11 10	319 0 4	165 2 7
LEITRIM.												
Annaduff,	1,261	437	1,225	4,739	4,739	1,348	3 10 3	0 10	1,209 16 0	49 10 11	78 19 8	14 9 1
LIMERICK.												
Askeaton,	733	337	715	3,184	816	761	4 3 8	0 11	731 6 0	–	53 1 4	16 15 7
Ballingarry,	728	113	727	3,270	–	718	4 11 1	1 3	685 15 0	41 1 10	54 10 0	20 9 0
Galbally,	1,308	1,017	1,307	4,091	1,387	867	4 14 4	1 3¾	713 4 0	593 13 10	68 9 6	2 0 6
Limerick Industrial,	1,714	1,664	1,696	7,578	–	1,328	5 14 1	1 11¾	1,495 19 0	215 17 0	126 6 0	20 0 1
Limerick Pery and Jubilee,	2,050	2,050	2,047	8,163	–	1,854	4 8 1	1 6½	1,812 15 0	234 7 10	136 1 0	23 5 5
	6,533	5,181	6,492	26,286	2,203	5,528	–	–	5,438 19 0	1085 0 6	438 7 10	82 10 7
LONDONDERRY.												
Draperstown,	948	278	887	2,985	2,610	687	4 6 10	1 7¾	855 11 0	91 12 2	87 16 3	19 17 10
Kilrea,	2,789	697	2,782	10,015	9,616	1,691	5 18 5	1 7½	2,412 0 0	370 5 0	247 1 0	69 12 10
Londonderry,	5,625	1,975	5,196	20,762	9,267	4,321	4 16 1	1 7	4,936 14 0	678 5 6	423 5 2	146 10 3
Maghera,	1,150	150	1,037	3,706	2,687	878	4 4 1	1 7½	1,055 2 0	92 15 7	100 18 10	29 14 5
	10,512	3,100	9,902	37,468	24,180	7,577	–	–	9,259 7 0	1232 18 3	859 1 3	265 15 4
LONGFORD.												
Edgeworthstown,	1,720	368	1,718	5,734	4,266	1,178	4 17 4	1 6	1,717 16 0	0 4 8	157 15 7	9 15 4
MEATH.												
Kells,	1,274	60	1,264	5,677	–	1,350	4 4 1	1 0¼	1,271 19 0	–	94 12 4	32 13 5
MONAGHAN.												
Cornasoo,	936	126	931	4,595	–	1,556	2 19 0	0 10¼	907 13 0	27 8 8	76 11 8	12 7 6
QUEEN'S CO.												
Abbeyleix,	1,413	413	1,411	5,891	3,421	1,454	4 1 0	2 0¼	1,285 7 0	125 6 5	126 13 10	16 15 2
Durrow,	2,191	736	2,173	8,349	5,990	2,145	3 17 10	1 8	1,981 17 0	206 12 4	189 1 4	66 15 4
Maryborough,	1,745	241	1,739	7,278	–	2,358	3 2 6	0 9½	1,449 12 0	293 11 10	121 6 0	50 13 5
Mountrath,	2,191	491	2,185	9,684	–	2,010	4 16 4	1 3	2,172 13 0	12 14 1	161 8 0	16 6 2
Portarlington,	1,425	73	1,402	6,109	–	2,002	3 1 0	0 10	1,377 11 0	44 14 11	101 16 4	53 5 2
Timahoe,	1,258	478	1,247	4,854	–	1,242	3 18 2	1 3	1,115 19 0	141 18 7	80 18 0	71 6 7
	10,223	2,432	10,157	42,165	9,411	11,211	–	–	9,382 19 0	824 18 2	781 3 6	275 1 10

ending 31st December, 1868, as rendered to the Loan Fund Board—*continued.*

Gross Profit, being the Total Amount received for Discount, Fines, and Cards, or Application Papers, in 1868.	Total Paid as Salaries or Wages during 1868.	Number of Paid Servants employed.	Total Expenses of Management, including Salaries or Wages, and Loss on Notes in 1868.	Amount of Interest paid for Capital.	Number of Depositors owning said Capital.	Net Loss of 1867 (if any) after payment of Interest and all Expenses, and deducting any Bad Debts.	Net Profit of 1867 (if any) after payment of Interest and all Expenses, and deducting any Bad Debts.	Amount of Bad Debts charged to Stock in 1868.	Amount actually Expended for Charitable Purposes in 1868.	Honorary Officers: Treasurers.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
97 1 0	42 0 0	2	50 3 7	28 0 0	4	–	18 18 5	–	20 12 3	W. R. Weld, Esq.
16 19 10	15 0 0	1	15 12 7	–	–	–	1 7 3	–	–	Rev. W. Gregory.
34 10 5	11 0 0	2	15 3 6	18 17 6	3	–	0 9 5	–	–	Mrs. Sarah Flood.
55 10 11	23 0 0	2	32 13 11	9 9 10	1	–	13 7 1	–	10 0 0	Ven. Archdn. Thacker.
204 2 2	91 0 0	7	113 13 7	56 7 4	8	–	34 2 2	–	30 12 3	
336 16 10	112 0 0	3	150 13 9	87 0 9	24	–	99 2 4	–	50 0 0	Edwd. Bewley, Esq., M.D.
174 3 6	82 0 0	4	110 15 0	6 14 6	1	–	56 14 0	–	39 9 5	Alex. M'Mullen, Esq.
511 0 4	194 0 0	7	261 8 9	93 15 3	25	–	155 16 4	–	89 9 5	
104 14 2	50 0 0	2	56 7 4	41 1 3	16	–	7 5 7	–	–	Mr. James Reynolds.
76 3 9	34 0 0	2	35 6 0	18 13 9	10	–	21 10 0	0 14 0	–	Rev. Geo. Maxwell.
83 14 10	40 0 0	2	45 1 1	31 0 0	3	–	7 13 9	–	–	Rev. H. R. Bayly.
73 6 8	48 0 0	3	57 3 4	8 17 6	5	–	7 5 10	–	–	R. D. Bolton Massy, Esq.
183 19 11	112 4 0	3	131 15 1	–	2	–	52 4 10	–	–	Very Rev. M. Fitzgerald.
181 8 0	90 16 8	3	144 4 11	–	–	–	37 3 1	–	–	Edward Fitt, Esq.
598 13 2	325 0 8	13	413 10 5	58 11 3	20	–	125 17 6	0 14 0	–	
114 7 2	45 0 0	2	57 1 8	35 7 6	9	–	21 18 0	–	–	Mr. Toal Mallon.
328 14 0	97 18 0	3	137 1 6	75 18 11	26	–	115 13 7	–	104 0 0	R. H. Dolling, Esq., J.P.
610 15 2	298 8 0	4	343 12 9	170 8 5	47	–	96 14 0	–	–	J. J. Joyce, Esq.
138 18 8	60 3 0	3	71 13 0	50 0 0	3	–	14 16 8	2 9 0	–	Mr. James Kerr.
1,192 15 0	501 9 0	12	609 8 11	331 14 10	85	–	249 2 3	2 9 0	104 0 0	
178 18 6	78 0 0	4	89 3 0	59 19 8	23	–	29 15 9	–	–	Rev. G. L. Horneck.
139 12 10	58 0 0	3	68 12 0	57 10 0	9	–	9 7 10	4 3 0	–	Thomas Radcliff, Esq.
101 18 6	56 0 0	2	66 12 0	41 13 0	5	6 6 6	–	–	–	Mr. Samuel Jamieson.
187 11 1	113 0 0	3	151 9 8	53 12 5	8	17 11 0	–	–	4 16 8	E. L. Swan, Esq.
270 19 3	140 0 0	3	179 11 10	75 5 10	17	–	16 1 7	–	10 1 0	Robert Rhodes, Esq.
199 5 11	74 0 0	3	91 12 10	76 3 10	20	–	26 2 3	5 7 0	–	Thomas Turpin, Esq.
197 8 10	110 0 0	2	131 13 5	85 0 0	10	19 4 7	–	–	–	William Roe, Esq.
171 8 3	73 12 0	4	82 17 5	66 3 6	14	–	22 7 4	–	15 0 0	Very Rev. J. Wolseley.
165 0 5	61 0 0	3	77 0 9	41 15 0	8	–	44 4 8	2 0 0	–	William Edge, Esq.
1,191 13 9	571 12 0	18	714 5 11	398 0 7	77	36 15 7	108 15 10	7 7 0	29 17 8	

Appendix (A) No. 2.—Statement of Accounts of Loan Funds for the Year

County and Name of Loan Fund.	Amount of Capital to be accounted for on 31st Dec. 1868.	Of which is held free of Interest, being Original Subscription or Unappropriated Profits.	Actual Amount of Capital working on 31st Dec. 1868.	Total Amount Circulated in 1868.	Amount issued in Monthly Loans.	Number of Loans issued in 1868.	Average Amount of each Loan.	Average Cost of the Issue of each Loan to the Society, exclusive of Interest on the Capital.	Sum in Borrowers' hands on 31st Dec., 1868, exclusive of Bad Debts.	Sum in Treasurers' hands on 31st Dec., 1868.	Amount of Discount received in 1868.	Amount of Fines received in 1868.
	£	£	£	£	£		£ s. d.	s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Roscommon.												
Athlone, . .	3,482	1,150	3,459	12,270	9,143	2,675	4 11 9	1 5½	3,338 7 0	136 0 11	280 13 10	61 6 0
Sligo.												
Bellaghy, . .	2,350	484	2,339	11,391	–	2,708	4 4 1	0 8¾	2,283 4 0	66 5 5	189 17 0	45 14 5
Drumcliff, . .	1,193	497	1,087	4,696	3,050	1,059	4 8 8	1 4½	1,186 0 0	11 2 8	122 14 11	26 0 5
Sligo, . .	1,348	168	1,311	4,993	2,351	1,287	3 17 7	1 5¾	1,198 3 0	146 5 7	117 10 0	39 1 7
	4,896	1,149	4,737	21,080	5,401	5,054	–	–	4,667 7 0	223 13 8	430 1 11	110 16 5
Tipperary.												
Borrisokane, .	1,302	222	1,300	5,009	3,653	1,747	2 18 4	1 0	1,234 7 0	65 15 1	130 12 11	49 10 1
Cahir, . .	2,070	504	2,067	8,163	–	2,084	3 18 4	0 10	1,680 10 0	386 4 5	136 1 0	3 7 1
Cashel, . .	3,082	2,082	3,077	13,613	5,881	4,230	3 3 5	0 11½	2,773 4 0	304 0 2	275 17 10	26 5 0
Fethard, . .	1,101	569	1,087	4,923	–	1,820	2 14 1	1 1	1,075 10 0	23 3 5	82 1 0	62 15 8
Nenagh, . .	2,076	849	2,046	5,698	4,316	1,303	4 7 5	1 10¾	1,470 8 0	601 3 2	130 18 8	53 0 2
Roscrea, . .	3,174	1,244	3,072	12,411	7,734	3,311	3 15 0	1 4½	3,031 12 0	140 7 4	271 6 0	98 11 3
Tipperary, . .	1,735	487	1,719	7,337	–	1,810	4 1 1	1 5	1,424 19 0	306 18 2	122 5 8	48 16 10
	14,540	5,957	14,368	57,244	21,584	16,305	–	–	12,690 10 0	1827 11 9	1149 3 1	342 6 1
Tyrone.												
Ballygawley, .	1,331	531	681	2,299	2,299	671	3 8 6	0 3	1,194 1 0	134 14 1	71 12 6	18 19 4
Castlederg, .	1,863	163	1,835	6,849	6,307	1,390	4 18 6	1 5¼	1,803 9 0	59 2 6	166 14 2	44 13 2
Coalisland, .	2,343	577	2,336	8,665	6,577	1,966	4 8 2	1 8¼	2,249 15 0	91 5 9	197 12 11	53 14 8
Cookstown, .	2,545	765	2,541	11,035	7,809	2,502	4 8 2	1 0¼	2,542 18 0	–	248 19 10	28 6 10
Drumaney, .	1,576	76	1,546	5,189	5,081	1,028	5 0 11	1 7	1,546 16 0	28 12 2	128 16 6	29 9 0
Drumbulgin, .	2,082	82	1,238	6,077	5,960	1,088	5 11 8	1 10¼	2,081 12 0	–	163 7 4	52 13 0
Drumquin, .	2,417	1,747	2,408	8,417	8,417	1,377	6 2 3	1 11¾	1,956 4 0	459 5 6	140 5 8	47 18 1
Kilskeery, . .	761	361	732	3,111	3,111	551	5 12 11	2 11½	738 0 0	22 18 2	97 4 4	21 14 2
Newtownstewart,	4,675	1,279	4,611	15,513	15,513	2,269	6 16 9	1 9	4,578 10 0	94 11 1	258 11 0	114 1 4
Omagh, . .	1,729	229	1,721	6,040	6,040	1,281	4 14 3	1 6½	1,573 4 0	155 19 5	188 14 11	37 11 7
Pomeroy, . .	2,280	780	2,279	7,842	7,674	1,396	5 12 4	2 3¾	2,089 18 0	188 19 2	242 12 3	44 14 11
Stewartstown, .	3,089	397	2,931	10,222	9,432	1,952	5 4 9	1 2¼	2,058 5 0	129 13 5	248 19 4	48 18 4
Strabane, . .	1,959	153	1,774	7,531	5,388	1,564	4 16 4	1 6¾	1,819 0 0	138 12 11	204 1 10	61 9 5
	28,650	7,140	26,633	98,790	89,608	19,035	–	–	27,131 12 0	1503 14 2	2357 12 7	604 3 10
Waterford.												
Waterford, .	2,829	706	2,827	13,379	–	2,219	6 0 7	1 3¾	2,826 18 0	–	222 19 8	52 12 4
Westmeath.												
Mayne, . .	107	25	106	435	–	205	2 2 5	0 7¼	76 5 0	30 4 11	7 5 0	2 13 1
Moate, . .	706	191	705	3,203	957	918	3 9 9	1 7	704 15 0	–	67 6 9	14 11 5
St. Mary's, Athlone	2,309	1,175	2,304	8,316	5,499	2,081	4 0 0	1 2¼	2,136 1 0	168 4 3	184 8 6	42 10 8
	3,122	1,391	3,115	11,954	6,456	3,204	–	–	2,917 1 0	198 9 2	259 0 3	59 15 2
Wexford.												
Enniscorthy, .	850	570	846	3,969	–	1,331	2 19 8	1 4	756 15 0	89 17 6	66 3 0	45 19 4
New Ross Benevolent, . .	2,588	1,101	2,360	7,754	4,999	2,018	3 16 10	1 3	2,385 7 0	199 12 4	170 17 10	82 19 11
New Ross National, . .	1,385	853	983	2,079	1,196	508	4 1 10	4 5½	901 4 0	480 6 3	52 1 10	26 17 1
	4,823	2,524	4,189	13,802	6,195	3,857	–	–	4,043 6 0	769 16 1	289 2 8	155 16 4
Wicklow.												
Baltinglass, .	488	111	487	1,779	1,112	545	3 5 3	1 5	390 7 0	96 19 1	45 17 4	11 16 5
Imaal, . .	810	235	809	2,685	1,717	525	5 2 3	2 5	604 8 0	204 14 6	69 15 9	27 8 6
Kiltegan, . .	579	371	577	1,989	1,507	518	3 16 9	1 7	495 11 0	81 7 6	55 2 6	17 18 6
Moyne, . .	532	191	530	2,037	1,428	465	4 7 7	1 6	406 12 0	123 14 0	54 15 6	10 6 7
	2,409	908	2,403	8,490	5,764	2,053	–	–	1,896 18 0	506 15 1	225 11 1	67 10 0

ending 31st December, 1868, as rendered to the Loan Fund Board—*continued.*

Gross Profit, being the Total Amount received for Discount, Fines, and Cards, or Application Papers, in 1868.	Total Paid as Salaries or Wages during 1868.	Number of Paid Servants employed.	Total Expenses of Management, including Salaries or Wages, and Loss on Notes in 1868.	Amount of Interest paid for Capital.	Number of Depositors owning said Capital.	Net Loss of 1868 (if any) after payment of Interest and all Expenses, and deducting any Bad Debts.	Net Profit of 1868 (if any) after payment of Interest and all Expenses, and deducting any Bad Debts.	Amount of Bad Debts charged to Stock in 1868.	Amount actually Expended for Charitable Purposes in 1868.	Honorary Officers: Treasurers.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
368 15 11	169 0 0	4	195 14 6	118 18 7	48	–	54 2 10	–	–	John M'Donnell, Esq.
258 2 9	78 0 0	4	97 4 0	94 8 5	21	–	66 10 4	–	–	Mr. P. P. Colleran.
157 11 10	56 0 0	3	71 10 4	41 2 3	12	–	44 19 3	–	–	Thomas Yeates, Esq.
167 6 1	76 0 0	3	95 4 8	59 0 0	7	–	13 1 5	–	–	George Leech, Esq.
583 0 8	210 0 0	10	263 19 0	194 10 8	40	–	124 11 0	–	–	
194 15 2	72 19 0	2	88 9 10	52 1 6	8	–	54 3 10	–	–	Dr. MacGarvey.
156 5 7	68 0 0	3	88 4 9	37 13 2	56	–	30 7 1	–	–	Robert Proctor, Esq.
341 6 2	150 0 0	3	205 9 4	5 11 10	–	–	130 5 0	–	–	Mr. Matthew O'Ryan.
160 0 3	84 4 0	4	99 15 9	27 2 0	4	–	33 2 6	–	10 0 0	John M'Carthy, Esq.
194 15 2	92 16 0	2	124 6 9	58 6 10	16	–	12 1 7	–	–	Anthony Nolan, Esq.
385 16 1	183 0 0	3	229 5 5	101 9 8	9	–	55 1 0	–	124 10 0	Mr. John Large.
196 13 6	117 10 0	3	128 12 2	61 5 0	23	–	6 16 4	–	–	Mr. William O'Leary.
1,629 11 11	768 9 0	20	964 4 0	343 10 0	116	–	321 17 4	–	134 00 0	
105 12 0	–	–	8 3 11	50 10 0	2	–	46 18 1	–	–	Mervyn Stewart, Esq., J.P.
223 3 9	80 0 0	2	100 12 4	82 19 7	16	–	39 11 10	–	–	Joseph Scott, Esq., J.P.
269 13 0	132 0 0	3	166 16 10	88 14 7	23	–	14 1 7	–	12 0 0	Rev. W. J. M. Young.
309 17 3	93 0 0	3	127 13 7	95 0 11	10	–	87 2 9	–	80 0 0	J. M. Weir, Esq.
166 16 10	70 0 0	2	81 5 11	76 0 6	6	–	9 10 5	–	–	Robert M'Guckin, Esq.
225 1 8	87 0 0	3	100 18 2	94 8 1	21	–	29 15 4	–	–	Mr. Thos. M'Reynolds.
200 7 2	115 0 0	2	136 5 9	33 10 0	12	–	30 11 5	–	10 0 0	Edward Sproule, Esq.
123 14 10	70 0 0	3	81 10 0	17 7 0	5	–	24 17 10	–	70 0 0	Rev. J. G. Porter, J.P.
397 13 2	165 0 0	4	200 10 6	168 7 3	32	–	28 15 5	–	200 0 0	John Rogers, Esq., J.P.
391 4 2	65 0 0	3	98 8 5	73 8 9	16	–	219 7 0	–	–	Mr. James Graham.
298 19 10	140 0 0	3	161 12 2	90 8 0	4	–	46 19 8	–	–	Robert Henry, Esq., M.D.
315 1 0	85 0 0	3	117 2 1	134 12 0	28	–	63 6 11	–	–	Dr. William B. Whittell.
278 11 11	86 0 0	3	123 3 1	105 3 10	30	–	50 5 0	–	–	Samuel Dunn, Esq.
3,305 16 7	1,190 0 0	34	1,504 2 9	1,110 10 6	205	–	691 3 3	–	372 0 0	
300 17 2	120 0 0	3	147 8 5	102 14 0	23	–	50 14 9	–	32 0 0	V. R. Delandre, Esq.
10 15 0	5 0 0	2	6 5 5	4 3 0	4	–	0 6 7	–	–	Miss E. Pakenham.
96 16 9	60 0 0	2	72 10 1	21 15 1	16	–	2 11 7	–	–	W. C. Clibborn, Esq.
244 6 0	105 0 0	2	127 16 11	59 12 4	19	–	56 16 9	–	15 0 0	Mr. Francis Hughes.
351 17 9	170 0 0	6	206 12 5	85 10 5	39	–	59 14 11	–	15 0 0	
138 19 3	74 0 0	3	90 0 10	16 10 0	6	–	32 8 5	–	–	Edward J. Lett, Esq.
265 18 2	100 0 0	2	127 11 6	74 7 0	21	–	63 19 8	–	77 18 8	Rev. P. Crane.
93 9 3	103 9 4	3	113 9 3	27 3 8	11	47 3 8	–	–	–	Mrs. Glascott.
498 6 8	277 9 4	8	331 1 7	118 0 8	38	47 3 8	96 8 1	–	77 18 8	
62 4 7	37 10 0	2	38 14 1	19 4 6	28	–	4 6 0	–	–	Peter Douglas, Esq.
102 10 0	45 0 0	4	63 7 4	22 18 11	16	–	16 3 9	–	11 0 0	Michael Fenton, Esq., J.P.
77 7 4	36 0 0	3	42 6 8	10 7 0	8	–	24 13 8	–	35 0 0	Mr. Melvilla Keay.
69 0 4	25 0 0	2	34 17 5	17 8 9	12	–	16 14 2	–	20 0 0	Rev. T. O. Fetherstone H.
311 2 3	143 10 0	11	179 5 6	69 19 2	64	–	61 17 7	–	66 0 0	

APPENDIX (A) No. 3.

Statement of Loan Funds Dissolved, by order of the Loan Fund Board of Ireland, since the Year 1847.

County.	Name of Loan Fund.	Date of Gazetting.	Name of Receiver.	Liabilities when Gazetted	Dividends paid to Depositors.	Now due to Depositors.	Amount in Bank on Dec. 31, 1868.		Observations.
				£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
Carlow,	Rathvilly,	8th January, 1847,	—	928 0 0	14s. 6½d. per pound,	290 0 0	—	Finally closed.	
Cavan,	Kingscourt,	8th December, 1850,	—	784 0 0	4s. 6d., 4s. 6d., 5s., & 4s. 6d.; total, 18s. 6d. per pound.	58 16 0	—	Do.	
Do.,	Cootehill,	4th December, 1848,	W. Roundtree,	451 0 0	10s. 6d. and 3s. per pound,	110 10 0	—	Do.	
Cork,	Mitchelstown,	3rd April, 1855,	J. P. Forrest,	805 0 0	18s. and 2d. per pound,	114 14 0	—	Do.	
Do.,	Cork Charitable,	18th October, 1856,	Peter Dillon,	2,215 13 0	Capital free. Nothing due to depositors.	—	—	Do.	The whole capital of society was free, arising from a donation chiefly of Henry Sheares, Esq., in 1774. The total loss sustained by the frauds committed on this charity and the amount of charges incidental to winding up, legal proceedings, &c., was £1,341 4s. 6d., leaving available for the formation of a new society £874 8s. 6d., and in addition to that sum, £305 15s. 5d. derived from surplus assets of Cork No. 1 Society, closed. Total capital, £1,180 3s. 11d.
Fermanagh,	Lowtherstown,	3rd August, 1849,	A. Aikin,	250 0 0	Paid in full,	—	—	Do.	
Galway,	Loughrea,	5th January, 1850,	Richard O'Neill,	—	Do.,	—	—	Do.	Assets of old fund derived from original charitable bequest £520 5s. 8d. transferred to newly-established society, which, with interest, when transferred in June, 1852, amounted to £587 4s. 11d.
Do.,	Mountshannon,	5th May, 1849,	William Mills,	1,621 0 4	3s. 8d. per pound,	1,324 0 0	—	Do.	£300 recovered from P. Reade, Esq., J.P., paid to the depositors. Since payment of divided £6 12s. 10d. has been received, which amount has been applied to Board's charges, and re-lodged.
Kilkenny,	Kilkenny,	24th August, 1849,	J. Hackett,	216 1 8	Paid in full,	—	—	Do.	
King's,	Edenderry,	14th August, 1848,	John Gill,	155 0 0	Paid in full to all save Treasurer.	46 0 0	—	Do.	Only loss sustained by Treasurer, £46.
Do.,	Birr,	6th October, 1849,	J. Meara,	742 0 0	6s. 8d. and 9d. per pound,	463 5 11	—	Do.	
Leitrim,	Cloone,	9th July, 1861,	John Soden,	2,603 0 0	Paid in full,	—	—	Do.	The total amount lodged to Board's credit, including £21 14s. 5d., interest allowed by Bank to 31st December, 1862, was £4,352 6s. 3d. The actual amount available, after paying all depositors in full, £2,603, and charges of collection, &c., £239 8s., was £1,509 18s. 3d. Out of above available assets Board ordered to be applied to the relief of urgent distress in the district, the same to be administered through the Resident Magistrate, C. De Gernon, Esq., the sum of £1,300, which was accordingly lodged in hands of Government for disposal by Mr. De Gernon, leaving a balance in Bank to Board's credit on the 31st December, 1862, of £209 18s. 3d., of which amount £200 up to 31st December, 1862, was applicable to charitable or useful purposes in Loan Fund district. Of that £209 18s. 3d., and assets realized since 31st of December, 1862, amounting to £49 18s. 11d., total, ... £259 17 2 The following payments were made:— Rent, ... £3 2 0 Law charges advanced by Board, 12 1 1 } 15 3 1 Leaving a balance available for charitable purposes of £244 14 1 The above-mentioned balance was distributed by C. De Gernon, Esq., Resident Magistrate, as the former amount had been.
Longford,	Killashee,	20th April, 1849,	Samuel Wilson,	473 0 0	10s. and 2s. 6d. per pound,	155 2 10	—	Do.	
Monaghan,	Drumskelt,	25th March, 1848,	William Kerr,	750 0 0	6s. 8d. per pound,	493 8 11	—	Do.	
Sligo,	Ballysumahan,	15th January, 1849,	W. Longhead,	627 0 0	Nil,	627 0 0	—	Do.	A total loss of deposits.
Do.,	Coolaney,	21st April, 1849,	James Simpson,	497 0 0	1s. 5d. per pound,	462 13 9	—	Do.	
Do.,	Lissadill,	28th May, 1852,	Geo. Somerville,	795 0 0	Paid in full,	—	—	Do.	

Tipperary,	Ballingarry,	4th September, 1848,	J. Quinlan,	995 0 0	4s. per pound,	797 17 7	—	Do.	
Do.,	Carrick-on-Suir,	8th August, 1848,	Thomas Long,	262 0 0	20s. to depositors; 10s. to managers.	105 0 0	0 12 0	Do.	Loss in this case sustained by Managers.
Do.,	Moyglass,	4th September, 1848,	Richard Purcell,	835 0 0	2s. 6d., 3s., and 1s. 6d. per pound.	670 12 6	—	Do.	
Do.,	Moyne,	20th January, 1850,	J. Russell,	384 0 0	Nil,	384 0 0	—	Do.	The allowed claims in this case were £384; of this amount a portion has been recovered by depositors from Treasurer. The amount of disallowed claims was £351.
Do.,	Thurles Agricultural	27th February, 1852,	—	952 10 0	5s., 1s. 1d., and 7s. 3d. per pound.	345 3 0	—	Do.	
Waterford,	Waterford, King-st.,	13th November, 1850,	Benj. Collins,	773 0 0	8s. 8d., 5s. 4d., and 1s. 2¼d. per pound.	197 7 8	—	-	The first dividend paid to depositors was 8s. 8d. in the pound, amounting to £334 19s. 4d.; a second dividend of 5s. 4d. in the pound was paid 25th February, 1864, of £196 16s., making amount paid 14s. in the pound. Assets in Bank 1st January, 1864, were . . . £208 18 11 The 25th February, 1864, all depositors, except Mrs. E. Doyle (for claim, £9 6s. 8d.), said to be deceased, and unrepresented at meeting, were paid a second dividend of 5s. 4d. in the pound, amounting to £196 16 0 There were charges due to Board since payment of first dividend re-lodged to Board's credit in Bank of Ireland, 2 8 6 Expenses of payment of second dividend, 4 15 6 } 204 0 0 Leaving a balance in Bank on 31st December, 1864, of £4 18 11 The balance due on Dr. Pyne's bond was paid on 10th April, 1865, . . . 43 0 0 Leaving a balance in Bank 22nd June, 1865, of . . £47 18 11 On the 22nd of June, 1865, a third and final dividend of 1s. 2¼d. in the pound was paid to all depositors, except Mrs. E. Doyle, deceased, who, having no representatives, the amount of her dividend was divided amongst the other depositors, . . . £43 16 4 Expenses of paying third dividend, . 3 5 0 } 47 1 4 Leaving in Bank on the 9th of March, 1866, a balance of . . . 0 17 7 which has been applied to local charities in Waterford.
Westmeath,	Castletowndelvin,	16th January, 1852,	Patrick Fagan,	1,029 6 7	8s. and 10d. per pound,	574 16 4	—	Do.	
Do.,	Mullingar,	27th October, 1851,	Edward Coffey,	1,266 5 6	8s. 6d. per pound,	728 3 2	—	Do.	
Do.,	Killucan,	15th April, 1853,	Richard Shaw,	316 4 4	By the reduction of certain claims, and arrangements made with depositors, £219 was divided amongst them.	97 0 0	—	Do.	
Wexford,	Clohamon,	22nd January, 1847,	J. Morrissey,	1,768 0 0	10s. and 5s. per pound,	445 0 0	—	Do.	
Do.,	Boro,	2nd January, 1852,	—	1,116 0 0	15s. per pound,	279 0 0	—	Do.	
Do.,	Gorey,	15th May, 1852,	James Floyde,	480 12 0	15s. per pound,	120 3 0	—	Do.	
Do.,	Wexford General,	27th February, 1852,	Benjamin Allen,	3,225 0 0	7s. 9d. and 6½d. per pound,	1,888 0 0	—	Do.	
Do.,	New Ross Charitable	27th May, 1848,	—	335 0 0	Nil,	—	370 9 1	Do.	Free capital, lodged to Board's credit in the Bank of Ireland, applicable to charitable or useful purposes in the locality, on the 31st December, 1864, was £370 9s. 1d.; total receipts from date of gazetting £421 9s. 10d.; payments made by Board on account of Society £51 0s. 9d., leaving an available balance in Bank of Ireland to Board's credit of £370 9s. 1d.

APPENDIX (A) No. 4.

Return of Inspections by Board's Officer, during the year 1868.

Name of Loan Fund.	Date of Inspection in 1868.	Date of last preceding Inspection.	Name of Loan Fund.	Date of Inspection in 1868.	Date of last preceding Inspection.
Dromore, (Special),	7th Jan.,	13th Nov., 1867.	Sligo,	16th July,	5th April, 1867.
Ballygawley,	9th Jan.,	12th Sept., 1866.	Drumcliff,	18th July,	6th April, 1867.
Coalisland,	11th Jan.,	10th Sept., 1866.	Bellaghy,	20th July,	11th April, 1867.
Timahoe,	21st Jan.,	12th May, 1866.	Loughrea,	22nd July,	12th Aug., 1867.
Stoneyford,	22nd Jan.,	27th June, 1866.	Ballinasloe,	23rd July,	14th Aug., 1867.
Callan,	24th Jan.,	29th June, 1866.	Johnstone Charitable, (Special),	31st July,	13th Feb., 1867.
Thomastown,	25th Jan.,	11th June, 1866.	St. Mary's, Athlone,	8th Aug.,	17th Aug., 1867.
Fiddown (Special),	8th Feb.,	14th Dec., 1867.	Athlone (co. Roscommon),	11th Aug.,	15th Aug., 1867.
Waterford,	11th Feb.,	9th June, 1866.	Limerick (Pery and Jubilee),	13th Aug.,	29th June, 1867.
New Ross (National),	13th Feb.,	7th June, 1866.	Limerick Industrial,	15th Aug.,	24th June, 1867.
New Ross (Benevolent,	15th Feb.,	6th June, 1866.	Askeaton,	2nd Sept.,	26th June, 1867.
Enniscorthy,	17th Feb.,	4th June, 1866.	Ballingarry,	4th Sept.,	28th June, 1867.
Mayne,	24th Feb.,	28th Jan., 1867.	Miltown Malbay,	7th Sept.,	21st June, 1867.
Hollywood,	26th Feb.,	20th Aug., 1866.	Nenagh,	9th Sept.,	1st July, 1867.
Antrim,	28th Feb.,	22nd Aug., 1866.	Borrisokane,	10th Sept.,	3rd July, 1867.
Crichton,	18th Mar.,	12th Dec., 1866.	Roscrea,	12th Sept.,	5th July, 1867.
Enniskillen,	20th Mar.,	14th Dec., 1866.	Stewartstown,	28th Sept.,	26th July, 1867.
Kesh,	21st Mar.,	15th Dec., 1866.	Maghera and Draperstown (Special),	30th Sept.,	20th Nov., 1867.
Lack,	23rd Mar.,	2nd Feb., 1867.	Drumbulgin,	3rd Oct.,	27th July, 1867.
Irvinestown,	25th Mar.,	31st Jan., 1867.	Kanturk,	19th Oct.,	30th May, 1867.
Cornasoo,	27th Mar.,	29th Jan., 1867.	Newmarket,	21st Oct.,	31st May, 1867.
Kells,	8th April,	1st May, 1867.	Queenstown (Special),	22nd Oct.,	20th May, 1867.
Ballyjamesduff,	10th April,	3rd May, 1867.	Kinsale,	24th Oct.,	27th May, 1867.
Moville,	25th April,	2nd Oct., 1866.	Bandon,	26th Oct.,	25th May, 1867.
Culdaff,	27th April,	4th Oct., 1866.	Aghada,	28th Oct.,	24th May, 1867.
Buncrana (Special),	29th April,	10th Oct., 1866.	New Cork Charitable (Special),	31st Oct.,	19th June, 1867.
Carndonagh,	2nd May,	6th Oct., 1866.	Newtownstewart,	22nd Nov.,	16th Nov., 1866.
Londonderry,	4th May,	8th Oct., 1866.	Castlederg,	25th Nov.,	10th Nov., 1866.
Kilrea,	6th May,	18th Aug., 1866.	Dromore (Special),	27th Nov.,	25th June, 1868.
Tempo,	25th May,	10th Dec., 1866.	Omagh (New),	28th Nov.,	12th Nov., 1867.
Lisbellaw,	28th May,	17th Dec., 1866.	Portarlington,	7th Dec.,	26th Oct., 1867.
Kilskeery,	30th May,	18th Dec., 1866.	Tullamore,	9th Dec.,	27th Aug., 1867.
Strabane,	1st June,	15th Nov., 1866.	Clara,	10th Dec.,	29th Aug., 1867.
Raphoe,	3rd June,	5th Nov., 1866.	Moate,	12th Dec.,	31st Aug., 1867.
Letterkenny,	5th June,	5th Feb., 1867.			
Dromore (Proposed),	23rd June,	—			
Dromore,	25th June,	7th Jan., 1868.			
Drumquin,	27th June,	12th Nov., 1866.			
Edgeworthstown,	13th July,	1st April, 1867.			
Annaduff,	15th July,	3rd April, 1867.			

APPENDIX (B) No. 1.

Audit of the Committee of the Note and Debenture Issue for 1868, and of Receipts from all sources during the same year.

The Committee to audit the above met on the 27th day of March, 1869, for that purpose.

Your Committee find there were, Notes in Stock on 1st January, 1868.	72,800
That on the 3rd of April, 1868, were ordered,	120,000
Making to be accounted for,	192,800
Of these were issued during 1868,	130,300
Leaving in Stock on 1st January, 1869,	62,500

Your Committee having examined the Stock at date of audit, and taken into account the Notes issued since the 1st of January last, find the above number were actually in Stock at that date.

It will be seen by the annexed account that £542 18*s.* 4*d.*, for the 130,300 notes issued at 1*d.* each, has been duly lodged to your credit in the Bank of Ireland.

Your Committee find that the number of the last Debenture issued in the year 1868, was	14,996
Deducting the number issued to the 31st December, 1867,	14,870
It will appear that Debentures were issued during 1868.	126

It will be seen by the annexed account that £6 6*s.* for the 126 Debentures, issued at 1*s.* each, has been duly lodged to the credit of the Board in the Bank of Ireland.

Your Committee find there were Deposit cards in Stock on 1st January, 1868.	61
That on the 24th January, 1868, were ordered to be printed,	2,000
Making to be accounted for,	2,061
Of these were issued during the year 1868,	112
Leaving in Stock on the 1st January, 1869,	1,949

Your Committee having examined the Stock at date of audit, and taken into account the Cards issued since the 1st of January last, find the above number were actually in Stock at that date.

It will be seen by the annexed account that 4*s.* 8*d.* for the 112 Cards issued at ½*d.* each, has been duly lodged to the credit of the Board in the Bank.

Appendix (B) No. 1—*continued.*

Your Committee find the April and October dividends on your Funded Stock have been duly lodged to your credit, amounting to £129 3*s.* 5*d.*

According to Board's order of 18th September, 1868, £200 3*s.* 2*d.* worth of Stock was sold out and lodged to your credit in the Bank.

These several sums, added to the balance in Bank on 1st January, 1868, give a total of £913 7*s.* 6*d.*

Your Committee find that drafts to the amount of £836 16*s.* 1*d.* were signed by the Board, in conformity with your minutes, of which particulars are annexed.

From the total, then, of . . .	£913 7 6
Is to be deducted drafts for . .	836 16 1
Which should leave a balance in Bank, on 1st January, 1869, of .	76 11 5

Your Committee find that the Bank gives you credit for this balance.

Account of Note and Debenture Audit, and Expenditure for the Year 1868.

1868:			£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Jan. 1,	To Balance in Bank (net), ...		—	34 11 11
	Lodgements for Notes, per Secretary, . . .		535 16 8	
	Do. do. direct, . . .		7 1 8	
				542 18 4
	Lodgements for Debentures, per Secretary, . .		6 6 0	
	Do. do. direct, . . .		—	
				6 6 0
	Lodgements for Deposit Cards, per Secretary, . .		0 4 8	
	Do. do. direct, . . .		—	
				0 4 8
April,	Dividend on Stock of £4,416 0 10	£66 4 10		
	Less Income Tax, . .	1 13 1		
			64 11 9	
Oct.,	Dividend on Stock of £4,416 0 10	£66 4 10		
	Less Income Tax, . .	1 13 2		
			64 11 8	
				129 3 5
	Amount of Stock sold by Board's Order, September, 1868,		—	200 3 2
	Total, . . .		—	913 7 6
	From which deduct Year's Drafts, . . .		—	836 16 1
	Balance in Bank 31st December, 1868, . .		—	76 11 5

(Signed) GEO. H. LINDSAY.
JOHN LENTAIGNE.

Audit of the Committee on the General Expenditure and Petty Expense Accounts for the Year 1868.

The Committee appointed to audit the General Expenditure and Petty Expense Accounts for 1868, met on the 2nd day of April, 1869, for that purpose.

Your Committee report that they find a balance of £2 18*s.* 2*d.* was in the hands of Secretary for current Expenses at date of last audit.

Your Committee charged the Secretary with this balance, and the sum of all the Drafts drawn in 1868, making together a sum of £839 14*s.* 3*d.*, as explained at foot.

Vouchers for all the payments made, as per the annexed account, were submitted, and having been examined one by one, your Committee have to report the same correct.

Your Committee find a balance in the Secretary's hands of £10 7*s.* 4*d.* on the 31st December, 1868, which is to be charged to him as the basis of next audit.

	£ s. d.
Balance in Secretary's hands 1st January, 1868, ...	2 18 2
Amount of Drafts drawn in 1868, . .	836 16 1
	839 14 3
Deduct Expenditure as per annexed account, ...	829 6 11
Balance in Secretary's hands 1st January, 1869, ...	10 7 4

Account adverted to in the Annexed Reports, showing Particulars of Expenditure.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Salaries of Board's Officers, . . .	752 15 3	Income Tax paid for Board's Officers, .	8 15 0
Printing of Promissory Notes, . .	55 8 10	Extra Inspection Expenses, . . .	—
Petty Expenses, ...	2 10 10	Coals for Offices, ...	3 8 6
Law Charges, ...	4 5 0		
Inspector's Postage Account, . . .	2 3 6		£829 6 11

(Signed) JOHN ENNIS, Bart.
GEO. H. LINDSAY.
JOHN LENTAIGNE.

APPENDIX (B) No. 2.

Showing Ordinary Income and Expenditure of the Board for 1867 and 1868.

1867.	£	s.	d.	1868.	£	s.	d.
Ordinary Sources of Income.				**Ordinary Sources of Income.**			
Receipts for Notes and Debentures,	533	7	8	Receipts for Notes and Debentures,	549	9	0
Dividends on Stock,	133	11	9	Dividends on Stock,	129	3	5
	£666	19	5		£678	12	5
Ordinary Expenditure.				**Ordinary Expenditure.**			
Salaries,	£762	0	0	Salaries,	£752	15	3
Printing,	44	2	4	Printing,	55	8	10
Petty Expenses,	3	2	3	Petty Expenses,	2	10	10
Inspector's Postage Account,	1	16	10	Inspector's Postage Account,	2	3	6
Extra Inspection Expenses,	—			Extra Inspection Expenses,	—		
Coals for Offices,	3	10	0	Coals for Offices,	3	8	6
Law Charges,	6	2	2	Law Charges,	4	5	0
	£820	13	7		£820	11	11
Excess of Ordinary Expenditure over Ordinary Income for the year 1867,	£153	14	2	Excess of Ordinary Expenditure over Ordinary Income for the year 1868,	£141	19	6

APPENDIX (C).

A List of the Members of the Loan Fund Board, with the dates of their respective Appointments, and the Number of Attendances of each Member at the Sittings of the Board, for the Year ending 31st December, 1868.

N.B.—The Board held 16 Sittings during the Year 1868.

Members' Names.	Dates of Appointment.	No. of Attendances	Members' Names.	Dates of Appointment.	No. of Attendances
The Right Honorable the Earl of Fingal, K.P.,	2nd Jan., 1837.	—	George H. Lindsay, Esq., D.L.,	13th Jan., 1846.	10
The Right Honorable Fitzstephen French, M.P.,	,,	—	Thomas Crosthwaite, Esq.,	,,	—
Viscount De Vesci,	,,	2	Walter Sweetman, Esq.,	20th Jan., 1846.	1
Sir James Power, Bart., M.P.,	,,	5	The Very Rev. H. U. Tighe, D.D., Dean of Derry,	18th Feb., 1846.	—
James O'Farrell, Esq.,	,,	—	The Rev. J. G. Porter, J.P.,	30th Jan., 1851.	3
William Hodges, Esq.,	25th Oct., 1837.	—	The Right Honorable Lord Talbot de Malahide,	28th Mar., 1854.	—
Rev. Thomas Hincks, D.D.,	10th Feb., 1841.	1	Lieut.-Col. George Gore Ouseley Higgins,	12th Sept., 1856.	—
John Lentaigne, Esq.,	,,	13	The Right Honorable the Earl of Belmore,	14th April, 1858.	—
The Right Honorable the Earl of Clancarty,	14th Jan., 1842.	—	William Jones Westby, Esq., D.L.	15th June, 1859.	4
The Right Honorable the Earl of Erne,	,,	—	The Right Honorable W. H. F. Cogan, M.P.,	12th April, 1860.	3
The Viscount Boyle,	,,	—	Wm. Pollard-Urquhart, Esq., M.P.	6th Feb., 1861.	—
The Right Honorable William Fownes Tighe,	,,	—			
Colonel Robert Owen, J.P.,	20th Jan., 1842.	—			
John Barlow, Esq., J.P.,	9th Jan., 1843.	—	*Counsel*—Wm. O'Connor Morris, Esq., 1, Winton-road,	13th May, 1859.	—
Sir John Ennis, Bart., J.P., D.L.,	,,	—			
John N. V. Vernon, Esq.,	,,	—			
The Very Rev. Chas. Vignolles, D.D., Dean of Ossory,	9th Jan., 1843.	—	*Secretary*—Rich. Robt. Madden, Esq., Dublin Castle,	19th Mar., 1850.	—

Dublin: Printed by Alexander Thom, 87 & 88, Abbey-street,
For Her Majesty's Stationery Office.

ELEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT,

PRESENTED BY THE

SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE HOME DEPARTMENT TO PARLIAMENT,

ON THE

EXECUTION OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

(1st August 1868 to 1st August 1869.)

ALSO OF THE

SANITARY AND SEWAGE UTILIZATION ACTS, 1865, 1866, & 1867,

FOR THE SAME PERIOD.

(Presented pursuant to Act 21 *&* 22 *Vict. c.* 98.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
11 *August* 1869.

437.

ELEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT.

The following is a Summary of the Business transacted in the Local Government Act Office since the date of the last Annual Report; 1st August 1868 to 1st August 1869.

The Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted in the following places, and the notice of adoption has been gazetted in relation thereto:—

District.	County.	District.	County.
Aston Manor (District).	Warwick.	Kirkby Lonsdale (Township).	Westmoreland.
Cornholme (District)	Lancaster and York.	Knaresborough and Tentergate (District).	York.
Dalton (District) -	York.	New Quay (District)	Cardigan.
Fartown (District) -	York.	Newton-in-Mackerfield (District) -	Lancaster.
Glossop (Borough) -	Derby.	Penistone (Township).	York.
Gorleston (Parish) -	Suffolk.	Rawmarsh (Parish)	York.
Hipperholme (District).	York.	Rowley Regis (Parish).	Stafford.
Ilkley (Township) -	York.	Stayley (District) -	Chester.
Kidderminster (Borough).	Worcester.		

The Local Government Act, 1858, has been partially adopted in the following places, to complete Local Acts, and to meet local requirements:—

Place.	County.
Ashton-under-Lyne (Borough)	Lancaster.
Bingley (District) - - -	York.
Liverpool (Borough) - -	Lancaster.
Southport (Borough) - -	Lancaster.

Orders have been made in the following cases after Inquiry, and Report made thereon:

Aberdare - - -	Sanctioning division of district into wards.
Bacup - - -	Remitting surcharge.
Bournemouth - -	Ditto.
Denton - - -	Ditto
Dukinfield - -	Ditto
Ditto - - -	Ditto
Gildersome - -	Declaring vote of adoption invalid.
Heywood - - -	Remitting surcharge.
Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Hipperholme - -	Approving adoption of Act.
Hurst - - -	Remitting surcharge.
Lees - - -	Ditto.
Leyland - - -	Ditto.
Neston and Parkgate	Disapproving a resolution rescinding adoption of Act.
New Malden - -	Remitting surcharge.
New Shoreham - -	Ditto.
Newton in Mackerfield	Dismissing appeal against adoption of Act.
Oldbury - - -	Remitting surcharge.

Otley - - -	Remitting surcharge.
Ramsbottom - -	Ditto.
Stayley - - -	As to costs of appeal.
Teddington - -	Remitting surcharge.
Tormoham - -	Dismissing Petition for increase of Local Board.
Tyldesley with Shakerley.	Remitting surcharge.
Wallasey - - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Ditto - - -	Ditto.
Waterloo with Seaforth	(Re Fitz Patrick) dismissing appeal for disallowance of demand for road making.
West Derby - -	Dismissing Petition for compulsory powers for purchase of land for street improvements.
Witney - - -	Remitting surcharge.

INQUIRIES have been made into the following Applications, Petitions, and Appeals, and Report made thereon:

Aberystwith.—Into Petition for Provisional Order for extension of borrowing powers.

Ashton-under-Lyne.—For repeal of Acts in force in district, and for extension of borrowing powers.

Bath.—Into Petition for Provisional Order for compulsory purchase of land for street improvement.

Bideford.—Into Petition for Provisional Order for compulsory powers for water supply.

Bournemouth.—For repeal and alteration of Local Acts.

Cleckheaton.—Into Petition for Provisional Order for separation of part of district.

Ditto - - ditto - - ditto.

Cornholme.—Into Petition for settlement of boundaries.

Crompton.—Into Petition for Provisional Order for compulsory purchase of land for street improvement.

Croydon.—Into Petition for separation of "Norwood Ward" from district.

Ditto.—For the transfer of the powers of Trustees of certain waste lands to Local Board.

Dorking.—Into Petition for settlement of boundaries.

Fleetwood.—Into Petition for Provisional Order for the partial repeal of Local Act.

Hanley.—Into Petition for Provisional Order to put in force the Lands Clauses Consolidation Act.

Harrogate.—Into Petition for Provisional Order for the compulsory purchase of land.

Hipperholme.—Into Petition for Settlement of Boundaries.

Ilfracombe.—Into Petition for consent to pay off the balance of sums borrowed, and for power to re-borrow.

Littleborough.—Into Petition for settlement of boundaries.

Litchurch.—Into Petition for Provisional Order for the compulsory purchase of lands.

Litherland.—Into Petition for Provisional Order for extension of borrowing powers.

Middlewich.—Into Petition for settlement of boundaries.

Milnrow.— - - Ditto.

Neston and Parkgate.—Into Petition against conduct and proceedings of Local Board.

Ditto.—Into sanitary condition of district.

Ditto.—Into resolution of Ratepayers rescinding adoption of Act in district.

Newport.—Into Petition for Provisional Order for compulsory purchase of land for street improvement.

Newton-in-Mackerfield.—Into appeal against adoption of Act.

Penistone.—Into propriety of this Township being allowed to adopt the Act.

Portsmouth.—Into Petition for Provisional Order for compulsory purchase of land for street improvement.

Reading.—Into Petition for Provisional Order to put in force the Lands Clauses Consolidation Acts.

Rochdale.—Into Petition for partial repeal of Local Act, and extension of borrowing powers.

Rowley Regis.—Into appeal against adoption of Local Government Act, and praying that "Redhill" might be excluded from district.

Ryde.—Into Petition for extension of borrowing powers.

Scarborough.—Into application for equalization of hackney carriage fares.

Southport.—Into Petition for extension of borrowing powers.

Stalybridge.— - - Ditto.

Stayley.—Into Petition against adoption of Act, and praying that a part of district might be excluded from its operation.

Tormoham.—Into appeal against certain proposed new Bye-Laws framed by this Local Board.

Ditto.—Into Petition for increase in number of members of Local Board.

Wallasey.—Into Petition for the remission of surcharge.

Ditto.—Into Petition for sanction to borrow 14,000*l.* for sewerage works.

Wavertree.—Into complaint of nuisance arising from the obstructed drainage and neglected condition of Rose Lane.

West Derby.—Into Petition to put in force the Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845.

Weston-super-Mare.—Into Petition for Provisional Order for compulsory purchase of land for street improvement.

Worthing.—Into Petition for repeal of Local Act, and the transference of powers created by it to the Local Board of Health for the district.

PETITIONS have been presented for the settlement of Boundaries, and Boundaries have been settled accordingly, in the following Districts:—

Cornholme, York and Lancaster.
Dorking, Surrey.
Hipperholme, York.
Littleborough, Lancaster.
Middlewich, Chester.
Milnrow, Lancaster.
New Quay, Cardigan.

THE Markets and Fairs Clauses Act, 1847, has been adopted by—

Sutton-in-Ashfield, Lancaster,

And due notice of adoption given.

THE Public House Closing Act has been adopted by the following Places and Districts, and notice thereof has been duly gazetted:

Accrington, Lancaster.
North Owram, York.
Skelmanthorpe, York.

Sanctions for Loans on Security of Rates have been granted by the Secretary of State, after Inquiry, to the following Places, for the following Purposes, and Sums:—

District.	County.	Purpose of Loan Authorised.	Sum. £. s. d.
Aberavon	Glamorgan	Drainage	500 – –
Aberystwith	Cardigan	Ditto	1,144 – –
Accrington	Lancaster	Erection of offices	1,000 – –
Bacup	Lancaster	Paving	6,000 – –
Bath	Somerset	Sewerage	5,000 – –
Bedford	Bedford	Ditto	5,000 – –
Bicester Market-end.	Oxford	Ditto	1,500 – –
Bideford	Devon	Water supply	8,000 – –
Ditto	Ditto	Sewerage	5,000 – –
Bilston	Stafford	Water supply	1,000 – –
Bishop Auckland	Durham	Ditto	400 – –
Blackpool	Lancaster	Drive, promenade, and sea defences	20,000 – –
Bognor	Sussex	Sea defences	1,492 – –
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	4,000 – –
Ditto	Ditto	To pay off debt of Commissioners	4,800 – –
Bowness	Westmoreland	Drainage	1,000 – –
Bradford	Lancaster	Sewerage	3,102 – –
Bridgnorth	Salop	Repayment of loan	2,000 – –
Ditto	Ditto	Discharge of Town Council's account.	800 – –
Ditto	Ditto	Permanent works	1,200 – –
Brierley Hill	Stafford	Street improvement	1,250 – –
Bristol	Gloucester and Somerset.	Street and road improvement	122,000 – –
Brixham	Devon	Water supply	1,000 – –
Bromley	Kent	Public offices	1,700 – –
Bury St. Edmunds	Suffolk	Water supply and sewerage	1,600 – –
Buxton	Derby	Extension of market and sewage outfall.	1,200 – –
Canton	Gloucester	Making new street	2,000 – –
Carmarthen	Carmarthen	Additional water supply	3,000 – –
Carnarvon	Carnarvon	Street improvement	3,800 – –
Ditto	Ditto	Sewerage	2,200 – –
Castleford	York	Water supply	7,000 – –
Cheltenham	Gloucester	Purchase of land and construction of sewage works.	18,000 – –
Chelmsford	Essex	Water supply	800 – –
Chesterfield	Derby	Drainage and slaughter-houses	3,000 – –
Cleator Moor	Cumberland	Water supply	6,000 – –
Cleckheaton	York	Sewerage	4,000 – –
Cockermouth	Cumberland	Purchase of land and construction of sewage works.	1,720 – –
Cornholme	York	Water supply, &c.	660 – –
Crosby, Great	Lancaster	Sewerage	1,750 – –
Croydon	Surrey	Sewerage and water supply	520 – –
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	7,860 – –
Cowpen	Northumberland	Water supply	6,600 – –

District.	County.	Purpose of Loan Authorised.	Sum. £.	s.	d.
Dartmouth -	Devon - -	Street improvement - - -	235	–	–
Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Sewerage - - - - -	700	–	–
Dawdon - -	Durham - -	Draining and paving - - -	2,500	–	–
Derby - -	Derby - -	Street improvement - - -	6,000	–	–
Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - - - -	5,000	–	–
Devizes - -	Wilts - -	Purchase of gas works - -	7,000	–	–
Devonport - -	Devon - -	Sewerage - - - - -	300	–	–
Elland - -	York - -	Ditto - - - - -	2,500	–	–
Farnham - -	Surrey - -	Making two new roads - -	1,600	–	–
Farnworth - -	Lancaster - -	Drainage and roads - - -	650	–	–
Halifax - -	York - -	Purchase of land and re-building a bridge.	37,500	–	–
Harrow - -	Middlesex -	Purchase of land for sewage farm.	4,300	–	–
Harborne - -	Stafford - -	Lamp-posts - - - -	180	–	–
Hastings - -	Sussex - -	Water supply - - - -	2,000	–	–
Hayle - -	Cornwall - -	Sewerage and water supply -	3,200	–	–
Higher Bebington	Chester - -	Sewerage and road repair - -	700	–	–
Holbeach - -	Lincoln - -	Purchase of market-house - -	800	–	–
Holyhead - -	Anglesey - -	Sewerage - - - - -	250	–	–
Hornsey - -	Middlesex -	Offices - - - - -	2,500	–	–
Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Public lamps - - - -	600	–	–
Houghton-le-Spring	Durham - -	Drainage - - - - -	4,500	–	–
Hurst - -	Lancaster - -	Sewerage - - - - -	121	13	–
Ilfracombe - -	Devon - -	Balance sanctioned to be borrowed, but unraised.	2,621	5	7
Ince-in-Mackerfield.	Lancaster -	Water supply - - - -	2,000	–	–
Jarrow - -	Durham - -	Street improvement and drainage	5,762	–	–
Kendal - -	Westmoreland -	Street improvement - - -	300	–	–
Keswick - -	Cumberland -	Ditto - - - - -	1,200	–	–
Longton - -	Stafford - -	To pay off debt of Commissioners.	1,050	–	–
Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Purchase of land for street improvement.	3,200	–	–
Lymm - -	Chester - -	Main sewerage - - - -	3,000	–	–
Lynton - -	Devon - -	Drainage - - - - -	750	–	–
Malton - -	York - -	Water supply - - - -	2,000	–	–
Margate - -	Kent - -	Street improvement - - -	2,500	–	–
Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - - - -	210	–	–
Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - - - -	1,020	–	–
Meltham - -	York - -	Extending water supply - -	3,000	–	–
Morley - -	Ditto - -	Water supply - - - -	10,000	–	–
Monks Coppenhall	Chester - -	Making a road - - - -	800	–	–
Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Purchase of market site and buildings.	10,500	–	–
Moss-side - -	Lancaster - -	Street improvement - - -	1,000	–	–
Neston and Parkgate.	Chester - -	Water supply - - - -	4,000	–	–

District.	County.	Purpose of Loan Authorised.	Sum. £.	s.	d.
New Shoreham -	Sussex - -	Sewerage - - - - -	3,800	–	–
Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Gas lamp pillars - - -	200	–	–
Nottingham -	Nottingham -	Sewerage - - - - -	1,000	–	–
Ormesby - -	York - -	Ditto - - - - -	300	–	–
Ormskirk - -	Lancaster -	Sewage irrigation works - -	5,250	–	–
Otley - -	York - -	Water supply - - - -	8,000	–	–
Over Darwen -	Lancaster - -	Drainage - - - - -	6,000	–	–
Penrith - -	Cumberland -	Flagging - - - - -	1,000	–	–
Penzance - -	Cornwall - -	Re-building a sea wall - -	1,000	–	–
Reigate - -	Surrey - -	Sewage outfall - - - -	6,000	–	–
Romford - -	Essex - -	Purchase of sewage irrigation farm.	15,900	–	–
Rotherham and Kimberworth.	York - -	Extension of sewage works -	1,100	–	–
Rugby - -	Warwick - -	Sewage irrigation works - -	1,800	–	–
Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Main drainage - - - -	500	–	–
Rusholme - -	Lancaster -	Paving - - - - -	4,000	–	–
Saffron Walden -	Essex - -	Sewerage - - - - -	230	–	–
Sandown - -	Isle of Wight, Southampton.	Building Town-hall and Public Offices.	1,710	–	–
Sheffield - -	York - -	Street improvement - - -	16,000	–	–
Sidmouth - -	Devon - -	Drainage - - - - -	500	–	–
Sleaford, New -	Lincoln - -	Outfall sewer and tank - -	1,000	–	–
Smallthorne -	Stafford - -	Paving - - - - -	180	–	–
Soothill, Nether -	York - -	Water supply - - - -	2,600	–	–
Southampton -	Hants - -	To pay off balances due - -	34,599	–	–
Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Sewerage and water supply -	13,374	–	–
Southwick - -	Durham - -	Paving, kerbing, &c. - - -	3,500	–	–
St. Thomas Apostle	Devon - -	Water supply - - - -	750	–	–
St. Columb -	Cornwall - -	Ditto - - - - -	260	–	–
St. Mary Church	Devon - -	Sewerage - - - - -	500	–	–
Stayley - -	Chester - -	Lighting and paving - - -	500	–	–
Stroud - -	Gloucester -	Sewerage and water supply -	950	–	–
Sunderland -	Durham - -	Street paving - - - -	17,399	15	6
Swindon, Old -	Wilts - -	Ditto - - - - -	1,200	–	–
Swinton - -	Lancaster -	Public offices - - - -	1,048	–	–
Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Drainage - - - - -	6,000	–	–
Swansea - -	Glamorgan -	Extension of water supply -	2,803	–	–
Thornhill - -	York - -	Water supply - - - -	11,200	–	–
Tormoham - -	Devon - -	Drainage and street improvement	2,700	–	–
Tunbridge Wells	Kent and Sussex	Water supply - - - -	2,500	–	–
Walker - -	Northumberland	Paving - - - - -	1,000	–	–
Walton-on-Hill -	Lancaster - -	Sewerage - - - - -	20,000	–	–
Warwick - -	Warwick - -	Irrigation works - - -	3,000	–	–
Ditto - -	Ditto - -	To pay off a like sum - -	8,000	–	–
Welshpool - -	Montgomery -	Paving - - - - -	350	–	–
West Cowes -	Hants - -	Drainage and water supply -	572	–	–
West Derby -	Lancaster -	Road improvement - - -	1,500	–	–
West Hartlepool	Durham - -	To repay a like sum - - -	4,000	–	–

District.	County.	Purpose of Loan Authorised.	Sum. £.	s.	d.
Weston-super-Mare	Somerset - -	Drainage - - - - -	850	–	–
Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Paving and street improvement -	1,662	6	10
Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Sewerage - - - - -	900	–	–
Whitchurch -	Salop - -	Street improvement - - -	500	–	–
Wimbledon -	Surrey - -	Drainage - - - - -	1,500	–	–
Wisbech - -	Cambridge -	Improving cattle market - -	200	–	–
Witham - -	Essex - -	Drainage, water supply, and sewage irrigation.	6,000	–	–
Wolverhampton -	Stafford - -	Purchase of land - - -	1,200	–	–
Worcester - -	Worcester -	Extension of water supply -	3,500	–	–
Worthing - -	Sussex - -	Water supply and sea defences -	6,000	–	–
Yarmouth, Great	Norfolk - -	Street improvement - - -	450	–	–
Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Ditto - - - - -	650	–	–
Ditto - -	Ditto - -	Making a store-yard - -	250	–	–
		TOTAL - - - £.	648,286	2	11

BYE-LAWS prepared by Local Boards of Health under the Public Health Act, 1848, and by Local Boards chosen under the Local Government Act, 1858, for the following Places, have been confirmed by the Secretary of State, having been first examined and reported on:—

Accrington.
Alton.
Bacup.
Bala.
Benfieldside.
Beverley.
Bowness.
Brierfield.
Brighton.
Chepping Wycombe.
Clevedon.
Cockermouth.
Crowle.
Darlington.
Dodworth.
Dover.
Dunstable.
East Molesey.
Epsom.
Exeter.
Felling.
Filey.
Gainsborough.
Gateshead.
Heckmondwike.
Hull (Kingston-on-).
Idle.
Ilkley.
Kidsgrove.
Kingsholme, St. Catherine.
Leamington.
Leicester.
Loughborough.
Luddenden Foot.
Luton.
Manchester.
Middleton-in-Stranton.
Midsomer Norton.
Milverton.
Morley.
Nantwich.
Newcastle-under-Lyme.
Newton Heath.
New Quay.
New Town.
Okehampton.
Pennington.
Portland Island.
Portsmouth.
Radcliffe.
Rawmarsh.
St. Thomas (Exeter).
Sandown.
Sandgate.
Seaton Carew.
Shanklin.
Sheerness.
Shelford.
South Molton.
Sowerby.
Sunderland.
Swindon (Old).
Swinton.
Tormoham.
Tunbridge Wells.
Upper Mill.
Ventnor.
Wells.
West Ham.
West Hartlepool.
Weston-super-Mare.
Wheatley.
Yarmouth (Great).
York.

Provisional Orders have been prepared in this Office for Confirmation by Parliament, and confirmed accordingly in the following cases:—

Bideford.—Putting in force Lands Clauses Consolidation, Act, 1845, for the purchase and taking of lands otherwise than by agreement.

Bournemouth.—Altering a Local Act in force within the district.

Bowness.—Alteration of boundaries of the district.

Bristol.—Altering a Local Act in force within the district.

Croydon.— - - Ditto - - ditto.

Croydon.—Alteration of the number of members of the Local Board.

Fleetwood.—Altering a Local Act in force within the district.

Hanley.—Putting in force Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845, for the purchase and taking of lands otherwise than by agreement.

Harrogate.— - - Ditto - - ditto.

Litchurch.— - - Ditto - - ditto.

Litherland.—Extending the borrowing powers of the Local Board.

Portsmouth.—Putting in force Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845, for the purchase and taking of lands otherwise than by agreement.

Rochdale.—Partial repeal of Local Act, and extending the borrowing powers of the Local Board.

Ryde.—Extending the borrowing powers of the Local Board.

Worthing.—Partially repealing and altering a Local Act in force within the district.

Aberystwith.—Extending the borrowing powers of the Local Board.

Ashton-under-Lyne.—Partial repeal of Local Act, and extension of borrowing powers of Town Council.

Bath.—Putting in force Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845, for the purchase and taking of lands otherwise than by agreement.

Cleckheaton.—Separating the hamlets of Scholes and Oakenshaw from district.

Crompton.—Putting in force Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845, for the purchase and taking of lands otherwise than by agreement.

Newport (Mon.)— - - Ditto - - ditto.

Reading.— - - - Ditto - - ditto.

Southport.— - - - Ditto - - ditto.

Stalybridge.—Extending the borrowing powers of the local board.

Weston-super-Mare.—Putting in force Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845, for the purchase and taking of lands otherwise than by agreement.

The following Bills have been prepared in this Office during the Year, and have passed through Parliament:—

The Local Government Supplemental Act (1869), 32 & 33 Vict. c. 124.

The Local Government Supplemental Act (1869), (No. 2), 32 & 33 Vict. c. 150.

SANITARY AND SEWAGE ACTS.

Inquiries have been made, under the provisions of these Acts, by Inspectors of the Local Government Act Office in the following cases, and Report made thereon to the Secretary of State:—

Brading.—For the division of that part of parish not under the provisions of the Local Government Act into special drainage districts.

Bolton.—Into default by sewer authority in respect of nuisances from defective sewerage and smoke.

Chulmleigh.—Into Petition against proposed works of drainage.

Ditto. —Into application for sanction to borrow 1,500 *l.* for works of sewerage and water supply.

Cleethorpes.—Into default by sewer authority in respect of the drainage of Beaconthorpe.

Cockfield.—Into default by sewer authority in carrying out provisions of Acts.

East Barnet.—Into complaint of defective arrangements of sewage outfalls.

East Dean.—Into default by Local authority in respect of sufficient sewerage and water supply.

Falmouth.—Into default by Local authority in respect of the main drainage of the district.

Hanley.—Into default by Local authority in respect of the nuisance arising from smoke.

Hatfield.—Into Petition against formation of proposed special drainage district.

Heywood.—Into default by Local authority in respect of the nuisance arising from smoke.

Hill Morton.—Into default by Local authority in respect of sewerage and water supply.

Keswick.—Into default by Local authority in respect of the drainage of this district.

Kidderminster.—Into default by Local authority in respect of the sewerage and water supply of this Borough.

Kingsholme, St Catherine.—Into default by Local authority in respect of sewerage works.

Kingston-on-Thames.—Into application to put in force the Lands Clauses Consolidation Act for the compulsory purchase of land for sewage irrigation.

Kirkby Lonsdale.—Into memorial under 49th section of Sanitary Act, 1866.

Leyton.—Into default by Local authority in respect of sewerage works.

Middlewich.—Into default by Local authority in respect of the sewerage and drainage of the district.

Newent.—Into default by Local authority in respect of the sewerage of the district.

Northam.—Into default by Local authority in respect of providing sufficient sewerage in the neighbourhood of Westward Ho !

Painswick.—Into default by Local authority in respect of the sewerage of the district.

St. George's.—Into default by Local authority, and prayer that the 49th section of the Sanitary Act, 1866, might be enforced.

Stoke Fleming.—Into default by Local authority in respect of a sufficient water supply.

Sudbury.— - - Ditto.

Walthamstow.—Into Petition for modification of boundaries of special drainage district.

Warrington.—Into default by Local authority in respect of the prevention of nuisance arising from smoke.

Wimborne Minster.—Into Petition against the special drainage district formed by the Vestry of this parish.

Wouldham.—Iuto default by Local authority iu respect of the drainage and water supply of their district.

ORDERS, &c., under these Acts have been made by the Secretary of State in the following Places, and for the following Purposes :—

Acton, Middlesex.—Order on Local Board (as the sewer authority) to abate the nuisance caused by the defective drainage of the district.

Brading, Hants.—Order settling boundaries of the special drainage districts of Bembridge, Brading, and Lake, parts of this parish.

Bromyard, Worcester.—Appointment of Mr. Richard Hassard to perform the duty of affording proper sewerage and water supply to this parish, the vestry, as sewer authority, having made default.

Epping, Essex.—Order on sewer authority to provide this district with a proper supply of water, danger to the health of the inhabitants being imminent from the want of such supply.

Ditto.— Appointment of Mr. Thomas Simpson to institute any proceedings that might be necessary with respect to the removal of nuisances in this special drainage district.

Hatfield, Herts.—Order settling the boundaries of this special drainage district.

Kingston-on-Thames, Surrey.—Order dismissing Petition for compulsory powers for the purchase of land, under the Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845.

St. George's, Gloucester.—Order on the sewer authority to perform its duty with respect to sewerage within the district.

Southover, Sussex.—Order for abatement of nuisance caused by the Winterbourne stream.

Ditto.— - - Appointment of Mr. Henry Conybeare to provide proper sewerage for this parish, the vestry, as sewer authority, having made default.

Walthamstow, Essex.—Order dismissing Memorial for modification of the boundaries of this special drainage district.

REGULATIONS for Houses occupied by more than one Family (under the 35th Section of the Sanitary Act, 1866) have been examined and approved by the Secretary of State in the following Places:

Brighton.
Chelsea.
Garston.
Gateshead.
Heckmondwike.
Liverpool.
Manchester.
Plumstead.
Poplar.
Runcorn.
Wallsend.
Widnes.

SANCTIONS have been granted by the Secretary of State, under the provisions of the Sewage Utilization and Sanitary Acts, in the following Places, for the following Amounts and Purposes:—

Place.	County.	Amount Sanctioned. £	s.	d.	Purpose of Loan.
Burgess Hill	Sussex	400	–	–	Main drainage.
Ditto	Ditto	500	–	–	Ditto.
Castle Northwich	Chester	1,650	–	–	Water supply.
Cockfield	Durham	1,500	–	–	Sewerage and water supply.
Cranford	Middlesex	500	–	–	Sewerage.
Epping	Essex	8,000	–	–	Water supply and sewerage.
Hill Morton	Warwick	1,000	–	–	Ditto.
Norton	Durham	300	–	–	Sewerage works.
Parton	Cumberland	200	–	–	Water supply.
Pill	Somerset	600	–	–	Sewerage.
St. Mary, Merton	Surrey	370	–	–	Main drainage.
Stanhope	Durham	200	–	–	Water supply.
Walthamstow	Essex	2,000	–	–	Main sewerage.
	TOTAL - - £.	17,220	–	–	

ELEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT

PRESENTED BY THE

SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE HOME DEPARTMENT
TO PARLIAMENT,

ON THE

EXECUTION

OF

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

(1st August 1868 to 1st August 1869.)

ALSO OF THE

SANITARY AND SEWAGE UTILIZATION ACTS 1865, 1866, AND 1867,

FOR THE SAME PERIOD.

(*Presented pursuant to Act* 21 & 22 *Vict. c.* 98.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
11 *August* 1869.

437.

Under 1 *oz.*

PUBLIC WORKS, IRELAND.

THIRTY-SEVENTH REPORT

FROM THE

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS, IRELAND:

WITH THE

APPENDICES,

FOR THE YEAR 1868.

PALL MALL

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

DUBLIN:
PRINTED BY ALEXANDER THOM, 87 & 88, ABBEY-STREET.
FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE.

1869.

MALL

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PUBLIC WORKS, IRELAND.

THIRTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT

FROM

THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS IN IRELAND,

FOR THE YEAR 1868.

TO THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF HER MAJESTY'S TREASURY.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR LORDSHIPS,

WE have the honour to submit our Thirty-seventh Annual Report, embracing, in the usual manner, the several services intrusted to our management, viz. :—

Accounts :—
- Loans for Public Works, Advances and Repayments.
- Sanctions for Grants.

Public Buildings, viz. :—
- Dublin Buildings, including Viceregal Residences and Establishments in Dublin Castle and the Phœnix Park, the Courts of Law, Public Offices, Government Prisons, Constabulary Depôt, General Post Office and Metropolitan Police Stations of the Dublin District, the Royal Hospital, Kilmainham, the Royal Hibernian Military School, the Royal Dublin Society and Glasnevin Gardens, the Royal Irish Academy, the National Gallery of Ireland, Irishtown Church.
- Constabulary Buildings throughout Ireland.
- Coast-Guard Stations do.
- Customs Buildings do.
- Inland Revenue Buildings do.
- Post Offices.
- Queen's Colleges, at Cork, Belfast, and Galway.
- National Education Buildings.
- Phœnix Park.
- Loans for Erecting Labourers' Dwellings in Towns and Populous Places.
- Supply of Fuel and Light to all Public Offices in Ireland.

Landed Property Improvement, including—
- Drainage of Lands, &c.
- Erection of Farm Houses and Farm Buildings.
- Do. Scutch Mills.
- Do. Labourers' Dwellings.
- Loans for Planting Trees for Shelter.

Arterial Drainage, with Improvement of Navigation and Water-power.

Drainage and Improvement of Lands.
- Drainage Maintenance.

Harbours.

Fishery Piers and Harbours.

Inland Navigations.

Utilization of Sewage Act.

Tramways.

Post Roads.

LOANS AND GRANTS FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

STATEMENTS of outstanding Loans made for PUBLIC WORKS will be found in the APPENDIX; and the following is an Abstract of the funds which have from time to time been sanctioned, showing the amounts issued on account of each description of Loans, the Amounts remitted, and the Repayments on Account, to the 31st March, 1869; also the Sums issued and Repaid within the year.

SANCTIONS.			For what purpose issued.	Advances. Total to 31st March, 1869.	Advances. In the year ended 31st March, 1869.	Remissions.	Repayments. Total to 31st March, 1869.	Repayments. In the year ended 31st March, 1869.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Act 1 & 2 Wm. IV., c. 33,	744,650 0 0							
Act 6 & 7 Wm. IV., c. 108,	100,000 0 0							
Act 1 & 2 Vic., c. 88,	46,000 0 0		Public Works,	1,292,242 18 8	28,183 0 0	73,111 13 8	1,415,472 8 11	7,565 17 10
Total issued in Exchequer Bills,		890,650 0 0						
Act 6 & 7 Vic., c. 44, continued by various Acts to 29 & 30 Vic., c. 73, granting £15,000 per quarter,	1,710,000 0 0		Relief Works, 9 Vic., c. 1,	226,349 19 11	—	156,678 1 10	88,338 1 3	—
Act 9 & 10 Vic., c. 108,	145,000 0 0							
Act 10 & 11 Vic., c. 106,	370,000 0 0							
Act 12 Vic., c. 23,	200,000 0 0							
Act 11 & 12 Vic., c. 51,	138,648 15 7		Arterial Drainage,	2,140,918 6 5	22,919 5 11	1,195,019 12 3	1,184,638 18 9	50,912 4 7
Act 13 & 14 Vic., c. 31,	800,000 0 0							
		3,363,648 15 7	County Relief Works,	4,597,778 2 11	—	4,294,947 18 3	302,830 4 8	—
Act 9 & 10 Vic., c. 107, for the Employment of the Labouring Poor,	—	4,797,648 12 1	Labouchere Drainage,	199,870 9 2	—	—	260,660 6 6	10,283 15 10
Act 2 & 3 Vic., c. 61, for the Improvement of Shannon Navigation,	—	294,090 0 0	Shannon Navigation,	294,090 0 0	—	—	329,913 7 11	—
Act 10 Vic., c. 32, for Land Improvement,	1,500,000 0 0							
Act 12 Vic., c. 23, do.,	300,000 0 0							
Act 13 & 14 Vic., c. 31, do.,	200,000 0 0							
Act 29 & 30 Vic., c. 40, do.,	1,000,000 0 0							
		3,000,000 0 0	Drainage, Farm-buildings, Labourers' dwellings, Planting for shelter, &c.,	1,981,130 4 4	64,973 0 0	—	1,892,727 19 2	109,887 3 7
Total Sanctions,	—	12,346,037 7 8		10,732,380 1 5	116,075 5 11	5,719,757 6 0	5,474,581 7 2	178,649 1 10
Deduct Advances,	—	10,732,380 1 5						
Balance available for further Advances,	—	1,613,657 6 3						
Viz.:—								
Public Works Loan Fund,	594,787 10 7							
Land Improvement,	1,018,869 15 8							

SANCTIONS FOR GRANTS.

	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
By Act 1 & 2 Wm. 4, c. 33, for Public Works, . .	50,000 0 0	
By Act 1 Vic., c. 21, for Public Works, ...	50,000 0 0	
By Act 1 & 2 Vic., c. 88 (portion of £50,000), appropriated to Grants for Public Works, ...	4,000 0 0	
By Act 6 & 7 Vic., c. 44, for Public Works, . .	21,000 0 0	
		125,000 0 0
By Act 9 Vic., c. 1, in aid of Relief Works, ...	50,000 0 0	
By Act 9 & 10 Vic., c. 108, do. . . .	175,000 0 0	
		225,000 0 0
By Act 2 & 3 Vic., c. 61, in aid of the Improvement of the Shannon Navigation, ...	—	290,717 0 0
By Act 9 Vic., c. 3, for Piers and Harbours, . .	50,000 0 0	
By Act 10 & 11 Vic., c. 75, for do., . .	40,000 0 0	
		90,000 0 0
For Navigation in connexion with Drainage, Act 5 & 6 Vic., 89, ...	—	141,073 0 0
		871,790 0 0

LOANS.

Loans.

The advances made during the past year under the Public Works and Land Improvement Loan Acts, as will be seen by the statements in the Appendix, amount to £116,075. This sum has been applied under the Board's general control to the following purposes, viz. :—

	£	
Public Works' Loans—		
For River Drainage Works, 26 and 27 Vic., c. 88, . .	22,095	
„ „ Maintenance, ...	824	
„ Fishery Piers, 9 Vic., c. 3, ...	305	
„ Balbriggan Harbour.	120	
„ Labourers' Dwellings, 29 & 30 Vic., c. 44, ...	414	
„ New Bridge at New Ross, ...	27,094	
To Counties for Roads, &c., ...	250	
		51,102
Land Improvement—		
For thorough Drainage, Farm Buildings, Labourers' Dwellings, Planting, Fencing, &c., ...		64,973
		£116,075

Detailed reports of most of these services appear in the subsequent pages of this report. Applications have been latterly made to us by the Grand Juries of several Counties, for loans for making roads and bridges and other useful public works. Since the passing of the Act 16 and 17 Vic., cap. 136, in the year 1853 (which enabled counties, for the first time, with the approval of this Board, to borrow from private sources), we have discontinued, by your lordships' instructions, to make any advances to Grand Juries. Seeing, however, the obstructions thrown in the way of useful public works by a rigid adherence to this rule, we represented the difficulties Grand Juries had to contend with in procuring, from private parties, the funds for those works that were too costly to be charged and levied on the cesspayers in one or two years; and your lordships have been pleased to authorize us to resume the practice of making loans to counties on Grand Jury Presentments, under the 1 and 2 Wm. IV., cap. 33, when it shall be shown to our satisfaction that the work is of such a permanent character as that the cost may fairly be extended over a number of years not exceeding ten.

The Re-payments for the year ended 31st March, 1869, on the various Loan Acts intrusted to the Board's management, amount to £179,172. This sum is generally collected by half-yearly instalments, and considering that it involves upwards of 6,000 applications to proprietors of land and others, resident in all parts of the country, it is satisfactory to be able to state, as indicating to some extent the prosperity of the country, that the repayments as a whole are made with great punctuality, viz.—

	£.	
Public Works, . . .	7,566	
Arterial Drainage, . . .	50,912	
Labouchere Drainage, . . .	10,284	
Land Improvement, . .	109,887	
		178,649

Public Buildings.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

The usual works of ordinary repairs and maintenance have been executed to the different public buildings in charge of the Commissioners. These include in Dublin—The Viceregal Residences in Dublin Castle and the Phœnix Park; the Chief Secretary's, Under Secretary's, and Private Secretary's Lodges. All Official Residences and Public Offices in Dublin Castle, and all Government Offices in Dublin, whether in buildings belonging to the Crown, or in rented houses. The institutions of the Royal Hospital, Kilmainham, and the Royal Hibernian Military School, Phœnix Park; the buildings of the Royal Dublin Society, the Royal College of Science, Stephen's-green, the National Gallery, and the Royal Irish Academy.

Four Courts.

Considerable progress has been made with the works of constructing a new Court and Offices for the Vice-Chancellor, and the re-arrangement of the several Offices connected with the Court of Chancery. The re-arrangement of the other Offices is held over pending the decision of the Government.

Police Courts, &c.

The new Central Police Courts are now occupied, and the premises formerly used as Courts for the Divisional Magistrates, are now available for the accommodation of the Police Force, and are about to be adapted for that purpose. The several Stations, Offices, and Barracks within the Metropolitan Police District have been duly maintained. The building known as the Old Sheriff's Prison, in Green-street, has been fitted up as a Barrack for the Police now quartered in rented houses in Beresford-place, and a saving will result to Government of the rent now paid for these premises.

Constabulary Buildings.

The necessary repairs and maintenance of the Depôt in the Phœnix Park, and the several Barracks, the property of the Crown, throughout the country have been duly attended to. The works connected with the enlargement of the Barracks at William-street, Limerick, have been completed, and the building is now occupied by the Force.

Contracts have been entered into for erecting new barracks at Ballyduff, county Waterford, and Errismore, county Galway; and it is expected that they will be available within the present year. At Clonakilty, county Cork, Killarney, county Kerry, Dungannon, county Armagh, and Skibbereen, county Cork, new Barracks are also to be provided; the plans for the two former have been approved by the Lord Lieutenant, and tenders for the works will be invited as soon as practicable. The plans for the two latter are delayed pending the obtaining sites.

Government Prisons.

The Convict Prisons at Mountjoy and Smithfield, in Dublin, and Spike Island, county Cork, and the Central Criminal Lunatic Asylum, at Dundrum, county Dublin, have been duly maintained. At the latter a new boundary wall has been built during the past year, which effectually prevents all means of trespass by the patients on the grounds of the adjoining proprietors, a practice which had been the cause of much complaint. Arrangements are at present under consideration for extending the Convict Establishment at Lusk, by which the prison at Smithfield may be dispensed with and the building disposed of.

Custom Houses and Inland Revenue Buildings.

The repairs and maintenance of the several buildings connected with the Customs and Inland Revenue Departments, which are the property of the Crown, have been duly attended to.

Post Offices.

The offices at Cork, Dublin, and Limerick have been duly maintained.

Royal Dublin Society, Kildare-street.

Several works for completing the fittings and arrangements of the Natural History Museum have been effected and are being still continued.

Extensive additions have been made to the large Conservatories in the Society's Gardens at Glasnevin. The work is just completed, and will afford the required increased accommodation.

Public Buildings.

Phœnix Park.

No new works have been undertaken during the past year. The People's Garden and the Plantations in the Park have been carefully maintained.

Vartry Water Supply to the Park.

The works connected with the supply of Vartry Water to the various buildings in the Park have been satisfactorily completed, and in addition to the advantages arising from the supply being ample and at high pressure, a considerable expenditure in labour is saved which was formerly necessary in pumping the supply.

Queen's Colleges.

Belfast College.—The new Library at this building, and for which a re-vote of £950 was taken last year, has now been completed, and is at present in occupation.

Cork College.—The heating apparatus for the Library, &c., and the exterior of the Anatomical School, has been completed.

Galway College.—No particular works of improvement or of a special character have been undertaken at this building during the year beyond the customary works of maintenance.

District Registry Offices under Court of Probate.

The new District Registry Office in Kilkenny will, it is expected, be completed and fit for occupation in a few weeks; and the necessary works of maintenance and repair at the District Registries of Belfast, Armagh, Londonderry, Cork, and Waterford have been duly attended to.

National Education Buildings.

Sixteen new ordinary Literary National School-houses have been built in the past year, at a total cost of £5,295, towards which the Board paid the sum of £3,530, being two-thirds of the cost, the remaining one-third of the expense being contributed by local persons interested in the schools. Various additions and improvements, such as providing timber, flooring, erecting porches, building enclosing walls and gates, wainscotting, tablet rails, and other works have been effected at twenty-four ordinary Literary National Schools, at a total cost of £735 6*s.* 4*d.* Towards this sum the Board contributed two-thirds, viz., £490 4*s.* 3*d.*, and the remaining one-third was borne by local persons interested. Besides this expenditure the Board have expended in repairing and maintaining the Metropolitan (or Central) Model School Buildings, the District Model, Minor Model, and Model Agricultural Schools, a sum of £5,469 8*s.* 11*d.*, and a further sum of £1,086 14*s.* 5*d.* for furniture for these buildings, and on the ordinary Literary National Schools in charge of the Board a sum of £2,927 1*s.* 5*d.* has been also expended on maintenance and repair. Since the date of the Board's last Annual Report, the duty of supplying domestic furniture and utensils for the use of the resident officials in the various Model Schools of the Board of Education usually supplied with such, and of sundries for housekeeping and other purposes hitherto paid for out of office contingencies has been transferred to this Board; and this service, which involves a large total outlay, requires great care and attention in carrying into effect.

Coast-Guard Stations.

The following new Stations have been completed during the past year, and are now occupied by the officers and men:—

Bangor, county Down, for 1 Chief Officer, 1 Chief Boatman, and 5 men.
Bonmahon, county Waterford, for 1 Chief Officer and 6 men.
Castletownsend, county Cork, for 1 Chief Officer, 1 Chief Boatman, and 4 men.
Cromane Point, county Kerry, for 1 Chief Boatman and 5 men.
Knockadoon, county Cork, for 1 Chief Boatman and 5 men.

Extensive additions and alterations have been made at Claggan, Fenit, and Cahirciveen, and are in progress at Oyster Haven.

The works are in progress at the following new Stations:—

Ardmore, county Waterford, 1 Chief Officer and 4 men.
Ballygeary, county Wexford, 1 Chief Officer and 7 men.
Ballyheige, county Kerry, 1 Chief Officer, 1 Chief Boatman, and 5 men.
Ballydavid, county Kerry, 1 Chief Boatman and 6 men.
Ballycastle, county Antrim, 1 Chief Officer and 6 men.

Public Buildings.

Steps have been taken for proceeding with the new buildings at Malin Head, county Donegal; Courtmacsherry, county Cork; Skull, county Cork; Sheephaven, county Donegal; Elly Bay, county Mayo; and Ballyglass, county Mayo.

Arrangements have also been made for new works and alterations at Ballycotton, Cork; Castletownsend, Cork (boat-house and slip); Castletown, Bearhaven, Cork; Old Head, Kinsale, Cork; Mill Cove, Cork; Roche's Point, Cork; Robert's Cove, Cork; Upper Cove, Cork; Portrane, Dublin; Portmagee, Kerry; Soldier's Point, Kerry; Bray, Wicklow (boat-house); Wicklow (boat-house).

Works of repair and maintenance have been executed at various stations during the past year, at a cost of £3,738 19*s*. 3*d*.

Fuel and Light, &c.

Until 31st March, 1868, the above service had been limited to the supply of coals and firewood to the several public departments in the Dublin District. But in accordance with the Treasury minute of the 23rd December following, the service was extended from 1st April, 1868, so as to embrace the supply of fuel and light, and other incidents to all public departments throughout the kingdom; and the change appears to be very convenient to all parties concerned, and is calculated to produce economical results.

The service for the twelve months ended 31st March, 1869, embraced the supply to about 250 establishments, of coals, coke, turf, gas, chandlery, &c., to the aggregate amount of £16,432.

Land Improvement.

LAND IMPROVEMENT.

In submitting our Report on this subject we subjoin as usual a Table showing the number of applications, and the amounts issued in each year, from the commencement of operations under the Land Improvement Acts in 1847 to the close of the financial year, 1868-69:—

	No. of Applications.	Amount Issued.
1847, June to December (inclusive),	1,354	£72,790
1848,	571	356,160
1849,	643	379,836
1850,	436	250,324
1851,	280	145,653
1852,	164	88,542
1853,	154	55,454
1854,	123	49,293
1855,	98	35,180
1856,	108	32,510
1857,	114	31,674
1858,	112	35,524
1859,	111	29,334
1860,	135	26,902
1861,	154	36,656
1862,	184	61,375
1863,	138	58,830
1864,	132	58,430
1865,	90	46,215
1866,	98	26,290
1867,	145	39,185
1868-9,	179	64,973

It will be seen that the year just closed shows a considerable increase, the applications being thirty-four over those received in 1867-8, and the excess of issues, £25,788. This renewed activity in land improvement operations is to be attributed to the increased facilities afforded by the Act 29 & 30 Vic., c. 40, and to information relative to those facilities which has been given by the circulation of printed instructions and designs for the different classes of work.

The results of the operations carried on under these Acts have been very satisfactory; and the proprietors who have obtained loans fully admit the benefits which have resulted from them. It is also satisfactory to observe that similar works executed from private funds have been attended with the same beneficial results, the proprietors in many cases availing themselves of the knowledge derived from the operations under these Acts, and frequently acting on the advice of our Inspectors.

As the period approaches when the loans made immediately after the passing of the Act 10 Vic., c. 32, will be fully repaid, it may be expected that the proprietors who are still liable to rentcharge in respect thereof will avail themselves of the release of their lands to enter into arrangements for further loans with a view to improving their estates.

Land Improvement.

As a general rule, the borrowers to whom instalments have been advanced furnish accounts of expenditure within a reasonable time, but when there is any unnecessary delay in expending the sums issued, we call for returns of work executed. However, the cases are very rare in which we have found it necessary either to threaten or institute law proceedings.

Up to the 31st March, 1869, 4,542 loans were sanctioned by your lordships, but the whole of the loans so sanctioned have not been issued; as many of them, or portions of them, have been either relinquished by the borrowers or cancelled by the Board by virtue of the power given in the Act 13 & 14 Vic., c. 31.

At the close of the financial year ended 31st March, 1869, there remained unappropriated, out of the funds of £3,000,000 provided for the Land Improvement service by the Acts quoted in the margin, the sum of £902,720. *10 Vic., c. 32. 12 Vic., c. 23. 13 & 14 Vic., c. 31. 29 & 30 Vic., c. 40.*

The total amount issued on account of works up to the 31st March, 1869, was £1,981,130.

These totals comprise 399 loans, amounting to £148,975, which have been sanctioned to proprietors for the erection and improvement of farm buildings; 104 loans, amounting to £51,240, for labourers' dwellings; and 7 loans, £1,940, for the erection of scutch mills for flax.

The following is a tabular statement according to districts and counties, showing the number of applications for loans, and the amounts issued for all classes of work under the several Land Improvement Acts, up to the 31st March, 1869:—

SCHEDULE showing the NUMBER of APPLICATIONS and AMOUNTS ISSUED.

Name of County.	No. of Applications.	Amount Issued. £ s. d.	Total No. of Applications.	Total Amount Issued. £ s. d.
NORTHERN DIVISION.				
Antrim,	115	82,738 0 0		
Londonderry,	93	38,458 0 0		
Donegal,	186	90,881 0 0		
Fermanagh,	94	43,855 0 0		
Tyrone,	168	64,360 0 0		
Armagh,	52	13,048 0 0		
Down,	55	23,974 0 0		
			763	357,314 0 0
MIDLAND AND EASTERN.				
Cavan,	86	21,271 0 0		
Monaghan,	64	24,399 0 0		
Longford,	104	39,546 0 0		
Louth,	53	22,545 0 0		
Meath,	159	82,217 0 0		
Westmeath,	98	30,205 0 0		
Dublin,	110	26,937 0 0		
Kildare,	135	37,983 0 0		
King's,	105	21,573 0 0		
Queen's,	201	74,505 0 0		
Wicklow,	115	41,346 0 0		
Carlow,	133	60,159 0 0		
Kilkenny,	133	47,321 0 0		
Wexford,	194	79,387 0 0		
			1,690	609,394 0 0
WESTERN.				
Sligo,	128	50,867 0 0		
Leitrim,	118	44,285 0 0		
Mayo,	272	105,654 0 0		
Roscommon,	218	86,670 0 0		
Galway,	450	127,015 0 0		
Clare,	182	51,116 0 0		
			1,368	465,607 0 0
SOUTHERN.				
Limerick,	404	153,319 0 0		
Tipperary,	307	89,017 0 0		
Waterford,	95	35,170 0 0		
Cork,	634	144,294 0 0		
Kerry,	332	127,015 0 0		
			1,772	548,815 0 0
		Totals,	5,593	1,981,130 0 0

Land Improvement.

Thorough Drainage.

From the commencement of operations under the Land Improvement Acts, up to the 31st March in this year, 235,909 acres have been thorough drained at an average cost of £5 7*s.* 6*d.* an acre. Of this quantity, 3,142 acres have been drained during the period from 1st April, 1868, to 31st March, 1869.

Planting for Shelter.

Five loans amounting to £2,825, have been made for this description of improvement; and of 10 other loans, planting for shelter forms part of the work estimated for.

Farm Buildings.

Since the passing of the Act 13 & 14 Vic., c. 31, 399 loans, amounting to £148,975, have been sanctioned by your Lordships for the erection of farm buildings, and the operations under 289 of these loans, amounting to £106,285, have been completed.

The following schedule shows the number of loans for farm buildings completed in each county in Ireland, with the sums sanctioned and issued:—

Loans for Farm Buildings which have been closed.

Name of County.	No. of Loans.	Amount sanctioned.	Amount Issued.	Name of County.	No. of Loans.	Amount sanctioned.	Amount Issued.
		£	£			£	£
Antrim, . .	4	1,050	1,050	Longford, .	8	2,300	2,300
Carlow, . .	5	1,550	1,550	Louth, . .	3	1,100	1,000
Cavan, . .	5	1,620	1,620	Londonderry, .	5	1,500	1,500
Clare, . .	5	1,950	1,950	Mayo, . .	18	7,000	6,050
Cork, . .	31	9,650	9,030	Meath, . .	4	2,900	2,900
Donegal, .	6	1,200	1,200	Monaghan, .	1	300	300
Down, . .	4	1,100	1,100	Queen's, . .	6	3,150	3,050
Dublin, . .	7	2,650	2,650	Roscommon, .	17	5,800	5,530
Fermanagh, .	1	650	520	Sligo, . .	8	4,350	3,980
Galway, . .	25	9,130	8,940	Tipperary, .	23	9,550	8,490
Kerry, . .	16	5,610	4,640	Tyrone, . .	7	2,850	2,850
Kildare, . .	14	4,350	4,090	Waterford, .	1	200	200
Kilkenny, .	6	1,500	1,500	Westmeath, .	8	4,700	3,220
King's, . .	2	450	450	Wexford, .	11	3,675	3,675
Leitrim . .	4	1,100	1,100	Wicklow, .	4	1,650	1,500
Limerick, .	30	11,700	10,490	Totals, .	289	106,285	98,425

Fifty loans for farm buildings, amounting to £28,725, are in progress, under which sums amounting to £16,078, have been issued, and 60 loans, amounting to £13,965, have not been proceeded with.

Scutch Mills.

During the past financial year, one additional loan has been made under this head, making the total number of loans sanctioned for such buildings since the passing of the Act, 7, amounting to £1,940, of which £1,400 has been issued.

Labourers' Dwellings.

Since the passing of the Act 23 Vic., c. 19, 104 loans, amounting to £51,240, have been sanctioned by your Lordships.

The following table shows the loans for labourers' dwellings which have been closed:—

Loans for Labourers' Dwellings which have been closed.

County.	Number of Loans.	Amount sanctioned.			Amount issued.		
		£	*s.*	*d.*	£	*s.*	*d.*
Armagh, ...	1	400	0	0	400	0	0
Carlow, ...	5	3,620	0	0	3,460	0	0
Clare, ...	1	200	0	0	200	0	0
Cork, ...	1	550	0	0	110	0	0
Donegal, . . .	1	500	0	0	100	0	0
Down, ...	3	3,550	0	0	3,080	0	0
Dublin, ...	3	640	0	0	420	0	0
Fermanagh, . . .	1	300	0	0	300	0	0
Kerry, ...	4	1,100	0	0	1,020	0	0
Kildare, ...	1	500	0	0	500	0	0

LOANS for LABOURERS' DWELLINGS which have been closed.—*continued.*

Land Improvement.

County.	Number of Loans.	Amount sanctioned.			Amount issued.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Limerick,	1	300	0	0	300	0	0
Londonderry,	3	2,000	0	0	1,940	0	0
Longford,	1	200	0	0	200	0	0
Louth,	1	100	0	0	100	0	0
Meath,	2	580	0	0	580	0	0
Mayo,	2	325	0	0	325	0	0
Monaghan,	2	480	0	0	480	0	0
Queen's,	1	240	0	0	240	0	0
Sligo,	1	900	0	0	360	0	0
Tyrone,	3	950	0	0	550	0	0
Waterford,	1	350	0	0	350	0	0
Westmeath,	2	1,200	0	0	640	0	0
Wexford,	5	1,900	0	0	1,850	0	0
	46	20,885	0	0	17,505	0	0

Of the remaining loans sanctioned for labourers' dwellings, 48 are in progress, amounting to £27,045, under which £10,250 has been issued, and 10 amounting to £3,310, have not been proceeded with.

We give as usual in Appendix B extracts from the Reports of our Inspectors, and in Appendix C a statement of the loans under which works are in progress, with the amounts and the dates of the last orders for issue.

ARTERIAL DRAINAGE.

Arterial Drainage.

With Improvements of Navigation and Water-power, under the Acts 5 & 6 Vic., cap. 89; 8 & 9 Vic., cap. 69; 9 Vic., cap. 4; 10 & 11 Vic., cap. 79; 16 & 17 Vic., cap. 130; 18 & 19 Vic., cap. 110; 19 & 20 Vic., cap. 62; 20 & 21 Vic., cap. 23; and 21 & 22 Vic., cap. 41.

The Board's duties in connexion with the works of Arterial Drainage under the above-named Acts, have been confined during the past year, as they have been since 1861, to determining, on the application of proprietors, the amount of increased rent to be paid by tenants holding under leases in respect of the benefit derived by them from improvements in their holdings, resulting from the Drainage operations, and to giving information, assistance, and advice to the Trustees of Districts, on such points connected with their trusts as they might request, and which we have felt it within our province to give, all executive operations having been long since brought to a close.

No change has taken place in regard to the Board's responsibility in respect of the Clonakilty Slob-lands.

The whole expenditure charged against the different undertakings commenced under the Arterial Drainage Acts, including £70,201 for works chargeable to counties, amounted at the end of March, 1869, to £2,390,613; and the repayments in respect thereof amounted to £971,022.

Drainage and Improvement of Lands Acts (Ireland).

26 & 27 Vic., c. 88; 27 & 28 Vic., c. 72; and 28 & 29 Vic., c. 52.

Three new Drainage districts have been submitted for our consideration since our last Annual Report, namely:—

The Ward, near Swords, counties of Dublin and Meath.
The Frankford River, King's county.
The Mulkear, near Castleconnell, county Limerick.

The total number of districts brought before the Board since the passing of these Acts is 23. They are as follow:—

1. Athboy, county of Meath.
2. Ballynacarrig, King's and Queen's counties.
3. Thurles, county of Tipperary.
4. Rathdowney, Queen's county.
5. Six-mile-bridge, county of Clare.
6. Kilmastulla, county of Tipperary.
7. Silver River, King's county and county of Westmeath.
8. Parsonstown, King's county and county of Tipperary.
9. Camoge, county of Limerick.
10. Elphin, county of Roscommon.
11. The Connell, county of Kildare.
12. Brickey, county of Waterford.
13. Upper Inny, counties of Cavan, Longford, Meath, and Westmeath.
14. The Quinagh, county of Carlow.
15. The Clodiagh, county of Tipperary.
16. The Island Lakes and Glore River, county of Mayo.
17. Lough Oughter and River Erne, county of Cavan.
18. Buncam Lake and Ballyhean River, county of Mayo.
19. The Gully, Queen's county.
20. The Doohyle, county of Limerick.
21. The Ward, counties of Dublin and Meath.
22. Frankford River, King's county.
23. The Mulkear, county of Limerick.

Arterial Drainage.

Acts have been passed confirming the provisional orders of the Board constituting fourteen of these districts, viz., Athboy, Ballynacarrig, Rathdowney, Six-mile-bridge, Kilmastulla, the Silver River, the Connell, the Brickey, the Quinagh, the Parsonstown, Elphin, Clodiagh, Camoge, and the Upper Inny.

The works of the Athboy, Kilmastulla, Rathdowney, Silver River, Ballynacarrig, and Connell districts have been completed. The final awards have been made in the Athboy, Rathdowney, and Ballynacarrig districts. The works of the following districts are in course of execution:—Six-mile-bridge, Parsonstown, Brickey, and Quinagh; and those of the Camoge, Elphin, Upper Inny, and Clodiagh are about to be commenced.

With regard to the nine remaining districts, the Thurles was abandoned by the petitioners; the Doohyle is before Parliament for an Act; and the other seven districts are passing through the stages required by the Acts previous to provisional orders constituting them being made.

The Loans sanctioned by your Lordships under these Acts are as follow:—

Kilmastulla, county Tipperary,	£9,364
Six-mile-bridge, county Clare,	16,000
Rathdowney, Queen's county,	2,450
Athboy, county Meath,	10,400
Silver River, county Westmeath and King's county,	3,233
Ballynacarrig, King's and Queen's counties,	5,600
The Connell, county Kildare,	2,100
Parsonstown, county Tipperary and King's county,	9,140
The Quinagh, county Carlow,	2,600
Elphin, county Roscommon,	14,000
Brickey, county Waterford,	4,142

The total area of land to be improved in the Twenty-two districts which are being proceeded with is 46,370½A., and the estimated cost of the works £189,862.

Drainage Maintenance Act, 1866.

29 & 30 Vic., cap. 49.

Under the provisions of this Act the necessary works of maintenance have been executed in the Balla and Lough Dalla districts, and the charging orders made.

Harbours.

HARBOURS.

Kingstown Harbour, County Dublin.

During the past year the surface of all the Roads and Footpaths were maintained, cleaned, watered, and lighted. The Piers, Jetties, Wharfs, Buildings, Fences, Roads, and Sewers, and all works connected with the Harbour, have been maintained in an efficient state of repair.

The repairs of the Mail Packet Pier have been proceeded with, and are nearly completed.

The following is a return of the Vessels that have used the Harbour during the last year, 1868—Mail and Passenger Steamers and Yachts excepted:—

	Number.	Tonnage.
Sailing Vessels, to and from the port of Dublin, waiting wind or tide,	536	96,959
Steamers, Ditto, Ditto,	30	14,999
From English, Irish, Scotch, and Foreign ports, to Irish ports,	246	18,725
From English, Scotch, and Foreign ports, to English and Scotch ports,	167	19,679
From Irish ports to English, Scotch, and Foreign ports,	194	13,492
From English and Scotch ports to Foreign ports,	48	13,099
For Orders,	3	729
To Kingstown,	518	52,118
Men-of-War, H. M. Troop Steamers, and Coast Guard Cruisers,	27	—
Total,	1,769	229,800
In the previous year the numbers were,	1,827	212,950

Donaghadee Harbour, County Down.

The injury done to the sea slope by the storms in the spring of 1868 have been substantially repaired, and the works of the Harbour have been maintained in good order.—*See Appendix D.*

Harbours.

Dunmore Harbour, County Waterford.

The repair of the damage which the Harbour sustained from the severe storms in the year 1867 is almost complete, and has been well and substantially executed. A considerable outlay will shortly be required for dredging out the Harbour, the silting up of which, mentioned in our former reports, continues to increase.—*See Appendix D.*

Howth Harbour, County Dublin.

All the works of this Harbour have been maintained in good repair. The Cannon and Murr Rocks, which were a serious obstruction in the Harbour, have been blasted and removed by divers, and the removal of other rocks is in progress. A further length of fifty feet of the West Pier has been let for fish-curing purposes, and thirty feet for the erection of a ship smith's forge. The Roadways and other works have been kept in good repair.—*See Appendix D.*

FISHERY PIERS AND HARBOURS.

Fishery Piers and Harbours.

Acts Vic., c. 3; 9 & 10 Vic., c. 75; 16 & 17 Vic., c. 136; 19 & 20 Vic., c. 37; 29 & 30 Vic., c. 45.

KILKEEL PIER, COUNTY DOWN.

The works of this Pier, which were completed early in the spring of 1868, were very seriously damaged by the extraordinary flood in the Kilkeel River, which occurred on the 22nd of August, 1868. The damage has been repaired as far as the funds available would admit.—*See Appendix D.*

LEENAUN, county Galway.
BARNADERG, county Galway.
CARRIGAHOLT, county Clare.

The Piers at Leenaun and Barnaderg, which were completed last year, have been handed over to the county Galway; and the Pier at Carrigaholt, which is also finished, will be immediately handed over to the county Clare.

The following Piers are in course of construction; the first-named by a Contractor, the others by the Board's Officers:—

BANTRY, county Cork.
LADY ELIZABETH'S COVE, county Waterford.
SPIDDLE, county Galway.
CLIFDEN, county Galway.

Those at Lady Elizabeth's Cove and at Clifden are nearly completed.

A contract has been let for a small Pier or Boat Slip at Arranmore, county Donegal.

At Passage East the design of the works has been modified to meet the wishes of the Waterford Harbour Commissioners, who subscribed a considerable sum towards the cost of the work, which will be commenced immediately.

Applications for Grants in aid of Piers at—

ERRISLANNON, county Galway;
BALLYCASTLE, county Down; and
BUNCRANA and PORT SALON, in Lough Swilly, county Donegal;

have been received, and recommended for sanction.

The works are about to be commenced at Ballycastle and Errislannon; and steps are being taken to make the final declarations in the cases of Buncrana and Port Salon.

INLAND NAVIGATIONS.

Inland Navigations.

Boyne Navigation.

The works of this navigation have been maintained in good repair.—*See Appendix D.*

River Maigue Navigation.

The works are in a satisfactory state of repair.—*See Appendix D.*

Tyrone Navigation, Coalisland Canal.

The works on this navigation have been kept in good repair.—*See Appendix D.*

Inland Navigations.

Shannon Navigation.

No expenditure has been incurred on this navigation during the past year beyond what was necessary for its proper maintenance; all the works have been kept in good order.—*See Appendix D.*

Ulster Canal.

The works of this navigation have been put in good repair. Plans have been prepared for increasing the area of the Storeage Reservoir at Quiglough so as to provide for a sufficient water supply for the Canal. The necessary steps are being taken for purchasing the land required for this purpose.—*See Appendix D.*

On the several navigations the expense and inconvenience caused by the weed "anacharis alsinastrum" is increasing.

The Sewage Utilization Act, 1865.

THE SEWAGE UTILIZATION ACT, 1865.

28 & 29 Vic., cap. 75.

Under the provisions of this Act, since our last Annual Report, applications have been made to the Board to recommend the Public Works Loan Commissioners to make Loans for Works of Sewerage in the towns of—

Moville, county Donegal.
Kingstown, county Dublin.

Having examined the plans, estimates, &c., of the proposed works, and having had the necessary local examinations made, we have recommended these cases to the favourable consideration of the Public Works Loan Commissioners.

BRIDGES.

Wellesley Bridge, Limerick.

This Bridge, which was vested in the Commissioners of Public Works by the Act 30 & 31 Vic., cap 53—"The Limerick Harbour (Composition of Debt) Act, 1867"—was taken over from the former lessees on the 20th of May, 1868, and has since been under the entire management of this Board; and the tolls collected between that period and the 31st of March last amounted to £786.

New Ross Bridge—Counties of Wexford and Kilkenny.

Under the provisions of "The Bridges (Ireland) Act," 30 & 31 Vic., cap. 50, dated 15th July, 1867, the Joint Committee of the Grand Juries of the Counties of Wexford and Kilkenny, are building a new Free Bridge over the River Barrow, at New Ross, to connect the counties of Wexford and Kilkenny, in place of a bridge—the property of the Commissioners for building a Bridge over the River of Ross—which bridge was partly carried away in the month of January, 1867. The tolls, and the right of ferry, &c., have been purchased, and the new free bridge is being built with funds borrowed from this Board with the consent of the Treasury, on the security of presentments made by the counties of Wexford and Kilkenny. The estimated cost of the works, including £11,700 for purchase of property, amounts to £50,137.

Post Roads.

POST ROADS.

Act 6 & 7 Wm. IV., cap. 116.

On the application of the Postmaster-General, under the 61st section of the abovenamed Act, repairs have been executed during the past year on post roads situated in the following counties—

Donegal. Down.

These repairs have been executed under the superintendence of the respective County Surveyors, at a cost of £876 7*s.* 6*d.* repayable by Grand Jury Presentment at subsequent Assizes.

We have the honour to be
Your Lordships' obedient Servants,
J. G. M'KERLIE,
W. R. LE FANU,
Commissioners of Public Works.

E. Hornsby, *Secretary,*
Office of Public Works, Dublin,
15*th May,* 1869.

APPENDIX.

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Appendix	A.—Accounts,	18
"	B.—Landed Property Improvement,	44
"	C.—Landed Property Improvement Loans,	47
"	D.—Inland Navigations and Harbours,	52

APPENDIX A.—

(A.)—ABSTRACT of the ACCOUNTS of the COMMISSIONERS of PUBLIC WORKS in IRELAND, showing the Total of

Reference to Account.	Page.	HEADS OF ACCOUNT.	Balances on 31st March, 1868.	Received.
			£ s. d.	£ s. d.
A 1	21	Loans, Advances, and Repayments, viz.:— Loans, 57 Geo. III., c. 34, " 1 & 2 Wm. IV., c. 33, " 6 & 7 Vic., c. 44, Arterial Drainage, Labouchere Drainage, Land Improvement,	5,842 15 8	290,127 8 9
A 2	20	Land Improvement Preliminaries, 10 Vic., c. 32,	577 5 0	1,011 10 7
A 3	20	Parliamentary Votes and Grants, viz.:— 1. Public Buildings, Royal Harbours, &c., 2. Queen's University, 3. Ulster Canal, 4. Office of Public Works, 5. Howth Harbour, 6. H.M. Exchequer—Extra Receipts, 7. Coast Guard Buildings, 8. Convict Prisons, 9. Civil Contingencies,	16,871 12 2	194,702 13 7
A 4	28	District Lunatic Asylums,	3,395 13 4	39,340 0 0
A 5	30	Miscellaneous Services, viz.:— 1. Deposit Accounts, 1 & 2 Wm. IV., c. 33, 2. Railway and other Arbitrations, 3. Arterial Drainage Deposits, 26 & 27 Vic., c. 88, 4. Maintenance of Post Roads, 5. Piers and Harbours, 6. Inland Navigations:—Shannon, " Boyne, 7. Drainage Maintenance Accounts, 29 & 30 Vic., c. 49, 8. River Drainage Works, 5 & 6 Vic., c. 89, 9. Wellesley Bridge, 10. New Ross Bridge, 11. Athlunkard Bridge, 12. Limerick Harbour, 13. Galway Harbour, 14. Wexford Free Bridge, 15. Sundry Accounts,	6,023 10 10	44,466 14 3
		Total,	32,710 17 0	569,648 7 2
A 6	34	Classified Abstract of Loans for Public Works, 1 & 2 Wm. IV., c. 33; and 6 & 7 Vic., c. 44.		
A 7	36	Statement of open Loan Accounts, 1 & 2 Wm. IV., c. 33; and 6 & 7 Vic., c. 44.		
A 8	37	Ditto, 57 Geo. III., c. 34.		
A 9	38	Statement of Final Awards under Arterial Drainage Act, with Repayments thereon, to the 31st March, 1869.		

Office of Public Works, Dublin, 1st May, 1869.

ACCOUNTS.

Sums intrusted to their Management for Collection or Disbursement for One Year, ended on 31st March, 1869.

Balances Overdrawn on 31st March, 1869.	TOTALS.	Overdrawn Balances from Accounts to 31st March, 1868.	Paid.	Balances on 31st March, 1869.	TOTALS.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
130 4 4	296,100 8 9	—	296,100 8 9	—	296,100 8 9
—	1,588 15 7	—	1,336 15 0	252 0 7	1,588 15 7
—	211,574 5 9	—	200,809 16 9	10,764 9 0	211,574 5 9
—	42,735 13 4	—	38,404 16 7	4,330 16 9	42,735 13 4
—	50,490 5 1	—	46,778 2 9	3,712 2 4	50,490 5 1
130 4 4	602,489 8 6	—	583,429 19 10	19,059 8 8	602,489 8 6

W. B. SOADY, *Accountant.*

(A 1.)—An Account, showing the Receipts and Expenditure of the

PUBLIC LOANS.

	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
To Balance, 31st March, 1868,	—	—	5,842 15 8
Loans Advances.			
Public Works, 6 & 7 Vic., c. 44:—			
Amount received from Commissioners of National Debt,	—	51,102 5 11	
Land Improvement, 10 Vic., c. 32, &c.:—			
Amount issued from Consolidated Fund,	59,000 0 0		
Other Receipts,	527 12 6		
		59,527 12 6	
Total issued for Loans,	—		110,629 18 5
Loans Repayments.			
1. Public Works Loans:—			
Amounts received under the following Acts, viz.:—			
Loans, 57 Geo. III., c. 34,	331 13 0		
Loans, 1 & 2 Wm. IV., c. 33,	2,124 5 1		
Loans, 6 & 7 Vic., c. 44—Public Works,	5,441 12 9		
Other receipts,	313 7 0		
		8,210 17 10	
2. Arterial Drainage:—			
Amount received from Proprietors for Drainage Works,	—	51,104 0 11	
3. Labouchere Drainage:—			
Amount received from Proprietors,	—	10,283 15 10	
4. Land Improvement:—			
Amount received from Proprietors,	109,887 3 7		
Other receipts,	11 12 2		
		109,898 15 9	
Total Repayments,	—		179,497 10 4
To Balance carried to next Account,	—	—	130 4 4
			296,100 8 9

Office of Public Works, Dublin, 1st *May*, 1869.

(A 2.)—LAND IMPROVEMENT

RECEIPTS.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Balance from last Account,	—	577 5 0
Amount received from Treasury by way of Loan,	300 0 0	
,, ,, from Proprietors in Repayment of Preliminary Expenses,	711 10 7	
		1,011 10 7
		£1,588 15 7

Office of Public Works, Dublin, 1st *May*, 1869.

(A 3.)—PARLIAMENTARY

RECEIPT.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Balance from the last Account,	—	4,735 3 9	
Ditto in H. M. Exchequer, &c.,	—	12,136 8 5	
Carried forward,	—		16,871 12 2

Commissioners of Public Works in the Year ended 31st March, 1869.

ADVANCES AND REPAYMENTS.

	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Loans Advances.			
Public Works, 6 & 7 Vic., c. 44 :—			
Amount advanced on Loans, viz. :—			
For Public Works Loans, 1 & 2 Wm. IV., c. 33,	27,464 0 0		
To District Drainage Board, 26 & 27 Vic., c. 88,	22,095 0 0		
For Drainage Maintenance, 29 & 30 Vic., c. 49,	824 5 11		
For Piers and Harbours, 9 Vic., c. 3, &c.,	305 0 0		
For Labourers' Dwellings, 29 & 30 Vic., c. 46,	414 0 0		
		51,102 5 11	
Land Improvement, 10 Vic., c. 32, &c. :—			
Paid to Proprietors on account of Loans,	64,973 0 0		
Other Payments,	527 12 6		
		65,500 12 6	
Total paid to Borrowers,	—		116,602 18 5
Loans Repayments.			
1. Public Works Loans :—			
Amounts transferred to H. M. Exchequer, viz. :—			
Loans, 57 Geo. III., c. 34,	331 13 0		
Loans, 1 & 2 Wm. IV., c. 33,	2,124 5 1		
Loans, 6 & 7 Vic., c. 44,	5,441 12 9		
Other payments,	313 7 0		
		8,210 17 10	
2. Arterial Drainage :—			
Amount transferred to H. M. Exchequer,	50,912 4 7		
Do. refunded to Proprietor,	191 16 4		
		*51,104 0 11	
3. Labouchere Drainage :—			
Amount transferred to H. M. Exchequer,	—	10,283 15 10	
4. Land Improvement :—			
Amount transferred to H. M. Exchequer,	109,887 3 7		
Other payments,	11 12 2		
		109,898 15 9	
			179,497 10 4
			296,100 8 9

* See details under districts, pp. 38 to 43.

W. B. Soady, *Accountant.*

PRELIMINARIES, 1868–69.

EXPENDITURE.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Amount paid to Exchequer in Repayment of Advances,	583 15 2	
„ paid for Preliminary Investigations, Advertising, Scrivenery, &c.,	752 19 10	
		1,336 15 0
Balance carried to next Account,	—	252 0 7
		£1,588 15 7

W. B. Soady, *Accountant.*

VOTES AND GRANTS.

EXPENDITURE.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Amount of Unexpended Balances on Parliamentary Votes, 1867–68, surrendered to H. M. Exchequer, viz. :—			
Public Buildings,	—	1 16 10	
Queen's University,	—	7,000 0 0	
Ulster Canal,	—	5,104 1 7	
Salaries and Incidents of Office,	—	319 13 6	
			12,425 11 11
Transferred to H. M. Exchequer—Balances on Sundry Accounts,	—	—	932 16 6
Carried forward,	—	—	13,358 8 5

An Account showing the Receipt and Expenditure of the Commissioners

(A 3.)—PARLIAMENTARY

RECEIPT—*continued.*	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward,	—	—	16,871 12 2
1. Public Buildings, Ireland (Class I., Vote 29).			
Vote for the year 1868-69,	—	149,259 0 0	
New Works and Alterations:—			
Contributions in aid of National Schools,	422 0 0		
Received from the Admiralty, compensation to Tenants on site of Curran's Port Coast Guard Station,	25 0 0		
Relodgments, &c.,	16 5 11		
		463 5 11	
Maintenance and Repairs:—			
Relodgment,	0 17 0		
		0 17 0	
Carried forward,	—	149,723 2 11	16,871 12 2

of Public Works, in the Year ended 31st March, 1869.

VOTES AND GRANTS—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE—*continued.*				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward,				—	—	13,358 8 5
1. Public Buildings, Ireland (Class I., Vote 29).						
New Works and Alterations:—						
Coast Guard Stations,				8,391 5 10		
Royal Hibernian Military School,				311 7 11		
Royal Hospital, Kilmainham,				232 1 8		
Dublin Castle,				434 0 0		
Viceregal and other Lodges, Gardens, &c., Phœnix Park,				823 5 1		
King's Inns Offices, &c.,				99 17 10		
District Probate Registry Office, Kilkenny,				369 9 1		
Law Courts and Offices, Dublin,				3,176 17 3		
Metropolitan Police Courts and Offices,				3,206 4 9		
Royal Irish Constabulary Buildings, including Depôt Barracks, Phœnix Park,				3,777 13 7		
Depôt for Crown Witnesses,				1,090 5 10		
Royal Dublin Society House, &c., Kildare-street, and Botanic Gardens, Glasnevin,				2,735 1 7		
Royal College of Science,				1,158 6 7		
National Education Buildings:—						
Metropolitan Establishments,	211	13	1			
District and Minor Model Schools,	311	16	2			
Model Agricultural Schools and Albert Model Farm,	193	14	6			
Ordinary Literary Schools,	4,020	11	4			
				4,737 15 1		
Central Criminal Lunatic Asylum, Dundrum,				626 17 8		
Queen's Colleges—Belfast, Cork, and Galway,				2,131 19 2		
National Gallery of Ireland,				169 12 1		
General Registry Office,				10 12 4		
New Water Supply,				3,910 13 5		
					37,393 6 9	
Maintenance and Repairs:—						
Coast Guard Stations,				3,738 19 3		
Royal Hibernian Military School,				1,565 1 5		
Royal Hospital, Kilmainham,				2,453 18 5		
Commissariat Office,				3 11 7		
Inspector-General of Militia Office,				147 15 7		
"Mermaid," Powder Ship,				26 11 7		
Customs Buildings throughout Ireland,				1,083 19 8		
Inland Revenue Buildings,				89 2 11		
Post Office Buildings,				1,379 12 1		
Dublin Castle—Residences, &c.,				2,861 4 10		
Viceregal and other Lodges, Gardens, &c., Phœnix Park,				5,854 10 8		
Law Courts and Offices, Dublin,				4,332 14 10		
King's Inns Offices, &c.,				290 15 2		
Four Courts' Marshalsea,				213 8 10		
District Probate Registry Offices,				77 3 9		
Metropolitan Police Courts and Stations,				2,010 13 9		
Royal Irish Constabulary Buildings, including Depôt Barracks, Phœnix Park,				1,955 9 4		
Convict Prisons,				1,733 14 6		
Central Criminal Lunatic Asylum, Dundrum,				658 4 0		
Royal Dublin Society, House, &c., Kildare-street, and Botanic Gardens, Glasnevin,				1,314 4 1		
Royal College of Science,				262 2 7		
National Education, Metropolitan Buildings,				1,417 19 11		
" Model Agricultural Schools,				2,318 10 7		
" District and Minor Model Schools,				1,732 18 5		
" Ordinary Literary Schools,				2,927 1 5		
Queen's Colleges—Belfast, Cork, and Galway,				1,508 17 5		
Royal Irish Academy,				72 2 1		
National Gallery of Ireland,				102 13 9		
Irishtown Church,				32 19 4		
Public Offices in Dublin,				2,455 6 3		
					44,621 8 0	
Rent of Premises,				—	3,394 16 9	
Rates, Taxes, and Insurance,				—	1,383 5 8	
Carried forward,				—	86,792 17 2	13,358 8 5

An Account showing the Receipt and Expenditure of the Commissioners

(A 3.)—PARLIAMENTARY

RECEIPT—*continued.*	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward,	—	149,723 2 11	16,871 12 2
1. Public Buildings, &c.—*continued.*			
Furniture:—			
Relodgments,	2 8 4		
		2 8 4	
Harbours and Inland Water Navigation:—			
Relodgment, &c.,	0 4 10		
Carried forward,	0 4 10	149,725 11 3	16,871 12 2

of Public Works, in the Year ended 31st March, 1869.

VOTES AND GRANTS—*continued*.

EXPENDITURE—*continued*.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward, ...		—	86,792 17 2	13,358 8 5
1. Public Buildings, &c.—*continued*.				
Furniture:—				
Royal Hibernian Military School, ...		234 13 3		
Royal Hospital, Kilmainham, ...		400 2 5		
Inspector-General of Militia Office, ...		9 15 0		
Customs Buildings throughout Ireland, ...		333 2 1		
Inland Revenue Buildings, ...		132 9 0		
Post Office Buildings, ...		108 3 9		
Dublin Castle, Residences, &c., ...		1,668 6 8		
Viceregal and other Lodges, Phœnix Park, . .		598 3 0		
Law Courts and Offices, Dublin, . . .		1,256 10 3		
Four Courts Marshalsea, ...		109 5 0		
King's Inns Offices, &c., ...		76 15 8		
Metropolitan Police Courts, Offices, &c., . . .		656 6 2		
Royal Irish Constabulary Buildings, . . .		117 19 8		
District Probate Registry Offices, . . .		33 4 1		
Convict Prisons, ...		132 13 9		
Central Criminal Lunatic Asylum, Dundrum, . .		361 19 0		
Royal Dublin Society, House, &c., Kildare-street, .		24 12 3		
Royal College of Science, ...		34 8 3		
National Education, Metropolitan Buildings, . .		530 0 8		
" Model Agricultural Schools, .		219 14 10		
" District and Minor Model Schools, .		336 18 11		
Queen's Colleges—Belfast, Cork, and Galway, . .		240 5 7		
Royal Irish Academy, ...		154 17 11		
National Gallery of Ireland, ...		47 1 5		
Irishtown Church, ...		8 11 3		
Public Offices in Dublin, ...		1,427 11 1		
			9,253 10 11	
Fuel and Light:—				
Supply to Public Departments in Dublin, and to Customs Buildings, District Model Schools, Convict Prisons, District Registry Offices, &c., throughout Ireland, .		—	16,431 14 1	
Incidental Expenses, Allowances to Overseers, &c., .		—	949 9 0	
Phœnix Park:—				
Maintenance of Gate Lodges, Roads, Deer Farm, New Flower Garden, &c., ...		4,465 12 10		
Salaries of Bailiff, Deerkeeper, Gate-keepers, Constables, &c.		1,012 8 4		
Contingencies, including attendance of Police, &c., .		331 9 5		
		5,809 10 7		
Purchase of Right of Grazing on Lands, . .		2,240 0 0		
			8,049 10 7	
Harbours and Inland Water Navigation:—				
Kingstown Harbour:—				
Salaries of Harbour Master, Superintendent, &c., ...	£476 18 9			
Boatmen, Watchmen, &c., . .	587 3 7			
Incidents and Contingencies, . .	99 12 4			
Rates and Taxes, ...	8 8 9			
Maintenance, General Repairs, Materials, &c., Works at the Mail Packet Pier, Piling, Ironwork, &c., . .	8,358 0 6			
	9,530 3 11			
Purchase of Dredger, Barges, &c., .	2,500 0 0			
		12,030 3 11		
Donaghadee Harbour:—				
Labour, Materials, Incidents, &c., .	354 17 4			
Salary of Harbour Master, . .	20 0 0			
		374 17 4		
Dunmore Harbour:—				
Labour, Materials, Incidents, &c., .	1,090 1 0			
Salaries of Harbour Master and Clerk of Works, ...	129 4 0			
		1,219 5 0		
Carried forward, . . .		13,624 6 3	121,477 1 9	13,358 8 5

AN ACCOUNT showing the RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE of the COMMISSIONERS

(A 3.)—PARLIAMENTARY

RECEIPT—*continued.*	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward,	0 4 10	149,725 11 3	16,871 12 2
1. PUBLIC BUILDINGS, &c.,—*continued.*			
		0 4 10	
VISIT OF THEIR ROYAL HIGHNESSES THE PRINCE AND PRINCESS OF WALES, 1868 :—			
Proceeds of Sales, &c.,	269 11 1		
Relodgments,	9 11 6		
		279 2 7	
			150,004 18 8
2. QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY, IRELAND, BUILDINGS (Class I., Vote 30) :—			
Vote for the year 1868–69,	—	—	7,000 0 0
3. ULSTER CANAL (Class I., Vote 31) :—			
Vote for the year 1868–69,	—	5,300 0 0	
Rents, &c.,	—	70 14 6	
			5,370 14 6
4. OFFICE OF PUBLIC WORKS, IRELAND (Class II., Vote 12) :—			
Vote for the year 1868–69,	—	26,546 0 0	
			26,546 0 0
5. HOWTH HARBOUR (Maintenance, &c.) :—			
Dues,	—	445 14 1	
Rents,	—	279 12 10	
			725 6 11
6. H. M. EXCHEQUER—EXTRA RECEIPTS :—			
Public Buildings :—			
Rents,	65 17 9		
Sale of Materials,	85 3 8		
Received from the Trustees of the "Wellington Testimonial"—Balance in hands,	14 10 7		
		165 12 0	
Phœnix Park :—			
Grazing Rents,	987 0 8		
Sale of Deer Skins,	19 16 0		
		1,006 16 8	
Kingstown Harbour :—			
Dues,	1,989 10 10		
Rents,	227 16 7		
Sale of Materials,	2 10 0		
		2,219 17 5	
Carried forward,	—	3,392 6 1	206,518 12 3

of Public Works, in the Year ended 31st March, 1869.

VOTES AND GRANTS—*continued*.

EXPENDITURE—*continued*.			£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward,			13,624 6 3	121,477 1 9	13,358 8 5
1. Public Buildings, &c.—*continued*.					
Howth Harbour, (Improvements) :—					
Labour, Materials, Incidents, &c.,			728 4 4		
			14,352 10 7		
Tyrone Navigation :—					
Labour, Materials, Incidents, &c.,	£204 13 5				
Salaries of Superintendent, Collector, Lockkeepers, &c.,	176 4 8				
		380 18 1			
Maigue Navigation :—					
Salary of Collector and Incidental Expenses,		46 17 4			
			427 15 5		
Transferred to "Miscellaneous Services":—					
Grants in aid of Fishery Piers, viz :—					
Spiddal,	6,000 0 0				
Clifden,	1,200 0 0				
			7,200 0 0		
				21,980 6 0	
Visit of Their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, 1868 :—					
Expenses incurred incidental to Reception, Installation in St. Patrick's Cathedral, &c.,			—	6,523 12 8	
					149,981 0 5
2. Queen's University, Ireland, Buildings (Class I., Vote 30):—				Nil.	
3. Ulster Canal (Class I., Vote 31) :—					
Labour, Materials, Incidentals, &c.,			—	1,796 16 2	
Salaries,			—	309 11 0	
					2,106 7 2
4. Office of Public Works, Ireland, (Class II., Vote 12):—					
Salaries,			—	22,676 2 8	
Travelling, &c.,			—	2,986 13 2	
Incidental Expenses,			—	712 6 3	
					26,375 2 1
5. Howth Harbour (Maintenance, &c.) :—					
Labour, Materials, Incidents, &c.,			—	712 18 0	
Salaries of Harbour Master and Assistant,			—	65 0 0	
					777 18 0
6. H. M. Exchequer—Extra Receipts :—					
Phœnix Park :—					
Tithe Rentcharge,			75 11 10		
Payment in lieu of Free Grazing,			92 2 2		
				167 14 0	
Kingstown Harbour :—					
Ballast Supplied,			292 2		
Compensation for Damages,			100 0 0		
				392 2 0	
Carried forward,			—	559 16 0	192,598 16 1

AN ACCOUNT showing the RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE of the COMMISSIONERS

(A 3.)—PARLIAMENTARY

RECEIPT—*continued.*	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward,	—	3,392 6 1	206,518 12 3
Dunmore Harbour:—			
Dues,	23 7 2		
Rents,	20 17 8		
		44 4 10	
Donaghadee Harbour:—			
Rents,	—	6 11 0	
Tyrone Navigation:—			
Tolls,	213 4 9		
Rents,	45 6 7		
		258 11 4	
Maigue Navigation:—			
Tolls,	—	15 9 2	
Salaries and Incidents of Office:—			
Law Costs Recovered,	65 17 6		
Registration Fees,	3 8 1		
Sundry Receipts,	55 9 8		
		124 15 3	
			3,841 17 8
7. COAST GUARD BUILDINGS.		Nil.	
8. CONVICT PRISONS:— Received from the Directors of Convict Prisons—Balance of Expenditure, 31st March, 1868,	—	—	117 7 4
9. CIVIL CONTINGENCIES:— Amount Transferred from Vote for Public Buildings, being Expenditure in Year 1867-68, charged to this Account in Anticipation of Vote, 1868-69,	—	—	1,096 8 6
			211,574 5 9

Office of Public Works, Dublin, 1st *May,* 1869.

(A 4.)—LUNATIC

AN ACCOUNT showing the RECEIPTS and PAYMENTS of the COMMISSIONERS of PUBLIC WORKS in IRELAND (on 1869, pursuant to Act 1 & 2

RECEIPTS.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
To Balance on 31st March, 1868,	—	—	3,395 13 4
To Amounts issued from the Consolidated Fund on account of Loans to the following District Asylums:—			
Belfast,	3,500 0 0		
Cork,	4,000 0 0		
Down,	9,000 0 0		
Mayo,	250 0 0		
Monaghan and Cavan,	8,150 0 0		
Omagh,	3,000 0 0		
Richmond,	4,000 0 0		
Waterford,	2,400 0 0		
Wexford,	5,000 0 0		
		39,300 0 0	
To Amounts lodged on Extra Receipts, viz.:—			
Down—Rents,	25 0 0		
Monaghan, do.,	15 0 0		
		40 0 0	
			39,340 0 0
			42,735 13 4

Office of Public Works, Dublin, 1st *May,* 1869.

of PUBLIC WORKS, in the Year ended 31st March, 1869.

VOTES AND GRANTS—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE—*continued.*	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward,	—	559 16 0	192,598 16 1
Salaries and Incidents of Office:— Relodgment,		11 6 4	
Transferred to H. M. Exchequer,	—	3,225 11 8	3,796 14 0
7. COAST GUARD BUILDINGS:— Transferred to the Admiralty—Balance unexpended 31st March, 1868,	—	—	414 6 8
8. CONVICT PRISONS.		Nil.	
9. CIVIL CONTINGENCIES:— Amount transferred to H. M. Exchequer in Repayment of Advances,	—	4,000 0 0	4,000 0 0
Balance,	—	—	10,764 9 0
			211,574 5 9

W. B. SOADY, *Accountant.*

ASYLUMS BUILDINGS.

Account of the Commissioners for the Control, &c., of Lunatic Asylums), during the year ended 31st March, Geo. IV., c. 33, &c., &c.

EXPENDITURE.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
By Amounts expended on Account of the following Buildings, viz.:—			
Belfast,	3,251 5 3		
Clare,	3,339 2 0		
Cork,	3,034 14 8		
Donegal,	708 14 11		
Down,	6,113 17 1		
Mayo,	70 13 2		
Monaghan,	11,696 16 7		
Mullingar,	69 15 0		
Omagh,	1,528 18 9		
Richmond,	1,998 18 7		
Waterford,	2,544 6 0		
Wexford,	4,047 14 7	38,404 16 7	
Balance carried to next Account,	—	4,330 16 9	
		42,735 13 4	

W. B. SOADY, *Accountant.*

An Account showing the Receipt and Expenditure of the Commissioners

(A 5.)—MISCELLANEOUS

RECEIPT.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance from last Account,	—			6,022	10	10			
Add Error in Previous Balance arising from an Overcharge of Expenditure on Arklow Salvage Store in that Year,	—			1	0	0			
							6,023	10	10
1. Deposit Receipts for Preliminary Expenses, 1 & 2 Wm. IV., c. 33, &c. :—									
County Antrim,	—			90	0	0			
„ Wicklow,	—			10	0	0			
							100	0	0
2. Railway and other Arbitration Expenses :—									
Amount received from the following Railway Companies and others to meet Expenses of Arbitration, per 14 & 15 Vic., c. 70, viz. :—									
Downpatrick, Dundrum, and Newcastle Railway Co.,	—			58	15	1			
Belfast and Central Railway Co.,	—			24	13	2			
Dublin Water Works,	—			103	3	10			
Waterford, New Ross, and Wexford Junction Railway Co.,	—			50	0	0			
Navan and Kingscourt Railway Co.,	—			40	0	0			
							276	12	1
3. Arterial Drainage Deposit Accounts, per Acts 26 & 27 Vic., c. 88 :—									
Received from Drainage Boards on Account of Preliminary Inquiries, Arbitrations, Cost of Awards, &c., viz. :—									
Parsonstown,	—			45	16	6			
Elphin,	—			71	7	4			
Buncan Lakes and Ballybean,	—			8	5	0			
Kilmastulla,	—			27	5	11			
Island Lakes and Glore River,	—			48	13	0			
Gully,	—			31	6	6			
Ballinacarrig,	—			10	0	0			
Rathdowney,	—			10	0	0			
Ward,	—			30	0	0			
Athboy,	—			35	0	0			
Frankford,	—			30	0	0			
Mulkear,	—			30	0	0			
Doohyle,	—			30	0	0			
							407	14	3
4. Maintenance of Post Roads :—									
Amount received from the following Counties, in repayment of advances made for repairs, viz. :—									
County Donegal,	—			396	3	1			
„ Dublin,	—			1,401	3	5			
„ Down,	—			805	0	0			
„ Kerry,	—			60	3	4			
„ Tipperary,	—			70	0	0			
							2,732	9	10
5. Piers and Harbours, per Act 9 Vic., c. 3, &c. :—									
Clifden Pier—Grant in aid,	1,200	0	0						
Spiddal do.,	6,000	0	0						
Passage East—Contributions,	250	0	0						
Lady Elizabeth's Cove—Loan from Public Works Loan Fund,	305	0	0						
Barnaderg—Sale of Plant,	1	17	2						
				7,756	17	2			
Carried forward,	—			7,756	17	2	9,540	7	0

of Public Works, in the Year ended 31st March, 1869.

SERVICES.

EXPENDITURE.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1. Deposit Accounts, 1 & 2 Wm. IV., c. 33:—			
County Antrim—Cost of Inspection,	—	5 15 8	
Aughnacloy—Flax Spinning, Law Costs,	—	5 5 0	
County Donegal—Cost of Inspection,	—	5 15 8	
			16 16 4
2. Railway and other Arbitration Expenses:—			
Amounts paid to Valuators, &c., per Act 14 & 15 Vic., c. 70, viz.:—			
Downpatrick, Dundrum, and Newcastle Railway Co.,	—	88 15 1	
Belfast and Central Railway Co.,	—	116 7 0	
Dublin Water Works,	—	129 17 4	
Amount of Unexpended Balances Refunded,	—	299 0 4	
			633 19 9
3. Arterial Drainage Deposits:—			
Paid for Preliminary Expenses, Arbitrations, &c.:—			
Parsonstown District,	—	73 0 2	
Camogue,	—	3 3 0	
Elphin,	—	71 7 4	
Lough Oughter,	—	50 0 0	
Buncan Lakes and Ballybean,	—	28 5 0	
Kilmastulla,	—	39 14 11	
Island Lakes and Glore River,	—	48 13 0	
Gully,	—	31 6 6	
Doohyle,	—	25 5 10	
Ballinacarrig,	—	3 19 2	
Rathdowney,	—	3 15 10	
Ward,	—	30 0 0	
			408 10 9
4. Maintenance of Post Roads:—			
Repaid to Her Majesty's Exchequer,	—	2,732 9 10	
Amount expended for Repairs of Post Roads in the following Counties, viz.:—			
Donegal,	191 10 10		
Down,	684 16 8		
		876 7 6	
			3,608 17 4
5. Piers and Harbours, 9 Vic., c. 3, &c.:—			
Amount expended on the following Works, viz.:—			
Bantry,	1,756 0 4		
Buncrana,	4 4 0		
Ballycastle,	11 19 1		
Barnaderg,	2 14 3		
Carrigaholt,	132 18 7		
Clifden,	478 0 5		
Errislannon,	8 7 9		
Lady Elizabeth's Cove,	1,205 7 7		
Kilkeel,	787 4 5		
Leenane—including £16 13s. 4d. surplus loan refunded,	18 3 4		
Port Salon,	2 16 0		
Passage East,	3 10 0		
Spiddal,	3,090 3 6		
Tarrea,	6 13 0		
		7,508 2 3	
Carried forward,	—	7,508 2 3	4,668 4 2

An Account showing the Receipt and Expenditure of the Commissioners

(A 5.)—MISCELLANEOUS

RECEIPT.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brought forward,	—			7,756	17	2	9,540	7	0
5. Piers and Harbours, &c.—*continued.*									
Newcastle Pier—Repaid by County Down, per Acts 16 & 17 Vic., c. 136,	395	8	4						
Belmullet Canal—Issued from the Consolidated Fund, per Acts 16 & 17 Vic., c. 136,	580	0	0						
				975	8	4			
							8,732	5	6
6. Inland Navigations:—									
Shannon Navigation:—									
Rents,	1,255	1	1						
Tolls,	1,223	16	5						
Sales, &c.,	46	10	9						
				2,525	8	3			
Boyne Navigation:—									
Tolls,	321	16	4						
Rents,	0	5	0						
				322	1	4			
Total Receipts Inland Navigation,	—			—			2,847	9	7
7 Sundry Drainage Maintenance Accounts—29 & 30 Vic. c. 49:–									
Balla District, received from Public Works Loan Fund,	—			633	3	2			
Lough Dalla, do. do.	—			291	2	9			
							924	5	11
8. River Drainage Works, 5 & 6 Vic., c. 89:—									
Sale of Grass,	—			—			11	0	0
9. Wellesley Bridge:—									
Balance of Rent paid by Lessees up to 19th May, 1868,	—			33	6	8			
Tolls collected by the Board's Collector between the 20th May, 1868, and 28th February, 1869,	—			716	13	9			
							750	0	5
10. New Ross Bridge:—									
Amount received per Treasurer County Wexford, being the amount advanced to the County out of Public Works Loan Fund,	—			14,858	0	0			
Do. Do. Kilkenny,	—			12,236	0	0			
Relodgment,	—			5	15	6			
							27,099	15	6
11. Athlunkard Bridge:—									
Received on account of Tolls,	—			—			225	0	0
12. Limerick Harbour.									
13. Galway Harbour.									
14. Wexford Free Bridge:—									
Amount withdrawn out of Deposit Receipt of £1,500,	—			—			100	0	0
15. Sundry Accounts:—									
Receipts in Suspense,	—			42	15	8			
Dividends received on Stock,	—			184	6	6			
Board of Trade, for Rocket Shed at Ballycotton,	—			32	19	0			
							260	1	2
							50,490	5	1

Office of Public Works, Dublin, 1st May, 1869.

of PUBLIC WORKS, in the Year ended 31st March, 1869.

SERVICES—*continued.*

EXPENDITURE.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward,	—	7,508 2 3	4,668 4 2
5. PIERS AND HARBOURS, &c.—*continued.*			
Fishery Pier Fund Act, 1 Wm. IV., c. 54:—			
Advanced in Aid of Works at Courtown Harbour,	—	150 0 0	
Amount expended pursuant to 16 & 17 Vic., c. 136, for Repairs:—			
Belmullet Canal,	—	314 12 5	
Amount repaid to H. M. Exchequer on account of Advances made to Newcastle Pier,	—	390 0 0	
			8,362 14 8
6. INLAND NAVIGATIONS:—			
Shannon Navigation:—			
Maintenance and Repairs of Works,	1,259 9 2		
Salaries and Incidental Expenses,	1,336 7 5		
		2,595 16 7	
Boyne Navigation:—			
Maintenance and Repairs of Works, &c.,	165 16 0		
Salaries and Incidents, &c.,	177 4 6		
		343 0 6	
Total Expenditure, Inland Navigation,	—	—	2,938 17 1
7. SUNDRY DRAINAGE MAINTENANCE ACCOUNTS:—			
Balla District, Labour, &c.,	—	625 0 2	
Lough Dalla do., Contractor, &c.,	—	290 2 9	
			915 2 11
8. DRAINAGE WORKS, 5 & 6 Vic., c. 89:—			
Maintenance, &c.,	—	—	43 6 0
9. WELLESLEY BRIDGE:—			
Maintenance and Repairs,	—	80 0 0	
Salaries of Collectors, &c.,	—	125 7 6	
Wages to Bridgemen,	—	132 10 0	
Repaid to Her Majesty's Exchequer,	—	450 0 0	
			787 17 6
10. NEW ROSS BRIDGE:—			
Preliminary and other Expenses,	—	649 12 5	
Engineering,	—	815 0 0	
Contractor,	—	13,855 0 0	
Site of Bridge, &c.,	—	11,000 0 0	
Law Costs,	—	184 9 6	
			26,504 1 11
11. ATHLUNKARD BRIDGE:—			
Law Costs, &c.,	—	10 1 5	
Transfer to Her Majesty's Exchequer	—	200 0 0	
			210 1 5
12. LIMERICK HARBOUR:—			
Transfer to Her Majesty's Exchequer	—	—	297 6 10
13. GALWAY HARBOUR:—			
Paid to Harbour Commissioners, per 30 & 31 Vic., c. 56, s. 14.,	—	919 16 1	
Transfer to Her Majesty's Exchequer	—	240 1 0	
			1,159 17 1
14. WEXFORD FREE BRIDGE:—			
Paid Contractor,	—	—	400 0 0
15. SUNDRY ACCOUNTS:—			
Receipts in Suspense, amounts allocated,	—	182 2 6	
Dividends on Stock-paid Sundries,	—	184 6 6	
Board of Trade, for Rocket Sheds,	—	102 2 0	
Fishery Survey for Transfer of balance,	—	22 2 2	
			490 13 2
			46,778 2 9
Balance, carried to next Account,	—	—	3,712 2 4
			50,490 5 1

W. B. SOADY, *Accountant.*

(A 6.)—Abstract of Loans made by the Commissioners of Public Works, under the Provisions of Act 1 & 2 Wm. IV., cap. 33, and subsequent Acts, classified under Counties and other general heads, and showing the Total Issues and Repayments to the 31st March, 1869.

COUNTY, &c.	PURPOSE OF LOAN.	Total issued.	Repayments. Principal.	Repayments. Interest.	Remitted.	Balance of Principal, 31st March, 1869.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Antrim County,	For making and improving roads, court-houses, &c.	157,782 18 8	157,782 18 8	19,016 4 7	—	—
Armagh County,	Ditto,	2,507 10 9	2,507 10 9	564 19 10	—	—
Carlow County,	Ditto,	5,650 0 0	5,650 0 0	592 5 6	—	—
Carrickfergus, (County of the Town,)	Ditto,	4,443 10 0	4,443 10 0	689 0 4	—	—
Cavan County,	Ditto,	37,203 8 0	36,953 8 0	6,097 5 3	—	250 0 0
Clare County,	Ditto,	17,779 11 8	17,779 11 8	1,924 6 8	—	—
Cork County,	Ditto,	4,451 15 10	4,451 15 10	338 7 11	—	—
Cork, County of the City,	Ditto,	1,500 0 0	1,500 0 0	271 11 8	—	—
Donegal County,	Ditto,	17,557 5 0	17,557 5 0	1,851 7 9	—	—
Down County,	Ditto,	13,731 17 6	13,731 17 6	871 13 8	—	—
Dublin City,	Ditto,	1,211 6 8	1,211 6 8	42 11 11	—	—
Dublin County,	Ditto,	5,538 11 1	5,538 11 1	672 4 1	—	—
Fermanagh County,	Ditto,	5,050 0 0	5,050 0 0	900 14 1	—	—
Galway County,	Ditto,	31,015 7 8	31,015 7 8	1,633 7 11	—	—
Galway Town,	Ditto,	3,330 0 0	2,928 19 4	495 6 9	—	401 0 8
Kerry County,	Ditto,	76,094 9 6	76,094 9 6	8,966 8 1	—	—
Kildare County,	Ditto,	6,602 10 0	6,602 10 0	1,407 3 6	—	—
Kilkenny County,	Ditto,	41,586 0 0	29,350 0 0	3,238 9 4	—	12,236 0 0
King's County,	Ditto,	6,438 17 3	6,438 17 3	1,011 0 11	—	—
Leitrim County,	Ditto,	7,650 0 0	7,650 0 0	1,233 2 4	—	—
Limerick City,	Ditto,	3,931 8 8	3,931 8 8	887 1 5	—	—
Limerick County,	Ditto,	13,018 18 9	13,018 18 9	2,636 16 1	—	—
Londonderry Co.	Ditto,	1,250 0 0	1,250 0 0	304 10 9	—	—
Longford County,	Ditto,	4,400 1 4	4,400 1 4	920 8 8	—	—
Louth County,	Ditto,	9,550 0 0	9,550 0 0	1,377 16 3	—	—
Mayo County,	Ditto,	12,438 0 0	12,438 0 0	1,414 5 3	—	—
Meath County,	Ditto,	2,347 18 2	2,347 18 2	547 19 7	—	—
Queen's County,	Ditto,	7,663 0 0	7,663 0 0	605 0 2	—	—
Roscommon Co.,	Ditto,	19,784 0 0	19,784 0 0	1,316 11 9	—	—
Sligo County,	Ditto,	8,306 6 9	8,306 6 9	1,152 6 6	—	—
Tipperary County,	Ditto,	9,959 5 11	9,959 5 11	760 0 1	—	—

(A 6.)—Abstract of Loans made by the Commissioners of Public Works, under the Provisions of Act 1 & 2 Wm. IV., cap. 33, and subsequent Acts, classified under Counties and other general heads and showing the Total Issues and Repayments to the 31st March, 1869—*continued.*

COUNTY, &c.	PURPOSE OF LOAN.	Total issued.	REPAYMENTS.		Remitted.	Balance of Principal, 31st March, 1869.
			Principal.	Interest.		
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Tyrone County,	For making and improving roads, court-houses, &c.	2,300 0 0	2,300 0 0	370 4 3	—	—
Waterford County,	Ditto,	2,248 14 0	2,248 14 0	122 10 0	—	—
Waterford City,	Ditto,	1,550 0 0	1,550 0 0	75 7 5	—	—
Wexford County,	Ditto,	66,013 11 0	51,155 11 0	6,372 17 10	—	14,858 0 0
Wicklow County,	Ditto,	7,558 1 10	7,558 1 10	1,504 2 11	—	—
Westmeath County,	Ditto,	1,065 1 8	1,065 1 8	222 12 1	—	—
	Totals,	620,509 7 8	592,764 7 0	72,408 3 1	—	27,745 0 8
Roads & Bridges,	For Roads, Bridges, &c.,	43,700 0 0	30,878 8 1	16,322 9 0	2,971 11 11	9,850 0 0
Sundry Harbours, Docks, &c.,	In aid of construction,	189,270 0 0	47,322 10 5	121,477 14 10	68,186 3 3	73,761 6 4
Inland Navigation,	Improving Works, &c.,	69,950 0 0	14,403 1 3	40,716 15 11	—	55,546 18 9
Public Buildings,	Erection and completion of Works, &c.,	35,000 0 0	32,896 2 1	6,822 14 2	1,953 17 11	150 0 0
Railways,	In aid of construction, &c.,	157,200 0 0	157,200 0 0	73,764 16 7	—	—
Miscellaneous,	In aid of Sundry Works,	14,550 0 0	14,550 0 0	3,043 4 8	—	—
Ecclesiastical Commissioners,	Pursuant to 6 & 7 Wm. 4, c. 108,	100,000 0 0	100,000 0 0	43,453 11 1	—	—
Piers & Harbours,	Act 9 Vic., c. 3, and 10 and 11 Vic., c. 75,	39,749 11 0	37,030 3 7	1,052 7 4	—	2,719 7 5
Exchequer Bills issued and afterwards relodged,		3,700 0 0	3,700 0 0	361 14 7	—	—
	£	1,273,628 18 8	1,030,744 12 5	379,423 11 3	73,111 13 1	—
Relief Works,	Act 9 Vic., c. 1,	226,349 19 11	69,671 18 1	18,666 3 2	156,678 1 10	—
			1,498,506 4 11			
River Drainage,	Act 5 & 6 Vic., c. 89,	2,082,052 7 3	1,184,596 13 6		1,195,019 12 3	Repayable by way of Annuity.
Do.	Act 26 & 27 Vic., c. 88; Act 28 & 29 Vic., c. 52.	57,849 0 0				
River Drainage Maintenance,	Act 29 & 30 Vic., c. 59,	1,016 19 2	42 5 3		—	Do.
Maynooth College,	Additions and Improvements,	18,200 0 0	5,304 5 3		—	Do.
Labourers' Dwellings,		414 0 0	—		—	Do.
	£	3,659,511 5 0	2,688,449 8 11		1,424,809 7 2	

Office of Public Works, Dublin, 1st May, 1869. W. R. Soady, *Accountant.*

(A 7.)—A STATEMENT of the OUTSTANDING LOANS made by the COMMISSIONERS of PUBLIC WORKS in IRELAND, pursuant to Act 1 & 2 Wm. IV., c. 33, showing the Issues and Repayments within the year, and the Balances on the 31st March, 1869.

NAME OF PARTY.	PURPOSE OF LOAN.	Issued in the Year.	REPAYMENTS within the Year.		BALANCES outstanding on 31st March, 1869, except Loans repaid by Annuity.	
			Principal.	Interest.	Principal.	Interest.
Act 1 & 2 Wm. IV., c. 33.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Athlunkard Bridge Commissioners,	Completing Works,	–	–	446 18 11	9,850 0 0	4,855 10 6
Wellesley Bridge,	–	–	–	450 0 0	10,000 0 0	–
Galway Harbour Commissioners,	Construction of Docks, &c.,	–	*9,322 14 10 410 0 0	*1,949 13 7 240 1 0	–§	–
Ardglass Harbour Commissioners,	Completing Works,	–	–	–	6,650 0 0	7,539 2 1
Limerick Navigation Company,	Improving Works,	–	–	–	9,668 15 0	4,208 18 11
Newry Navigation Company,	Improving and extending Works	–	–	577 5 2	15,878 3 9	280 2 11
Ulster Canal Company,	Completing Works,	–	–	–	10,000 0 0	10,033 13 11
Act 6 & 7 Vic., c. 44.						
Cavan County,	Road, Killeshandra to Ballina,	–	83 18 1	2 6 3	Paid	off.
Ditto,	Do. Cootehill to Ballyduff,	250 0 0	–	–	250 0 0	–
Galway, County of Town,	Road, Galway to Fairhill,	–	28 4 1	0 17 2	Paid	off.
Ditto,	Do. Galway to Salthill,	–	80 10 9	24 5 6	401 0 8	–
Kilkenny County,	Rebuilding New Ross Bridge,	12,236 0 0	–	–	12,236 0 0	–
Wexford County,	Ditto,	14,858 0 0	–	–	14,858 0 0	–
Limerick Harbour Commissioners,	Constructing Docks, &c.,	–	†4,586 2 0 2,012 11 8	36,311 19 9† 297 6 10	–§	–
Dublin Port and Docks Board,	Improving Balbriggan Harbour,	120 0 0	–	–	120 0 0	–
Newry Navigation Company,	Extension of Canal,	–	–	727 2 5	20,000 0 0	352 17 6
Bantry R. C. Chapel,	Enlarging Chapel,	–	30 0 0	–	150 0 0	–
Dunmanway R. C. Chapel,	Erecting Galleries,	–	‡320 0 0 150 0 0	‡161 1 7 –	Paid	off.
Sundry Fishery Piers and Harbours under Award (open Accounts),	Act 9 Vic., c. 3, &c.,	–	820 9 0	1 1 0	614 7 3	–
Carrigaholt Pier,	Ditto,	–	–	–	1,100 0 0	–
Kilkeel Pier,	Ditto,	–	–	–	400 0 0	–
Clifden Quay Pier,	Ditto,	–	–	–	300 0 0	–
Lady Elizabeth Cove Pier,	Ditto,	305 0 0	–	–	305 0 0	–
River Drainage Works under Award,	Act 5 & 6 Vic., c. 89, &c.,	–	50,869 19 4	–	–§	–
River Drainage Maintenance under Award,	Act 29 & 30 Vic., c. 49,	–	42 5 3	–	–§	–
Balla District Maintenance,	Ditto,	633 3 2	–	–	633 3 2	–
Lough Dalla District Maintenance,	–	291 2 9	–	–	291 2 9	–
River Drainage Works under Award,	Executed under Local Boards, per Act 26 & 27 Vic., c. 88,	–	–	–	8,050 0 0	–
Kilmastulla District,	Ditto,	1,000 0 0	–	–	9,364 0 0	–
Six-mile-bridge District,	Ditto,	4,500 0 0	–	–	13,500 0 0	–
Athboy Do.	Ditto,	5,000 0 0	–	–	10,400 0 0	–
Silver River Do.	Ditto,	–	–	–	3,040 0 0	–

* Remitted by Act 30 & 31 Vic., c. 56. † Remitted by Act 30 & 31 Vic., c. 55. ‡ Remitted by Treasury Letters dated 11th December, 1868.
§ Repayable by way of annuity.

(A 7.)—A STATEMENT of the OUTSTANDING LOANS made by the COMMISSIONERS of PUBLIC WORKS in IRELAND, pursuant to Act 1 & 2 Wm. IV., c. 33, showing the Issues and Repayments within the year, and the Balances on the 31st March, 1869—*continued.*

NAME OF PARTY.	PURPOSE OF LOAN.	Issued in the year.	REPAYMENTS within the Year.		BALANCES outstanding on 31st March, 1869, except Loans repaid by Annuity.	
			Principal.	Interest.	Principal.	Interest.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Connell District,	Executed under Local Boards, per Act 26 & 27 Vic., c. 88,	65 0 0	–	–	2,065 0 0	–
Quinagh Do. . .	Ditto, . . .	2,080 0 0	–	–	2,080 0 0	–
Parsonstown Do. . .	Ditto, . . .	4,450 0 0	–	–	4,450 0 0	–
Elphin Do. . .	Ditto, . . .	1,500 0 0	–	–	1,500 0 0	–
Brickey Do. . .	Ditto, . . .	2,400 0 0	–	–	2,400 0 0	–
Clodiagh Do. . .	Ditto, . . .	1,000 0 0	–	–	1,000 0 0	–
Maynooth College, . . .	Additions and Improvements,	–	1,183 0 0	–	–	–*
Rev. Prior Moore, . .	For Erection of Labourers' Dwellings in Town of Cavan, per Act 29 & 30 Vic., c. 44,	414 0 0	–	–	414 0 0	–
		51,102 5 11	69,939 15 0	41,189 19 2		
	Deduct remissions, . .	–	14,228 16 10	38,422 14 11		
	Net repayments, . .	–	£55,710 18 2	2,767 4 3		
			£58,478 2 5			

* Repayable by way of annuity.

Office of Public Works, Dublin, 1st May, 1869. W. B. SOADY, *Accountant.*

(A 8.)—A STATEMENT of OUTSTANDING LOANS made by the late "COMMISSIONERS for the ISSUE of LOANS out of the CONSOLIDATED FUND," pursuant to the Act 57 Geo. III., c. 33, and subsequent Acts; showing the Repayments within the year, and the Balances outstanding on 31st March, 1869.

NAME OF PARTY.	PURPOSE OF LOAN.	REPAYMENTS.		BALANCES outstanding 31st March, 1869.	
		Principal.	Interest.	Principal.	Interest.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
County Meath, .	Navan Turnpike Road, . .	—	180 0 0	6,000 0 0	—
Commissioners of Wide	Streets, to improve Cork City, .	—	—	13,700 0 0	15,168 6 7
County Mayo, .	Court-Houses at Castlebar & Ballinrobe,	108 3 9	—	77 15 6	231 6 3
County Kilkenny, .	Causeway, Thomastown, and Castle-connor Road.	43 9 3	—	165 9 4	101 1 11
R. H. Maunsell, .	Canal at Plassy, County Limerick, .	—	—	912 19 10	758 5 6
Commissioners for a Bridge across the Shannon at Athlunkard,		—	—	6,000 0 0	7,929 6 3
Commissioners for a Bridge at Youghal, . . .		—	—	10,000 0 0	10,685 9 2
	Total, . .	151 13 0	180 0 0	36,856 4 8	34,873 15 8
		£331 13 0			

Office of Public Works, Dublin, 1st May, 1869. W. B. SOADY, *Accountant.*

(A 9.) ARTERIAL

SCHEDULE.—ABSTRACT of FINAL AWARDS, and Repayments

Districts.	Counties.	No. of Award.	Date when Awards made final.	Total Amount of Expenditure, for all purposes.	Portion of Total Expenditure charged to Counties for Public Works.	Portion of Total Expenditure charged on Lands.	Free Grants and Remissions.
				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Ardee,	Louth and Meath,	79	18 Sept., 1854,	22,280 5 8	1,355 5 1	9,920 12 5	11,004 8 2
Annagh (*Supplemental, 25th October*, 1854),	Galway,	64	29 April, 1852,	4,034 5 10	220 12 9	3,000 0 0	813 13 1
Blackwater,	Meath and Kildare,	1	16 March, 1849,	12,115 16 6	1,839 15 9	10,276 0 9	–
Borrisokane *Supplemental, 5th March*, 1855),	Tipperary,	63	29 April, 1852,	10,038 17 11	529 0 0	6,500 0 0	3,009 17 11
Borris-in-Ossory,	Tipperary and Queen's,	81	27 Sept., 1854,	20,020 5 1	970 16 5	10,000 0 0	9,049 8 8
Boyne,	Kildare, Meath, Westmeath, and King's,	86	21 April, 1855,	56,980 11 0	5,124 18 10	22,855 12 2	29,000 0 0
Ballybay,	Roscommon,	26	1 October, 1850,	848 17 4	41 6 2	807 11 2	–
Brosna, (*Ferbane div.*)	Westmeath and King's,	123	18 April, 1860,	107,657 8 8	–	39,540 0 0	68,117 8 8
Ballycasey (*Supplemental, 23rd February*, 1855),	Tipperary,	52	17 October, 1854,	3,805 3 2	185 13 4	3,000 0 0	619 9 10
Ballinhassig,	Cork,	46	13 „ „	7,844 17 1	568 8 9	7,276 8 4	–
Ballinderry,	Westmeath and King's,	13	30 April, 1850,	1,262 9 10	136 1 3	1,126 8 7	–
Ballyteige,	Wexford,	87	20 June, 1855,	43,526 15 3	58 0 0	16,808 15 0	26,660 0 3
Ballycowan,	Kildare,	3	16 „ 1849,	729 3 2	87 9 10	641 13 4	–
Broadlough (*Supplemental, 10th January*, 1856),	Mayo,	33	26 October, 1850,	1,241 16 9	135 15 6	900 0 0	206 1 3
Boley (*Supplemental 6th April*, 1857),	Galway,	53	17 „ 1851,	2,220 14 2	139 19 7	1,300 0 0	780 14 7
Ballinakill,	Meath,	37	26 „ 1850,	1,167 4 7	93 14 3	1,073 10 4	–
Boardsmill,	Meath,	38	26 „ „	4,191 5 3	677 19 10	3,513 5 5	–
Ballinaskea and Castlerickard,	Meath,	39	26 „ „	2,223 11 7	187 4 1	2,036 7 6	–
Balla,	Mayo,	102	6 April, 1857,	13,213 15 2	716 5 11	3,900 0 0	13,597 9 3
Ballynahown,	Westmeath and King's,	61	14 „ 1852,	6,892 7 3	503 17 7	6,388 9 8	–
Ballinamore and Ballyconnel, } *Navigation, Drainage, and Water-power,*	Cavan, Fermanagh, Leitrim, and Roscommon,	120	10 January, 1860,	228,651 10 5	30,000 0 0	–	198,651 10 5
	Cavan, Fermanagh, and Leitrim,	121	6 March, „	53,723 5 7	2,268 5 1	24,412 0 0	26,293 0 6
		„	6 „ „	–	–	750 0 0	–
Burren,	Carlow and Kildare,	74	29 October, 1852,	26,079 9 11	1,683 18 9	24,395 11 2	–
Cahore (*Supplemental, 26th February*, 1857),	Wexford,	47	13 „ 1851,	4,315 14 11	45 11 6	3,250 0 0	1,020 3 5
Cappagh,	Galway,	101	27 March, 1857,	16,265 8 1	396 0 0	7,140 0 0	8,729 8 1
Camoge,	Limerick,	59	22 „ 1852,	4,437 11 9	90 17 11	4,346 13 10	–
Clonakilty,	Cork,	78	5 Sept., 1854,	11,734 5 10	32 1 3	11,702 4 7	–
Cork Slob,	Cork, County of City of,	65	29 April, 1852,	5,920 7 11	–	5,920 7 11	–
Carriggower (*Supplemental, 22nd October*, 1861),	Wicklow,	17	30 „ 1850,	3,237 8 4	102 10 7	2,344 18 0	789 19 9
Carrigans,	Donegal,	11	26 October, 1849,	2,475 7 10	141 5 3	2,334 2 7	–
Curraunboy (*Supplemental, 10th January*, 1856),	Mayo,	31	26 „ 1850,	295 5 7	26 9 4	200 0 0	68 16 3
Castlebar Lakes (*Supplemental, 7th March*, 1855),	Do.,	40	29 April, 1851,	1,708 6 4	11 15 7	277 7 7	1,419 3 2
Cuilmore (*Supplemental, 10th January*, 1856),	Do.,	32	26 October, 1850,	326 13 6	18 8 10	49 5 11	258 18 9
Camcloon,	Mayo,	35	26 „ 1850,	602 13 5	388 13 1	214 0 4	–
Carbury Mill-stream,	Kildare,	9	19 „ 1849,	637 10 10	34 18 3	602 12 7	–
Carrowmore Lake (*Supplemental, 31st March*, 1856),	Mayo,	19	30 April, 1850,	796 12 1	6 7 1	493 0 0	297 5 0
Clonlost,	Westmeath,	48	13 October, 1851,	2,406 14 3	209 9 5	2,197 4 10	–
Castlebernard,	King's County,	99	30 „ 1856,	22,302 9 6	93 17 7	9,800 0 0	12,408 11 11
Cavetown,	Roscommon,	67	29 April, 1852,	1,933 18 5	–	1,933 18 5	–
Curragha,	Meath and Dublin,	22	30 „ 1850,	1,264 5 9	–	1,264 5 9	–
Croghan,	Roscommon,	68	29 „ 1852,	3,540 0 6	108 9 5	3,431 11 1	–
Castlemartyr,	Cork,	83	20 October, 1854,	7,389 19 6	613 6 5	4,940 0 0	1,836 13 1
Coolaney,	Sligo,	70	29 April, 1852,	4,625 0 0	–	4,625 0 0	–
Crosslough,	Mayo,	85	3 „ 1855,	405 1 2	–	352 0 0	53 1 2

DRAINAGE.

thereon, for the Year ending 31st March, 1869.

Area of Catchment, or Rain Basin.	Area of Flooded or Injured Lands, which have been Drained or Improved. Statute Measure.	Cost per Acre of the Drainage, including Interest, &c.	Increase in the Annual Letting Value of these Lands, caused by Drainage.	Amount of Instalments payable half-yearly, to repay Cost with Interest.	No. of half-yearly instalments, to repay principal and interest.	Repayments. To 31st March, 1868.	Repayments. For year ending 31st March, 1869.	Repayments. Total.	Districts.
Stat. Acres	A. R. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
78,000	3,252 0 11	6 12 0	1,751 19 4	442 19 1	30	13,188 14 6	856 7 9	14,045 2 3	Ardee.
13,120	907 0 39	4 4 1	339 2 9	99 9 6	35	3,775 5 10	137 8 0	3,912 13 10	Annagh.
50,000	3,827 2 18	2 13 8	1,034 7 9	382 4 1	40	15,727 3 1	446 18 8	16,174 1 9	Blackwater.
20,550	1,517 0 39	6 5 4	505 19 5	153 2 1	48	7,097 7 2	314 1 8	7,411 8 10	Borrisokane.
35,840	3,624 3 27	5 5 1	1,085 18 2	365 11 2	40	10,969 8 1	636 6 3	11,605 14 4	Borris-in-Ossory.
304,139	6,779 1 18	7 13 0	1,658 15 1	745 2 8	48	24,862 0 6	1,352 6 6	26,214 7 0	Boyne.
3,300	414 3 27	1 18 11	124 0 8	Paid off.	–	1,101 13 6	–	1,101 13 6	Ballybay.
389,120	11,998 0 30	8 18 4	2,871 0 11	1,359 14 0	44	22,256 1 1	2,696 9 3	24,952 10 4	Brosna (*Ferbane div.*)
7,680	753 3 6	4 16 0	225 12 8	68 13 1	48	3,345 18 0	113 7 4	3,459 5 4	Ballycasey.
23,500	1,452 3 5	5 0 2	447 8 10	212 19 2	60	8,751 12 10	451 5 3	9,202 18 1	Ballinhassig.
1,658	311 0 38	3 12 5	112 8 6	Paid off.	32	1,629 16 2	–	1,629 16 2	Ballinderry.
26,752	2,093 0 2	14 10 5	1,186 14 8	547 19 11	48	13,856 9 11	1,058 0 11	14,914 10 10	Ballyteige.
1,000	215 2 29	2 19 6	58 17 3	23 12 2	40	913 3 5	33 16 10	947 0 3	Ballycowan.
1,000	198 3 19	5 11 3	78 19 3	Paid off.	–	1,181 1 1	–	1,181 1 1	Broadlough.
3,500	683 0 4	3 0 11	188 18 11	Paid off.	–	1,758 3 8	–	1,758 3 8	Boley.
1,350	430 3 3	2 9 10	129 15 8	Paid off.	–	1,571 10 5	–	1,571 10 5	Ballinakill.
6,850	1,428 3 12	2 9 2	428 2 1	Paid off.	–	5,619 12 3	–	5,619 12 3	Boardsmill.
3,900	738 0 20	2 15 2	205 7 11	Paid off.	–	3,158 8 7	–	3,158 8 7	Ballinaskea & Castlerickar
30,720	1,759 2 20	9 18 10	228 15 3	112 3 11	60	3,141 13 9	197 17 6	3,339 11 3	Balla.
15,000	2,032 2 26	3 2 10	602 6 8	Paid off.	32	9,025 2 11	–	9,025 2 11	Ballynahown.
101,455	–	–	–	Paid off.	–	30,000 0 0	–	30,000 0 0	Ballinamore and Ballyconnel (*Navigation, Drainage, and Water-power.*)
	6,379 1 34	8 0 8	1,748 16 10	839 9 6	44	19,081 14 0	1,349 4 11	20,430 18 11	
	3 2 5	–	–	25 15 10	–				
40,000	8,008 0 6	3 0 1	2,589 19 9	929 12 2	40	29,451 13 4	1,277 7 3	30,729 0 7	Burren.
7,000	617 1 24	6 18 4	240 6 2	36 4 7	35	3,425 14 6	71 17 6	3,497 12 0	Cahore.
34,856	2,577 3 27	6 3 1	495 4 1	232 15 6	48	5,758 0 5	428 13 2	6,186 13 7	Cappagh.
61,184	1,412 0 7	3 1 7	646 8 6	Paid off.	–	5,340 7 9	–	5,340 7 9	Camoge.
2,000	292 0 30	36 19 2	–	394 11 1	40	32 1 3	–	32 1 3	Clonakilty.
330	214 0 20	27 13 0	573 6 10	Paid off.	32	8,144 16 11	–	8,144 16 11	Cork Slob.
12,000	592 0 31	5 5 10	274 16 9	Paid off.	–	3,054 7 10	–	3,054 7 10	Carriggower.
3,330	634 2 18	3 13 6	217 3 8	85 17 6	40	3,311 2 5	161 1 8	3,472 4 1	Carrigans.
200	46 0 31	5 16 4	19 6 0	Paid off.	–	241 16 5	–	241 16 5	Curraunboy.
1,500	185 2 27	9 2 9	85 19 1	Paid off.	–	310 19 7	–	310 19 7	Castlebar Lakes.
500	57 3 8	5 6 8	21 13 0	Paid off.	–	119 8 4	–	119 8 4	Cuilmore.
400	72 3 37	2 18 7	27 9 3	7 8 1	44	667 11 9	3 8 2	670 19 11	Cameloon.
1,600	196 0 20	3 1 6	44 10 9	22 3 5	40	848 11 8	43 19 8	892 11 4	Carbury Mill-stream.
800	199 2 30	3 19 2	54 18 5	Paid off.	–	649 10 7	–	649 10 7	Carrowmore Lake.
3,500	648 2 5	3 7 9	177 14 5	80 16 10	40	2,812 15 8	151 17 0	2,964 12 8	Clonlost.
38,000	2,499 3 27	8 17 8	709 1 3	337 0 0	44	7,715 8 2	680 12 4	8,396 0 6	Castlebernard.
8,000	309 0 37	6 5 0	117 1 8	55 18 5	60	1,794 0 11	110 4 10	1,904 5 9	Cavetown.
2,500	407 3 32	3 2 0	122 6 7	Paid off.	36	1,877 18 6	–	1,877 18 6	Curragha.
8,000	847 2 1	4 1 0	277 11 6	118 14 7	44	3,876 8 2	225 12 10	4,102 1 0	Croghan.
12,960	1,114 1 5	6 1 8	383 7 4	161 1 1	48	4,925 12 0	319 7 9	5,244 19 9	Castlemartyr.
90,744	792 3 18	5 16 8	241 2 7	119 8 0	76	3,784 2 4	236 19 2	4,021 1 6	Coolaney.
399	91 0 35	4 9 0	35 17 1	12 2 1	44	314 2 0	22 19 6	337 1 6	Crosslough.

SCHEDULE.—ABSTRACT of FINAL AWARDS, and Repayments

Districts.	Counties.	No. of Award.	Date when Awards made final.	Total Amount of Expenditure, for all purposes. £ s. d.	Portion of Total Expenditure charged to Counties for Public Works. £ s. d.	Portion of Total Expenditure charged on Lands. £ s. d.	Free Grants and Remissions. £ s. d.
Dungolman (*Supplemental, 10th April*, 1856),	Westmeath and Longford,	72	29 Sept., 1852,	10,587 1 10	335 12 6	8,000 0 0	2,251 9 4
Deel,	Meath and Westmeath,	82	18 October, 1854,	20,783 12 7	2,096 17 4	13,700 0 0	4,986 15 3
Dunkellin,	Galway,	106	7 Sept., 1857,	42,959 12 9	826 9 7	15,340 0 0	26,793 3 2
Derrylin,	Fermanagh,	93	19 Dec., 1855,	787 14 6	–	300 0 0	487 14 6
Drumbominy,	Do.,	20	30 April, 1850,	333 8 9	–	333 8 9	–
Drumcliff,	Sligo and Leitrim,	69	29 „ 1852,	4,070 7 9	224 7 8	3,846 0 1	–
Dunmore,	Galway, Mayo, & Roscommon	115	26 „ 1859,	53,908 19 10	1,749 10 1	15,000 0 0	37,159 9 9
Dunmoran (*Supplemental, 30th September*, 1858),	Sligo,	71	29 „ 1852,	4,733 15 6	110 0 10	3,301 0 0	1,322 14 8
Derryholmes,	King's,	62	24 „ „	7,196 4 6	487 16 7	6,708 7 11	–
Eslin,	Leitrim,	60	12 „ „	11,356 6 3	577 16 2	10,778 10 1	–
Fane (*Supl., 1st July*, 1854),	Louth,	43	20 Sept., 1851,	8,155 15 6	926 3 1	6,229 12 5	1,000 0 0
Fergus,	Clare and Galway,	124	30 October, 1860,	68,010 8 8	433 1 8	24,600 0 0	42,977 7 0
Foranwell,	Kildare,	55	29 „ 1851,	3,475 1 8	67 2 7	3,407 19 1	–
Glyde { Lands, Mills,	Louth, Meath, Cavan, and Monaghan,	92	27 „ 1855,	47,899 18 10 –	2,893 0 0 –	22,000 0 0 200 0 0	22,806 18 10 –
Gorteen,	Kildare,	4	16 June, 1849,	3,526 4 11	139 10 4	3,386 14 7	–
Garr,	Do.,	27	1 October, 1850,	3,816 12 8	385 12 6	3,431 0 2	–
Glenarriff (*Red Bay*),	Antrim,	57	30 „ 1851,	3,345 4 4	–	3,345 4 4	–
Headford,	Leitrim,	24	16 Sept., 1850,	1,010 12 9	87 10 9	923 2 0	–
Hind River { *Drainage, Navigation abandoned*,	Roscommon,	97	11 July, 1856,	21,101 13 2	1,410 16 1	10,650 0 0	9,040 17 1
Hermitage,	Kildare,	5	16 June, 1849,	286 16 1	13 5 10	273 10 3	–
Inny,	Longford and Westmeath,	118	13 October, 1859,	58,208 3 3	761 4 8	14,000 0 0	43,446 18 7
Kilmannock, (*Supplemental, 18th August*, 1854),	Wexford,	12	26 „ 1849,	9,836 13 7	–	7,836 13 7	2,000 0 0
Killimor { Lands, Mills,	Galway, Do.,	95 –	29 March, 1856, –	55,040 17 10 –	2,357 1 7 –	21,000 0 0 90 0 0	31,593 16 3 –
Kilmaine (*Supplemental, 13th March*, 1855),	Mayo,	41	29 April, 1851,	10,990 10 1	243 4 11	7,000 0 0	3,747 5 2
Kilbeggan { Lands, Mills,	Westmeath and King's, Do.,	107 –	15 October, 1857, –	29,959 8 7 –	– –	8,850 15 0 1,290 4 3	19,818 9 4 –
Kilbride,	Kilkenny and Tipperary,	91	6 „ 1855,	8,058 3 5	332 8 9	4,000 0 0	3,725 14 8
Kilmurry,	Meath,	6	30 July, 1849,	938 13 3	55 14 9	882 18 6	–
Kill,	Cavan,	89	17 August, 1855,	2,799 4 7	–	1,000 0 0	1,799 4 7
Kilcock,	Meath,	25	16 Sept., 1850,	1,880 3 9	17 14 0	1,801 9 5	61 0 4
Kinmeen,	Fermanagh,	23	2 „ „	244 10 4	–	244 10 4	–
Kilmaganny,	Kilkenny,	90	13 „ 1855,	10,984 13 10	337 7 10	7,000 0 0	3,647 6 0
Keenagh,	Longford,	109	7 April, 1858,	10,829 6 7	239 2 8	4,450 0 0	6,140 3 11
Lough Alick (*Supplemental, 30th September*, 1858),	Mayo,	15	30 „ 1850,	4,119 19 1	122 7 11	2,000 0 0	1,997 11 2
Longford,	Longford,	113	12 „ 1859,	44,924 13 7	2,425 11 0	18,200 0 0	24,299 2 7
Lorrha (*Supplemental, 29th April*, 1857),	Tipperary,	28	8 October, 1850,	3,504 19 3	55 0 0	2,800 0 0	649 19 3
Loughnasaggart,	Meath and Westmeath,	7	6 Sept., 1849,	683 14 6	9 6 0	674 8 6	–
Lough Gara and Mantua,	Mayo, Roscommon, & Sligo,	110	28 April, 1858,	24,797 4 8	35 18 4	10,650 0 0	14,111 6 4
Loughs Oughter and Gowna, &c., { *Drainage, Navigation abandoned*,	Cavan, Leitrim, & Longford,	119	20 October, 1859,	111,171 18 9	1,312 18 7	35,075 0 0	74,784 0 2
Loughans,	Kilkenny,	80	26 Sept., 1854,	4,167 7 4	94 0 0	1,800 0 0	2,273 7 4
Lough Neagh { *Navigation, Drainage, and Water-power*,	Antrim, Armagh, Down, Londonderry, and Tyrone,	111 112 –	18 Feb., 1859, 4 April, „ –	106,174 10 4 158,565 4 6 357 17 10	37,096 12 6 8,513 14 0 Mills,	– 110,000 0 0 357 17 10	69,077 17 10 40,051 10 0 –

thereon, for the Year ending 31st March, 1869—*continued.*

Area of Catchment, or Rain Basin.	Area of Flooded or Injured Lands, which have been Drained or Improved. Statute Measure.	Cost per Acre of the Drainage, including Interest, &c.	Increase in the Annual Letting Value of these Lands, caused by Drainage.	Amount of Instalments payable half-yearly, to repay Cost with Interest.	No. of half-yearly instalments, to repay principal and interest.	Repayments. To 31st March, 1868.	Repayments. For year ending 31st March, 1869.	Repayments. Total.	Districts.
Stat. Acres.	A. R. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
28,000	2,226 0 8	4 12 1	929 1 6	Paid off.	–	10,879 6 2	–	10,879 6 2	Dungolman.
64,000	4,499 3 36	4 3 0	1,584 8 9	643 15 2	28	19,132 10 2	589 7 2	19,721 17 4	Deel.
88,320	5,565 0 31	7 11 5	1,094 15 0	527 10 3	41	11,787 15 10	1,038 9 10	12,826 5 8	Dunkellin.
3,000	187 0 4	4 4 3	49 9 11	13 7 11	30	319 9 10	26 17 7	346 7 5	Derrylin.
1,000	134 2 5	2 9 7	36 11 6	Paid off.	–	454 2 9	–	454 2 9	Drumbominy.
14,294	647 0 11	5 18 11	207 11 1	99 5 9	76	3,372 7 9	106 19 0	3,569 6 9	Drumcliff.
96,161	4,837 1 10	10 15 8	1,051 1 11	489 0 6	48	10,402 15 8	1,142 13 4	11,545 9 0	Dunmore.
7,680	881 0 35	5 4 11	282 10 4	95 17 4	33	3,645 17 1	190 18 1	3,836 15 2	Dunmoran.
22,400	5,600 1 0	1 3 11½	958 1 4	Paid off.	–	8,892 19 1	–	8,892 19 1	Derryholmes.
19,840	2,639 3 5	4 1 8	886 15 1	396 11 2	40	12,850 15 5	471 3 10	13,321 19 3	Eslin.
87,400	1,521 3 28	4 15 0	533 2 7	205 6 10	38	7,956 18 5	407 5 10	8,364 4 3	Fane.
134,400	7,361 2 20	9 3 6	1,752 9 3	845 18 10	44	14,255 8 11	1,851 17 3	16,107 6 2	Fergus.
3,800	956 1 35	3 11 3	263 1 11	125 7 8	40	4,159 19 11	243 19 8	4,403 19 7	Foranwell.
176,813	6,769 0 38 0 2 6	6 11 11 –	1,904 17 0 –	863 2 5 7 16 11	36	24,521 7 0	1,694 19 6	26,216 6 6	Glyde.
7,170	1,440 0 12	2 7 0	438 6 2	124 12 1	40	4,438 15 11	85 10 4	4,524 6 3	Gorteen.
3,600	944 0 23	3 12 8	282 10 8	126 4 8	40	4,789 1 4	221 15 3	5,010 16 7	Garr.
9,200	526 0 30	6 7 2	214 12 4	105 13 0	56	3,458 18 4	165 10 10	3,624 9 2	Glenarriff.
3,520	304 1 20	3 0 8	144 10 9	Paid off.	–	1,298 8 11	–	1,298 8 11	Headford.
16,000	2,966 2 32	6 11 3	763 8 5	366 4 8	44	10,518 5 8	589 15 6	11,108 1 2	Hind River.
600	150 1 38	1 16 5	26 13 11	10 1 3	40	388 14 1	19 3 2	407 17 3	Hermitage.
231,116	6,850 1 0	8 7 8	1,400 9 5	625 2 0	30	11,978 2 6	1,396 10 9	13,374 13 3	Inny.
8,532	509 1 12	19 6 3	702 0 1	Paid off.	–	10,343 6 1	–	10,343 6 1	Kilmannock.
46,341	6,344 3 15 1 2 9	8 6 1 –	1,509 13 1 –	722 2 11 3 1 9	41	19,828 9 9	1,427 2 11	21,255 12 8	Killimor.
10,000	1,129 3 30	9 10 3	622 12 5	185 11 10	40	8,519 10 0	349 9 0	8,868 19 0	Kilmaine.
88,030 –	5,498 2 15 15 2 4	5 9 0 –	975 0 9 –	453 6 9 66 1 8	25 –	10,830 3 8	945 4 1	11,775 7 9	Kilbeggan.
8,000	2,153 0 15	3 11 9	505 14 8	187 19 2	28	5,014 8 5	368 17 1	5,383 5 6	Kilbride.
2,000	369 1 22	2 7 9	143 10 1	32 9 8	40	1,208 17 11	51 6 8	1,260 4 7	Kilmurry.
17,000	636 3 0	4 8 0	101 6 2	36 11 1	40	928 0 8	47 9 8	975 10 4	Kill.
3,230	491 3 11	3 13 4	196 4 1	67 15 1	40	2,348 12 3	114 17 10	2,463 10 1	Kilcock.
1,000	87 3 31	2 15 7	28 2 9	Paid off.	–	333 3 10	–	333 3 10	Kinmeen.
18,000	2,821 2 0	3 15 5	499 6 5	228 4 3	48	6,730 16 4	251 3 4	6,981 19 8	Kilmaganny.
18,000	1,758 3 0	6 0 5	317 15 2	153 0 6	44	3,611 12 5	240 7 8	3,852 0 1	Keenagh.
6,064	921 2 30	2 19 10	240 19 7	Paid off.	–	2,782 4 9	–	2,782 4 9	Lough Alick.
72,320	3,972 2 29	10 13 11	1,300 7 9	625 17 2	41	14,393 5 7	1,130 0 5	15,523 6 0	Longford.
8,900	1,057 1 13	3 5 3	335 7 9	92 2 4	24	3,690 11 9	90 0 6	3,780 12 3	Lorrha.
2,500	193 1 38	3 9 0	59 11 4	26 19 6	40	833 2 5	4 9 6	837 11 11	Loughnasaggart.
128,000	4,719 2 20	5 3 11	757 5 2	366 4 8	41	7,459 15 10	725 12 2	8,185 8 0	Lough Gara and Mantua.
260,480	10,537 2 8	10 8 4	2,506 14 4	1,206 3 2	44	23,284 5 11	2,168 7 4	25,452 13 3	Loughs Oughter, Gowna, &c.
3,500	548 1 2	7 8 8	214 4 4	65 16 0	40	2,097 7 5	84 6 8	2,181 14 1	Loughans.
1411320	– 29597 2 32 –	– 5 14 0 –	– 9,879 6 8 –	Paid off. 3,782 13 5 12 6 2	– 44 44	37,096 12 0 77,963 19 7	– 7,122 4 10	37,096 12 0 85,086 4 5	Lough Neagh, *Navigation, Drainage, and Water-power.*

SCHEDULE.—ABSTRACT OF FINAL AWARDS, and Repayments

Districts.	Counties.	No. of Award.	Date when Awards made final.	Total Amount of Expenditure, for all purposes. £ s. d.	Portion of Total Expenditure charged to Counties for Public Works. £ s. d.	Portion of Total Expenditure charged on Lands. £ s. d.	Free Grants and Remissions. £ s. d.
Leesborough,	Monaghan,	94	20 Dec., 1855,	6,081 8 2	247 11 5	3,000 0 0	2,833 16 9
Lough Crew,	Meath,	51	15 Oct., 1851,	2,753 19 8	157 18 6	2,596 1 2	–
Lough Dalla (*Supplemental, 10th October*, 1861),	Mayo,	56	29 " "	2,836 11 9	191 1 10	2,274 0 0	371 9 11
Lavally,	Galway,	98	27 " 1856,	15,826 8 8	379 11 8	4,250 0 0	11,196 17 0
Lough Mask and River Robe } *Navigation abandoned*, *Drainage*,	Mayo and Galway,	108	14 Jan., 1858,	3,713 4 10 63,666 11 7	1,412 3 5	10,500 0 0	3,718 4 10 51,754 8 2
Loughs Corrib, Mask, and Carra, } *Navigation, Drainage, and Mill-Power*,	County of the Town of Galway, and Counties of Galway and Mayo,	116 117 122	30 June, 1859, 29 Sept., " 4 April, 1860,	102,289 16 4 116,854 5 9 36,938 18 9	14,883 0 0 2,511 3 4 –	– 29,400 0 0 13,145 13 0	87,406 16 4 108,736 8 2
Lisduff,	Galway,	54	18 October, 1851,	1,545 15 11	–	1,545 15 11	–
Lough Lannagh,	Mayo,	103	7 April, 1857,	18,445 7 4	1,306 0 8	4,100 0 0	13,039 6 8
Moyour (*Supplemental, 12th April*, 1855),	Do.,	30	26 October, 1850,	8,764 1 2	1,039 19 9	4,000 0 0	3,724 1 5
Mullafarry (*Supplemental, 10th October*, 1861),	Do.,	14	30 April, "	986 13 0	134 3 7	609 0 0	243 9 5
Miles and Templebryan,	Cork,	66	29 " 1852,	1,392 5 3	69 15 6	1,322 9 9	–
Mullawn (*Supplemental, 10th January*, 1856),	Mayo,	34	26 October, 1850,	347 7 4	13 12 2	300 0 0	33 15 2
Maghera,	Down,	58	30 " 1851,	1,397 12 1	–	1,397 12 1	–
Moyne and Crosspatrick (*Supplemental, 10th October*, 1861),	Mayo,	21	30 April, 1850,	702 13 9	23 1 6	460 0 0	219 12 3
Monivea,	Galway,	105	24 " 1857,	16,896 1 1	1,228 12 11	5,092 0 0	10,575 8 2
Nobber,	Meath,	44	20 Sept., 1851,	7,634 3 4	580 17 11	7,053 5 5	–
Oranhill (*Supplemental, 13th February*, 1857),	Galway,	2	4 April, 1849,	3,871 16 2	190 16 2	2,650 0 0	1,031 0 0
Owenabrockagh (*Supplemental, 13th March*, 1855),	Mayo,	29	26 October, 1850,	3,154 5 7	90 15 11	1,500 0 0	1,563 9 8
Owenkeagh,	Cork,	16	30 April, "	1,277 7 3	70 11 7	1,206 15 8	
Quin,	Clare,	84	25 October, 1854,	20,686 5 2	1,078 18 4	14,000 0 0	5,607 6 10
Red Bog,	Meath,	8	6 Sept., 1849,	964 19 11	66 19 11	898 0 0	–
Rath, or Clooneen (*Supplemental, 31st March*, 1856),	Longford and Westmeath,	73	30 " 1852,	6,671 6 4	599 8 1	4,600 0 0	1,471 18 3
Ratooragh,	Cork,	49	13 October, 1851,	928 7 11	–	928 7 11	–
Rinn and Blackriver,	Leitrim and Longford,	114	26 April, 1859,	33,756 11 1	2,279 14 3	15,000 0 0	16,476 16 10
Strokestown,	Roscommon,	96	11 July, 1856,	42,097 6 1	1,858 5 3	21,541 0 1	18,698 0 9
Shrule,	Mayo and Galway,	104	15 April, 1857,	30,573 19 3	932 0 1	7,500 0 0	22,141 19 2
Shinrone (*Supplemental 31st Mar.* 1856), Lands,	King's and Tipperary,	75	26 " 1853,	8,381 2 9	414 9 11	5,000 0 0	2,794 12 10
Shinrone, Mills,	Do.,	–	–	–	–	172 0 0	–
Shandon,	Waterford,	50	13 October, 1851,	1,030 12 0	370 0 0	660 12 0	–
Shandrum,	Mayo,	18	30 April, 1850,	712 10 3	–	712 10 3	–
Sow (*Supplemental, 23rd March*, 1859),	Wexford,	76	26 " 1853,	8,825 9 3	415 12 11	6,500 0 0	1,909 16 4
Shanagolden (*Award abandoned*),		–	–	3,741 8 4	227 15 5	–	3,513 12 11
Saleen Lough (*Supplemental, 25th April*, 1868),	Mayo,	42	29 " 1851,	3,079 13 11	135 18 6	2,943 15 5	493 15 5
Turloughmore,	Galway,	88	28 June, 1855,	60,832 9 1	1,126 10 2	23,000 0 0	36,705 18 11
Templemore (New award) Lands,	Tipperary,	77	1 July, 1854,	15,908 15 5	1,098 3 2	7,500 0 0	7,030 12 3
Templemore (New award) Mills,	Do.,	–		–	–	280 0 0	–
Tawnawoggaun (*Supplemental, 31st March*, 1856),	Mayo,	36	26 October, 1850,	1,334 0 10	155 12 4	1,000 0 0	178 8 6
Wilkinstown,	Meath,	10	19 " 1849,	1,764 0 0	190 17 7	1,573 2 5	–
Wottonstown,	Louth,	45	20 Sept., 1851,	1,102 13 0	80 17 7	1,021 15 5	–
Youghal,	Cork,	100	18 Feb., 1857,	22,890 2 7	–	7,000 0 0	15,890 2 7
				2,390,612 12 4	152,180 12 8	902,833 2 10	1,336,092 12 3

Office of Public Works, Dublin, 1st *May*, 1869.

thereon, for the Year ending 31st March, 1869—*continued.*

Area of Catchment, or Rain Basin.	Area of Flooded or Injured Lands, which have been Drained or Improved. Statute Measure.	Cost per Acre of the Drainage, including Interest, &c.	Increase in the Annual Letting Value of these Lands, caused by Drainage.	Amount of Instalments payable half-yearly, to repay Cost with Interest.	No. of half-yearly instalments, to repay principal and interest.	Repayments. To 31st March, 1868.	Repayments. For year ending 31st March, 1869.	Repayments. Total.	Districts.
Stat. Acres.	A. R. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
11,922	728 2 27	8 0 3	221 11 9	103 3 3	44	2,703 13 8	201 0 4	2,904 14 0	Leesborough.
2,396	489 0 34	5 6 1	140 4 8	69 2 6	72	2,663 16 1	103 17 6	2,767 13 7	Lough Crew.
4,500	983 0 15	2 13 10	261 16 2	97 6 7	40	2,936 10 1	131 1 6	3,067 11 7	Lough Dalla.
28,160	1,940 2 0	7 19 2	304 9 8	146 3 0	44	3,757 9 4	239 7 5	3,996 16 9	Lavally.
225,000	5,805 0 13	10 13 5	625 10 9	302 1 3	60	7,740 1 7	511 4 3	8,251 5 10	Lough Mask & River Robe.
780,000	– 5,032 2 4 26 1 19	– 22 13 10 –	– 1,861 4 2 –	Paid off 835 14 1 480 11 0	– 56 40	14,883 0 0 24,952 3 7	– 2,553 0 11	14,883 0 0 27,505 4 6	Loughs Cor- rib, Mask, and Carra, *Navigation, Drainage, & Mill Power.*
2,400	498 1 11	3 2 0	112 16 8	48 7 2	52	1,582 10 8	90 18 9	1,673 9 5	Lisduff.
21,440	1,750 2 5	9 15 9	241 13 5	117 19 0	60	3,534 19 11	242 6 5	3,777 6 4	Lough Lannagh.
6,000	1,040 3 11	7 8 5	553 8 4	98 17 3	26	6,227 8 10	–	6,227 8 10	Moyour.
2,210	326 0 15	2 12 4	117 5 1	Paid off.	–	932 3 3	–	932 3 3	Mullafarry.
10,285	259 1 29	5 2 0	94 14 2	45 15 2	44	1,520 10 0	94 6 4	1,614 16 4	Miles and Templebryan.
400	74 3 13	4 9 2	29 11 1	Paid off.	–	302 19 8	–	302 19 8	Mullawn.
19,000	393 1 22	3 11 0	147 3 5	Paid of.	32	1,863 15 1	–	1,863 15 1	Maghera.
600	96 1 32	7 0 11	50 16 10	Paid off.	–	632 14 7	–	632 14 7	Moyne and Crosspatrick.
54,000	1,481 0 0	10 11 7	305 7 4	146 9 9	60	4,522 15 9	279 14 10	4,802 10 7	Monivea.
40,000	1,357 1 3	5 3 11	586 13 2	266 8 9	40	9,264 5 1	474 8 11	9,738 14 0	Nobber.
Unknown, being in cavernous limestone.	974 0 16	3 15 7	315 10 1	Paid off.	–	4,080 12 9	–	4,080 12 9	Oranhill.
6,000	379 0 35	8 1 6	224 1 6	23 0 1	26	1,879 15 8	–	1,879 15 8	Owenabrockagh.
15,700	393 2 15	3 1 4	99 9 10	41 15 1	44	1,564 8 6	82 16 2	1,647 4 8	Owenkeagh.
37,120	4,305 0 29	4 8 1	1,032 15 3	456 8 6	48	13,550 12 1	960 15 8	14,511 7 9	Quin.
3,000	241 2 8	3 14 4	75 8 5	33 0 9	40	1,267 19 10	52 11 1	1,320 10 11	Red Bog.
15,000	1,157 3 35	5 4 10½	401 16 10	167 8 11	32	5,846 16 5	322 16 9	6,169 13 2	Rath, or Clooneen.
2,780	244 1 0	3 16 0	51 7 11	23 9 1	80	871 0 5	26 5 0	897 5 5	Ratooragh.
74,000	4,695 2 20	6 12 10	1,070 5 2	515 16 5	44	12,043 13 8	935 10 2	12,979 3 10	Rinn and Blackriver.
70,000	7,478 2 21	5 8 8	1,794 17 10	741 5 4	44	20,262 5 1	1,675 3 11	21,937 9 0	Strokestown.
27,000	3,207 0 5	9 4 10	443 19 10	215 15 2	60	6,830 1 5	286 12 8	7,116 14 1	Shrule.
35,940	1,288 3 7 3 1 0	6 0 11½ –	434 19 7 –	160 4 8 4 8 10	40 80	5,690 7 6	286 14 7	5,977 2 1	Shinrone.
160	43 1 15	15 4 10	57 8 7	22 17 2	44	1,116 8 11	45 6 10	1,161 15 9	Shandon.
700	132 1 35	5 7 7	53 10 0	24 13 1	44	895 16 8	20 6 10	916 3 6	Shandrum.
14,000	1,983 0 10	4 4 10	609 9 5	290 19 6	44	7,945 5 4	404 10 4	8,349 15 8	Sow.
–	–	–	–	–	–	227 15 5	–	227 15 5	Shanagolden.
2,850	900 3 14	3 4 11	259 3 10	40 1 9	28	2,973 16 10	*191 16 4 81 6 11	2,863 7 5	Saleen Lough.
212,480	8,186 3 20	7 5 7	1,695 2 9	749 16 10	48	20,004 19 9	1,395 10 0	21,400 9 9	Turloughmore.
33,000	3,394 0 21 2 2 0	4 7 3 –	1,263 5 10 –	334 17 6 12 10 0	30 „	10,443 13 5	524 16 0	10,968 9 5	Templemore.
2,200	294 1 0	4 0 1	82 10 10	33 7 3	30	1,396 17 10	20 12 0	1,417 9 10	Tawnawoggaun.
10,600	700 2 37	2 4 10	217 16 8	57 17 6	40	2,290 13 5	107 9 4	2,392 2 9	Wilkinstown.
6,300	316 1 17	3 4 7	96 15 8	40 9 6	40	1,419 7 4	79 16 0	1,499 3 4	Wottonstown.
1,547	224 0 0	101 13 7	500 0 0	Paid off.	–	8,157 19 7	–	8,157 19 7	Youghal.
6,358,358	266,736 2 4	Average, 8 11 4	74,502 7 2			920,110 3 7	50,869 19 4	970,980 2 11	

* £191 16s. 4d. refunded to a Proprietor under the Supplemental Award; taken off total repayments.

W. B. Soady, *Accountant.*

Appendix B.

Landed Property Improvement.

Inspectors' Annual Reports.

APPENDIX B.

Landed Property Improvement.—Inspectors' Annual Reports, 1868–9.

Counties of Fermanagh, Cavan, and Leitrim, with portions of the adjoining Counties of Tyrone, Sligo, &c.

In the above-named district of the north-west of Ireland the applications for new loans have not been numerous, but are of a useful, practical kind, and are mostly from proprietors, who have expended former loans in such a manner as to give satisfaction to all concerned; thus proving by experience that the objects of the Land Improvement Acts were attained, so far as the provisions of the Acts were tested, and rendering it a matter of regret that the money has not been more extensively used. In the county Fermanagh Major J. Gerard Irvine has continued drainage, farm road making, fencing, and clearing with the same care and success that attended his first undertakings, reported on about twenty years ago; and he has also added a storehouse for flax to the scutch-mill which he erected at Lack for the use of his tenants, and which has proved of great advantage to the neighbourhood. In the county Cavan Mr. Tatlow has executed some thorough drainage on Mr. Nesbitt's estate with great care and accuracy of detail, using tiles from Florence-court; and Lord Headfort has also completed some good drainage for his Cavan tenants. In the same county Sir John Young, who had a drainage loan twenty years ago, has applied for another to drain and make roads through his estate near Bailieborough; and in Leitrim Colonel Whyte and Mr. Montgomery have continued steadily the same course of improvement they adopted in 1848. In Tyrone the Duke of Abercorn has continued drainage, &c., as in 1848, and has proceeded vigorously with planting the sides of the cold pasture ground on the hills between Omagh, Drumquin, and Newtownstewart. He has already expended above £2,000 of the loan granted for the purpose, and has a first-rate Scotch superintendent, with a party of well trained men, kept constantly at the special work of fencing and planting, so that it goes on rapidly and well. The fencing is done in the strongest manner round these plantations (chiefly clay banks, faced with stone); and as the same set of able-bodied men are so long at the same kind of work, their experience enables them to execute it better and cheaper than ordinary labourers. The Duke of Abercorn intends to apply also for a loan to build a moderate-sized farm-house and offices for a tenant, who came from Scotland above twenty years ago, and has permanently settled here, near Newtownstewart, and proposes also to erect some new cottages.

Miss Rose, of the county Monaghan, has begun to build and repair labourers' dwellings, and Mr. O'Beirne in Leitrim has added to his feeding-sheds in a substantial manner. The number of new cottages built under the provisions of the Land Improvement Acts is as yet comparatively small; but as the use of straw for thatching becomes each year more costly and more objected to, the power of obtaining loans for putting slated roofs on old houses with strong walls, as well as for building new ones ought to be recognised as a great advantage; and the facilities for obtaining the timber, all ready cut and fit for immediate use, from steam saw mills in Dublin, Sligo, Londonderry, &c., now enable proprietors to do with speed and convenience, as well as correctness, what was formerly so tedious and troublesome that many would not undertake the task, even when money was provided for it.

Rents have been well paid through this district, and the farmers and labourers are in better condition than in previous years, so that it is to be hoped the improvement of their dwellings may speedily make the advance that has been so marked in their clothing.

Wm. P. Prendergast.

Counties of Donegal, Londonderry, Antrim, Down, Armagh, and Tyrone.

I beg leave to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 15th January last, requesting me to furnish, as soon as I conveniently could, my annual report on the working of the Land Improvement Act for 1866, which I beg to submit as follows, viz.:—

During the past year I have inspected in the county Donegal farm-buildings erected by Mr. James Sinclair, of Bonnyglen, now just completed, of a most permanent nature, designed for every convenience. Mr. Wray, of Ardnamona, Lough Eske, has also completed offices of the same kind. In the county Down Mr. James Agnew, of Redhills, has erected good permanent farm buildings, with modern fittings. In the county Tyrone Captain Denn Mann has built a series of labourers' dwellings at Dunmoyle, which (particularly up in that wild mountain locality) will add great comfort to his labouring class.

I consider, from the increased facilities of this Act for procuring loans without unnecessary delay, that many proprietors will take advantage of the provisions.

In all cases where I have inspected for thorough drainage, the works have been carefully carried out, and extra to the loans expended; and I can safely state in every instance a large increase in the value of the properties so drained will accrue to the owners, all of whom appear perfectly satisfied with their outlay. Some new loans have been applied for during the year 1868.

Thomas S. Irwin.

Counties of Carlow, Kildare, Kilkenny, Meath, Queen's, Waterford, Wexford, and Wicklow.

During the past year 1868, and the current year up to this day, I have inspected and reported on forty-nine cases of loans, under the Land Improvement Acts, which may be divided under the following heads:—

1st. Improvement of lands by drainage, fencing and reclaiming,	37
2nd. Buildings, labourers' dwellings,	4
3rd. Erection and improvement of farm dwellings, and planting,	7
4th. Farm buildings,	1
Total,	49

Under the first heading. Works have been remarkably well carried out generally, and the result very satisfactory, the benefits arising therefrom, have caused the execution of similar works by proprietors and tenants, with their own funds, in many cases near to works executed under loans.

Under the second head, viz., erection of labourers' dwellings. I have inspected works executed in four cases, and it is to be regretted that proprietors do not take advantage of the facilities afforded as they are a means of bettering the condition and habits of the labouring population.

Under the third head. Few have availed themselves of money placed at their disposal on easy and liberal terms. This may to some extent be attributed to the fact that few are aware of the terms on which loans are now granted, for the erection and improvement of farm dwellings, building, and planting. It is to be hoped that when the provisions of the Acts, and the facilities now given become generally known, that proprietors will avail themselves of them, and obtain loans which will obviously enable them to improve their properties on most advantageous terms.

Farmers and their families have acquired a taste for better living and improved dwellings, which if encouraged by proprietors will greatly benefit their estates and the country generally.

The price of labour has increased and is every day increasing; men are better fed and paid, skilled labour is appreciated where it can be procured, farmers pay good wages to good men.

J. FISHBOURNE.

County of Tipperary, and parts of Limerick, Galway, Clare, and King's County.

In submitting this my annual report of the operation of the Land Improvement Act, during the past year, in the district which has been intrusted to my superintendence, I have to observe that I have inspected in nineteen cases, viz., in the county of Tipperary, twelve; Limerick, three; Galway, two; King's county, two; and Clare, one; of which five were cases of farm buildings; twelve of thorough and main drainage, one in the county of Limerick, of embankment, and one in Tipperary, for a farm road; and I have still in hands two cases in which progress inspections have been ordered, but delayed for some short time on the application of the proprietors, and one case that of (Mr. Roe) for preliminary examination deferred in consequence of the flooded state of the lands proposed to be improved.

There has not been any application for loan for planting for shelter, or for flax scutching mills in this district.

The works have been carried on with very few exceptions, in a satisfactory manner, and with considerable benefit to the proprietors. I do not anticipate at present any increase in the number of applications for loans for thorough drainage, so much having been already done in this way, but there is room for still more to follow on arterial drainage, when executed.

I regret to say that the want of unanimity among the landed proprietors prevents many very useful and not very expensive projects for arterial drainage being proceeded with.

The works on the estate of Sir Capel Molyneux in the county of Limerick, and those on the estate of Captain Power Lalor, in the county of Tipperary, are the most extensive in the district, and from the very satisfactory way in which the former have been executed, I have suggested that Sir Capel should apply for permission to compete for the Royal Agricultural Society's medal.

JAMES J. POE.

County of Roscommon, parts of Mayo, Sligo, and Galway, as also of some of the Eastern Counties of Leinster.

In compliance with the request of the Board, that I should furnish my annual report on the working of the Acts relating to the improvement of landed property in those portions of Ireland to which I have the honour of being sent as inspector, I now beg leave to submit the following statement of the facts which have come under my notice during the past twelve months, as also a brief notice of the several inspections which I have made during that period.

Upon reviewing, therefore, my experiences of the year 1868, I cannot help participating in the pleasure which I know must be felt by every one interested in the welfare of our country when I find the great improvement that has taken place in it, and which in this instance is shown by the large number of new cases which I have had referred to me, and which convince me that notwithstanding the difficulties which may exist in the way thereof, the spirit of improvement and the desire to better the condition of our peasantry and working classes is steadily on the increase.

Although this satisfactory state of affairs is in itself an undeniable proof of the success which attends the efforts of our Board, I think I can adduce a further one when I assert that, since my report of last February I inspected works in progress for upwards of thirty different proprietors who, without a single exception, gave me voluntary assurances (either personally or through their agents) of their complete satisfaction and of their just appreciation of the benefits they had derived from the expenditure of their loans.

Having thus, I hope, shown that the working of the Acts relating to the improvement of property continues to be satisfactory—as far at least as my districts are concerned, I will now, without further preamble, proceed to enumerate and comment upon the various improvements which are either proposed or in progress in the several counties named at the head of this report.

In Roscommon, therefore, I find that, during the past year I made preliminary inspections and reported on the memorials of the O'Conor Don, M.P., Lieutenant-Colonel Chichester, the Rev. Sir Henry Gunning, Bart., and Hercules B. Brabazon, esq. The case of Colonel Chichester comprised two distinct memorials upon each of which large loans have been granted, the one for drainage and "*planting for shelter*," &c., the other for an extensive system of farm buildings.

Besides the above cases I inspected (in Roscommon) works in progress upon the estates of Lord de Freyne, Lady Jane Johnson, Captain Balfe, Packenham Mahon, (in which instance there is extensive "planting for shelter,") and Messrs. P. Hugh O'Connor, Connolly T. M'Causland, William D. Kelly, J. H. Dillon, William R. Tredennick, and John W. Flanagan. Some excellent farm-buildings have been completed in the same county for Lord Crofton and Captain George W. Drought, together with the repairs and re-roofing of a dwelling-house, which is the property of Lord Crofton.

In Mayo some good and effective works continue in progress for Captain J. C. Sheffield and for Messrs. George Orme Malley, Q.C., J. Wingfield Stratford, Robert Staples, and Nicholas M. Handy. Of these "planting for shelter" and the additions to a farm-dwelling-house constitute a portion of the improvements of Mr. George Orme Malley, while both he and Mr. Staples have been expending large sums in the erection of offices and farm-buildings.

In Sligo, a new loan has been granted to Mr. Robert Orme, the present High Sheriff of the county, in which I have also had the pleasure of inspecting some excellent works of improvement for Sir Malby Crofton, Bart., and for the Sisters of Charity at Banada (Helena M'Carthy and others).

It is now some months since I have inspected for any of the Galway proprietors, but I may mention that some good and remunerative works are in progress on the estates of Messrs. Daniel O'Connell French, John Lloyd Bagot, and St. George Cranfield, for the latter of whom I made the preliminary inspection towards the close of the past year. The same gentleman has also had additions and alterations made to a dwelling-house in the barony of Ballymoe, not far from the site of his other works.

In the "home district," or eastern counties of Leinster, I have had the honour of reporting on the memorial of several influential proprietors during the past twelve months. In Meath, for instance, loans for drainage and fencing, &c., have been applied for by Lord Athlumney and by Messrs. Robert G. Daniell, R. C. Wade, and W. E. Smyth, whilst Mr. George C. Smyth solicits one for the improvement of property situated partly in Meath and partly in Louth. In Kildare, too, a new loan for drainage has been granted to the Messrs. Aylmer of that county.

Amongst the works in progress which have come under my notice in this district may be mentioned those of Lord Dunsany (now completed) and Messrs. C. B. Caldwell and William Murphy, in Meath, as also the buildings of Lord Athlumney and of Messrs. N. H. Dyas and J. L. W. Naper, in the same county, the latter case being a loan for additions to a dwelling-house. In Kildare, some good and effective works are in progress on the estates of the Earl of Mayo and of Messrs. Edward Hornidge, George T. Hanks, N. J. Gannon, and Richard W. Hartley. In Louth are situated the excellent drainage works of the Messrs. Supple, and the labourers' dwellings of Mr. William D. Dunlop, which have just been completed. In the county Dublin

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some extensive drainage is in progress for the Honorable St. John Butler and for Mrs. C. E. Roper, while similar works have been completed by the representative of the late James Brennan. Lord Talbot de Malahide has some good fencing and other works of improvement on the island of Lambay (co. of Dublin) which were completed during the past year.

In Cavan, the only other county of the eastern district in which I have as yet had the privilege of inspecting, I saw some valuable and extensive thorough drainage which I much admired on the estate of Mr. Mervyn Pratt, and with the allusion to this case I beg leave to close my report for the year.

RICHARD I. J. IRWIN.

County of Galway and part of Mayo.

In compliance with your instructions I now beg to submit my report on the working of the Land Improvement Act in my district for the period extending from the first of January, 1868, to this date.

During that period I have made inspections and reports and have certified for expenditure on the following works:

	£	s.	d.
No. 16.—Land improvement works,	4,847	6	1
„ 6.—Farm-buildings, . .	1,350	8	10
„ 4.—Labourers' dwellings, .	884	16	8
	£7,082	11	7

Among the works of "Land Improvement" those which have been carried out on the estate of Lord Oranmore near Ballindine in the county of Mayo, comprising main and thorough drainage, deserve special notice, both as to their extent, the skilful manner in which they have been executed and the profitable return obtained from the improvement.

Captain Sheffield has also executed some similar works in a very effective manner and with equally good result.

On the estate of Mr. W. H. Gregory, M.P., near Gort, a large extent of cut-out bog has been drained and reclaimed. The work has been executed in a very creditable manner and has been attended with the most satisfactory results.

On the estate of the National Building and Land Investment Co., near Ballinrobe, in the county of Mayo, works of main drainage and fencing have been carried out with great advantage.

Mr. George E. Burke, of Danesfield, near Moycullen, has executed some very remunerative work in clearing land of rocks and scrub and then subsoiling it. Portion of this work has cost £14 per acre, and the result has been to increase the permanent letting value of the land £1 2*s.* 6*d.* an acre.

In the class of "farm buildings" the works executed by Mr. Andrew Comyn, of Ballinderry, Mr. Henry Hodgson, of Curraghrevagh, Mr. Villiers, of Beechhill, and Mr. Hartigan, near Kinvarra, deserve notice both as to the judicious arrangement of the offices and the workmanlike and economical manner in which the works have been performed. The expenditure in the erection of "labourers' dwellings" has been more limited than that on the other class of building improvements referred to.

Mr. J. A. Daly, of Raford, has built three double and two single dwellings.

Mr. W. H. Gregory, of Coole, is building two single dwellings, and the National Building and Land Investment Company have several in progress. The anxiety to provide better accommodation for the labouring classes is increasing, and many proprietors in this district contemplate availing themselves of the facilities afforded by the Act for the erection of suitable dwellings.

Several applications have been made for loans for planting for shelter, and some work of this class has been executed this spring but has not yet been inspected; and I am aware that two applications are now about being made for the erection of farm-dwellings under the Act of 1866.

In reviewing the advantages derived from the facility of obtaining loans for the execution of works for the improvement of land under the Acts referred to, I believe I am correct in stating that but a very limited portion of the works upon which I have now reported would have been carried out had not the proprietors (who are, generally speaking, tenants for life) the power of obtaining loans chargeable on their estates, for the execution of such works, and when it is considered that works of land improvement such as I have referred to will, on an average, yield a return of ten per cent., and that farm-buildings and labourers' dwellings will increase the value of the property by at least five per cent. on the expenditure, it is evident that the promotion of such works under proper and skilful direction must be attended with advantage to the country generally, as well as to the proprietors and occupiers of land.

SAMUEL U. ROBERTS.

County of Cork.

In compliance with your letter of the fifteenth instant I beg to submit the following remarks on the general working of the Land Improvement Acts in my district for the past year. The advantages to be derived are becoming more generally known and for the past year I have made preliminary inspections for five fresh loans, some of which are very extensive. The proposed works are chiefly drainage, fencing, and planting for shelter, but I had no case of building farm offices or any dwellings.

The works in progress of which there are a good many, and some extensive, with few exceptions, were executed in a most satisfactory manner.

In many places the proprietors complain of the scarcity and consequent dearness of labour, so that some have had to pay a good deal over the sums originally estimated for, and I am certain that if there was now the same supply of labour for executing extensive improvements that existed at the commencement of the grant it would be speedily exhausted. Many now regret not having availed themselves of it, while drainage could be done on reasonable terms.

J. T. CORNWALL.

County of Kerry and part of Cork.

In obedience to your instructions of the 14th instant, I have to make an annual report on the working of the Land Improvement Acts for the year 1868, and up to this date, from the 19th February last, for the information of the Board of Public Works.

It is satisfactory to be able to state that the disposition to carry on improvements under these Acts appear to be still on the increase as may be seen by a comparison of the amounts of the certified progress bills for the last three years, viz.:—

	£	s.	d.
In 1866, . . .	3,166	0	0
In 1867, . . .	4,960	0	0
In 1868, . . .	5,607	0	0

Of the last year's amounts, the sum of £2,354 11*s.* 9*d.* was allowed on eleven loans for building labourers' houses and farm offices, and £2,659 for land works on ten loans in Kerry, and only £539 9*s.* 3*d.* for one of Sir George Colthurst's loans in Cork.

It is hard to expect any further very great development of the operations under those loans with the present supply of labourers, always on the decrease while their reluctance to give a good return of work, is on the increase, thereby discouraging proprietors and large farmers from land improvements, and I have no doubt that this is the principal reason for the increase of pasture and decrease of tillage land in Ireland.

I have not been furnished with any information as to the loans made under the 29 & 30 Vic., cap. 40.

Mr. Thomas Sandes has just finished a very good specimen of a farm-dwelling-house adjoining his new farm-yard at Coolnanoonagh near Tarbert, and the

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Knight of Kerry has a loan of £4,000 for farm dwellings for small tenants, on Valentia Island, not yet acted on I believe. Mr. R. C. Hickson and Mr. Samuel M. Hussey, and Sir George Colthurst, have put up very economical buildings of that class, which may be taken as *patterns*.

There are no others in progress. There have been only two bills filled for labourers' houses in 1868, with my report, viz.—£250 for four houses finished by Lord Castlerosse, and £100 4s. on account of sixteen houses built by Mr. James Butler who will be able to complete twelve in progress for £40 a piece, using clay mortar dashed outside, and plastered inside with lime mortar, the cost of lime in the barony of Iveragh being nearly 4s. per barrel of thirty-two gallons. In Cork Sir George Colthurst built four houses.

I have heard of but one application for a loan for planting. Major Crosbie of Ballyhigue got from me the required forms for a memorial for his estate near Ballylongford, including eight acres of planting for shelter at Rusheen, which he intended to lay before the Board this month.

If there be cause for despondency at the small amount of work done where so much might be done, there is some pleasure in seeing the good results of those improvements (so few and far between) and the care and attention bestowed on them in the execution by proprietors and tenants.

Henry Stokes.

APPENDIX C.

Appendix C.
Landed Property Improvement Loans.

Landed Property Improvement Acts, 10th Vic., chap. 32, &c.

Schedule—Showing the Loans in progress, the Amount sanctioned and issued by Instalments, with the Date of the last Order to Issue, to 31st March, 1869.

NORTHERN DISTRICT.

County.	Barony.	Applicant.	Amount sanctioned. £ s. d.	Amount issued. £ s. d.	No. of Instalments issued.	Date of last Order to Issue.
Antrim,	Antrim, Upper,	Thomas Greg,	300 0 0	60 0 0	1	7 Feb., 1866.
	Kilconway,	Ditto,	150 0 0	30 0 0	1	16 Feb., "
	Massareene, Upper,	The Rev. A. H. Pakenham,	1,400 0 0	560 0 0	2	13 June, 1867.
Londonderry,	Keenaught,	Dorothea Ellen Field, and others,	800 0 0	800 0 0	5	15 Mar., 1869.
		Mary, Catherine, and Frances Alexander,	1,000 0 0	800 0 0	4	" "
Donegal,	Banagh,	George C. G. Wray,	100 0 0	80 0 0	4	16 Nov., 1868.
	Kilmacrenan,	A. J. R. Stewart,	4,000 0 0	500 0 0	1	30 July, "
		Ditto,	1,700 0 0	340 0 0	1	" "
		Ditto,	5,200 0 0	500 0 0	1	" "
		Ditto,	2,500 0 0	500 0 0	1	" "
		Ditto,	1,100 0 0	220 0 0	1	" "
Fermanagh,	Clanawley,	John Collum,	3,000 0 0	1,400 0 0	3	15 June, 1868.
	Lurg,	The Rev. C. M. Stack,	250 0 0	250 0 0	5	24 June, "
		John G. Irvine,	250 0 0	150 0 0	3	11 Jan., 1865.
		Ditto,	1,250 0 0	1,000 0 0	4	18 Mar., 1869.
	Magherastephana,	Sir Victor A. Brooke, Bart.,	2,400 0 0	960 0 0	2	5 Sept., 1866.
Tyrone,	Clogher,	Deane Mann,	250 0 0	250 0 0	5	17 May, 1867.
		Ditto,	150 0 0	120 0 0	4	27 Mar., 1869.
		Samuel Vesey,	350 0 0	70 0 0	1	8 Jan., 1869.
	Dungannon,	Thomas S. Irwin,	300 0 0	300 0 0	5	2 June, 1868.
		Ditto,	800 0 0	640 0 0	4	11 Nov., 1866.
		Augustus S. Bolton,	1,600 0 0	320 0 0	1	12 Mar., 1869.
		Ditto,	400 0 0	80 0 0	1	" "
	Strabane, Lower,	The Rev. James MacIvor,	900 0 0	720 0 0	4	12 Aug., 1868.
		Ditto,	800 0 0	160 0 0	1	8 Oct., 1867.
		The Duke of Abercorn,	7,040 0 0	2,500 0 0	5	23 Nov., 1868.
		Ditto,	3,710 0 0	500 0 0	1	30 June, "
Down,	Ards,	Hugh Montgomery,	500 0 0	200 0 0	2	7 Nov., 1866.
	Castlereagh,	Lord Dufferin,	2,000 0 0	400 0 0	1	3 July, 1867.

Appendix C.

Landed Property Improvement Loans.

(C.) Schedule showing the Loans in progress, the Amount sanctioned, &c.—*continued.*

MIDLAND AND EASTERN DISTRICT.

County.	Barony.	Applicant.	Amount sanctioned. £ s. d.	Amount issued. £ s. d.	No. of Instalments issued.	Date of last Order to Issue.
Cavan,	Clonkee,	Mervyn Pratt,	5,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	4	8 Oct., 1868.
	Castlerahan,	The Marquis of Headfort,	400 0 0	320 0 0	4	14 Oct., „
	Loughtee, Upper,	Alexander Nesbitt,	4,000 0 0	500 0 0	1	27 Aug., 1868.
	Tullygarvey,	The Hon. and Rev. H. O'Brien,	300 0 0	180 0 0	3	29 Jan., 1869.
Monaghan,	Monaghan,	Gertrude Rose,	3,000 0 0	500 0 0	1	21 Dec., 1868.
		Ditto,	1,000 0 0	200 0 0	1	6 Jan., 1869.
Longford,	Ardagh,	The Earl of Longford,	400 0 0	240 0 0	3	31 Mar., 1868.
		Michael Cahill,	120 0 0	80 0 0	4	20 Mar., 1869.
	Longford,	The Hon. L. H. King Harman,	3,200 0 0	1,500 0 0	3	21 May, 1868.
		Ditto,	2,250 0 0	1,800 0 0	4	9 June, „
		Ditto,	2,200 0 0	1,320 0 0	3	14 Aug., „
		Ditto,	2,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	2	13 Jan., 1869.
		William F. Armstrong,	750 0 0	450 0 0	3	28 Sept., 1868
	Moydow,	Ditto,	475 0 0	190 0 0	2	24 Mar., 1869.
		William Bond,	200 0 0	160 0 0	4	21 July, 1865.
		The Hon. L. H. King Harman,	1,050 0 0	630 0 0	3	9 June, 1868.
		Ditto,	3,400 0 0	1,500 0 0	3	31 Aug., „
		Ditto,	600 0 0	480 0 0	4	13 Oct., „
Louth,	Ardee,	William R. Supple and others,	300 0 0	240 0 0	4	10 Nov., 1868.
	Dundalk, Lower,	Edward Tipping,	120 0 0	100 0 0	5	27 Mar., 1869.
Meath,	Deece, Upper,	George Bomford,	1,100 0 0	1,100 0 0	5	28 Nov., 1868.
		Ditto,	500 0 0	100 0 0	1	27 June, „
	Demifore,	Willoughby Bond,	560 0 0	110 0 0	1	24 Feb., 1869.
	Duleek, Lower,	Charles B. Caldwell,	400 0 0	80 0 0	1	11 Dec., 1868.
	Ferrard,	George C. Smyth,	500 0 0	100 0 0	1	18 Mar., 1869.
	Fore,	James Lennox Naper,	650 0 0	130 0 0	1	18 Feb., 1869.
	Kells, Lower,	Thomas Smith,	500 0 0	500 0 0	5	20 Jan., 1868.
		Nathanial H. Dyas,	1,000 0 0	200 0 0	1	10 Oct., 1867.
		John A. Farrell,	300 0 0	60 0 0	1	25 Jan., 1869.
	Kells, Upper,	Robert C. Wade,	2,000 0 0	1,200 0 0	3	21 Oct., 1868.
	Moyfenrath,	Samuel Law,	300 0 0	240 0 0	4	5 July, 1866.
		Ditto,	300 0 0	300 0 0	5	„ „
	Ratoath,	Lord Athlumney,	400 0 0	80 0 0	1	31 July, 1868.
		Robert G. Daniel,	135 0 0	25 0 0	1	6 Mar., 1869.
	Navan, Upper,	George A. Rotherham,	700 0 0	560 0 0	4	31 May, 1867.
		Richard W. Reynell,	250 0 0	150 0 0	3	1 June, „
	Skreen,	Lord Athlumney,	150 0 0	150 0 0	5	1 Jan., 1868.
		Ditto,	275 0 0	100 0 0	4	23 Mar., 1869.
Westmeath,	Farbill,	The Earl of Longford,	700 0 0	140 0 0	1	22 Oct., 1868.
	Kilkenny, West,	Wm. H. Gray and John Hodson,	300 0 0	180 0 0	3	15 Aug., „
		Robert R. Smyth,	200 0 0	80 0 0	2	20 „ „
		Ditto,	350 0 0	70 0 0	1	7 Mar., „
		Ditto,	200 0 0	80 0 0	2	20 „ 1869.
Dublin,	Balrothery,	Thomas Knox,	200 0 0	200 0 0	5	24 June, 1867.
	Coolock,	Sir C. C. W. Domville, Bart.,	500 0 0	100 0 0	1	28 Jan., 1869.
	Rathdown,	Edward W. Verner,	100 0 0	100 0 0	5	2 July, 1866.
		Sir C. C. W. Domville, Bart.,	800 0 0	160 0 0	1	22 Feb., 1869.
Kildare,	Carbury,	Francis E. M'Donnell,	700 0 0	560 0 0	4	1 July, 1868.
	Clane,	George P. L. Mansfield,	3,500 0 0	500 0 0	1	6 Jan., 1869.
		Thomas C. Trench,	350 0 0	210 0 0	3	15 Aug., 1868.
	Ikeathy,	Nicholas J. Gannon,	1,000 0 0	400 0 0	2	17 Feb., 1869.
		Michael Aylmer,	150 0 0	30 0 0	1	3 Oct., 1868.
	Kilcullen,	Charles T. C. Roberts,	140 0 0	30 0 0	1	6 July, „
		Robert Law,	300 0 0	60 0 0	1	4 Feb., 1869.
	Littleconnell,	James Coffey,	150 0 0	90 0 0	3	13 Aug. 1868.
	Naas, North,	The Earl of Mayo,	300 0 0	240 0 0	4	3 July, „
	Narragh and Reban,	The Marquis of Drogheda,	1,000 0 0	200 0 0	1	23 April, 1867.
	Offaley, West,	The Rev. W. R. Lawrenson,	750 0 0	450 0 0	3	6 Feb., 1869.
	Salt, North,	Richard W. Hartley,	1,150 0 0	440 0 0	2	16 „ „
King's,	Ballybritt,	John Ashton,	200 0 0	120 0 0	3	22 Sept., 1868.
	Philipstown,	William H. Walsh,	750 0 0	600 0 0	4	31 Aug., „

(C.) Schedule showing the Loans in progress, the Amount sanctioned, &c.—*continued.*

APPENDIX C.

Landed Property Improvement Loans.

County.	Barony.	Applicant.	Amount sanctioned. £ s. d.	Amount issued. £ s. d.	No. of Instalments issued.	Date of last Order to Issue.
QUEEN'S,	Cullenagh,	Robert G. Cosby,	5,350 0 0	3,000 0 0	6	8 Oct., 1868.
	Maryborough, East,	Thomas Kemmis,	350 0 0	70 0 0	1	2 Aug., 1867.
	Slievemargy,	Franks Furney,	275 0 0	55 0 0	1	8 Jan., 1869.
		The Earl of Carnwath and others,	1,200 0 0	1,200 0 0	5	24 July, 1867.
		John G. Adair,	1,500 0 0	1,200 0 0	4	14 April, 1866.
		Thomas Crawford Butler,	1,800 0 0	1,080 0 0	3	3 June, 1868.
		Rowan M'Combe,	100 0 0	60 0 0	3	24 Dec., „
	Stradbally,	Sir Allen J. Walsh, bart.,	800 0 0	480 0 0	3	12 Dec., „
WICKLOW,	Arklow,	The Earl of Wicklow,	450 0 0	270 0 0	3	11 Aug., 1868.
CARLOW,	Carlow,	Sir Thomas P. Butler, bart.,	450 0 0	270 0 0	3	28 Jan., 1869.
	Idrone, East,	Denis W. Park Beresford,	840 0 0	840 0 0	5	22 April, 1868.
		Henry Bruen,	1,900 0 0	380 0 0	1	23 Oct. „
	Idrone, West,	Horace Rochfort,	100 0 0	80 0 0	4	13 June, „
KILKENNY,	Galmoy,	Viscount Mountgarrett,	500 0 0	300 0 0	3	26 Sept., 1867.
		Arthur W. Mosse,	850 0 0	680 0 0	4	5 July, 1866.
	Ida,	Messrs. Gahan,	500 0 0	300 0 0	3	1 Nov., 1864.
WEXFORD,	Ballaghkeene,	Solomon A. Richards,	300 0 0	240 0 0	4	16 Jan., 1867.
	Forth,	A. J. Howlin and another,	300 0 0	180 0 0	3	23 Dec., 1868.
	Gorey,	William Kennedy,	100 0 0	20 0 0	1	6 Jan., 1869.
	Shelmaliere, West,	Francis A. Leigh,	700 0 0	560 0 0	4	11 Aug., 1868.
	Shelburne,	Charles Tottenham,	1,000 0 0	200 0 0	1	27 Jan., 1869.

WESTERN DISTRICT.

County.	Barony.	Applicant.	Amount sanctioned. £ s. d.	Amount issued. £ s. d.	No. of Instalments issued.	Date of last Order to Issue.
SLIGO,	Coolavin,	Abram Powell,	150 0 0	90 0 0	3	31 Mar., 1869.
	Leyney,	Henry Brett and another,	200 0 0	160 0 0	4	17 June, 1868.
	Tireragh,	Robert Orme,	500 0 0	100 0 0	1	21 Jan., 1869.
		Ditto,	700 0 0	140 0 0	1	21 Jan., „
		Richard G. Brinkley,	1,000 0 0	800 0 0	4	8 Nov., 1866.
		John W. Stratford,	600 0 0	240 0 0	2	21 Oct., 1868.
		Ditto,	350 0 0	350 0 0	5	7 Oct., „
	Tirerill,	Hugh M'Ternan,	225 0 0	90 0 0	2	19 Jan., 1869.
		John Ffolliott,	700 0 0	140 0 0	2	25 Jan., „
LEITRIM,	Drumahaire,	John J. White,	2,000 0 0	1,200 0 0	3	20 Jan., 1869.
	Carrigallen,	The Rev. J. Godley,	600 0 0	360 0 0	3	17 June, 1868.
	Leitrim,	Charles R. Peyton,	450 0 0	90 0 0	1	22 Oct., „
		The Earl of Albemarle,	1,500 0 0	600 0 0	2	16 Mar., „
		William R. La Touche,	600 0 0	240 0 0	2	22 Jan., „
		Joseph Keon,	175 0 0	70 0 0	2	28 Nov., „
		Hugh O'Beirne,	300 0 0	240 0 0	4	10 Mar., 1869.
	Mohill,	Ditto,	2,000 0 0	800 0 0	2	8 Mar., „
MAYO,	Carra,	The National Building Company,	2,500 0 0	1,500 0 0	3	25 Sept., 1868.
		Ditto,	500 0 0	200 0 0	2	„ „
	Clanmorris,	Alexander C. Lambert,	100 0 0	20 0 0	1	24 April, 1868.
		Ditto,	250 0 0	200 0 0	4	„ „
		Ditto,	130 0 0	90 0 0	3	„ „
		Ditto,	180 0 0	120 0 0	4	„ „
		Ditto,	170 0 0	170 0 0	5	„ „
		Lord Oranmore,	5,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	4	3 Feb., 1869.
		Alexander C. Lambert,	120 0 0	20 0 0	1	1 Aug., 1868.
		Ditto,	420 0 0	80 0 0	1	„ „
		Ditto,	240 0 0	40 0 0	1	„ „
		John C. Sheffield,	250 0 0	50 0 0	1	„ „
		Ditto,	340 0 0	240 0 0	4	27 Nov., „
		Dominick E. Browne,	400 0 0	80 0 0	1	18 Sept., „
	Gallen,	George Orme Malley,	100 0 0	80 0 0	4	8 Dec., „
		Ditto,	100 0 0	20 0 0	1	27 Jan., 1869.
	Kilmaine,	Robert Staples,	350 0 0	350 0 0	5	18 Dec., 1868.
		Ditto,	450 0 0	360 0 0	4	11 Feb., 1869.
ROSCOMMON,	Athlone,	John H. Dillon,	850 0 0	510 0 0	3	16 Oct., 1867.
		John Wray Mitchell,	170 0 0	35 0 0	1	26 Aug., 1868.
	Ballintober, N.,	John W. Flanagan,	850 0 0	510 0 0	3	11 April, 1867.
		William R. Tredennick,	1,000 0 0	800 0 0	4	11 Oct., „
		George W. Drought,	350 0 0	350 0 0	5	21 Mar., 1868.
		Henry S. Pakenham Mahon,	550 0 0	330 0 0	3	18 Aug., „
		The O'Connor Don,	600 0 0	240 0 0	2	2 Feb., 1869.
	Ballintober, S.,	Henry S. Pakenham Mahon,	200 0 0	200 0 0	5	11 Mar., „
		The Rev. Sir H. J. Gunning,	450 0 0	90 0 0	1	27 Jan., „
	Ballymoe,	Patrick H. O'Connor,	800 0 0	320 0 0	2	20 Aug., 1868.
		Daniel O'C. Ffrench,	100 0 0	100 0 0	5	3 Feb., 1869.
		Charles Raleigh Chichester,	1,600 0 0	960 0 0	3	22 Jan., „
		Ditto,	2,000 0 0	400 0 0	1	21 Jan., 1869.
		St. George Caulfield,	600 0 0	120 0 0	1	11 Feb., „

APPENDIX C.

Landed Property Improvement Loans.

(C.) Schedule showing the Loans in progress, the Amount sanctioned, &c.—*continued.*

County.	Barony.	Applicant.	Amount sanctioned. £	s.	d.	Amount issued. £	s.	d.	No. of Instalments issued.	Date of last Order to Issue.
GALWAY,	Athenry,	Burton R. P. Persse,	350	0	0	350	0	0	5	28 Jan., 1869.
		Thomas R. Roche,	850	0	0	680	0	0	4	27 July, 1868.
		John Archer Daly,	200	0	0	120	0	0	3	14 Dec., ,,
		Ditto,	1,000	0	0	600	0	0	3	28 Aug., ,,
	Ballymoe,	John L. Bagot,	1,000	0	0	800	0	0	4	8 April, 1867.
		Charles D. O'Rorke,	500	0	0	100	0	0	1	30 Oct., 1868.
		St. George Caulfield,	480	0	0	80	0	0	1	28 Dec., ,,
	Clare,	Thomas E. Lambert,	950	0	0	190	0	0	1	24 Nov., ,,
		Ditto,	750	0	0	150	0	0	1	24 Nov., ,,
	Dunkellin,	Edward Hartigan,	400	0	0	320	0	0	4	16 Feb., 1869.
	Dunmore,	Thomas M'Dermott and another,	300	0	0	300	0	0	5	15 June, 1868.
	Galway,	Francis L. Comyn,	600	0	0	120	0	0	1	15 May, 1867.
		Ditto,	300	0	0	240	0	0	4	24 Feb., 1869.
		Ditto,	250	0	0	100	0	0	2	20 Mar., 1868.
	Kilconnell,	Edward C. Villiers,	650	0	0	500	0	0	5	28 Oct., ,,
		Andrew N. Comyn,	450	0	0	450	0	0	5	17 Aug., ,,
		Eliza Wade,	250	0	0	50	0	0	1	8 Feb., 1869.
	Kiltartan,	Elizabeth Gregory,	400	0	0	320	0	0	4	18 Feb., ,,
		Ditto,	180	0	0	90	0	0	3	18 Feb., ,,
	Moycullen,	George E. Burke,	450	0	0	360	0	0	4	15 Feb., 1869.
		Isidore Lynch,	375	0	0	75	0	0	1	3 Aug., 1867.
		Henry Hodgson,	1,200	0	0	720	0	0	3	4 Sept., 1868.
		Ditto,	675	0	0	135	0	0	1	3 Feb., 1869.
		Ditto,	600	0	0	120	0	0	1	3 Mar., ,,
	Tiaquin,	James D'Arcy,	200	0	0	120	0	0	3	20 Oct., 1868.
CLARE,	Bunratty, Lower,	John C. Delmege,	300	0	0	60	0	0	1	24 Oct., 1868.
	Inchiquin,	Jonas Studdert,	200	0	0	160	0	0	4	23 Feb., 1866.
		George Synge,	500	0	0	500	0	0	5	14 Oct., 1868.
		Ditto,	300	0	0	180	0	0	3	15 Mar., 1869.
	Islands,	Stephen R. Woulfe,	500	0	0	100	0	0	1	3 May, 1867.
	Moyarta,	Richard B. Silles,	200	0	0	120	0	0	3	20 Feb., 1869.
	Tulla, Lower,	Catherine O'Shea,	1,000	0	0	400	0	0	2	30 May, 1866.
		Carroll J. Naish,	225	0	0	40	0	0	1	28 Dec., 1868.
		John Gabbett,	500	0	0	100	0	0	1	21 Jan., 1869.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

County.	Barony.	Applicant.	Amount sanctioned. £	s.	d.	Amount issued. £	s.	d.	No. of Instalments issued.	Date of last Order to Issue.
LIMERICK,	Clanwilliam,	Edward T. Gloster,	250	0	0	150	0	0	3	17 Aug., 1867.
		Sir C. Molyneux, bart.,	3,100	0	0	2,500	0	0	10	25 Feb., 1869.
		Daniel Fitzgerald Gabbett,	350	0	0	140	0	0	2	17 Aug., 1868.
		Richard Joseph Gabbett,	300	0	0	60	0	0	1	7 Sept., ,,
		Croker Barrington,	350	0	0	70	0	0	1	14 Nov., ,,
	Connelloe, Lower,	John S. Brown,	200	0	0	200	0	0	5	15 May, ,,
		Thomas Royse,	525	0	0	525	0	0	6	30 Jan., 1869.
		Edward W. O'Brien,	500	0	0	100	0	0	1	3 Sept., 1868.
	Connelloe, Upper,	Thomas Sanders,	600	0	0	480	0	0	4	3 July, 1865.
		John Bateson,	600	0	0	240	0	0	2	16 Feb., 1866.
		Henry F. Synan,	200	0	0	200	0	0	5	25 May, 1868.
		Right Hon. William Monsell,	300	0	0	120	0	0	2	10 Sept., ,,
		Henry F. Synan,	200	0	0	80	0	0	2	25 May., ,,
		Ormsby Cox and another,	400	0	0	80	0	0	1	26 Nov., 1868.
	Coshlea,	Vesey T. Bunbury,	150	0	0	90	0	0	3	22 Feb., 1866.
		Hugh Massy,	200	0	0	200	0	0	5	28 Jan., 1869.
		Henry Maunsell,	120	0	0	20	0	0	1	11 Mar., ,,
	Coshma,	The Earl of Dunraven,	2,500	0	0	2,000	0	0	4	28 May, 1868.
		William Roche,	800	0	0	160	0	0	1	20 Sept., 1867.
		The Earl of Cork and Orrery,	240	0	0	40	0	0	1	28 Sept., 1868.
		The Earl of Dunraven,	300	0	0	60	0	0	1	25 Feb., 1869.
	Kilmallock,	Elystan E. Evans,	2,000	0	0	400	0	0	1	18 Dec., 1868.
	Owneybeg,	Lord Cloncurry,	350	0	0	140	0	0	2	18 July, 1866.
	Shanid,	The Rev. T. W. Peile,	1,000	0	0	600	0	0	3	16 July, 1867.
		Guardians of Lord Monteagle,	500	0	0	400	0	0	4	17 April, 1868.
		Charles P. Roche,	100	0	0	80	0	0	4	19 Sept., ,,
		Guardians of Lord Monteagle,	450	0	0	360	0	0	4	6 Feb., 1869.
		John C. Delmege,	1,250	0	0	500	0	0	2	5 Feb., ,,
		Ditto,	1,000	0	0	400	0	0	2	17 Aug., 1868.
		Edward W. O'Brien,	1,400	0	0	280	0	0	1	28 Oct., ,,
TIPPERARY,	Clanwilliam,	George Massy Dawson,	400	0	0	240	0	0	3	26 Feb., 1866.
		Robert M. Craig,	700	0	0	560	0	0	4	20 Mar., 1869.
	Eliogarty,	Mary Rose Amelia Fegen,	525	0	0	525	0	0	5	25 Jan., 1869.
	Iffa and Offa, East,	William Shaw,	600	0	0	120	0	0	1	2 Mar., 1868.
	Ormond, Upper,	Robert Cole Bowen,	900	0	0	360	0	0	2	27 Nov., ,,
		Trustees of Lord Dunalley,	500	0	0	200	0	0	2	24 Mar., ,,
	Owney and Arra,	Edward J. Power Lalor,	1,000	0	0	600	0	0	3	12 Nov., ,,
	Slieveardagh,	Ellen O'Flanagan,	150	0	0	150	0	0	5	30 June, 1865.

(C.) Schedule showing the Loans in progress, the Amount sanctioned, &c.—*continued.*

APPENDIX C.
Landed Property Improvement Loans.

County.	Barony.	Applicant.	Amount sanctioned. £ s. d.	Amount issued. £ s. d.	No. of Instalments issued.	Date of last Order to Issue.
CORK,	Carbery, West, (W.D.)	Michael H. Morris,	150 0 0	90 0 0	3	25 Feb., 1869.
		Robert Swanton,	150 0 0	60 0 0	2	3 Mar., "
		Elizabeth M. Taylor,	340 0 0	120 0 0	2	25 Feb., "
		The Earl of Bandon,	940 0 0	180 0 0	1	9 Mar., "
	Condons and Clongibbons,	William F. Armstrong,	1,000 0 0	200 0 0	1	27 Feb., 1868.
		Henry L. Young,	420 0 0	80 0 0	1	30 Mar., "
	Duhallow,	Sir George C. Colthurst, bart.,	900 0 0	540 0 0	3	16 Feb., 1869.
		Ditto,	650 0 0	260 0 0	2	15 Feb., "
		Ditto,	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	5	8 Mar., 1868.
		Ditto,	2,000 0 0	800 0 0	2	12 Feb., "
		The Earl of Cork and Orrery,	200 0 0	200 0 0	5	23 June, "
		Ditto,	150 0 0	150 0 0	5	9 Sept., 1867.
		Philip R. Purdon,	350 0 0	140 0 0	2	6 April, 1868.
		Daniel C. Bastable,	220 0 0	40 0 0	1	22 Oct., "
		Caroline M. Nash,	250 0 0	50 0 0	1	4 Nov., "
	Kinalea,	Thomas B. Herrick,	400 0 0	240 0 0	3	2 Feb., 1869.
	Muskerry, East,	Sir George C. Colthurst, bart.,	2,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	5	25 Sept., 1868.
		John D. Hawkes and Wife,	500 0 0	200 0 0	2	15 Mar., 1869.
	Muskerry, West,	Wallis Adams,	520 0 0	200 0 0	2	13 Feb., "
		Ditto,	700 0 0	280 0 0	2	18 Mar., "
	Orrery and Kilmore,	The Rev. Richard Gibbings,	350 0 0	210 0 0	3	6 April, 1868.
		Ditto,	250 0 0	150 0 0	3	14 April, "
		Charles F. Harding,	400 0 0	400 0 0	5	5 Feb., 1869.
WATERFORD,	Decies without Drum,	The Marquis of Waterford,	200 0 0	120 0 0	3	17 July, 1868.
		Ditto,	100 0 0	60 0 0	3	18 July, "
		Sir John N. Humble, bart.,	300 0 0	60 0 0	1	24 Aug., "
KERRY,	Clanmaurice,	Wilson Gun,	550 0 0	220 0 0	2	12 Mar., 1868.
		Alexander Elliott,	250 0 0	50 0 0	1	31 July, "
	Dunkerron,	Francis C. Bland,	1,950 0 0	1,170 0 0	3	2 July, "
		Richard Mahony,	440 0 0	160 0 0	2	20 Oct., "
		Ditto,	1,200 0 0	480 0 0	2	20 Oct., "
		Francis C. Bland,	250 0 0	150 0 0	3	16 Jan., 1869.
		Daniel O'Connell,	400 0 0	80 0 0	1	31 Aug., 1868.
		Thomas Kingston Sullivan,	500 0 0	100 0 0	1	6 Nov., "
		Ditto,	400 0 0	80 0 0	1	22 Feb., 1869.
	Glanerough,	Francis H. Downing,	300 0 0	180 0 0	3	21 May, 1868.
	Iraghticonnor,	Stephen E. Collis,	500 0 0	400 0 0	4	23 Nov., 1868.
		Wilson Gun,	5,000 0 0	500 0 0	1	9 Nov., "
	Iveragh,	James M. M'Gill,	330 0 0	240 0 0	4	14 Dec., 1868.
		James Butler,	550 0 0	220 0 0	2	11 Sept., "
		Peter Fitzgerald, Knight of Kerry,	4,000 0 0	500 0 0	1	26 May, "
		Ditto,	1,400 0 0	280 0 0	1	26 May, "
		James Butler,	675 0 0	135 0 0	1	10 Mar., 1869.
	Magunihy,	Viscount Castlerosse,	1,000 0 0	800 0 0	4	23 Mar., 1868.
		Ditto,	8,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	4	4 May, "
	Trughenackmy,	Samuel M. Hussey,	400 0 0	80 0 0	1	19 Feb., 1869.
		Ditto,	200 0 0	80 0 0	2	30 Nov., 1867.
		Frances A. and Richard R. Chute,	100 0 0	100 0 0	5	15 Aug., 1868.
		Langford Rae,	800 0 0	480 0 0	3	29 Oct., "
		Robert Conway Hickson,	400 0 0	160 0 0	2	19 Nov., "
		John F. Godfrey,	375 0 0	150 0 0	2	2 Mar., 1869.

By Order,

E. HORNSBY, *Secretary.*

Office of Public Works, Dublin,
1869.

Appendix D.

APPENDIX D.

Inland Navigations and Harbours.

Report of Mr. Robt. Adams, Inspector.

Report of Mr. Robert Adams, Inspector, on the State of the Tyrone Navigation. For the year 1868.

Coalisland, 12th January, 1869.

Sir,—The works executed on this navigation, during the past year, have been exclusively confined to the usual repairs incidental to the maintenance of the navigation, viz., the repairs of the towing-path (which is also a turnpike-road) and the canal banks. One new heel-post, and rail put in breast-gate of No. 5 Lock. The surface of the wharf and quay has been kept in good repair with broken lime-stone. The slating of the lock-keepers' houses has been pointed and the houses lime-whitened. Several leaks in the canal bank, seventh-level, were securely stanched.

The removal of weeds from the canal still continues a source of considerable expense.

Although the lock-gates are a good deal worn the navigation generally is in good working order.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
Robert Adams.

The Secretary, Board of Public Works.

Report of Mr. Edward H. Alcock, Harbour Master.

Extract from Report of Mr. Edward H. Alcock, Harbour Master, on the State of Dunmore Harbour. For the year 1868.

Harbour House, Dunmore, East,
11th March, 1869.

. . . .

Sir,—The old jetty at the S.W. angle of the pier has been very much shaken by the storms of the recent winter, and, as I have before reported, it would be most desirable to have this useless obstruction entirely removed, and a slip made in its place, for the fishermen haul their boats up on.

The usual repairs were given to the harbour-house and premises last spring, all the outside wood-work was painted, the roof repaired and coated, chimneys swept, sewers cleaned, and the road leading to the house put in good order; and the entire is now, considering the season of the year, in fair condition.

I am, your ever obedient servant,
Edward H. Alcock,
Harbour Master, Dunmore, East.

To Edward Hornsby, esq., Secretary, Office of Public Works, Custom House, Dublin.

Report of Mr. James Bellew, Superintendent.

Report of Mr. James Bellew, Superintendent, on the State of the Works of the Boyne Navigation. For the year 1868.

Oldbridge, Drogheda,
16th January, 1869.

Sir,—In compliance with your letter of the 5th inst. I beg to forward report of the state of works on this navigation for the past year.

River Wall, Ball's Grove Trackway.

There has been no breach on this wall during the past year. The late heavy floods have caused some stones to be displaced, and gravel washed off the tow-path, but these injuries can be repaired at a trifling cost.

Oldbridge Station.

The lock-gates at this station are in excellent working order. The chimney of the lock-keeper's house has been rebuilt, and some alterations made in the house to render it more comfortable. The guard lock-gates are old, but as they are used only in time of flood, I am of opinion they will last some time longer.

Stalleen Station.

The sill of this lock has been repaired and the water-fall on the breast newly sheeted. The deep-gates will require to be raised and newly sheeted, when the proper time arrives for the execution of such work. A new iron-gate with hammered-stone piers has been erected at the end of this trackway, to prevent the trespass of cattle from the public road.

Broe Station.

There has been a new deep-gate erected at this station. A new flight of dogged-stairs has been put in the lock-keeper's house from the kitchen to the bed-room, with partition at top and door on landing; the upper room has been ceiled, which was very necessary, it having previously been cold and uncomfortable.

Rosnaree Station.

The lock-gates at this station are in excellent order. The wing-wall, at the entrance to this lock on the land side, has been repaired and elevated, so as to enable boatmen to get their horses on and off the boats, as it is necessary for them to cross the river near this place, and the elevation of the wall obviates the necessity for a landing stage.

Mill Lock Slane.

These gates are in excellent order, having been only a few years in use.

Castle Lock.

The works at this station are in perfect order.

The weed *anacharis alsinastrum* caused great annoyance owing to the extreme dryness and heat of the past summer.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
J. Bellew, Superintendent.

The Secretary, Board of Public Works, Dublin.

Reports of Mr. James J. Boylan, Assistant Engineer, of Works executed between 1st January, 1868, and 31st March, 1869.

Royal Harbours.

Kingstown Harbour, County Dublin.

During the past fifteen months the ordinary works of maintenance were closely attended to. These consisted of the repairing, cleaning, watering, and lighting the roads, quays, wharves, footpaths, &c.; repairing and cleaning the tramways, fences, gates, &c., on the harbour property; repairing, painting, and whitening the offices, stores, workshops, and residences of the harbour officers and boatmen; repairing, painting, &c., the cranes, lamps, fence-chains and gates about the harbour; repairing the sea-slopes and inner-face walls of the East and West Piers; repairing and cleaning the female free bathing place; repairing, painting, and maintaining the harbour boats, barges, buoys, moorings, warps, piles, fenders, gangways, &c., and supplying ballast to the depots on the East Pier, Traders' Wharf and Coal Quay for the use of the shipping.

The repairs of the Mail Packet Pier and shed have been in progress during the last twelve months, and are now just complete. In carrying out this work with as little inconvenience to the conduct of the mail service and passenger traffic as possible, it was necessary to provide a new berth for the mail steamers at the inner end on the east side of the pier; this entailed the necessity of removing a number of large boulder stones from the bottom to make sufficient water, the facing of the pier with whole baulk wall fenders, and the construction of a temporary platform for the landing of the passengers, mails, &c., as well as the construction of a temporary line of rails to be used by the railway trains in lieu of the turn-table at the pier head. These preparations being complete the steamers took up this new berth on the 14th of May last, and the works on the west face of the pier were commenced. A line of double piles were driven at 7 feet apart parallel to and at 12 feet from the face of the pier, these were braced from the pier and secured to it, and were sheeted on the outside by half-baulk timbers, which were again plated with half-round iron bars 5-inch by 1-inch. The entire of the stone platforms at either side were taken up and reset, and needles introduced through the pier under the platforms and railway at every 9 feet. The base stones of the shed were taken up and reset, the columns adjusted, and new ones inserted in place of those broken. The face wall of the pier was underpinned with dressed stones by divers, and after the piles were driven a buttress of stonework was formed round them and up against the wall. This work, which was necessarily a very tedious one, was carried out with the utmost energy; it was frequently interrupted by the mail packets coming down on the works during its progress, but every possible concession was made to facilitate the transit of the mails and passengers at this important packet station. The work has been so far completed without any accident or serious delay to the mails.

A temporary pavilion was erected on the Victoria Wharf on the occasion of the visit of their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales on the 15th April, 1868.

A steam dredging vessel and barges have been purchased, and arrangements are being made for dredging out the deposit of sand and mud that has been accumulating in the harbour since its construction.

Howth Harbour, County Dublin.

The works of maintenance executed during the last fifteen months consist of the repairing and cleaning of the surface of the roadways of the east and west piers and road to Kilrock Quarry, all of which have been thoroughly coated with broken stones; on the west pier a footpath 6 feet in width was formed from the railway station to the Mariners' Church; on the east pier a length of 460 feet of the quay wall was raised about 3 feet with solid masonry, and coped on top, paved at back, and a flight of cut stone steps built into the wall, and a portion of the sea-slope that had been injured was repaired.

The fish-curing sheds on the east pier, which were nearly all unroofed by the storm in January, 1868, and otherwise injured, have been newly roofed with louvers in top that has prevented their being disturbed since.

The Cannon and Murr Rocks, which were situated in the harbour near the west pier, have been blasted and removed by divers, and the removal of the adjoining rocks is in progress.

A further length of 60 feet of the west pier has been let for fish-curing purposes, and a length of 30 feet for a shipsmith's forge adjoining the ship carpenter's shop.

Donaghadee Harbour, County Down.

The toe of the sea-slopes of the south pier was displaced by the storms in the spring of 1868; this has been efficiently repaired, and some small breaches in the upper portion of the sea pavement have also been repaired, as well as the parapet at Lemon's Wharf.

The surface of the roadway of the piers, &c., were repaired and cleaned, and the cranes, stores, workshops, &c., were painted and repaired.

During the summer of 1868 a small steamer was started in the passenger traffic between this port and Portpatrick, making two trips each way daily, and was much used by persons going from the North of Ireland to Scotland and the North of England—the passage occupied about 1½ hours.

Dunmore Harbour, County Waterford.

The repairs of the sea pavement of the pier were continued during the last fifteen months and are now all but completed, the work was several times interrupted by storms, which are frequent at this very exposed situation.

The Ashlar stones in the sea pavement that were displaced have been reset, and a large quantity of heavy rubble stone has been tipped in over the toe to protect it from further damage.

The flagging on the top of the stores has been completed, and withstood the heavy seas of the last winter washing over it.

A length of 30 perches of new road was formed from the hotel approaching the harbour, which will be a great improvement and leave better sites for building purposes.

The following is the quantity of work done:—

1,140	square yards flagging set on stones.
50	lineal feet cut-stone steps.
16	,, perches fence wall built.
120	square yards ashlar pavement reset.
2,500	cubic yards rubble filling at toe of sea slope.
1,200	,, excavation offbearing in quarry.

Fishery Piers and Harbours.

Kilkeel Pier, County Down.

This pier was constructed under the Board by daily labour, under a resident clerk of works, and was completed in accordance with the original design and within the original estimate, on the 1st June last

Pending the consideration of the proposition from the promoters of the pier for further works, it was unfortunately visited on the 12th August last by a most extraordinary mountain flood, which washed over the entire surface of the upper work, tore away the weir, the greater portion of the north retaining wall, and undercut the quay wall of the pier in two places, and at the same time depositing a very large quantity of gravel and stones in the harbour; since then the injury to the pier has been repaired, and the greater portion of the gravel deposited by the mountain flood removed; but the small amount available for this purpose being expended the works were suspended on the 1st March last.

Newcastle Pier, County Down.

There were no works executed at this pier under the Board during the last fifteen months. It has been seriously injured by the storms of last winter.

Appendix D.

eport of Mr. James J. Boylan, Assistant Engineer.

Spiddle Pier, County Galway.

During the last fifteen months considerable progress has been made with this work, which received little injury until the storm on the 31st January last, when the outer and unfinished portion was thrown down for a length of 100 feet and 6 feet in depth, but it is now rebuilt, and the entire of the works are in a favourable state.

During the spring of each year these works are nearly suspended for want of labourers, those usually employed being the local farmers, who are obliged to attend to their little holdings to get in the crops during the months of March and April.

Quantity of work done during last 15 months:—

370 lineal feet of pier, nearly finished.
180 „ „ „ in progress.
1,434 cubic yards masonry in mortar.
2,058 „ „ „ set dry.
2,836 superficial yards sea paving.
3,006 cubic feet ashlar in coping steps.
24,595 cubic yards filling in pier.

Clifden Quay, County Galway.

The extension of the quay, pitching, and half-tide barriers were completed by the end of last summer, the removal of some rocks at the entrance of the channel was then commenced, but in consequence of the roughness of the weather the work was suspended for the winter. It was resumed last February, and if the weather continues fine will be completed in two months.

Quantity of work executed:—

185 cubic yards masonry in mortar.
1,121 „ „ set dry.
579 cubic feet ashlar in coping steps, &c.
1,181 cubic yards, filling.
45 „ rock excavated.

Barnaderg Pier, County Galway.

This work was completed on the 1st of March, 1868, that done during the preceding two months being little more than finishing off. The entire work was done within the estimate.

Quantity of work executed:—

12 cubic yards masonry in mortar.
16 „ „ set dry.
90 cubic feet coping.
120 cubic yards rock excavation.
80 „ gravel „ for filling.

Leenaun Pier, County Galway.

This work was completed in December, 1867 (as stated in my last report), but it was found necessary to form a small slip or pathway from the road at the end of the West Pier to the shore for the convenience of bringing up seaweed, &c., the original passage having been closed by the construction of the pier. This slip was formed in the month of March, 1868, and the entire work completed within the estimate.

Lady Elizabeth's Cove Pier, County Waterford.

This work was commenced in the autumn of 1867, but little was done further than excavation in the site of the pier and harbour and preparing material, until the spring of 1868. It was then pushed on with vigour. The approach road or wharf wall was completed for its entire length of 180 feet, and the pier run out for its whole length of 230 feet, and raised to within 2 feet of finished height or level of bottom of coping by 28th September, 1868, when a severe storm set in, and acting on the unfinished work threw down on an average 9 feet in height of the work; considering it useless to attempt to reconstruct it at such an advanced season, the works were suspended for the winter; some heavy stones were placed on the structure to protect it from further damage, and a few men employed quarring stones necessary for its completion during the winter. Arrangements are now made to push on the work with vigour, and it is expected to have it complete early in the ensuing summer.

Quantity of work done:—

20 cubic yards masonry in mortar.
1,420 „ „ set dry.
540 cubic feet ashlar in coping steps, &c.
2,660 cubic yards, filling.
560 „ stones quarried and part hammered.

Bantry Pier, County Cork.

This work is being done by contract. It was commenced in May, 1867, and has been proceeded with slowly up to the present. There is 230 feet in length nearly finished; a further length of 45 feet to level of coping, and 60 feet more in progress.

The removal of the rock at the inner face of the pier is completed to low water level.

Quantity of work executed:—

955 cubic yards masonry in mortar.
360 „ „ set dry.
31,240 cubic feet ashlar in face parapet and coping.
4,192 cubic yards filling rock.
240 „ excavation in clay.

Drainage Maintenance Act, 1866.

Lough Dalla District, County Mayo.

The repairs of the works executed for the drainage of this district have been executed by contract at an amount slightly in excess of the estimate. They were commenced 20th June, 1868, and completed by 8th September, after which they were maintained by the contractor until 9th December, 1868, when they were finally taken off his hands. The works consisted in the scouring up of 1,717 perches of main channel and 2,064 perches of drains, principally through bog. The land was much improved by the execution of the works.

Balla District, County Mayo.

The repairs of the works in this district were executed by daily labour. They were commenced 20th March, 1868, and completed 8th December, 1868. They consisted in the scouring up of 3,600 perches of main channels, and 2,340 perches of tributary drains, as also the reconstruction of an accommodation bridge. These works had been very much neglected, and the efficient repairs now executed, if properly maintained by the proprietors and occupiers, will ensure very great benefit to a large tract of valuable land.

Piers and Harbours Maintenance.

Belmullet Canal, County Mayo.

The Swivel Bridge at Belmullet having become useless from decay and neglect of the county authorities, its reconstruction by the Board was ordered by the Treasury.

The work was commenced in December last. In the first instance a temporary bridge was erected, the old structure was then removed, and is now in progress of reconstruction, and it is expected will be completed by the end of this month.

James J. Boylan, c.e., Assistant Engineer,
Office of Public Works,
5th April, 1869.

The Secretary Board of Works.

REPORT of Mr. JOHN S. MASON, C.E., Engineer in charge of ULSTER CANAL. For the year 1868.

Monaghan, 10th April, 1869.

SIR,—I beg to furnish the annual report on the works of repair and maintenance on the Ulster Canal during the past year.

The works of repair, chiefly on the Clones and Lough Erne levels, remaining from the previous year to be done, have been finished, and the entire length of navigation (46 miles) is now in good order as regards the locks, embankments, and towing-paths; but the supply of water has to be provided, and the works in connexion with the extension of the reservoir, and making an alteration in the head feeder, will occupy this summer to complete. The maintenance of the several works along the canal has been attended to—puddling the slopes where leakages were observed, and keeping the towing-paths and fences in good order.

The principal works finished during the year are detailed in the following divisions:—

Charlemont to Caledon—14 *miles.*

The works in this division are in general good order, and traffic was allowed on part of it throughout the year. Some puddling was done in the short reaches between the third and sixth locks, where an open-jointed rock underlies and leakages are liable. In the month of December last an extensive slip, 50 yards in length, occurred in one of the high embankments near Battleford-bridge, adjoining the river Blackwater, carrying about half the width of the embankment into the river; but, being observed in time, the injury did not extend farther. The slip was repaired by building a wall to support the embankment, and reforming the slope and towing-path. The level has since been kept at the usual height of water, and the new work stands well without any settlement. During the summer the Caledon level was run dry, and the bottom cleared of weeds and mud, of which there were large accumulations at the places where two feeders enter the canal. A large slip from a sidelong cutting, near Battleford, was also removed, and this reach—10 miles long—is now in good order, carrying occasionally lighters with traffic to Caledon. Two overflows on this level were repaired and regulated to keep the height of water at 4 feet 6 inches on the lock-sills; and the lock sluices were refitted and repaired where any leakage was observed, with other minor works of maintenance.

Caledon to Monaghan—11 *miles.*

Advantage was taken of the very dry summer to clear out the mud in the bottom of the canal for nearly the entire length of this division, and removing several slips in sidelong cuttings, two of which, situate near the ninth and seventeenth locks, have for years past required constant clearing. Sewers were made at the former, and a retaining wall was built at the latter, and both have stood well during the winter. On the Caledon reach the bottom of the canal was above the level of the lock-sills in a few places, and the shoals have been removed, enabling trade lighters in the latter part of the year to pass with full loads to Monaghan. A lifting timber-bridge at Tynan was repaired by renewing the sheeting of the roadway, and making an approach with clay, supported with walls in place of the timber planking, which was removed. A small stream tunnel, passing under the canal near the tenth lock, was found leaking, and the puddle was renewed; also a large leakage was found passing under the upper wing walls of the tenth lock. The holes were carefully closed, made stanch, and the joints of the masonry cemented. The sluices of the lock were refitted and repaired, as also the other locks and sluices in this division. A small portion of fencing at Killeef, erected at the top of a deep cutting, slipped, and a new fence was made farther back from the edge. Near Martin's Bridge the embankments were puddled, and leakages were stopped in several places on the Tyhollan level, together with the repairs of towing-paths and other works of maintenance.

Monaghan to Smithboro'—8 *miles.*

The embankments at Monaghan, formed on a swampy ground, having settled down, required further raising and puddling. The embankment next Spark's Lake has a soft, boggy foundation, and will perhaps require to be raised again; but at present the works are in safe good order. A stream passes under the canal near the lake, but the tunnel was not sufficient to pass an extraordinary flood last February, which, rising on the lands on the upstream side, flowed into the canal, endangering the embankment with the risk, if a breach occurred, of flooding the town. To prevent this, the banks were cut on both sides of the canal in firm places, and the flood passed in and out at the opposite side without injury to the works. At Drummaconnor a larger stream joins, and, rising above the embankment which separates it from the canal, made a breach, carrying about twelve yards of the bank into the canal, and it was necessary to cut the banks of the canal where there was sufficient outfall to let off the large quantity of water that overflowed into the canal. The breach was immediately repaired, and the top of the shoal formed by the breach has been removed. Part of the canal was cleared of mud at the swamp near the nineteenth lock, and between the twentieth and twenty-second locks the embankments were puddled where leakages were observed; and, with the exception of the shoal at Drummaconnor, which cannot be removed at present, the works in this division are in good order. The lock sluices were refitted, and the joints of the masonry cemented. The feeder between Quig Lough and the canal was deepened and cleared of mud, and the fences are now being made, with other works of maintenance in repairing the towing-paths and fences along the canal; also a metal pipe passing under the canal for supplying the convent at Monaghan with water, and rebuilding a wall at Stores which was blown down.

Smithboro' to Clones—6 *miles.*

The work done in this division was chiefly near Clones, where the embankments were raised and puddled, requiring a large quantity of clay to be boated for the repairs, and the towing-paths were formed and metalled. The Granshaw level, about four miles in length, was laid dry during the summer, and cleared of weeds and mud, and the slopes of the canal were in several places puddled to stop leakages. Some of the embankments may require more puddling, but the works are otherwise in good repair, including the locks, lock-gates, sluices, and timber bridge, and the maintenance of the works has been attended to in keeping the fences and towing-paths in good order.

Clones to Lough Erne—7 *miles.*

The works of puddling and raising embankments, forming and metalling towing-paths, were continued from last year, and have been finished. A large quantity of clay and materials were boated for the purpose. On the Clones level a slip in one of the embankments between Munwilly and Clongowna bridges occurred in the early part of the year, and it was necessary to remake the embankment. The Lough Erne level was laid dry in the summer, and some high portions in the bottom, together with the weeds and mud, were removed. The slopes also near and adjoining lough and bog were very leaky, and required to be puddled. The Clones level is now being cleared of mud, which only in a few places has accumulated in heaps, caused by decayed weeds, and mud brought into the canal by drains and water-courses. The works at this end of the canal, which were in a ruinous useless state before the repairs were commenced, are now in good order; but as works of maintenance, some further puddling may be necessary when the levels are again filled, and additional metalling of towing-paths after the new work has settled. The lock-gates' sluices were refitted and made stanch, and

Appendix D.

Report of Mr. J. S. Mason, Engineer.

the roadway of a timber bridge at Drumsloe, crossing the canal, was kept in good repair.

The following is a summary of the principal works, including maintenance, completed during the year :—

	No. 1 Division.	No. 2 Division.	No. 3 Division.	No. 4 Division.	No. 5 Division.	Total.
	perches	perches	perches	perches	perches	perches
Embankment raised, .	15	140	458	517	1,247	2,377
Ditto puddled, .	76	120	658	350	298	1,502
Towing-path repaired, .	112	192	748	352	1,078	2,482
Fences made and repaired.	34	56	361	12	207	670
Canal cleared of mud, obstructions, and weeds,	16	3,449	3,567	648	1,809	9,489

The weed *anacharis alsinastrum*, which of late years has been such an obstruction to navigations, continues to grow abundantly, and before opening the canal for traffic it will require a general clearing of weeds and mud, which latter obstructs the canal in some places where, owing to other work requiring water for carrying materials, the reaches could not be run dry during the past year. The canal slopes will also require repairs while the water supply is deficient, as the puddling is injured by exposure, causing the clay to shrink and split; the last summer was very trying on this class of work, showing its effects in leaky embankments when the reaches were again filled with water.

In the month of February there was an extraordinary high flood in the rivers and streams adjoining the canal, in some places overflowing its banks and making a small breach at Drummaconnor, but further damage was prevented by cutting gaps in the banks where there was sufficient outfall to let the overflow pass out of the canal and prevent the levels rising above the embankments; otherwise the works escaped injury.

The surveys, levels, and borings, in connexion with the reservoir for supplying the canal, were completed in the summer months, and plans have been prepared for building a weir across the river Blackwater, and making a new head feeder to catch the overflow water of the head weir at Bellanode mill during floods in the River Blackwater, and to convey it to the present reservoir at Quig Lough, which is to be extended by including about thirty additional acres of bottom lands immediately adjoining. Only a short embankment will be required to pond about seven millions of cubic feet of water, and as the works are not of an extensive character they are likely to be finished this summer; and as soon as the legal arrangements are completed for taking a supply of water, during floods in the River Blackwater, the canal may be opened to the public for traffic.

The canal was not open for traffic during the year, but, by permission, lighters were occasionally allowed to pass between Charlemont and Monaghan, and 2,090 tons of corn, coals, timber, guano, flax seed, and ashlar building stones were boated by the canal. During the summer months only a few miles could be used for want of water, otherwise a much larger tonnage would have been conveyed, as the public appear anxious to take advantage of so cheap a mode of conveyance; and the works now completed on the western end of the canal will, I expect, considerably increase the traffic in conjunction with a steam tug-boat that has been established on Lough Erne, the proprietor of which has informed me that the steamer will attend at the canal when required, to convey lighters with traffic to any of the ports round the Lough, and steam boats for a similar purpose are likely to be employed on Lough Neagh connecting the several navigations with Belfast and Newry. There is, therefore, every prospect of the canal having a full share of its own suitable trade, in carrying heavy goods and being beneficial to the large districts bounding the Loughs at each terminus, and the counties through which it passes.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

John S. Mason, c.e.

To Edward Hornsby, esq., Secretary,
Board of Public Works, Dublin.

Report of Mr. James M. Merrick, Inspector.

Report of Mr. James M. Merrick, Inspector, on the State of the Shannon Navigation from Shannon Harbour to Lough Allen, also the Boyle Water from its Junction with the Shannon to Drum Wharf, near Boyle. For year ending 31st March, 1869.

Inspector's Office, Athlone,
31st March, 1869.

Sir,—As directed by your letter of the 4th January last, I beg leave to forward my report on the state and progress of the works in my charge for the past year.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
James M. Merrick, Inspector.

To the Secretary, Board of Public Works,
Custom House, Dublin.

Navigation Course from Shannon Harbour to Battle Bridge Lock.

The following works have been executed for the maintenance of the navigation course:—Seventy-nine miles between Shannon Harbour and Battle Bridge Lock, through Loughs Ree, Forbes, Bofin, Bodarrig, &c.; 5 larch guide-piles and 1 iron perch and disc have been erected; 2 new timber buoys moored; 9 iron and 6 timber buoys taken up, repaired, painted and remoored; 40 guide piles have been bushed at top; 10 timber and 3 iron discs have been erected on piles, to make them more visible in fog or twilight; 3 stone beacons were repaired and underpinned; and all the above piles and buoys were either painted in red oil paint, or coated with black naptha varnish, being the distinguishing colours for either side of the navigation course.

In consequence of the unusual heat of last summer, the growth of the aquatic weed *anacharis alsinastrum* was increased in the shallow parts of the River Shannon and the Boyle Water to a great extent. It did not, however, materially interfere with the navigation.

Shannon Bridge.

The exterior and interior of the toll collector's house and office were limewashed, and all timber work painted two coats oil paint. The flues and fireplaces were repaired.

The heel stones and pavement, at the approaches to swivel bridge, were roughed where worn smooth, to prevent slipping.

Athlone.

The toll collecter's residence and office have been thoroughly repaired, and all timber work painted in oil paint two coats.

The lock-gates were scraped and tarred, and all iron work painted in oil paint two coats. The traversing rollers of the lower lock-gates were taken out and the axles turned; new brasses for the axles to work in were also substituted for those worn out. Four new cast-iron friction rollers were inserted in the chain gear boxes to replace others worn out.

The boundary wall, at west side of river below the lock, being damaged by the floods, was repaired with 15 cubic yards of rubble masonry. A rubble masonry gate pier has been built at the entrance to East Spoil-bank, and a new iron gate has been erected to replace timber one decayed.

A new boat shed has been erected in the store yard, 32 feet long and 9 feet wide, of ½-inch deal boarding, for the preservation of small boats during the winter. The anchor boat was repaired, caulked, and tarred; one small boat has been repaired and painted two coats oil paint.

A new gas lamp has been erected at the lock to replace old one.

Report of Mr. James M. Merrick, Inspector.

The Connaught wharf has been metalled with 46 tons of gravel.

A leakage having occured in the regulating weir-wall, a portion of the old backing was removed and replaced by 150 cubic yards of puddle, and the leak effectually repaired and stopped.

Lanesborough.

The toll collector's office at this station was lime-washed inside. A new water gauge has been erected at the wharf.

Tarmonbarry.

The lock-gates have been scraped and tarred, and a new foot-board of Memel timber has been erected, 20 feet by 1½ feet by 2 inches, on west side of lower lock gate.

Cloondrah.

The interior and exterior of toll collector's house and office were lime-washed.

A new timber gate (9 feet by 4 feet) was erected at entrance to towing-path.

The lock-gates were scraped and tarred, and iron work painted in oil paint, two coats.

The toll collector's small boat was repaired and new oars supplied.

Rooskey.

The toll collector's house and office have undergone sundry repairs.

One hundred perches of old canal back drain, west side, have been scoured up; also 90 perches of back drain, at east embarkment, scoured up.

A new iron gate (9 feet wide) and stone pier have been erected at entrance to Infirmary Lands from wharf.

The lock-gates were scraped and tarred, and the iron-work painted in oil paint, two coats.

The collector's small boat at this station was repaired.

Jamestown Canal, Lock, and Mill building.

The lock-gates were scraped and tarred, and the iron work painted in oil paint, two coats.

A large quantity of weeds and deposit were removed from forebay of lock.

The slating of Jamestown mill building was repaired.

Carrick-on-Shannon.

The timber work of toll collector's house and office was painted in oil paint, two coats.

Battle Bridge and Lough Allen Canal.

Four hundred and seventy perches of catch drain on the Lough Allen Canal was scoured up, and the 8-foot culvert cleared out.

A new swing beam to replace one decayed at Battle Bridge Lock, was erected. The lock-gates at Battle Bridge and Drumleague were scraped and tarred, and iron-work painted in oil paint, two coats.

The toll collector's house and office at Battle Bridge was limewashed and the store and out-offices repaired.

Twenty lineal yards of banking, 3 feet wide, have been raised 1 foot along the canal, near Drumleague, to prevent the water from overflowing during the high floods in December.

The lock-house at Drumleague was limewashed.

The chamber and forebay of Battle Bridge Lock will require extensive repairs next summer, in consequence of increased leakage during the last winter.

The Boyle Water.

The navigation course has been efficiently maintained from its junction with the Shannon to Drum Wharf, near Boyle, passing through Lough Key.

The lock-house at Knockvicar was limewashed, and the timber-work painted in oil paint, two coats.

Six new guide piles were erected between Knockvicar Bridge and the Shannon, and all other piles painted.

The Steam Dredger.

The Steam Dredger and one barge have been brought from Rooskey to Athlone, as being a more suitable place for having repairs effected.

General state of the Works.

The general state of the works is most satisfactory. The harbours and wharves at Lecarrow, Dromod, Drumsna, Carnadoe, Jamestown, Kilbride, and Drumshambo, on the Shannon, as also Coothall, Knockvicar, and Drum Wharf, on the Boyle Water, are in good preservation.

JAMES M. MERRICK, Inspector,
Shannon Office, Athlone,
31st March, 1869.

To the Secretary,
Board of Public Works,
Custom House, Dublin.

REPORT of Mr. WILLIAM MOLLOY, Inspector, on the STATE of the SHANNON NAVIGATION (LIMERICK DISTRICT), the MAIGUE NAVIGATION and CARRIGAHOLT PIER. For the year 1868.

Report of Mr. William Molloy, Inspector.

Shannon Office, Limerick,
10th February, 1869.

SIR,—I beg leave to submit to you for the information of the Board, the following report of the state of the works on the Lower and Middle Shannon, for the year 1868, which have been carefully maintained during the past year, and are all now in a good state of repair.

Querrin.

The roadway and wharf at this station have been repaired with 20 cubic yards of strong shingle, the retaining wall of the roadway underpinned.

Kilrush.

The roofs of the shed and offices have been repaired with felt, and coated with Stockholm tar. The two hoisting cranes scraped and painted in oil, the stone stairs and landings having been worn, smooth grooves had to be cut in them to prevent accidents from occurring to the passengers going to and from the steamers.

Saleen.

The wharf has been repaired with 30 tons of strong gravel, the collector's house lime-whitened, the doors and windows painted two coats in oil paint.

Kilteery Pier.

The works in good order, no expenditure incurred during the past year.

Foynes Harbour.

The wharf has been repaired with 40 cubic yards of broken stones, and 20 tons of gravel, the backstays of the two hoisting-cranes have been coated with Stockholm tar. The accumulation of silt is still on the increase, which very much affects vessels entering or leaving the harbour. Except at high water, the passenger steamers are now obliged to lie up at the end of the pier, so as to enable them to depart on the arrival of the trains from Limerick, this harbour requires very much to be cleaned out.

Kildysart Pier.

The pier and causeway are in good repair, no expenditure incurred during the year.

Clare.

The wharf has been repaired with 35 cubic yards of broken stones, the backstays of the crane coated with Stockholm tar, the mast and iron work painted in oil, the office lime-whitened.

Limerick Navigation.

The canal banks, wharves, roadways, bridges, culverts, and towing-paths between Limerick and Killaloe, a distance of 16 miles, have been carefully maintained; the floods during the month of December had overflown the trackway between O'Brien's Bridge and Cussane lock on the Shannon level, which caused several slips to take place in them; they were attended to without delay, and

APPENDIX D.

Report of Mr. William Molloy, Inspector.

consequently without inconvenience to the trade. The wharf and roadway between Clare-street and the canal stores, have been repaired with 95 cubic yards of broken stones, the cast iron pillars erected thereon the previous year, have been cleaned and painted in oil paint, the collector's and inspector's offices painted inside two coats. The woodwork of the several lock-gates, twenty-two in number have been scraped, cleaned, and coated with Stockholm tar, the ironwork painted in oil, and the usual necessary repairs executed. There has been one pair of gates made and erected at Park lock, 18 feet 6 inches deep; and one half gate made and erected at Monaskea lock, 17 feet deep; eight new foot boards of native elm 12 feet long, 18 inches wide, and 2½ inches thick, plated on edge with half-round iron, two uprights and brackets, two oak loggerheads mounted, one new sluice, and five balance beams have been put on the several gates. The lock-houses, stores &c., twenty-one in number, have been lime-whitened, the roofs repaired, four window sashes glazed and put in, with one new floor laid on 4½ inches by 2 inches joist, covered with ¾-inch boards, in Moyes lock-house. The towing-paths, banks, and slopes have been repaired with 320 tons of strong gravel, 100 yards superficial of stone pitching, and 125 yards of sodding, 1,456 lineal perches of boundary drains cleaned and deepened, 510 tons of gravel dredged with spoon bag and removed from the canal at Moyes. The weed (*anacharis alsinastrum*) has not given so much trouble this year as heretofore, as it appears to decrease in the canal, while it seems to increase on the sides of the river, 640 lineal perches of the canal cleared of weeds which were obstructing the trade boats. One wooden bridge over the mill-race at Plassey renewed, with two oak girders 12 feet long, 8 inches by 6 inches, covered with 3-inch deals.

Ardcloony River.

The various floods in this river during the past year have brought down large quantities of gravel and shingle from the Clare mountains, which were trapped above the towing-path and prevented from being driven into the navigation course. 1,751 cubic yards of this gravel have been removed by horses and carts to the Spoil bank, a distance of 300 yards.

Killaloe.

A slip in the retaining wall, towing-path, and parapet of road wall had occurred after the floods in January, 1868, which were necessarily attended to. 226 cubic yards of earth had to be excavated. Retaining wall, 50 feet long, 9 feet high, and 3 feet 6 inches thick, built; the parapet on road wall, 50 feet long, 3 feet 6 inches high, and 18 inches thick, built in mortar; the Church wall in the boat slip yard, 48 feet long, 7 feet high, and 18 inches thick, underpinned; the roofs of the stores repaired, and all the premises lime-whitened; the C dredger varnished outside, and painted in oil inside; the wharf repaired with 10 cubic yards of broken stones.

Scarriff and Tomgrany.

The harbour and quays at both stations are in good repair. No expenditure incurred during the past year.

Mount Shannon Pier.

In good repair. No expenditure incurred during the past year.

Portumna.

The wharf has been repaired with 10 cubic yards of broken stones; the old wooden jetty on the north side of the canal being very defective had to be rebuilt on 34 piles of native timber, 32 joists of red pine 10 feet long, 12 inches deep, and 4 inches in thickness, covered with 1,040 feet superficial of 3-inch pine sheeting.

Meelick.

The lock-gates repaired with 22 feet superficial of 2½-inch red pine; the gangways repaired with 82 feet superficial of 1-inch elm sheeting. Several leakages having appeared in the canal banks were attended to and stopped; 292 lineal perches of drain cleaned up; the lock-house and offices lime-whitened.

Cloonaheenogue Canal.

The lock-house lime-whitened. Kilnascarriff swivel bridge repaired with 36 feet superficial of ballast sheeting 3-inch thick, and 460 lineal perches of boundary drain scoured and deepened.

Banagher.

The roof of the store suffered some injury by the late storms, which has been repaired; the collector's house lime-whitened, and a new floor in one of the upper rooms 11 feet 6 inches by 7 feet, laid on ¾-inch white deal; the office and wooden gate on the Leinster side of the river repaired.

Shannon Harbour.

The superstructure of the wooden bridge at the ferry, which is 200 lineal feet, became very defective—the chief part of it quite rotten and unsafe for horses to pass over—it has been all taken down and renewed, with two thorough girders of best red pine, each girder 202 feet long, 14 inches deep, and 7 inches thick; 38 flooring joists 9 feet long, 7 inches deep, and 6 inches thick; 190 lineal feet of roadway sheeting, 6 feet 6 inches wide and 3½ inches thick of best red pine; 74 ¾-inch square bolts and nuts 18 inches long; the whole properly secured and coated with well-boiled Stockholm tar. The approaches at both ends of the bridge have been raised 18 inches, the sides sodded, and 27 yards superficial of stone pitching on slopes made good. The landings for the ferry-boat on both sides of the river have been deepened, the approaches repaired, 10 strong piles of native timber driven, and 40 feet of waleing put on for the protection of the ferry-boat; the ferry-house lime-whitened, the doors and windows painted in oil.

General Navigation.

The necessary guide piles, buoys, and beacons for defining the sailing course have been attended to, viz., six piles of native timber driven between Banagher and Portumna, six iron buoys replaced, which shifted from their position, nine buoys taken up, painted, chains renewed, and replaced on shoals on Lough Derg; one stone beacon built on Castle Farrel shoal Coose bay, the beacons on the Benjamin Goat's road and Hare island, have been underpinned and limewhitened.

RIVER MAIGUE NAVIGATION.

The works on this navigation are in a very good state of repair. The swivel bridge has been thoroughly scraped, cleaned, and painted, three coats in oil paint. The accumulation of silt in the harbour, 667 cubic yards, has been removed. The collector's house lime-whitened, the doors and windows painted in oil.

CARRIGAHOLT PIER, COUNTY OF CLARE.

The construction of this pier, which has been in hands for the past two years, is now fully completed and proves to be one of the best and most useful works in the west of Ireland, as it affords shelter and is a safety harbour for all vessels entering therein in the roughest weather. The storms and almost unprecedented high tides which we have had during and since the erection of this pier have done no injury whatever to the works, which is a stong proof of its stability.

The quantity of work executed, viz., 3,026 yards cubic of excavation, 3,570 yards cubic of filling between walls, 1,171 yards cubic of squared punched masonry in face of wall set in mortar, 75 yards cubic hammered masonry pinning in face of wall, 340 yards cubic hammered ditto in parapet, 974 yards superficial squared hammered pavement, 670 yards superficial top pavement on wharf, 850 lineal feet of punched and drafted coping, 6 wrought iron mooring rings, 12 inches diameter, sunk and leaded into heavy large stone blocks.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
WILLIAM MOLLOY.

The Secretary,
Board of Public Works,
Custom House, Dublin.

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For Her Majesty's Stationery Office.

RAILWAYS (IRELAND) COMMISSION.

SECOND REPORT

OF

THE COMMISSIONERS APPOINTED TO INSPECT THE ACCOUNTS AND EXAMINE THE WORKS

OF

RAILWAYS IN IRELAND,

MADE TO

THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF HER MAJESTY'S TREASURY.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

LONDON:
PRINTED BY GEORGE EDWARD EYRE AND WILLIAM SPOTTISWOODE,
PRINTERS TO THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.
FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE.

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RAILWAYS (IRELAND) COMMISSION.

REFORM CLUB PALL MALL

SECOND REPORT.

My Lords,

Your Lordships, by your Secretary's letter of 29th May, informed us with reference to the report we had recently laid before you that it would be satisfactory to your Lordships to receive from us,

I. " An approximate estimate of the immediate loss which would probably be oc-" casioned by such a reduction of fares on the Irish railways as would assimilate " them to the principles on which charges are levied on the Belgian lines, and our " opinion as to the probable period that would elapse before the increase of traffic to be " anticipated from the reduction of fares would overtake the whole or a moiety of the " loss to be incurred ;

II. " An estimate of the saving to be effected by the concentration of establishments " under one or more administrative departments, and

III. An estimate of the " diminution of charge which could be effected by placing " the whole of the debenture capital on an uniform rate of interest under Government " guarantee."

In pursuance of those directions we have made such inquiries into the fares, charges, and traffic arrangements on the Belgian and other foreign railways as we considered necessary to enable us to submit to your Lordships a report upon the whole subject, which we beg to do as follows :—

I.—History of the Belgian Railways, their Management, Fares, and Charges.

Railways were commenced in Belgium by the State shortly after the Belgian Revolution in 1830, at a time when private enterprise was unequal to the task of executing them, and the main lines of the country, after being constructed by the State, have for upwards of thirty years been entirely under State management.

After the confidence in English railway enterprise so strongly established in 1845 and 1846, a number of railways were constructed in Belgium by independent companies, of which four have been leased to, and are now being worked by the State.

The railways of these independent companies are mostly of short length, and in consequence of the inconvenience and loss arising from their being worked separately, great efforts have been made towards amalgamation.

Amalgamations have already been effected to a considerable extent, and the result is, that six Belgian railways are under foreign management, one being worked by a Dutch Company, which works 428 miles, including 310 miles of the lines of the Dutch Government; three by the Northern of France, which works 913 miles; and two by the Eastern of France, which works 1,756 miles ; seven are worked by or amalgamated with the Grand Central Belgian Company, which works 350 miles; nineteen by the General Company for working Belgian railways, which works 376 miles, and one small company has leased another, leaving only one large and four small companies in their original condition of independence.

The names of the different Belgian railways, the mileage worked by the State and that worked by the Companies, are given in the following Tables (Table A. and Table B.)

History of Belgian Railways.

Appendix, Map No. 1.

TABLE A.—Showing the RAILWAYS in BELGIUM under the SEVERAL MANAGEMENTS.

Colour on Map.	Number on Map.	Belgian Railways under the several Managements.	Length of Lines carrying both Passengers and Goods. In Belgium.	In other Countries.	Total.	Gross Total.
		I. WORKED BY THE STATE.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.
Red	1	*Lines under* The Department of Public Works	535	—	535	535
		II. WORKED IN LARGE GROUPS.				
Yellow	2	*Lines under* The General Company for working Railways	376½	—	376½	—
Blue	3	„ The Grand Central Company	282¾	67½	350¼	—
						726¾
		III. WORKED BY INDEPENDENT OR SMALL COMPANIES.				
Brown	4	*Line of* The Great Luxemburg Company	176	—	176	—
Brown	5	„ The Chimay Company	38¾	—	38¾	—
Brown	6	„ The Antwerp to Ghent Company	31	—	31	—
Brown	7	„ The Eecloo to Ghent Company*	28½	—	28½	—
Brown	8	„ The Lierre to Turnhout Company	23¼	—	23¼	—
Brown	9	„ The Liege to Maestricht Company	11¾	6¾	18½	—
Brown	10	„ The Bruges to Blankenberghe Company	9¼	—	9¼	—
						325¼
		IV. WORKED BY FOREIGN COMPANIES.				
Light Brown	11	*Lines under* The Northern of France Company	125¼	—	125¼	—
Light Brown	12	„ The Eastern of France Company	42¼	—	42¼	—
Light Brown	13	„ The Dutch Company for working the Dutch State Railways	64½	—	64½	—
		Total in Belgium	1,744¾			232
		Total in other Countries	- -	74¼	—	—
		Total worked	- -	- -	- -	1,819

TABLE B.—Showing the RAILWAYS in BELGIUM which are not worked by the COMPANY originally authorized to make them.

Lines not worked by the Company originally authorized to make them.	By whom worked.	Lines not worked by the Company originally authorized to make them.	By whom worked.
	Belgian.		*Belgian*—contd.
Hal to Ath and Tournai towards Lille	Public Works Department.	North of Belgium	Grand Central Company.
Dendre and Waes		Antwerp and Rotterdam	
Tournai to Jurbise		East Belgian	
Braine-le-Comte to Ghent		Sambre and Meuse	
Coal fields of Hainault	General Company for working Railways.	Aix-la-Chapelle to Hasselt	
West Flanders		Hasselt to Landen	
Lichtervelde to Furnes			
Hainault and Flanders			
Basecles to Peruwelz			*French.*
Ghent to Selzaete		Charleroi to Erquelinnes	Northern of France Company.
Lokeren to Selzaete		Liege to Namur	
Upper and Lower Flenu		Mons to Hautmont and St. Ghislain	
Frameries to Saint-Ghislain			
Central and Baume to Marchienne		Pepinster to Spa	Eastern of France Company.
Fleurus to Landen		William Luxemburg	
Ramillies to Tirlemont			
Manage to Pieton			
Manage to Wavre			*Dutch.*
Dixmude to Nieuport			
Pieton to Leval			
Ostende to Thourout		Liege and Limburg	Company for working the Dutch State Railways.
Audenarde to Courtrai			
Roulers to Ypres			

* Inlcuding the line of the Eecloo and Bruges Company.

We annex a map of the railways in Belgium shewing the distinctions in management noticed in Table A. HISTORY OF BELGIAN RAILWAYS.

Notwithstanding the concentrations which have already taken place in Belgium, a strong feeling exists for still greater consolidation, and as far back as 1864 and 1865 negotiations took place for the acquisition by the State of the lines of some of the independent companies. Appendix, Map No. 1.

During the present year the General Company for Working Belgian Railways proposed to lease all the State railways. This proposal was not favourably received by the Belgian public, on the contrary the Government was urged to undertake the immediate purchase of the railways belonging to independent companies in Belgium, so as to vest in the State the property of all the lines and the exclusive control over their traffic, fares, and charges. Thus in Belgium, which has had experience of State management for upwards of 30 years, the question is now being discussed of placing under State control the entire system of railways of that country.

The following table (C.), extending from 1835 to 1867, shows the excess of expenditure (including payments to companies whose lines are worked by the State and interest on borrowed money) over receipts in some years, or of receipts over expenditure in others.

The expenditure so stated does not, however, include any amount for the redemption of debt.

TABLE C.—Showing the EXCESS of EXPENDITURE (including PAYMENTS to COMPANIES and INTEREST on BORROWED MONEY) over RECEIPTS or of RECEIPTS over EXPENDITURE from 1835 to 1867 on RAILWAYS worked by the STATE in BELGIUM.

Year.	Length worked.	Annual Excess		Year.	Length worked.	Annual Excess	
		of Expenditure.	of Receipts.			of Expenditure.	of Receipts.
	Miles.	£	£		Miles.	£	£
1835	9	4,247	—	1852	387	- - -	28,781
1836	22	- - -	5,728	1853	391	- - -	84,306
1837	56	34,518	—	1854	395	- - -	150,414
1838	125	27,486	—	1855	404	- - -	144,361
1839	169	49,071	—	1856	442	- - -	67,009
1840	201	93,331	—	1857	462	- - -	110,373
1841	211	239,530	—	1858	463	- - -	155,245
1842	247	131,548	—	1859	463	- - -	175,187
1843	300	141,725	—	1860	463	- - -	256,669
1844	347	65,383	—	1861	464	- - -	327,688
1845	347	43,246	—	1862	464	- - -	339,953
1846	347	34,581	—	1863	464	- - -	329,255
1847	347	84,692	—	1864	464	- - -	374,485
1848	369	151,146	—	1865	464	- - -	344,792
1849	387	65,628	—	1866	490	- - -	209,959
1850	387	82,218	—	1867	535	- - -	183,622
1851	387	12,915	—				

The money for making the State railways was borrowed on the principle that it should be gradually redeemed by periodical payments charged upon the net revenue of the railways, and until they became profitable the funds necessary for the redemption of the debt were advanced by the Treasury, and for the years in which the expenditure exceeded the receipts, the amount was added to the losses and carried forward as a charge against the railways.

It appears from the latest returns that the cost of the State railways up to the end of 1867 amounted to 10,426,619*l.*, and that the debt actually redeemed up to the same date was 1,970,889*l.*, being 19 per cent. of the original cost.

II.—GOODS CHARGES IN BELGIUM.

Goods Charges in Belgium.

The Reduction in Charges for Goods Traffic on the Belgian Railways.

M. Vanderstichelen, late Minister of Public Works and now Minister of Foreign Affairs in Belgium, in a statement which he laid before the Chamber of Representatives at Brussels on the 7th March 1865, explanatory of the project of law with respect to the scale of charges for passengers and luggage then proposed to the Chamber, ascribes the financial prosperity of the State railways to the reduction in the rates for goods which Appendix, No. 2, p. 32.

Goods Charges in Belgium.

was commenced in 1856. The net profits after attaining in 1854 to the sum of 150,414*l.* had fallen in 1856 to 67,009*l.* The Minister then commenced a system of special scales of low charges, and finding these successful in particular places and for particular commodities, the system was generally extended until the entire charges for goods traffic had been modified and considerably reduced, the chief characteristic of the changes being the introduction of the principle that the charge per league should decrease as the distance the goods were carried increased.

Appendix, No. 6, p. 39. No. 7, p. 46.

The nature and extent of these changes are shown in detail in the Tables of the charges from 1840 to 1865, which have been translated from the "Annuaire Special" of the Belgian Railways for 1865, and from information in continuation of that work supplied by M. Felix Loisel, Secretary of the Conference of Belgian Railways and Editor of the above named work.

When the net profits of the State railways had risen from the minimum of 67,009*l.* in 1856 to a maximum of 374,485*l.* in 1864, a demand arose for the extension of a similar system of reduction to passenger fares.

By the adoption in July 1865 of the law proposed in March 1865, the Belgian Executive was authorized to comply with the demand, and a new scale of fares was put in operation from the 1st May 1866.

The year 1866 having been from many causes unfavourable in Belgium for passenger traffic, and for some kinds of goods traffic, an active controversy arose as to the policy of the reductions in the scale of fares and charges which had been carried out on the State railways.

This discussion was raised by M. Malou, a senator who had been a minister of the Crown in a former administration, and who is still an active political leader. M. Malou was for many years chairman of the East Belgian Company, and upon the amalgamation of that Company with the Belgian Grand Central Company in 1864, he became chairman of the Joint Committee of the united Companies.

The main principle advocated by M. Malou was, that the State railways should be managed so as to produce a large net return in the same manner that the railways of private companies are worked to secure a dividend.

M. Malou's views were replied to in some semi-official letters in the Brussels "Moniteur des Intérêts Matériels," the paper in which he had first written. The policy of the Government scale of fares and charges was also defended in the annual report of the Minister of Public Works for 1866, and the whole subject came before the Belgian Chamber of Representatives in the spring of the present year, upon the examination of that part of the Budget of Public Works for 1868, which related to railways.

The Belgian Chamber is divided into sections, and each section elects a reporter to make known the results of its examination of any subject. The reporters of all the sections form what is called the Central Section. The Central Section intrusted with the examination of the Budget of Public Works in the session of 1868, dealt specially with the questions involved in the reduction of passengers fares and goods charges, and their views were reported to the Chamber of Representatives.

Appendix, No. 3, p. 36.

We give in the Appendix an extract from the report of the Central Section upon the Budget, in which the conclusion with respect to the alterations in the charges for goods is stated as follows:—

"To sum up, we, the Members of the Central Section, are of opinion that the data furnished by experience to the present time tend to prove that the applications which have been made to the transport of goods of the reduction in the mileage charge as the distance increases have in a great measure produced the results that were expected."

Mode in which the Principle of Reduction in proportion to distance has been carried out in the Charges for Goods in Belgium.

Appendices Nos. 10 and 11, pp. 60, 64.

In Belgium the classification of goods is made on an opposite principle to that of Ireland, as the most valuable goods and those most liable to injury constitute the first class in Belgium and the last class in Ireland.

There are only four classes in Belgium, whilst there are six in Ireland.

In both countries the classification contains a great variety of articles, so that an exact comparison of the different classes is very tedious and difficult.

It may, however, be stated generally that the Belgian classes, given in column A. of the following table, very nearly correspond with the parts of the Irish classes given in column B. Goods Charges in Belgium.

A.	B.
Belgian Classification of Goods.	Corresponding Parts of Irish Classes of Goods.
1st class - - -	2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, and 6th classes.
2nd class - - -	1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, and 6th classes.
3rd class - - -	1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th classes.
4th class - - -	1st and 2nd classes.

The fourth class was introduced in Belgium on the 1st January 1861, by making a special scale of charges for goods chiefly taken from the third class, viz., small coal, coke, and patent fuel, lime, paving stones, &c., and this scale was afterwards extended to all goods now included in the fourth class.

For distances up to 46 miles there has been no reduction of charges since 1853, except from the re-classification of goods. The present terminal charge and the charge per mile are shown in the following table.

Class.	Terminal Charge for both ends.	Charge up to 46 miles, exclusive of Terminal Charge.
	Per ton.	Per ton per mile.
	d.	d.
1st class - -	9·6	1·55
2nd class - -	9·6	1·24
3rd class - -	9·6	·93
4th class - -	9·6	·62

The chief reduction in charges for goods in Belgium has been for distances exceeding 46 miles, and this has been applied in a different degree to the four classes of goods. The reductions in the different classes were made at different times; the last having been put in operation on the 1st September 1865.

The following table shows the charge per ton per mile for distances up to 46 miles for goods of the first class and the per-centage of the diminution of charge for various longer distances:— First-class Goods.

Distances.	Charge per Ton per Mile up to 46 Miles.	Charge per Ton per Mile for longer Distances.	Amount of Reduction of Charge.	Per-centage of Reduction.
	d.	d.	d.	
First class - - - - -	1·55	—	—	—
Increase of distance between 46 and 93 miles	—	1·24	·31	20 per cent.
" " 93 " 124 miles	—	·93	·62	40 per cent.
" " above 124 miles -	—	·62	·93	60 per cent.

The value of these reductions, including the terminal charge, is shown in the following Table D.:—

GOODS CHARGES in BELGIUM.

First-class Goods—*cont.*

TABLE D.—Showing the REDUCTION on FIRST-CLASS GOODS from the SCALE of 1856 to the SCALE of 1st February 1868.

Distances.	Belgian First-class Goods. 1856. Charge per Ton.	1868. Charge per Ton.	Amount of Reduction.	Per-centage of Reduction.	Charge per Ton per Mile in 1868, including Terminals.
Miles.	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*		*d.*
15	2 9	2 9	- -	- -	2·20
31	4 10	4 10	- -	- -	1·87
46	6 9	6 9	- -	- -	1·76
62	8 10	8 5	0 5	5 per cent.	1·63
77	10 9	9 11	0 10	8 „	1·54
93	12 10	11 7	1 3	10 „	1·49
108	14 9	12 9	2 0	14 „	1·41
124	16 10	14 0	2 10	17 „	1·35
139	18 9	14 9	4 0	21 „	1·27
155	20 10	15 7	5 3	25 „	1·21

Second-class Goods.

The charge per ton per mile for goods of the second class has been reduced as follows:—

Distances.	Charge per Ton per Mile up to 46 Miles.	Charge per Ton per Mile for longer Distances.	Amount of Diminution of Charge.	Per-centage of Diminution.
	d.	*d.*	*d.*	
Second class - - - - -	1·24	—	—	—
Increase of distance between 46 and 77 miles	—	·62	·62	50 per cent.
„ „ above 77 miles -	—	·31	·93	75 per cent.

The value of these reductions, including the terminal charge, is shown in the following Table E.:—

TABLE E.—Showing the REDUCTION on SECOND-CLASS GOODS from the SCALE of 1856 to the SCALE of 1st February 1868.

Distances.	Belgian Second Class Goods. 1856. Charge per Ton.	1868. Charge per Ton.	Amount of Reduction.	Per-centage of Reduction.	Charge per Ton per Mile in 1868, including Terminals.
Miles.	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*		*d.*
15	2 4	2 4	- -	- -	1·87
31	4 0	4 0	- -	- -	1·55
46	5 7	5 7	- -	- -	1·46
62	7 2	6 5	0 9	10 per cent.	1·24
77	8 9	7 2	1 7	18 „	1·12
93	10 5	7 7	2 10	27 „	·98
108	11 11	7 11	4 0	33 „	·88
124	13 7	8 4	5 3	38 „	·81
139	15 2	8 9	6 6	42 „	·76
155	16 10	9 2	7 8	46 „	·71

Third-class Goods.

The charge per ton per mile for goods of the third class has been reduced as follows:—

Distances.	Charge per Ton per Mile up to 46 Miles.	Charge per Ton per Mile for longer Distances.	Amount of Diminution of Charge.	Per-centage of Diminution.
	d.	*d.*	*d.*	
Third class - - - - -	·93	—	—	
Increase of distance between 46 and 62 miles	—	·46	·47	50 per cent.
„ „ 62 „ 77 miles	—	·31	·62	66 per cent.
„ „ above 77 miles -	—	·16	·77	83 per cent.

The value of these reductions, including the terminal charge, is shown in the following Table F.:—

GOODS CHARGES IN BELGIUM.

Third-class Goods—*cont.*

TABLE F.—Showing the REDUCTION on THIRD-CLASS GOODS from the SCALE of 1856 to the SCALE of 1st February 1868.

Distances.	Belgian Third-class Goods.				
	1856. Charge per Ton.	1868. Charge per Ton.	Amount of Reduction.	Per-centage of Reduction.	Charge per Ton per Mile in 1868, including Terminals.
Miles.	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*		*d.*
15	1 11	1 11	- - -	- - -	1·53
31	3 2	3 2	- - -	- - -	1·23
46	4 4	4 4	- - -	- - -	1·13
62	5 7	4 11	0 8	12 per cent.	·95
77	6 9	5 4	1 5	21 "	·83
93	8 0	5 7	2 5	30 "	·72
108	9 2	5 9	3 5	37 "	·64
124	10 5	6 0	4 5	42 "	·58
139	11 7	6 2	5 5	47 "	·53
155	12 10	6 4	6 6	50 "	·49

Fourth-class Goods.

In goods now classed as fourth class for distances up to 46 miles there has been the reduction already referred to (p. 5), viz., from ·93*d.* per ton per mile the charge they were subject to as third-class goods in 1856, to ·62*d.* in 1868, or 33 per cent.

For distances between 46 and 62 miles the reduction in the charge per ton per mile has been as follows:—

Distances.	Charge per Ton per Mile up to 46 Miles.	Charge per Ton per Mile for longer Distances.	Amount of Diminution of Charge.	Per-centage of Diminution.
	d.	*d.*	*d.*	
Fourth class - - - -	·62	—	—	—
Increase of distance between 46 and 62 miles	—	·31	·31	50 per cent.
" " above 62 miles - -	—	·16	·46	74 per cent.

The value of these reductions, including the terminal charge, is shown in the following Table G.:—

TABLE G.—Showing the REDUCTION on FOURTH-CLASS GOODS from the SCALE of 1856 to the SCALE of 1st February 1868.

Distances.	Belgian Fourth-class Goods.				
	1856. Charge per Ton.	1868. Charge per Ton.	Amount of Reduction.	Per-centage of Reduction.	Charge per Ton per Mile in 1868, including Terminals.
Miles.	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*		*d.*
15	1 11	1 7	0 4	17 per cent.	1·27
31	3 2	2 5	0 9	24 "	·93
46	4 4	3 2	1 2	27 "	·83
62	5 7	3 7	2 0	36 "	·69
77	6 9	3 9	3 0	44 "	·59
93	8 0	4 0	4 0	50 "	·51
108	9 2	4 2	5 0	55 "	·46
124	10 5	4 5	6 0	58 "	·43
139	11 7	4 7	7 0	60 "	·40
155	12 10	4 10	8 0	62 "	·37

GOODS CHARGES IN BELGIUM.

In the charge for 155 miles the deduction between 1856 and 1868 was in first-class goods from 2·20*d.* to 1·21*d.* per ton per mile, or from 20*s.* 10*d.* to 15*s.* 7*d.* per ton; in second-class goods from 1·87*d.* to ·71*d.*, or from 16*s.* 10*d.* to 9*s.* 2*d.*; in the third class from 1·53*d.* to ·49*d.*, or from 12*s.* 10*d.* to 6*s.* 4*d.*; and in the fourth class from 1·53*d.* (the charge they were subject to as third-class goods in 1856) to ·37*d.*, or from 12*s.* 10*d.* to 4*s.* 10*d.*

Result of the Reduction of Charges for Goods in Belgium from 1856 *to* 1864.

We may now refer to that part of the question which is most material for the purposes of the present inquiry, of which we have the most complete information in the statement submitted in 1865 to the Belgian Chamber of Representatives by Mons. Vanderstichelen, namely, the result of the reduction in charges for goods in Belgium for the first eight years.

These reductions were commenced in 1856, when the weight carried was 2,545,000 tons, and the receipts were 466,244*l.*, giving on the average about 3*s.* 8*d.* per ton. In 1864 the weight carried was 5,251,000 tons, and the receipts were 695,232*l.*, or nearly 2*s.* 8*d.* per ton.

The increase of tonnage at the end of the eight years was therefore 2,706,000 tons, or 106 per cent. The increase of gross receipts was 228,988*l.*, or 49 per cent.

It was necessary to expend capital during this period for the supply of additional rolling stock, and in providing station and other accommodation for the increased traffic. This expenditure amounted to 1,243,120*l.*, the interest on which, at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, is 62,160*l.*

The Minister sums up by saying that in eight years the charges on goods have been lowered on an average 28 per cent., that the public have despatched 2,706,000 additional tons of goods, that they have economized upwards of 800,000*l.* on the cost of carriage, and yet the Public Treasury has realized 231,240*l.* profit after having paid the cost of working and the interest of additional capital.

Appendix No. 2, p. 33.

Passenger Fares in Belgium.

III.—PASSENGER FARES IN BELGIUM.

Mode in which the Principle of Reduction in proportion to Distance has been carried out in Passenger Fares in Belgium.

The reduction in passenger fares in proportion to distance was not commenced until the reduction in goods charges had been for eight years in successful operation.

The Legislature in July 1865 delegated to the Belgian Executive the power to reduce passenger fares on the State railways to the extent stated in the following table:—

TABLE H.—Showing the Extent of the REDUCTIONS in the FARES per Mile by ORDINARY TRAINS which the BELGIAN EXECUTIVE was authorized to make under the Law of July 1865.

Limitation of graduated Scale of Fares for Passenger Traffic.	Original Fares per Mile.	Limitation of Fares sanctioned July 1865.		
		Limit of Fares per Mile.	Limit of Reductions per Mile.	Limit of Reductions per Cent.
FIRST CLASS:	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	
Distances up to 31 miles	1·24	·93	·31	25 per cent.
Increase of distance between 31 and 62 miles.		·46	·78	63 „
„ „ above 62 miles		·31	·93	75 „
SECOND CLASS:				
Distances up to 31 miles	·93	·62	·31	33 „
Increase of distance between 31 and 62 miles.		·31	·62	66 „
„ „ above 62 miles		·23	·72	77 „
THIRD CLASS:				
Distances up to 31 miles	·62	·46	·16	26 „
Increase of distance between 31 and 62 miles.		·23	·39	63 „
„ „ above 62 miles		·15	·47	76 „

Passenger Fares in Belgium.

The Executive did not, however, in the changes introduced in May 1866 exercise the powers intrusted to them to the full extent. The minister made no alteration in the fares for passengers by ordinary trains for distances up to 22 miles. He introduced provisional reductions for distances from 22 miles to 49 miles, and it was only for distances beyond 49 miles that definitive reductions were made.

The effect of the changes thus adopted is shown in the following Table (I.) by a comparison of the fares charged before and after the 1st of May 1866.

TABLE (I.)—Showing a COMPARISON of the PASSENGER FARES by ordinary TRAINS on RAILWAYS worked by the STATE in BELGIUM charged before and after 1st of May 1866.

Distances to which graduated Scale of Fares applied.	Fare before 1st May 1866 per Mile.	Unaltered Fare per Mile.	Reduced Fare per Mile for additional Miles.	Fares before 1st May 1866.	Fares since 1st May 1866.	Amount of Reduction.	Per-centage of Reduction.	Fares since 1st May 1866 per Mile.
FIRST CLASS:	d.	d.	d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.		d.
No Reduction:								
9 miles - -	1·24	1·24	—	0 11	0 11	—	—	1·24
22 " - -	"	"	—	2 3	2 3	—	—	1·24
Provisional Reductions:								
25 miles - -	"	—	Only provisionally reduced	2 7	2 5	0 2	6 per cent.	1·17
28 " - -	"	—		2 10	2 7	0 3	9 "	1·11
34 " - -	"	—		3 6	2 8	0 10	23 "	0·94
40 " - -	"	—		4 2	2 10	1 4	32 "	0·82
46 " - -	"	—		4 9	3 0	1 9	36 "	0·77
Definitive Reductions:								
50 miles - -	"	—	0·46	5 1	3 1	2 0	39 "	0·75
62 " - -	"	—	"	6 5	3 7	2 10	44 "	0·70
65 " - -	"	—	0·31	6 8	3 8	3 0	45 "	0·67
93 " - -	"	—	"	9 7	4 5	5 2	54 "	0·57
124 " - -	"	—	"	12 9	5 2	7 7	59 "	0·50
155 " - -	"	—	"	16 0	6 0	10 0	62 "	0·46
SECOND CLASS:								
No Reduction:								
9 miles - -	0·93	0·93	—	0 8	0 8	—	—	0·93
22 " - -	"	"	—	1 8	1 8	—	—	0·93
Provisional Reductions:								
25 miles - -	"	—	Only provisionally reduced	1 11	1 9	0 2	8 per cent.	0·84
28 " - -	"	—		2 2	1 10	0 4	15 "	0·78
34 " - -	"	—		2 7	1 11	0 8	26 "	0·67
40 " - -	"	—		3 1	2 0	1 1	35 "	0·59
46 " - -	"	—		3 7	2 1	1 6	40 "	0·54
Definitive Reductions:								
50 miles - -	"	—	0·31	3 10	2 1	1 9	45 "	0·50
62 " - -	"	—	"	4 9	2 5	2 4	50 "	0·46
65 " - -	"	—	0·23	5 0	2 5	2 7	51 "	0·45
93 " - -	"	—	"	7 2	3 0	4 2	58 "	0·36
124 " - -	"	—	"	9 7	3 7	6 0	62 "	0·34
155 " - -	"	—	"	12 0	4 2	7 10	65 "	0·32
THIRD CLASS:								
No Reduction:								
9 miles - -	0·62	0·62	—	0 6	0 6	—	—	0·62
22 " - -	"	"	—	1 2	1 2	—	—	0·62
Provisional Reductions:								
25 miles - -	"	—	Only provisionally reduced	1 3	1 2	0 1	6 per cent.	0·56
28 " - -	"	—		1 5	1 3	0 2	12 "	0·52
34 " - -	"	—		1 9	1 4	0 5	23 "	0·47
40 " - -	"	—		2 1	1 5	0 8	32 "	0·42
46 " - -	"	—		2 5	1 6	0 11	38 "	0·39
Definitive Reductions:								
50 miles - -	"	—	0·23	2 7	1 6	1 1	39 "	0·36
62 " - -	"	—	"	3 2	1 9	1 5	44 "	0·34
65 " - -	"	—	0·15	3 4	1 10	1 6	45 "	0·34
93 " - -	"	—	"	4 2	2 2	2 7	54 "	0·28
124 " - -	"	—	"	6 5	2 7	3 10	59 "	0·25
155 " - -	"	—	"	8 0	3 0	5 0	62 "	0·23

The entire reduction on the fares for 155 miles is, in the first class, from 1·24*d.* to 0·46*d.* per mile, or from 16*s.* to 6*s.*; in the second class from 0·93*d.* to 0·32*d.* per mile, or from 12*s.* to 4*s.* 2*d.*; in the third class from 0·62*d.* to 0·23*d.*, or from 8*s.* to 3*s.*

PASSENGER FARES IN BELGIUM.

The minister at the same time introduced two other changes in the fares and traffic arrangements:—

1st. By allowing third class passengers to travel by express trains.

2nd. By fixing the express fares for each class at 20 per cent. above the ordinary fares instead of 25 per cent. as before, and so giving a greater proportionate reduction on express than on ordinary fares. The reductions were not extended to through foreign traffic.

Result of the Reduction of Passenger Fares adopted 1*st May* 1866.

It appears that in 1867, 350,036 third class passengers availed themselves of the privilege of travelling by express trains. There was, nevertheless, a concurrent increase of 81,058, or 27 per cent., in first class passengers, and of 104,766, or 78 per cent., in second class passengers above the number travelling by express trains in 1865.

The Tables compiled from the monthly returns of passengers and receipts show the results of two complete years after the change, and it appears that in the year ended the 30th of April 1867, the number of passengers increased by 820,086, in the second year by 710,223, making an increase of 1,530,309 in the two years, or from 11,100,636 passengers in the year 1865–66 to 12,630,945 in the year 1867–68, being an increase of 13·78 per cent. or on an average nearly 7 per cent. per annum.

Appendix No. 1, Tables AA., &c., pp. 27, &c.

We annex in the Appendix tables which we have compiled showing some of the results of the changes in passenger fares.

The Belgian Official Report gives some statistics showing the extent of the increase in passengers travelling the different distances where the fares continued the same, or were provisionally or definitively reduced; and it appears that comparing seven months ended November the 30th, 1866, with the corresponding period in 1865, and excluding military, special travellers, children, international and excursion traffic, and return ticket holders, that of an increase of 437,547 passengers in that period, only 89,745, or 2 per cent. on the number in the previous year, took place for distances where no reduction had been made; whilst an increase of 173,926, or 20 per cent. on the number in the previous year is shown on distances for which a provisional reduction had been made, and an increase of 173,876, or 92 per cent. on the number in the previous year on distances for which large and definitive reductions had been made.

Appendix No. 1, Tables II., HII., p. 29.

In other Tables we have compared the number of passengers, the receipts from passengers, the gross receipts, and the working expenses for the years ended 31st December 1866 and 1867, with similar results in previous years as far back as 1857.

It appears that the average increase in the number of passengers in eight years prior to 1866, on a mileage worked of nearly the same extent, was 6·5 per cent. The increase in 1866 was 8·9 per cent. and in 1867 it was 8·4 per cent. There was in the same years an increase of mileage worked of 26 miles or 5·6 per cent. in the one year and 45 miles or 9·2 per cent. in the other, but the new lines are stated to be so situate as to be more adapted to afford increased accommodation to existing traffic than to produce an increase of passengers.

Appendix No. 3, p. 36.

In the year in which the reductions in passenger fares took place there was a marked decrease in the receipts from passengers, as also in the receipts from all sources of traffic.

Taking the entire year ended 30th April 1867, the decrease in passenger traffic was 71,373*l.* or 11·92 per cent., and taking the financial year ended 31st December 1866, the decrease was 50,178*l.* or 8·6 per cent. This decrease was, however, so far counterbalanced by the increase from goods that the entire decrease of all receipts was only 5,193*l.*, or less than one per cent., and there were several circumstances rendering the year generally a very unfavourable one for railway traffic in Belgium.

In the same year the working expenses increased 92,052*l.*, or 11·7 per cent., on an additional mileage of only 5·6 per cent.

Appendix No. 3, p. 35.

The reductions of passenger fares had been the subject of considerable controversy in Belgium, as already noticed, and the policy of the alteration in connexion with the increase of working expenses in 1866, came specially under the notice of the Central Section of the Chamber of Representatives on the examination of the Budget for Public Works in 1868. That body, in their Report of 22nd February 1868, reported that the rise in the price of fuel and in wages, and the increase of length of line worked, the improvement in the stations, and expenditure (larger than usual and beyond what was absolutely required) on renewal of permanent way and rolling stock, had all contributed to swell the total expenditure, so that the increased expenses of working in 1866, including all these items, ought not to be ascribed entirely to the increased traffic or considered as an immediate consequence of the reduction of charges.

The financial results of 1867 are different from 1866. The loss of 71,373*l.* in the year

ended 30th April 1867 was more than recovered in the next twelve months by an increase of 82,247*l.*, being a balance of increase on the two years of 10,874*l.* The decrease of 50,178*l.* in the year ended 31st December 1866 was recovered in 1867 by an increase of 68,308*l.*, being a balance of increase on the two years of 18,130*l.*, and the gross receipts from all sources of traffic in 1867 showed an increase of 72,497*l.*, leaving, after deducting the diminution of 5,193*l.* in 1866, a balance of increase on the two years of 67,304*l.*

PASSENGER FARES IN BELGIUM.

The year 1867 was, on account of the Paris Exhibition, an exceptional year as to certain kinds of passenger traffic. As the mileage was increased by 9·2 per cent. of new lines in 1867, the increase of expenses of 11·5 per cent., or 100,850*l.*, though larger in amount appears to be less in proportion to the mileage than in 1866.

The Central Section reported favourably as to the results of the reduction in the charges for goods as already noticed, and as to the question of passenger fares conclude their report by stating "that the trial of the principle of the reduction of the mileage "charge as the distance increases not being completed, the Section agrees, before "deciding definitively upon this part of the reforms, to await the result of an experiment "under normal conditions."

Appendix No. 3, p. 36.

The Commission of the Belgian Senate, upon its consideration of the Budget for Public Works in 1868, examined the different reforms introduced into the State system, and the discussion turned more particularly upon the reduction of the scale of fares for passengers. The following is the conclusion the Commission reported to the Senate:—

Appendix No. 4, p. 37.

"After the arguments produced on either side, your Commission has been unanimous "in proposing to adjourn until next session the solution of this difficult question, finding "that the data furnished by the experiments up to the present time are not sufficient, "the results obtained in 1866 having been considerably lessened by the calamities which "so much diminished traffic for business and social intercourse; nor can the exceptional "transit of passengers caused in 1867 by the Exhibition at Paris serve as a basis for "acquiring a correct idea of the reform."

Belgian Railway Companies whose Lines are not worked by the State.

Belgian Railway Companies.

The Belgian Railway Companies to a large extent adopted the reduction in the State scale of charges for goods traffic which they interchanged with the State lines, or carried in competition with them. There is, therefore, no reason to believe that goods traffic was attracted from the companies lines to the State lines to an extent sufficient to modify the result of the reduction in State charges.

The companies also adopted the reductions in the passenger fares for their traffic competing with or interchanged with the State to the extent stated in the Appendix, and the Grand Central Company, which works the lines competing most directly with the State lines, did not return to the old scale of fares until October 1867, so that in the statistics which have been given of 1866 and 1867, it is not necessary to make allowance for passenger traffic attracted to the State lines from the independent companies.

Appendix No. 5, p. 37.

IV.—MANAGEMENT OF RAILWAYS IN PRUSSIA AND OTHER PARTS OF GERMANY.

Prussian and other German railways.

The existence of a low scale of fares and charges in connexion with State railways is not peculiar to Belgium; it appears from statistics we have obtained from the Statistical Department of the Board of Trade that the average receipts from passengers on State railways in Prussia, not including the annexed provinces, was in 1864 0·70*d.*, and in 1866 0·57*d.* per mile and for goods in 1864 1·01*d.* per ton per mile, and in 1866 0·94*d.* On the lines of Prussian companies the average receipts from passengers was in 1864 0·77*d.* per mile and in 1866 0·66*d.* per mile, and from goods in 1864 1·27*d.* per ton per mile and in 1866 1·19*d.* These very low receipts arise from the adoption of fourth-class passenger fares of 0·37*d.* per mile. The charges for goods have undergone considerable reductions in recent years, for on the Cologne and Minden Company's line, for instance, the rate in 1848 was 1·88*d.* per ton per mile, but was reduced to 1*d.* per ton per mile in 1863.*

Appendix No. 8, p. 49.

The effect of reductions in the Westphalian district upon the charges for coals is shown by the increase of produce of the collieries from 3,800,000 tons in 1859, before the changes came into operation, to 7,500,000 tons in 1864.†

Of the 4,141 miles of railways open in Prussia in 1866, 1,959 miles, or nearly one half, are under State management.

The Prussian Government is therefore now managing (without taking any account of the railways in the annexed provinces) 1,959 miles, although the State originally con-

* Evidence before Royal Commission on Railways, 1867, 1103. † Ibid. 1093.

COMPARATIVE STATISTICS OF IRELAND AND BELGIUM.

structed only 1,061 miles, so that State management has been extended to 897 miles constructed by private companies.

In the whole of Germany, including Prussia, the preponderance of State management is still greater, the number of miles worked by the different States being 5,142, and only 3,840 miles are worked by companies.

Map No. 2.

To illustrate the extent and position of the State lines, as compared with those worked by companies in Prussia and other parts of Germany, we annex a map of Germany, with the lines upon it distinguished by two colours.

V.—COMPARATIVE STATISTICS OF IRELAND AND BELGIUM.

In estimating "the loss which would probably be occasioned by such a reduction of "charges on Irish railways as would assimilate them to the principles on which they are "levied on the Belgian lines," it is necessary to make some comparison of the circumstances of the two countries.

They are very differently situated as regards trade and manufactures. Belgium has a large transit trade to Germany and other parts of the continent, the estimated value of the merchandise so carried being annually 24,000,000*l.* The transit trade of Ireland is almost entirely limited to mails and passengers, and is of small extent.

In those great elements of manufactures, coal and iron, Belgium has a great advantage over Ireland, as appears from the following statistics:—

	Tons.
Coal produce.	
BELGIUM (1865) - - - - -	11,840,603
IRELAND (1866) - - - - -	123,750
Iron produce.	
BELGIUM (1865) - - - - -	1,018,231
IRELAND (1866) - - - - -	25,525

The advantages in minerals possessed by Belgium have led to a great development of manufacturing industry and to the concentration of population in certain districts, to a greater extent than in Ireland, as will be seen by the following comparison of 13 of the largest towns in the two countries.

TABLE (J.)—Showing POPULATION of THIRTEEN LARGEST TOWNS in BELGIUM and IRELAND.

BELGIUM in 1865.		IRELAND in 1861.	
Names of Towns.	Population.	Names of Towns.	Population.
Brussels* - -	318,040	Dublin* - -	305,293
Ghent - -	126,333	Belfast - -	121,602
Antwerp - -	123,498	Cork - -	80,121
Liege - -	104,905	Limerick - -	44,476
Bruges - -	49,819	Waterford - -	23,293
Malines - -	35,946	Londonderry -	20,875
Louvain - -	32,973	Galway - -	16,967
Tournay - -	31,832	Drogheda - -	14,740
Verviers - -	31,213	Kilkenny - -	14,174
Mons - -	27,764	Kingstown - -	12,469
Namur - -	27,196	Newry - -	12,188
Saint Nicholas -	24,056	Clonmel - -	11,774
Courtrai - -	23,594	Wexford - -	11,673
Total - -	957,169	Total - -	689,645

The population of Belgium has increased in recent years as follows:—

Population in 1841 - - - 4,242,600
" 1865 - - - 4,984,351

The population of Ireland has, on the contrary, diminished; being—

In 1841 - - - 8,196,597
" 1867 - - - 5,557,196

The area of Belgium is 11,267 square miles, that of Ireland is 32,524 square miles; the population in Belgium giving 442 persons per square mile, and in Ireland only 171.

* Including suburbs.

Comparative Statistics of Ireland and Belgium.

The comparative extent of the shipping trade of the two countries will appear from the following statistics of vessels belonging to Ireland and Belgium.

Number and Tonnage of Vessels (Sailing and Steam) belonging to the several Ports of Ireland and Belgium.

	Number of Vessels.	Tonnage.
Ireland, 1861-62-63 - - -	2,309	248,410
Belgium, 1865 - - -	112	39,729

Number and Tonnage of Vessels with Cargoes.

Entered.

	Number.	Tonnage.
Ireland, 1866 - - -	28,603	4,846,881
Belgium, 1865 - - -	3,844	893,839

Cleared out.

	Number.	Tonnage.
Ireland, 1866 - - -	14,677	3,295,131
Belgium, 1865 - - -	2,421	580,190

We also add the statistics as to letters in the two countries:—

		Proportion of letters per head of Population.
In Ireland the number of letters were, in 1866 - - -	58,897,527	10·55
In Belgium " " in 1865 - - -	29,684,408	5·95

The increase of letters in Ireland has been from 50,009,000 in 1861 to 58,897,527 in 1867, being (with allowance for the decrease of population) an increase of 3·66 per cent. per annum, whilst the increase in England and Wales during the same time with a corresponding allowance has been 3·83.

The length of railway carrying both passengers and goods is nearly in the same proportion to population in the two countries, being one mile for every 2,856 persons in Belgium, and one mile for every 2,893 persons in Ireland.

The character of the traffic upon the railways is very different, as appears from the following table:—

Table (K.)—Showing a Comparison of Railway Traffic of Ireland and Belgium.

Heads of Comparison.	Ireland, 1866.	Belgium, 1865.
Mileage worked (average) -	Miles. 1,892	Miles. 1,445
Passengers:—	No.	No.
1st Class - - -	1,619,596	1,334,765
2nd Class - - -	3,627,385	3,183,943
3rd Class - - -	7,827,036	14,968,503
Total No.* - -	13,074,017	19,487,211
Goods and minerals, total tons	Tons. 2,286,824	Tons. 15,857,936
	£	£
Receipts from passengers, carriages, and luggage - -	961,860	1,013,983
Receipts from goods and mineral traffic - - -	588,175	1,727,514
Receipts from live stock -	128,688	36,367

It appears from this table that the third-class passengers in Belgium are much more numerous than in Ireland, and that the amount of goods and mineral traffic in Belgium (upon a shorter mileage) is more than six times as great as that of Ireland.

* Excluding season ticket holders in Ireland and passengers at exceptional rates in Belgium.

Comparative Statistics of Ireland and Belgium.

We give some statistics as to the distribution of passengers in the different zones of long, intermediate, and short traffic on the longest line in Ireland, to compare with those given in the Annual Report of the Public Works Department as to the State lines in Belgium for 1866:—

TABLE (L.)—Showing COMPARATIVE DISTRIBUTION of PASSENGERS on the different Zones of LONG, INTERMEDIATE, and SHORT TRAFFIC on the longest LINE in IRELAND, and on the RAILWAYS worked by the STATE in BELGIUM.

Distances corresponding to the Belgian Zones with different Scales of Fares.	Number of Passengers in different Zones.		Per-centage of Passengers in different Zones.	
	Local Passengers on State Railways in Belgium in the Seven Months ended November 1866. 490 Miles open.	All Passengers* except Military on the Great Southern and Western Railway in Ireland in Seven Months of Summer Traffic. 436 Miles open.	Local Passengers on State Railways in Belgium.	All Passengers except Military on Great Southern and Western Railway in Ireland.
Zone of long traffic (50 miles and upwards) - - - -	363,083	137,774	5·91	17·83
Zone of intermediate raffic - -	1,036,298	145,628	16·88	18·84
Zone of short traffic (under 22 miles) -	4,741,544	489,475	77·21	63·33
Total - - -	6,140,925	772,877	100·00	100·00

Although passengers in the preceding Table are only about 11 per cent. of the entire number in Ireland, the amount received by the company is about 27 per cent. of the entire receipts from passengers.

Statistics are not available by which the cattle traffic in Ireland and Belgium can be compared; but the difference appears from the relative receipts in the two countries; the amount received in Ireland being more than three times the amount from the same source in Belgium.

VI.—COMPARISON OF FARES AND CHARGES IN IRELAND AND BELGIUM.

Passenger Fares.

Passenger fares.

In order to compare the Irish with the Belgian passenger fares it is necessary to take several circumstances into consideration.

An extra charge for luggage is payable on the State lines in Belgium in every case, except when a very limited amount of luggage is taken into the carriage with the passenger. Extra luggage only is chargeable in Ireland when above the parliamentary allowance.

Express trains are very frequent in Belgium, and there are very few of them in Ireland. In Ireland on the other hand return tickets are usual, whilst they are quite exceptional in Belgium.

The following table shows the average Irish fares on short lines and in each zone of long, intermediate, and short traffic on long lines, with the corresponding Belgian fares, due allowance being made for the differences above stated.

TABLE (M.)—Showing the DIFFERENCE between the present PASSENGER FARES in IRELAND and BELGIUM.

Division of Lines and Zones of Traffic.	Class of Passengers.	Average Irish Fares per Mile.	Average Belgian Fares on State Railways per Mile.	Belgian Fares below Irish.	
				Amount per mile.	Per-centage.
LONG LINES IN IRELAND (ABOVE 28 MILES).		*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	
Zone of long traffic (51 miles and upwards), corresponding with that in which the Belgian fares have undergone a complete reduction since 1st May 1866	1st	1·90	·68	1·22	64 per cent.
	2nd	1·45	·45	1·00	69 "
	3rd	·91	·29	·62	68 "
Zone of intermediate traffic, corresponding with that in which the Belgian fares have undergone only a provisional reduction since 1st May 1866 -	1st	1·83	1·12	·71	39 "
	2nd	1·39	·72	·67	48 "
	3rd	·88	·49	·39	44 "
Zone of short traffic (under 22 miles), corresponding with that in which the Belgian fares have undergone no reduction since 1st May 1866 -	1st	1·79	1·31	·48	27 "
	2nd	1·38	·99	·39	28 "
	3rd	·88	·63	·25	28 "
SHORT LINES IN IRELAND (UNDER 28 MILES).					
Taken as practically within the limit of the zone of short traffic corresponding with that in which the Belgian fares have undergone no reduction since 1st May 1866 - - - - - - - -	1st	1·44	1·31	·13	9 "
	2nd	1·07	·99	·08	7 "
	3rd	·73	·63	·10	14 "

* Estimated by multiplication of one week's traffic in summer 1868.

It appears from the above table that the Belgian fares for long distances are about 67 per cent. less than the Irish fares; for intermediate distances the Belgian fares are about 44 per cent., and for short distances on long lines about 28 per cent. below the Irish, and that as compared with the fares upon the short Irish lines the Belgian fares are about 12 per cent. lower.

Comparison of Fares and Charges in Ireland and Belgium.

Charges for Goods.

Charges for Goods.

It is much more difficult to compare the Irish and Belgian goods charges than the passenger fares of the two countries.

The Belgian official statistics give for each class of goods a very complete account of the tonnage carried and the receipts. But the tonnage carried, and amount received for each class of goods on Irish Railways is not published, the information could not be obtained without a very complicated examination of the invoices at every station.

TABLE (N.)—Showing TONNAGE OF and RECEIPTS FROM GOODS carried on the STATE RAILWAYS in BELGIUM in 1866.

Classification.	Goods carried.	Receipts.
	tons.	£
Goods carried at a minimum rate - - - -	22,309	8,558
„ included in the 1st class - - - -	447,353	119,864
„ „ 2nd „ - - - -	501,739	97,432
„ „ 3rd „ - - - -	614,227	79,867
„ „ 4th „ - - - -	2,237,683	218,151
„ carried at special scales of charges - - -	1,398,409	120,748
„ „ reduced charge - - - -	359,731	17,368
„ carried under agreement - - - -	951,589	89,430
Total - - -	6,533,040	751,418

Appendices Nos. 10 and 11, pp. 60–64.

Irish goods are divided into six classes, and Belgian goods into four, and the difference is shown by the enumeration of articles; the Irish classification, including by name 833 articles in the six classes, and the Belgian 1,038 articles. About 400 articles are common to the two lists, and an analysis of these is necessary to enable the correspondence of the Belgian with the Irish classification to be stated.

The following Table shows the extent of similarity between the Belgian and Irish classification of goods.

TABLE (O.)—Showing the EXTENT of CORRESPONDENCE of BELGIAN with IRISH CLASSES of GOODS.

Irish Classes of Goods.	Extent of Correspondence with Belgian Classes of Goods.
First Class.—Comprising bricks, coals, iron ore, lime, manure, pig-iron, &c.	Chiefly fourth, but some third and second class.
Second Class.—Comprising salt fish, grain, potatoes, guano, turnips, copper ore, scrap iron, short timber, steel bars, drainage tiles, peat, &c.	Chiefly second, but some third, first, and fourth class.
Third Class.—Comprising ale and porter, apples and pears, bacon, butter, earthenware, eggs, flax in bales, water pipes, hardware, unbleached linen, long timber, flax seed, &c.	Chiefly first class, but a good deal second, and some third class.
Fourth Class.—Comprising books, cheese, confectionery, drugs, window glass, groceries, hosiery, fresh meat and provisions, spirits, stationery, tobacco, wooden ware, woollen goods, yarn, &c.	Chiefly first, but some second, and a few third class.
Fifth Class.—Comprising agricultural implements, beds and bedding, China ware, fresh fish, looms, live poultry, silk, &c.	Chiefly first, but a few second class.
Sixth Class.—Comprising clocks, hats, millinery, musical instruments, paintings, pictures, statuary, vitriol, furniture, &c.	Chiefly first, but some second class.

COMPARISON OF FARES AND CHARGES IN IRELAND AND BELGIUM.

Charges for goods.

In Ireland the minimum charge for goods is different on different railways. In one case there is a minimum for three miles, in another for ten miles. In Belgium, instead of a minimum number of miles below which the charge is not calculated by mileage rates, a fixed charge of 9·6*d.* per ton is added to the mileage charges in every case, whether the distance be long or short.

TABLE (P.)—Showing COMPARISON of MINIMUM CHARGES for GOODS per Ton in IRELAND, and corresponding BELGIAN CHARGES for similar Distances.

Irish Goods Classification.	Irish Minimum of Three Miles.	Belgian Three Miles.	Irish Minimum of Ten Miles.	Belgian Ten Miles.	Belgian Class of Goods taken for Comparison.
	Per Ton. *s.* *d.*	Per Ton. *s.* *d.*	Per Ton. *s.* *d.*	Per Ton. *s.* *d.*	
1st Class - -	1 0	0 11	2 6	1 4	Belgian 4th Class.
2nd " - -	1 3	1 1	3 3	1 10	" 2nd "
3rd " - -	1 6	1 2	3 9	2 1	" 1st "
4th " - -	2 0	1 2	5 6	2 1	" 1st "
5th " - -	3 0	1 2	8 9	2 1	" 1st "
6th " - -	6 0	1 2	13 6	2 1	" 1st "

In Ireland goods are also carried at less per ton per mile for long distances than for short. The reductions are effected partly by diminution in the mileage rates for long distances and partly by special scales where the distance by rail is longer than by road, or from other causes. The good roads toll-free in Ireland and the steamboat competition increase the number of the cases of special reduced charges.

Appendix No. 1, Table LL., p. 30.

To give a general and comparative view of the effect of the differences between the Irish minimum and mileage charges and the Belgian fixed and mileage charges, we have compiled a Table (LL.), from a number of goods charges on different Irish lines for through and local traffic at different distances, which we give in the Appendix.

It appears from this table that the general average charge per ton per mile for the different classes of goods in Ireland diminishes for long distances nearly in the same proportion as the charges in Belgium for the corresponding classes of goods.

p. 31.

The Belgian charges are below the Irish charges in different degrees for different classes of goods, the extent of which is shown in the following Table (Q.) for 25 miles; and we give in the Appendix a Table (MM.) showing a similar comparison for distances up to 200 miles.

TABLE (Q.)—Showing a COMPARISON of AVERAGE CHARGES for GOODS of different Classes in IRELAND, including TERMINALS, for Distances under 25 miles and the corresponding Belgian Charges.

Irish Goods Class.	Irish Charges per Ton per Mile.	Corresponding Belgian Charges per Ton per Mile.	Difference per Ton per Mile.	Difference per Cent.
	d.	*d.*	*d.*	
1st Class - - - - -	2·11	1·27	·84	39 per cent.
2nd " - - - - -	2·81	1·87	·94	33 "
3rd " - - - - -	3·69	2·20	1·49	40 "
4th " - - - - -	4·61	2·20	2·41	52 "
5th " - - - - -	6·67	2·20	4·47	67 "
6th " - - - - -	10·73	2·20	8·53	79 "

COMPARISON OF FARES AND CHARGES IN IRELAND AND BELGIUM.

Charges for Live Stock.

Charges for live stock.

Appendix No. 9, pp. 54 and 50.

On the State railways in Belgium there are four scales of charges for live stock according to different loads. In Ireland there are only two.

The charges in Belgium are calculated as for one-third of a truck, two-thirds of a truck, a whole truck of the ordinary Belgian size, and for a whole truck of large size.

In Ireland the charges are for a half truck and a whole truck of the Irish size.

The degree of correspondence in the scales appears from the following table (R.)

The Irish minimum charge is for a journey of 12 miles, and for comparison the Belgian charges for the same distance are added in the table.

TABLE (R.)—Showing the different LOADS of LIVE STOCK having DISTINCT CHARGES in BELGIUM and in IRELAND, with COMPARATIVE CHARGE for a MINIMUM DISTANCE of 12 Miles.

Belgian Scale. Loads.	Belgian Scale. Number of Animals.	Charge for 12 Miles.	Nearest corresponding Irish Scale. Loads.	Nearest corresponding Irish Scale. Number of Animals.	Average Charge for 12 Miles.
		s. d.			s. d.
One-third of ordinary Belgian Truck:					
Horses - - -	1	5 10	No corresponding charge.		
Cows, oxen, or asses -	1 or 2				
Sheep - - -	1 to 10				
Hogs or calves - -	1 to 5				
Two-thirds of ordinary Belgian Truck:			*Irish half Truck:*		
Horses - - -	2	8 4	Horses - -	3	6 0
Cows, oxen, or asses -	3 or 4		Cattle - - -	3 or 4	
Sheep - - -	11 to 20		Sheep or lambs - -	12 to 15	
Hogs or calves - -	6 to 10				
Whole ordinary Belgian Truck:					
Horses - -	3	11 8	No corresponding charge.		
Cows, oxen, or asses -	A truck load.				
Sheep - - -					
Hogs or calves - -					
Large-sized and double-floored Belgian Trucks:			*Irish whole Truck:*		
Cattle, &c. - -	A truck load.	14 6	Horses - - -	8	8 9
			Cattle - - -	8 to 10	
			Sheep or lambs - -	30 to 40	

Before 1863 the mileage rate in Belgium in addition to the terminal was uniform, but in that year the principle of reduction in proportion to distance was applied to the mileage rate as in the following table:—

TABLE (S.)—Showing the REDUCTIONS in the MILEAGE RATE in proportion to DISTANCE for the different LOADS of LIVE STOCK on the RAILWAYS worked by the STATE in BELGIUM.

Distances.	Ordinary Belgian Load. One-third of a Truck.	Ordinary Belgian Load. Two-thirds of a Truck.	Ordinary Belgian Load. Whole Truck.	Large sized and double floored Belgian Trucks.
	Per mile.	Per mile.	Per mile.	Per mile.
Distance under 46 miles - - - - -	1·86	2·79	3·72	4·65
Increase of distance from 47 to 93 miles - - -	1·39	2·09	2·79	3·49
" " 94 to 124 miles - - -	·93	1·39	1·86	2·32
" " 125 and upwards - - -	·62	·93	1·24	1·55

COMPARISON OF FARES AND CHARGES IN IRELAND AND BELGIUM.

Charges for live stock.

In the Irish charges there are reductions in proportion to distance, but not to the same extent as in Belgium. We give in Table T. the average Irish charges for whole and for half trucks, founded upon the existing rates of railways representing about 64 per cent. of the receipts from live stock in Ireland.

The large-sized Belgian truck is the nearest approximation to the Irish truck, but the difference in gauge makes the Irish truck more advantageous to the sender of cattle, and therefore, though the charges for longer distances are less in Belgium than in Ireland, the loss by the adoption of the Belgian scale would be nominal.

From the comparison of the loads of live stock for which the different charges are made, as shown in Table R., the public in the two countries appear to obtain similar accommodation on the payment of similar rates.

TABLE (T.)—COMPARISON of IRISH and BELGIAN CHARGES for LIVE STOCK.

Distance.	Charge, including Terminals.			
	Ireland.	Belgium.	Ireland, per Mile.	Belgium, per Mile.
Irish Half-Truck compared with Belgian Two-Thirds Truck.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	d.	d.
23 miles (average under 46 miles) - - - -	0 6 4	0 8 11	3·32	4·22
70 „ („ between 47 and 93 miles) - - -	0 17 5	0 18 6	2·99	3·46
109 „ („ „ 94 and 124 miles) - - -	1 5 4	1 4 4	2·79	2·68
162 „ („ „ 125 and 200 miles) - - -	1 16 9	1 9 0	2·72	2·15
Irish Whole Truck compared with Belgian Large-sized Truck.				
23 miles (average under 46 miles) - - -	0 12 7	0 14 11	6·59	7·78
70 „ („ between 47 and 93 miles) - - -	1 14 10	1 10 10	5·99	5·43
109 „ („ „ 94 and 124 miles) - - -	2 10 11	2 0 7	5·61	4·47
162 „ („ „ 125 and 200 miles) - -	3 13 5	2 9 2	5·44	3·71

Receipts from Mails, Parcels, &c. by Passenger Trains.

We have not included in our comparison the receipts from mails, parcels, carriages, horses, and dogs carried by passenger trains. The mails are carried entirely free in Belgium, and we cannot suppose this would be the case in Ireland.

The greatest reduction which could be estimated for in the charges for mail service would be proportionate to the decreased cost of working consequent on a more general use of rolling stock, but this could not be introduced in a comparison between the present arrangements in Belgium and Ireland.

We give in the Appendix a full history of the Belgian system of charges with respect to parcels, carriages, horses, and dogs, but have not entered into a minute comparison of these items, which in fact form only a small part of the revenue of the Irish railways.

Estimated Result of introducing Belgian Fares and Charges.

Estimated result of introducing Belgian fares and charges.

If the average receipts of Irish railways for one year's traffic based on average of three years ended 30th June 1867 be taken, the effect of applying the Belgian passenger fares would be an immediate loss on the same amount of traffic of 44 per cent., and on goods of 46 per cent.

The effect of these reductions is shown in the following table:—

TABLE (U.)—ESTIMATE of LOSS in RECEIPTS on IRISH RAILWAYS if BELGIAN FARES and CHARGES for PASSENGERS, GOODS, and LIVE STOCK were adopted.

Description of Traffic.	Receipts at Irish Rates.	Estimated Receipts at Belgian Rates.	Estimated Loss.	Per-centage of Estimated Loss.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	Per cent.
Passengers - - - - - -	908,669 0 0	508,854 12 10	399,814 7 2	44
Goods and Minerals - - - - -	555,329 9 3	299,877 18 2	255,451 11 1	46
Live Stock - - - - - -	113,727 6 8	113,727 6 8	No loss.	—
	1,577,725 15 11	922,459 17 8	655,265 18 3	42
Mails - - - - -	83,123 6 8			
Parcels, Horses, &c. by Passenger Trains -	65,595 0 0			
Total - - - - -	1,726,444 2 7			

It appears from this table that the reduction involved by the adoption of the Belgian rates would produce an annual loss of 655,266*l.* on a total receipt of 1,726,444*l.*, or 42 per cent. on the receipts from passengers, goods, and live stock.

VII.—Conclusion.

Conclusion.

Recommendations as to Fares and Charges.

The consideration of the past and present railway fares and charges in Belgium being the subject to which our attention was specially directed by your Lordships' instructions, we have taken great pains to ascertain, through the courtesy of the Belgian Government, and from personal inquiry, the effect which the reductions in that country have had on the traffic. The experience of Belgium was thought likely to form a good basis for estimating what would be the result of a reduction of charges in Ireland. But the circumstances of the two countries are not analogous, for while in Belgium the chief railway traffic is connected with mining, ironworks, &c., in Ireland it is almost wholly of an agricultural character, and the movements of the people in connexion with that industry.

The peculiar feature of the alterations in the Belgian scale of charges is the gradual introduction of a very large and special reduction for long distances both for goods and passengers, and this as regards goods and minerals has been found to be a great success.

The traffic of Ireland, on the contrary, requires special stimulus and development for short and moderate distances both for goods and passengers, as except in the case of tourists and people travelling for pleasure, it is entirely of local character from town to town. We are, therefore, of opinion that the reduction in passenger fares in Ireland to have its full beneficial effect must be on "short" and "long" traffic equally; and that the reductions in goods and cattle charges should be arranged on the principle of a uniform mileage rate for all distances, but subject to a minimum charge.

After carefully considering what would be the result of reductions, we had no difficulty in coming to the conclusion that a slight diminution in the charges for the carriage of passengers and goods would be simply a loss of so much money. That to give an impetus to the intercommunication of the inhabitants and the moving of goods from place to place, and to and from the ports, and to promote the increase of the cattle traffic, already so valuable in Ireland, and generally to develope traffic to an extent calculated to overtake at no very distant period the effect of the lowering of charges, it is necessary to make at once a large reduction, and after a certain fixed minimum charge, to make the mileage scale for the several classes of traffic applicable to all distances.

We are of opinion that the following fares and charges would be sufficiently low to create such a large increase of traffic as would confer a great boon on the public using the railways, and largely develope the general industry of the country. We add the present fares and charges to illustrate the extent of the reductions.

1.—*Fares for Passengers.*

Classes of Passengers.	Present Fares per Mile.	Proposed Fares per Mile.	Per-centage of Reduction.
	d.	*d.*	
1st class - - - - -	1·81	1·25	31 per cent.
2nd „ - - - - -	1·35	·75	45 „
3rd „ - - - - -	·87	·50	42 „

With this low scale, we think, return and season tickets should be dispensed with.

2.—*Charges for Parcels, Horses, Carriages, Dogs by Passenger Trains, and Small Packages by Goods Train.*

A proportionate reduction should be made for the conveyance of the above articles, and we have included in the estimated receipts from passenger and other coaching traffic (Table V.) such a sum as would cover any reduction which could be made for the cost of the mail service.

CONCLUSION.

3.—*Charges for Goods.*

Goods in the Irish Railway Clearing House Classification, as already explained.*

The charges not to include cartage beyond the railway stations.

Classification of Goods.	Present Minimum Charge.		Proposed Minimum Charge.	Per-centage of Reduction from Highest Minimum.
	Three miles.	Ten Miles.		
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	
1st class - - -	1 0	2 6	1 0	60 per cent.
2nd „ - - -	1 3	3 3	1 6	54 „
3rd „ - - -	1 6	3 9	2 0	47 „
4th „ - - -	2 0	5 6	2 6	54 „
5th „ - - -	3 0	8 9	3 0	66 „
6th „ - - -	6 0	13 6	3 0	78 „

Classification of Goods.	Present Average Charge per Ton per Mile.		Proposed Mileage Charges for all Distances above the Minimum.	Per-centage of Reduction from Average Charge under 25 Miles.
	Under 25 Miles.	150 to 200 Miles.		
	d.	d.	d.	
1st class - - -	2·11	·78	·75	64 per cent.
2nd „ - - -	2·81	1·04	1·00	64 „
3rd „ - - -	3·69	1·38	1·50	59 „
4th „ - - -	4·61	2·10	1·75	62 „
5th „ - - -	6·67	3·27	3·00	55 „
6th „ - - -	10·73	5·45	4·00	63 „

4.—*Charges for Live Stock.*

Description.	Present Minimum Charge per Truck.	Proposed Minimum Charge.	Per-centage of Reduction.	Present Average Mileage Charge per Truck.	Proposed Mileage Charge per Truck.	Per-centage of Reduction.
Cattle, &c. - -	s. d. 8 9	s. d. 2 6	72 per cent.	d. 5·90	d. 4	32 per cent.

Results of the adoption of the Recommendations in the Report.

The result of the above scale of charges as applied to the existing traffic of Ireland is shown in the following Table (V.):—

* Page 19. See also Appendix No. 11, p. 64.

TABLE (V.)—Showing an APPROXIMATE ESTIMATE of the EFFECT of the APPLICATION of the above SCALE of FARES and CHARGES to IRISH RAILWAYS, for One Year's Traffic, based on Average of Three Years ended 30th June 1867.

CONCLUSION.

Classification.	Receipts according to existing Scale of Fares and Charges.			Probable Receipts according to the proposed reduced Scale of Fares and Charges.			Decrease in Receipts from the Application of the reduced Scale of Fares and Charges to the existing Amount of Traffic.			Per-centage of Decrease in Receipts.
Receipts.	£	*s.*	*d.*	£	*s.*	*d.*	£	*s.*	*d.*	
1. Railways computed in first Report of the Commission on three years' average :										
Passengers, mails, &c. -	962,845	19	8	555,239	2	5	407,606	17	3	42·34
Merchandise, coal, &c. -	508,441	0	5	361,451	5	4	146,989	15	1	28·91
Cattle - - -	106,367	2	6	70,911	8	4	35,455	14	2	33·33
	1,577,654	2	7	987,601	16	1	590,052	6	6	37·40
2. Railways not computed on three years' average per-centage of decrease taken as above -	148,790	0	0	93,141	0	0	55,649	0	0	37·40
	1,726,444	2	7	1,080,742	16	1	645,701	6	6	37·40
Savings.										
1. In reducing interest on borrowed money to the uniform rate of 3½ per Cent. - -	-	-	-	*Cr. 88,000*	*0*	*0*	—			—
2. In reduction of establishment arising from concentration of management - -	-	-	-	*Cr. 32,000*	*0*	*0*				
							Cr. 120,000	*0*	*0*	—
Deficiency in one year -	-	-	-	-	-	-	525,701	6	6	30·45

The decrease in the receipts upon the existing traffic at the suggested prices appears at first very startling (645,701*l.* a year); but a saving will be effected of 88,000*l.* a year by a reduction in the rate of interest on borrowed money and floating liabilities, and of 32,000*l.* a year by concentration of management and the more profitable use of the rolling stock of the companies leaving the net deficit 525,701*l.* a year, supposing that the traffic remains without increase.

We have, however, assumed that a considerable and immediate increase would take place in the traffic both of passengers and goods in consequence of the reductions we have suggested, and that this increase, though not in so large a proportion, will be continued year by year. That for the first year the rolling stock and the accommodation at stations will be sufficient to meet the increased traffic; but that after the first twelve months a yearly sum will be required to provide for the necessary increase of rolling stock, sidings, and station accommodation to meet the increased traffic, and in our calculation this amount is charged to the revenue of the current year, as are also the working expenses of the original and increased traffic.

We are of opinion,—

1st. That a saving of 32,000*l.* a year will be effected by the concentration of management under one administrative department.

2nd. That a diminution of charge to the extent of 88,000*l.* a year will be made by placing the whole of the debenture capital and other borrowed money under Government guarantee.

3rd. That at the expiration of eleven years the receipts from the increased traffic will be of sufficient amount to pay all working charges, cost of increased rolling stock, siding and other accommodation, interest on borrowed money, and interest on capital advanced to meet losses incurred during the eleven years period, and leave a balance in favour of the Exchequer.

The calculations contained in this supplementary report are on the assumption that the railways of Ireland would be acquired on the terms stated in our first report, and any departure from such terms would necessarily cause an addition to or deduction from the figures herein given; but it is not probable that any such addition or deduction would be important.

CONCLUSION.

We do not feel it to be within the spirit of the instructions which we have received, to speculate upon the degree of material prosperity which would be given to Ireland by the adoption of a great reduction of rates and charges, and a concentration of management. It is, however, useful to know that if our anticipations of the increase of traffic resulting from the reductions be realized, the public using the Irish railways would pay for such increased traffic during a period of twelve years, the sum of 12,000,000*l.* less than they would have paid for such traffic at the existing rates, but instead of this advantage being obtained by means of any permanent sacrifice on the part of the State, a clear profit of 50,000*l.* would be secured in the twelfth year after payment of working charges, cost of increased accommodation and additional rolling stock, and interest on all capital previously advanced, and a profit of 90,000*l.* in the thirteenth year.

This amount of profit, and the larger annual amounts for subsequent years (supposing the traffic to continue to increase), would be available for the repayment of the money which had been advanced during the preceding period.

These are vast results, and it must be always remembered that calculations of this nature are subject to disturbance from unusual or unexpected circumstances, but having obtained the best and most accurate information in our power, and having brought our own experience to bear upon the questions submitted to us, we do not hesitate in giving our opinion that such results may be fairly expected to follow the suggested reductions.

We have the honour to be,
Your Lordships' obedient Servants,

(Signed) A. Y. SPEARMAN.
JOHN MULHOLLAND.
JOHN FOWLER.
SEYMOUR CLARKE.
C. JOHNSTONE.

The 7th of December 1868.

(Signed) W. NEILSON HANCOCK,
Secretary.

APPENDICES.

TABLES REFERRED TO IN REPORT.

No. 1.

Tables referred to in Report.

TABLE AA.—Showing the NUMBER of the DIFFERENT CLASSES of PASSENGERS on the RAILWAYS worked by the STATE in BELGIUM, and the RECEIPTS from them, in 1866 compared with the corresponding figures in 1865.

Classification of Passengers.	Number of Passengers.				Receipts from Passenger Traffic.			
	In 1866.	In 1865.	Increase in 1866.	Decrease in 1866.	In 1866.	In 1865.	Increase in 1866.	Decrease in 1866.
Express trains:					£	£	£	£
1st class passengers	262,409	290,904	- -	28,495	63,969	86,438	- -	22,469
2nd " -	152,818	134,126	18,692	- -	28,041	32,170	- -	4,129
3rd " -	154,911	- -	154,911	- -	11,121	- - -	11,121	—
Ordinary trains:								
1st class passengers	505,216	463,780	41,436	- -	53,278	62,036	- -	8,758
2nd " -	1,364,375	1,299,502	64,873	- -	76,441	88,157	- -	11,716
3rd " -	8,949,812	8,125,388	824,424	- -	287,283	293,370	- -	6,087
Passengers not classed	247,876	364,263	- -	116,387	13,279	21,419	- -	8,140
Total - -	11,637,417	10,677,963	959,454	—	533,412	583,590	—	50,178

TABLE BB.—Showing the NUMBER of the DIFFERENT CLASSES of PASSENGERS on the RAILWAYS worked by the STATE in BELGIUM, and the RECEIPTS from PASSENGER TRAFFIC, in 1867 compared with the corresponding figures in 1866.

Classification of Passengers.	Number of Passengers.				Receipts from Passenger Traffic.			
	In 1867.	In 1866.	Increase in 1867.	Decrease in 1867.	In 1867.	In 1866.	Increase in 1867.	Decrease in 1867.
Express trains:					£	£	£	£
1st class passengers	371,962	262,409	109,553	- -	88,608	63,969	24,639	—
2nd " -	238,892	152,818	86,074	- -	43,008	28,041	14,967	—
3rd " -	350,036	154,911	195,125	- -	24,819	11,121	13,698	—
Ordinary trains:								
1st class passengers	561,111	505,216	55,895	- -	55,352	53,278	2,074	—
2nd " -	1,576,318	1,364,375	211,943	- -	87,245	76,441	10,804	—
3rd " -	9,289,847	8,949,812	340,035	- -	290,242	287,283	2,959	—
Passengers not classed	228,795	247,876	- -	19,081	12,446	13,279	- -	833
Total - -	12,616,961	11,637,417	979,544	—	601,720	533,412	68,308	—

TABLE CC.—Showing the NUMBER of the DIFFERENT CLASSES of PASSENGERS on the RAILWAYS worked by the STATE in BELGIUM, and the RECEIPTS from PASSENGER TRAFFIC, in 1867 compared with the corresponding figures in 1865.

Classification of Passengers.	Number of Passengers.				Receipts from Passenger Traffic.			
	In 1867.	In 1865.	Increase in 1867.	Decrease in 1867.	In 1867.	In 1865.	Increase in 1867.	Decrease in 1867.
Express trains:					£	£	£	£
1st class passengers	371,962	290,904	81,058 27 p. cent.	- -	88,608	86,438	2,170 2 p. cent.	—
2nd " -	238,892	134,126	104,766 78 p. cent.	- -	43,008	32,170	10,838 33 p. cent.	—
3rd " -	350,036	- -	350,036	- -	24,819	- - -	24,819	—
Ordinary trains:								
1st class passengers	561,111	463,780	97,331 20 p. cent.	- -	55,352	62,036	- -	6,684 10 p. cent.
2nd " -	1,576,318	1,299,502	276,816 21 p. cent.	- -	87,245	88,157	- -	912 1 p. cent.
3rd " -	9,289,847	8,125,388	1,164,459 14 p. cent.	- -	290,242	293,370	- -	3,128 1 p. cent.
Passengers not classed	228,795	364,263	- -	135,468 37 p. cent.	12,446	21,419	- -	8,973 41 p. cent.
Total - -	12,616,961	10,677,963	1,938,999	—	601,720	583,590	18,130	—

Tables referred to in Report.

TABLE DD.—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PASSENGERS and RECEIPTS from PASSENGER TRAFFIC carried on the RAILWAYS worked by the STATE in BELGIUM for each month of the years ended 30th April 1866 and 1867.

Months.	Number of Passengers in Year ended 30th April				Receipts from Passenger Traffic in Year ended 30th April			
	1867.	1866.	Increase in 1867.	Decrease in 1867.	1867.	1866.	Increase in 1867.	Decrease in 1867.
					£	£	£	£
May - -	1,112,222	913,877	198,345	- -	49,623	48,731	892	—
June - -	1,025,141	965,142	59,999	- -	44,804	52,219	- -	7,415
July - -	1,070,800	1,002,309	68,491	- -	47,044	57,499	- -	10,455
August - -	1,042,004	1,104,308	- -	62,304	47,685	70,378	- -	22,693
September -	1,186,149	1,152,532	33,617	- -	53,277	68,905	- -	15,628
October - -	1,110,803	979,117	131,686	- -	50,852	50,704	148	—
November -	903,877	827,222	76,655	- -	39,802	40,059	- -	257
December -	892,604	862,312	30,292	- -	38,223	47,705	- -	9,482
January - -	804,252	799,384	4,868	- -	34,150	38,374	- -	4,224
February -	843,810	733,354	110,456	- -	36,427	35,798	629	—
March - -	912,265	818,735	93,530	- -	39,816	40,503	- -	687
April - -	1,016,795	942,344	74,451	- -	45,229	47,430	- -	2,201
	11,920,722	11,100,636	820,086	—	526,932	598,305	—	71,373
			Increase 7·38 per cent.				*Decrease 11·92 per cent.*	

TABLE EE.—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PASSENGERS and RECEIPTS from PASSENGER TRAFFIC on the RAILWAYS worked by the STATE in BELGIUM for each month of the years ended 30th April 1867 and 1868.*

Months.	Number of Passengers in Year ended 30th April				Receipts from Passenger Traffic in Year ended 30th April			
	1868.	1867.	Increase in 1868.	Decrease in 1868.	1868.	1867.	Increase in 1868.	Decrease in 1868.
					£	£	£	£
May - -	1,134,430	1 112,222	22,208	- -	52,982	49,623	3,359	—
June - -	1,198,876	1,025,141	173,735	- -	57,282	44,804	12,478	—
July - -	1,182,007	1,070,800	111,207	- -	60,033	47,044	12,989	—
August - -	1,293,184	1,042,004	251,180	- -	70,949	47,685	23,264	—
September -	1,398,907	1,186,149	212,758	- -	72,506	53,277	19,229	—
October - -	1,094,114	1,110,803	- -	16,689	53,793	50,852	2,941	—
November -	901,181	903,877	- -	2,696	40,740	39,802	938	—
December -	837,140	892,604	- -	55,464	37,815	38,223	- - -	408
January - -	840,627	804,252	36,375	- -	37,251	34,150	3,101	—
February -	841,735	843,810	- -	2,075	37,850	36,427	1,423	—
March - -	927,433	912,265	15,168	- -	41,714	39,816	1,898	—
April - -	981,311	1,016,795	- -	35,484	46,264	45,229	1,035	—
	12,630,945	11,920,722	710,223	—	609,179	526,932	82,247	—
			Increase 5·95 per cent.				Increase 15·61 per cent.	

TABLE FF.—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PASSENGERS and RECEIPTS from PASSENGER TRAFFIC on the RAILWAYS worked by the STATE in BELGIUM for each month of the years ended 30th April 1866 and 1868.

Months.	Number of Passengers in Year ended 30th April				Receipts from Passenger Traffic in Year ended 30th April			
	1868.	1866.	Increase in 1868.	Decrease in 1868.	1868.	1866.	Increase in 1868.	Decrease in 1868.
					£	£	£	£
May - -	1,134,430	913,877	220,553	- -	52,982	48,731	4,251	—
June - -	1,198,876	965,142	233,734	- -	57,282	52,219	5,063	—
July - -	1,182,007	1,002,309	179,698	- -	60,033	57,499	2,534	—
August - -	1,293,184	1,104,308	188,876	- -	70,949	70,378	571	—
September -	1,398,907	1,152,532	246,375	- -	72,506	68,905	3,601	—
October - -	1,094,114	979,117	114,997	- -	53,793	50,704	3,089	—
November -	901,181	827,222	73,959	- -	40,740	40,059	681	—
December -	837,140	862,312	- -	25,172	37,815	47,705	- - -	9,890
January - -	840,627	799,384	41,243	- -	37,251	38,374	- - -	1,123
February	841,735	733,354	108,381	- -	37,850	35,798	2,052	—
March - -	927,433	818,735	108,698	- -	41,714	40,503	1,211	—
April - -	981,311	942,344	38,967	- -	46,264	47,430	- - -	1,166
	12,630,945	11,100,636	1,530,309	—	609,179	598,305	10,874	—
			Increase 13·78 per cent.				Increase 1·82 per cent.	

* During this period the comparison is affected by the traffic to and from the Paris Exhibition, the fares for through foreign traffic not having been reduced.

Tables referred to in Report.

TABLE GG.—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the NUMBER of PASSENGERS and RECEIPTS from PASSENGER TRAFFIC on the RAILWAYS worked by the STATE in BELGIUM for the first four months of the years 1866 and 1868, and for the first four months of the years 1867 and 1868.

Months.	Number of Passengers.				Receipts from Passenger Traffic.			
	1868.	1866.	Increase in 1868.	Decrease in 1868.	1868.	1866.	Increase in 1868.	Decrease in 1868.
					£	£	£	£
January - -	840,627	799,384	41,243	- -	37,251	38,374	- - -	1,123
February -	841,735	733,354	108,381	- -	37,850	35,798	2,052	—
March - -	927,433	818,735	108,698	- -	41,714	40,503	1,211	—
April - -	981,311	942,344	38,967	- -	46,264	47,430	- - -	1,166
	3,591,106	3,293,817	297,289	- -	163,079	162,105	974	—
		Increase 9·02 per cent. in two years.				Increase 0·60 per cent. in two years.		
	1868.	1867.	1868.	1868.	1868.	1867.	1868.	1868.
January - -	840,627	804,252	36,375	- -	37,251	34,150	3,101	—
February -	841,735	843,810	- - -	2,075	37,850	36,427	1,423	—
March - -	927,433	912,265	15,168	- -	41,714	39,816	1,898	—
April - -	981,311	1,016,795	- - -	35,484	46,264	45,229	1,035	—
	3,591,106	3,577,122	13,984	—	163,079	155,622	7,457	—
			Increase 0·39 per cent.				Increase 4·79 per cent.	

TABLE HH.—Showing the INCREASE in NUMBER of PASSENGERS on RAILWAYS worked by the STATE in BELGIUM for Seven Months from 1st May 1866, compared with the corresponding Period in 1865 in each of the Zones of Distances travelled.

Zones of Distance travelled by Passengers.	Total Number of Passengers in Seven Months ended		Increase in 1866.	Increase per Cent.
	30th Nov. 1866.	30th Nov. 1865.		
Zone of short traffic (under 22 miles), "without reduction of fares" - - - - - - -	4,741,544	4,651,799	89,745	1·93
Intermediate zone, with "provisional reduction of fares"	1,036,298	862,372	173,926	20·17
Zone of long traffic (50 miles and upwards), with "definitive reduction of fares" - - - -	363,083	189,207	173,876	91·90
Total - -	6,140,925	5,703,378	437,547	7·67

TABLE II.—Showing for all the RAILWAYS worked by the STATE in BELGIUM, the Average Length worked, the Number of Passengers, and Total Receipts from Passenger Traffic in each year from 1857 to 1867 inclusive, with Amount and Rate of Increase per Annum.

Years.	Average Length worked.	Increase on previous Year.	Increase per Cent.	Number of Passengers.	Increase on previous Year.	Increase per Cent.	Total Receipts from Passengers.	Increase (or Decrease in *italics*) on previous Years.	Increase (or Decrease in *italics*) per Cent.
	miles.	miles.					£	£	
1857	462	—	—	6,458,424	- - -	- - -	417,173	—	—
1858	463	1	·2	6,640,948	182,524	2·8	418,338	1,165	·3
1859	463	0	0	7,140,640	499,692	7·5	428,845	10,507	2·5
1860	463	0	0	7,412,361	271,721	3·8	452,235	23,390	5·4
1861	464	1	·2	7,849,594	437,233	5·9	471,234	18,999	4·2
1862	464	0	0	8,131,685	282,091	3·6	496,327	25,093	5·3
1863	464	0	0	8,818,952	687,267	8·4	515,526	19,199	3·8
1864	464	0	0	9,421,632	602,680	6·8	539,092	23,566	4·6
1865	464	0	0	10,677,963	1,256,331	13·3	583,593	44,501	8·2
					Average of 8 years	6·5		Average of 8 years	4·3
1866*	490	26	5·6	11,637,417	959,454	8·9	533,415	*Dr. 50,178*	*Dr. 8·6*
1867	535	45	9·2	12,616,961	979,544	8·4	601,724	68,309	12·8

* First year of reduction of passenger fares.

Tables referred to in Report.

TABLE KK.—Showing the TOTAL RECEIPTS from GOODS and PASSENGERS, and the EXPENSES of working the RAILWAYS worked by the STATE in BELGIUM from 1857 to 1867.

Year.	Average Length worked.	Increase.	Increase per Cent.	Total Receipts.	Increase (or Decrease in *italics*).	Increase (or Decrease in *italics*) per Cent.	Expenses of working.	Increase (or Decrease in *italics*)	Increase (or Decrease in *italics*) per Cent.
	Miles.	Miles.		£	£		£	£	
1857	462	—	—	1,065,344	—	—	556,978	—	—
1858	463	1	·2	1,119,666	54,322	5·1	571,115	14,137	2·5
1859	463	0	0	1,123,240	3,574	·3	563,178	*Cr. 7,937*	*Cr. 1·4*
1860	463	0	0	1,184,079	60,839	5·4	566,411	3,233	·6
1861	464	1	·2	1,277,261	93,182	7·8	581,387	14,976	2·6
1862	464	0	0	1,301,930	24,669	1·9	593,702	12,315	2·1
1863	464	0	0	1,354,737	52,807	4·0	663,801	70,099	11·8
1864	464	0	0	1,443,960	89,223	6·6	704,633	40,832	6·1
1865	464	0	0	1,532,751	88,791	6·1	783,102	78,469	11·1
1866	490	26	5·6	1,527,558	*Dr. 5,193*	*Dr. ·3*	875,154	92,052	11·7
1867	535	45	9·2	1,600,055	72,497	4·7	976,005	100,850	11·5

TABLE LL.—Giving the AVERAGE of the IRISH CHARGES for GOODS per Ton per Mile for different DISTANCES with the AVERAGE of the corresponding BELGIAN CHARGES.

Distances.	Irish Goods Charges per Ton per Mile, including Terminals.	Diminution per Cent. for Distance.	*Belgian Goods Charges per Ton per Mile, including Terminals.	Diminution per Cent. for Distance.
	Irish 1st Class. *d.*		Belgian 4th Class. *d.*	
Under 25 miles - - -	2·11	- - -	1·27	—
25 to 50 miles - - -	1·49	29 per cent.	·88	31 per cent.
50 to 100 miles - - -	1·18	21 per cent.	·59	33 per cent.
100 to 150 miles - - -	·96	18 per cent.	·43	27 per cent.
150 to 200 miles - - -	·78	18 per cent.	·35	18 per cent.
Per-centage of diminution between shortest and longest distances as above - - - -	- - -	63 per cent.	- - -	72 per cent.
	Irish 2nd.		Belgian 2nd.	
Under 25 miles - - -	2·81	- - -	1·87	—
25 to 50 miles - - -	2·01	28 per cent.	1·50	20 per cent.
50 to 100 miles - - -	1·67	16 per cent.	1·12	25 per cent.
100 to 150 miles - - -	1·34	19 per cent.	·81	27 per cent.
150 to 200 miles - - -	1·04	22 per cent.	·66	18 per cent.
Per-centage of diminution between shortest and longest distances as above.	- - -	63 per cent.	- - -	64 per cent.
	Irish 3rd.		Belgian 1st.	
Under 25 miles - - -	3·69	- - -	2·20	—
25 to 50 miles - - -	2·64	28 per cent.	1·82	17 per cent.
50 to 100 miles - - -	2·20	16 per cent.	1·55	14 per cent.
100 to 150 miles - - -	1·76	20 per cent.	1·35	13 per cent.
150 to 200 miles - - -	1·38	21 per cent.	1·12	17 per cent.
Per-centage of diminution between shortest and longest distances as above - - -	- - -	62 per cent.	- - -	49 per cent.
	Irish 4th.		Belgian 1st.	
Under 25 miles - - -	4·61	- - -	2·20	—
25 to 50 miles - - -	3·56	23 per cent.	1·82	17 per cent.
50 to 100 miles - - -	2·98	13 per cent.	1·55	14 per cent.
100 to 150 miles - - -	2·61	12 per cent.	1·35	13 per cent.
150 to 200 miles - - -	2·10	19 per cent.	1·12	17 per cent.
Per-centage of diminution between shortest and longest distances as above - - - -	- - -	54 per cent.	- - -	49 per cent.

* The Belgian third class corresponds with the first three Irish classes in different proportions, and not with any one particular class to the same extent as the Belgian classes which have been taken for comparison.—*Vide* Table O., page 19.

Tables referred to in Report.

Table LL.—(*continued*).

Distances.	Irish Goods Charges per Ton per Mile, including Terminals.	Diminution per Cent. for Distance.	*Belgian Goods Charges per Ton per Mile, including Terminals.	Diminution per Cent. for Distance.
	Irish 5th Class. *d.*		Belgian 1st Class. *d.*	
Under 25 miles - - -	6·67	- -	2·20	—
25 to 50 miles - - -	5·26	21 per cent.	1·82	17 per cent.
50 to 100 miles - - -	4·71	10 per cent.	1·55	14 per cent.
100 to 150 miles - - -	4·17	11 per cent.	1·35	13 per cent.
150 to 200 miles - - -	3·27	21 per cent.	1·12	17 per cent.
Per-centage of diminution between shortest and longest distances as above - - -	- - -	51 per cent.	- - -	49 per cent.
	Irish 6th.		Belgian 1st.	
Under 25 miles - - -	10·73	- - -	2·20	—
25 to 50 miles - - -	7·00	35 per cent.	1·82	17 per cent.
50 to 100 miles - - -	7·00	- -	1·55	14 per cent.
100 to 150 miles - - -	6·86	2 per cent.	1·35	13 per cent
150 to 200 miles - - -	5·45	20 per cent.	1·12	17 per cent.
Per-centage of diminution between shortest and longest distances as above - - -	- - -	50 per cent.	- - -	49 per cent.

* The Belgian third class corresponds with the first three Irish classes in different proportions, and not with any one particular class to the same extent as the Belgian classes which have been taken for comparison.—*Vide* Table O., p. 19.

TABLE MM.—Showing a COMPARISON of AVERAGE CHARGES for GOODS of different Classes in IRELAND at different Distances, with the corresponding Belgian Charges.

Irish Goods Classes.	Irish Charges per Ton per Mile.	Corresponding Belgian Charges per Ton per Mile.	Difference per Ton per Mile.	Difference per Cent.
Under 25 miles.	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	
1st Class - - - - -	2·11	1·27	·84	39 per cent.
2nd " - - - - -	2·81	1·87	·94	33 "
3rd " - - - - -	3·69	2·20	1·49	40 "
4th " - - - - -	4·61	2·20	2·41	52 "
5th " - - - - -	6·67	2·20	4·47	67 "
6th " - - - - -	10·73	2·20	8·53	79 "
25 to 50 miles.				
1st Class - - - - -	1·49	·88	·61	41 per cent.
2nd " - - - - -	2·01	1·50	·51	25 "
3rd " - - - - -	2·64	1·82	·82	31 "
4th " - - - - -	3·56	1·82	1·74	49 "
5th " - - - - -	5·26	1·82	3·44	65 "
6th " - - - - -	7·00	1·82	5·18	74 "
50 to 100 miles.				
1st Class - - - - -	1·18	·59	·59	50 per cent.
2nd " - - - - -	1·67	1·12	·55	33 "
3rd " - - - - -	2·20	1·55	·65	29 "
4th " - - - - -	2·98	1·55	1·43	48 "
5th " - - - - -	4·71	1·55	3·16	67 "
6th " - - - - -	7·00	1·55	5·45	78 "
100 to 150 miles.				
1st Class - - - - -	·96	·43	·53	55 per cent.
2nd " - - - - -	1·37	·81	·55	48 "
3rd " - - - - -	1·76	1·35	·41	23 "
4th " - - - - -	2·61	1·35	1·26	48 "
5th " - - - - -	4·17	1·35	2·82	67 "
6th " - - - - -	6·86	1·35	5·51	80 "
150 to 200 miles.				
1st Class - - - - -	·78	·35	·43	54 per cent.
2nd " - - - - -	1·04	·66	·38	36 "
3rd " - - - - -	1·38	1·12	·26	19 "
4th " - - - - -	2·10	1·12	·98	54 "
5th " - - - - -	3·27	1·12	2·15	47 "
6th " - - - - -	5·45	1·12	4·33	79 "

No. 2.

Statement of Belgian Minister, &c.

TRANSLATION of a STATEMENT laid before the CHAMBER OF REPRESENTATIVES at BRUSSELS, on the 7th March 1865, explanatory of the proposed law concerning the SCALE of CHARGES for PASSENGERS and LUGGAGE on the Railways of the State, which received the Royal Assent on the 1st July 1865.

GENTLEMEN,

THE object of the proposed law which I have the honour to submit to your deliberations is to authorize the Government to regulate, temporarily, by administrative measures, the scale of charges for passengers and luggage on the railways of the State.

In asking these powers the Government are actuated by one idea alone,—to introduce successive reforms into this scale by means of prudently attempted experiments and improvements, graduated so as, on the one hand, to render the railway more accessible to the public, and on the other, not to compromise the financial state of that institution.

Indeed, Gentlemen, if it were possible to extemporise a complete system of reform, if it were possible to provide against the serious financial miscalculations, which might be the consequence of general and radical measures, the Government would not hesitate to submit a complete project to your deliberations; but, except a few partial experiments, such as excursion trains, return tickets, season tickets, there exists no precedent in any extensive scale of working.

The scale of charges for passengers is everywhere based on an equal mileage rate, a foundation which seems neither rational, since it presumes the mileage equality of working expenses, nor commercial, since it produces an increase of fare, which, beyond the natural obstacles opposed by distance to movement from place to place, adds a kind of tax that renders travelling onerous, if not impossible, to the inferior and even to the middle classes of society.

The reforms successively introduced by Government in the scale of charges of goods have met with the assent of the country and its representatives. Other projected or desired improvements will be accomplished in time. But I do not hesitate to declare that the Government themselves would perhaps have recoiled before these reforms, if it had been a question of proposing them in a project as a whole, and of putting them simultaneously into execution.

Admitting the knowledge, experience, and energy necessary to the elaboration of such a project, one would have drawn back before its financial consequences, before a possible and immediate diminution of many millions in the receipts.

The Government then have striven to examine the ground carefully by means of successive trials; they have prudently advanced from reform to reform in such a manner as to produce the desired good, still maintaining untouched the admirable financial state of our national net-work of railways.

The essential basis of the reforms introduced in the scale of charges of goods has been the reduction of the mileage rate in proportion to the increase of distance.

The Government think that it would be useful and just to apply the same principle to the scale of fares of passengers, and they believe that the latter reform ought to be accomplished by the same procedure, and with the same prudence as the former.

The Government also find it impossible to attempt, except by legislative measures, any other partial improvement, the powers which are given them by Art. 10 of the law of the 12th April 1851,* being limited to exceptional cases.

It is for this reason that they have postponed until now the creation of special scales of fares for the market and suburban trains, and for season tickets, the addition of third-class carriages to certain express trains, the reduction of the *minima* of fares, and of other analogous experiments which it would be useful to make.

I have thought, Gentlemen, that it would not be irrelevant rapidly to survey the different circumstances which have marked the reform of the goods scale of charges, and to consider the results obtained.

I hope these explanations are of such a nature as to justify the vote of confidence which I have the honour of soliciting from the legislature.

In 1856, in spite of an increase of 38 miles of lines worked, the traffic and the receipts for heavy goods were less by 104,000 tons, and by 12,120*l.* than those of the preceding year.

On the other hand, offers of new traffic, but at reduced prices, were made from all parts to the administration. This state of things seemed to indicate a kind of limitation of traffic resulting from the high rates.

The administration accepted these offers.

Such was the origin of particular contracts and special scales of charges.

The traffic received from this measure a lively impulse, and the Government have proved the correctness of the system in spite of the objections on principle, which were made to it. It can be affirmed that it has been profitable to the country as well as to the public Treasury. The administration on its part has drawn from it precious elements of information, and an experience which has allowed it to go on boldly in the path of progress. From 1856 to 1860 (four years) the traffic increased by 1,133,000 tons, and the receipts by 132,252*l.*

In 1861 the Government introduced the first regular scale of charges, with reduction according to distance.

It embraced pit-coal, coke, patent fuel, rough castings, flag-stones, building stones, and lime.

The results of this experiment were remarkable. The entire traffic rose 11·61 per cent. (427,000 tons), the receipts 10·93 per cent. (65,400*l.*), but the increase of tonnage of the goods which got the benefit of the new scale of charges attained the enormous amount of 72·40 per cent.

In 1862 the special scale became general, that is to say, it was extended to all goods of the third class.

A scale, reduced according to distance, was put in operation for the second class, as also other secondary measures. The railways were worked under this *régime* during the years 1862–3, and the first five months of 1864.

In spite of these reductions of the scale of charges, and of the intensity of the commercial and industrial crisis, the traffic increased by 621,000 tons, and the receipts by 35,680*l.*

In 1864 still more important reforms were decreed; all goods of the third class passed into a new class at rates greatly reduced; the greater part of second-class goods were ranked in the third, and a certain number of products of the first class in the second and third. The charges of these two latter classes had a system of reduction according to distance applied to them; a reduced scale of charges was made for contracts, &c.

The effect of these measures was to suppress almost the whole of the former contracts and special scales, the charges by ordinary scales being equal to or lower than those of favoured ones.

The results surpassed all expectation.

* Article 10.—The minister will have the option of reducing the scale of fares for passengers to the limit of 50 per cent.:—
1st. For the conveyance of emigrants and their luggage;
2nd. For special traffic, and for traffic on such occasions as solemnities, meetings, and public fêtes, which appear of a nature likely to procure an increase of receipts to the railway.

Statement of Belgian Minister.

From June to December the tonnage of heavy goods increased by 525,000 tons which represents for a period of 12 months a total increase of 900,000 tons. It is equivalent to the average increase in three years.

As to the receipts, the loss from the sudden change might have reached 80,000*l.*, but this prodigious development of traffic maintained them at a normal level.

The increase for the same period, from June to December, had been 23,120*l.*, which represents 39,600*l.* for a year.

You can understand that if the increase of the traffic continue, even in the smallest proportions, after the first year, the results in receipts would be much more brilliant since the product of the excess of traffic would no longer be wanted to compensate the reduction on the previous amount.

Let me be allowed to consider the *ensemble* of these measures under the three most interesting aspects,—

1. The rate of the scale of charges.
2. The benefit to the public.
3. The result to the treasury (receipts and expense).

The following is a comparison of the scale of charges of 1856 and 1864.

Distances.	1st Class.		2nd Class.		3rd Class.		4th Class.	
	Scale of 1856.	Scale of 1864.	Scale of 1856.	Scale of 1864.	Scale of 1856.	Scale of 1864.	Scale of 1856.	Scale of 1864
Miles	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*
15	2 9	2 9	2 4	2 4	1 11	2 0	1 11	1 7
31	4 10	4 9	4 0	4 0	3 2	3 2	3 2	2 4
46	6 9	6 9	5 7	5 7	4 4	4 4	4 4	3 0
62	8 10	8 9	7 2	6 0	5 7	4 7	5 7	3 2
77	10 9	10 9	8 9	6 4	6 9	4 9	6 9	3 4
93	12 10	12 9	10 5	6 9	8 0	5 0	8 0	3 7
108	14 9	14 9	12 0	7 2	9 2	5 2	9 2	3 9
124	16 10	16 9	13 7	7 7	10 5	5 4	10 5	4 0
139	18 9	18 9	15 2	8 0	11 7	5 7	11 7	4 2
155	20 10	20 9	16 10	8 4	12 10	5 9	12 10	4 4

It is essential to remark that the large difference between the rates of 1856 and 1864 is increased by the important changes effected in the classification.

Thus, lime paid formerly, in the 2nd class from 2*s.* 4*d.* to 16*s.* 9*d.*; now it pays in the 4th class from 1*s.* 7*d.* to 4*s.* 4*d.*; 2*s.* 9*d.* to 20*s.* 9*d.* were paid for beetroot in the 1st class, only 1*s.* 7*d.* to 4*s.* 4*d.* are now charged for in the 4th class.

Similar reductions, to the extent of 80 per cent. on the prices of 1856, have been made on coal, minerals, cast and wrought iron, wood, building materials (stones, bricks, flags, tiles, slates, &c.) potatoes, manure, &c.

What has been the benefit to the public?

The increase of benefit which the public has gained from the railway from 1856 to 1864 is not only in proportion to the increase of traffic, but also to the lower rate paid.

The traffic has increased in the following proportions.

Year.	Weight carried.	Increase of Weight.	Receipt per Ton carried.	Saving to the Public.		
				Per Ton carried.	Per Cent.	Total Amount.
	Tons.	Tons.	*s.* *d.*	*d.*		£
1856	2,545,000	—	3 8	—		—
1857	2,783,000	238,000	3 6	2	5 per cent.	26,720
1858	3,190,000	407,000	3 5	3	6 „	35,720
1859	3,315,000	125,000	3 5	3	7 „	42,400
1860	3,678,000	363,000	3 3	5	11 „	75,040
1861	4,105,000	427,000	3 3	5	12 „	88,680
1862	4,276,000	171,000	3 1	7	16 „	126,560
1863	4,479,000	203,000	3 0	8	18 „	150,480
1864	5,251,000	772,000	2 8	12	28 „(1)	266,800

The increase of tonnage from 1856 to 1864 is 2,706,000 tons or 106·32 per cent.

We do not think we shall be contradicted when we say that an increase of 2,706,000 tons (106 per cent.) and an economy of 800,000*l.* realized in eight years, the last year of which absorbs in itself alone 266,800*l.* corresponding to a mean diminution of 28 per cent. in the scale of charges are a powerful element of prosperity to our commerce, our industry, and our agriculture. At what price has the public treasury realized these benefits?

From 1856 to 1864 the receipts on the heavy goods have been raised from 438,840*l.* (2) to 669,520*l.*, (2) *i.e.* 230,680*l.* or $52\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

The other elements of traffic, passengers, light goods, bullion, &c., have returned in 1864, 677,600*l.*(2) against 487,320*l.* (2) in 1856.

The increase of the two kinds of traffic gives thus a total of 420,960*l.* or 31·25 per cent. excess above the estimate. The working expenses were 592,440*l.* in 1856; they were raised in 1864 to 720,000*l.*, (3) *i.e.* 127,560*l.* or $21\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. more. Let us add to these expenses all the interest of the capital expended from 1856 to 1864, though the greater part of this outlay was indispensable, and quite independent of the alteration of the scale of charges.

This outlay on the 31st of December last amounted to 1,243,120*l.*, (4) the interest at 5 per cent. being 62,160*l.*

The total increase of the cost of working and the interest of capital thus amounts to 189,720*l.*, *i.e.* to an amount less by 231,240*l.* than the increased receipts from ordinary traffic, and even less by 40,960*l.* than the increased receipts from the special traffic of heavy goods.

In short, since 1856, that is to say, in eight years,

1. The charges on goods have been lowered on an average by 28 per cent.
2. The public have despatched 2,706,000 tons more, while they have economized more than 800,000*l.* on the cost of carriage.
3. The public treasury has realized 231,240*l.* more after having paid the cost of working and the interest of capital.

Being in this prosperous situation the Government asks if the time has not come to turn their attention to the second part of the problem of cheap conveyance.

In other words, whether it is not proper to apply to the service of passengers the principles which have given such satisfactory results to that of goods.

The Government is of opinion that in principle facility and cheapness in passenger traffic are as productive of advantage to all classes of society as the economical conveyance of goods can be to the producers and the consumers.

In what manner should we proceed to attain this desirable result?

I repeat that this is only to be learnt by the attentive study of facts and experience.

The Government cherish the hope that the legislature, co-operating with their good intentions, will not refuse the powers necessary to arrive at their realization.

The Minister of Public Works,
(Signed) JULES VANDERSTICHELEN.

(1) In fact the reduction is still more considerable, for the scales at,fares reduced according to distance have necessarily had the effect of increasing the average distance travelled, and in consequence of partly compensating the reductions effected on the basis of the fares.

(2) The share of the State, after deduction of the amounts paid to the Tournay and Jurbise, and the Dendre and Waes Companies.

(3) In this is included the supplementary supplies, and also the supply of 40,000*l.* for extraordinary renewal of rolling stock and permanent way, attached to the budget of 1864 by the law of 30 December 1864.

(4) Not including 120,000*l.* set apart for the direct line from Brussels to Louvain.

No. 3.

Report of Central Section of Belgian Chamber of Representatives.

TRANSLATION of EXTRACTS from REPORT made to the CHAMBER OF REPRESENTATIVES, BRUSSELS, on the 22nd of February 1868, in the NAME of the CENTRAL SECTION by M. DESCAMPS.

(*a*) *Report on General Discussion in the Central Section.*

THE Central Section has considered it necessary to place before the Minister of Public Works a series of questions relative to the different chapters of the Budget. We shall reproduce them later, along with the discussion on the articles to which these questions relate, and we shall add to the replies that have been made to them, the observations that they have suggested to the Central Section.

In relation to the increase of supplies that the services of the railway have necessitated in 1868, the Central Section introduced the discussion of reforms suggested in the administration of the State railway system. It examined the results of these reforms from the Treasury point of view. The services rendered to trade and industry, and the facilities afforded to the general public; it discussed also the present and future influence of the new scale of fares and charges upon the expenses of working, and upon the existence and development of the network of our railways.

The principle of the scale of diminishing charges, that is to say, of that in which the charge per mile diminishes in proportion to the length of the journey is not new, it has always been practised by certain carriers upon roads, rivers, and canals, and it has been adopted for many years in France and England, if not in a general manner, at least for the conveyance of certain classes of merchandise.

In Belgium even the scale of charges of 1864 was only the generalization of measures in operation since 1861, and the regulating and extension to the general public of those advantages which had been granted to special classes of local traders by special contracts and scales of charges.

Although the scale of diminishing charges rests upon a principle indisputably rational and eminently suitable for the development of traffic and commercial relations, the uses and advantage of the reform introduced have been much discussed and opposed. Because if, as the Central Section is pleased to acknowledge the basis of the new scale is unassailable, the successive application that has been made of it, (first, to the conveyance of merchandise and then to that of passengers,) could not, whether as the partisans of reform may maintain on account of adverse circumstance arising at the very time when the experiment relative to the scale for passengers commenced, or on account of the great extent of the last reform, be crowned with equal success nor meet in a manner equally satisfactory the requirements of the Treasury.

The ardent supporters of a low scale of fares and charges, in the most general and boldest application of that system, pretend that it has not gone far enough, and that the State will find in the development of the industrial and commercial activity of the country, resulting from a reduction of the scales, sufficient compensation for the consequences (more or less unfortunate), of a depression in the net produce. The least forward amongst them agree it is true, that if the contributors, that is to say, those whose capital has been employed for the construction of the system of State railways cannot be considered as shareholders of the railways, they are, however, bond-holders, and in virtue of this principle the Treasury ought at first to repay itself for its advances, both capital and interest, but when this reimbursement is effected the excess of the net produce ought to be restored, under the form of a diminution of charges, to those who use the railway.

The Central Section would be unanimous in adopting this latter opinion if the work pursued by the State were only completed, but when it considers the insufficiency of the means at its disposal to finish the lines projected, the postponement of expenditure likely to be eminently productive, the delay in effecting improvements which ought to be made to maintain the condition of permanent way and rolling stock, it believes that it is its duty to acquire from the railway an excess above what is requisite for the payment of interest and gradual redemption of debt.

On the other hand if it be admitted from this time that the contributors were considered as simply bondholders of the railway, it would demand that the State, (carrying out in the administration of the railways, the plan of operations in the direction of all industrial business) should present each year an account of works, that it should keep in view its expenses in constructing inevitable extensions, and above all the gradual redemption of the first cost of the permanent way and rolling stock, that nothing be neglected for the repair and constant improvement of machinery, and, finally, that an ample guarantee should be given that the State, some years later, should not be placed in a more or less difficult position for discharging the debt.

It is understood that if the scale of diminishing charges realizes the essential mission of railways, that of reducing the inconveniences of distance, of spreading abroad the essential articles of industry, and of bringing, so to speak, the most distant consumers near to our centres of production, the solution of the problem of this scale, viewed in the interest of the Treasury, consists in finding the proportion of the progressive reduction of the charges according to distance, which ought to be maintained to lead to the development of traffic so that the increase of what is conveyed should compensate for the difference of receipts for each portion of the traffic, full account being taken of the increase of expenditure.

In the absence of information as to the exact profit of each unit of traffic, experience only can furnish the solution of the problem above stated, and the results of this experience appear to have completely realized the hopes that had been entertained as far as the amount of merchandise is concerned. The progression of the expenses having however increased more rapidly than that of the receipts, some increase in the scale of charges for merchandise has been judged necessary to satisfy the requirements of the Treasury, and a ministerial resolution of the 2nd of January last, modified very materially the classification and charges formerly established for certain descriptions of goods; the Central Section, while appreciating the necessities imposed upon Government, would regard as deeply to be regretted the necessity of increasing the charges for goods; if modifications in this sense should be considered indispensable in the future, it has confidence that the administration would only resort to this unpleasant necessity with the most scrupulous circumspection and the greatest caution.

But the Central Section, while recognizing the success of the new scale of charges for the conveyance of goods not only in its principle but in almost every application that has been made of it, is not unanimous in its approval of the measures which have been taken concerning the scale of fares of passengers. In the opinion of some of the members, the degree of the progressive decrease of the fares as it has been calculated is excessive, and if the wants of the public Treasury require an increase of receipts it is above all in the modification of the passenger scale of fares that it should be found. In their opinion the conveyance of passengers is not entirely analogous to that

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of goods; if by a considerable reduction in the goods charges a much greater consumption of most things is obtained, it is difficult to persuade them that a similar result can be obtained by the conveyance of passengers; travelling is in effect induced by motives of convenience, pleasure, or utility, which it is impossible to multiply beyond a certain extent. Besides the new scale of fares to be just, ought to receive its application in the three zones, and the results obtained up to the present time do not appear to be of a nature to allow of immediate extension of this reform, as they think that it would occasion considerable loss to the Treasury. The excessive reduction of fares charged for long journeys would, they also think, tend but slowly to such an increase in the number of passengers as would compensate for the sacrifices that it would impose upon the State; on the other hand, local reductions, in special cases of frequent occurrence, diminutions in favour of return tickets, bodies of workmen, &c., all that can in a word meet the recognized wants of masses of people resident in a confined radius, should, they think, be the extent of the new system of fares. These measures would respond to the demands of the Treasury, at the same time they would satisfy the legitimate desires of the public, and, above all, those of the lower classes.

The majority of our Section is far from undervaluing the weight of most of these arguments, and the efficacy of the means indicated above for completing the measures taken by the administration of railways. Nevertheless, it declines to decide at present the definitive results of the second part of the reform, and would wish that Government should modify the amount of the actual scale of fares (should there be any occasion to do so) only when the scale has been submitted to the test of a normal year. In fact, if on the one hand the abnormal transit of passengers caused by the Paris Exhibition in 1867 cannot serve as a basis for rightly appreciating the reform, the results obtained in 1866 have certainly been, on the other hand, considerably lessened by the calamities which have, in the course of that year, suspended or diminished the most frequent sources of intercourse.

The Department of Public Works, in the annual report of the operations of the railways of the State in 1866, wishing to justify the success of the reform even during that unlucky year, has proved that if the months of June, August, and November suffer a reduction, or recoil in the zone without reduction, they are marked by a noticeable increase in each of the two other zones, viz., in that from 22 to 46 miles where the reduction is provisional, and in that beyond 46 miles which has the benefit of the reductions being completely carried out.

According to the figures shown by this report, as to the distribution of passengers in journeys confined to the State lines, from the time of the application of the new scale of fares (May 1866) until the month of November 1866, it appears that there have been during this period—

In the zone without reduction, an increase of 89,745 passengers on 4,651,799, or 1·93 per cent.

In the zone with provisional reduction, an increase of 173,926 passengers on 862,372, or 20·17 per cent.

In the zone with definitive reduction, an increase of 173,786 passengers on 189,207, or 91·90 per cent.

These figures certainly speak for themselves; at the same time an exaggerated value was assigned to them, for even if the number of passengers has almost doubled in the third zone, it does not constitute 6 per cent. of the total number of passengers. It has been stated besides that a fraud was practised upon a sufficiently large scale, in proportion to the number of passengers carried in the third zone, to have had the effect, at least at the commencement of the reform, of transferring into long journeys a series of small broken journeys, which ought consequently to have been included in the first and second zones.

If we compare the number of passengers having travelled in each of these three zones in 1864 (*see* the Annual Report of the operations of the railway in 1866, page 42) to that of the passengers in the same three zones during the months from May to November 1866, we obtain the following results:—

The number of passengers travelling from 1 to 22 miles has been—

In 1864, 6,552,696 out of a total of 8,449,583, or 77·56 per cent.

From (May to November) 1866, 4,741,544 out of a total of 6,140,925, or 77·21 per cent.

The number of passengers travelling from 22 to 46 miles has been—

In 1864, 1,574,972 out of a total of 8,449,583, or 18·64 per cent.

From (May to November) 1866, 1,036,298 out of a total of 6,140,925, or 16·87 per cent.

Finally, the number of passengers travelling a distance over 46 miles—

In 1864, 321,915 out of a total of 8,449,583, or 3·81 per cent.

From (May to November) 1866, 363,083 out of a total of 6,140,925, or 5·91 per cent.

This shows that relatively to the total number of passengers carried in the three zones in 1864, in the seven months, May to November 1866 respectively, the number of passengers in the first zone has remained practically the same; that it has diminished about 1·77 per cent. in the second zone of provisional reduction, and it has increased on the contrary 2·10 per cent. in the third zone of definitive reductions during the period May to November 1866.

The conclusion to be drawn from these calculations is that if the new scale of charges has produced a result the more remarkable even on account of the calamitous circumstances during which it was introduced, that result is not, however, of so much importance as might appear at first sight.

Finally, there is still another point of view from which the reform may be regarded, and which could not escape the examination of our Central Section. We wish to speak of the influence caused by an excessive decrease of the scale of charges and fares upon the development and even upon the commencement of the still incomplete net-work of our railways. As a point of equity (which decides without doubt the whole question), before dividing amongst those who are now in a position to profit by the railway the dividends to be produced from the working of it, it is necessary to assist in the completion of this net-work, that is to say, to extend to the greatest number of contributors the benefits of these means of rapid and economical communication. Therefore a general depression of the receipts of the railway would infallibly result in exhausting the resources which supply the credit for this kind of enterprise, and in also jeopardising for some time the accomplishment of the work so earnestly desired.

As to the expenses of working which in 1866 have exceeded by 3,876*l*. those of 1865, the excess cannot be attributed entirely to the greater activity caused by the development of traffic; they are therefore not an immediate consequence of the reduction of the scale of charges. The considerable rise in price of certain articles of consumption (combustibles, oils, &c.), the increase of the rates of salaries, the increase of carrying expenses, the noticeable extension of the State railways, the improvement and extension of the heating and lighting of the new stations and places existing upon the lines recently opened, have all been the causes which have coincided with the introduction of the reforms, and have greatly contributed to diminish the benefits or net proceeds of the working of the railways; it would therefore be unjust to consider the reform as alone responsible for this state of things.

At the same time we must add, that if the effect of traffic upon the wear and tear of permanent way and rolling stock does not manifest itself immediately, it is notwithstanding inevitable; in order to diminish as much as possible the cost of such increase of wear

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and tear, which in a short time would become onerous for the Treasury, the administration of the railways, (contrary to what it had previously determined), does not hesitate, as we shall have occasion to show in the continuation of this report, to enter freely upon the question of expenses, for improvements which however useful they may be, are not at present indispensable.

To sum up, we the members of the Central Section are of opinion that the data furnished by experience to the present time tend to prove that the applications which have been made to the conveyance of goods of the reduction in the mileage charge as the distance increases have in a great measure produced the results that were expected; that the trial of the same principle applied to the conveyance of passengers not being completed, we agree before deciding definitively upon this part of the reforms to await the result of an experiment made under normal conditions; also whatever may be the instructions resulting from the definite trial of the new scales of fares and charges, the State will not lose sight, for a time at least, of the rule it at first laid down, viz. to obtain the greatest profit from the greatest amount of traffic. By this principle the true interests of industry and commerce will be rendered consistent with those of the public wealth, at the same time that it will assure the existence and development of the work that it has so laboriously and gloriously undertaken to achieve.

(*b*.) *Examination and Discussion of the Articles.*

* * * *

Question.

What has been the amount of traffic under the following heads:—

1st. Heavy goods.
2nd. Small parcels.
3rd. Passengers.

General traffic, gross receipts, and net receipts during the nine first months of 1867, and what have been the comparative results realized during the same periods in 1865 and 1866.

Reply.

This question is easily answered as far as concerns traffic and the gross receipts obtained, but it is impossible under existing circumstances to reply to that part of it referring to net receipts realized. For if the Administration knew the amount of the general expenses of working, and how they were divided among the different items of the budget of the department, it does not know the amount of expense due to each kind of transport taken separately; much less is it able to determine the charge due to a ton of heavy merchandise, to a cwt. of small parcels, to a single passenger. Besides this the charge varies according to the lines and length of the journey. In this respect the question under consideration reopens that which has been already answered, and which relates to the calculation of remunerative fares.

The traffic and gross receipts, are shown in the following tables for the first nine months of 1865, 1866, and 1867. The table shows separately the portion of the receipts due to the Public Treasury, and the amount applicable to the companies whose lines are worked by Government added to the sums payable to the Public Treasury.

TRAFFIC on LINES worked by the STATE.

Heavy Goods.			Small Packages and Parcels.			Passengers.		
First Nine Months.			First Nine Months.			First Nine Months.		
1865.	1866.	1867.	1865.	1866.	1867.	1865.	1866.	1867.
Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Passengers.	Passengers.	Passengers.
4,292,895	4,715,373	4,767,050	74,999	82,937	96,358	8,009,312	8,730,133	9,784,526
GROSS RECEIPTS (LINES owned by the STATE only).								
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
504,213	518,678	522,332	72,177	69,245	77,616	418,630	374,476	431,294
GROSS RECEIPTS (Collectively).								
£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
542,850	569,030	576,215	77,625	74,638	84,154	445,125	404,537	469,375

These figures justify the reserve of the Central Section in the formation of their opinion on the results of the reform as far as it concerns the scale of fares for passengers. It shows, in fact, that the gross receipts for 1867 do not much exceed those of 1865. It may be objected, however, that the system received from 1865 to 1867 a considerable extension, estimated at 17·13 per cent. To this objection the Administration has already replied that the opening of new lines—those from Tournay to Blandain, from Hal to Ath, from Brussels to Ghent, and from Louvain to Brussels—has had but a slight influence on the receipts; according to this, these lines are but shortenings of existing routes and of little importance, the opening of them has caused a divergence of traffic rather than a real increase.

In support of the truth of this may be taken the fact that the railroad from Hal to Ath, and from Tournay to Blandain only received 6,296*l*. as their share of passenger traffic during the year 1866.

No. 4.

TRANSLATION of EXTRACTS from the PROCEEDINGS of the BELGIAN SENATE,—Meeting of the 22nd of May 1868.

Report of Commission of Belgian Senate.

REPORT of the COMMISSION for PUBLIC WORKS empowered to examine the proposed DECREE containing the BUDGET of the MINISTER of PUBLIC WORKS for the PERIOD of 1868.

Gentlemen,

The Budget for Public Works for 1868 which has been adopted unanimously, with one exception, in the Sitting of the Chamber of Representatives on the 12th of this month has given your fourth Commission the opportunity for a few observations, which will be produced later and as soon as the examination of the articles is proceeded with.

	£
The supplies asked for in the Budget of Public Works, brought forward for the period 1868, amounts in the sum total to - - - -	1,578,760
The decree of the 23rd of March 1867 fixed the Budget of this Department for the period of 1867 at - -	1,536,675
The increase is therefore - -	£42,085

The increase is subdivided, as follows, among the different branches of the service :—

	Increase.	Decrease.	Difference in 1868 : Increase.
I. *Sundry Branches of Service :*	£	£	£
Central administration -	—	—	1,544
Bridges and roads -	1,645	—	—
Buildings other than military	4,380	—	—
Canals and rivers - -	2,500	—	—
Harbours and coasts -	1,548	—	—
Personal service on bridges and roads.	—	20	
	10,073	20	10,053
II. *Railways, Post Office, and Telegraphs :*			
Ways and works - -	—	5,389	—
Locomotive power and rolling stock.	12,784	—	—
Carriage of stores - -	8,858		
Post office - - -	4,548	—	—
Telegraphs - - -	8,396	—	—
Sundries - - -	1,174	—	—
Assistance to the employed, widows of employés, &c.	117	—	—
	35,877	5,389	30,488
Total increase -	- -	- -	42,085

The most important increase, it will be noticed, relates to the service of the railways, posts, telegraphs. It is justified by the extension of these services.

RAILWAYS, POST OFFICE TELEGRAPHS.*

Ways and Works.

In relation to the increase of supplies demanded for the service of the railways by the present budget, your Commissioners have examined the different reforms introduced in the State system ; the discussion has turned more particularly upon the reduction of scale of fares for passengers.

A member notices that if the result of experience appears to have realized the hopes that had been entertained so far as the goods traffic is concerned, it has not been the case with the passenger scale ; he considers that the basis of the new scale is not sufficiently high for the longer distances ; he says, indeed, the conveyance of passengers cannot be compared to that of goods, because it is impossible to increase the journeys of passengers beyond certain limits, which are always determined by motives of convenience, pleasure, and usefulness ; that it would have been better to have arranged the reductions under the form of return tickets, and of season tickets, as other companies have done.

Another member replies that the increase of what is carried in general makes up the difference of receipts ; that in any case, supposing a loss of this kind, the State would find compensation in the development of the commercial and industrial activity of the country. The State system cannot be worked like that of a private company ; it appears to your Commission that if the Treasury has a right to be reimbursed for its advances in capital and interest, the excess of the net produce ought to be restored through a reduction of the fares and charges to those who avail themselves of the railway.

After the arguments produced on either side, your Commission has been unanimous in proposing to adjourn until next session the solution of this difficult question, finding that the data furnished by the experiments up to the present time are not sufficient, the results obtained in 1866 having been considerably lessened by the calamities which so much diminished traffic for business and social intercourse ; nor can the exceptional transit of passengers, caused in 1867 by the Exhibition at Paris, serve as a basis for acquiring a correct idea of the reform.

Your Commission also feels a desire to see a certain permanence in the rules fixing the time of departure of the trains on the State railways, as is the custom on the the most important French lines. It desires that the Minister of Public Works should make alterations only upon important data in exceptional circumstances, and in cases of absolute necessity ; and that in order to avoid the frequent mistakes made by passengers, alterations be made only on the first of each month. It also urges this high functionary to make the most pressing inquiries concerning independent companies in order to establish regular correspondence with the State system.

* Report, Chapter IV. Section I.

Replies of Belgian Public Works Department.

No. 5.

TRANSLATION of REPLIES received from the Department of Public Works in BELGIUM to Inquiries respecting the Adoption of Fares on State Lines by independent Companies.

INQUIRIES, &c.

(*a*) And whether any change has been made in the charge for passengers' luggage;

(*b*) The extent to which return tickets are adopted on the State lines;

(*c*) The extent to which the State scales of fares for passengers introduced in May 1866 have been followed by the Companies.

REPLIES TO PRECEDING INQUIRIES.

(*a*) *Passengers' Luggage.*

No modification has been applied to the rates for luggage since May 1, 1854.

(*b*) *Return Tickets.*

Return tickets are the same as they were before the reform, 1st May 1866. These tickets have not been and are not in general demand except for short journeys, which have not been affected by the reductions.

Prior to 1st May the return excursion tickets issued for long distances were at a reduced charge of 50 per cent. The reduction is now 20 per cent.

Besides which all return tickets are and have been only available for 24 hours.

(*c*) *Through Service between the State Lines and Lines of Companies.*

In the case of through service two methods are adopted for the formation of the entire fare.

1°. The entire fare is most frequently fixed by the addition of the local fares of each administration. 2°. The Ghent to Ecloo, Lierre to Turnhout, the Central, and Grand Central Companies alone consented to apply the Government basis of charge per mile to the entire distance travelled. The two last of these Companies have abandoned the second arrangement and have returned to the first plan of adding the local charge for each service.

The Ghent to Ecloo and Lierre to Turnhout Companies alone bear a diminution in their fares strictly proportional to those of the State railways.

Before May 1, 1866, most of the companies established their passenger traffic rates on precisely the same basis as the State railways. This fact is shown (with exceptions) by the tables following:—

MILEAGE BASES.

I.—*On State Railways.*

By whom worked.	Before May 1, 1866. Fares per Mile. Local Fares on State Lines or through Fares with Companies. Class 1.	2.	3.	From May 1, 1866, to the end of 1867. Local Fares on State Lines per Mile. Class 1.	2.	3.	From May 1, 1866, to the end of 1867. Through Fares with Companies per Mile. Class 1. 2. 3.	In 1868. Local Fares on State Lines per Mile. Class 1.	2.	3.	In 1868. Through Fares with Companies per Mile. Class 1. 2. 3.
	d.	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	—	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	
Public Works Department	1·24	·93	·62	1·24 ·31	·93 ·23	·62 ·15	Part of journey on each Line a distinct rate, or whole journey on both taken as one fare as above explained.	1·24 ·31	·93 ·23	·62 ·15	Varying as explained in Section (*c*) above.
	Varying between above limits *vide* Report, p. 13.			Varying between above limits *vide* Report, p. 13.							

II.—*On Lines worked by Companies.*

Names of Companies Working Lines.	Before May 1, 1866. Local Fares on Companies' Lines, and Through Fares with State Lines. Class 1.	2.	3.	From May 1, 1866, to the end of 1867. Local Fares on Companies' Lines per Mile. Class 1.	2.	3.	From May 1, 1866, to the end of 1867. Through Fares with State Lines per Mile. Class 1.	2.	3.	In 1868. Local Fares on Companies' Lines per Mile. Class 1.	2.	3.	In 1868. Through Fares with State Lines per Mile. Class 1.	2.	3.
	d.	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*
General Company for working Railways. West Flanders	1·24	·93	·62	1·24	·93	·62	1·24	·93	·62	Same as State.			Fares charged on the State scale for the portion of journey belonging to each administration separately.		
Hainault and Flanders.	1·24	·93	·62	1·24	·93	·62	1·24	·93	·62						
Central	1·24	·93	·62	1·24	·93	·62	State scale applied to through distances.								
Manage to Wavre	1·24	·93	·62	1·24	·63	·62	1·24	·93	·62						
Grand Central. East Belgian	1·24	·93	·62	Same as State, *vide* Report, p. 13.			State scale applied to through distances.			1·24	·93	·62	1·24	·93	·62
Sambre & Meuse	1·70	1·24	·85							1·24	·93	·62	1·24	·93	·62
Luxemburg	1·24	·93	·62	1·24	·93	·62	1·24	·93	·62	1·24	·93	·62	1·24	·93	·62
Bruges to Blankenberghe	1·84	·93	·62	1·24	·93	·62	1·24	·93	·62	1·24	·93	·62	1·24	·93	·62
Lierre to Turnhout	1·55	1·24	·77	1·55	1·24	·77	State scale applied to through distances.			1·55	1·24	·77	State scale applied to through distances.		
Ghent to Eecloo	1·24	·93	·62	1·24	·93	·62	State scale applied to through distances.			1·24	·93	·62	State scale applied to through distances.		
Pepinster to Spa (worked by *Eastern of France*).	2·32	1·70	1·16	2·32	1·70	1·16	2·32	1·70	1·16	2·32	1·70	1·16	2·32	1·70	1·16
Chimay	1·55	1·08	·77	1·55	1·08	·77	1·55	1·08	·77	1·55	1·08	·77	1·55	1·08	·77
North Belgian (worked by *Northern of France*), under 25 miles	1·24	·93	·62	1·24	·93	·62	1·24	·93	·62	1·24	·93	·62	1·24	·93	·62
Ditto ditto 25 miles and upwards				1·08	·77	·54	1·08	·77	·54	1·08	·77	·54	1·08	·77	·54
				Applied not to each distance, but in groups.											

Replies of Belgian Public Works Department.

The foregoing bases multiplied by the distance give the fare whatever may be the length of the journey.

There is no exception to this rule except by the North Belgian, West Flanders, and Luxemburg Companies.

Since the 13th May 1867 the first of these Companies applied differential mileage fares for distances of 25 miles and upwards, maintaining the bases 1·24*d.*, ·93*d.*, ·62*d.* for less distances. The bases vary from 1·16*d.*, ·85*d.*, ·57*d.*, to 1·08*d.*, ·77*d.*, ·54*d.*, but are not applied regularly.

The same remark applies to the Flanders railway up to 1867, whose bases declined from 1·08*d.*, ·77*d.*, ·54*d.*, to 1·00*d.*, ·77*d.*, ·50*d.* These two companies have fixed the fares for long journeys by groups of distances; that is to say, that for three or four different destinations they charge the same fare, for example:—

Groups in which uniform Fares are adopted.			Uniform Fare. Class 1.	2.	3.
			s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
13th March 1867 up to present time.	Liege to Dinant,	55 miles.	5 0	3 5	2 6
	„ Hastieres,	63 „			
	„ Agimont,	66 „			
	„ Givet,	68 „			
Before 1868	Bruges to Wexelghen	36 „	3 7	2 8	1 9
	„ Menin	40 „			

The Luxemburg line, although it uses the bases 1·24*d.*, ·93*d.*, and ·62*d.*, has nevertheless in some cases adopted fares on the grouping principle.

Express rates have been established by an increase of from 20 to 25 per cent. on the normal rates.

The General Company for working Railways is the only one which has introduced and continues the scale of the State of the 1st May for its interior service. The Lierre to Turnhout and Ghent to Ecloo Railway Companies have adopted it only in through rates with the Government railways.

No. 6.

Tables of Scales of Charges in Belgium.

Translation of Tables of the Different Scales of Charges, 1840–1865.

From the Annuaire Spécial of Railways in Belgium, 1835 to 1865 included. Edited for the Conference des Chemins de Fer, Belges, by their Secretary M. Felix Loisel.

Comparative Table of the Different Bases of Scales of Charges for the Conveyance of Packages and Coaching Parcels.

Dates of the Application of the Scales.	Coaching Parcels with delivery to Consignee. Uniform Charge up to 11 lbs.	Charge per Mile. (*a*) 11 lbs. and under.	12 to 33 lbs.	34 to 55 lbs.	Half a cwt. to 2 cwt.		Charge per Cwt. per Mile for any Weight.	Minimum of Charge.
	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.		d.	d.
August 1st, 1840([1])	4·80	—	·19	·25	·40		—	4·80
					56 lbs to 1 cwt.	1 cwt. to 2 cwt.		
June 1st, 1841	3·84	—	·14	·19		·31	—	3·84
				34 to 66 lbs.	67 lbs. to 1 cwt.	—	—	—
April 1st, 1842	—	·15	·31	·46	·62	·77	—	5·76
May 1st, 1842 [The charge to vary for each 22 lbs. delivery included.]	—	—	—	—	—	—	·37	5·76
		Charge per Mile. 12 lbs. to 1 cwt.				Above 1 to 10 cwt.	10 cwt. to 1 ton.	
May 1st, 1843	5·76	d. ·77 but minimum 5·76				·42 Minimum as per 1 cwt.	·19 Suppressed 1st May 1846.	5·76
		By Fast Service. Coaching Parcels up to 2 cwt. Compulsory Charges. Varying by 22 lbs. and 15 Miles.	Fixed ([2]). For 1 cwt. and under.	Delivery to Consignee.	'Mean Charge.'	Delivery optional by indivisible Fraction of 2 cwt. *Unchanged until 1st January* 1867.	Above 2 cwt.	
September 1st, 1848	—	·48	2·88	1·92	1·15	1·44	Same charges by 22 lbs. for each 15 miles.	

(*a*) *The charge varies by league* (3·1 *miles*).

([1]) A Royal decree of 20th June 1837, had fixed the charge per cwt.-mile for merchandize at ·31*d.* with minimum of 1·92*d.* This scale had not been changed in 1839, and it was not till 1840 that the forwarding of merchandize styled coach parcels was organized. The offices for this traffic in terms of the concessions granted in 1841 carried parcels at the rate of ·76*d.* per cwt.-mile.

([2]) Same charge for articles to be left till called for.

Tables of Scales of Charges in Belgium.

Comparative Table of the different Bases of Scale of Charges for the Conveyance of Packages, &c.—*cont.*

Dates of the Application of the Scales.	Fast Service.—Small Parcels, 4 to 22 lbs.						Minimum Charge.
	Uniform Charge up to 4 lbs.	Compulsory Charges.		Minimum per Consignment not including charge for delivery payable under preceding Scale.			
		Per 2 lbs. and Zone of 23 Miles.	Delivery to Address, per cwt.	1 to 46 Miles.	47 to 93 Miles.	94 Miles and upwards.	
	d.	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*
July 1st, 1853 (3) - -	4·80	·29 (4)	1·20	2·40	4·80	7·20	4·80

		Accelerated Service.—Small Goods. 24 lbs. to Half a Ton.					
		Compulsory Charges.					
		Per Cwt. per Mile.	Fixed indivisible.	Delivery.			
			Per cwt.				
uly 1st, 1853 (3) - -		·15	·96	·96			5·76

	Fast Service. Small Parcels, up to 22 lbs. (6).				Accelerated Service Coaching Parcels. 24 lbs. to 6 cwt. (7).		
	Uniform Charge by Weight.			Above 22 lbs., and per lb.	Compulsory Charges per Cwt.		
	Up to 4.	5 to 11.	12 to 22.		Per Mile.	Fixed.	
September 1st, 1862 (5) -	4·80	7·20	9·6	·48	·02	·24	9·6 (8)

	Express Service.	Fast Service, up to 4 cwt.					
	Parcels, delivered at Address by Express Service.	Small Packages and Coaching Parcels.					
		Fixed Charge per Cwt.	Charge to be added per Cwt.-Mile.				
			1 to 46 Miles.	47 to 93 Miles.	94 to 124 Miles.	125 Miles and upwards.	
September 1st, 1865 (9) -	per lb. ·48	2·40	·15	·12	·09	·06	4·80 2·88

(3) Luggage up to 22 lbs. is forwarded by express Service by paying double charges. Delivery at address compulsory up to ½ a ton. A simple letter of ½ of an ounce can also be forwarded under the same conditions as for articles up to 4 lbs.

(4) Charged ·57*d.* from 25 to 46 miles, ·85*d.* for 47 to 62 miles, and at that rate for greater distances. Charge to be applied by 1 lb.

(5) Extra charges included.

(6) Double charge for small packages delivered by express Service on arrival.

(7) Charge established by indivisible fraction of 22 lbs. Weights below 6 cwt. might be charged and forwarded by slow trains from 1st April 1863, by paying the minimum of charges for scale 3, thereby suppressing the minimum of weight for goods by slow Service forwarded at the minimum charge.

(8) Minimum of accelerated service.

(9) All charges included.

COMPARATIVE TABLE of the different BASES of SCALES of CHARGES for HEAVY OR WAGON GOODS.

Date of the Application of the Scales, Specified Services, Classes, &c.	Heavy Goods by Specified Services.						Collection from Residence per indivisible Fraction of 2 cwt.
	Charge per Cwt.-Mile.			Cartage per Cwt.			
	Heavy.	Ordinary.	Fragile.	Delivery at Address.			
	1st.	2nd.	3rd.	1st.	2nd.	3rd.	
	d.	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*
August 1st, 1840 (1) - - -	·09	·11	·15	—	—	—	—
June 1st, 1841 (2) - - -	·09	·11	·15	·24	·48	·72	·96
April 1st, 1842 (3) - - -	·08	·12	·15	—	—	—	(4)
April 1st, 1842 - - - -	·08	·12	·15	1·20	1·44	1·68	1·44
October 25th, 1842 (4) - - -	·08	·12	·15	1·20			
Scales, January 1st, 1845 (5):							
For export and transit - -	·06	·09	·12	—			
For full load - - - -	—	·10	·14	—			
For the hiring of wagons without distinction of class:							
1st, less than 62 miles - - -		·09		—			
2nd, 62 miles and upwards - -		·08		—			
May 1st, 1846 (6) - - - -	·09	·12	·15	—			

Tables of Scales of Charges in Belgium.

Comparative Table of the different Bases of Scales of Charges for Heavy Goods—*cont.*

Date of the Application of the Scales, Specified Services, Classes, &c.	Slow Service. Ordinary Goods of all kinds, 2 cwt. and upwards. Compulsory Charges. Varying per Cwt.-Mile.	Compulsory Charges. Fixed. (Per Cwt.)	Optional Charges. Loading and unloading. (Per Cwt.)	Optional Charges. Delivery. (Per Cwt.)	'Mean Charge.'	Notice compulsory per Consignment.	Collection from Residence per indivisible Fraction of 2 Cwt.
September 1st, 1848 (7)	*d.* ·08	*d.* ·48	*d.* ·24 (8)	*d.* ·72	*d.* ·54	*d.* ·96	*d.* 1·44
1st, specified service without loading and unloading.	—	·48	—	—	—	—	
2nd, specified service with loading and unloading.	—	·72		—	—	—	
3rd, specified service with delivery to consignee.	—	1·44			—	—	
Sept. 1st, 1848, goods under special arrangement.	·05	·48	·24	·72	·38	·96	1·44

Date	Slow Service.—Heavy Goods. Compulsory Charges—Station to Station. Varying per Ton-Mile. 1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	Fixed. (Per Ton forwarded.)	Loading and unloading. (Per Ton forwarded.)	Delivery optional.	Booking Fees for each Lot compulsory.
July 1st, 1853 (9)	*d.* 1·55	*d.* 1·24	*d.* ·93	*d.* 9·6	*d.* 9·6	*s.* *d.* 1 7	1·92
Fixed rate: Per ton without loading and unloading	—			9·6	—		
Including loading and unloading	—			1*s.* 7*d.*		—	
With delivery to consignee	—			3*s.* 2*d.*			

Date	Heavy Goods (Half a Ton and upwards). Up to 46 Miles. Charge per Ton. Varying per Mile.	Up to 46 Miles. Charge per Ton. Fixed.	47 to 93 Miles, additional Charge. (Per Ton-mile.)	94 Miles and upwards, including all Charges. (Per Ton-mile.)	Loading and Unloading. (Per Ton.)	Delivery optional. (Per Ton.)	
January 1st, 1861 (10) special scale	*d.* ·93	*d.* 9·6	*d.* ·15	*d.* ·62	*d.* 9·6	*s.* *d.* 1 7	1·92
Jan. 1st, 1862, 3rd class goods	·93	9·6 (11)	·15	·62	9·6 (12)	1 7	1·92
			47 to 84 Miles.	85 Miles and upwards.			
Feb. 1st, 1862 (13): 2nd class goods	1·24	9·6	·31	·93	9·6	1 7	1·92

Date	Charge per Ton. Varying per Mile.		Charge per Ton. Fixed.	Minimum of Charge. Distance in Miles. 3.	6.	9.	
Sept. 1st, 1862 (14): 1st class goods	*d.* 1·55		*d.* 9·6	*s.* *d.* 1 2	*s.* *d.* 1 7	*s.* *d.* 2 0	1·92
	Up to 19 Miles.	20 Miles and upwards.					
Jan. 1st, 1863: 1st class goods	·93*d.*	·77*d.*	9·6	9·6	1 0	1 3	1·92

Tables of Scales of Charges in Belgium.

Comparative Table of the different Bases of Scales of Charges for Heavy Goods—*cont.*

Date of the Application of the Scales, Specified Services, Classes, &c.	Heavy Goods (6 cwt. and upwards). 1st Class. Any Distance. Charge per Ton. Varying per Mile.	1st Class. Any Distance. Charge per Ton. Fixed.	2nd Class. Up to 46 Miles. Charge per Ton. Varying per Mile.	2nd Class. Up to 46 Miles. Charge per Ton. Fixed.	2nd Class. 47 Miles and upwards. Additional per Mile.	Booking Fees (compulsory) per Consignment for the Four Classes.
	d.	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*d.*
June 10th, 1864 [15] - - -	1·55	9·6	1·24	9·6	·31	1·92

Date	3rd Class. Up to 46 Miles. Charge per Ton. Varying per Mile.	3rd Class. Up to 46 Miles. Charge per Ton. Fixed.	3rd Class. 47 Miles and upwards. Additional per Ton Mile.	4th Class. [16] From 1 to 31 Miles. Charge per Ton. Varying per Mile.	4th Class. From 1 to 31 Miles. Charge per Ton. Fixed.	4th Class. 32 to 46 Miles. Additional per Ton Mile.	4th Class. 47 Miles and upwards. Additional per Ton Mile.
June 10th, 1864 - - - -	·93	9·6	·16	·62	9·6	·46	·16

Date	1st Class. Fixed Charge per Ton.	1st Class. Additional Charge per Ton Mile. 1 to 46 Miles.	47 to 93 Miles.	94 to 124 Miles.	125 Miles and upwards.
September 1st, 1865 [16] - - -	9·6	1·55	1·24	·93	·62

NOTES.

N.B.—From the 15th April 1839 the rate for the conveyance of goods has been adopted per ton of 1,000 kil. at the rate of 2·8*d.* per ton mile. The first class corresponds to the third, and the third to the first, of the scale of the 1st July 1853.

(1) Charge from station to station per minimum of half a ton. Charge above that varies by 2 cwt. Loading and unloading at the expense of the administration.

(2) Compulsory delivery. Minimum of weight reduced from half a ton to 2 cwt. Charge above that according to net weight.

(3) Delivery to consignee compulsory up to half a ton. Scale 7 was for conveyance from station to station, and scale 8 with delivery. Liquids admitted by loads of 1 ton at the minimum, and goods in bulk at a load of 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ tons. Other goods by the weight of half a ton; charging for each 2 cwt. above that weight.

(4) This rate is the same to the 1st January 1867.

(5) The rates of the scales have thus fallen by reductions made successfully since 1842. The exportation of pit coal and pig iron yielded ·52d. per cwt.-mile.

(6) Despatch of heavy goods in the 24 hours.

(7) Charge per 22 lbs. per mile when above 2 cwt. minimum weight. For goods in bulk a minimum of $4\frac{1}{2}$ tons; this minimum has been raised to 5 tons by ministerial decree of December 9th, 1852. Right to charge 4*s.* per day for each wagon engaged but not loaded on the day agreed, and each wagon which has arrived not being unloaded in the time allowed. A charge of a halfpenny per day and per 2 cwt., with minimum of 5*d.* for goods unloaded and not removed. A ministerial decree of the 26th October 1850 fixes ·62*d.* per ton mile as the rate of transport for coal destined to serve as ballast for vessels.

(8) ·12*d.* per cwt. for each of the two operations of which an account should be kept.

(9) From 6 cwt. to half a ton of goods may be charged by slow as well as by fast services. Charges may be applied thus:—1st class by 2 cwt., 2nd class per load of 4 to 5 tons, and 3rd class for complete load of 5 tons. Incomplete loads are charged 1st class or for a complete load if it is more advantageous for the sender. Loading and unloading are not compulsory for goods in bulk, empty casks and other returns empty. The use of cranes and other machinery entails a supplementary charge of a halfpenny per 2 cwt.

(10) Minimum weight of 5 tons. Special scale for small coal, coke, and patent fuel, pig iron, lime in bulk, and paving stones. Coals for France are charged by arrangement with the Northern of France, from 1st September 1858 at the rate of ·77*d.* per ton mile with 4·8*d.* a fixed charge for all distances. The fixed charges were also reduced to 4·8*d.* in place of 9·6*d.* per ton forwarded for goods carried at the special scale for through service with railways exchanging traffic (small coals, minerals, &c.)

(11) 4·8*d.* for correspondence by through service of goods in the third class.

(12) Loading and unloading at the expense and under the superintendence of senders and receivers. Eight hours granted for each of these operations; if in excess of this time a fine of 2·4*d.* per hour of delay and per wagon. Power to the Administration to unload at the rate of 4·8*d.* per ton, and to impose a charge for warehousing of 3*d.* per ton per day.

(13) Per wagon of 4 tons at least. Rate for 1 ton, first, to 84 miles at 6*s.* $6\frac{1}{2}$*d.* (46 m. × 1·24*d.* + 9·6*d.* + 38 m. × ·31*d.*); second, to 87 miles, 6*s.* 9*d.* (87 m. × ·93*d.*)

(14) The scale includes the charges for loading and unloading, but not the optional charges for collecting and delivery (if performed). Minimum of weight fixed for goods of the first class 6 cwt.; second class 4 tons, and third class 5 tons; beyond that each 2 cwt. is charged.

(15) Coals destined for immediate embarkation in seagoing vessels at Antwerp, Ghent, and at Ostend, are charged ·93*d.* per ton mile. The fixed charges per through service are reduced to 4·8*d.* for first, second, and fourth class, as since 1862 they have been in the third class.

(16) Combustibles, minerals, paving-stone, compost, &c.

Tables of Scales of Charges in Belgium.

Scales in use for Carriage of Goods by Contract.

Dates of the Application of the Scales. — Classes of Merchandize.	Wagon Hire (Scale No. 3). Charge for Haulage. Per Wagon Mile. Up to 62 Miles.	63 Miles and upwards.	Per Wagon Day.	Minimum of Days of hiring.	Maximum Load for Wagon.
	d.	*d.*			
May 1st, 1843, all Goods (1)	8·37	7·75	—	—	4 tons.
	For the whole Distance with return as Empty.	Loaded.			
	s. d.	*s. d.*	*s. d.*		
November 10th, 1843, for 1st Class	1 7	2 10	4 0	15	4½ tons (2).
May 10th, 1844, for 1st Class (3)	1 5	—	4 0	15	4½ tons.
December 1st, 1851 / July 1st, 1853 } for 3rd Class (4)	1 3	—	4 0	7	5 tons.
January 1st, 1862, for 3rd Class, and to February 1st for 2nd Class (5). June 10th, 1864, for the four classes (6)	Scale No. 3 of goods.		—	30	5 tons.

Notes.

N.B.—From the 5th July 1838 to the 15th April 1839, wagons have been let out between Brussels and Antwerp for 1*l.* 4*s.* with a load of 2½ tons weight, which has been gradually increased to 4 tons from the 15th March 1839 to the 1st August 1840. They were then supplied at the rate of 8·37*d.* per wagon mile, and 2·08*d.* per ton mile. From the 1st August 1840 only loads from 4 to 5 tons were admitted, and goods were charged according to three classes, with 10 per cent. reduction of scale; the reduction was subsequently suppressed.

(1) The loading and unloading of goods was as often as possible done by the servants of the company at the rate of 5*d.* per ton.

(2) This maximum can be reduced to 4 tons during the months of December, January, and February.

(3) A decree of the 27th December 1844, authorized the Administration to do the unloading of wagons after an interval of six hours at the moderate charge of 10*d.* per wagon. From the 1st May 1846, the wagon loads have been increased to the weight of 5 tons in summer, and 4½ tons during the three winter months above named.

(4) Sender limited to 10 wagons. Application for wagons to be made 48 hours in advance. Loading and unloading at the charge and risk of the senders and consignees.

(5) Suppression of the old scale by contract, which is replaced by the hire of at least 2 wagons per day for a period of at least 30 days for goods of second and third classes.

(6) Reduction of 2½*d.* per ton for the four classes of the Scale No. 3 by contract for at least six months between any two stations (this reduction has been suppressed by Ministerial Decree of the 14th of December 1866).

Scales for Vans.

Date of the Application of the Scales.	Scale No. 3. Rate, 1st per Ton. Variable per Mile.	Fixed.	Weight to be charged.
	d.	*d.*	
June 1st, 1852 (1) }	1·55	9·6	4½ tons.
July 1st, 1863 (2) }	1·55	9·6	6 tons.
September 1st, 1862 (3) / September 1st, 1865	2nd per Van.		
	d. 9·3	*s. d.* 4 10	—

Notes.

(1) The second specified service of Scale No. 2 for 1848. Power to effect the loading and unloading by the servants of the Administration at the charge of 1*s.* 7*d.* per job. Permission to collect and deliver at the address on paying 2*s.* 5*d.* for each transaction (4*s.* from the 1st September 1865). Conveyance beyond the station on payment of 4*s.* per day (afterwards modified).

(2) Scale of the first class of Scale No. 3 of 1852, loading and unloading included.

(3) Loading and unloading included. Notice of booking 1·92*d.* compulsory.

Tables of Scales of Charges in Belgium.

SCALES FOR THE CONVEYANCE OF BULLION AND VALUABLES.

Dates of the Applications of the Scales.	In quantities of			Per 40*l*.		
	Up to 4*l*.	4*l*. to 20*l*.	20*l*. to 40*l*.	Up to 120*l*.	120*l*. and upwards.	Gold and Papers.
	d.	*d*.	*d*.	*d*.	*d*.	*d*.
August 1st, 1840, from 1 to 31 miles (1) -	4·8	6·24	7·68	4·8	2·4	3·36
				Up to 200*l*.	200*l*. and upwards.	
May 1st, 1843, from 1 to 31 miles -	4·8	7·2	9·6	4·8	2·4	1·92
	Per 40*l*. with delivery to Consignee.				Notice of Booking compulsory.	Delivery to Consignee per 40*l*.
	Up to 62 miles.	62 miles and upwards.	Charges for each 15 miles.	Fixed Charges.		
May 1st, 1846 - - - -	4·8	9·6	—	—	—	—
September 1st, 1848 - - -	—	—	·48	3·84	·96	1·44 (2)
July 1st, 1853 (3) - - - -	—	—	·48	2·40 (4)	1·92	1·44
	For all distances.					
September 1st, 1862 - - -	4·8		—	—	—	1·44
January 1st, 1863 (5) - - -	2·4		—	—	—	1·44

NOTES.

N.B.—By Royal Decree of the 20th June 1837 the charge for bullion was fixed at 0·15*d*. per 4*l*. per mile with a minimum of 3*d*., but this class of conveyance was not organized until 1840.

(1) The charge, with delivery, accrued for each 31 miles; from 127 to 155 miles it was for the six values above mentioned, 1*s*., 1*s*. 5*d*., 1*s*. 10*d*., 1*s*. 1*d*., 9·6*d*. and 9·6*d*.

(2) This rate remains the same to the 1st January 1867.

(3) Bullion can be delivered by express service on paying a double charge, with a minimum of 9·6*d*.

(4) 1·92*d*. per 40*l*. for compulsory delivery not included.

(5) The same scale to the 1st January 1867.

SCALES IN FORCE FOR THE CONVEYANCE OF PRIVATE CARRIAGES.

Dates of the Application of the Scales, &c.	Charges. Fixed. For Carriages of		Charges. Per mile. For Carriages of		Fixed per Carriage.	Notice of Booking. Compulsory.
	2 wheels.	4 wheels.	2 wheels.	4 wheels.		
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	*d*.	*d*.	*s*. *d*.	*d*.
August 1st, 1840 (1) From 1 to 31 miles - - -	0 14 5	1 0 0	—	—	—	—
August 1st, 1840 (1) From 127 to 155 miles - - -	2 8 0	3 4 0	—	—	—	—
April 1st, 1842 (2) - - -	—	—	6·2	9·1	—	—
September 1st, 1848 (3) - - -	—	—	9·1		4 10	·96
July 1st, 1855 (4) - - - / September 1st, 1862 - - -	—	—	9·1		4 10	1·92
	Fixed Charge per Carriage.	Additional Charge per Carriage mile. 1 to 46 miles.	47 to 93 miles.	94 to 124 miles.	125 miles and upwards.	
September 1st, 1865 (5) - - -	0 4 10	*d*. 9·30	7·44	5·58	*d*. 3·72	1·92

NOTES.

N.B.—From the 20th April 1839 to the 1st of August 1840 the conveyance of private carriages was made similar to the scale of wagon hire up to a weight of 3 tons.

(1) The charge accrued for each 31 miles by passenger trains.

(2) The charges include loading and unloading. Travellers in their own carriages pay third class fares.

(3) Passengers in their own carriages pay first class fares. A decree of the 17th August 1852 permits the conveyance of private carriages at the rates of the second specified service of Scale No. 2 of 1848, up to a weight of 4 tons.

(4) Private carriages can be conveyed by goods train or through trains at the charges and on the conditions of the first class of Scale 3, with a minimum of 4½ tons as chargeable weight, loading and unloading included.

(5) Dating from the 1st of February 1865, private carriages by slow service are charged as 4 tons by the second class of Scale No. 3 of 1862.

Tables of Scales of Charges in Belgium.

Scale for the Conveyance of Horses, Cattle, Asses, and Dogs.

Dates of the Application of the Scales, &c.	Horses.			Oxen, Cows, Donkeys.			
	3.	2.	1.	6.	4 or 5.	2 or 3.	1.
August 1st, 1840.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
From 1 to 31 miles	1 0 10	0 16 0	0 12 0	1 0 10	0 18 5	0 11 2	0 7 2
From 124 to 155 miles	3 8 0	2 12 0	2 0 0	3 8 0	2 16 0	1 14 5	1 3 2
					Pigs, Sheep, by		
					20.	10.	1.
From 1 to 31 miles	—	—	—	—	0 11 2	0 7 2	0 1 2
From 124 to 155 miles	—	—	—	—	1 14 5	1 3 2	0 4 2
				Cattle Truck.			Notice of Booking. Compulsory.
				Whole.	¾ Truck.	½ Truck.	
April 1st, 1842 (1) per mile	d. 9·3	d. 7·7	d. 6·2	d. 7·4	d. 6·2	d. 4·6	d. ·96
May 1st, 1842 per mile	d. 7·4		6·2	d. 5·9		4·6	·96
November 1st, 1842 per mile	7·0		6·2	5·6		4·6	·96
	Charges for Live Stock.						
	Variable per Mile.	Fixed.	Variable per Mile.	Fixed.	Variable per Mile.	Fixed.	
	Specified Services.						
	1st, ½ Truck.		2nd, ¾ Truck.		3rd, whole Truck.		
September 1st, 1848 (2), July 1st, 1853, September 1st, 1862 — slow service	d. 1·9	s. d. 2 5	d. 2·8	s. d. 3 7	d. 3·7	s. d. 4 10	1·92
1853 and 1862, fast service per truck	—	—	—	—	—	4 10	1·92
	Fixed Charge per Truck, ½ and ¾ Truck.	Additional Charge per Truck-Mile. 1 to 46 Miles.	47 to 93 Miles.	94 to 124 Miles.	125 Miles and upwards.		
	s. d.	d.	d.	d.	d.		
September 1st, 1863, fast service per truck	—	6·2	4·9	3·7	2·5	4 10	1·92
Slow service for:—							
1st specified service	2 5	1·9	1·4	·9	·6	—	1·92
2nd "	3 7	2·8	2·1	1·4	·9	—	1·92
3rd "	—	3·7	2·8	1·9	1·2	4 10	1·92

Notes.

N.B.—This class of conveyance only commenced 1st August 1840, at the fixed rate for each 31 miles. A ministerial decree of the 16th November following established the charge for the conveyance of cattle for 15 miles to be half of that for 31 miles.

(1) Dogs are charged according to the rates fixed for 3rd class passengers; they are exempted from the charge if they do not by their size inconvenience the passengers; a charge has since been made without exception for all dogs. The scale is the same to the 1st of January 1867.

(2) The first specified service corresponds to the third, and the third to the first of the old scale. First specified service, 1 horse, 1 to 2 oxen or cows, 1 to 5 pigs or calves, 1 to 10 sheep. Second specified service, 2 horses, 3 to 4 oxen or cows, 6 to 10 pigs or calves, 11 to 20 sheep. Third specified service, 3 horses, 5 to 6 oxen or cows, a wagon of fat or small cattle. The charges are made as for live stock without relation to their kind or number.

Tables of Scales of Charges in Belgium.

No. 7.

TRANSLATION of TABLES of the DIFFERENT BASES of the SCALES of CHARGES in 1866, 1867, and on 1st February 1868 compared with those which were in use in 1865 for the CONVEYANCE of GOODS, VANS, BULLION, CARRIAGES, and LIVE STOCK supplied by M. Felix Loisel, Editor of the "Annuaire Spécial" of Belgian Railways.

DELIVERY OF PACKAGES AND PARCELS AT HOUSE BY EXPRESS SERVICE. (1)

Dates of the Application of the Scales of Charges. — Zones of Distances.	Express Service.—Scale No. 1. Charge per Parcel, including different extra Charges at different Rates as in Notes.							
	Minimum.			Charge per cwt.				
September 1st, 1865, to May 1st, 1867. (2) For any distance - -	d. 4·80			s. d. 4 0				
	11 lbs. and less.	12 to 22 lbs.	More than 22 lbs.	Fixed Charge per cwt.	Additional charge per cwt.-mile. 1 to 46 miles.	47 to 93 miles.	94 to 124 miles.	125 miles and upwards.
May 1st, 1867, (3) to February 1st, 1868.	d.	d.	d.	s. d.	d.	d.	d.	d.
From 1 to 31 miles - -	5·76	7·68	9·60	1 7	·23	·15	·12	·09
From 32 to 62 miles - -	6·72	8·64	10·56					
63 miles and upwards - -	7·68	9·60	11·52					
February 1st, 1868. (4)								
From 1 to 15 miles - -	6·72	8·64	10·56	1 7	·23	·15	·12	·09
From 16 to 46 miles - -	7·68	9·60	11·52					
47 miles and upwards - -	8·64	10·56	11·52					

(1) Delivery by express service is limited to weights of ½ cwt. and distances not exceeding 2 miles where a system of cartage is not established.

Parcels of 11 lbs. and under sent any distance by express service are delivered for a supplementary charge of 9·6*d.* per zone of 3 miles beyond 2 miles, prior to 1st February 1868, and from that date by fixed zone of 3 miles.

A letter weighing ⅓ oz. may be sent at the minimum charge in scale of charges No. 1.

(2) Extra charges include loading and unloading and house delivery by express service, and on request of the sender collection of goods of 1 cwt. and under where a system of cartage has been established. The charge for collection is 1·44*d.* per indivisible fraction of 2 cwt.

(3) Extra charges no longer include gratuitous collection from the address up to 1 cwt. The charge on parcels is reckoned by differences of 11 lbs.

(4) Each package or parcel is reckoned by differences of 22 lbs. when its weight exceeds 22 lbs.

SMALL PACKAGES AND COACHING PARCELS.

Date of Application of Scales. — Zones of Distances.	Fast Service.—Scale No. 2. (1.) Charge per Consignment, including extra Expenses.							
	Minimum.			Fixed Charge per cwt.	Additional Charge per cwt.-mile. 1 to 46 miles.	47 to 93 miles.	94 to 124 miles.	125 miles and upwards.
September 1st, 1865, to May 1st, 1867. (2)	d. 2·88			d. 2·40	d. ·15	d. ·12	d. ·09	d. ·06
	11 lbs. and less.	12 to 22 lbs.	More than 22 lbs.					
May 1st, 1867. (3)	d.	d.	d.					
From 1 to 31 miles - -	2·88	3·84	4·80	2·88	·15	·12	·09	·06
From 32 to 62 miles - -	3·84	4·80	5·76					
63 miles and upwards - -	4·80	5·76	6·72					
February 1st, 1868. (4)								
From 1 to 15 miles - -	3·84	4·80	5·76	3·36	·15	·12	·09	·06
From 16 to 46 miles - -	4·80	5·76	6·72					
46 miles and upwards - -	5·76	6·72	7·68					

(1) Oysters, fresh fish, and yeast are carried at the rate and under the conditions of scale No. 2 unless the sender should require the application of No. 1 or No. 3 scales. (Slow service.)

(2) Extra expenses comprise the loading and unloading, delivery to consignee (within six hours from arrival), and if required house collection of packages up to the weight of 1 cwt. in districts where a system of cartage is established. Packages weighing more than 1 cwt. are charged at the rate of 1·44*d.* for collection per indivisible fraction of 2 cwt.

(3) Extra expenses do not include gratuitous house collection up to 1 cwt. These charges are reckoned by differences of 11 lbs.

(4) The charges for forwarding packages are reckoned by differences of 22 lbs. when the weight is more than 22 lbs.

Tables of Scales of Charges in Belgium.

Heavy Goods.

Dates of the Application of the Scales. — Classes of Goods.	Slow Service, Scale of Charge No. 3. Charge (1) per Consignment. Extra Expenses not included. Fixed Charge per Ton.	Additional Charge per Ton per Mile. 1 to 46 Miles.	47 to 93 Miles.	94 to 124 Miles.	125 Miles and upwards.	Minimum Weight of Goods in Bulk.
1st Class.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	tons.
September 1st, 1865, to February 1st, 1868	9·6	1·55	1·24	·93	·62	4
October 1st, 1867, and February 1st, 1868	9·6	1·55	1·24	·93	·62	5 (2)
2nd Class.			47 Miles and upwards.			
June 10th, 1864, to February 1st, 1868 -	9·6	1·24	·31			4
			47 to 77 Miles.	78 Miles and upwards.		
February 1st, 1868 - - -	9·6	1·24	·62	·31		5 (2)
3rd Class.			47 Miles and upwards.			
June 10th, 1864, to February 1st, 1868 -	9·6	·93	·16			5
			47 to 62 Miles.	63 to 77 Miles.	78 Miles and upwards.	
February 1st, 1868 - - -	9·6	·93	·47	·31	·16	5
4th Class.		1 to 31 Miles.	32 to 46 Miles.	47 Miles and upwards.		
June 10th, 1864, to February 1st, 1868 -	9·6	·62	·47	·16		5
		1 to 46 Miles.		47 to 62 Miles.	63 Miles and upwards.	
February 1st, 1868 - - -	9·6	·62		·31	·16	10 (2)

(1) The minimum sum charged on the scale of charges No. 3 is calculated on a weight of 8 cwt. of goods of the first-class; above that weight by an indivisible fraction of 22 lbs. Parts of truck loads are charged at first-class rates as long as there is no advantage in applying to them the charge for a complete load in the class to which they belong.

Incomplete loads of goods in bulk, and which cannot be loaded with goods of other descriptions, are excepted.

(2) The minimum weight has been already established by Minute of 19th September 1867, to take effect from 1st October, for the purpose of putting the minima of scale of charges No. 3 and the special rates on articles for exportation more in accordance with the tonnage which the wagons are constructed to carry.

Conveyance of Goods by Contract (according to the Terms of the Four Classes of the Scale No. 3).

Dates of the Application of the Scales.	Slow Service, Scale No. 3. Designation of the Classes of Goods.	Hiring of Wagons. (1). Minimum Period of Contract.	Reduction of Price for Six Months and upwards. Per Ton.	Increase of Price for less than Six Months and upwards. Per Ton.	Loading and Unloading. — Minimum Time allowed.	Minimum Weight subject to be charged.
		Days.	d.	d.	hours.	tons.
June 10th, 1864, to January 6th, 1867 -	The four Classes.	30	2·4	None	4	5
January 6th, 1867 - - -	The four Classes.	30	None	2·4	4	5
October 1st, 1867, and February 1st, 1868	1st., 2nd, and 3rd classes.	30	„	2·4	4	5
October 1st, 1867, and February 1st, 1868	4th class	30	„	2·4	4	10

(1) A contractor for six months or more may, at the end of each month, change the place of departure or arrival of the wagons engaged.

Extra Expenses not included in the Scale No. 3.

	d.
Booking per consignment (compulsory) - - -	1·92
Loading and unloading (the 2 cwt.) - - - -	·96
Notification of the arrival of goods to be left till sent for -	·96
Delivery per indivisible fraction of 2 cwt. - - -	1·44
Delivery for each 22 lbs. - - - - -	·29
Weighing on arrival, if required, for each 2 cwt. - -	·48

Tables of Scales of Charges in Belgium.

Carriage of Furniture in Vans.

Dates of the Application of the Scales.	Slow Service, Scale of Charges No. 3.					
	Fixed Charges per Van. (1.)	Additional Rate per Van per mile.				Minimum Weight subject to be charged.
		For any Distance.				
	s. d.	d.				tons.
September 1st, 1862, to September 1st, 1865	4 10	9·3				6
		1 to 46 miles.	47 to 93 miles.	94 to 124 miles.	125 miles and upwards.	
		d.	d.	d.	d.	
September 1st, 1865, and February 1st, 1868 (2)	4 10 (3)	9·3	7·4	5·6	3·7	6

(1) Including the loading of the wagon and discharging it at the platform. Collection and delivery within 2 miles is charged at the rate of 4*s.* by the contractor for cartage.
(2) The charge is fixed at the rate of first class Scale No. 3 on 6 tons per van when the weight does not exceed 3 tons.
(3) For extra expenses see p. 47.

Bullion and Articles of Value.—Scale No. 4.

Dates of the Application of the Scales.	Rate per 40*l.* with Delivery to Consignee.					Collection at House per 40*l.*
	The whole Distance.			Minimum of Charge.	By Express Service.	
	d.			d.		
January 1st, 1863, to February 1st, 1868	2·4 (1)			4·8	Double charge (2).	1·44
	1 to 16 miles.	17 to 46 miles.	47 miles and upwards.			
	d.	d.	d.			
February 1st 1868	2·40 (1)	—	—	4·8		1·44
	—	2·88 (1)	—	5·8		
	—	—	3·36 (1)	6·7		

(1) Provided the charge according to weight is not below that under Scale No. 2.
(2) But only within 2 miles of stations where there is an established service of cartage, provided also that the charge according to weight is not less than Scale No. 1.

Private Carriages (by Fast Service) (1).—Scale of Charges No. 5.

Dates of the Application of the Scales.	Fixed Charge per Carriage.	Additional Charge per Carriage per Mile.				Notice of Booking. Compulsory.
		1 to 46 miles.	47 to 93 miles.	94 to 124 miles.	125 miles and upwards.	
	s. d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.
September 1st, 1865, and February 1st, 1868	4 10	9·30	7·44	5·58	3·72	1·92

(1) The conveyance of a coffin is charged the same as a carriage sent by fast service. By slow service carriages were charged as a minimum weight of 4 tons in the second class of Scale No. 3, up to the 6th January 1867. Since which time the charge has been as follows:—A carriage (double seated), mounted or not, is rated at 2½ tons according to the second class. Two carriages, mounted or otherwise, carried on a single truck are charged as 4 tons at second-class fares. They are to be loaded and unloaded from the trucks at the expense and risk of sender and consignee.

Carriage of Live Stock (1).—Scale of Charges No. 6.

Dates of the Application of the Scales. — Specified Speed.	Fixed Charge per Truck.	Additional Price per Mile.				Notice of Booking. Compulsory.
		1 to 46 miles.	47 to 93 miles.	94 to 124 miles.	125 miles and upwards.	
	s. d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.
Fast Service:—Horses (by truck).						
September 1st, 1865, and February 1st, 1868	4 10	6·20	4·96	3·72	2·48	1·92
Slow Service:—Live stock in general.						
September 1st, 1865, and February 1st, 1868:—						
1st specified number (2)	2 5	1·86	1·39	.93	·62	1·92
2nd " (3)	3 7	2·79	2·09	1·39	.93	1·92
3rd " (4)	4 10	3·72	2·79	1·86	1·24	1·92

(1) Horses and cattle must be accompanied by a conductor. Free passage in the boxes or cattle trucks is allowed only to one conductor per consignment or per truck.
(2) First specified number:—1 horse; 1 or 2 oxen, cows, or asses; 1 to 5 hogs or calves; 1 to 10 sheep.
(3) Second " :—2 horses; 3 or 4 head of cattle or asses; 6 to 10 calves or hogs; 11 to 20 sheep.
(4) Third " :—3 horses; a wagon load of cattle, large or small.

No. 8.

Translation of a Table comparing the latest Scales of Fares and Charges in use in France and in Prussia, with the Scale of Fares for Passengers in Belgium before 1st of May 1866, with the Scale which the Belgian Executive was authorized to introduce by the Law of 1st July 1865, and with the Scale of Charges for Goods in use in Belgium to the 1st February 1868, supplied by M. Felix Loisel.

Tables of Scales of Charges in Belgium, France, and Prussia.

Passenger Traffic.		Classes of Carriages.	Basis of the Scales of Charges per Mile.						Application of the Scales of Charges.					
			In France.	In Prussia.	In Belgium. Before 1st May 1866.	In Belgium. Since the 1st May by Zones of,— 1 to 31 miles.	Additional charge for 32 to 62 miles.	Additional charge for 63 miles & upwards.	In Belgium. (1) Fare for a Journey of,— 31 miles.	62 miles.	155 miles.	In France. (2) 31 miles.	62 miles.	155 miles.
			d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Passengers carried by trains.	Express.	1st	—	—	1·55	—	—	—	4 0	8 0	20 0	—	—	—
			1·55	1·65	—	1·11	·55	·37	3 2	4 4	7 2	4 0	8 0	20 0
		2nd	—	—	1·24	—	—	—	3 2	6 4	16 0	—	—	—
			1·16	1·24	—	·74	·37	·28	2 2	2 11	5 0	3 0	6 0	15 0
		3rd	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
			—	—	—	·55	·28	·18	1 7	2 2	3 7	—	—	—
	Ordinary.	1st	—	—	1·24	—	—	—	3 2	6 4	16 0	—	—	—
			1·55	1·53	—	·93	·46	·31	2 8	3 7	6 0	4 0	8 0	20 0
		2nd	—	—	·93	—	—	—	2 5	4 10	12 0	—	—	—
			1·16	1·14	—	·62	·31	·23	1 10	2 5	4 2	3 0	6 0	15 0
		3rd	—	—	·62	—	—	—	1 7	3 2	8 0	—	—	—
			·83	·72	—	·46	·23	·15	1 4	1 10	3 0	2 2	4 5	11 0
		4th -	—	·37	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

(1) The full application of passenger rates from 1st May 1866 does not take effect till the 46 miles have been passed. A fluctuating rate has been applied to distances between 25 and 46 miles. The application of reduced fares for distances between 1 and 22 miles is reserved.

For each of the three classes of carriages, the first sum shows the fare previous to the 1st May 1866; the figures below show the fares established since that date.

(2) Does not include the duty on passenger rates levied by Government.

Traffic by Slow Service of Goods properly so called. (1)	Bases of the Scales of Charges per Ton—per Mile. In France. (2)	In Prussia. (3) For loads Incomplete.	In Prussia. (3) For loads Complete.	In Belgium (1st February 1868). Fixed Charge per Ton.	Additional Price per Ton per mile, from 1 to 46 miles.	47 to 93 miles.	94 to 124 miles.	125 miles and upwards.	Application of the Tariffs. In Belgium (per Ton). Charge for a Journey of,— 46 miles.	93 miles.	155 miles.	310 miles.
Classification.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
First class - - - -	2·48	1·86	1·24	9·6	1·55	1·24	·93	·62	6 10	11 7	15 7	23 7
						46 to 77 miles.	78 miles and upwards.					
Second class - - - -	2·17	1·24	·82	9·6	1·24	·62	·31		5 7	7 7	9 2	13 2
						46 to 62 miles.	63 to 77 miles.	78 miles & upwards.				
Third class - - - -	1·55	—	·62 (4)	9·6	·93	·46	·31	0·15	4 5	5 7	6 5	8 5
							63 miles and upwards.					
Fourth class (in Belgium) - -	—	—	—	9·6	·62	·31	·15		3 2	4 0	4 10	6 10
Fourth Class (in France). From 1 to 12 miles.	1·24	But the charge per ton cannot be above -		s. d. 1 0	Application of the Scales in France (per ton) of goods properly so called - - 1st class				9 7	19 2	32 0	64 0
„ 13 to 62 do.	·93			4 0	2nd „				8 5	16 9	28 0	56 0
„ 63 to 186 do.	·77			9 7	3rd „				6 0	12 0	20 0	40 0
187 and upwards do.	·62			—	4th „				3 7	6 0	10 0	16 0

(1) Does not include the extra expenses for booking, loading, unloading, and notification of arrival, which varies from 7*d.* to 1*s.* 3*d.* per ton.

(2) Goods carried by fast service are charged 5·58*d.* per ton per mile.

(3) Goods carried by fast service are charged 2·48*d.* per ton per mile.

(4) A further reduction has been granted on heavy goods carried for long distances, such as coke, lime, zinc, pig iron, rails, salt, flax, and wood. This rate has been lowered to ·52*d.* per ton per mile.

No. 9.

TRANSLATION of the REGULATIONS for the LOCAL TRAFFIC on RAILWAYS worked by the STATE in BELGIUM applicable to the CONVEYANCE of GOODS, &c., 1868.

REFORM CLUB PALL MALL

LOCAL TRAFFIC ON LINES WORKED BY THE STATE.

Goods Traffic Regulations on Belgian State Railways.

REGULATIONS FOR THE CONVEYANCE OF GOODS, BULLION, CARRIAGES, HORSES, CATTLE, DOGS, AND FURNITURE VANS, 1868.

CHAPTER I.—GOODS.

Section 1.—Parcels delivered by Express Service.

Scale of Charges No. 1.

Art. 1. This scale of charges applies to parcels to be delivered at the house by express service. It includes all extra expenses. The charges are applied to each package by weight for each 22 lbs. for packages weighing more than 22 lbs. In calculating the charges by the scale, nothing less than a halfpenny (5 centimes) is charged.

Single letters of a minimum weight of a third of an ounce may also be sent at the rate of Scale No. 1. (This regulation does not apply to through traffic.)

Art. 2. Scale No. 1 is applicable to parcels carried at the speed of the mails, and by all trains indiscriminately starting half an hour after booking. Cumbersome parcels of large size are not allowed to be carried by passenger trains unless it can be done without obstructing them.

Art. 3. At those stations where cartage is organised, parcels of any weight are delivered by express service immediately after the arrival of the trains until 9 p.m., in all districts situated within a radius of 2 miles round the station, taken as a centre.

Express packages arriving after 9 p.m. are not delivered at the address till the next morning, between 7 and 8 in the summer, and between 8 and 9 in winter. But the sender can ensure immediate delivery after 9 p.m. if notified in writing on the delivery note or upon the address of the parcel. In this case an extra charge of 2½*d.* is made on each consignment.

In those places where the system of cartage is not organised, delivery at the address is limited to parcels weighing half hundred weight or less, to be conveyed within a radius of two miles round the station.

Packages of 11 lbs. and less are delivered specially by express service at the address to any distance on payment of an extra charge of 10*d.* per indivisible zone of 3 miles beyond the radius above mentioned.

The Administration may require deposits as security for this last charge.

Art. 4. Letters and parcels of no value sent by express must always be prepaid.

Section 2.—Fast Service (Small Packages and Coaching Parcels).

Scale, No. 2.

Art. 5. Scale No. 2 applies to small packages and parcels up to the weight of four hundred weight, unless the sender has expressly requested, in writing, that the charge may be by Scales No. 1 or No. 3.

Art. 6. The charges are applied at so much for each consignment,* and by weight for each 22 lbs. for packages weighing more. In calculating the charge by the scale, nothing less than a halfpenny (5 centimes) is charged.

Art. 7. These goods are generally sent out on the evening of their arrival, but only by the trains that the Administration has appointed for this kind of goods. They are delivered at their addresses within six hours after arrival, the hours of the night being excepted,† unless the parcels are cumbersome.

Art. 8. Goods which are not delivered at the office one hour before departure can only be accepted for the following departure.

Section 3.—Regulations common to Scales Nos. 1 and 2.

Art. 9. With the exception stipulated in the second section of Article 2, the senders have the right to demand in writing that packages of any weight may be carried at the charges and on the conditions of Scales Nos. 1 and 2.

Art. 10. The loading and unloading of articles under Scales Nos. 1 and 2 are effected by the servants of the Administration.

Art. 11. Oysters, fresh fish, and yeast are carried at the charges and under the conditions of Scale No. 2, unless the sender should demand, on the bill, the application of the charges and conditions of Scale No. 1 or of Scale No. 3 (slow service).

Section 4.—Slow Service (Heavy Goods).

Scale No. 3.

Art. 12. Goods forwarded by slow service are divided into four classes, and three special scales, conformably to the table of classification annexed hereto.‡

Art. 13. When a consignment under Scale No. 3 contains goods of different classes, the charge is made for the whole weight as for the highest class.

Coal destined for immediate shipment at the ports of Antwerp, Ghent, Brussels, Louvain, Termonde, and Bruges are charged at the rate of the Special Scale for exportation, No. 1. (p. 58.)

Merchandise marked (*c.*) in the classification of goods (p. 60.) and forwarded by full wagon load of 10 tons, or paying for that weight and destined for exportation from the ports of Antwerp, Ghent, Brussels, Louvain, Termonde, and Bruges are charged by Special Scale No. 2 (p. 59.)

* By each consignment is meant one or more packages coming from one sender, and addressed to one consignee.

† The hours of the night are fixed as follows :—From the 1st April to the 30th September, from 7 p.m. to 7 a.m.; from the 1st October to the 31st March, from 5 p.m. to 8 a.m.

‡ Appendix p. 57, 58 and 59.

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Goods, whether for export or import, through the same ports, and marked (*d*) in classification of goods (p. 60), are charged per complete wagon loads of 10 tons at the rates of Special Scale No. 3, p. 59.

Art. 14. Goods in the 4th class of Scale No. 3 will be charged at 3rd class rates when the sender requires the use of tilted or closed wagons.

The tilt cloths or tarpaulins of the Administration are not allowed to be placed over loads of lime.

Consignors and consignees may claim the application of 4th class rates if they supply their own tarpaulins, or the necessary straw when required.

Tarpaulins belonging to private parties must have the owners' names distinctly marked on them, also the station to which they are to be returned. Tarpaulins when sent back are subject to a booking fee of 5*d*. each lot.

Art. 15. For consignments of more than three wagon loads, the sender must book them 48 hours at least beforehand. A special register for this purpose is kept at each station.

The sender is liable to a fine of 4*s*. per wagon if the goods are not delivered at the station on the agreed day, and the Administration may, in default of payment, employ the rolling stock for other purposes.

The deposit of the fine of 4*s*. per wagon may be required at the time of booking.

The station master must give notice to the sender the hour when the wagons he requires will be ready for him.

If after eight hours the loading of each wagon is not completed by the sender's people, he is liable to a penalty of 2½*d*. per hour per wagon for delay.

When the loading is to be effected by the servants of the Administration, the same penalty is applicable if more than eight hours elapse between the receipt of the first part of the consignment, and the receipt of its complement, that is, if the whole consignment is not brought to the station within the eight hours.

The same penalty of 2½*d*. per hour is applicable to each wagon loaded, which for want of any portion of its load cannot be forwarded by the proper train.

Art. 16. Except in cases of press of business, consignments effected under Scale No. 3 are to be ready for delivery to the station of destination within the third 24 hours after receipt, and are delivered to consignee when delivery has been paid for within 24 hours after arrival.

Art. 17. The 'minima' charges for Scale No. 3 are as follows:—

A. For 1st class, according to the rates shown in the table of rates. These minima charges, which are calculated for 8 cwt., do not include extra expenses. Everything up to 5 tons of goods in bulk, which cannot be loaded with other merchandise, is charged as a load of 5 tons. Loaded market wagons and dead horses are charged as for a minimum weight of 4 tons.

B. For 2nd and 3rd class, the minimum weight is 5 tons. Consignments of less than 5 tons are considered as in the 1st class, and charged as such unless it be to the advantage of the sender to pay at the rate of 5 tons in the class to which the goods belong. Empty market carts and wagons are charged as per a minimum weight of 4 tons.

C. For 4th class, the minimum weight is 10 tons. Goods of the 4th class offered in consignments of less weight than 10 tons are considered in the 3rd class, and charged as such, unless it be to the advantage of the sender to pay as consignments of 10 tons in the 4th class.

Beyond these minima, the charges are calculated by indivisible fractions of 22 lbs.

With the exceptions stated under the 1st section of the following article, all incomplete loads of goods are charged at the rate of 1st class, as long as there is no advantage in charging them as a complete load in the class to which they belong.

Goods other than those in bulk and which cannot be loaded with other goods, and which come from or are destined for certain branches, are allowed to be carried by incomplete loads, with a minimum charge for 2 tons per consignment.

Art. 18. Goods in bulk, and which cannot be loaded with other species, can only be received as a complete load (5 tons for 1st, 2nd, and 3rd classes, and 10 tons for 4th class), whatever be the weight of the consignment.*

Art. 19. Loading and unloading heavy goods by the servants and under the direction of the agents of the Administration, are effected at the rate of a halfpenny per cwt. for both operations.†

This charge is made upon the net weight of the goods, reckoning by 2 cwt.

Loading consists of placing in the wagons goods deposited on the platforms or wharves fixed by the Administration.

Unloading is the contrary operation. The servants of the sender or receiver may be allowed to assist, but in no case will any abatement of the extra rates fixed in the scale be allowed.

The loading and unloading of goods in bulk and in complete loads are generally performed by the sender and receiver, but under the superintendence of the agents of the Administration.

Goods of the 3rd and 4th class in bales, as well as bales of the 1st and 2nd class specified below, may likewise be loaded and unloaded by senders and receivers when in complete loads.

Goods of the 1st or 2nd class to which these regu-

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* The following goods are of the description:—

Aluminium.	Dung.	Mash.
Anthracite.	Dry onions.	Manganese.
Alquifoux.	Dust.	Marl.
Asphalte.	Drash.	Mortar.
Artists' chalk.	Empty bottles.	Metal waste.
Acorns.	Empty jars.	Mica.
Animal black.	Flints.	Mould.
Barytes.	Forage, dry or compressed.	Nuts and walnuts.
Beetroot.	Fresh or dried fruits not denominated.	Ochre.
Blende.	File dust.	Oxide of zinc.
Balls or bricks of coal.	Flax, in bundles.	Old iron.
Bricks of tan or peat.	Filth, in casks.	Pounded chalks.
Bark.	Garlic.	Pith.
Bone black.	Gall.	Paving stones.
Black compost.	Glass bells.	Pebbles.
Bones, in gross or crushed.	„ broken.	Pounce.
Butchers' waste.	Gravel.	Plaster.
Chalk of Troyes.	Guano.	Plumbago.
„ Meudon.	Ground chalk.	Pears and apples.
„ Spanish.	German wool.	Potatoes.
Cadmie.	Glass ware.	Pozzolano.
Calamine.	Horn, not manufactured.	Pulp of beetroot.
Carbonate of barytes.	Horn and bone shavings.	Pyrites.
Carrots.	Horse chesnuts.	Potato waste.
Castine.	Ice.	Pipe clay.
Cinders.	Iron scum.	Peat.
Charcoal.	„ dross.	Quartz.
Coal.	„ and other minerals.	Shreds and cuttings (not packed).
Chesnuts.	Iron or brass in small lumps.	Straw, in trusses.
Chickory, in bundles or roots (fresh or dried).	Ivory black.	Small coal.
China clay.	Kaolin (clay).	Sugar bakery waste.
Cobalt, in lumps.	Lime, in bulk or in sacks.	Sand.
Coke.	Lime, pounded, or in sacks.	Scoria.
Compost.	Lignite.	Sea and other salt.
Compressed hay.	Light black.	Speltre.
Coal dust.	Lead and zinc dross.	Sulphur, in blocks.
Chimney soot.	Lime and plaster stone.	Soot.
Common earthenware.	Mould, in barrels.	Sulphate of barytes.
Clippings of horn.	Mineral tar.	Sienna.
Cattle hoofs.	Metal filings (not denominated).	Tallows.
Clays not denominated.	Malt.	Turnips.
Carbonized peat.		Talc.
Dead horses.		Tan
Demijohns.		Umber.
		Vegetable and potters' earth.
		White clays.
		Whetstones and gun flints.
		Zinc dross.

† This charge does not include the payment for work done by the Administration when in default of or under directions from the persons to whom they are consigned; the goods are deposited upon the several floors of a warehouse or depôt, or in its cellars. In such a case the supplementary expense of the labour must be defrayed.

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lations apply are:—Acids, arms, cereals in general, (wheat, spelt, rye, buckwheat, oats, barley, maize, and their flour, malt, grains, bran, waste of rice or flour, peas, roots, beans, and horse beans,) charcoal, earthenware drain pipes, shreds and cuttings as well as the waste of tow, of hemp and flax, and paper stuff, glass garden frames, fine crystal and glass salt in cakes, empty jars, tow, crockery, flour not denominated, farinaceous food, mirrors, acorns, drinking vessels, grain and seed, groats, guano in sacks or barrels, charcoal dust, wood, and straw, flour, porcelain, drain pipes, salt of soda and potash, sulphates in general, window glass, and glass for table service.

When the sender loads, the operation of unloading and house delivery must be performed at the expense and under the care of the receiver.

On the other hand the operation of loading, when performed by the Administration, involves the charge fixed for unloading also.

The excess of a full load, as regards the charge for loading and unloading, is in proportion to the full load of which it forms the excess.

The charge for loading and unloading is always made when either in receiving or delivering, the cranes and machinery of the Administration are employed, whether with or without the aid of its servants.

Art. 20. A charge of a half-penny per 2 cwt. is made when a verification of the weight of the load is required by the sender or receiver.

But this charge is not made when an error is proved to the prejudice of sender or receiver.

The weight ascertained at departure shall be taken as correct when the difference more or less does not exceed 2 per cent. of the total weight. When difference in excess exceeds this allowance the charge will be for the whole excess.

Section 5.—Carriage of Goods by Contract.

Art. 21. Contracts are made with consignors and consignees, who undertake the regular employment for one month at the least of one or more wagons, for the conveyance of goods of the same kind between two stations named.

The Administration will regulate the route of these wagons, and will fix the period during which the loading and unloading of the goods shall be effected; four hours at least shall be allowed for each operation.

When a contract is by weight it must be at a minimum of 5 tons for goods in the 1st, 2nd, or 3rd class, and 10 tons for goods of the 4th class of Scale No. 3.

Contracts are only granted for indivisible quantities of 5 tons.

Contracts for loads of more than 5 tons are executed in 5, 10, or 15 ton wagons, at the convenience of the Administration.

Contracts for six months and more are made at the ordinary rates; those for less than six months are charged at an augmentation of 2½*d.* per ton on the rates of the four classes of Scale No. 3.

Contracts may be suspended on Sundays and holidays.

A contractor for a term of six months or more may, at the expiration of each month of his contract, change either the destination or point of departure of the wagons engaged.

He has the option of augmenting at the expiration of each month the tonnage contracted for, under the conditions of sections 3 and 4 as above, as if he had desired a new contract for at least one or more additional wagons for 30 days.

But in all cases the Administration reserves the right to limit these augmentations to a tonnage equal to that named in the agreement.

Applications for contracts, as well as for additional wagons or change of route, must be addressed in writing to the station master eight days in advance.

Every wagon used in the contract must be furnished by the contractor with a plate in metal or in wood, giving such information as the Administration may require.

In a case of delay of the wagons engaged, the contractor is liable to a fine equal to half the charge of hiring, provided the delay is not caused by circumstances beyond his control, such as a closing of barriers, stopping a large furnace, an unavoidable interruption in mining works, or accidents on the railroad.

The Administration is equally relieved from its obligations towards the contractor in case of pressure of traffic or cases analogous to those that relieve the contractor.

*Section 6.—Conveyance of Furniture by Furniture Vans.**

The use of vans or carriages for removal of furniture is regulated as follows:—

A. The rate is fixed at the first-class charges of Scale No. 3, and at 6 tons per van, the maximum weight of the contents not exceeding 3 tons.
All the conditions of Scale No. 3 apply to this kind of conveyance.
No addition to the load of wagons used for forwarding furniture vans is allowed.
The loading and unloading of furniture at the house is at the expense of senders and receivers.
The expense of loading on the wagons and the unloading of the van is included in the scale.
The transit is by slow service.

B. When the collection and delivery is effected by the contractor for cartage, it is charged at the rate of 4*s.* per van for each operation, including the horsing of the van to or from the address within a radius of two miles.
Parties interested may employ another contractor or their own horses.
Eight hours are allowed for each of these operations, counting from the time notification has been made of the arrival of the van, full or empty.
It is to be perfectly understood that this period of eight hours applies exclusively to the daytime. Thus, for a carriage or van placed at the disposal of the party interested during the evening, the period will not commence until the following morning.
After the eight hours allowed, 2½*d.* per hour is charged as demurrage.

C. Furniture vans may be used beyond the limits of the railway.
Cartage beyond the railway is at the expense, and risk of the sender, who is responsible for the wear and tear of the vehicle during the journey.

D.—Requisitions for furniture vans are received at all the stations on deposit of 8*s.* per van, which is returned to the sender at the time of departure. In case no use is made of the van, this amount is forfeited to the Treasury, independently of whatever may be due under section B. as above shown.

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* The stations belonging to Government unprovided with platforms for the loading and unloading of furniture vans and carriages, are the following:—

Southern Line.—Buysingen, Hennuyères, Marches les Ecaussines, Familleureux, Godarville, Courcelles-Nord, Marcinelle, Le Campinaire, Flawinne, Neufvilles, Ghlin, Quaregnon, La Croyère, Mons, (Bassin), Houssu, Haine St. Pierre, Mariemont, l'Olive, La Paix, Bois du Luc, Bracquegnies.

North-west Line.—Schaerbeek, Haeren, Eppeghem, Weerde, Wavre St. Catherine, Duffel, Vieux Dieu, Berchem (Antwerp), Hombeek, Baesrode, Wichelen, Schellebelle, Quatrecht, Ghent (depôt), Tronchiennes, Oostcamp, Laeken, Jette, Dilbeek, Berchem-St.-Agathe, Bodeghem St. Martin, Erembodeghem, Gyseghem†, Schoonaerde.

Eastern Line.—Boortmeerbeck, Haecht, Wespelaer, Wygmael, Herent, Remicourt, Ensival, Bierset-Awans, Corbeek-Loo.

South-western Line.—La Pinte, St. Denis-Westrem, Machelon, Havinnes, Papignies, Schendelbeke, Baeleghem, Scheldwindeke, Moortzeele, Landscauter.

† This station is provided with a temporary platform of old sleepers.

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Chapter II.—Bullion.

Scale No 4.

Art. 23. This scale is applicable to gold and silver, whether in ingots, coin, bank notes, or other paper of value.

Any false declaration of the nature, value, or weight of the objects above specified will be treated as a fraud.

Art. 24. The charge is levied by the 40*l.*; every lower fraction of this figure is counted as 40*l.* The scale includes the expense of loading and unloading, booking, and delivery to consignee.

Art. 25. When the scale for bullion is below that of Scale No. 2, calculated by weight, this last is applied.

Valuable articles charged for by weight are subject to all the conditions of the scale applied.

Art. 26. The articles declared to be of value must be carefully packed, sealed, and addressed to consignee before they can be received for conveyance.

They should be packed either in bags, neither torn nor mended, sewn inside, and securely corded, and the ends sealed with wax or lead; or in perfectly solid cases or kegs, closed by a crossed cord in one piece and sealed by the sender at the two extremities.

These seals should bear letters or a special mark. All money packages will be refused if sealed with coins, or marked with either straight, circular, or crossed lines.

The same rules must be observed for all packages of declared value.

In all cases the contents and the value should be stated upon the address and upon the despatch note, which should also bear the mark of the seal which may be on the packages, bags, cases, casks, or parcels.

Art. 27. Articles of value are despatched by the next passenger train, providing they have been booked half an hour previously to the departure.

They are delivered within three hours after their arrival, the hours of the night excepted.

Art. 28. Urgent consignments of valuable articles may, at the demand of the sender, be delivered by express service, but only within a radius of 2 miles round those stations where cartage is organized.

In this case the rate is double that of Scale No. 4, unless this should be lower than that of Scale No. 1, calculated by weight. When delivery at the address is required after nine in the evening an extra charge of $2\frac{1}{2}$*d.* per consignment is made.

The charges may be paid in advance or on delivery.

Chapter III.—Collection and Delivery.

Art. 29. The collection and delivery applies to goods in general as well as to consignments of bullion. The Administration, however, do not perform this service for goods which they do not load.

This service extends to suburbs of towns, and in general to all districts situated within a radius of 2 miles round the station, taken as a centre.

Beyond the limits comprised in this radius an extra charge of 2*d.* per consignment is made.

Art. 30. The Administration undertakes the delivery to consignee of all goods at places where cartage is organized* on payment of a rate of $1\frac{1}{2}$*d.* on each 2 cwt. or fractional part of that weight.

Art. 31. Application for collection should be made 24 hours in advance, either by unsealed letter posted to the address of the station-master or verbally in the goods' office. On the State railway these letters go free. They should give the address of the sender, the number, nature, and destination of the packages.

Art. 32. The charge for collection is always made for consignments under Scale No. 3, although delivered by the sender at the offices established in the interior of towns.*

Art. 33. Delivery to the address is made at the rates indicated by the Tariff in those places where cartage is established.

Art. 34. The periods indicated in Articles 3, 7, and 16 are not binding when the formalities of the custom-house prevent their observance.

Nothing is deducted from the charge for delivery of articles in Scales Nos. 2 and 4, addressed "to be called for," or consigned to stations not included in Article 30.

Delivery to destination is also charged for parts of loads of Scale No. 3, consigned to stations where cartage is organized, unless there should be contrary directions on the despatch note.

The rates for collection and delivery of bulky goods must be reckoned on the same weight that is charged for carriage.

Chapter IV.—Private Carriages.

Scale No. 5.

Art. 35. Scale No. 5 applies to private carriages to be forwarded by the first passenger train (fast service excepted). The charge for conveyance must be paid at the departure station. No distinction is made between carriages of two or four wheels, or of one or two bodies.

Carriages should be delivered at the station at least one hour before departure.

Art. 36. Passengers conveyed in their own carriages are charged first-class fare.

If they travel in the railway carriages they pay according to the passenger scale.

Art. 37. Carriages, accompanied by passengers, consigned to a station beyond Brussels, are only booked as far as Brussels.

Art. 38. Carriages can be conveyed by trains of slow service, on demand of the senders.

In this case, the following charge is made:—A carriage of one or two bodies, mounted or unmounted, is rated at $2\frac{1}{2}$ tons, according to the charge of the second class of the scale.

Two carriages of one or two bodies, mounted or unmounted, loaded upon a single truck are charged as 4 tons, at the charge of the second class in the scale. The loading and unloading must be done at the expense and risk of the senders and consignees. This regulation applies equally to carts, wagons, and trucks, either mounted or otherwise.

Art. 39. The expenses of loading and unloading carriages carried by fast service, are included in the charge of conveyance.

Art. 40. The transport of a coffin is at the same rate as that of a carriage by fast service.

Chapter V.—Horses, Cattle and Dogs.

Scale No. 6.

Art. 41. Live stock is carried either by fast or slow service. The charge must be paid at the departure station.

Fast service is by the ordinary passenger trains (express excepted), and by the through trains as directed by the Administration. The slow conveyance is by the through trains, and goods trains as directed by the Administration.

Cattle are only carried by slow service.

Horses may be conveyed by fast service in the following cases:—

* These stations are the following:—Brussels, Vilvorde, Malines, Antwerp, Lierre, Louvain, Tirlemont, Liége, Verviers, Termonde, Zele, Lokeren, Alost Wetterin Sotteghem, Ghent, Bruges, Ostend, Deynze, Waereghem, Courtrai, Mouscron, Tournay, Leuze, Ath, Lessines, Grammont, Ninove, Hal, Enghien, Braine-le-Comte, Soignies, Mons, Jemmapes, Saint-Ghislain, Boussu, Gosselies, Marchiennes, Charleroi, Châtelineau, Namur, La Louvière.

* See the list of these offices in note, p. 56.

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A. When the length of the journey is 46 miles or more.

B. For every distance, when the points of departure and of arrival are the extreme stations to and from which the train proceeds.

Art. 42. The charge by the scale for fast service is applicable alike to one, two, or three horses.

Horses by fast service for places beyond Brussels are only booked as far as that city.

Art. 43. Conveyance by slow service is divided into three specified series, as follows :—

First specified number.—One horse; one or two oxen, cows, or asses; one to five hogs or calves; one to 10 sheep.

Second specified number.—Two horses; three or four oxen, cows, or asses; six to 10 hogs or calves; 11 to 20 sheep.

Third specified number.—Three horses; one truck of large or small cattle.

Senders of animals may place as many head in the wagons as they think fit, but the Administration will not be responsible for damage, mortality, or accidents of the way.

The above rate for third specified number by slow conveyance is increased by 25 per cent. for the conveyance of cattle, which, on the request of the sender, are placed in large sized horse trucks, or in double floored trucks.

Art. 44. Horses and cattle should be at the station at least an hour before the departure of the train. In the case of consignments requiring the use of more than two boxes or three trucks, 48 hours' notice should be given of their being required.

At intermediate stations this rule is strictly enforced whatever may be the importance of the consignment.

Art. 45. Loading or unloading of animals forwarded by fast or slow service must be performed by and at the entire responsibility of the sender or receiver. The administration may forbid any loading or unloading during the course of the journey.

Art. 46. Horses and cattle must be accompanied by a conductor.

One conductor per consignment or per truck is allowed free in the boxes, horse or cattle trucks.

If the conductor proceeds in any other vehicle he must pay as a passenger.

Art. 47. Except in cases provided for in Art. 65, when a delay of more than six hours occurs in the arrival of the trains, the Administration is not responsible for any loss, beyond the total amount of the charges for conveyance.

Art. 48. The conveyance of horses and cattle requiring 10 trucks, at least, for one destination, may be effected by special train at slow charges, provided that a requisition is made two days in advance.

Art. 49. Small animals presented for conveyance in pens, baskets, or bags, properly closed, may be forwarded at the rate and conditions of No. 2 Scale for goods. These consignments are not carried by passenger trains, and the Administration will not undertake their delivery to address. They undertake no responsibility in reference to these consignments.

Art. 50.—Dogs accompanying their owners pay third class passenger fares whatever their size.

When sent in baskets they are taken without responsibility under the rates and conditions of scale 1 and 2, or the scale for luggage.

Chapter VI.—Exceptional Conveyance.

Art. 51.—A reduction of charges not exceeding 50 per cent. may be allowed under exceptional circumstances or with a view to increased traffic.

Every requisition with this object must be addressed to the Administration at least 15 days before the day fixed for the carriage of the articles.

Chapter VII.—Return of Empties.

Art. 52.—Returned empty packages per slow service are charged according to actual weight, and at the rates of the 1st class of Scale No. 3; the charge is applied by 22 lbs., with a minimum of two cwt.

These packages may also be charged by actual weight under Scale No. 2, by fast service when a written demand is made by the sender.

Empty return packages can only be received as such when the station master gives a certificate that they have actually been used in the conveyance of merchandise on the railway.

The certificates should specify the good or bad condition of the empties.

Chapter VIII.—General Conditions.

Art. 53. For goods forwarded under Scales No. 1, 2, 4, the offices are opened half an hour before the departure of the first passenger train, and closed half an hour after the departure of the last.

For goods sent by slow service, the offices in the principal stations are open from 7 in the morning to 7 in the evening between the 1st of April and 30th September, and from 8 in the morning to 5 in the evening from 1st October to 31st March.

At intermediate stations, goods are only received for those trains that stop there.

Art. 54. Packages weighing more than 4 cwt., or merchandise of a greater weight than 1 ton, or which require the placing of a wagon upon the main line need not at present be received by the Administration at stations unprovided with sidings.*

Every entry of goods, bullion, carriages, horses, and cattle is to be evidenced by a note given to the sender, or by a receipt given upon his books.

The consignee is bound to give a receipt of merchandise or bullion in the porter's book, or on the arrival notice.

Art. 56. The station masters advise the consignees by a notice of the arrival of such merchandise as the Administration has not to deliver to their destination. This notice is charged at the rate of 1*d.* for goods directed to be left till called for under Scale No. 3.

No charge is made for goods sent under Scales 1, 2, and 4, to be left till called for, or when destined to stations where no system of cartage has been organized.

The consignees may empower a correspondent in the locality of the arrival station to receive goods for them.

The period allowed for unloading reckons from the time the notice is sent to the consignee or his correspondent either by post or the messengers of the Administration.

Goods must be removed from the station within eight hours after arrival, not reckoning Sundays, holidays, or the hours of night.† At the expiration of this time demurrage is calculated for every extra hour, whether by night or day, not excepting Sundays and holidays.

The following rates are levied for demurrage whether the goods are in the wagons, depôts, or stores.

For merchandise not unloaded 2½*d.* per hour, and per wagon for any weight.

For merchandise unloaded, but not removed, ¼*d.* (0·18*d.*) per day per two cwt., with minimum charge of 1*d.*

When a press of business occurs the administration

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* These stations are—Buysingen, Godarville, Flawinne, Ghlin, Quaregnon, Eppeghem, Wavre St. Catherine, Berchem (Antwerp), Hombeck, Baesrode, Wichelen, Oostcamp, Laeken Dilbeck, Berchem St. Agathe, Bodeghem St. Martin, Schoonaerde, Bierset, Awans, Corbeek Loo, St. Denis Westrein, Hecrent.

† Vide Art. 7.

Goods Traffic Regulations on Belgian State Railways.

reserves the right to unload or cart away the merchandise at the expense of the sender, and at rate fixed by the scale for these operations.

Art. 57. Consignees must remove merchandise for deposit in the Custom House stores within 10 days after arrival, or enter it in their own names, paying at the same time the cost of carriage and all disbursements due to the railway administration.

Owners or senders of goods who have not done what is required by the above article after the expiration of the time allowed, shall forfeit to the administration of the railways ½*d.* (0·36*d.*) per day for each 2 cwt., with a minimum of 5*d.* for each consignment, without prejudice to the storage and other dues payable to the Custom House authorities.

Art. 58. Goods, the weight of which is under 4 cwt. per 35 cubic feet, are subject to an additional charge of 50 per cent. on their real weight up to a maximum of 4 cwt. per 35 cubic feet.

Exception is made in favour of eggs, bleached linen, artificial cloths or stuffs, linen and cotton waste, which are admitted at their real weight.

Art. 59. The conveyance of single articles above the weight of 10 tons or requiring the use of special wagons is not compulsory.

The rates and conditions of conveyance, as also the charge for collection and delivery when the administration undertakes these operations, are regulated by special agreements.

Art. 60. The normal length of vehicles used for the conveyance of goods is fixed at 20 feet.

The charge for articles above 20 feet in length is as follows:—

From 20 to 39 feet:

(*a.*) According to weight when 6 tons or upwards.

(*b.*) According to weight plus 1½ tons when less than 6 tons, with a maximum of 6 tons.

From 39 to 59 feet:

(*a.*) According to weight when 10½ tons or upwards.

(*b.*) According to this weight augmented by 3 tons when less than 10½ tons, with a maximum of 10½ tons.

From 59 to 79 feet:

(*a.*) According to weight when equal to 15 tons or upwards.

(*b.*) According to this weight augmented by 4½ tons when less than 15 tons, with a maximum of 15 tons.

Art. 61. The loads of the wagons must not exceed the following dimensions:—

	ft.	in.
Breadth - - - -	8	10
Height above the level of the rails	11	2

The breadth must not exceed 8 ft. 10 in. without express permission. When the breadth is not more than 4 ft. 11 in. at the top of the load, its height may be increased to 13 ft. 5 in. above the rails.

Every load measuring more than 20 feet and up to 46 feet is limited to a height of 10 ft. 2 in. above the rails, and to a breadth of 7 ft. 10 in.

The conveyance of merchandise exceeding 46 feet in length is not compulsory.

The sender must obtain a special authorization before it can be conveyed.

Art. 62. Every package or bale must be properly packed and legibly directed.

Articles sent for conveyance insufficiently packed will be refused or only received with a written declaration delivered by the sender, certifying that the said articles cannot damage goods with which they may come in contact.

Art. 63. Goods forwarded under scale 3, as also articles of declared value, must be accompanied by a delivery note showing exactly the nature and weight of the goods.

These documents will be used in claiming indemnity in case of damage, loss, or deficiency.

The name of only one consignee is to be mentioned on each delivery note.

Delivery notes which accompany goods sent at these rates by the railways worked by the State, and those by railway companies, as far as relates to through traffic, are exempt from stamps.

Goods transmitted under scales 1 and 2 must be accompanied by a delivery note whenever they are composed of more than three packages or are above the weight of 2 cwt. The same rule applies when they are of declared value or charged with money "paid on," whatever may be the number and weight of the consignment.

The preceding conditions are applicable on all parts of the railway system.

Art. 64. For goods loaded by the sender the administration will not be responsible for the quantity, even when the delivery notes indicate the number of packages.

It also accepts no responsibility for damage occasioned by careless loading or unloading.

Art. 65. Senders must declare upon the delivery note the indemnity they require in the case of loss o damage to their goods.

They have also the right to fix the indemnity they require in case of delay in the arrival of their goods at their destination.

In this case insurance of 5*d.* in every 40*l.* on the declared value or amount of indemnity so fixed is paid in addition to the charge for carriage.

The total amount of the declared value shall be paid in case of total loss, and a proportional part if the loss is only partial.

The same rule applies in case of goods damaged, the insurance being in proportion to the damage proved.

The indemnity provided for under section 2 of the present article is payable after the lapse of six hours under scale No. 1; of more than one day under scale No. 2; of more than two days under scale No. 3.

In the case of a delay of a part only of the consignment, a proportion of the stipulated indemnity will be paid in proportion to the weight of the goods delayed.

The administration is not responsible for uninsured goods, except as follows:

(*a.*) 1*s.* 5*d.* per lb. for deficiency or damage when the consignment is under scales No. 1 or 2.

(*b.*) 3*d.* per lb. for deficiency or damage for consignments under scale No. 3.

In each case the indemnity shall not exceed the value of the goods lost or damaged.

(*c.*) A tenth of the charges for carriage for each extra day delayed beyond those named above.

Beyond 15 days the delay is to be considered as a total loss.

In the case of a recovery of articles so lost the administration must inform the consignee who shall have for 15 days the right to claim their delivery upon his repayment of three-fourths of any indemnity that shall have been paid.

Art. 66. Money "paid on" not compulsory.

Articles charged with money "paid on" are only received when their value exceeds these disbursements, and the charge of conveyance.

No money can be "paid on" for articles subject to deterioration.

Money more than 4*s.*, except incurred at distant stations, paid as custom house charges, or expense of forwarding by rail or other systems of conveyance of the administration previously incurred, are subject to a charge of a fourth per cent., calculated for every 4*l.*

Articles to be delivered at address, subject to payment of charges on delivery, are to be declared as such on the delivery note.

Payments on delivery are subject to the charge on the scale for bullion. If the sender wishes the receiver to make such payment, he increases by that charge the repayment to be made.

Goods Traffic Regulations on Belgian State Railways.

Art. 67. Goods may be forwarded with charges paid or to be paid. But in all cases articles subject to deterioration or of no value, as also urgent letters (Art. 4) can only be received prepaid.

Art. 68. In case of the refusal to receive, or when the persons to whom they are consigned are unknown, articles subject to deterioration or decay may be sold without judicial formalities on account of the owners. A formal declaration is made on such sales.

The expense of returning any articles refused to be received is subject to the charge for carriage.

Art. 69. Gunpowder, gun-cotton, nitro-glycerine, and fulminates, cannot be forwarded under any circumstances.

Exception of this rule is only allowed to the War Department under conditions agreed upon.

The following goods are excluded from passenger trains :—

Mineral acids, alcohol, (spirit of wine or of gin), volatile alkali, lucifer matches, ammoniacal liquid, priming tubes, fireworks, cotton, raw or manufactured percussion caps, cartridges, cartridges of gun-cotton marked "Dixon's patent charges," safety matches called "Miner's fuses," chlorate of potash, collodion, cotton waste, liquid cyanure, tow, ether of all kinds, essences or oils of coal or turpentine, inflammable oils (camphine, hydro-carbonate, naptha, petroleum, and their extracts, schiste), hay and straw, alcoholic liquids (brandies and essences), phosphorous varnish of all kinds.

These things can only be forwarded by goods trains and in close wagons, or wagons carefully covered.

Partial loads are only received on Mondays and Thursdays at the rates and conditions of scales No. 2 and 3 (1st class), according to weight. Town offices cannot receive them for conveyance.*

Small parcels, patterns and samples, and in general packages of samples of merchandise under the weight of 22 lbs. may be forwarded every day by goods train only at the rates under scale No. 2.

Packages containing poisons and dangerous and explosive substances must be carefully marked as such on their outside, and are subject to the following rules :—

Fireworks must be packed in cases at least four-tenths of an inch in thickness.

Lucifer matches packed in wooden cases four-tenths of an inch at least thick, and carefully closed; no full package to weigh more than 3 cwt.

Priming tubes and caps to be packed in bags or boxes and then in wooden cases, at least four-tenths of an inch in thickness.

Phosphorus to be packed in strong jars in water-tight compartments filled with water.

Acids, essences, ether, collodion, and similar substances to be packed in strong jars or vases in separate compartments properly filled up. The jars or vases to be placed and fitted into cases or baskets.

Art. 70. All goods specified under Article 69 must be forwarded separately and entered in special delivery notes. They cannot besides be included in the same delivery as ordinary goods.

Art. 71. If the administration have reason to believe that noxious or dangerous articles are not declared as such, they may require that the packages be opened, or refuse to forward them.

Senders who shall have made false or insufficient declarations will in case of accident be responsible for all damage or loss resulting, and be subject to the punishment established by law.

The police regulations will be rigorously enforced in respect of noxious or dangerous articles.

Art. 72. In case fraudulent weight is suspected, or fraud in the nature or value of merchandise, the administration may require the packages to be opened either before or after the journey.

It may impose in such a case a fine of double the amount of the charge without prejudice to a prosecution under Royal decree of 19th May 1843, and the law of 6th March 1818.

Art. 73. The administration refuses all responsibility for damage in the following cases :—

1. When the damage had not been complained of on the arrival of the goods and before they are accepted or removed by the consignee, or within 24 hours after receiving notice of arrival, or in case the goods have been refused.

2. When the cases or packages show no external marks of damp or chafing.

They will not be answerable for cracks, loss, or leakage, rust of iron, steel, or zinc, damage to dressed stone, or any other article not packed.

Live stock, provisions, chymicals, works of art, and especially paintings, are forwarded without guarantee of any sort on the part of the administration.

Art. 74. The responsibility of the administration ceases:

1. As regards articles which it has undertaken to deliver to address, from the moment the delivery is certified in the porter's delivery book.
2. As regards goods directed to be left till called for, on their removal verified by receipt of the consignee or their delivery at his residence in virtue of Art. 56.
3. As regards goods destined to a place beyond the railway, at the time of delivery to the agent appointed by the sender.

Art. 75. In case of claim, the delivery notes are not recognized by the administration unless they are stamped by the office from whence the goods were forwarded, or unless they bear the signature of the station master or his deputy.

No notice will be taken of any difference which may exist in the rates or the period of delay allowed or charged for shown on the delivery notes and those specified in this book.

The administration has the right to recover any difference of charge either before or after delivery of the goods, when an error is committed in the application of the scale of charges.

Every claim for overcharge must be addressed in writing to the administration through the station master within six months of the arrival of the goods at the station of their destination.

The administration declines all responsibility to claims deferred, and not made under the foregoing conditions.

Articles which have been left in the depôts of the administration more than six months will be sold conformably to the regulation provided in such cases.

Art. 77. The rates fixed for the different kinds of conveyance do not include Customs' dues or the expenses of Custom House declarations.

The Customs' dues as well as the fines for inexact or incomplete declarations are due from the sender of the merchandise who will be responsible for them to the administration.

Art. 78. The administration declines all responsibility as to the want or inaccuracy of documents drawn up by the senders, or their agents. All documents sent should be entered on the delivery notes.

Art. 79. The traffic department is bound to give every information and to facilitate as much as possible all the requisite formalities.

They are when necessary to deliver pass tickets and tickets of entry.

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* Town offices are—Mons, Rue de Ninry; Namur, Place du Théatre; Antwerp, Place Verte; Ghent, Palais de Justice; Liège, Post Office; Liège, St. Lambert; Verviers, the Recollets; Brussels, Duquernoy, Ixelles Molenbeek; Chartreux, St. Jose ten Noode, and St. Gilles.

Table of Charges, Parcels, Goods, &c.

TABLE showing the CHARGES for CONVEYANCE of COACHING PARCELS and HEAVY GOODS.

GOODS OF DIFFERENT KINDS. (*For Extra Expenses see below.*)

Distance in Miles.	Express Service. Scale of Charges No. 1. Parcels delivered at the Address by Express Service. Charge per Parcel, including Extra Expenses, except those of Collection. 11 lbs. and less.	12 lbs. to 22 lbs.	Above 22 lbs. Minimum.	Above 22 lbs. Charge for 1 cwt.	Fast Service. Scale No. 2. Small Packages and Coaching Parcels. Charge, including Extra Expenses, except those of Collection. 11 lbs. and less.	12 lbs. to 22 lbs.	Above 22 lbs. Minimum.	Above 22 lbs. Charge for 1 cwt.	Slow Service. Scale No. 3. Heavy Goods. Minimum per Consignment, Extra Expenses not included.	Extra Expenses not included. Charge per Ton. 1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	4th Class.	Vans. Charge per Carriage.
				s. d.				s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
3	7d.	9d.	11d.	1 8	4d.	5d.	6d.	0 4	0 6	1 3	1 2	1 1	1 0	7 2
6				1 9				0 4	0 8	1 7	1 6	1 4	1 2	9 7
9				1 9				0 5	0 10	2 0	1 9	1 6	1 4	12 0
12				1 10				0 5	0 11	2 5	2 1	1 9	1 6	14 5
15				1 11				0 6	1 2	2 10	2 5	2 0	1 7	16 10
19	8d.	10d.	11d.	1 11	5d.	6d.	7d.	0 6	1 4	3 2	2 9	2 3	1 9	19 2
22				2 0				0 7	1 6	3 7	3 1	2 6	1 11	21 7
25				2 1				0 7	1 7	4 0	3 4	2 9	2 1	24 0
28				2 2				0 8	1 9	4 5	3 8	3 0	2 3	26 5
31				2 2				0 8	1 11	4 10	4 0	3 2	2 5	28 10
34				2 3				0 9	2 1	5 2	4 4	3 5	2 7	31 2
37				2 4				0 9	2 3	5 7	4 8	3 8	2 9	33 7
40				2 5				0 10	2 5	6 0	4 11	3 11	2 11	36 0
43				2 5				0 10	2 7	6 5	5 3	4 2	3 1	38 5
46				2 6				0 10	2 9	6 10	5 7	4 5	3 2	40 10
50	9d.	10d.	11d.	2 6	6d.	7d.	8d.	0 11	2 10	7 1	2 9	4 6	3 3	42 9
53				2 7				0 11	3 0	7 6	5 11	4 8	3 4	44 8
56				2 7				0 11	3 1	7 9	6 1	4 9	3 5	46 7
59				2 8				1 0	3 2	8 1	6 3	4 11	3 6	48 6
62				2 8				1 0	3 4	8 5	6 5	5 0	3 7	50 5
65				2 9				1 1	3 5	8 9	6 7	5 1	3 7	52 4
68				2 9				1 1	3 7	9 0	6 9	5 2	3 8	54 3
71				2 10				1 2	3 9	9 4	6 11	5 3	3 8	56 2
74				2 10				1 2	3 10	9 8	7 1	5 4	3 9	58 0
77				2 11				1 3	4 0	10 0	7 2	5 5	3 9	60 0
81				2 11				1 3	4 1	10 4	7 3	5 6	3 10	61 11
84				3 0				1 3	4 3	10 8	7 4	5 6	3 10	63 10
87				3 0				1 4	4 4	10 11	7 5	5 6	3 11	65 9
90				3 1				1 4	4 6	11 3	7 6	5 7	4 0	67 8
93				3 1				1 5	4 8	11 7	7 7	5 7	4 0	69 7
96				3 2				1 5	4 9	11 10	7 8	5 8	4 0	71 0
99				3 2				1 6	4 10	12 1	7 9	5 8	4 1	72 6
102				3 3				1 6	4 11	12 4	7 10	5 9	4 1	73 11
105				3 3				1 6	5 0	12 7	7 11	5 9	4 2	75 4
108				3 3				1 6	5 1	12 10	8 0	5 10	4 2	76 10
112				3 4				1 6	5 2	13 0	8 1	5 10	4 3	78 3
115				3 4				1 6	5 3	13 3	8 2	5 11	4 3	79 8
118				3 5				1 6	5 5	13 6	8 3	5 11	4 4	81 1
121				3 5				1 7	5 6	13 9	8 4	6 0	4 4	82 7
124				3 5				1 7	5 7	14 0	8 5	6 0	4 5	84 0
127				3 6				1 7	5 8	14 2	8 6	6 1	4 5	85 0
130				3 6				1 8	5 9	14 4	8 7	6 1	4 6	85 11
133				3 6				1 8	5 9	14 6	8 8	6 2	4 6	86 11
136				3 6				1 9	5 10	14 8	8 9	6 2	4 7	87 11
139				3 7				1 9	5 11	14 10	8 10	6 3	4 7	88 10
143				3 7				1 9	6 0	15 0	8 11	6 3	4 8	89 10
146				3 7				1 9	6 1	15 1	8 11	6 3	4 8	90 9
149				3 8				1 10	6 1	15 3	9 0	6 4	4 9	91 8
152				3 8				1 10	6 2	15 5	9 1	6 4	4 9	92 8
155				3 8				1 10	6 3	15 7	9 2	6 5	4 10	93 7
158				3 8				1 10	6 4	15 9	9 3	6 5	4 10	94 7
161				3 9				1 10	6 4	15 11	9 4	6 6	4 11	95 6

EXTRA EXPENSES not included in the Scale.

	Scale No. 1. Express Service.	Scale No. 2. Small Packages and Coaching Parcels.	Scale No. 3. Heavy Goods.
	d.	d.	d.
Booking, per Consignment (compulsory)	-	-	2
Collection, by indivisible fraction of 2 cwt.	1½	1½	1½
Delivery, by 22 lbs.	-	-	¾
Loading and unloading, by 2 cwt.	-	-	1
Postage of notice of arrival of goods addressed "to be called for."	-	-	1

Table of Charges for Bullion, Live Stock, &c.

CHARGE of CARRIAGE for BULLION, PRIVATE CARRIAGES, HORSES, CATTLE, and DOGS to different DISTANCES. (*For Extra Expenses see below.*)

Distances in Miles.	Bullion, &c. Scale No. 4, including extra Expenses, except those of Collection.	Private Carriages, Scale No. 5, per Carriage.	Scale No. 6. (12) By Fast Service. Horses per Truck.	Scale No. 6. Slow Service. Horses and Cattle. 1st Specified Service. [⅓ *Truck Load*] (*a*).	Slow Service. 2nd Specified Service. [⅔ *Truck Load*] (*a*).	Slow Service. 3rd Specified Service. [*Whole Truck Load*] (*a*).
		s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
3	$2\frac{1}{2}d.$ per 40*l.*, with min. of $4\frac{1}{2}d.$ per consignment.	7 2	6 5	2 11	4 3	5 9
6		9 7	8 0	3 4	5 0	6 9
9		12 0	9 7	3 10	5 9	7 8
12		14 5	11 2	4 3	6 6	8 8
15		16 10	12 10	4 10	7 3	9 7
19	3*d.* per 40*l.*, with minimum of $5\frac{3}{4}d.$ per consignment.	19 2	14 5	5 3	7 11	10 7
22		21 7	16 0	5 9	8 8	11 6
25		24 0	17 7	6 3	9 4	12 6
28		26 5	19 2	6 9	10 1	13 5
31		28 10	20 10	7 2	10 10	14 5
34		31 2	22 5	7 8	11 6	15 4
37		33 7	24 0	8 2	12 3	16 4
40		36 0	25 7	8 8	12 11	17 3
43		38 5	27 2	9 1	13 8	18 3
46		40 10	28 10	9 7	14 5	19 2
50	$3\frac{1}{4}d.$ per 40*l.*, with minimum of $6\frac{3}{4}d.$ per consignment.	42 9	30 1	10 0	15 0	19 11
53		44 8	31 4	10 4	15 6	20 8
56		46 7	32 8	10 8	16 0	21 4
59		48 6	33 10	11 0	16 7	22 1
62		50 5	35 2	11 5	17 1	22 10
65		52 4	36 6	11 9	17 8	23 6
68		54 3	37 9	12 1	18 2	24 3
71		56 2	39 0	12 6	18 9	25 0
74		58 0	40 4	12 10	19 3	25 8
77		60 0	41 7	13 2	19 10	26 5
81		61 11	42 11	13 7	20 4	27 2

Distance in Miles.	Bullion, &c. Scale No. 4, including Extra Charges, except those of Collection.	Private Carriages, Scale No. 5, per Carriage.	Scale No. 6. (12) By Fast Service. Horses per Truck.	Scale No. 6. Slow Service. Horses and Cattle. 1st Specified Service. [⅓ *Truck Load*] (*a*).	Slow Service. 2nd Specified Service. [⅔ *Truck Load*] (*a*).	Slow Service. 3rd Specified Service. [*Whole Truck Load*] (*a*).
		s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
84	$3\frac{1}{4}d.$ per 40*l.*, with minimum of $6\frac{3}{4}d.$ per consignment.	63 10	44 2	13 11	20 11	27 10
87		65 9	45 5	14 3	21 5	28 7
90		67 8	46 9	14 8	21 11	29 3
93		69 7	48 0	15 0	22 6	30 0
96		71 0	49 0	15 3	22 11	30 6
99		72 6	49 11	15 6	23 3	31 0
102		73 11	50 10	15 8	23 7	31 5
105		75 4	51 10	15 11	24 0	31 11
108		76 10	52 10	16 2	24 4	32 5
112		78 3	53 9	16 5	24 8	32 11
115		79 8	54 9	16 8	25 0	33 5
118		81 1	55 8	16 11	25 5	33 10
121		82 7	56 8	17 2	25 9	34 4
124		84 0	57 7	17 5	26 1	34 14
127		84 11	58 3	17 7	26 4	35 0
130		85 11	58 11	17 9	26 7	35 1
133		86 11	59 6	17 11	26 10	35 5
136		87 11	60 2	18 0	27 1	36 9
139		88 10	60 10	18 2	27 4	36 1
143		89 10	61 5	18 4	27 7	36 5
146		90 9	62 1	18 6	27 9	37 9
149		91 8	62 9	18 8	28 0	37 0
152		92 8	63 5	18 11	28 3	37 4
155		93 7	64 0	19 0	28 6	38 8
158		94 7	64 8	19 2	28 9	38 0
161		95 6	65 3	19 4	29 0	38 8

EXTRA EXPENSES not included in the SCALE.

Collection of valuables, per indivisible fraction of 40*l.*, at a charge of $1\frac{1}{2}d.$

Booking, per consignment (compulsory), 2*d.* is the charge for Scales No. 5 (carriages), and No. 6 (horses and cattle).

(12) The charges of Scale No. 6, slow service 3rd specified number (whole truck load), are increased 25 per cent. for all loads which at the demand of the sender are sent in horse trucks of the large size or in cattle trucks with double floors.

(*a*). *The exact number of animals in each specified service is given in Appendix p. 54, and Table R. Report p. 21, but the old proportion is given above from old Scale of Charges, Appendix p. 45, as the most convenient measure of the difference.*

Special Scales of Charges for Goods in Belgium.

SPECIAL SCALE No. 1, applicable to Consignments of PIT COAL, COKE, and PATENT FUEL, in full Wagon Loads of 10 tons at least, from the different Coal Fields of the Country to Brussels, Antwerp, Louvain, Termonde, Ghent, Bruges, and Ostend, and destined for immediate Exportation by Sea.

PRICE PER TON.

From the under-mentioned Stations to the Stations in the next Columns.	Brussels. (Allée V.)	Antwerp.	Louvain (Canal Harbour).	Termonde (Depôt).	Ghent (Canal Harbour).	Bruges (Canal Harbour).	Ostend.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Ans	2 3	2 8	2 0	2 9	3 6	3 11	4 1
Auvelais	2 0	3 2	3 0	3 2	3 0	3 9	3 11
Boussu	2 0	2 11	2 6	2 3	2 3	3 4	3 8
Bascoup	2 0	2 6	2 2	2 5	2 3	3 4	3 8
Bois-du-Luc	2 0	2 5	2 0	2 3	2 2	3 3	3 8
Bracquegnies	2 0	2 5	2 2	2 3	2 2	3 3	3 8
Charleroi	2 0	2 9	2 6	2 8	2 8	3 8	3 10
Châtelineau	2 0	2 11	2 8	2 11	2 9	3 8	3 10
Chênée	2 6	2 11	2 0	3 0	3 8	4 0	4 2
Couillet	2 0	2 9	2 8	2 9	2 9	3 8	3 10
Courcelles-Nord	2 0	2 6	2 3	2 5	2 3	3 4	3 8
Ecaussines	2 0	2 0	2 0	2 0	2 0	2 11	3 4
Farciennes	2 0	3 0	2 9	2 11	2 11	3 9	3 10
Gosselies-Courcelles	2 0	2 8	2 3	2 6	2 5	3 6	3 9
Haine St. Pierre	2 0	2 5	2 0	2 3	2 2	3 3	3 8
Haut-Pré	2 3	2 9	2 0	2 11	3 7	3 11	4 1
Jemmapes	2 0	2 9	2 5	2 2	2 2	3 3	3 8
La Louvière	2 0	2 3	2 0	2 2	2 2	3 2	3 7
La Paix	2 0	2 5	2 0	2 2	2 2	3 3	3 8
L'Olive l'Etoile	2 0	2 6	2 2	2 3	2 3	3 4	3 8
Le Campinaire	2 0	3 0	2 9	2 11	2 11	3 9	3 10
Liége (station)	2 5	2 9	2 0	2 11	3 7	3 11	4 1
Liége (river)	2 5	2 11	2 0	3 0	3 8	4 0	4 2
Marchiennes	2 0	2 9	2 5	2 8	2 6	3 7	3 9
Mariemont	2 0	2 5	2 2	2 3	2 3	3 3	3 8
Mons (station) Mons (canal harbour	2 0	2 8	2 3	2 0	2 0	3 2	3 7
Moustier	2 2	3 3	3 2	3 3	3 2	3 10	3 11
Roux	2 0	2 8	2 5	2 6	2 6	3 6	3 9
Saint Ghislain	2 0	2 9	2 6	2 3	2 3	3 4	3 8
Tamines	2 0	3 2	2 11	3 0	3 0	3 9	3 11
Thulin	2 0	3 0	2 8	2 5	2 5	3 6	3 9

Extra Expenses not included in the Scale: Booking, per consignment (compulsory), 2*d.*; sending notice of arrival (compulsory), 1*d.*

Special Scale of Charges for Goods in Belgium.

SPECIAL SCALE No. 2, MERCHANDISE for EXPORTATION through the Ports of Antwerp, Ghent, Ostend, Brussels, Bruges, Louvain, and Termonde.

This scale applies to the articles herein-after named conveyed by full wagon load of 10 tons at least.

Anchors.
Arms.
Axle-boxes.
Anvils.
Axles.
Bolts, keys, catches, &c. (iron).
Bombs.
Bullets.
Balls for steelyards.
Brass, castings.
Cables, chain.
Chains.
Columns and pillars (cast).
Corner pieces (cast).
Cramp irons.
Copper (sheet and pigs).
Coach springs.
Cranes.
Cooper's tools.
Drain pipes.
Eccentric rods.
Frame work (iron).
Glass (for windows).
Gun barrels (unfinished).
Iron bolts.
,, buckles.
,, kettles, &c.
,, polished or manufactured.
,, ornamental.
,, ploughs.
,, wrought (in plates or wire).
,, (sheet).
,, wire.
,, girders.
,, bedsteads.
,, plates.
,, pipes.
,, machinery.
Iron pots and kettles (cast).
,, wheel stocks and naves.
,, and brass articles (not specified).
,, and brass ornaments.
,, door and window frames.
,, turntables.
,, stoves and grates.
,, weights.
,, points.
,, pots (cast).
,, projectiles.
,, bridges (parts of).
Ironmongery.
Lighters and tanks in sheet iron (not put together).
Lead.
Locomotives, tenders, and waggons (not put together).
Nails.
Nuts (for screws).
Plates for railways.
Pegs and pins (iron).
Pottery, earthenware.
Ploughshares.
Railway fittings.
Rivets.
Saw blades.
Spoons and ladles.
Sheathing (metal).
Splints.
Scythes and sickles.
Spades.
Tires for wheels.
Vices.
Window sashes (iron).
Wheels for waggons.
Zinc (pig).
,, (sheet).
,, rolled.

The Charge under this Scale is that of Third Class of Scale No. 3, with a minimum of 3*s.* per ton.

Extra Expenses not included in this Scale.

	d.
Booking, per consignment (compulsory) - - - - - - - -	2
Sending notice of arrival of goods left to be called for (per notice) (compulsory) - - -	1

SPECIAL SCALE No. 3 applicable to certain IMPORTS and EXPORTS through the Ports of Antwerp, Ghent, Ostend, Brussels, Bruges, Louvain, and Termonde.

The under-mentioned goods are reclassed as follows :—A. (*when for imports only*); blende and calamine. B. (*when for export only*); beams and bracings, rails and castings, viz., railway chairs, crossings and pipes.

The Charge under this Scale is that of Fourth Class of Scale No. 3, (with a minimum of 2*s.* 5*d.* per ton) for loads weighing at least 10 tons, or paying for that weight.

Extra Charges not included in this Scale.

	d.
Booking, per consignment (compulsory) - - - - -	2
Sending the notice of arrival, per notice (compulsory) - - -	1

Belgian Classification of Goods.

No. 10.

Translation of General Classification of Merchandise conveyed by Slow Trains on Belgian Railways.

Alphabetically arranged.

Class I.

Articles.	Irish.
Absinthe	—
Acid, acetic (b)	s.
Acid, citric (b)	s.
Acid, oleaginous (b)	s.
Acid, stearic (b)	s.
Acid, tartaric (b)	s.
Acid, not specified (b)	s.
Acid, oxalic (b)	s.
Agaric	—
Alabaster	—
Alabaster, worked	2
Albuminum	—
Alcohol	—
Aliments	—
Alizari	—
Aloes	—
Almonds	—
Amber	—
Anchovies	—
Aniseed, grain (b)	—
Apples, fresh or dried (a)	3
Artificial flowers	—
Artifices	—
Art collections	—
Articles de Paris, not specified	—
Articles de Rouen	—
Artillery and machinery, parts of	—
Arms (b)	—
Arrowroot, and other exotic sediments.	4
Arsenic	—
Aspic oil	—
Axonge (a)	—
Balsam	—
Barley sugar	—
Barrows, wheelwrights' work, &c.	—
Bacon	3
Basketwork	5
Beer	3
Beans (a, b)	2
Bedding	5
Beehives	4
Bellows	4
Bismuth	—
Blacking	3
Blood in kegs (e)	—
Bobbin of sorts	—
Borax	—
Borax, refined	—
Boot trees	—
Books	4
Bone, black (a)	—
Bone work	—
Brandies	—
Brass	3, 4, 5
Brass leaves	4
Brass and iron ornaments (c)	4
Bristles	4
Bristol boards in sheets	—
Brooms, hair	3
Brooms, birch, and others	—
Bronzes	—
Brushes	—
Brush handles and backs	3, 4
Buckthorn (yellow grain) (b)	—
Butter	3, 4
Bungs	5
Buttons	—
Cabinetmakers' wood	—
Cartwrights' timber, worked	3
Caps	5
Candles	3
Candles, wax	3
Cables, hemp	—
Cachou	—
Calico	4
Calicoes	—
Camphine	s.
Cambouis (gum) (a)	—

Articles.	Irish.
Camphor	—
Canvas	3
Cane	4
Cantharides	—
Caoutchouc	—
Capers	—
Capsules	—
Carbonate of ammonia	—
Cardboard	—
Card-work	—
Card and paper waste	—
Cards, playing	—
Carding combs, &c.	—
Carmine of indigo	—
Cabbages	4
Cases, empty	—
Casks, empty	4
Cattle and calf skins	3
Carpets	4
Cements	2
Chairs	5
China	5
Chesnuts (a)	—
Chesnut, oil of	—
Chesnuts, liquor	—
Chicory, in powder	3
Chlorates	—
Chocolate	—
Chromates	—
Church bells	—
Cheese, fresh	4
Cheese, dry	4
Chests, empty	—
Chemicals, not specified	—
Citrons	—
Cider	3, 4
Cigars	5
Cinnabar	—
Cinnamon	—
Citrates	—
Cloves	—
Cloves, in bunches	—
Clocks	6
Clocks for mantel-pieces	6
Cloth, sail	3
Cloth, waterproof or oiled	—
Cloth, in rolls	—
Cloth, sack	—
Cloth, worked	—
Clothes, old	3
Clothes, ready-made	—
Clothing	—
Clay pipes	—
Cocoa	3
Cocoa nibs	—
Coffee	3
Coffee roasters	—
Coom thick	—
Copper	4
Copper kettles, &c.	—
Copper sheet	4
Copper sheathing	—
Copper cylinders	4
Colonial produce, not specified	—
Cotton twist	4
Cobalt, in powder	—
Cobalt, metal	—
Cochineal	—
Cochineal ammonia	—
Confectionery	4
Copatin	—
Copal	—
Coral	—
Cordage, new	—
Coriander seed (a, b)	—
Currants	3
Colours	3
Coloured plaster	—
Counterpanes	—
Cork	5
Cork in block	4

Articles.	Irish.
Cork, manufactured	5
Combs	5
Crayons	—
Cream of tartar	—
Cremonas	—
Creosote	—
Crockery (b)	3
Crucibles	—
Cubebs	—
Curcuma root	—
Currants	—
Cutlery	4
Cyanure liquid	—
Daguerreotypes	—
Dates	—
Dead horses, 4,000 kilog. (a, f)	—
Dextrine lees	—
Dividivi dye	—
Dogs grass	—
Down, prepared	—
Draperies	4
Dressed skins	4
Dried prunes	—
Dried ox tongues	—
Drinks, unspecified	2
Drugs	4
Dye wood in billets	3
Earthenware pipes	—
Eau de cologne	—
Ebony	3
Edging, cotton, &c.	—
Edging and binding lace	—
Eggs by weight	3
Elastic springs	—
Elephants' teeth	—
Empty trunks	5
Empty cases	Scale
Empty baskets	5
Empty return baskets	5
Empty jars (a, b)	—
Empty sacks	Scale
Empty butts	—
Enamel	—
Engravings, framed	—
Engravings in sheets	—
Essence of turpentine	5
Ether, all kinds	—
Extracts and tinctures, unspecified	—
Extract of wood dye	—
Extract of liquid	—
Fancy work	—
Farinaceous food, unspecified (b)	—
Felled timber	—
Felting wood	2
Felt	2
Fennel	—
Figs	4
Filters, stone	—
Fine stones	—
Fireworks	—
Fish, fresh	5
Fish, shell	—
Flour of linseed	—
Flour of mustard	—
Flax	3
Flax, spun	s.
Flock	3
Flock, prepared	—
Flannel	4
Flower of saffron	—
Flour of sulphur	—
Flowers, medicinal	—
Flower of benzoin	—
Foreign woods in bundles	—
Foundry moulds	—
Frames, packed	5
Fresh meat	4
Fruit, not specified (a)	4

For notes on Belgian classification see page 64.

Belgian Classification of Goods.

Articles.	Irish.	Articles.	Irish.	Articles.	Irish.
Fruit, dry (a)	4	Leather shavings	3	Organs and pianos	5
Fruit, preserved	3, 4	Lead, worked	3	Orpiment	—
Fur	6	Lead piping	3	Oxide of zinc	—
Furs	—	Lead, in slabs	3	Oysters	—
Fustet wood	—	Leeches	—		
Furniture	6	Leaves and bark	—	Palm leaves and stems	—
		Live trees	—	Pasteboard	—
Game	5	Live plants	—	Pastry	—
Garden water bells (a, b)	—	Lichen, pressed	—	Packthread	—
Garden seats	4	Limes	—	Paper packing	3
Gas fittings	4	Linen	3, 4	Paper, waste	4
Gas meters	4	List	—	Papering in colors	4
Geneva wrappers	—	Liquers	4, 5	Palm stalks and leaves	—
Gelatine	—	Liquorice wood	4	Pearl barley (b)	—
Generators	—	Liquorice root	4	Parchment	—
Gentian	—	Liquorice, black	4	Percussion caps	—
German iron tools	—	Liquorice juice	4	Pegs	—
Ginger	—	Lithographic presses	—	Personal effects	—
Gingerbread	—	Loadstone	—	Pewter, wrought	4
Glazed tiles	—	Locks and keys	5, 6	Perfumery	5
Glue	3	Looking-glasses (b)	—	Pens in bundles	—
Gluecose	—	Lucifers in boxes	5	Pens, steel	—
Gloves	—	Lustres	—	Perry	—
Glassware (a, b)	5	Lye	—	Pears, dry and fresh (a)	3
Glass and crystal (b)	5			Pepper	—
Gold filings	—	Mahogany in logs	3	Peas, green (b)	3
Goblets, packed (b)	—	Marble slabs	—	Pharmaceutical preparations	—
Goose quills	—	Marble, slabs, not sawn	—	Phosphorous	—
Goat skins	—	Marble, polished	4	Phormium	—
Groceries, unspecified	4	Madder	3	Pickles, preserves, &c.	4
Grain, dyers' (a, b)	—	Madder, prepared	—	Pins	3
Grape juice	—	Marine glue	—	Pianos and organs	—
Grease (a)	3	Maccaroni	4	Pimento	—
Grease for wheels (a)	—	Magnesia	—	Pitch	3
Greystone blocks	—	Manufactures	—	Pine nuts (a)	—
Grass, trois six	—	Manufactures, unspecified	—	Pictures	5, 6
Gum	4	Mastic	—	Pigs bristles	—
Gum, resinous	—	Matches, chemical, in cases	—	Pipes, wood	—
Gum, lac	—	Matches, miners	—	Pipes, copper	—
Gutta percha	4	Matting	3	Pipes, lead	3
Guts, in barrels	—	Maize, straw, pressed	—	Pipes, of sheet iron	4
		Medicines, not specified	4	Plough gear	3, 5
Hams	3, 4	Mercery	—	Pounce (a)	—
Hardware	3	Mercury	—	Porcelain (b)	—
Harrows	—	Medicinal plants	—	Pots, pewter	—
Hats	6	Metals, unspecified, wrought	—	Pottery, cast metal (c)	—
Hemp, combed or spun	3	Meat, smoked and salt	—	Pottery, fine (b)	—
Herbs	—	Meat, fresh	2	Poultry	4, 5
Hoes	—	Mill dye-wood	—	Preserved food	3
Honey	4, 5	Mineral water	2	Printing	5
Hog's lard (a)	—	Military accoutrements	1	Printing or writing paper	—
Hosiery	4	Moulded wood	6	Prussian blue	—
Hops	4	Morocco leather	—	Quinces	—
Horn, manufactured	3	Molasses	3		
Horsehair	3	Muslins, worked (c)	—	Raisins	3
Horsehair, spun	4	Moulds for sugar	—	Resin	3
		Moulds	4	Resin, dry	—
Incense	—	Moulds for refiners	4	Resin, liquid	—
India muslin, &c.	—	Moss in balls	3, 4	Resin, solid	—
Indigo	5	Mustard	3	Refiner's sweepings (*see* Gold-	
Ink, in packages	3	Mustard seed (a, b)	—	smith's dross)	—
Ink, in barrels	3	Mother of pearl	—	Rigging	—
Instruments, optical and musical	6			Rice (a, b)	—
Iron ornaments (c)	—	Naptha	s.	Rushes	4
Iron hooks and claws	—	Needles, sewing and knitting	—	Roots, not specified	—
Iron plates, polished (c)	—	Nuts (a)	4	Rhubarb	—
Ironmongery	—	Nut galls	3	Rum	—
Ivory, rough	5	Nutmegs	—	Red ochre for dyers (a)	—
Ivory, wrought	5	Nutritive pastes	—		
Ivory, black (a)	4	Nux vomica	—	Satin wood in logs	—
				Sauer kraut	—
Jams	—	Oak bark	—	Salt, sorrel	—
Jesuit's bark	—	Oak and fir flooring	—	Salt of saturn	—
Joiners wood	—	Ochre (a)	—	Salt of pewter	—
Juice of citron	—	Offal in casks	2	Saddlery	5
Juice of fruit	3	Oils, various	3	Saffron	—
Juniper	—	Oils, essential	4, 5	Sago	3
Juniper, in grains	—	Oils of Gallipoli	4	Salep	—
Jute, combed or spun	—	Oils, olive	4	Sarsparilla	—
		Oils, grain	4	Sandarac, gum	—
Kettles, &c., not specified	—	Oils, fish	4	Sardines	—
Kirsch water	—	Oils, schist, coal, and tar	4	Sawder, copper	—
Kitchen utensils, cast (c)	—	Oil, petroleum	4	Sacking, old	2, 3
Kitchen utensils, cast (c, g)	—	Oil, tallow	4	Sea biscuits	3
		Oil, palm and cocoa-nut	3	Sea weed	—
Lapis lazuli	—	Oil, medicinal	4	Sea plants	—
Lacdye (gum)	—	Olives	—	Sediment, not specified	—
Lamps	5	Onions, fresh	—	Semola	—
Lattice work	—	Opium	—	Senna	—
Leather or linen, housing	—	Oranges	4	Shingles	—
Leather, varnished and tanned	3, 4	Oranges, small	4	Shot, small	3
Leather, in rolls	3	Orange flower water	—	Shell, worked or manufactured	—

For notes on Belgian classification see page 64.

Belgian Classification of Goods.

Articles.	Irish.	Articles.	Irish.	Articles.	Irish.
Sheet, tin (g)	—	Statues	6	Vegetables, preserved	s.
Shell fish	4	Stearine	—	Velvet	—
Shop fittings	—	Sugar, powdered	4	Verdigris	—
Shovels, wood and iron	3	Sugar, coarse	3	Verjuice	—
Sharpening stones for scythes and flints (a)	—	Sugar, refined	3	Vermicelli	4
Shumach	—	Sugar candy	4	Vermilion	—
Size	—	Suet or tallow (a)	3	Vetiver	—
Silk, waste	5	Sulphuric ether	—	Vinegar, in cases	3
Silk, fringe	5	Sulpher, fine	—	Vinegar, in kegs	4
Silk, thread and cotton ribbons	5	Sweetmeats	—	Veneering wood in sheets	—
Silk, raw or manufactured	5	Swing gates	3		
Sieves	—	Syrups	—	Wads of silk	—
Skins, varnished	—			Wads of gun	—
Skins, morocco	—	Tan, not specified (a)	—	Wax in the comb	3
Skins, coloured	—	Tamarinds	—	Wax, sealing	—
Skins and hides	3	Tapioca	4	Wadding	—
Slate in frames	—	Tarpaulins	3	Waggoner's frocks	—
Slate pencils	—	Tea	4	Waste paper	—
Smalt	—	Thread, raw	4	Weaving machinery	5
Spades	—	Thread, silk, wood flax	—	Whalebone	4
Spindles, wood	—	Tinder	—	Whalebone, white	4
Sponges	5	Tin work	4	Whale dressings	—
Spokes, wooden	3, 5	Tin, articles in	—	Wheels, wooden, and truck	3, 4
Spring bedding	—	Tin, sheet (g)	3	Wheel naves, wood	4
Spar, in powder	—	Tissues	—	Wheel, wooden, work (c)	3
Spits	—	Toys	4	Whetstones	—
Spring vans, loaded (a)	—	Tools	—	Wick, cotton	—
Spirits, in cases or baskets	4	Tobacco	4, 6	Whip handles	4
Spirits, in kegs	4, 5	Torches	—	Wine lees	—
Soap, Marseilles	3	Tripoli	—	Wine, in kegs	—
Soap, toilette	3, 4	Turnery	—	Wine, in cases	4
Soap, soft	3	Turnips (a)	2	Willow wands	—
Soda water	2	Turpentine	4	Woad	—
Starch	3	Turnery	—	Wool, cleaned	4
Stuffs, silk, cotton, &c.	—	Twist, cotton	—	Wool, carded	4
Strong boxes	—	Type, printing	4	Wood for engravers	4
Straw mattresses	5	Ultramarine	—	Wooden shoes, sabots	—
Straw, fine	5	Umber (a)	—	Wooden rings	—
Straw, trusses of	s.	Utensils, not specified	—	Wormwood	—
Stationery	4	Vanilla	—	Yeast	—
Stones, lithographic	—	Varnish	—	Yellow wood in billets	—
Stamping rollers	—	Vegetables, fresh	3	Zinc in sheets, &c. (c)	3

Class II.

Articles.	Irish.	Articles.	Irish.	Articles.	Irish.
Acetate of iron and lime	—	Cameline, flower of (a, b)	—	Coulters of ploughs (c)	—
Acid, chlorhydric (b)	s.	Carts, mounted or otherwise (*see* Art. 38)	5	Cooperage tools (c)	—
Acid, muriatic (b)	s.	Carbonate, potass (b)	—	Cramp iron (c)	—
Acid, nitric (b)	s.	Carbonate, lime (b)	—	Cranes, iron (c)	—
Acid, sulphuric (b)	s.	Carbonate, soda (b)	—	Creosote for sleepers	—
Acid, pyroligneous (b)	s.	Carrots (a)	2	Crystals of soda (b)	—
Acorns (a, b)	—	Cast-iron pillars (c)	—	Crossings (c)	—
Alkali, volatile	—	Castings, moulded (c)	—	Curbs, earthenware (b, c)	—
Aliquifou (a)	—	Castings, ornamental (c)	4	Curbs, cast	—
Alum	3	Carriage springs (c)	3	Dari, grain (a, b)	—
Anchors (c)	—	Carriages (*see* Art. 38)	4, 5	Demijohns (a)	—
Antimony	—	Cattle hoofs (a)	—	Drugs	—
Antimony, prepared	—	Cereals (a, b)	—	Drills (a, b)	—
Anvils (c)	3	Ceruse	—	Eau de Javelle	—
Animal black (a)	—	Chalk, drawing (a)	—	Eccentrics, machinery (c)	—
Arachides, in grain (a, b)	—	Chalk, Troyes	—	Egyptian nitre	—
Asphalte (a)	2	Chalk, Meudon	—	Emery	4
Ashes (a)	1	Chalk, Spanish	—	Engine tender, unmounted (c)	—
Axleboxes (c)	3	Chalk, (Krems or zinc) (a)	—	Ferry boats, in iron plates	—
Axles (c)	—	Charcoal (a, b)	2, 3	Filings, except iron or brass (a)	—
		Chariots (*see* Art. 38)	—	Fish, dry or salted	2
Barley (a)	—	Charcoal dust (a, b)	2	Fish, stock	—
Beech mast (a, b)	—	Chloride of chalk, in kegs	—	Fish plates (c)	—
Bituminous articles	—	Cinders (a)	—	Flax	3
Bird seed (a, b)	4	Cloth shreds	—	Flax, chaff (a)	s.
Boghead	—	Clover seed (a, b)	3	Flour, not specified (b)	2
Bombs (c)	—	Coal, small! (a, b)	—	Forage seeds, not specified (a, b)	—
Blacklead	3	Cockspur (dye), in bags or bundles	—	Fresh hides	—
Bronze ingots	—	Cobult, in blocks (a)	—	Garlic (a)	—
Brass in pigs	—	Colza grain (a, b)	—	Galena, sulphurated lead (a)	—
Brass and iron	—	Cocoa, in cakes	3	German wool	—
Brass ornaments (c, g)	4	Cordage, old (b)	3	Glass, window in cases (b, c)	4
Bran (b)	2	Cotton in bales	—	Gleanings (b)	—
Brine	—	Cotton waste	3	Grain (a, b)	2
Bitumen	—	Copperas	2	Grain, oleaginous (a, b)	2
Bullets (c)	—	Copper sheet bar (c)	4	Grain, for forage (a, b)	2
Cables, iron (c)	—	Copper shavings (a)	5	Grain, kitchen use (a, b)	2
Cadmic (a)	—	Cod, dried	—	Graphite of lead	—

For notes on Belgian classification see page 64.

Belgian Classification of Goods.

Articles.	Irish.
Groats (*b*)	—
Gun stocks, woods for (*b*)	5
Gun barrels (*c*)	5
Guano (*a*, *b*)	2
Gypsum	2
Haricot beans (*b*)	—
Hemp seed (*a*, *b*)	—
Hemp, woven or combed	4
Hemp and flax waste (*b*)	—
Herrings, sour	—
Herrings, salted	4
Horn, unmanufactured (*a*)	—
Horn, shavings (*a*)	—
Ice (*a*)	4
Ironmongery (*c*)	—
Iron bolts (*c*)	3
Iron, plates polished (*c*, *g*)	—
Iron buckles (*c*)	—
Iron chains (*c*)	2
Iron fittings (*c*)	—
Iron window sashes (*c*)	—
Iron kettles (*c*)	4
Iron nuts for screws (*c*)	3
Iron ornaments, without responsibility (*c*, *g*)	—
Iron, polished (*c*)	—
Iron, in bars (*c*)	2, 3
Iron, sheet (*c*)	3
Iron rings	—
Iron wire, unpolished (*c*)	2, 3
Iron in close wagons	—
Iron ploughshares (*c*)	5
Iron, wrought (*c*)	—
Iron ware (*c*)	—
Iron drain pipes (*c*)	3
Iron ladles (*c*)	—
Iron bedsteads (*c*)	—
Iron stretchers (*c*)	—
Iron machines (*c*)	—
Iron machinery (*c*)	—
Iron tubes (*c*)	3
Iron wheelwork (*c*)	—
Ironwork of doors, &c. (*c*)	4
Iron bridges, parts of (*c*)	3
Iron projectiles (*c*)	—
Iron, pyrolignites of	—
Iron plates, polished (*c*, *g*)	—
Iron plates, thick (*c*)	—
Jute, raw or worked	—
Kegs in shakes	—
Lamp black (*a*)	—
Lentils	—
Levers, iron (*c*)	—
Lead, in pigs (*c*)	2
Linseed (*a*, *b*)	2
Litharge	—
Locomotives and tenders, unmounted (*c*)	—
Lucerne seed (*b*)	—
Lye of soda	—
Manure, not specified (*a*)	1, 2
Mast or acorns (*a*, *b*)	—
Maize (*a*, *b*)	—

Articles.	Irish.
Malt (*b*)	2
Marble, slabs, sawn	—
Metal, waste (*a*)	—
Metals, excepting the precious, unspecified	—
Millet (*a*, *b*)	—
Minerals, unspecified (*a*)	—
Minette, grain (*a*, *b*)	—
Muslins, worked (*g*)	—
Nails (*c*)	2
Natron	—
Nickel	—
Nitrate of potass and soda (*b*)	—
Oats (*a*, *b*)	2
Onions, dried (*a*)	3
Osiers	3
Ovens	4
Oxide of zinc (*a*)	—
Pewter, unwrought	—
Pegs (*c*)	—
Pearl ash (*b*)	3
Peas, split (*b*)	—
Pipe staves	—
Pipe, iron (*c*)	—
Pitch and tar	—
Pit rubbish, in sand (*a*, *b*)	—
Pit rubbish, in stones (*a*, *b*)	—
Plates, fish (*c*)	—
Plumbago (*a*)	—
Potass (*b*)	—
Potash (*b*)	3
Pottery, common (*a*, *b*, *c*)	—
Pottery, cast metal (*c*, *g*)	4
Pozzolano (*a*)	—
Private carriages (see Art. 38)	—
Prussiate of potass (*b*)	—
Rails, keys for (*c*)	—
Rails, chairs for	—
Rails, points for (*c*)	—
Rags (*a*, *b*)	2
Rags, woollen (*a*, *b*)	—
Rape seed (*a*, *b*)	—
Red lead	—
Reeds	—
Rice	3
Rice dust (*b*)	—
Rivets (*c*)	—
Rope, old (*b*)	3
Rye (*a*, *b*)	2
Salt, in cakes (*b*)	—
Salt of potash and soda (*b*)	—
Sal ammonia	—
Salt of zinc	—
Salt, refined	2
Salt, hydrates from salt pans	—
Saw blades (*c*)	—
Saffron in block	—
Sainforn, seed (*a*, *b*)	—
Saltpetre	3
Sarrasin, buck wheat (*a*, *b*)	—
Saws	3
Sediment, indigenous (*b*)	—
Sediment, exotic	—

Articles.	Irish.
Sesame (*a*, *b*)	—
Scale weights (*c*)	—
Scythes and sickles (*c*)	3
Sheet tin, without responsibility (*g*)	—
Silver powder	—
Soda (*b*)	—
Silicate of potass and soda	—
Sorgho, grain (*a*, *b*)	—
Spring vans, empty (*a*)	—
Speltre (*a*, *b*)	—
Steel, rough, in bars, in bundles and in cases	—
Steel, in ingots	—
Steel, in drums	—
Steel, manufactured	—
Stockings, old	—
Staves, in bundles	—
Stone slabs, polished	2
Stone, polished	2
Stone, sawn or cut, polished	4
Sulphur, block (*a*)	—
Sulphate of ammonia (*b*)	—
Sulphate of aluminum (*b*)	—
Sulphate of copper (*b*)	—
Sulphate of iron (*b*)	—
Sulphate of potass (*b*)	—
Sulphate of zinc (*b*)	—
Sulphate of soda (*b*)	—
Sulphate of lead (*b*)	—
Talc (*a*)	—
Tanks, iron	—
Tartar	—
Tires of wheels	—
Tow (*b*)	2
Train, oil	—
Turnip seed (*a*, *b*)	2
Turntables (*c*)	—
Turtle	—
Unspecified works in iron and brass (*c*)	—
Vegetables, dry	—
Vetches (*b*)	3
Vices (*c*)	3
Vitriol, blue	6
Vitriol, green	6
Vine leaves	—
Wads of cotton or wool	—
Wagon wheels (*c*)	—
Wagons, in pieces (*c*)	—
Wagons, unmounted (*c*)	—
Weights (*c*)	3
Weights, steelyard	—
Window blinds (*c*)	—
Wheat (*a*, *b*)	2
White lead	3
Wool, not cleaned	—
Wool, artificial	—
Wood or straw paste (*b*)	—
Wooden spindles	—
Zinc, chalk	—
Zinc, in sheets (*c*, *g*)	—
Zinc, laminated (*c*)	—
Zinc, pigs or plates (*c*)	—

Class III.

Articles.	Irish.
Aluminum, porcelain clay (*a*)	—
Ammonia, liquid	—
Barytes (*a*)	—
Blende, mineral (*a*, *d*)	—
Bottles, empty (*a*)	2
Bones (*a*)	2
Bones, crushed (*a*)	2
Brass or ironware (*a*)	—
Bricks, fire	—
Bricks, peat	—
Broom handles	3
Building timber	2
Carpentry	—
Cartwrights' timber	2

Articles.	Irish.
Calamine (*a*, *d*)	—
Carbonate barytes (*a*)	—
Chalk, pounded, in bulk, sacks or barrels (*a*)	2
Chicory, in roots (*a*)	—
China clay (*a*)	—
Clay, unspecified (*a*)	—
Compressed hay (*a*)	—
Compressed forage, dry (*a*)	—
Cornices or chimney-pieces of cement or earthenware	—
Crossings, cast (*d*)	—
Earthen pans	—
Engine tenders, rolling	—

Articles.	Irish.
Filings, iron and brass (*a*)	—
Glass, broken (*a*)	—
Granite, hewn	1
Grindstones	3
Hoods for machinery (*c*)	—
Iron, in pigs (*g*)	1
Iron rods (*c*)	—
Iron, wrought, but without special form	—
Iron beams (*d*)	—
Iron, old (*a*)	—
Joiners' wood, rough	4
Kaolin (*a*)	—

For notes on Belgian classification see page 64.

Belgian Classification of Goods.

Articles.	Irish.	Articles.	Irish.	Articles.	Irish.
Lath, in bundles	—	Paving tiles	4	Stone, sawn or cut, unpolished	—
Lead and zinc dross (*a*)	—	Pipes, cast (*d*)	3	Stone, hewn	—
Lime, pounded, in powder, in bulk, in sacks, and in barrels (*a*)	—	Pipes, earthenware	—	Stone, unpolished	—
Locomotives and tenders rolling	—	Plank	—	Sulphate of barytes (*a*)	—
Malt (*a*)	—	Potatoes (*a*)	2, 3	Tan bark (*a*)	—
Manganese (*a*)	3	Props, in bundles	—	Thick planks	1, 3
Marble, sawn slabs (*g*)	—	Rafters	—	Thick plating in open wagons (*g*)	—
Marble, in blocks	3	Rails without fittings (*d*)	—	Tiles	2
Masts	—	Salt, rock (*a*)	—	Treenails	—
Metal strainers (*d*)	—	Salt, sea (*a*)	1	Wagons, rolling	—
Mill stones	4	Ship timber	3	Wares of other than iron metals (*a*)	—
Moulding clay (*a*)	—	Spade handles	3	Wooden wedges	—
Oak tan (*a*)	—	Slates	—	Zinc ore (*a, d*)	—
Ochre (*a*)	2	Straw, in trusses (*a*)	—		
		Stone slabs, rough	—		

Class IV.

Articles.	Irish.	Articles.	Irish.	Articles.	Irish.
Anthracite (*a*)	—	Faggots	—	Paving stones (*a*)	—
Beaver wool (*a*)	—	Flint (*a*)	—	Pebbles (*a*)	—
Beetroot (*a*)	2	Firewood	—	Plaster (*a*)	2
Beetroot pulp (*a*)	—	Fire bricks (*a*)	—	Potatoe waste (*a*)	—
Bricks	1	Forge cinders (*a*)	—	Pyrites (*a*)	1
Bricks, patent fuel (*a, d*)	1, 2	Forge ashes (*a*)	—	Quartz (*a*)	—
Black compost (*a*)	—	Fullers' earth (*a*)	—	Rubbish in casks (*a*)	—
Butchers' waste (*a, f*)	—	Gravel (*a*)	1	Sand, in bulk (*a*)	1
Castine (*a*)	—	Ground chalk	—	Seaweed (*a*)	s.
Castings, rough	—	Iron dross (*a*)	1, 2	Slate (*a*)	1
Chalk (*a*)	—	Iron ore (*a*)	—	Soot, in sacks or bulk (*a*)	—
Chalk stone, crushed (*a*)	—	Lignite coal (*a*)	—	Stones, rough and broken	1
Cinders, clinkers	1	Limestone (*a*)	1	Sugar bakers' waste (*a*)	—
Cinders, sea coal (*a*)	1	Lime (*a*)	—	Tar, mineral (*a*)	—
Clay (*a*)	1	Marl (*a*)	—	Thickening plaster (*a*)	—
Coal, special tariff (*a*)	1	Mould (*a*)	—	Turf or peat (*a*)	2
Coal, pit (*a, d*)	1	Mortar (*a*)	—	Vegetable mould (*a*)	—
Coal, small, in balls (*a, d*)	—	Night-soil in butts (*a*)	—	White clay	—
Coke, special tariff (*a*)	1				
Dung (*a*)	—				
Dust, fine (*a*)	—				

Notes.

(*a*) Indicates that this description of merchandise, if in bulk, must be a wagon load complete.

(*b*) Loading and unloading, when packed and a complete load, is optionaal.

(*c*) *See* Special Scale of Charges, No. 2. p. 59.

(*d*) *See* Special Scale of Charges, No. 3. p. 59.

(*e*) Are not admitted unless packed in iron casks hermetically sealed. *See* Regulation No. 195, 1865.

(*f*) Must be loaded and unloaded by consigners and consignees.

(*g*) Railway not responsible, or at owners' risk.

(*h*) Loading and unloading compulsory.

Irish Classification of Goods.

IRISH RAILWAY CLEARING HOUSE.

No. 11.

Classification of Goods (Irish Railway Clearing House), January 1868.

Regulations as to the Charges for the Conveyance of Goods Traffic.

1. The carriage of goods is to be charged at the tonnage rates according to the accompanying Classification; no less charge being made than the following, viz.:—

	Min. Charge. s.	d.
When the rate is under 5*s*.	0	6
5*s*. and under 10*s*.	0	9
10*s*. " 15*s*.	1	0
15*s*. " 20*s*.	1	3
20*s*. " 25*s*.	1	6
25*s*. " 30*s*.	1	9
30*s*. " 35*s*.	2	0
35*s*. " 40*s*.	2	3
40*s*. " 45*s*.	2	6
45*s*. " 50*s*.	3	0
50*s*. and under 60*s*.	3	6
60*s*. " 70*s*.	4	0
70*s*. " 80*s*.	4	6
80*s*. " 90*s*.	5	0
90*s*. " 100*s*.	5	6
100*s*. and upwards	6	0

The minimum charge for goods in 5th and 6th classes is to be the same as that for 4th class goods.

2. Any fractional part of a $\frac{1}{4}$ cwt. is to be charged as $\frac{1}{4}$ cwt.; any fractional part of a penny is to be reckoned as a penny, and any fractional part of a mile is to be reckoned as a mile.

3. Each consignment is to be separately charged in the invoices.

Irish Classification of Goods.

4. When small packages of goods accompany other goods of a higher class, they must be weighed and charged along with them. When they accompany other goods of a lower class, they must be charged for at their actual weight in their own class; no less charge than 6*d*. being made. When they are from a different sender, they must be charged separately.

5. When goods are liable to be charged in two classes according to the quantity forwarded, the charge at the higher rate is not to exceed that which would be made for a consignment of heavier weight entitled therefrom to be carried at the lower charge, but the latter calculation is, in such instances, to be applied.

6. All parcels and packages under 28 lbs. weight each (unless they contain gunpowder or other goods of a combustible nature, or form part of a consignment of goods exceeding that weight), are to be conveyed by passenger trains exclusively, at parcels rates.

7. Consignments of goods are to be described on the invoices in such a manner as to be readily identified with the same articles in the classification.

Cattle Shows.

All stock, poultry, and implements, to be charged full fares to cattle shows, and any returning unsold, accompanied by a certificate from the Secretary of the Society, to be carried free, at owners risk.

Ropes.

Whenever a rope is used in the transmission of traffic, the agent at the outwards station is to debit the inwards station, paid on, to pay, 10*s*. By the next train after the goods are unloaded, the receiving station is to return the rope invoiced to the station that first sent it, paid on, to pay, 10*s*.

CLASSIFICATION OF GOODS.

First Class.

First-class Goods are to be loaded, conveyed, and unloaded by the senders, consignees, or owners thereof, and at their own risk and expense. If not removed within 24 hours after arrival per train demurrage is to be charged for each wagon detained by them at the following rates, viz., 3*s*. per day for the first and second day, 4*s*. for the third day, and 5*s*. per day for every further day. A portion of a day to be reckoned as a day, but Sundays, Good Friday, and Christmas Day not to be charged for.

Goods in this class when sent in consignments of less than five tons are to be charged at Second-class Rates.

Articles.	Belgian.	Articles.	Belgian.	Articles.	Belgian.
Ashes, coal (*a*) - - -	2	Flags, for floors - - -	—	Pig iron - - - -	—
Bricks, common - - -	4	Granite, not dressed - -	3	Pyrites - - - -	4
Bricks, fire - - -	4	Gravel - - - -	4	Rock salt - - -	2, 3
Cinders (*a*) - - -	4	Iron ore - - - -	4	Salt, coarse and rock - -	2, 3
Clay - - - -	4	Iron, pig - - - -	3	Sand - - - -	4
Coals (*a*) - - -	4	Lime - - - -	4	Slates, for roofs - - -	4
Coke (*a*) - - -	4	Manure, stable and salt - -	2	Stone, common, not dressed -	4
Cullet - - - -	—	Ore, iron - - - -	—	Timber, prop, by actual weight -	3
Culm (*a*) - - -	—				
Fire bricks - - -	—				

Second Class.

Goods mentioned in First Class, when sent in consignments of less than five tons.

Articles.	Belgian.	Articles.	Belgian.	Articles.	Belgian.
Alabaster - - -	1	Deals, occupying one truck only	3	Herrings (*see* Fish) - -	—
Asphaltum - - -	2	Drink, returned - - -	—	Iron and steel—	
Bath bricks - - -	4	Felt, for roofs - - -	1	Bars, Occupying one truck only -	2
Battens - - - -	—	Fire bars - - -	—	Girders, Occupying one truck only -	—
Beet root, in sacks, crates, or casks - - - -	4	Fish; thoroughly cured white herrings in brine - -	2	Rods, Occupying one truck only -	—
Bleaching powder - -	—	Fuel, compressed - -	—	Iron, scrap - -	4
Boards, deal, &c., except mahogany, occupying one truck only - - - -	3	Fullers' earth - - -	—	Iron wire - - -	2
Boilers, large, occupying more than one truck (*b*) - -	2	Grains, in casks - - -	2	Junk - - - -	—
Boiler plates - - -	2	Grain, viz.: to a ton (*c*) -	2	Jute - - - -	—
Bone manure - - -	3	Barley, 10 sacks of 16 stone -	1	Lead ore - - -	2
Bones - - - -	3	Beans, 8 sacks of 20 stone -	1	Lime, chloride of, in casks -	—
Bottles, empty - - -	3	Bere or bigg, 10 sacks of 16 stone - - -	—	Linseed cake - - -	—
Bottles, returned empty, *see* scale, page 23 - - -	3	Flour, 8 sacks of 20 stone -	2	Linseed meal - - -	2
Bran - - - -	2	Flour, 10 barrels of 16 stone	2	Manure, dry, in bags - -	2
Bricks, Bath - - -	4	Indian corn, 10 bags of 16 stone - - -	—	Mangel wurzel, in sacks, crates, or casks - - -	—
Cannel - - - -	—	Indian corn, 8 sacks of 20 stone - - -	—	Mill dust - - -	—
Carrots, in sacks, crates, or casks	2	Indian meal, 8 sacks of 20 stone - - -	—	Mill seeds - - -	—
Cattle food, patent - -	—	Malt, 10 sacks of 16 stone -	2	Mineral waters - - -	1
Cement - - - -	1	Oatmeal, 8 sacks of 20 stone -	—	Nails, iron - - -	2
Chalk - - - -	3	Oats, 11 sacks of 14 stone -	2	Ochre - - - -	3
Charcoal, peat - - -	2	Rye, 8 sacks of 20 stone -	2	Offal in casks - - -	1
Chloride of lime, in casks -	—	Tares, 8 sacks of 20 stone -	—	Oil cake - - - -	—
Clay, pipe - - -	—	Wheat, 8 sacks of 20 stone -	2	Ore, copper - - -	—
Clog blocks, rough - -	—	Greaves - - - -	—	Ore, lead - - -	—
Compressed fuel - - -	—	Guano and dry manure, in bags -	2	Parsnips, in sacks, crates, or casks	—
Copperas - - -	2	Gypsum - - - -	2	Peat charcoal - - -	—
Copper ore - - -	2				

For notes on Irish classification see page 69.

Irish Classification of Goods.

Articles.	Belgian.
Pipe clay	—
Plaster	4
Plaster of Paris	—
Pollard	—
Potatoes, in sacks, crates, or casks	3
Rags	2
Railway spikes, chairs, fish plates, and fastenings	—
Rapecake	—
Returned drink	—
Rice flour, in sacks	—
Ropes, old	2
Sacks, returned empty, *see* scale, page 23	1
Salt, refined, and in blocks	2
Scrap iron	4
Seeds, mill	—

Articles.	Belgian.
Sheep wash	—
Shelling	—
Soda ash	—
Soda and mineral waters	1
Soot, in sacks or casks	1
Steel and iron—	2
Bars (Occupying one truck only)	—
Girders (Occupying one truck only)	—
Rods (Occupying one truck only)	—
Stone, dressed, except millstones and Caen and Bath stone	2
Stone troughs	—
Tiles, common, for floors, roofs, or draining	3
Timber— Boards, deal, &c., except mahogany, deals. Occupying one truck only	3

Articles.	Belgian.
Tobacco water	—
Tow, packed	2
Troughs, stone	—
Turnips, in sacks, crates, or casks	1
Vegetable roots, viz.:	—
Beet root (In sacks, carts, or crates)	4
Carrots (In sacks, carts, or crates)	2
Mangel wurzel (In sacks, carts, or crates)	—
Parsnips (In sacks, carts, or crates)	—
Potatoes (In sacks, carts, or crates)	3
Turnips (In sacks, carts, or crates)	1
Whiting	—
Wire, iron	2

THIRD CLASS.

Articles.	Belgian.
Ale and Porter, in cases	1
Ale and Porter, in wood, actual weight to be charged	1
Alum	2
Alva marina	—
Anchors	—
Anvils	2
Apples and pears, in baskets or casks	1
Asphalte apparatus	—
Axles, carriage and cart	2
Axles, wheels, and tyres, railway	2
Boilers, wrought-iron, not occupying a full truck	—
Bacon	1
Barilla	—
Barrel staves	—
Beer, in bottles, in cases	1
Bees' wax	2
Biscuits, ship	1
Blacking	1
Black lead	2
Blocks, ship and other	—
Blue	—
Boards, deal, &c., except mahogany, the length of which requires more than one truck (*d*)	3
Bobbins and spools	—
Bolts and nuts	2
Brass, old, in boxes or casks	1
Brimstone	—
Broom and spade handles	3
Brooms	1
Brush backs	1
Builders' implements, such as planks, scaffold poles, &c.	—
In less than truck loads. *See* also page 14	—
Butter, in firkins or boxes	1
Caen and Bath stone, in rough blocks	—
Calves' velves, in casks	—
Candles	1
Canvas and sail cloth	1
Carrageen moss, press packed	—
Carriage and cart springs and axles	2
Cart wheels	1
Castings, iron, heavy	2
Chains	—
Charcoal, in sacks	2
Chests, tool	—
Chicory	1
Cider, in wood	1
Cider, in bottle, in cases	—
Clogs	—
Clog soles, packed	—
Clothes, old	1
Clover seed	2
Cocoa	1, 2
Cocoa nut fibre	—

Articles.	Belgian.
Coffee	1
Colours and paints	1
Copper, scrap, in boxes or casks	—
Cordage	2
Cotton, raw	—
Cotton, waste	2
Currants, grocers'	1
Cutch	—
Deals, the length of which requires more than one truck (*d*)	3
Drysalteries	—
Dye stuffs, not classified	—
Dyewoods	1
Earthenware, in crates and casks	1
Earthenware pipes, for drains and troughs	1
Ebony	1
Eggs	1
Epsom salts	—
Farina	—
Felloes	—
Fences, wire	—
Fencing wire	—
Fish, thoroughly cured	—
Fish, red herrings	—
Fish, thoroughly salted or dried, not classified	—
Flax, in bales	1, 2
Flax seed	—
Flocks	1
Floor cloth, not exceeding 12 feet	1
Forest trees, young, in bundles	—
Forges, portable	—
Fruits, dry, not classified	—
Fruit juice	1
Galvanized iron	—
Gas and water pipes, iron	3
Gas tar	—
Gates, wood	1
Girders, iron (*see* Iron and Steel)	2
Glue	1
Glue pieces	—
Grease	1
Grindstones	3
Hair, for plasterers	1
Hams, cured	1
Handles, broom and spade	—
Hardware	1
Hemp	1
Herrings (*see* Fish)	—
Hides, wet	1
Hoofs, packed	—
Hoops, wood or iron	—
Horns, in crates	1
Hurdles, iron	2
Hurdles, wood	—
Implements, builders', *see* builders' implements	—

Articles.	Belgian.
Ink, in jars or bottles	1
Ink, in wood	1
Iron and steel (*d*)—	
Bars, Girders, Rods — the length of which requires more than one truck	2
Iron castings, heavy	—
Iron, galvanized	—
Iron, hoop or sheet	—
Iron pipes, heavy	2
Iron safes	—
Iron tanks, wrought	—
Iron tubes	2
Iron wire, fine	2
Kelp	—
Lard	—
Lasts, packed	—
Laths and lathwood	1
Lead	1
Lead, old, packed	—
Lead piping	1
Lead, sheet	1
Lead, window	1
Leather	1
Lignum vitæ	—
Linens, loose, unbleached	1
Linseed	—
Liquor, iron	—
Logwood	—
Madder	1
Mahogany, in logs (*e*)	1
Manganese	3
Marble, in rough blocks	3
Mats and matting	1
Millboards	—
Molasses	1
Moss, press-packed	1
Mould boards and ploughshares	—
Mustard	1
Nails, brass	—
Nets, sheep	—
Netting, wire	—
Nuts and bolts	—
Nut galls	1
Oakum	—
Oil, in wood	1
Oil, palm	1
Onions	2
Osiers	2
Paints and colours	1
Palm oil	1
Paper	1
Paraffin and petroleum, in quantities of 2 tons and upwards (*f*)	—
Pearl ash	2
Pearl barley	2

For notes on Irish classification see page 69.

Articles.	Belgian.
Pears and apples, in baskets or casks	1
Peas	1
Pegs, shoe	—
Pelts	—
Petroleum and paraffin, in quantities of 2 tons and upwards (*f*)	—
Pins	1
Pipes, earthenware, for drains and troughs	1
Pipes, gas and water, iron	3
Pipes, iron, heavy	3
Piping, lead or zinc	1
Pitch	1
Ploughshares, and mould boards	1
Plumbers' work	—
Porter and ale, in cases	1
Porter and ale, in wood, actual weight to be charged	1
Potash	2
Potatoes, in baskets	3
Provisions, salt	—
Pumice stone	—
Pumps	—
Putty	—
Quicks, thorn, in bundles or crates	—
Raisins, in boxes	1
Rape seed	—
Red lead	—
Rennet	—
Resin	1
Retorts	—
Rice	2
Rick stands, metal	—
Ropes, new	1
Rosewood, in logs	3
Sacking	1
Sacks, new	—
Safes, iron	—
Sago	1
Sail cloth and canvas	1

Articles.	Belgian.
Saltpetre	2
Sand screens	—
Saws	2
Scythes	2
Scythe stones	2
Seeds, except bird seed, carraway seeds, mill seeds, and hay, garden, and grass seeds	2
Seeds, clover	—
Seeds, flax	—
Seeds, rape	—
Seeds, turnip	—
Sheep nets	—
Ship biscuits	—
Ships' sails	—
Shot	1
Shovels and spades	1
Shumac	1
Sickles	—
Skins, wet	1
Soap, common	1
Soap, soft	1
Sock plates	—
Soda	—
Solder	—
Spade and broom handles	—
Spades and shovels	—
Spokes	1
Spools and bobbins	—
Springs, carriage and cart	2
Starch	1
Staves, barrel	—
Steel and iron (*d*)—	
Bars } the length of which requires more than one truck.	2
Girders }	—
Rods }	—
Stone, Caen and Bath, in rough blocks	—
Stoneware, in crates and casks	—
Sugar, raw	1
Sugar, refined, in casks	1
Sulphur	—
Tallow	1

Articles.	Belgian.	Irish Classification of Goods
Tanks, iron, wrought	—	
Tar	—	
Tarpaulins	1	
Thorn quicks, in bundles or crates	—	
Tiles, English	—	
Timber—	3	
Boards, deal, &c., except mahogany (*d*) } the length of which requires more than one truck.		
Deals }		
Timber, long, to be charged by measurement (*d*)	—	
Tin, block and sheet	1	
Tool chests	—	
Treacle	—	
Trees, young forest, in bundles	—	
Tubes, iron	2	
Twigs	—	
Tyres, wheels, and axles, railway	—	
Turnip seed	—	
Valonia, in bags	—	
Vegetables, green, in baskets, hampers, or crates	1	
Vetches	2	
Vices	2	
Vinegar, in wood	1	
Waste, cotton	—	
Water pipes, iron	—	
Wax, bees'	—	
Weights	2	
Wheelbarrows, wood and iron	—	
Wheels, axles, and tyres, railway	—	
Wheels, cart	1	
White lead	2	
Wire fences	—	
Wire fencing	—	
Wire, iron, fine	2	
Wire, netting	—	
Zinc, block or sheet	1	
Zinc piping	—	

Fourth Class.

Articles.	Belgian.
Ale and porter, in hampers	1
Apparel, wearing	—
Arrow-root	1
Baking powder	—
Bales, packs, trusses, boxes, and cases of linen, calico, and soft goods	—
Bark	—
Barm	—
Barrels, new	—
Bedsteads, iron	—
Beehives, empty	1
Bellows	1
Bells	—
Bird seed	2
Biscuits, in tins	—
Bladders	—
Blankets	—
Blinds, window	—
Boards, mahogany	—
Boilers, cast-iron, not occupying a full truck	—
Books	1
Boots and shoes	—
Boxes of linen, calico, and soft goods	—
Brass castings	1
Brass, new	1
Brass tubes	—
Bread	—
Bristles	1
Brushes	1
Buckets	—
Burr stones	—
Butter, in cools or crocks	1
Butter, in baskets	1
Cabbage plants	1

Articles.	Belgian.
Caen and Bath stone, in cases	2
Calico, linen, and soft goods	1
Candle wicks	—
Canes and reeds	1
Car and gig shafts	—
Carpeting	1
Carrageen moss, not press packed	—
Carraway seeds	—
Cases of linen, calico, and soft goods	—
Casks, new	1
Castings, brass	1
Castings, iron, light	2
Cheese	1
Chimney pieces	—
Chimney tops	—
Chloride of lime	—
Churns	—
Cider in bottle, in hampers	1
Clothing, military	1
Coach wheels	1
Codilla	—
Coin, copper	—
Confectionery	1
Coopers' work	—
Copper and white metal	1
Copper, sheet and wire	1
Copper tubes	—
Cordials, in wood	1
Cordials, in bottle, in cases	1
Corkwood	1
Corn flour	—
Cutlery	1
Disinfecting powder	—
Draperies	1
Drugs in hampers, cases, bags, or casks	1
Emery	2

Articles.	Belgian.
Fenders	—
Field plants	—
Figs	1
Fish:—	
Herrings and sprats, in any state not classified, including bloaters and kippered herrings	—
Kippered salmon	—
All other fish, partially cured, smoked, or dried	—
Shell fish	—
Fishing nets	—
Flannel	1
Flint glass	—
Floor cloth, exceeding 12 feet	1
Fruits, fresh, not classified	1
Fruits, preserved	1
Garden nets	—
Garden seats	1
Garden seeds	2
Gas meters	1
Gas fittings	1
Gates, iron	2
Gig and car shafts	2
Glass, flint	2
Glass ware	—
Glass, window	2
Grass seeds	—
Grates, common	—
Groceries, not classified	1
Gum	1
Gutta-percha	1
Gutta pipes, cast-iron	—
Haberdashery	—
Hair for upholsterers	1
Hams, fresh	—

For notes on Irish classification see page 69.

Irish Classification of Goods.

Articles.	Belgian.	Articles.	Belgian.	Articles.	Belgian.
Hand mills - - -	—	Oil, in carboys or jars, packed -	1	Stationery - - -	1
Hay rakes, hand - -	—	Oranges - - - -	1	Stays, womens' - - -	—
Hay seed and grass seeds -	2	Ordnance stores, except gunpow-		Stone, Caen and Bath, in cases -	—
Hemp, loose - - -	1	der - - - -	—	Stoves, common - - -	—
Herrings, *see* Fish - -	2	Ovens - - - -	2	Stucco work - - -	—
Hides, dry - - -	1	Oysters - - - -	—	Sugar candy - - -	1
Honey, except in hives - -	1			Sugar, in loose loaves - -	1
Hops - - - -	1	Packs of linen, calico, and soft			
Hosiery - - - -	1	goods - - - -	—	Tanks, iron, cast - -	—
		Paper hangings - - -	1	Tapioca - - - -	1
Ice, packed - - -	2	Paper, writing - - -	—	Tea - - - -	1
India-rubber - - -	—	Pewter ware - -		Tents and tent gear - -	—
Iron bedsteads - - -	2	Pickles and sauces - -	1	Thread - - - -	1
Iron castings, light - -	1	Pigs, dead - - -	—	Tiles, ornamental and porcelain -	3
Iron gates - - -	2	Pipes, gutter, cast-iron - -	1	Tin and Japan ware - -	1
Iron pots and ovens - -	2	Pipes, tobacco, clay, common -	—	Tobacco, in hogsheads or boxes -	1
Iron railing - - -	—	Plants, cabbage - - -	—	Tobacco pipes, clay, common -	—
Iron tanks, cast - - -	—	Plants, field - - -	—	Tombstones - - -	—
Isinglass - - -	—	Porter and ale in hampers -	1	Trusses of linen, calico, and soft	
Ivory and lamp black - -	1	Pots and ovens, iron - -	2	goods - - - -	—
		Poultry, dead - - -	1	Tubes, copper and brass - -	1
Japan ware - - -	—	Powder, disinfecting - -	—	Tubing, gutta-percha - -	2
Joiners' work, not classified -	3	Printers' types - - -	—	Turners' work - - -	—
		Provisions, fresh, and in canister	1	Turpentine - - -	1
Kitchen ranges, common -	—	Puncheons, barrels, and casks,		Types, printers' - - -	1
		new - - - -	—		
Lamp black - - -	—			Umbrellas - - -	—
Leather, patent or dyed - -	1	Rabbits, dead - - -	—		
Lemons - - - -	—	Railing, iron - - -	—	Varnish - - - -	—
Lime, chloride of - -	—	Ranges, kitchen, common -	—	Vermicelli - - -	1
Linen, calico, and soft goods -	1	Reeds and canes - -	—	Vinegar, in jars or bottles -	1
Liquorice - - -	1	Refrigerators - - -	—		
		Rice flour, in paper bags -	—	Walking sticks - - -	—
Macaroni - - -	1	Riddles and sieves - -	—	Washing machines - -	—
Machinery - - -	—	Rushes - - - -	1	Wearing apparel - -	—
Machines, washing - -	—			Weighing machines - -	—
Machines, weighing - -	—	Sauces and pickles - -	—	Whalebone - - -	1
Mahogany boards - -	1	Seats, garden - - -	—	Wheels, coach - - -	1
Mangles - - - -	—	Seeds:—		Whips - - - -	1
Marble, polished - -	1	Bird, carraway, garden, hay,		Whiskey, in wood (*g*) - -	—
Meat, fresh - - -	1	and grass - - -	1	White metal - - -	—
Medicine in cases - -	1	Shafts, car and gig - -	—	Wicks, candle - - -	—
Meters, gas - - -	—	Shell fish - - -	1	Window blinds - - -	—
		Shoes and boots - - -	—	Window glass - - -	2
Milk bowls, metal - -	—	Sieves and riddles - -	—	Wine and spirits, in wood (*g*) -	1
Mills, hand - - -	—	Skins, dry - - -	1	Wine and spirits, in bottle, packed	
Millstones - - -	3	Skips, new - - -	—	in cases - - -	1
Models, wooden, for castings -	—	Soap, perfumed - - -	1	Wooden ware - - -	—
Moss, not press packed - -	1	Soft goods, calico, and linen -	—	Wool - - - -	1
Mushrooms - - -	—	Spices - - - -	—	Woollen goods - - -	—
		Spirits, in bottle, packed in cases	1	Worsted - - - -	—
Nets, fishing or garden - -	—	Spirits, in carboys or jars -	1		
Nuts - - - -	1	Spirits, in wood (*g*) - -	1	Yarn - - - -	—
		Stamps, newspaper - -	—	Yeast - - - -	—
Oil, in cans or flasks - -	1				

Fifth Class.

Articles.	Belgian.	Articles.	Belgian.	Articles.	Belgian.
Agricultural implements -	2	Feathers - - -	—	Lucifer matches - - -	1
		Fish; all fresh fish, not including		Luggage - - -	—
Baskets, new - - -	1	shell fish, except herrings and			
Baths, shower, &c. - -	—	sprats - - -	1	Machinery, packed - -	—
Bath chairs, packed in cases,		Flower stands, iron, wire, and		Machines, sewing or printing -	—
each as 6 cwt. - -	1	wood - - - -	—	Maps - - - -	—
Beds and bedding - -	1	Fruit trees - - -	—	Matches, lucifer - - -	—
Billiard and bagatelle tables -	—			Mattresses - - -	1
Bird cages - - -	—	Game - - - -	1	Meat safes - - -	—
Brass, old, loose - -	—	Garden plants - - -	—		
Bungs and corks - -	1	Gilt mouldings - - -	—	Nurserymen's packages - -	—
		Glass, plate - - -	1		
Cab and car bodies - -	2	Glass shades - - -	—	Oils, essential - - -	1
Caps - - - -	1	Grates, polished - - -	—	Organs - - - -	1
Chandeliers - - -	—	Guns and pistols in cases -	2	Paraffin and petroleum, in less	
China ware - - -	1			quantities than 2 tons (*f*) -	—
Cigars - - - -	1	Harness and saddlery - -	—	Patterns, travellers' - -	—
Coffins - - - -	—	Hat cases, new - - -	—	Perfumery - - -	1
Combs - - - -	1	Honey, in hives - - -	1	Petroleum and paraffin, in less	
Copper, scrap, loose - -	2			quantities than 2 tons (*f*) -	—
Cordials, in bottles in hampers -	1	Implements, agricultural -	—	Picture frames - - -	1
Corks and bungs - -	1	Indigo - - - -	1	Pipes, tobacco - - -	—
		Ivory - - - -	1	Pistols and guns, in cases -	2
Essences - - -	1	Kitchen ranges, polished - -	—	Plants, garden - - -	—
Essential oils - -	1			Plaster figures - - -	—
		Lamps - - - -	1	Plate glass - - -	1
Farm carts, empty, each 10		Lead, old, loose - - -	—	Portmanteaus, new - -	—
cwt. - - - -	2	Looms, weaving - -	1	Poultry, alive - - -	1

For notes on Irish classification see page 69.

Irish Classification of Goods.

Articles.	Belgian.	Articles.	Belgian.	Articles.	Belgian.
Printing machines	1	Silks, raw or manufactured	1	Toys	1
Quills	—	Snuff	—	Travellers' patterns	—
Ranges, kitchen, polished	—	Spirits, in bottle, packed in hampers	1	Trees, fruit	—
Saddlery and harness	1	Spirits and wine, in single jars, packed in hampers or cases	1	Trunks	1
Safes, meat	—	Spirits of wine	1	Veneers	—
Salmon, in hampers and boxes	—	Sponge, in cases	1	Weaving looms	1
Scutching machines	—	Stoves, polished	—	Wine and spirits, in bottle, packed in hampers	1
Sewing machines	—	Straw, for plaiting	1	Wine and spirits, in single jars, packed in hampers or cases	—
Show cards	1	Threshing machines	—		
Shrubs	—	Tobacco pipes	—		

Sixth Class.

Articles.	Belgian.	Articles.	Belgian.	Articles.	Belgian.
Bandboxes, new	—	Instruments, mathematical, optical, and musical	1	Pictures	1
Bonnets	—	Lace	—	Racks, sheep	—
Clocks	1	Mathematical instruments	—	Sewed muslins	—
Furniture	1	Millinery	—	Sheep racks	—
Furs	1	Models of architecture, machinery, &c.	—	Stained glass	—
Fuze	—	Musical instruments	1	Statuary	1
Glass mirrors	1	Muslins, sewed	1	Tobacco, except as in Fourth class	1
Glass, stained	—	Optical instruments	—	Vitriol, in less than truck loads	
Goods, not classified	—	Paintings	1	Wax-work	—
Hats	1	Pianofortes	—		

Articles in Truck Loads.

Bark, loose (*h*)
Bogwood (*h*)
Builders' implements, such as planks, scaffold poles, &c., in one or more trucks
Cabbages, loose (*h*)
Chaff (*h*)
Flax, loose
Flax, green, loose
Flax, straw, loose
Flax, waste, loose
Hay and straw (*h*)
Peat (*h*)
Sea-weed, for manure (*h*)
Tanners' waste (*h*)
Tow waste, loose
Turf (*h*)
Vitriol, in truck loads

To be charged thus :—

—	Trucks of 5 tons.	Trucks of 6 tons.	Trucks of Over 6 tons.	
	d.	*d.*	*d.*	
Under 100 miles	6	7	8	Per truck per mile.
100 to 150 „	5	6	7	
Above 150 „	4	5	6	

Minimum charge 7*s.* 6*d.* per truck.

When the charge according to this scale exceeds the lowest charge which could be made for the longer distance, the latter charge is to be made. Thus, as 98 miles at 6*d.*, (49*s.*) would be more than 100 at 5*d.* (41*s.* 8*d.*), the latter sum is to be charged.

Tow, loose, to be charged 5*d.* per truck per mile. Minimum charge 10*s.* per truck.

Notes.

(*a*) Ashes, cinders, coals, coke, and culm, to be sent in sacks, when in quantities of less than three tons.

(*b*) Boilers to be charged at a minimum weight of three tons to each wagon, to be loaded and unloaded by the owners, and the wagons to be subject to demurrage the same as in first class.

(*c*) When grain, raw or manufactured, is found to differ from the weight specified in the classification, the actual weight is to be charged for.

(*d*) When two or more wagons are required for the conveyance of shafts, iron girders, long timber, and such like articles, they are to be charged for specially at the rate of one ton to each wagon, if the actual weight does not amount to that.

(*e*) Mode of ascertaining the number of cubic feet in a tree or log of round timber :—

Find the average girth in feet of the piece, which divide by four, the square of the fourth of the girth multiplied by the actual number of feet in length will give the number of cubic feet, which, when divided by 40 (the number of cubic feet per ton) in the case of mahogany, oak, Teak, beech, Ash, and elm or by 50 in all other descriptions of timber, will give the weight in tons.

(*f*) To be legibly labelled paraffin or petroleum, or not received.

(*g*) All wines, spirits, and other exciseable articles that are consigned to bonded warehouses, to be prepaid.

(*h*) Bark, bogwood, cabbages, chaff, hay and straw, peat, sea-weed, tanners' waste, and turf, to be loaded and unloaded by the owners, and the wagons to be subject to demurrage same as in first class.

(*i*) Not allowed to be carried by goods train.

Irish Classification of Goods.

The under-mentioned Goods will be conveyed by Special Agreement only, viz.:—

Articles.	Belgian.	Articles.	Belgian.	Articles.	Belgian.
Acids, not classified	1	Gun cotton	—	Military baggage (*see* Act of Parliament)	1
Articles, long or bulky requiring extra accommodation, whether light or heavy	—	Gunpowder	—		
		Jewellery	—	Naphtha	1
Bath chairs, not packed	1				
Blasting powder	—				
Boats	—	Ladders	—	Plate and plated articles	—
Bullion (*g*)	—	Locomotive engines and tenders on their own wheels. Station to station rates, to be prepaid:			
Camphine	1			Railway carriages, new, on their own wheels, 6*d.* per carriage per mile for 6 wheels, and 4*d.* per carriage per mile for 4 wheels; minimum charge, 20*s.*	—
Carriages, railway, new (*see* railway carriages)	—	To 100 miles inclusive, 2*d.* per ton per mile	—		
Coin (*g*)	—	101 to 133 miles inclusive, 16*s.* 8*d.* per ton	—		
Engines, locomotive (*see* locomotive engines)	—	Above 133 miles, 1½*d.* per ton per mile	—		
Fireworks	—	No less charge than 5*s.* per ton	—	Vegetable roots, loose	1

For notes see preceding page.

RATES OF CHARGE FOR RETURNED EMPTIES.

I. All returned empties (excepting brewers' empties, empty sacks, amd empty bottles) are to be charged by weight in 3rd class. Minimum charge, under 20 miles 1*d.*; 20 miles to 100 miles 2*d.*; above 100 miles 3*d.*

II. Brewers' returned empties are to be charged at the following rates:—

Quarter barrels,	1½*d.* each	Barrels,	3*d.* each
Half „	2*d.* „	Hogsheads,	4*d.* „

Minimum charge, 3*d.*

Empty beer buts, 8*d.* per but.

III. Returned empty sacks and bottles are to be charged by weight in 2nd class. Minimum charge, same as in clause I.

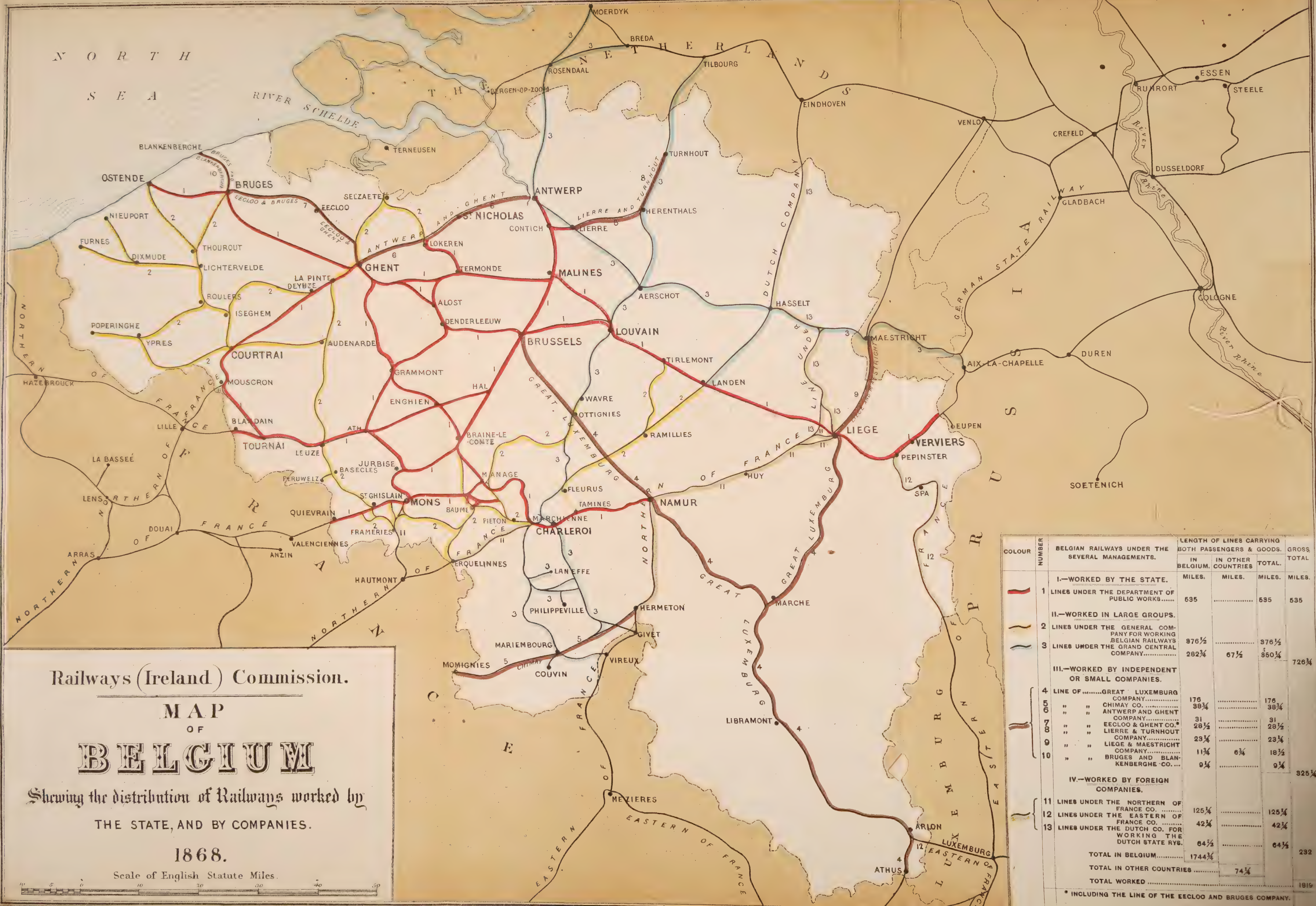
The carriage of returned empties is to be prepaid, except when they are of sufficient value to leave no doubt of their being released by consignees, but in no case must any money be paid out upon them.

PERAMBULATORS to be charged thus:—

	s.	*d.*
Up to 15 miles	1	0 each.
16 „ 25 „	1	6 „
26 „ 50 „	2	0 „
51 „ 100 „	2	6 „
101 „ 150 „	3	0 „
Above 150 „	3	6 „

REFORM CLUB PALL MALL

LONDON:
Printed by GEORGE E. EYRE and WILLIAM SPOTTISWOODE,
Printers to the Queen's most Excellent Majesty.
For Her Majesty's Stationery Office.



Railways (Ireland) Commission.

MAP OF BELGIUM

Shewing the distribution of Railways worked by THE STATE, AND BY COMPANIES.

1868.

Scale of English Statute Miles

COLOUR	NUMBER	BELGIAN RAILWAYS UNDER THE SEVERAL MANAGEMENTS.	LENGTH OF LINES CARRYING BOTH PASSENGERS & GOODS. IN BELGIUM.	IN OTHER COUNTRIES	TOTAL.	GROSS TOTAL
			MILES.	MILES.	MILES.	MILES.
		I.—WORKED BY THE STATE.				
	1	LINES UNDER THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS......	535	....	535	535
		II.—WORKED IN LARGE GROUPS.				
	2	LINES UNDER THE GENERAL COMPANY FOR WORKING BELGIAN RAILWAYS	376½	....	376½	
	3	LINES UNDER THE GRAND CENTRAL COMPANY..............	282¾	67½	350¼	726¾
		III.—WORKED BY INDEPENDENT OR SMALL COMPANIES.				
	4	LINE OF........GREAT LUXEMBURG COMPANY..............	176	....	176	
	5	" " CHIMAY CO.	38¾	....	38¾	
	6	" " ANTWERP AND GHENT COMPANY..............	31	....	31	
	7	" " EECLOO & GHENT CO.*	28½	....	28½	
	8	" " LIERRE & TURNHOUT COMPANY..............	23¼	....	23¼	
	9	" " LIEGE & MAESTRICHT COMPANY..............	11¾	6¾	18½	
	10	" " BRUGES AND BLANKENBERGHE CO. ...	9¼	....	9¼	325¼
		IV.—WORKED BY FOREIGN COMPANIES.				
	11	LINES UNDER THE NORTHERN OF FRANCE CO.	125¼	....	125¼	
	12	LINES UNDER THE EASTERN OF FRANCE CO.	42¼	....	42¼	
	13	LINES UNDER THE DUTCH CO. FOR WORKING THE DUTCH STATE RYS.	64½	....	64½	232
		TOTAL IN BELGIUM...........	1744¾			
		TOTAL IN OTHER COUNTRIES		74¼		
		TOTAL WORKED				1819

* INCLUDING THE LINE OF THE EECLOO AND BRUGES COMPANY.

REFORM CLUB
PALL MALL

MAP No. 2.

Vincent Brooks Day & Son Lith.

REFORM CLUB
PALL MALL

TITHE COMMISSION.

COPY of the REPORT of the TITHE COMMISSIONERS to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for the Home Department, dated 30th January 1869.

[For the Year 1868.]

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

Copyhold, Inclosure, and Tithe Consolidated Commission,
30th January 1869.

SIR,

IT is our duty to forward to you the Report of our Proceedings in the Tithe Department of this Consolidated Commission to the close of the year 1868.

We have received 7,070 Agreements, and confirmed 6,778.

We have made 5,648 Drafts of compulsory Awards, and confirmed 5,450.

In 12,228 Districts, as will be seen from the above statement, the Tithes have been commuted by confirmed Agreements or confirmed Awards.

In 414 of these Districts the Rentcharges have been disposed of by Redemption or Merger.

We have received 11,788 Apportionments, and confirmed 11,784.

We have made 3,873 Altered Apportionments, and confirmed 3,336; and of these 206 have been received and 166 confirmed during the year 1868.

We have received 1,134 Applications for the Exchange of Glebe Lands, and confirmed 1,021 of such Exchanges; and of these 31 Applications were received and 29 Exchanges confirmed during the past year.

We have received 1,191 Applications for the Redemption of Rentcharge, and have completed 841 of such Redemptions; and of these 139 were received and 98 completed during the year 1868.

We have received 9 Applications to convert variable Corn-rents payable under local Acts of Parliament into Rentcharges to be henceforth payable in like manner as ordinary Tithe Rentcharges, and have completed Awards in 5 of these cases.

At the close of 1868 we had confirmed 14,876 distinct Mergers of Tithes or Rentcharges.

We annex an Abstract.

We have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your very obedient Servants,
G. DARBY.
G. RIDLEY.
JAMES CAIRD.

To the Right Honourable
The Secretary of State for the Home Department,
&c. &c. &c.

[*Price* ½*d.*]

4107

ABSTRACT OF TITHE PROCEEDINGS.

Agreements received		7,070
Do. confirmed	6,778	
Do. superseded by awards	291	
		7,069
Do. in progress		1
Awards made		5,648
Do. confirmed	5,450	
Do. superseded by agreements	165	
		5,615
Do. in progress		33
Total number of agreements and awards confirmed		12,228
Tithe districts in which the rentcharges have been disposed of by merger or redemption	414	
Apportionments received	11,788	
		12,202
Tithe districts in which the rentcharges remain to be disposed of		26
Apportionments received		11,788
Do. confirmed		11,784
Do. in progress		4
Altered apportionments received		3,873
Do. confirmed	3,336	
Do. withdrawn	330	
		3,666
Do. in progress		207
Applications for the exchange of glebe lands received		1,134
Exchanges confirmed	1,021	
Do. withdrawn	83	
		1,104
Do. in progress		30
Applications for the redemption of rentcharge received		1,191
Redemptions confirmed		841
Do. in progress		350
Applications for the conversion of corn-rents received		9
Awards completed	5	
Do. withdrawn	1	
		6
Do. in progress		3
Mergers of tithe or rentcharge received		14,877
Do. confirmed		14,876
Do. in progress		1

31st December 1868.

TITHE COMMISSION.

COPY of the REPORT of the TITHE COMMISSIONERS to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for the Home Department, dated 30th Jan. 1869.

[For the Year 1868.]

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

LONDON:
Printed by GEORGE E. EYRE and WILLIAM SPOTTISWOODE,
Printers to the Queen's most Excellent Majesty.
For Her Majesty's Stationery Office.

1869.

23707.

THE FORTY-THIRD REPORT of the COMMISSIONERS of the METROPOLIS TURNPIKE ROADS North of the Thames, appointed under the Act 7 Geo. IV. c. 142, prepared in obedience to the 138th Section of that Act.

IN conformity with the Act of Parliament constituting the Commission, the COMMISSIONERS of the METROPOLIS TURNPIKE ROADS North of the Thames have to submit their Forty-third Annual Report.

At the usual period of last year the Tolls to be collected on the several districts of the Metropolis Roads were let at satisfactory prices, showing in the aggregate an increase of 1,000*l.* over the previous letting.

The Tolls on the Marylebone and Finchley Roads were also let, but at a reduction of 80*l.* At the date of the last Report the outstanding Bonds secured on the Tolls of these roads amounted to 7,000*l.* During the past year 2,350*l.* of these have been paid off, and a further sum of 2,250*l.* is now available for the same purpose. When this shall have been effected, the remaining debt will be reduced to 2,400*l.*, and in all probability will be completely extinguished at the meeting for the redemption of Bonds next year.

The Commissioners have to Report that all the buildings to be erected on Harvist's Estate at Holloway have been completed to the satisfaction of their General Surveyor, and that they are now in the receipt of the full reserved ground rents for the several houses erected upon it. In the Appendix (No. 3) will be found an account of the Receipts and Expenditure for this Estate during the past year, and of the amount applicable from this source for the maintenance of the Kilburn Road.

The receipts from Tolls on the Metropolis Roads to 31st December last were 23,643*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, and the receipts from all sources 28,212*l.* 12*s.*; while the expenditure (which has been considerably increased by the large cost for watering the Roads during the past dry summer) amounted to 28,723*l.* 1*s.* The outstanding liabilities of the Commissioners on the same day are estimated at 3,500*l.*, and the Exchequer Bills held by them 4,000*l.* The details of both receipts and expenditure are given in the Appendix (No. 1).

For particulars as to the present state of the Roads, and of the works connected with them, the Commissioners refer to the Report of their General Surveyor in the Appendix (No. 4), by which it will be seen that the use of granite on the Roads, instead of flints and gravel, has been considerably extended.

The Commissioners were desirous last summer to make a material improvement on the Harrow Road by lowering Deadman's Hill; but being unable to obtain possession of the land required for that purpose, they have, for the present, been obliged to abandon their intention.

Metropolis Roads Office,
5 February 1869.

Lonsdale,
Chairman.

Appendix, No. 1.

GENERAL ACCOUNT of RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE on the METROPOLIS TURNPIKE ROADS, for One Year to 31st December 1868.

RECEIPT.

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
BALANCE on the 31st December 1867 - - - - - -				-	-	-	922	17	-
ORDINARY.									
Tolls - - - - - - - - - - - -				23,643	6	8			
On Account of Rents and Profits of Estates, viz. :—									
Harrow School - - - - - -	2,950	-	-						
Harvist's - - - - - - -	951	18	4						
				3,901	18	4			
Composition from the Magistrates of Middlesex for the Repair of Roads over County Bridges, one Year to 31st December 1867 - - - - - - - - - -				250	-	-			
Interest on Exchequer Bills, Road Sand sold, Repairs of Roads, &c. - - - - - - - - - -				417	7	-			
TOTAL ORDINARY - - -				- -		£.	28,212	12	-
						£.	29,135	9	-

BALANCE in hand:	£.	s.	d.
Cash - - -	412	8	-
Exchequer Bills -	4,000	-	-

EXPENDITURE.

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
ORDINARY.									
For the Maintenance of the Roads, viz. :—									
Day Labour, including Men at Pumps during the Watering Season, and Work by Contract - - -				4,695	-	-			
Team Labour, including Watering - - - - -				4,783	1	2			
Materials, including Freightage and Wharfage, viz. :—									
Flint - - - - - - - - -	1,242	17	2						
Gravel - - - - - - - - -	2,523	3	6						
Granite and Hard Stone - - -	10,139	15	3						
Wharfage - - - - - - - -	105	10	6						
				14,011	6	5			
Tradesmen's Bills, viz. :—									
Implements - - - - - - -	93	8	-						
Wheelwrights - - - - - - -	383	12	6						
Smiths - - - - - - - - -	26	19	2						
Carpenters and Bricklayers - - -	330	5	9						
Repair of Stand-posts and Pumps - -	201	2	6						
Paviors - - - - - - - -	12	2	-						
				1,047	9	11			
Carried forward - - - £.				24,536	17	6			

EXPENDITURE—*continued.*	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Brought forward - - -	24,536	17	6			
Rent, Taxes, and Rates of Depôts and Tool houses - -	55	19	11			
Water Companies, and Others, for Water for the Roads, and Expense of Meters - - - - - - - - -	393	11	1			
Lighting Turnpike Gates - - - - - - - -	210	14	3			
Drainage, extra Work to Wells, Pumps, and Stand-posts, repair of Bridges and Fences, Granite curb, and incidental Expenses for the Roads - - - - - - - -	119	14	1			
				25316	16	10
For the Establishment, viz.:—						
Salaries: Secretary, Accountant, Surveyors, Office-keeper, &c. - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,564	–	6			
Advertisements, Printing, Stationery, Stamps, and Postage	91	5	7			
Rent, Taxes, and Rates of Offices - - - - - - -	139	6	9			
Income Tax - - - - - - - - - -	30	–	–			
Parliamentary and Law Expenses - - - - - -	74	17	8			
Contingent Expenses of Offices and Management - - -	178	2	8			
				2,077	13	2
Payments to Parishes out of Rents, &c. of Estates, viz.:—						
Harrow School - - - - - - - -	1,093	6	10			
Harvist's - - - - - - - - -	177	2	2			
				1,270	9	–
Brewers' Company, for Redeemed Land Tax on Harvist's Estate - - - - - - - - - - -	-	-	-	4	–	–
TOTAL ORDINARY - - -	-	-	£.	28,668	19	–
EXTRAORDINARY.						
Surveying and Superintendence of Buildings in course of Erection on Harvist's Estate - - - - - -	-	-	-	54	2	–
			£.	28,723	1	–

Metropolis Roads Office,
5 February 1869.

Vincent C. Wright, Accountant.

Appendix, No. 2.

AN ACCOUNT, as directed by the Act 13 & 14 Vict. c. 103, of the INCOME received by the Commissioners of the Metropolis Turnpike Roads North of the Thames, in respect of the Marylebone and Finchley Turnpike Roads, between the 1st January and the 31st December 1868, both inclusive; viz.:—

	£.	s.	d.
From Tolls - - - - - - - - - -	2,438	6	8
,, Incidental Sources - - - - - - - -	–	3	–
	£. 2,438	9	8

Metropolis Roads Office,
5 February 1869.

Vincent C. Wright,
Accountant.

Appendix, No. 3.

REPORT of Receipts and Disbursements under "The Metropolis Roads (Harvist's Estate) Act, 1855," from the 1st January to the 31st December 1868.

RECEIPTS.

1868:				£.	s.	d.
Dec.	-	31	A year's Dividend, due 5th January and 5th July 1868, on 4,749*l.* 14*s.* 9*d.* Three per Cent. Consols, less Income Tax	138	18	8
"	-	31	A year's Rent of Land, and Redeemed Land Tax, less Income Tax - - - - - - - - -	812	19	8
			£.	951	18	4

DISBURSEMENTS.

1868:				£.	s.	d.
Dec.	-	31	Redeemed Land Tax, paid over to the Brewers' Company -	4	–	–
"	-	"	Law Expenses - - - - - - - - - -	5	6	8
"	-	"	Superintendence, &c. of Buildings erected on the Estate -	54	2	–
"	-	"	To be paid to the Parish of Marylebone, ⅛th of 888*l.* 9*s.* 8*d.*, Net Amount of Rent and Dividend received up to December 1868 - - - - - - - - -	111	1	3
"	-	"	To be paid to the Parish of Paddington, the same - -	111	1	3
"	-	"	Balance applicable towards Expenses of the Kilburn Road -	666	7	2
			£.	951	18	4

Metropolis Roads Office,
5 February 1869.

Lonsdale,
Chairman.

Vincent C. Wright, Accountant.

Appendix, No. 4.

Metropolis Roads Office, 32, Craven-street, Strand, W.C.,
31 December 1868.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I BEG to present the Annual Report upon the state of the Metropolis Turnpike Roads North of the Thames, and of the Works connected therewith, for the past year.

Brentford and Isleworth Roads.—The Bridge for carrying the Brentford Road over the "Hammersmith, Kew, and Richmond Extension Railway," stated in the last Report as required to be reconstructed, has been completed, and that line of Railway is now open for Traffic, which may probably slightly affect the Tolls of this district.

The East London Waterworks Company have commenced laying their Main along the Road at Turnham Green.

Granite, in lieu of Flints, has been used on a portion of the Road through Isleworth; and also in lieu of Gravel on both the Bath and Staines Roads, on the first miles west of Hounslow Turnpike Gates.

The Three Wells, between Brentford End and Hounslow, having failed in a supply of Water, it became necessary to purchase Water from the Water Company for one mile of this Road.

Uxbridge Road.—Granite has been extended on this Road, at Ealing and Hayes, and this line, all through (except a mile on Hillingdon Heath), is now made with that material in the centre of the Road, with Local Gravel at the sides.

Harrow Road.—The Bridge for carrying this Road over the "Midland and South Western Junction Railway" is completed, and the Road restored.

Granite, instead of Gravel, has been extended upon three miles of this Road, and the Watering also has been extended throughout to the North side of Harrow Town.

Kilburn Road.—The Well at Cricklewood, having entirely failed during last Summer, it was necessary to extend the use of Water supplied by the Water Company, which has much increased the Cost of Water on this District.

The Bridge and Embankment for carrying this Road over the "Midland and South Western Junction Railway," at Cricklewood, is so far completed that the Railway is opened; but in consequence of the subsidences in the Embankment, I have not resumed charge of the Road, and the care, maintenance, and responsibility of it still remain with the Railway Company.

Granite, in lieu of Gravel, for the centre of this Road, has been extended three miles (viz.) from the Hyde to and through the Town of Edgeware.

From scarcity of Water, the Watering of the Lower District of this Road was discontinued after the month of July, in consequence of which the surface of the Road became loose and inconvenient, more especially so at Stanmore Hill, and it is most desirable, if possible, that the Road up this Hill should, in future, be made of Granite, as that material will not so soon break up from drought.

Stamford Hill, Seven Sisters, and Green Lanes, Roads.—By an increased supply of Gravel, on the Lower District of the Stamford Hill Road, that part is much strengthened; but from the short supply of Water from some of the Wells, last Summer, this part was not so efficiently Watered as heretofore.

Buildings still continue to increase on the sides of the Seven Sisters and Green Lanes Roads, which, together with the Works of making Finsbury Park, the forming of the East London Waterworks Company's Reservoir therein, the laying of Mains along the Seven Sisters Road to and from such reservoir, and the Buildings, &c., at Alexandra Park and Wood Green, have greatly increased the wear of these lines, and they have required much additional labour and materials during the past Year.

As mentioned in the last Report, the use of Granite has been extended on these Roads for one mile and a half, and I propose, if possible, during the next Year, to still further extend it as far as the Heavy Traffic of Building Materials, &c., goes (viz.), to Wood Green.

In consequence of the very dry Summer, the cost of Water supplied by the New River Company for these Roads was considerably increased.

Lea Bridge Road.—The application of Granite, in lieu of Flints and Gravel, on part of this Road, has made it more convenient, and better able to sustain the heavy Traffic of Manure which still passes over it, and it is desirable, if possible, to extend this Material still further, as the Cost of Gravel from the Forest is much increased.

The extended use of Granite on about ten miles of these Roads during the past Year has given great satisfaction to the Public, and as the traffic on all the lines increases, the use of that Material must be extended, both for convenience and economy.

27,407 cubic yards of Materials have been used in repairing these Roads during the past Year, and I am able to state that they are in good order.

Annexed is a return of Materials and Tools, &c., &c., on hand,

And I have the honour to be,
My Lords and Gentlemen,
Your obedient, faithful Servant,
H. Browse, General Surveyor.

To the Right Honourable and Honourable
the Commissioners of the
Metropolis Turnpike Roads North of the Thames.

Appendix, No. 5.

METROPOLIS ROADS.

ANNUAL RETURN of Materials, Implements, Tools, Houses, Gates, Carts, Pumps, and other Property of the Commissioners of the Metropolis Turnpike Roads North of the Thames, on the 31st December 1868.

NAME OF ROAD.	Granite.	Flints.	Gravel.	Water Carts.	Pumps.	Stand Posts.	Water Meters.	Wheelbarrows.	Sieves.	Planks.	Shovels.	Pickaxes.	Scrapers.	Hammers.	Rakes.	Brooms.	Tool Houses.	Toll Houses.	Toll Boxes.	Gates.	Side Bars.	Clocks.	Lamps.	Lamp Posts.	Sundries.
	Yds.	*Yds.*	*Yds.*																						
Brentford - - -	1,500	350	50	14	23	–	–	16	6	–	28	30	23	12	49	10	1	4	5	7	8	4	14	13	16
Uxbridge - - -	1,380	40	520	14	13	–	–	27	7	5	29	30	36	18	26	15	–	5	–	5	3	5	8	7	18
Harrow - - -	260	–	30	7	1	6	1	2	12	–	9	6	9	9	20	2	1	2	–	2	–	2	2	1	–
Kilburn - - -	600	–	320	9	11	2	4	2	6	–	20	6	6	8	6	4	–	2	3	2	6	2	4	2	–
Stamford Hill and Green Lanes - - -	500	150	200	19	18	9	–	24	12	24	36	12	40	24	–	6	1	5	1	5	3	5	9	9	–
Lea Bridge - - -	260	180	140	6	8	–	–	10	2	12	8	4	8	4	–	1	1	2	–	2	–	1	5	–	–
TOTAL - - -	4,500	720	1,260	69	79	17	5	81	45	41	130	88	122	75	101	38	4	20	9	23	20	19	42	32	34

METROPOLIS TURNPIKE ROADS.

THE

FORTY-THIRD REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS

OF THE

METROPOLIS TURNPIKE ROADS

NORTH OF THE THAMES.

(*Pursuant to Act* 7 *Geo.* 4, *c.* 142, *s.* 138.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
8 *March* 1869.

67.

Under 1 *oz.*

TURNPIKE TRUSTS.

ENGLAND AND WALES.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Her Majesty's Command.

THE EIGHTEENTH

GENERAL REPORT, made by Direction of the SECRETARY OF STATE, under Act 3 & 4 Wm. IV. Cap. 80.

The General Abstract of Returns from Turnpike Trusts for the year 1867 having been completed, it appears desirable to point out what progress has been made in the discharge of the Bonded Debt, and generally to carry the tables and information contained in the previous Report a stage further.

The following statement shows the comparative condition of the Trusts in England and North Wales in the year 1837, when the highest amount of revenue from tolls was received, in 1849 and 1861, intervals of twelve years, and in each of the four last years, 1864, 1865, 1866, and 1867 respectively:—

ENGLAND AND NORTH WALES.

YEARS - -	1837.	1849.	1861.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
RECEIPTS.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Tolls - - - -	1,509,985	1,097,482	1,038,980	1,009,038	997,960	945,458	889,922
Parish aid - -	24,952	27,714	30,610	31,251	31,728	31,214	32,976
Money borrowed -	134,044	11,662	19,475	3,118	7,374	2,225	4,755
Other Receipts - -	30,447	41,123	27,084	34,214	27,831	37,394	69,934
TOTAL RECEIPTS -	1,699,428	1,177,981	1,116,149	1,077,621	1,064,893	1,016,291	997,587
EXPENDITURE.							
Repairs - -	938,940	609,200	676,831	608,806	599,426	580,866	582,224
Improvements - -	202,799	41,900	46,960	24,775	31,972	31,212	27,730
Salaries - - -	93,684	87,432	79,652	77,552	77,667	74,862	72,927
Law charges - -	32,133	26,323	20,943	24,587	19,861	25,138	17,087
Interest of debt - -	291,726	254,460	150,023	126,516	117,763	108,971	100,452
Bonded debt paid off -	121,261	120,297	135,216	153,194	167,713	179,194	199,225
Other payments -	61,694	49,381	39,784	40,895	45,846	34,874	32,637
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	1,742,237	1,188,993	1,149,409	1,056,325	1,060,248	1,035,117	1,032,282
BONDED DEBT -	7,011,989	6,382,647	4,532,895	3,942,153	3,756,258	3,536,575	3,291,594
UNPAID INTEREST -	1,019,568	1,587,010	710,919	498,853	456,708	383,404	325,487

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The following table shows the increase or decrease in each of the several items in 1867 when compared with the previous year, and will render unnecessary any lengthened remarks:—

ENGLAND AND NORTH WALES.

YEARS	1866	1867	Increase in 1867.	Decrease in 1867.	
RECEIPTS.	£	£	£	£	
Tolls	945,458	889,922	—	55,536	
Parish aid	31,214	32,976	1,762	—	
Money borrowed	2,225	4,755	2,530	—	
Other Receipts	37,394	69,934	32,540	—	
TOTAL RECEIPTS	1,016,291	997,587	36,832	55,536	Net decrease £18,704.
EXPENDITURE.					
Repairs	580,866	582,224	1,358	—	
Improvements	31,212	27,730	—	3,482	
Salaries	74,862	72,927	—	1,935	
Law charges	25,138	17,087	—	8,051	
Interest of debt	108,971	100,452	—	8,519	
Bonded debt paid off	179,194	199,225	20,031	—	
Other payments	34,874	32,637	—	2,237	
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	1,035,117	1,032,282	21,389	24,224	Net decrease £2,835.
BONDED DEBT	3,536,575	3,291,594	—	244,981	
UNPAID INTEREST	383,404	325,487	—	57,917	

As remarked in the previous report, the diminution in the toll revenue, amounting in this instance to 55,536*l.*, may be attributed in a large measure to the restrictions which were made in consequence of the existence of the Cattle Plague in 1866–67, the table on page 3 showing that such diminution was general over the country; in seven counties only a trifling increase took place, the decrease in Essex was owing to the termination of three Trusts in that county, one of which formerly received a large amount as tolls, the decrease in the other counties from this cause is too small to sensibly affect the account.

The money borrowed in 1867 was more than double the amount so obtained in 1866, and includes the following sums:—

		£
Cornwall	Bodmin	500
Lancaster	Moses Gate, Ringley District	2,400
	Standedge and Oldham, Delph Road	1,655
Stafford	Sandon, Hugbridge, Hilderstone, &c.	200
		£4,755

In explanation of the large sum entered under the head of "Other Receipts" amounting to 69,934*l.*, being an increase of 32,540*l.* over the previous year, it may be stated that it includes—5,813*l.* received by the Tavistock Trust from the Duke of Bedford, for the purpose of paying the mortgage debt and abolishing the tolls; 22,877*l.* received by three Trusts in Yorkshire, from the Leeds Corporation, under the "Leeds Improvement Act, 1866," for abolishing certain tollgates; and 2,021*l.* received by the Stockton and Middlesborough Trust from the Middlesborough Corporation for the same object; these three items amounting to 30,711*l.* Under this item also is included the proceeds of the sale of the property belonging to 33 expired Trusts.

The cost of repairing the road appears to be increased 1,358*l.*, but this item also requires explanation, as with a largely decreased toll revenue it would follow that the expense of repairing the road would also be reduced; under this head has been placed the sums amounting to 14,757*l.*, which have been paid over to the various parishes on the expiration of the Trusts which were abolished in 1867, and which are available for

[*read on to page* 4.]

STATEMENT showing, in respect to each County, the Toll Income, and the Amount expended for Repairs of Road (exclusive of Statute Duty performed, and exclusive of the sums paid to the Parishes on the termination of the Trusts), in each of the Years 1866 and 1867, and also the Increase or Decrease in such amounts respectively in the Year 1867, compared with the Year 1866.

COUNTIES.	Tolls.				Repairs of Road.			
	1866.	1867.	Increase in 1867.	Decrease in 1867.	1866.	1867.	Increase in 1867.	Decrease in 1867.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Bedford - -	5,206	5,083	—	123	3,388	3,469	81	—
Berks - -	8,571	8,284	—	287	5,640	5,509	—	131
Bucks - -	8,417	7,371	—	1,046	6,268	5,821	—	447
Cambridge -	8,396	8,272	—	124	5,639	6,854	1,215	—
Chester - -	35,150	35,156	6	—	17,380	19,103	1,723	—
Cornwall - -	18,595	17,760	—	835	9,980	8,656	—	1,324
Cumberland -	9,988	9,920	—	68	6,159	6,324	165	—
Derby - -	30,498	32,126	1,628	—	16,510	17,942	1,432	—
Devon - -	41,369	41,077	—	292	15,367	16,671	1,304	—
Dorset - -	14,912	14,165	—	747	6,262	6,474	212	—
Durham - -	19,460	17,651	—	1,809	15,186	12,987	—	2,199
Essex - -	16,867	2,110	—	14,757	12,677	2,153	—	10,524
Gloucester -	46,240	43,787	—	2,453	31,149	27,787	—	3,362
Hants - -	15,681	15,503	—	178	12,997	15,042	2,045	—
Hereford -	15,979	15,455	—	524	10,513	11,892	1,379	—
Hertford - -	9,304	9,342	38	—	6,539	6,418	—	121
Huntingdon -	5,043	4,751	—	292	3,474	3,577	103	—
Kent - -	26,003	24,769	—	1,234	18,245	18,935	690	—
Lancaster -	84,968	84,792	—	176	45,665	47,358	1,693	—
Leicester - -	17,942	17,709	—	233	10,405	11,117	712	—
Lincoln - -	15,878	15,009	—	869	12,232	11,989	—	243
Middlesex -	45,222	41,113	—	4,109	29,822	32,506	2,684	—
Monmouth -	10,847	10,613	—	234	6,640	6,471	—	169
Norfolk - -	9,367	8,758	—	609	6,891	7,046	155	—
Northampton -	19,473	18,336	—	1,137	14,208	14,594	386	—
Northumberland -	14,094	13,684	—	410	8,743	9,512	769	—
Nottingham -	12,963	12,999	36	—	6,267	6,459	192	—
Oxford - -	13,277	13,557	280	—	8,970	9,160	190	—
Rutland - -	1,908	1,903	—	5	1,492	1,519	27	—
Salop - -	17,831	16,249	—	1,582	12,055	11,876	—	179
Somerset -	36,512	36,120	—	392	20,995	21,846	851	—
Stafford - -	45,811	43,465	—	2,346	30,227	26,686	—	3,541
Suffolk - -	4,653	4,060	—	593	2,967	2,998	31	—
Surrey - -	10,721	9,923	—	798	6,263	6,845	582	—
Sussex - -	24,681	22,218	—	2,463	15,137	14,485	—	652
Warwick - -	20,145	19,565	—	580	14,266	13,200	—	1,066
Westmorland -	3,731	3,663	—	68	1,315	1,231	—	84
Wilts - -	20,951	20,840	—	111	15,083	15,043	—	40
Worcester -	32,753	30,948	—	1,805	22,673	23,496	823	—
York - -	110,211	97,684	—	12,527	57,362	51,431	—	5,931
NORTH WALES.								
Anglesey - -	4,271	3,934	—	337	2,695	2,704	9	—
Carnarvon -	5,419	4,696	—	723	2,248	2,430	182	—
Denbigh - -	4,675	4,804	129	—	3,432	3,366	—	66
Flint - -	9,802	9,281	—	521	6,597	6,507	—	90
Merioneth -	3,393	3,458	65	—	2,449	2,611	162	—
Montgomery -	8,280	7,959	—	321	5,000	5,411	411	—
Total -	945,458	889,922	2,182	57,718	575,472	565,511	20,208	30,169
			Net Decrease, 55,536*l.*				Net Decrease, 9,961*l.*	

repairs in future years; after deducting these amounts and the amount of statute duty performed, the table on page 3 shows that in 28 counties the increase in the expense of maintaining the road was 20,208*l*., while in 18 counties the decrease was 30,169*l*., but the principal amount was in Essex, already referred to, and must be attributed to the abolition of the three Trusts in that county; from this table it appears that the net decrease in this item was 9,961*l*, but the increase in so many counties may be well accounted for when it is remembered that the winter of 1866–67 was very severe.

The money expended in repairing the roads does not wholly arise from the toll income, but is partly obtained from the parishes. After deducting the whole amount of parish aid from the cost of repairing the roads, the appropriation of the toll income may be thus shown:—

Year.	Toll Income.	Appropriation of Toll Income:—			
		For Repairs of Road.	For Salaries and Law Charges.	For Payment of Debt and Interest.	Other Payments, or in hand.
	£	£	£	£	£
1837	1,509,985	913,988	125,817	412,987	57,193
1843	1,314,179	716,018	115,689	393,902	88,570
1849	1,097,482	581,486	113,755	374,757	27,484
1855	1,039,475	578,765	108,824	315,300	36,586
1858	1,020,656	568,508	99,391	295,640	57,117
1859	1,029,849	571,155	96,809	299,369	62,516
1860	1,043,185	605,683	101,348	297,299	38,855
1861	1,038,980	646,221	100,595	285,239	6,925
1862	1,039,800	628,813	99,307	287,674	24,006
1863	1,037,876	608,931	100,557	270,422	57,966
1864	1,009,038	577,555	102,139	279,710	49,634
1865	997,960	567,698	97,528	285,476	47,258
1866	945,458	549,652	100,000	288,165	7,641
1867	889,922	549,248	90,014	250,660	——

This statement also shows in what proportion, in each of the years specified, the toll income has been appropriated to the repairs of the road, the payment of salaries and law charges, and the liquidation of debt and interest. The per-centage of the tolls applied to these several items of expenditure may be thus shown:—

Date.	Toll Income.	Appropriation of Toll Income:—			
		For Repairs of Road.	For Salaries and Law Charges.	For Payment of Debt and Interest.	Other Payments, or in hand.
	£	per cent. on Tolls.	per cent. on Tolls.	per cent. on Tolls.	per cent. on Tolls.
1837	1,509,985	60·53	8·33	27·35	3·79
1843	1,314,179	54·49	8·80	29·97	6·74
1849	1,097,482	52·98	10·37	34·15	2·50
1855	1,039,475	55·68	10·47	30·33	3·52
1858	1,020,656	55·70	9·74	28·96	5·60
1859	1,029,849	55·46	9·40	29·07	6·07
1860	1,043,185	58·06	9·72	28·50	3·72
1861	1,038,980	62·20	9·68	27·45	0·67
1862	1,039,800	60·47	9·55	27·67	2·31
1863	1,037,876	58·67	9·69	26·06	5·58
1864	1,009,038	57·24	10·12	27·72	4·92
1865	997,960	56·89	9·77	28·61	4·73
1866	945,458	58·14	10·57	30·48	0·81
1867	889,922	61·72	10·11	28·17	——

The notes attached to the returns show that a sum, amounting in the whole to 372*l.* 3*s.* 2*d.*, was lost to the Trusts in 1867 through the insolvency of officers.

The amount appropriated towards the payment of the debt was 199,225*l.*, and was the largest sum so applied in one year since the accounts were annually presented to Parliament, and must probably be regarded to some extent as exceptionally large, being increased by the amounts referred to on page 2, as having been received from other sources than the tolls, towards the express object of discharging the mortgage debts.

The following statement shows the amount applied in each of the last fifteen years as "debts paid off," also the proportion per cent. which such payment was equal to, on the toll income and on the total debt:—

Date.	Amount applied to the payment of Debts.	Equal to Per-centage on the Toll Income.	Equal to Per-centage on the Debt of the previous Year.
	£	£ *s.* *d.*	£ *s.* *d.*
1853	142,076	13 5 10 per cent.	2 8 11 per cent.
1854	136,462	12 17 3 "	2 8 2 "
1855	116,981	11 5 1 "	2 2 6 "
1856	113,905	11 2 5 "	2 2 5 "
1857	110,754	10 14 10 "	2 2 3 "
1858	124,295	12 3 7 "	2 8 7 "
1859	132,552	12 17 5 "	2 13 3 "
1860	135,973	13 0 8 "	2 16 3 "
1861	135,216	13 0 3 "	2 17 8 "
1862	143,321	13 15 8 "	3 3 3 "
1863	138,953	13 7 9 "	3 4 1 "
1864	153,194	15 3 8 "	3 14 4 "
1865	167,713	16 16 1 "	4 5 1 "
1866	179,194	18 19 1 "	4 15 5 "
1867	199,225	22 7 9 "	5 12 8 "

The "bonded or mortgage debt" at the end of the year 1867 amounted to 3,291,594*l.*, showing a reduction of 244,981*l.* when compared with the debt on the 31st of December 1866.

But the actual amount of reduction in the mortgage debt during the year 1867 was 249,736*l.*, as will be seen from the following:—

		£
Bonded debt, 31st December 1866 - - - -		3,536,575
Increase in debt, thus:—		
Money borrowed in 1867 - - - - - -		4,755
		3,541,330
Decrease in debt, thus:—		
Amount of cash paid - - - -	199,225	
Amount of composition - - -	30,646	
Amount of debt extinguished or omitted as unclaimed - - - -	19,865	
		249,736
Net amount of bonded debt, 31st December 1867 - -		£3,291,594

The foregoing statement also shows that a sum of 30,646*l.* was saved to the Trusts during the year by the operation of the provisions of General or Local Turnpike Acts, authorizing compositions to be accepted by the creditors in lieu of full payment of their debts. Of the amount discharged in 1867, the sum of 157,307*l.*, or rather more than

two-thirds, was paid off under the provisions referred to, and the following analysis of the payments will afford some idea of the value set upon the debt by the mortgagees under the circumstances of the various Trusts, thus :—

£		£		£ s. d.	
60,103	paid off debts of	61,875	equal to a reduction of	2 17 3	per cent.
58,632	"	74,984	"	21 16 2	"
3,395	"	6,568	"	48 6 2	"
4,531	"	13,880	"	67 7 1	"
126,661	"	157,307	at an average reduction of - -	19 9 7	"
72,564	paid off at par.	72,564			
199,225	total cash paid.	229,871	total debt paid off.		

The "unpaid interest" at the close of 1867 amounted to 325,487*l.*, showing a decrease of 57,917*l.* when compared with 1866.

The following statement shows the total number of Trusts which had bonded debts at the end of each of the last fourteen years, and the amount of the toll income upon which the debts were secured; also the number of Trusts without bonded debts, and the toll income which was received thereon :—

Date.	Trusts with Bonded Debts.			Trusts without Debt.		Total number of Trusts.
	No. of Trusts.	Toll Income.	Bonded Debt.	No. of Trusts.	Toll Income.	
		£	£		£	
1854	992	906,494	5,505,641	120	154,552	1,112
1855	983	874,528	5,367,810	127	164,947	1,110
1856	974	853,794	5,236,932	135	170,588	1,109
1857	970	853,183	5,117,308	138	177,773	1,108
1858	961	822,386	4,980,130	144	198,270	1,105
1859	951	822,811	4,831,707	149	207,038	1,100
1860	942	827,657	4,688,134	153	215,528	1,095
1861	930	813,999	4,532,895	156	224,981	1,086
1862	920	808,518	4,339,297	161	231,282	1,081
1863	895	799,494	4,120,428	172	238,382	1,067
1864	874	790,613	3,942,153	181	218,425	1,055
1865	864	787,722	3,756,258	182	210,238	1,046
1866	839	765,028	3,536,575	194	180,430	1,033
1867	807	707,310	3,291,594	197	182,612	1,004

Since the passing of the Act of the 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 91., for the consolidation and management of the turnpike roads in South Wales, the annual returns have been kept distinct from the returns in England and North Wales. The following abstract shows the receipts and expenditure of these roads for the last 10 years :—

SOUTH WALES TURNPIKE ROADS, under the Act 7 & 8 Vict. c. 91.

RECEIPTS.	1858.	1859.	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Tolls - -	26,474	28,045	28,422	27,176	27,038	29,078	28,319	27,672	25,468	24,570
County road rates, &c.	11,302	11,045	9,742	10,174	8,510	8,670	9,166	8,141	10,003	9,911
Other receipts -	1,068	1,104	1,422	1,447	1,188	1,684	2,113	1,497	1,332	1,830
Total receipts -	38,844	40,194	39,586	38,797	36,736	39,432	39,598	37,310	36,803	36,311

South Wales Turnpike Roads, under the Act 7 & 8 Vict. c. 91.—*continued.*

Expenditure.	1858.	1859.	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Repairs - -	22,877	22,958	23,560	23,665	22,977	22,903	23,628	23,187	21,368	21,849
Improvements -	721	641	906	364	571	129	588	426	168	307
Salaries - -	2,141	2,205	2,210	2,236	2,228	2,264	2,291	2,298	2,388	2,354
Law Charges -	3	3	42	41	—	—	13	—	50	8
Annuities - -	11,527	11,513	11,485	11,485	11,089	11,880	11,485	11,485	11,485	11,485
Other payments -	1,197	1,280	1,615	1,474	1,164	1,090	1,161	1,151	1,197	1,124
Total expenditure	38,466	38,600	39,818	39,265	38,029	38,266	39,166	38,547	36,656	37,127

The following statement shows the increase or decrease in the amounts of toll receipts, and the costs of repairing the roads, in each county of South Wales in 1867 as compared with 1866:—

County.	Tolls.				Repairs of Road.			
	1866.	1867.	Increase in 1867.	Decrease in 1867.	1866.	1867.	Increase in 1867.	Decrease in 1867.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Brecon - -	2,901	2,562	—	339	2,304	2,600	296	—
Cardigan - -	2,335	2,219	—	116	2,136	2,110	—	26
Carmarthen -	6,719	6,644	—	75	5,445	5,648	203	—
Glamorgan -	9,632	10,030	398	—	7,922	8,424	502	—
Pembroke -	2,184	1,861	—	323	1,348	1,295	—	53
Radnor - -	1,697	1,254	—	443	*1,592	*1,284	—	308
Total -	25,468	24,570	398	1,296	20,747	21,361	1,001	387

Net Decrease 898. Net Increase 614.

* Exclusive of the Value of Statute Duty performed.

The total sum advanced under the South Wales Turnpike Roads Act was 218,220*l.* 7*s.* 8*d.*, including 1,200*l.* advanced to the County Roads Board of Brecon in 1853, in respect to which the sum of 91*l.* 4*s.* 10*d.* is annually paid for "redemption and interest." The following statement shows the particulars of the payments made in 1867 to the Public Works Loan Commissioners on account of the debt of 217,020*l.* 7*s.* 8*d.* due to them, and the amount remaining unpaid on the 1st day of January 1868:—

South Wales Roads:—Public Works Loan Commissioners' Debt.

County.	Original Loans.			Annuities payable.			Balance of Principal Debts, 1st Jan. 1867.			Payments in 1867. On account of Interest.			Payments in 1867. On account of Principal.			Balance of Principal Debts, 1st Jan. 1868.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brecon -	41,750	4	7	2,191	17	8	16,275	3	9	515	8	8	1,676	9	0	14,598	14	9
Cardigan -	13,006	12	9	682	16	10	5,233	7	5	165	18	4	516	18	6	4,716	8	11
Carmarthen -	61,902	18	8	3,249	18	2	24,534	16	10	777	9	1	2,472	9	1	22,062	7	9
Glamorgan -	69,739	8	11	3,661	7	4	28,168	5	3	893	3	2	2,768	4	2	25,400	1	1
Pembroke -	15,551	4	4	816	8	8	6,262	9	10	198	11	0	617	17	8	5,644	12	2
Radnor -	15,069	18	5	791	3	4	6,032	19	7	191	4	9	599	18	7	5,433	1	0
Total -	217,020	7	8	11,393	12	0	86,507	2	8	2,741	15	0	8,651	17	0	77,855	5	8

From this statement it appears that the sum of 2,741*l*. 15*s*. 0*d*. was paid for interest (at 3¼ per cent.) and 8,651*l*. 17*s*. 0*d*. in reduction of principal in the year 1867, showing that the original debt of 217,020*l*. 7*s*. 8*d*. had been reduced to 77,855*l*. 5*s*. 8*d*. by the total payment of 139,165*l*. 2*s*. 0*d*.; and by the continued payment of the full amount of annuities the principal will be more rapidly repaid, as the current interest diminishes in future years.

The Turnpike Acts Continuance Act of 1867 (the 30th and 31st of Victoria cap. 121.) contained three Schedules: Schedule One contained the Local Acts for nine Trusts, which were repealed on and after the 1st day of October 1867;—Schedule Two contained the Local Acts for 37 Trusts, which expired on the 1st of November 1867, these had appeared in the Schedule of the Act for the preceding year. The names of the Trusts in these two Schedules were set forth in the last report. Schedule Three contained ten Local Acts, affecting thirteen Trusts; of these three were continued by the general provisions of the Continuance Act of 1868, and ten were included in Schedule Two of the last-named Continuance Act, the 31st and 32nd of Victoria cap. 99., to prevent the following Trusts continuing beyond the 1st day of November 1868; namely,—

Berks - -	Windsor Forest.
Bucks - - -	Aylesbury and Hockliffe.
Hereford - -	Hereford.
Hertford - -	Stevenage and Biggleswade.
Suffolk - -	Sudbury to Bury St. Edmunds.
Sussex - -	Crouch Hill and Hurstperpoint.
„ - - -	Hurstperpoint and Poynings.
Wilts - -	Devizes, Consolidated.
York - - -	Keighley and Bradford.
„ - - -	Richmond and Lancaster, Eastern District.

Schedule One of the Continuance Act for 1868 contained the Local Acts which were repealed on and after the 31st of December 1868, and were for the following Trusts:—

Middlesex - -	Pinner and Rickmersworth.
Kent - -	Kippings Cross to Wilsley Green.
York - - -	Leeds and Homefield Lane End.

No Local Acts were renewed in the Session of 1868.

(Signed) E. H. KNATCHBULL-HUGESSEN.

Whitehall, 15*th April* 1869.

TURNPIKE TRUSTS.

ENGLAND AND WALES.

THE EIGHTEENTH

GENERAL REPORT, made by Direction of the SECRETARY OF STATE, under Act 3 & 4 Wm. IV. Cap. 80.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Her Majesty's Command.

LONDON:
Printed by GEORGE E. EYRE and WILLIAM SPOTTISWOODE,
Printers to the Queen's most Excellent Majesty.
For Her Majesty's Stationery Office.

1869.

[*Price* 1½*d*.]

THE FORTY-SEVENTH

REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS

OF

HER MAJESTY'S

Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues;

IN OBEDIENCE TO THE ACTS OF 10 GEORGE IV. (CAP. 50),
AND 2 WILLIAM IV. (CAP. 1);

BEING

THE EIGHTEENTH REPORT

UNDER THE ACT OF THE 14 & 15 VICT. (CAP. 42).

Dated 29 June 1869.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
30 *June* 1869.

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TO THE HONOURABLE THE KNIGHTS, CITIZENS, AND BURGESSES, IN PARLIAMENT ASSEMBLED.

THE EIGHTEENTH REPORT

Of the COMMISSIONER in charge of the LAND REVENUE of the CROWN in *England*, under the Warrant of the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, dated the 31st March 1855.

IN compliance with the directions contained in the Acts 10 Geo. 4, c. 50, 11 & 12 Vict. c. 102, and 14 & 15 Vict. c. 42, I have to report to Her Majesty, and the Houses of Parliament, what has been done in the management of the hereditary possessions of the Crown, in charge with me, in the year ended 31st March last.

Leases granted. Appendix, No. 1.

During this period I have granted 110 leases of land or houses situated in different counties in England, and not being within the boundaries of any of the Royal Forests, and also of foreshores, portions of the beds of the sea and rivers, and minerals. The rents reserved under these leases amount altogether to £. 7,495. 5.

The particulars of these leases are inserted in Appendix, No. 1, and the property demised may be divided into five classes; viz.—

1st. Farms or Land for agricultural purposes.
2nd. Houses or other buildings.
3rd. Lands for building purposes.
4th. Mines, Minerals, and other substrata.
5th. Miscellaneous Property, and interests of uncertain value.

Of the first class, it will be seen, on reference to Appendix, No. 1, that 16 leases have been granted of lands in the Counties of Cambridge, Essex, Kent, Lincoln, Suffolk, Surrey, and York. The total acreage of the lands comprised in these leases amounts to 2,372 A. 3 R. 38 P., and the gross annual rents reserved under the leases amount to £. 4,008. 14.

Of the second class, 12 leases have been granted of 15 houses and other buildings in London, and one lease of a house at Windsor, at rents amounting altogether to £. 2,723. 6. 8.

Of the third class, 67 leases have been granted of sites for 107 houses, and for other buildings, upon different parts of the Crown Estates, as follows:—

At Dover, a site for one house,
At Eltham, Lee, &c., sites for 37 houses, and for stables and workshops,
At Millbank, sites for 10 houses,
At Regent's Park, sites for 4 houses,
At Richmond, sites for 17 houses,
At Victoria Park, sites for a Congregational church and 19 houses,
At Windsor, sites for 17 houses, and
At York, a site for one house.

In all these cases, the several lessees have built, or have covenanted to build, within a limited period, and at their own cost, substantial houses or other buildings upon the plots let to them respectively. The ground rents reserved by leases in this class amount altogether to £.723. 14.

Of the fourth class, one license has been granted to search for coprolites under reservation of a royalty.

Of the fifth class, 10 leases have been granted of some encroachments upon the wastes of a Crown Manor at Dunstable, and three leases of various parcels of land below high-water mark. The rents reserved by these leases amount to £. 39. 10. 4.

Sales.
App. No. 2 (A.) and App. No. 2 (B.)

Appendix, No. 2 (A.), and Appendix, No. 2 (B.), contain the particulars of 26 sales by public auction and by private contract of various premises that it was not advisable for the Crown to retain, or that were required by public companies, or for local or other improvements; also of different parcels of land now or formerly below high-water mark.

The total sum received for the property specified in these Schedules, and carried to the credit of the capital of the Land Revenue, is £. 84,245.

The only sale that appears to call for remark is that of various small houses and parcels of accommodation land at Harwich, in the County of Essex.

The greater part of the Crown property in my charge at that place was purchased for defensive purposes at the beginning of the last century. Parts of it had been sold for the construction of the branch line of railway, which has a terminus in the town, and for various local works and improvements; but a considerable portion of the property was still retained, and was either held by the Secretary of State for War, or was occupied by other departments, or by private persons as tenants under the Crown.

Of the premises, so occupied, a portion consisted of a number of small cottages, workshops, and tenements, and of some grass and accommodation land near the town. The cottages and other buildings were, without exception, of an inferior class; they were not in good repair, and were of less value to the Crown to retain for letting than they were likely to be worth to private individuals. The land consisted of about 15 acres, occupied as grass and garden ground, and was situated in front of the Circular Redoubt; it was let subject to a covenant imposed

imposed at the request of the Secretary of State for War, prohibiting the erection of any buildings upon it, but that restriction was ultimately withdrawn, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, except in so far as regards a small part of the land, and the property thereupon became available for building purposes. As there was a local demand for sites suitable for the erection of houses, the land was divided into lots, and, with the cottages and other buildings before referred to, was sold by auction.

Enfranchisement of Copyholds. Appendix, No. 3.

Appendix, No. 3, contains particulars of 24 enfranchisements of Copyhold or Customary Properties, held of nine Manors belonging to the Crown, which have been enfranchised upon payment of sums amounting to £. 9,314. 7. 3.

Free Tenement released from Quit-rents, &c. Appendix, No. 4.

Appendix, No. 4, contains the particulars of a free tenement holden of the Manor of Eltham, which has been released from the payment of quit-rents, reliefs, customs, and services, upon payment of the sum of £. 18. 10.

Sale of part of a Fee-farm Rent. Appendix, No. 5.

Appendix, No. 5, contains the particulars of the sale of an apportioned part of a fee-farm rent of £. 1,200 a year, charged upon the Manors of Mulgrave and Seaton, with various lands and tenements, in the County of York, and of the release of part of the property that was charged with the entire rent. The sale and release were made under the following circumstances:—

Under the powers of the Act 7 Geo. 3, c. 85 (Private), the manors and lands in question were granted to Constantine Phipps, then Lord Mulgrave, and his heirs for ever, with a reservation to the Crown of a rent of £. 1,200 a year.

The Marquis of Normanby, being desirous of releasing a portion of the property from that rent-charge, recently proposed to purchase up and extinguish an apportioned part of the rent, to the extent of £. 200 a year, less a proportionate part of the deduction of £. 195, which was annually allowed for land tax upon the payment of the entire rent.

Upon an investigation it was found that there was no plan attached to the grant to Lord Mulgrave, and, as it appeared to be desirable, in order to avoid any future question as to the precise extent and boundaries of the land that was subject to the rent, that the land in question should be accurately defined upon a plan, an arrangement was entered into with the Marquis of Normanby to the following effect:—

1. In consideration of the payment of the sum of £. 5,025, being at the rate of 30 years' purchase on the sum of £. 200 (less £. 32. 10. allowance for land tax), the rent of £. 1,200 a year was to be reduced to £. 1,000, and the Manor of Seaton, and about 929 acres of land, were to be released from that rent.

2. The Manor of Mulgrave, and certain lands and tenements to the extent of upwards 8,000 acres, as defined upon a plan, were to be declared and

and agreed to be charged, with the payment to the Crown, of a sum of £. 1,000 a year, being the balance of the rent theretofore chargeable upon the whole of the property.

That arrangement was approved of by the Lords of the Treasury, and was carried into effect by the deed specified in Appendix, No. 5.

ENFRANCHISEMENT of COPYHOLDS in which Her Majesty has a Reversionary Interest. Appendix, No. 6.

BY the Act 21 & 22 Vict. c. 94, "The Copyhold Act, 1858," provision has been made for the enfranchisement, under the Copyhold Acts, of land holden of Manors vested in Her Majesty in right of Her Crown in remainder or reversion, expectant upon an estate of inheritance.

In conformity with the provisions of that Act, four deeds of enfranchisement have been completed of lands and premises holden of the Manor of Ditcheling, of the Manor of Rotherfield, and of the Borough of Lewes, in the County of Sussex, in each of which the Crown has a reversionary interest, as set forth in Appendix, No. 6.

The consideration money has in each case been paid to Trustees, and has been invested by them in the purchase of Government Securities, the income from which, until the money shall be otherwise invested in pursuance of the terms of the Act, will be payable to the person who is for the time being entitled to the rents and profits of the Manor, in which each of these enfranchisements has been effected.

EXCHANGES. Appendix, No. 7.

APPENDIX, No. 7, contains the particulars of four exchanges, that have been made of various parcels of land and other hereditaments belonging to the Crown, for other land and hereditaments belonging to individuals, for the purpose of improving the boundaries of the respective properties.

FREE GRANTS in PERPETUITY. Appendix, No. 8.

APPENDIX, No. 8, contains the particulars of three free grants, which Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to make, of parts of the hereditary possessions of the Crown, under the powers to that effect reserved to the Sovereign by the Act 10 Geo. 4, c. 50.

The first grant is that of about one and a-half acre of land at Holbeach Marsh, in the Parish of Holbeach, in the County of Lincoln, as a site for a church and a parsonage house for the incumbent.

The second grant is that of about one and a-half acre of land at Egham, in the County of Surrey, as a site for a school, and for the residence of a teacher.

The third grant is that of about one rood and three perches of land, in the Parish of Swine, in the East Riding of the County of York, for a site for a school, and a residence for a teacher.

In each of the above cases the grants have been made in consideration of the Crown being the owner of a large extent of land in the parish.

APPENDIX,

Tithe Rentcharges Redeemed. Appendix, No. 9.

Appendix, No. 9, contains the particulars of various tithe rentcharges apportioned upon property belonging to the Crown, that have been redeemed in consequence of the premises, out of which the rentcharges issue, having been let for building purposes; the rentcharges so redeemed amount to £.9. 10., and the consideration money, amounting to £. 237. 10., is at the rate of 25 years' purchase.

Purchases. Appendix, No. 10.

Appendix, No. 10, contains the particulars of 14 purchases, that have been made for the concentration and improvement of the Crown property, out of monies that had accumulated on the Capital Account of the Land Revenue from the sales of estates, or parts of estates, that did not form desirable properties for the Crown to retain, and of fee-farm and other unimprovable rents, as well as of portions of foreshore and bed of the sea, and of tidal rivers, and also from the enfranchisement of copyholds.

The total sum expended in the purchases specified in the Appendix, amounts to £. 18,260. 3. 3.

The principal of those purchases is that made of a farm, containing 209 A. 0 R. 30 P., situated at Bishops Cannings, in the County of Wilts. In that and the adjoining parishes the Crown possesses an estate of nearly 8,500 acres in extent, and the land now purchased is surrounded by that estate. The farm was freehold, with the exception of about 15 acres, which were held by the vendor under a lease for two lives, and of which the reversion was in the Crown. The purchase was made for the sum of £. 11,500, which included the timber on the property, and an arrangement has been made for the grant of a lease of the farm, at a rent of £. 371. 10. a-year.

THAMES EMBANKMENT.

Prior to the year 1856, the title to the bed and soil of the River Thames, as far as the tide flows, formed the subject of a suit "The Attorney General *v.* The Corporation of London," but in that year an agreement was entered into between this Department and the Corporation, whereby, in consideration of the sum of £. 5,000 paid by the latter to this Department, and of the withdrawal by the Corporation of all claim to the bed and soil of the river, provision was made for the discontinuance of the above-mentioned suit, and it was agreed that a conveyance should be made to the Corporation of the interest of Her Majesty in the bed and soil of the river below high-water mark, except such portions as might be in front of property belonging to the Crown, or to any Department of Government, or in the possession of any such Department; such conveyance to be made subject to a proviso that the Corporation should annually pay over to this Department one-third part of all rents, revenues, and proceeds received by them from the bed and soil of the river.

A copy of that agreement is contained in Appendix, No. 8, to the 35th Report to Parliament of the Commissioners of Woods (1857).

A conveyance was duly made, in favour of the Corporation, in pursuance of the terms of the agreement, and in the year 1857 the interest, which was acquired by the Corporation under that conveyance, was vested in a body of Conservators by the Act 20 & 21 Vict. c. 147. Those Conservators were, by the 104th section of the Act, required to pay over to this Department one-third part of the rents, &c. received by them in respect of the bed and soil of the river, and to apply the remaining two-thirds to conservancy purposes.

The monies so paid over by that Board in each year since 1857, including certain commuted payments made by them under "The Thames Conservancy Act, 1857," are shown by the following statement:—

	£.	s.	d.
1858–9 - - - - -	120	19	1
1859–60 - - - -	933	6	–
1860–1 - - - - -	1,159	19	3
1861–2 - - - - -	970	17	7
1862–3 - - - - -	1,110	15	–
1863–4 - - - - -	1,282	13	–
1864–5 - - - - -	8,274	6	2
1865–6 - - - - -	1,762	4	10
1866–7 - - - - -	2,083	5	3
1867–8 - - - - -	3,571	16	10
1868–9 - - - - -	2,173	19	6

In the year 1862 an Act (25 & 26 Vict. c. 93) was passed for the Embankment, by the Metropolitan Board of Works, of the north side of the Thames from Westminster Bridge to Blackfriars Bridge, and for making new streets in and near thereto. The cost of the Embankment, which appears from the First Report of the Select Committee on Hungerford Bridge and Wellington-street Viaduct to be estimated at £. 1,800,000, was required to be defrayed out of funds to be raised upon the security of the Coal and Wine Dues, and the Act contains various special clauses providing for the surrender to the Metropolitan Board of such parts of the bed and soil of the River as were required for the Works of the Undertaking, and for the appropriation of such parts as were to be inclosed from the tidal waters, and were not to be occupied as the site of the Embankment.

The main wall of the Embankment, constructed under the powers of that Act, being now completed from Westminster to the Temple, the reclamation of the land inclosed within its limits being in a forward state, and the extent of the land belonging to Her Majesty, which will be available for building and other purposes, having been ascertained, it appears to be a proper time to submit a statement showing the result of the arrangements, that were made in pursuance of the provisions of that Act in regard to the parts of the bed and soil of the River, that were dealt with for the purposes of or in connection with the Embankment.

At the date of the passing of the Thames Embankment Act the bed and soil of the River, except such parts as were in front of Crown or Government property, or had been previously conveyed away, were, as has been already stated,

stated, vested in the Conservators of the Thames, and the following schedule shows the total quantity of that land, which has been dealt with under the provisions, or for the purposes of that Act, and the manner, in which the different portions of it were at that period vested or claimed to be vested.

	A.	R.	P.
1. Vested in the Conservators of the Thames - - - - - -	20	0	15
2. Claimed by the Conservators and by the Duchy of Lancaster -	6	1	5
3. Situated in front of the Savoy, and vested in Her Majesty in right of the Duchy of Lancaster - - - - - - -	0	3	2
4. Situated in front of Crown or Government property, and reserved to the Crown under the grant to the Corporation before referred to	10	3	10
TOTAL QUANTITY - - -	37	3	32

The terms and conditions, upon which such parts of that foreshore as were required for the works were surrendered, were as follows :—

By the provisions of the Embankment Act the amount of the compensation, which might be payable in respect of the portions of the bed and soil of the river firstly and secondly described, was directed to be ascertained by two arbitrators or an umpire. Those arbitrators were duly appointed, and, without calling in the services of an umpire, agreed upon the sum to be paid for those parcels in the following proportions ; viz.—

	£.	s.	d.
For the 20 A. 0 R. 15 P. vested in the Conservators - - - -	20,093	15	–
For the 6 A. 1 R. 5 P. claimed by the Conservators and by the Duchy of Lancaster - - - - - - - - - -	6,281	5	–
£.	26,375	–	–

being at the rate of £. 1,000 per acre.

The larger of those sums was paid to the Conservators by the Metropolitan Board, and became applicable in the manner provided by "The Thames Conservancy Act, 1857;" the smaller was deposited to await the decision upon the question of title between the Conservators and the Duchy of Lancaster. That question was ultimately referred to the arbitration of a barrister, who made his award, finding that the soil of 6 A. 1 R. 5 P. was the property of Her Majesty in right of Her Duchy of Lancaster, and, in pursuance of an arrangement entered into between the Chancellor of the Duchy and the Conservators, one moiety of the sum so deposited was assumed to represent the right of property in the soil, and was paid over to the Duchy, and the other moiety was treated as the value of the rights of the Conservators irrespective of the soil, and was paid over to that body. The Conservators have since accounted for the sums so received by them, amounting, exclusive of interest, &c. upon the moiety of the sum that was deposited, to £. 23,234. 7. 6., and have paid over to this department the third part, or £. 7,744. 15. 10. (together with the accumulations thereon), to which the Crown is entitled under the provisions of the 104th section of the Thames Conservancy Act of 1857. The amount, so paid over, is included in the statement on the preceding page.

A great part of the land below high-water mark, in respect of which those sums were paid, forms the site of the Embankment and the roadway upon it, but a portion of it lying between the Charing Cross Railway and Waterloo Bridge, has been inclosed within the Embankment, and is vested in the Metropolitan Board by the 26th section of the Thames Embankment Act, for the use of the public as places of recreation. The land, so inclosed, is stated in the above-mentioned Report of the Select Committee on Hungerford Bridge, &c., to be suitable for a site for public buildings. The value of the land, if its appropriation as a site for public buildings should be sanctioned by Parliament, would necessarily be very great.

The remaining part of the bed and soil of the river, required for the works, or inclosed within the outer line of the Embankment, contains 11 A. 2 R. 12 P., the whole of which was by the 51st section of "The Thames Conservancy Act, 1857," excepted from the operation of the 50th section of the same Act, which transferred the Crown rights in other parts of the foreshore to the Conservators.

A small part of that reserved foreshore, containing about 3 R. 2 P., was in front of the Savoy Estate, and was under the management of the Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster. The residue, containing upwards of 10 acres, was situated in front of Somerset House, of the Board of Control, of the Westminster Bridge Estates, and of the Crown Estate under the management of the Commissioners of Woods, lying between the south end of Richmond Terrace and Great Scotland Yard. Before the passing of the Embankment Act, the Crown had full power, with the consent of its lessees and subject to public rights of navigation, to inclose and reclaim this land from the river, and to add it to the Crown and Government property, of which it formed the frontage.

Upwards of one moiety of the 10 acres of foreshore was required for the site of the Embankment and roadway. As regards the residue, which was to be inclosed by the works of the undertaking, and was situated between the roadway and the Crown and Government property above high-water mark, it would obviously have been undesirable for the interests of the Crown and of the Departments of Government, which occupied some of the houses on that property, that the strips of shore, that would be inclosed from the river by means of the Embankment and roadway in front of those public and other buildings, should become vested in any private person or corporation, or in fact in any other than the owner of those buildings; and it appeared to be reasonable that, if the Crown surrendered to the Metropolitan Board without any money consideration, such parts of that foreshore (upwards of one moiety) as were required for the sites of the Embankment and road, the Metropolitan Board should complete the filling up and reclamation of the residue of the Crown foreshore, which would be inclosed within the road. It was accordingly provided by the Embankment Act that the Metropolitan Board should fill up, level, and fence the strips so inclosed from the river, and that, when so levelled, &c., the parcels in front of Somerset House and the Board of Control should be annexed to, and be deemed part of, those houses respectively, and that the parcel in front of the Crown Estate between Richmond Terrace and Great Scotland Yard should continue vested

in

in Her Majesty; and it was further provided that the lessees of the houses in that Terrace and in Whitehall Gardens, &c., should have the option of taking leases of the shore, that might be reclaimed in front of their houses, at rents to be fixed on the value of the land as garden ground.

In consideration of the works, so required to be done by the Metropolitan Board of Works, to the land reserved to the Crown, the portions of the shore and bed of the river in front of the Crown or Government property, that were required as the site of, and for the construction of, the Embankment and road, were surrendered without charge; and it was expressly provided that the Metropolitan Board should not be liable to pay to the Crown any compensation for damage caused to any property above high-water mark by severance from the river, and also that in any claim to be made for compensation by the Crown lessees regard should be had to the option, which was given to them, to take leases of the reclaimed land in front of their houses at garden rents.

Under these arrangements the foreshore, that was so reserved to the Crown, has been dealt with in the following manner:—

	A.	R.	P.
1. Surrendered to the Metropolitan Board, without any money consideration for the site of the Embankment and roadway - -	5	2	25
2. Added to Somerset House and the Board of Control - - -	0	1	6
3. Agreed to be included in a conveyance to the Metropolitan Board of the land required for the extension of Whitehall Place - -	0	0	6
4. To be demised to the lessees of the houses in Whitehall Gardens, &c., as garden ground - - - - - - - -	2	0	34
5. Not yet appropriated, but available for building and other purposes	2	2	19
TOTAL - - -	10	3	10

By the terms of the Thames Embankment Act, the lessees of the houses, belonging to Her Majesty in Whitehall Gardens, &c., that abut upon the land to be reclaimed, were required, if they elected to exercise the option, given to them by that Act, of taking leases of the reclaimed land in front of the houses held by them respectively, to signify their intention within five years after the passing of the Act. No definite arrangement has been made with regard to the part of that land which is situated in front of the garden held in common by the lessees of the houses in Richmond Terrace; but, as regards the residue of that land, the lessees of the houses abutting upon it have, with one exception, signified their intention to take leases, and the rents have been fixed by an umpire in the manner provided by the Act, but none of the leases have yet been granted because the levelling of the land has not been completed.

The plot of land, in respect of which the exception above referred to has taken place, immediately abuts upon the part of the reclaimed land belonging to the Crown, as to the appropriation of which there is no restriction in the Embankment Act. The area of that plot has therefore been added to the land, that is available for building and other purposes, which is thereby increased, as shown in the foregoing Schedule, to 2 A. 2 R. 19 P.

 Upon

Upon the accompanying plan the part of the reclaimed land, that is available for building, is coloured blue, and the Crown property above the former line of high-water mark is coloured red. Nearly the whole of the part of that property, which abuts upon the reclaimed land coloured blue, is in hand, and the residue is occupied for official purposes, so that possession of it can be obtained upon a reasonable notice.

The appropriation of that land is now under consideration.

From the foregoing statement it will be perceived that the general result of the arrangements, that were carried out in pursuance of the distinct provisions of the Embankment Act, in regard to the portions of the bed and shore of the Thames that were taken for or reclaimed by the works, is as follows:—

1. That the total quantity, so reclaimed or taken, is 37 A. 3 R. 32 P.

2. That such part of the foreshore required for the site of the Embankment and roadway, as was the property of Her Majesty in right of Her Crown, and containing 5 A. 2 R. 25 P., was surrendered by the Crown to the Metropolitan Board without any money payment.

3. That for the residue taken by the Metropolitan Board (exclusive of a small plot in charge of the Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster), and containing 26 A. 1 R. 20 P., the Metropolitan Board paid to the Conservators of the Thames, or deposited to meet a question of title, the sum of £. 26,375, of which sum, £. 23,234. 7. 6., with the accumulations thereon, were ultimately received by the Conservators, who paid one-third of it, or £. 7,744. 15. 10., together with the accumulations thereon, to the Crown, the remaining two-thirds and the accumulations thereon being retained by them, and being applicable to Conservancy purposes.

It may here be observed that the total sum, so paid by the Metropolitan Board for more than 26 acres of land, is less than 1½ per cent. of the sum of £. 1,800,000, which appears to be the total estimated cost of the Embankment. It may be added that part of the land, for which that sum of £. 26,375 was paid, comprising nearly the whole of a large block lying between the Charing Cross Railway and Waterloo Bridge, has been reclaimed from the River, and is suitable, provided that Parliament should sanction such an appropriation of it, for the erection of public buildings, for which purpose it would be of very great value.

4. That the land, containing about 4½ acres, formerly below high-water mark, and which now remains the property of, and is at the disposal of, the Crown, formed part of a larger plot of shore which was the property of Her Majesty in right of Her Crown before the Embankment Act passed. More than one moiety of that plot has been surrendered without any money consideration for the site of the Embankment and road. The Metropolitan Board were relieved from any liability to make compensation to the Crown for the severance of any of the Crown or Government property from the River, and the residue of that plot, comprising the part of the shore which by the construction of the Embankment and roadway became inclosed from the River, and which was filled up, levelled, and fenced by the Metropolitan Board,

GREAT SCOTLAND YARD
EXTENSION OF WHITEHALL PLACE
WHITEHALL PLACE
MIDDLE SCOTLAND YARD
WHITEHALL YARD
WHITEHALL
HORSE GUARDS
WHITEHALL CHAPEL
WHITEHALL GARDENS
THE BOUNDARY OF THE CROWN PROPERTY
Land belonging to the Crown, and formerly below high-water mark
but now Enclosed from the River by the Embankment.
Available for building and other purposes
To be demised as Garden ground to the Lessees
of the adjacent Crown frontage.
THE EMBANKMENT ROADWAY
Surrendered to the Metropolitan Board of Works
without any Money Compensation.
THE RIVER THAMES
YORK GATE LANDING STAIRS
Scale of Feet.
100
0
100
200
300
400
500

Board, has been reserved to the Crown. Part of the land so reserved is in front of Somerset House and of the Board of Control; a further part is in front of various houses, the lessees of which have claims on the Metropolitan Board for compensation, in the settlement of which claims regard will have to be given to the fact of the lessees having the option, under the provisions of the Embankment Act, to take leases of the reclaimed land in front of their houses at garden rents, and the remainder, containing about 2½ acres, is the only portion that will be immediately available for building purposes.

5. It is clear that the cost of acquiring the land, upon which a new road or embankment is to be constructed, forms a portion of the legitimate expenses of the undertaking, and that, if that land is surrendered without compensation, the owner of it virtually contributes to the cost of the work a sum equivalent to the value of the land which he surrenders free of charge. In the present case the clauses in the Embankment Act, which provide for the ascertainment of the compensation to be made for some parts of the bed and soil of the River, and for the execution by the Metropolitan Board of certain works on other parts, that were to be surrendered by the Crown without any money consideration, show that it was the intention of Parliament that the cost of acquiring the site of the Embankment should be deemed part of the legitimate expenses of the undertaking.

In all cases of lease, sale, enfranchisement, exchange, or purchase, of which the particulars are detailed in this Report, and in the Appendices, the surveys and estimates of the land and hereditaments included in such transactions were made by competent surveyors, who have in each case certified by a report, verified by a declaration, pursuant to the provisions of the Acts 10 Geo. 4, c. 50, and 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62, the fair worth or value, in their judgment, of the lands and hereditaments surveyed, except in cases where, from the nature of the property, the value could not be known by a survey or inspection, or where, from other causes specified in the 62nd section of the Act 10 Geo. 4, c. 50, a preliminary survey and estimate have been dispensed with.

IN consequence of the opinion expressed in a Resolution of the Committee of the House of Commons appointed to inquire into the management of this Department, there have been inserted in each Annual Report, since the year 1850, five additional Schedules; viz.—

1st. Of Rents put in charge with the several Receivers of the Land Revenue in respect of property acquired for Her Majesty by purchase, lease, exchange, or otherwise.

2nd. Of the Rents discharged from the Rentals of the several Receivers in respect of property sold, exchanged, or otherwise disposed of.

3rd. Of all Monies due to Her Majesty in respect of Rents in charge with the several Receivers of the Land Revenues, under leases, or agreements for leases, and which shall have been owing for a greater period than a year, showing the term during which each arrear shall have been accruing, and the measures, if any, in progress for the recovery of the same.

4th. Of all Monies remitted on Her Majesty's behalf in respect of any Rents in charge with the same Receivers, specifying whether any previous remission has taken place in respect of the same Rent, and the circumstances and the authority under which remitted.

5th. Of all defalcations that shall have taken place in respect of Monies due and owing to Her Majesty, specifying the circumstances under which such defalcations have taken place, and the means (if any) available, and the measures (if any) taken, for the recovery of the Monies.

Appendix, No. 11. (A.), (B.), (C.), (D.), (E.)

I have now inserted these Schedules in the Appendix to the present Report.

Appendix (A. A.)

THE APPENDIX (A. A.) contains an Account of the Monies derived from the Hereditary Possessions of the Crown under the management of the Commissioners of Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues, and received within the year ended 31st March 1869, and the application of all such Monies, including payment into the Exchequer of £. 360,000 as surplus Income arising from those possessions, as well as the appropriation of the Capital Monies arising from the sale of portions of the possessions of the Crown during the same period.

The Account for the preceding year, ended on the 31st of March 1868, has been audited, and, the subsequent monthly Accounts up to and including the the month of May last have been rendered to the Comptroller and Auditor General for examination.

CHARLES GORE. (L.S.)

Office of Woods, &c.,
29th June 1869.

APPENDIX.

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Appendix, N° 1.—A SCHEDULE of Leases of Messuages, Tenements, Lands, and Hereditaments, i
both days inclusive: showing, The Dates of Leases; The Premises comprised therein; The Names of the Lessees
the same; The Rents reserved; The Fines paid; The Insurances to be made against Fire; and upon what othe
the Premises as have been before in Lease, by the last preceding Surveys, or other Accounts; and the Rents reserve

Note.—In the instances distinguished by an asterisk (*) the former Leases comprised other Premises beyond tho

DATES of LEASES.		PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
					£. s. d.
1868:		BEDFORD:			
May	23	Two Pieces of Waste Land, containing together about 48 Perches, with Five Messuages thereon, situated in the Luton Road, in the Town of Dunstable.	Mary Brown - -	- 9 years from 29th September 1867.	2 8 3
"	"	A Piece of Land, containing about 3 Perches, used as a Timber Yard, situated on the North side of Church Street, in the same Town.	Joseph Cheshire - -	- ditto - -	– 3 3
"	"	Two Pieces of Waste Land, containing together about 14 Perches, with the Buildings thereon, situated in the Luton Road, in the same Town.	William Anstee *et al.* -	- ditto - -	– 14 –
"	"	A Piece of Land, containing about 8 Perches, with Six Houses or Cottages and Buildings thereon, situated on the North side of Church Street, in the Luton Road, in the same Town.	Christopher Buckmaster	- ditto - -	– 8 –
"	"	A Piece of Land, containing about 14½ Perches, situated on the North West side of Church Street, in the Luton Road, in the same Town.	- - Thomas Somers Cocks *et al.*	- ditto - -	– 14 6
"	"	A Piece of Land, containing about 13 Perches, situated on the South side of the Road leading from Dunstable to Tring, in the same Town.	Edward Burr - -	- ditto - -	– 13 9
"	"	A Piece of Land (formerly part of a Pond), containing about 16¼ Perches, situated on the South West side of the London Road, in the same Town.	John Pratley - -	- - 6¾ years from 25th Dec. 1869.	– 8 1
"	"	A Piece of Waste Land, containing about 5¾ Perches, with Two Cottages thereon, situated in East or Church Street, in the Luton Road, in the same Town.	David Scott - -	- 6 years from 29th September 1870.	– 5 9
"	"	A Piece of Land used as a Garden, containing about 7¼ Perches, situated on the North side of Church Street, in the Luton Road, in the same Town.	- - Thomas Somers Cocks *et al.*	- ditto - -	– 7 3
August	4	A Piece of Waste Land, containing about 7½ Perches, with Two Cottages thereon, situated in East or Church Street, or Luton Road, in the same Town.	Charles Giddings -	- ditto - -	– 7 6

England belonging to the Crown, granted between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, The Terms granted; The Annual Value of the Premises, as estimated or returned by the Surveyor employed to survey Considerations such Leases respectively have been granted:—and showing, also, The Annual Value of such Parts of and Fines paid for the preceding Leases.

contained in the New Leases, and consequently a proportionate part only of the former Value, Rent, and Fine is shown.

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.				£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
2 8 3	- -	- -	- - - -	2 8 3	2 8 3	
- 3 3	- -	- -	- - - -	- 3 3	- 3 3	
- 14 -	- -	- -	- - - -	- 14 -	- 14 -	
- 8 -	- -	- -	- - - -	- 8 -	- 8 -	
- 14 6	- -	- -	- - - -	- 14 6	- 14 6	
- 13 9	- -	- -	- - - -	- 13 9	- 13 9	
- 8 1	- -	- -	- - - -	- 8 1	- 8 1	
- 5 9	- -	- -	- - - -	- 5 9	- 5 9	
- 7 3	- -	- -	- - - -	- 7 3	- 7 3	
- 7 6	- -	- -	- - - -	- 7 6	- 7 6	

Appendix, N° 1.—Comprising LEASES granted - - - - - -

DATES of LEASES.		PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
		BERKS: WINDSOR:			£. s. d.
1868:		ALMA ROAD:			
Sept.	1	A Piece of Ground, with the Workshops thereon, situated in the Alma Road, in the Parish of Clewer -	Alfred Williams - -	- - 96½ years from 5th January 1868.	16 5 –
Oct.	8	A Messuage or Dwelling-house, with the Garden and Appurtenances, situated near the Long Walk, in Sheet Street Road, in the Parish of New Windsor.	Henry Whitehouse -	- - 7 years from 5th April 1867.	42 – –
		FRANCES ROAD:			
Dec.	10	A Piece of Ground, with the Messuage thereon, being No. 1, Brunswick Villas, in the same Parish.	Daniel William Cooper	- - 97¾ years from 10th October 1868.	- - These Pieces of Ground are part of 8 A. 2 R. 30 P., agreed to be let to George Henry Long for Building purposes, at progressive yearly rents, amounting ultimately to 270 *l.* per annum. Care will be taken that the whole rent shall be properly secured by the Buildings to be erected on the property, but the proportion of the estimated yearly value applicable to each Plot cannot be stated.
"	11	Three Pieces of Ground, with Three Messuages thereon, being Nos. 2, 3, and 4, Brunswick Villas.	William Runnicles -	- ditto - -	
		HELENA ROAD:			
May	25	Two Pieces of Ground, with Two Cottages thereon, being Nos. 7 and 8, Helena Road, in the same Parish.	William Whittington -	- - 97¼ years from 5th April 1868.	- - These Pieces of Ground are part of 2 R. 30 P., agreed to be let to George Cartland, junior, for Building purposes, at progressive yearly rents, amounting ultimately to 30 *l.* per annum. Care will be taken that the whole rent shall be properly secured by the Buildings to be erected on the property, but the proportion of the estimated yearly value applicable to each Plot cannot be stated.
July	10	Ditto - Nos. 3 and 4, ditto -	- - Richard William Cottrell.	- ditto - -	
Aug.	24	Ditto - Nos. 1 and 2, ditto -	Samuel Dalton - -	- ditto - -	
Dec.	15	Four Pieces of Ground, with Four Cottages thereon, being Nos. 12, 13, 14, and 15 ditto.	George Cartland -	- ditto - -	

- - - - - - - of Messuages or Tenements, &c.—*continued.*

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.				£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
16 5 –	- -	- - Such sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of the Buildings.	- - The expense incurred by the Lessee in the erection of the Buildings.	- - This Land was last let with other Land upon a yearly tenancy at a rent of about 6 *l.* per Acre.		
42 – –	- -	700 – – at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.	- - - -	38 17 6	38 17 6	
4 – –	- -	- - Such sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of the Buildings.	- - The expense incurred by the Lessee in the erection of the Buildings.	- - The Land agreed to be demised to Mr. Long was last let upon a yearly tenancy at a rent of about 6 *l.* 10 *s.* per Acre.		
3 17 – for each Messuage.						
2 – – for each Cottage.	- -	- ditto -	- ditto - - -	- - The Land agreed to be demised to Mr. Cartland forms part of a Plot that was last let upon a yearly tenancy at a rent of about 11 *l.* per Acre.		
2 5 – for each Cottage.						
2 5 – for each Cottage.						
– 10 – for each Cottage.						

Appendix, N° 1.—Comprising Leases granted - - - - - -

DATES of LEASES.	PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
	Berks—*continued.*			£. s. d.
	Windsor—*continued.*			
1868:	Osborne Road:			
Aug. 31	A Piece of Ground, with a Messuage thereon, being No. 7, Osborne Villas, in the Parish of Clewer.	William Sim - -	- - 86½ years from 5th July 1868.	- - These Plots of Ground are part of 13 A. 3 R. 5 P., agreed to be let to William Sim for Building purposes, at an ultimate Rent of 340 *l.* per annum, subsequently increased to 342 *l.* 9 *s.* 9 *d.*, in consideration of the redemption of a portion of the Tithe Rent-charge. Care will be taken that the whole Rent shall be properly secured by the Buildings to be erected on the property, but the proportion of the estimated yearly value applicable to each Plot cannot be stated.
" "	Ditto - No. 8, ditto - - -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - -	
	CAMBRIDGE:			
July 15	A Farm House, called Burwell Hall, with the Outbuildings and several Pieces of Land, containing together about 29 A. 3 R. and Another Farm House, with the Outbuildings and Land, containing together about 102 A. 3 R. 10 P., called Halled Fen, situated in the Parish of Burwell.	Michael Mason and Kent John Wright.	- - 13 years from 10th October 1867.	- - These Premises were let by Tender, and the rent reserved by the Lease was the highest amount offered.
Nov. 23	License to dig, search for, raise, and carry away Coprolites, within, under, or upon, a Piece of Land, containing about 9 Acres, forming part of the above-mentioned Land called Halled Fen.	Michael Mason - -	- - 3 years from 10th October 1868.	Uncertain -
	DEVON:			
Nov. 21	A Piece of Land below high-water mark, containing about 14 Acres, situated at Start Bay, adjacent to Land in the Parishes of Stokenham and Slapton.	Sir Lydston Newman, Bart.	- - 21 years from 5th July 1868, determinable by either party at any Quarter-day, on giving six months' notice.	5 - -
	ESSEX:			
May 6	Four Pieces of Land, containing together about 11 A. 1 R. 24 P., with a Building thereon, situated near the Maypole Inn at Barking Side, and at Newell's Corner, in the Parish of Barking.	John Willis - -	- - 18 years from 10th October 1867.	33 - -

- - - - - - - of Messuages or Tenements, &c.—*continued.*

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.				£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
13 10 –	- -	- - Such sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of the Buildings.	- - The expense incurred by the Lessee in the erection of the Buildings.	- - This Ground forms part of an Estate purchased from Mr. Keppell in 1843, and was last let upon yearly Tenancies at rents amounting upon an average to 3 *l.* 10 *s.* per Acre.		
13 10 –	- -					
170 – – and 5 per cent. on any amount that may be expended by the Crown in the erection or improvement of any Buildings, and in the under-drainage of the Land.	- -	- - Such sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of the Buildings.	- - - -	- - These Premises were previously let with some other Land upon a yearly Tenancy at a rent of 350 *l.* for the whole. An Agreement has been entered into for letting the other Land upon a Lease at a rent of 240 *l.*		
- - A Royalty of 5 *s.* per ton upon all Coprolites raised.	- -	- -	- - - -	- - Not before in Lease.		
5 – –	- -	- -	- - - -	- - Not before in Lease.		
33 – – and 5 per cent. on any amount that may be expended by the Crown in the under-drainage of the Land.	- -	- -	- - - -	32 – –	32 – –	

Appendix, N° 1.—Comprising LEASES granted - - - - - -

DATES of LEASES.	PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
1868:	ESSEX—*continued.*			£. s. d.
May 19	A Farm House, with the Outbuildings and several Pieces of Land, containing together about 134 A. 1 R. 1 P., called Wolves and Joyes Farm, situated in the Parishes of Romford and Navestock.	James Holme Smith -	- - 20 years from 10th October 1867.	- - This Farm was let by Tender, and the rent reserved by the Lease was the highest amount offered.
July 13	A Farm House, with the Barns, Stables, and other Buildings, and several Pieces of Land, containing together about 49 A. 2 R. 31 P., called Fence Piece Farm, situated in the Parish of Barking.	Lionel Ingram - -	- - 18 years from 10th October 1867.	60 – – for the first year, and 115 – – during the remainder of the term.
„ 22	Two Farm Houses, with the Outbuildings, Garden, and several Pieces of Land, containing together about 326 A. 0 R. 25 P., called Pigtails and Lowlands Farms, situated in the Parish of Romford, and a Piece of Land, containing about 6 A. 1 R. 23 P., situated in the Parish of Dagenham.	William John Lee and Joseph Lee.	- - 14 years from 10th October 1869.	741 – –
1869:	HANTS:			
January 2	Two Pieces of Land, being parts of the Bed of the River Hamble below low-water mark, containing together about 130 Acres, situated within the Parishes of Hamble, Hound, Bursledon, Botley, Warsash, Swanwick, and Tichfield.	Thomas Warner and John Scovell.	- - 59¾ years from 5th July 1868.	5 – – for the first three years, 7 10 – for the next three years, 15 – – for the next three years, and 25 – – during the remainder of the term.
	KENT:			
1868:	ELTHAM ESTATE:			
July 31	Several Pieces of Land, containing together about 58 A. 0 R. 34 P., being Parcel of a Farm called Lee Green Farm, situated in the Parish of Lee.	William Blenkiron -	- - 13 years from 10th October 1867.	128 6 –

- - - - - - of Messuages or Tenements, &c.—*continued.*

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.				£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
200 – – and 5 *l.* per cent. on any amount that may be expended by the Crown in the erection or improvement of any Buildings, and in the under-drainage of the Land.	- -	- - Such sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of the Buildings.	- - - -	134 – –	135 – – subsequently increased to 197 7 8 by the addition of interest upon expenditure by the Crown on the Premises.	
60 – – for the first year, and 115 – – during the remainder of the term, with a per-centage on expenditure as above.	- -	- ditto -	- - - -	- - This Farm was let by Tender, and the rent reserved by the Lease was the highest amount offered.	150 – – subsequently increased to 159 *l.*, in consideration of the expenditure incurred by the Crown on the Premises, but afterwards reduced to 156 *l.* 10 *s.* by an abatement made for the extinguishment of certain Rights of Common.	
741 – – with a per-centage on expenditure as above.	- -	- ditto -	- - - -	741 – –	741 – –	
5 – – for the first three years, 7 10 – for the next three years, 15 – – for the next three years, and 25 – – during the remainder of the term.	- -	- -	- - - -	- - Not before in Lease.		
128 6 – and 5 per cent. on any amount that may be expended by the Crown in the erection and improvement of any Buildings, and in the under-drainage of the Land.	- -	- -	- - - -	- - This Land was last let upon a yearly Tenancy at the same rent.		

Appendix, N° 1.—Comprising LEASES granted - - - - - - - -

<table>
<tr><th>DATES of LEASES.</th><th>PREMISES GRANTED.</th><th>TO WHOM.</th><th>FOR WHAT TERMS.</th><th>Estimated Annual Value.</th></tr>
<tr><td>1868:</td><td>KENT—Eltham Estate—continued.
BURNT ASH LANE:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>July 31</td><td>Four Pieces of Ground, together with Four Messuages thereon, being Nos. 10, 11, 22, and 23, Crown Villas, Burnt Ash Lane.</td><td>John Pound -</td><td>- - 91½ years from 5th April 1868.</td><td>- - This Plot forms part of 4 A. 0 R. 24 P. of the Estate agreed to be let to John Pound for Building purposes at progressive yearly Rents, amounting ultimately to 150 l. per annum, and increased to 159 l. 12 s. 4 d., in consideration of the expenditure incurred by the Crown in the construction of a Sewer and in the redemption of the Tithe Rent-charge. The whole of that Rent has been properly secured by the Leases which have been granted, but the proportion of the estimated yearly value applicable to each Plot cannot be stated.</td></tr>
<tr><td>August 5</td><td>A Piece of Ground, together with a Messuage thereon, being No. 1, Dorville Road, Burnt Ash Lane.</td><td>Henry Driver -</td><td>- - 96 years from 5th April 1868.</td><td rowspan="8">- - These Pieces of Ground are part of 25 Acres of the Estate, agreed to be let to Goolden Perrin for Building purposes, at progressive yearly Rents, amounting ultimately to 750 l. per annum, subsequently increased to 753 l. 16 s., in consideration of an expenditure incurred by the Crown in the construction of a sewer. Five Pieces, containing together about 1 R. 6 P. of the Land, with a Messuage erected upon each of them, were demised to Mr. Perrin, who then assigned his interest in the residue of the Land, containing about 24 A. 2 R. 34 P., to Samuel Charles Hemming, to whom, or his Nominees, Leases of various Pieces of the Land, containing together about 2 A. 3 R. 39 P., with 19 Messuages erected upon them, were granted at Rents amounting in the whole to 78 l. per annum. The residue of the Land then consisted of about 21 A. 2 R. 35 P., for which an ultimate yearly Rent of 634 l. 8 s. was to be paid, and at the request of S. C. Hemming, a surrender of the Agreement was accepted, and two new Agreements entered into, apportioning the Land between him and Frederick Shand Hemming, as follows :—
<table>
<tr><th>——</th><th colspan="3">Quantity.</th><th colspan="3">Ultimate Rent.</th></tr>
<tr><td></td><td>A.</td><td>R.</td><td>P.</td><td>£.</td><td>s.</td><td>d.</td></tr>
<tr><td>S. C. Hemming</td><td>6</td><td>2</td><td>17</td><td>202</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></tr>
<tr><td>F. S. Hemming</td><td>15</td><td>0</td><td>18</td><td>432</td><td>8</td><td>-</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td>21</td><td>2</td><td>35</td><td>634</td><td>8</td><td>-</td></tr>
</table>
The Tithe Rent-charge having been subsequently redeemed by the Crown on the portion to be let to S. C. Hemming, an addition of 4 l. has been made in the Rent payable by him, which is thus increased to 206 l. Care will be taken that the whole Rent shall be properly secured by the Buildings to be erected on the Property, but the proportion of the estimated value applicable to each Plot cannot be stated.</td></tr>
<tr><td>" "</td><td>Ditto - ditto, being No. 3, ditto -</td><td>- ditto - -</td><td>- ditto - -</td></tr>
<tr><td>" "</td><td>Ditto - ditto, being No. 5, ditto -</td><td>- ditto - -</td><td>- ditto - -</td></tr>
<tr><td>" "</td><td>Ditto - ditto, being No. 7, ditto -</td><td>- ditto - -</td><td>- ditto - -</td></tr>
<tr><td>" "</td><td>Ditto - ditto, being No. 9, ditto -</td><td>- ditto - -</td><td>- ditto - -</td></tr>
<tr><td>" "</td><td>Ditto - ditto, being No. 11, ditto -</td><td>- ditto - -</td><td>- ditto - -</td></tr>
<tr><td>Oct. 7</td><td>TALBOT VILLAS:
Two Pieces of Ground, together with Two Messuages thereon, being Nos. 5 and 7, Talbot Villas, Leylands Road.</td><td>Samuel Charles Hemming.</td><td>- - 95¾ years from 5th July 1868.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Dec. 2</td><td>Ditto - ditto, being Nos. 1 and 3, ditto
[See Victoria Villas and Whitborne Villas, page 30, for further part of Burnt Ash Lane.]</td><td>- ditto - -</td><td>- - 95½ years from 10th October 1868.</td></tr>
</table>

- - - - - - of Messuages or Tenements, &c.—*continued.*

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.				£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
2 – –	- -	- -	- - -	*12 9 – for the 4 A. 0 R. 24 P. of Land agreed to be let to Mr. John Pound, at an ultimate rent of 150 *l.*	*12 9 –	
7 – –	- -	- -	- - -	- - Nearly the whole of the Land agreed to be demised to Mr. Perrin formed part of a Farm, which was let upon a yearly tenancy, at a rent of about 2 *l.* 10 *s.* per Acre. The residue formed part of another Farm that was last demised, at a rent equivalent to about 2 *l.* 16 *s.* per Acre.		
7 – –		- - Such sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of the Buildings.	- - The expense incurred by the Lessee in the erection of the Buildings.			
7 – –						
7 – –						
7 – –						
7 – –						
1 – – for each messuage.						
1 – – for each messuage.						

Appendix, N° 1.—Comprising Leases granted - - - - - - -

DATES of LEASES.	PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
	Kent—Eltham Estate—*continued.*			
1868:	Leylands Road:			
Sept. 17	A Piece of Ground, together with a Messuage thereon, being No. 19, Leylands Road.	The Rev. Daniel Augustus Beaufort.	- - 95¾ years from 5th July 1868.	- - These Plots of Ground are portions of 15 A. 0 R. 18 P. referred to in this column in the last case, as having been agreed to be let to Frederick Shand Hemming for Building purposes, at progressive yearly Rents, amounting ultimately to 432 *l.* 8 *s.* per annum, subsequently increased to 440 *l.* 5 *s.* 6 *d.*, in consideration of the redemption of the Tithe Rent-charge. Care will be taken that the whole Rent shall be properly secured by the Buildings to be erected on the Property, but the proportion of the estimated value applicable to each Plot cannot be stated.
„ 25	Ditto - ditto, being No. 21, ditto -	Frederick Shand Hemming.	- ditto - -	
„ „	Ditto - ditto, being No. 23, ditto -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - -	
Nov. 16	Ditto - ditto, being No. 17, ditto -	The Rev. Daniel Augustus Beaufort.	- ditto - -	
	High Road from Lewisham to Eltham (South Side):			
Sept. 26	A Piece of Ground, together with a Messuage thereon, being No. 1, Bedford Villas.	George Bird Gates and William Thomas Gates.	- - 91½ years from 5th July 1868.	- - These Pieces of Ground are part of 12 A. 1 R. of this Estate, agreed to be let for Building purposes to William Harding, and by him assigned to Thomas Miller Whittaker, at progressive yearly Rents, amounting ultimately to 335 *l.* per annum, afterwards increased to 353 *l.* 14 *s.* 6 *d.*, in consideration of the expenditure incurred by the Crown in the construction of a Sewer. Care will be taken that the whole Rent shall be properly secured by the Buildings to be erected on the Property, but the proportion of the estimated value applicable to each Plot cannot be stated.
„ „	Ditto - ditto, being No. 2, ditto -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - -	
„ „	Ditto - ditto, being No. 3, ditto -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - -	
1869: Mar. 1	A Piece of Ground, together with a Messuage thereon, called Brunswick Lodge.	Augustus Frederick Christian Meyer.	- - 91 years from 5th January 1869.	
1868: Nov. 19	A Piece of Ground, together with a Messuage thereon, being No. 3, Horn Park Villas.	Nathan Nevard - -	- - 95¾ years from 10th October 1868.	- - The observation made in this column in the case of the letting to Wm. Harding, is equally applicable to these Pieces of Ground, which form part of 5 acres of the Estate, agreed to be let to Nathan Nevard for Building purposes, at progressive yearly Rents, amounting ultimately to 175 *l.* per annum.
1869: Mar. 1	Ditto - ditto, being No. 5, ditto -	Augustus Frederick Christian Meyer.	- ditto - -	
„ „	Ditto - ditto, being No. 6, ditto -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - -	

- - - - - - - of Messuages or Tenements, &c.—*continued.*

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.						
2 – –						
18 – –						
	- -	- -	- - - -	- - The preceding observation in these columns is equally applicable to these Leases.		
18 – –						
2 – –						
10 –		- - Such sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of the Buildings.	- - The expense incurred by the Lessee in the erection of the Buildings.			
10 – –						
	- -	- -	- - - -	- - The Premises agreed to be demised to Mr. Harding comprised a House and Paddock, let at a Rent of 110 *l.*, and about eight acres of adjoining Land, let at a Rent equivalent to about 3 *l.* per Acre.		
5 – –						
14 – –						
15 – –	- -	- -	- - - -	- - The Land agreed to be demised to Mr. Nevard formed part of a Farm, which was let to Mr. Blenkiron, to whom an abatement of Rent was made, in consequence of the abstraction of this Land, of 25 *l.* per annum.		
20 – –						
20 – –						

Appendix, N° 1.—Comprising Leases granted - - - - - -

DATES of LEASES.	PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
	Kent—*continued.*			
	Eltham Estate—*continued.*			
1868:	Eltham Court Villas:			
Dec. 31	A Piece of Ground, together with a Messuage thereon, in Chapel Farm Lane, being No. 5, Eltham Court Villas.	William George Strangham Hall.	- - 97 years from 5th January 1868.	- - The observation made in this column in the case of the letting to William Harding is equally applicable to these Pieces of Ground, which form part of about nine Acres, agreed to be let to Abraham Hammond for Building purposes, at progressive yearly rents, amounting ultimately to 350 *l.* per annum.
1869: Feb. 4	Ditto - ditto, being No. 1, ditto -	Abraham Hammond -	- ditto - -	
	High Road from Eltham to Bexley (South Side).			
1868:	Percy Villas:			
July 13	A Piece of Ground, together with a Messuage thereon, being No. 4, Percy Villas.	Augustus Frederick Timothy.	- - 95 years from 5th April 1868.	- - The observation made in this column in the case of the letting to William Harding is equally applicable to these Pieces of Ground, which form part of 4 A. 2 R. 26 P. agreed to be let to A. F. Timothy for Building purposes, at progressive yearly rents, amounting ultimately to 90 *l.* per annum -
” ”	Ditto - ditto, being No. 7, ditto -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - -	
” ”	Ditto - ditto, being No. 8, ditto -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - -	
1869: March 23	Ditto - ditto, being No. 5, ditto -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - -	
” ”	Ditto - ditto, being No. 6, ditto -	- ditto - - -	- ditto - -	
1868:	Victoria Place:			
July 3	A Piece of Ground, situated on the South side of the High Street, in Eltham, together with a Messuage, Shop, and Outbuildings thereon, being No. 1, Victoria Place.	Abraham Hammond -	- - 96½ years from 10th October 1867.	- - The observation made in this column in the case of the letting to William Harding is equally applicable to these Plots, which form part of 2 R. 12 P. of the Estate agreed to be let to George Bird Gates and William Thomas Gates for Building purposes, at progressive yearly rents, amounting ultimately to 30 *l.* per annum, afterwards increased to 30 *l.* 12 *s.* 9 *d.*, in consideration of the redemption of the Tithe Rent-charge by the Crown -
1869: Feb. 10	A Piece of Ground, situated at the rear of Victoria Place, with Stables and Coach-houses thereon, known as Victoria Mews.	- ditto - - -	- - 96 years from 5th April 1868.	

- - - - - - of Messuages or Tenements, &c.—*continued.*

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.				£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
A Peppercorn for the first three quarters of a year, and 3 - - during the remainder of the term.				The Land agreed to be demised to Mr. Abraham Hammond was last let at a rent of 62 *l.*		
A Peppercorn for the first three quarters of a year, and 18 - - during the remainder of the term.						
9 - -						
7 - -						
6 - -						
A Peppercorn for the first half of a year, and 8 - - during the remainder of the term.				The Land agreed to be demised to Mr. Timothy was let, with other Premises, upon a yearly Tenancy at a rent of 38 *l.*, the proportion of which sum, applicable to the Land so agreed to be demised, is 22 *l.*		
- ditto - -	- -	- Such sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of the Buildings.	- - The expense incurred by the Lessee in the erection of the Buildings.			
8 - -				*3 9 -	*3 9 -	
				for the 2 R. 12 P. agreed to be let to Messrs. Gates.		
A Peppercorn for the first half year, and 2 - - during the remainder of the term.						

Appendix, N° 1.—Comprising Leases granted - - - - - -

DATES of LEASES.	PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
	Kent—*continued.*			
	Eltham Estate—*continued.*			
1868:	Victoria Villas:			
Sept. 4	A Piece of Ground, situated on the East Side of Burnt Ash Lane, together with a Messuage thereon, being No. 8, Victoria Villas.	Edward Ambrose -	- - 95 years from 5th July 1868.	- - The observation made in this column in the case of the letting to William Harding is equally applicable to these Plots, which form part of 2 A. 2 R. of the Estate agreed to be let to H. A. Creasy for Building purposes, at progressive yearly rents, amounting ultimately to 65*l.* per annum.
" "	Ditto - ditto, being No. 9, ditto -	- - ditto - - -	- ditto - -	
	Whitborne Villas:			
June 4	Two Pieces of Ground, situated on the East Side of Burnt Ash Lane, together with two Messuages thereon, being Nos. 1 and 2, Whitborne Villas.	Benjamin Maller -	- - 95 years from 5th January 1868.	- - The observation made in this column in the case of the letting to William Harding is equally applicable to this Plot, which forms part of one Acre of the Estate agreed to be let to Benjamin Maller for Building purposes, at progressive yearly rents, amounting ultimately to 25 *l.* per annum, subsequently increased to 26 *l.* 7 *s.*, in consideration of the expenditure incurred by the Crown in the construction of a Sewer.
	Maison Dieu Estate:			
	North Brook Villas:			
July 11	A Piece of Ground, situated in the Maison Dieu Road, in the Parish of Charlton, near Dover, together with a Messuage thereon, being No. 1, North Brook Villas.	Thomas James Bingham	- - 92 years from 5th April 1868.	- - These Pieces of Ground are Portions of a total area of 21 A. 0 R. 25 P., parcel of the Crown's Maison Dieu Estate, agreed to be let to Charles Benjamin Gorely, for Building purposes, at progressive yearly rents, amounting ultimately to 550 *l.* per annum, subsequently increased to 573 *l.* 12 *s.* 1 *d.*, in consideration of the expenditure incurred by the Crown in the redemption of certain Tithe Rent-charges, and in the formation of a new Road. Care will be taken that the whole rent shall be properly secured by the Buildings to be erected on the Property, but the proportion of the estimated yearly value of each Plot cannot be stated.

- - - - - - of Messuages or Tenements, &c.—*continued.*

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.		£. s. d.				
10 10 –	- -	- Such sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of the Buildings.	- - The expense incurred by the Lessee in the erection of the Buildings.	- - The Land agreed to be demised to H. A. Creasy, formed part of a Farm which was let upon a yearly tenancy, at a rent equivalent to about 2 *l.* 10*s.* per Acre.		
10 10 –						
7 10 – for each Messuage.				- - The Land agreed to be demised to Mr. Maller formed part of the Farm last referred to.		
4 14 –	- -	350 – – at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.	- - The expense incurred by the Lessee in the erection of the Buildings.	- - A small part, containing 1 A. 1 R. 10 P. of the Land agreed to be demised to Mr. Gorely, was purchased from the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England. *Vide* 42nd Report to Parliament (1864), page 77. The residue is part of 71 A. 2 R. 28 P., last let upon a yearly tenancy at a rent of 194*l.*, the proportion of which rent, applicable to the Land, with some old Buildings thereon, so agreed to be demised, is 75 *l.*		

Appendix, N° 1.—Comprising LEASES granted - - - - - -

DATES of LEASES.	PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
	LINCOLN:			
1868:	WHAPLODE AND MOULTON ESTATE:			£. s. d.
April 2	Two Pieces of Land, containing together about 25 A. 3 R. 31 P., situated in the Parish of Whaplode.	John Molesworth -	- - 9 years from 10th October 1867.	60 – –
	WYBERTON ESTATE:			
June 4	A Piece of Land, containing about 66 A. 0 R. 11 P., situated at Wyberton.	John Short - -	- - 5½ years from 5th April 1865.	50 – – during the first two and a half years, and 100 – – during the remainder of the term.
	MIDDLESEX:			
	ALBANY STREET, REGENT'S PARK:			
Aug. 27	A Piece of Ground on the East side of Albany Street, Regent's Park, with a Messuage thereon, being No. 52, Albany Street, used as a Police Station.	- - The Receiver for the Metropolitan Police District.	- - 80 years from 5th July 1865.	56 – –
	BURY STREET:			
June 25	A Messuage, No. 27, Bury Street -	Mary Rutter - -	- - 6¾ years from 5th April 1868.	120 – –
	DUKE STREET AND RYDER MEWS:			
" 3	A Messuage, No. 39, Duke Street, in the Parish of St. James', Westminster, with Ground at the side and back of the Messuage, with Buildings used as Stabling and Workshops, and known as Nos. 1 and 2, Ryder Mews.	- - Fanny Crockford, Julia Crockford, Elizabeth Crockford, and Harriet Crockford.	- - 11½ years from 5th April 1868.	120 – –
	DUKE STREET:			
Sept. 26	A Messuage, No. 41, Duke Street, with a Building at the rear thereof.	Lucy Warren - -	- ditto - -	80 – –

- - - - - - of MESSUAGES OF TENEMENTS, &c.—*continued.*

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
60 – –	- -	- -	- - - -	- - Not before in Lease, being the Land purchased from John Faulkner *et al.* *Vide* 46th Report to Parliament (1868), page 64.		
50 – – during the first two and a half years, and 100 – – during the remainder of the term.	- -	- -	- - - -	- - A Portion of this Land was previously let (with other Lands) to the same Lessee at an apportioned rent of 15 *l.*; the residue was recently embanked and reclaimed from the Sea.		
56 – –	- -	3,000 – – at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.	- - The surrender of a former Lease, and the expense incurred by the Lessee in the erection of the Buildings.	- - The Police Station, which formerly stood on the Site of the new Station, was last demised for a term of 62¼ years from the 10th October 1854, at a rent of 50 *l.* 5 *s.*		
120 – –	- -	1,000 – – at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.	- - The expense incurred by the Lessee in repairing the Premises.	75 – –	53 16 –	100 – –
80 – –	363 – –	800 – – at the least, as to No. 39, Duke-street, and 300 – – at the least, as to the other Buildings, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.	- - ditto - -	} 113 – –	66 – –	607 – –
54 – –	236 – –	800 – – at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.	- - ditto - -			

Appendix, N° 1.—Comprising LEASES Granted - - - - - - -

DATES of LEASES.	PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
	MIDDLESEX—*continued.*			
1868:	Duke Street—*continued.*			£. s. d.
Sept. 29	A Messuage, No. 40, Duke Street, with a Building at the rear thereof.	John Rawling - -	- - 21 years from 5th April 1857.	95 – –
1869:	EUSTON ROAD:			
Mar. 18	Three Messuages, Nos. 434, 436, and 438, Euston Road.	Edwin Bull - -	- - 80 years from 5th July 1868.	*See* last Column
1868:	HAMILTON PLACE MEWS:			
Aug. 26	A Building, used as a Stable and Coachhouse, on the West side of Hamilton Place Mews.	- - Sir Edmund Antrobus, Bart.	- - 24 days and 39 years from 11th June 1867.	70 – –
	LAWRENCE POUNTNEY HILL:			
April 3	A Building, forming the North part of a Messuage, No. 7, Lawrence Pountney Hill.	- - Kirkman Daniel Hodgson and Benjamin Buck Greene.	- - 8 years from 29th Sept. 1865.	100 – –

- - - - - - - of Messuages or Tenements, &c.—*continued.*

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.		£. s. d.		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
95 – –	- -	1,200 – – at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.	- - The expense incurred by the Lessee in repairing the Premises.	45 – –	26 17 –	271 – – This sum includes the fine paid for another house in Duke-street, included in the same Lease, of the same annual value, and for which a like rent was reserved.
3 – – for each of the two Messuages, Nos. 434 and 438, and 5 – – for the Messuage, No. 436.	- -	- - Such sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of the Buildings.	- - The surrender of the Lease mentioned in the next Column, so far as regards the Site of these and other Messuages, and the expense incurred by the Lessee in the erection of the Buildings.	- - The Sites of these three Houses, and of some Houses in Osnaburgh Street, were included with other Land, in a Lease that was granted for a term of 99 years from 5th July 1815, at a rent of 100 *l.* per annum. The Sites of those Houses have recently been surrendered to the Crown without any abatement being made in the rent of 100 *l.* reserved by the Lease of 1815; and in consideration of that surrender, and of the expenditure incurred by Mr. Bull in erecting three new Houses in Euston Road, and in altering the Houses in Osnaburgh Street, the Messuages so built or altered have been demised to him for a Building term, at rents, which, under the circumstances of the case, have been certified to be the fair value of the Premises.		
70 – –	- -	300 – – at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.	- - The expense incurred by the Lessee in repairing the Premises.	30 – –	24 12 –	—
100 – –	- -	1,500 – – at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.		- - The Property escheated to the Crown in 1823, subject to a Lease for a term of 99 years from Michaelmas 1766, at a rent of 18 *l.*		

Appendix, No. 1.—Comprising Leases granted - - - - - - -

DATES of LEASES.	PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
	Middlesex—*continued.*			
1868:	Millbank:			£. s. d.
Sept. 14	A Piece of Ground on the North-east side of Millbank Prison, with Ten Messuages thereon, and a Piece of adjoining Ground to be used as a Stone Yard or Builder's Yard.	- - Joseph Freeman and George Burt.	- - 91¾ years from 25th March 1867.	100 - -
1869:	Osnaburgh Street:			
March 18	Three Messuages on the East side of Osnaburgh Street, Regent's Park, being the third, fourth, and fifth Houses from the Roadway of the Euston Road, the corner House inclusive.	Edwin Bull - -	- - 80 years from 5th July 1868.	*See* last Column
1868:	Piccadilly:			
April 20	A Messuage, No. 175, Piccadilly -	John Marsh - -	- 21 years from 10th October 1867.	210 - -
May 26	Ditto - No. 176 - ditto -	Lawrence Gibson -	- ditto - -	230 - -
June 30	Ditto - No. 174 - ditto -	Jeffery Ludlam - -	- ditto - -	250 - -
	Ship Yard and Swan Alley:			
April 25	A Piece of Land on the East side of Ship Yard and Swan Alley, Wardour Street, with Two Messuages, and Stables, and Workshops, and other Buildings standing thereon.	- - Thomas Banting and William Banting.	- - 11 years from 5th April 1872, determinable by the Lessees on the 5th January 1879, on giving six months' notice.	210 - -

- - - - - - - of MESSUAGES OR TENEMENTS, &c.—*continued.*

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
100 – –	- -	- - Such sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of the Buildings.	- - The expense incurred by the Lessee in the erection of the Buildings.	- - The Two Pieces of Ground were last held, with some adjacent Land, upon a yearly tenancy.		
3 – – for each Messuage.	- -	- [ditto -	- - The surrender of Lease mentioned in the observations relating to Three Houses, in the Euston Road, and the expense incurred by the Lessee in repairing the Premises.	- - *See* observations relating to the Three Messuages in the Euston Road demised to Edwin Bull.		
140 – –	982 – –	1,700 – – at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.				
153 6 8	1,075 – –	2,000 – – at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.	- - The expense incurred by the Lessee in repairing the Premises.	130 – – as regards No. 174. 250 – – as regards Nos. 175 and 176.	81 5 – as regards No. 174. 113 7 6 as regards Nos. 175 and 176.	888 – –
200 – –	700 – –	2,200 – – at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.				
210 – –	- -	2,300 – – at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.	- - -	150 – –	100 – –	700 – –

Appendix, N° 1.—Comprising Leases granted - - - - - - -

DATES of LEASES.	PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
	MIDDLESEX—*continued.*			
1868:	VICTORIA PARK:			£. s. d.
	ALBERT TERRACE:			
May 22	Ten Pieces of Ground in Providence Road, Grove Street Road, with 10 Messuages thereon, being Nos. 1 to 10, Albert Terrace.	Alfred Borton - -	- - 85½ years from 5th April 1868.	- - These Pieces of Ground are portions of a Plot containing 1 A. 3 R. 13 P., agreed to be let to Alfred Borton for building purposes, at progressive yearly rents, amounting ultimately to 110 *l.* per annum. The whole rent has been properly secured by the Leases which have been granted, but the proportion of the estimated yearly value applicable to each Plot cannot be stated.
	APPROACH ROAD:			
June 4	A Piece of Ground in Bonner's Fields, with a Messuage thereon, being No. 83, Approach Road.	Richard Henry Ashford	- - 85½ years from 5th July 1868.	- - This Piece of Ground is a portion of two Plots of Land, containing together about 3 R. 4 P., agreed to be let to John Saunders, for building purposes, at progressive rents, amounting ultimately to 92*l.* 16*s.* per annum. Care will be taken that the whole rent shall be properly secured by the Buildings to be erected on the property, but the proportion of the estimated yearly value applicable to each Plot cannot be stated.
July 1	A Piece of Ground in Bonner's Fields, with the Messuage and Gateway erected thereon, and the Rooms erected over the Gateway, known as Clifton House.	Henry Hastelow - -	- - 86¼ years from 10th October 1867.	8 8 -

- - - - - - of Messuages or Tenements, &c.—*continued.*

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.		£. s. d.		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
– 1 6 for each House for for the first year, and 1 – – for each house, during the remainder of the term.	- -	300 – – at the least for each House, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.				
6 – –	- -	320 – – at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.	- - The expense incurred by the Lessee in the erection of the Buildings.	- - Not before in Lease. These Pieces of Ground form a portion of the Property purchased under the Acts 4 & 5 Vict. c. 27, and 5 Vict. c. 20, out of monies arising from the Land Revenues of the Crown.		
8 8 –	- -	700 – – at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.				

Appendix, N° 1.—Comprising LEASES granted - - - - - -

DATES of LEASES.	PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
	MIDDLESEX—*continued.*			
1868:	Victoria Park—Approach Road—*continued.*			£. s. d.
July 1	A Piece of Ground situated at the rear of certain Messuages, on the south-east side of the Approach Road, together with the Buildings erected thereon used as Workshops.	Henry Hastelow -	- - 86 years from 5th January 1868.	21 – –
" 13	Three Pieces of Ground in Bonner's Fields, with three Messuages thereon, being Nos. 84, 85, and 86, Approach Road, with the Buildings at the rear of Nos. 85 and 86, Approach Road, used as Workshops.	John Saunders - -	- - 85½ years from 5th July 1868.	- - These Pieces of Ground are further portions of the Plots, containing together 3 R. 4 P., agreed to be let to John Saunders for building purposes, at progressive yearly rents amounting ultimately to 92 *l.* 16 *s.* per annum.
1869:	APPROACH ROAD AND BONNER'S ROAD.			
Jan. 22	A Piece of Ground at the corner of the Approach Road and Bonner's Road, with the Congregational Church and Vestry erected thereon.	John David Link -	- - 85½ years from 5th July 1868.	- - The observation made in this column in the case of the Plots of Land let to Mr. Saunders, is equally applicable to this Piece of Ground, which forms a portion of a plot containing about 3 R. 21 P., agreed to be let to J. D. Link for building purposes, at progressive yearly rents amounting ultimately to 96 *l.* per annum.
1868:	GORE PLACE:			
April 7	A Piece of Ground on the North-west side of a Road, called or proposed to be called Gore Place, with the Messuage, known as Rhoda Villa, and the Stabling and Coach-house erected thereon.	Jonathan Allison Green	- - 86 years from 5th January 1868.	16 16 –

- - - - - - of Messuages or Tenements, &c.—*continued.*

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.				
21 - -	- -	1,200 - - at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.	- - The expense incurred by the Lessees in the erection of the Buildings.	- - Not before in Lease. These Pieces of Ground form a portion of the Property purchased under the Acts 4 & 5 Vict. c. 27, and 5 Vict. c. 20, out of Monies arising from the Land Revenues of the Crown.		
- 6 - for each House during the first five years of the term, and 1 - - for each House during the remainder of the term.	- -	320 - - at the least as to No. 84; 370 - - at the least as to each of Nos. 85 and 86, with the room at the rear thereof respectively, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.				
27 10 - for the first year, and 35 - - during the remainder of the term.	- -	5,000 - - at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.				
16 16 -	- -	800 - - at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.				

Appendix, N° 1.—Comprising LEASES granted - - - - - - -

DATES of LEASES.	PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
	MIDDLESEX—*continued.*			
	Victoria Park—*continued.*			£. s. d.
1868:	GORE ROAD:			
May 12	A Piece of Ground in Gore Road, with a Messuage thereon, known as Avenue House.	Andrew Gotlieb Wenzell	- - 87 years from 5th January 1867.	12 – –
1869:	GREENWOOD TERRACE:			
Mar. 18	Two Pieces of Ground in St. Thomas's Road, with Two Messuages thereon, being Nos. 11 and 12, Greenwood Terrace.	John Thomas Greenwood.	- - 85½ years from 10th October 1868.	6 5 – for each House.
1868:	ST. THOMAS'S ROAD:			
May 6	A Piece of Ground in St. Thomas's Road, with a Messuage thereon, known as "The Limes" Villa.	Robert Entwistle -	- - 86 years from 5th January 1868.	- - The observation made in this Column in the case of the Plot of Land let to Mr. Saunders is equally applicable to this Piece of Ground, which forms a portion of a Plot containing about 33 P., let to Mr. Robert Entwistle for building two Houses, at a rent of 16 *l.* per annum after the first year.
	WHITEHALL GARDENS:			
April 4	Two Messuages, Nos. 7 and 8, Whitehall Gardens.	- - The Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings.	- - 25½ years from 10th October 1866, determinable by either party at the end of the 7th, 14th or 21st year of the term, on giving six months' notice.	1,450 – –

- - - - - of Messuages or Tenements, &c.—*continued.*

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
12 – –	- -	850 – – at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.	- - The expense incurred by the Lessee in the erection of the Buildings.	- - Not before in Lease. These Pieces of Ground form a portion of the Property purchased under the Acts 4 & 5 Vict. c. 27, and 5 Vict. c. 20, out of Monies arising from the Land Revenues of the Crown.		
6 5 – for each House.	- -	550 – – at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.				
- - A Peppercorn for the first half year, and 10 – – during the remainder of the term.	-	900 – – at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.				
1,450 – –	- -	15,000 – – at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.	- - The expense incurred by the Lessees in repairing the Premises.	340 – – 550 – –	216 – – as to No. 7. 135 10 – as to No. 8.	1,144 – –

Appendix, N° 1.—Comprising Leases granted - - - - - -

DATES of LEASES.		PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.		
		SUFFOLK:					
1868:		Shimpling.			£.	s.	d.
June	8	A Farm-house and Buildings and certain Lands, called Shimpling Park Farm, containing about 438 A. 1 R. 37 P., situated in the Parish of Shimpling, and A Farm-house and Buildings, with various Parcels of Land, called the Green Tree Farm, containing about 133 A. 0 R. 18 P., also situated in the Parish of Shimpling.	George Leech - -	- - 21 years from 10th October 1867.	610	–	–
		SURREY:					
1869:		Egham Estate.					
Jan.	26	A Piece of Land, containing about 1 R. 32 P., situated on the south side of the High Street in Egham.	William Reynold Gade	- - 11 years from 10th October 1868.	3	–	–
1868:		Esher Estate.					
May	28	Three Farms, called Arbrooke, Stoke's Heath, and Horriden Farms, with the Messuages, Buildings, Cottages, and Lands, containing together about 400 A. 3 R. 25 P., situated in the Parishes of Thames Ditton, Cobham, and Esher.	William Blenkiron -	- - 21 years from 10th October 1867.	701	–	–
June	29	A Farm-house, with the Outbuildings, Yards, Garden, and several Pieces of Land, containing together about 26 A. 3 R. 38 P., called Oxshot Farm, situated in the Parish of Stoke d'Abernon.	Frederick Henry Robinson.	- ditto - -	50	–	–
July	23	A Farm-house, with the Barn, Stables, and other Buildings, and several Pieces of Land, containing together about 90 A. 1 R. 20 P., called Copsham Farm, situated in the Parishes of Thames Ditton, Cobham, and Esher.	William Bates - -	- - 20 years from 10th October 1868, determinable by either party at the expiration of the first 7 or 14 years of the term.	120	–	–
1869:							
March	2	A Farm-house, with the Barns, Stables, and other Buildings, and several Pieces of Land, containing together about 119 acres, called Little Heath and Goldings Farms, situated in the Parishes of Stoke d'Abernon and Cobham.	Charles John Margetts Mottram.	- - 21 years from 10th October 1867, determinable by either party at the end of the first 7 or 14 years of the term.	120	–	–

- - - - - - of MESSUAGES OR TENEMENTS, &c.—*continued.*

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.		£. s. d.		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
610 – – and in the event of a Farm-house being erected, 650 – – with 5 per cent. on any sum which may be expended by the Crown in the erection or improvement of any Buildings other than the Farm-house and a pair of Labourers' Cottages, and with 5 per cent. on any sum which may be expended by the Crown in the under-drainage of the Land.	- -	- - Such sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of the Buildings.	- - - -	399 – –	399 – –	—
3 – –	- -	- -	- - - -	- - This land formed part of a Garden attached to some Cottages that were last let upon yearly tenancies, and have now been pulled down.		
701 – – and 5 per cent. on any amount that may be expended by the Crown in the erection or improvement of any Buildings, and in the under-drainage of the Land.	- -					
50 – – with a per-centage on expenditure as above.	- -					
120 – – with a per-centage on expenditure as above.	- -	- - Such sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of the Buildings.	- - - -	- - Not before in Lease. The Premises form part of the Property purchased from the Trustees of his late Majesty the King of the Belgians. *Vide* 46th Report to Parliament (1868), page 64.		
120 – – and 10 – – upon the erection by the Crown of a new Homestead, with a per-centage on any other expenditure as above.	- -					

Appendix, N° 1—Comprising LEASES granted - - - - - -

DATES of LEASES.	PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
	SURREY—*continued.*			£. s. d.
1868:	RICHMOND ESTATE:			
Nov. 28	A Farm-house, with a Cottage and Outbuildings, and several Pieces of Land, containing together about 25 A. 3 R. 14 P., being Parcel of Marsh Gate Farm, situated in the Parish of Mortlake, near Richmond.	Charles Barker - -	- - 4 years from 10th October 1868.	115 10 -
	CROWN TERRACE:			
Aug. 18	A Piece of Ground situated in Ross's Meadow, in the Parish of Richmond, together with a Messuage thereon, known as Crown Villa, Crown Terrace, Sheen Dale.	William Harris - -	- - 92 years from 5th January 1868.	- - These Pieces of Ground are portions of several Parcels, containing about four acres, agreed to be let to James and Richard Vale respectively, for Building purposes, at progressive yearly rents, amounting ultimately to 185 *l.* per annum, subsequently reduced to 182 *l.* by the abstraction of 14 perches, agreed to be sold to the London and South Western Railway Company. Care will be taken that the whole rent shall be properly secured by the Buildings to be erected upon the property, but the proportion of the estimated yearly value applicable to each plot cannot be stated.
1869:	SHEEN DALE TERRACE:			
March 18	A Piece of Ground situated in the same Meadow, together with a Messuage thereon, being No. 9, Sheen Dale Terrace.	Richard Vale - -	- - 91 years from 5th January 1869.	
" "	Ditto - ditto - being No. 10, ditto.	William Harris - -	- ditto - -	
1868:	VICTORIA VILLAS:			
April 21	Two Pieces of Ground situated in the same Meadow, together with two Messuages thereon, being Nos. 5 and 6, Victoria Villas, Sheen Dale.	Henry Whyman -	- ditto - -	
Aug. 21	Ditto - ditto - being Nos. 7 and 8, ditto.	Rosa Elizabeth Thomas	- - 91½ years from 5th July 1868.	
Oct. 1	Ditto - ditto - being Nos. 9 and 10, ditto.	Richard Vale - -	- ditto - -	
" 27	Ditto - ditto - being Nos. 11 and 12, ditto.	- ditto - - -	- ditto - -	
	MANOR VILLAS:			
July 3	A Piece of Ground situated on the East side of Black Horse Lane, in the Parish of Mortlake, together with a Messuage thereon, being No. 7, Manor Villas.	Tom Francis Skinner -	- - 97 years from 5th April 1868.	- - The observation made in this column in the case of the Plots of Land let to James and Richard Vale is equally applicable to these Pieces of Ground, which are portions of some Land, containing 1 A. 3 R. 8 P., agreed to be let to Tom Francis Skinner for building purposes, at progressive yearly rents, amounting ultimately to 54 *l.* per annum.
" "	Ditto - ditto - being No. 8, ditto.	- ditto - - -	- ditto - -	
Nov. 9	Two Pieces ditto, together with two Messuages thereon, being Nos. 9 and 10, ditto.	- ditto - - -	- - 96¾ years from 10th October 1868.	
1869:				
March 4	Ditto - ditto - being Nos. 11 and 12, ditto.	- ditto - - -	- - 96½ years from 5th January 1869.	

- - - - - - of Messuages or Tenements, &c.—*continued.*

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.		£. s. d.		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
115 10 –	- -	1,200 – – at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.	- - - -	*115 10 –	*115 10 –	—
2 – –	- -	150 – – at the least, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.	- - The expense incurred by the Lessee in the erection of the Buildings.	- - These Plots form a portion of 6 A. 1 R. 17 P., last let upon a yearly tenancy at a rent equivalent to about 4 *l.* per acre.		
2 – –; 4 – –	- -	- - Such sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of the Buildings.				
2 10 – for each Messuage; 2 10 – for each Messuage; 3 – – for each Messuage; 3 – – for each Messuage	- -	150 – – at the least for each Messuage, and such further sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of any Buildings that may be added.				
3 10 –; 3 10 –; 1 – – for each Messuage; 1 5 – for each Messuage	- -	- - Such sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of the Buildings.	- - The expense incurred by the Lessee in the erection of the Buildings.	- - The Land agreed to be demised to Mr. Skinner formed part of Marsh Gate Farm, which was last let at a rent of 125 *l.* 10 *s.*, the proportion of which rent applicable to the Land so agreed to be demised is 8 *l.*		

Appendix, N° 1.—Comprising LEASES granted - - - - - -

DATES of LEASES.	PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
				£. s. d.
1868:	SUSSEX:			
June 4	Three Pieces of Land, containing together about 39 Acres, lying below high-water mark, situated in front of Land at Hove.	- - The West Hove Improvement Commissioners.	- - 21 years from 5th April 1866.	Uncertain -
	YORK:			
	HEWORTH GRANGE:			
Sept. 10	A Piece of Ground, containing One Acre, with the Messuage and Outbuildings thereon, situated at Heworth Grange, in the Parish of St. Olave, York.	- - Harriet Champney, Widow.	- - 95½ years from 10th October 1867.	- - This Piece of Land is a portion of 4 A. 0 R. 29 P., agreed to be let to Henry John Ware, for the erection thereon of not more than two Villa Residences, at a rent of 42 *l.* per annum. The balance of Rent, amounting to 27 *l.*, will be secured upon the other Villa when it is erected.
1869:	SWINE ESTATE:			
Mar. 9	The Farm-house, with the Outbuildings, and several Pieces of Land, situated in the Parish of Swine, and containing altogether about 327 A. 0 R. 24 P.	- - Robert Vickerman and John David Vickerman.	- - 19 years from 5th April 1869.	733 10 –

- - - - - - of MESSAGES OR TENEMENTS, &c.—*continued.*

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.						
3 – – and a Royalty of one-half of all monies received for the sale of the Stones, Sand, Shingle, and other Materials which shall be taken off the Land.	- -	- -	- - - -	- - - Not before in Lease.		
15 – –	}		- - The expense incurred by the Lessee in the erection of the Messuage.	- - This Land was last let upon a yearly tenancy at a rent of 22 *l.* 4 *s.* 4 *d.*		
733 10 – and 8 8 – upon the erection by the Crown of two Labourers' Cottages, and 5 per cent. on any other sum which may be expended by the Crown in the erection or improvement of any Building (other and except certain Buildings agreed to be erected, and repairs done at the expense of the Crown), and in the under-drainage of the Land.	- -	- - Such sum as shall be equal to 3-4th parts at the least of the value of the Buildings.	- - - -	- - This Land forms part of an Estate purchased from the Earl of Shaftesbury and his Mortgagees in 1866. *Vide* 45th Report to Parliament (1867), p. 54. Since the date of the purchase the Farm has been let upon an annual tenancy at a like rent of 733 *l.* 10 *s.*		

Appendix, N° 2 (A.)—A SCHEDULE of all Manors, Buildings, Lands, and other Hereditaments, belonging to The Crown, in *England*, which have been Sold by Public Auction, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive, under the Authority of the Acts 10 Geo. IV. c. 50, 2 Will. IV. c. 1, and 14 & 15 Vict. c. 42; showing, The Dates of the Conveyances thereof respectively; The Property comprised therein; The Names of the Purchasers; The Terms unexpired of the subsisting Leases at the Time of Sale; and the Purchase Money paid for the Property; and also showing, according to the Survey and Valuation under which the last Lease was granted, the Annual Value of such Part thereof; and the Rents reserved and the Fines paid for the last or subsisting Leases thereof.

*DATES of CONTRACTS.	PREMISES SOLD.	NAMES of PURCHASERS.	TERMS UNEXPIRED of subsisting Leases at the Time of Sale.	PURCHASE-MONEY.	ANNUAL VALUE per Surveys for last LEASES.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
1868:	ESSEX:			£. s. d.			
October - 10	Three Cottages, with a Washhouse, Smith's Shop, Store Room, and Shoeing Forge, in West Street, at Harwich.	John Everett - - -	- -	405 – –			
" - "	A Boatbuilders' Workshop, with Yard and Shed, in West Street, at Harwich.	Eliza Etherden, Widow -	- -	305 – –			
" - "	Two Messuages, with the Front Courts, Workshop, Coalhouse, and small Yards at the rear, in George Street, at Harwich.	Anne Burgoyne - -	- -	525 – –			
" - "	Three Cottages, with a Yard and Shed, in George Street, at Harwich -	Benjamin Norman and James Norman.	- -	330 – –			
" - "	Two Buildings, used as Builders' Workshops, with the Yard at the rear and a Shed, Two Storehouses, and a Stable, in George Street, at Harwich.	Thomas Wilding - -	- -	335 – –			
" - "	A Cottage, with the Workshop at the rear, in George Street, at Harwich	William Norman - -	- -	215 – –			
" - "	A Piece of Land, with the Buildings thereon, used as a Block and Mastmaker's Workshop, with a Workshop and Yard, in George Street, at Harwich.	Robert Nalborough -	- -	275 – –			

					£	s.	d.	
" -	15	Several Pieces of Land, containing about 13 A. 1 R. 38 P., situated on the North Side of the High Road, leading from Dovercourt to Harwich.	Robert John Bagshaw -	- -	6,780	–	–	- - The whole of these Premises were previously let upon yearly tenancies, at various rents, amounting in the whole to 209 *l.* 10 *s.* per annum.
" -	17	Two Pieces of Land, containing about 2 R. 9 P., situated on the North West Side of the same Road.	James Macdonough Dore	- -	415	–	–	
" -	"	A Messuage, with the Yard, Shed, and Forecourt, situated in the West Street, at Harwich.	Charles Cole - - -	- -	235	–	–	
" -	20	A Piece of Land, containing about 1 R. 26 P., situated on the North West Side of the High Road leading from Dovercourt to Harwich.	John William Cubitt Butcher.	- -	185	–	–	
" -	26	A Building, used as a Boatbuilder's Workshop, with the Yard, in George Street, at Harwich.	George Thorn - -	- -	200	–	–	
" -	27	Two Pieces of Land, containing together about 1 R. 23 P., situated on the North West Side of the High Road leading from Dovercourt to Harwich.	The Rev. Thomas Parkinson and the Rev. George Edward Last.	- -	445	–	–	
December	5	Two Messuages, with the Outhouses, Coalhouse, Yard, and Forecourt, situated at the Junction of West Street and George Street, at Harwich.	Alfred Augustus Watts -	- -	615	–	–	
1869: February -	5	A Building, or Portion of a Building, used as a Storehouse for Buoys, with a Yard, at Bath Side, at Harwich	The Corporation of Trinity House of Deptford Strond.	- -	350	–	–	
" -	10	A Building, used as a Cooper's Workshop, with the Shed, Yard, and lean-to; a Building used as a Carpenter's and Builder's Workshop, with a Building at the rear; and a Building, used as a Blacksmith's Shop, situated in George Street, at Harwich.	George Hill - - -	- -	415	–	–	

Appendix, No 2 (B.)—A SCHEDULE of all Manors, Buildings, Lands, and other Hereditaments, belonging to The Crown, in *England*, which have been Sold by Private Contract, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive, under the Authority of the Acts 10 Geo. IV. c. 50, 2 Will. IV. c. 1, and 14 & 15 Vict. c. 42; showing, The Dates of the Conveyances thereof respectively; The Property comprised therein; The Names of the Purchasers; The Terms unexpired of the subsisting Leases at the Time of Sale; and the Purchase Money paid for the Property; and also showing, according to the Survey and Valuation under which the last Lease was granted, the Annual Value of such Part thereof; and the Rents reserved and the Fines paid for the last or subsisting Leases thereof.

Note.—In cases where the Leases contained other Property besides that which has been sold, and which are distinguished by an asterisk (*), a proportionate part of the last Yearly Value, Rent, and Fine is inserted in the Schedule.

DATES of CONTRACTS.	PREMISES SOLD.	NAMES of PURCHASERS.	TERMS UNEXPIRED of subsisting Leases at the Time of Sale.	PURCHASE-MONEY.	ANNUAL VALUE per Surveys for last LEASES.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
				£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£ s. d.	£. s. d.
1869:	DORSET:						
Jan. - 29	A Piece of Land, containing about 17 A. 2 R. 22 P., situated in the Island of Portland, together with the line of Railway constructed thereon, and with a right of way over a Piece of adjoining Land.	- - The Weymouth and Portland Railway Company.	- -	170 – –	- - Never in Lease, being partly Waste Land and partly Foreshore below high-water mark.		
1868:	DURHAM:						
Dec. - 31	A Piece of Land below high-water mark of the River Tyne, containing about 3 R. 21 P., situated adjacent to Land in the Parish of Gateshead.	- - The Newcastle-upon-Tyne and Gateshead Gas Company.	- -	250 – –	- -	Never in Lease.	
	HANTS: Isle of Wight:						
May - 1	A small Piece of Land, situated on the South side of the High Road at Castle Hill, West Cowes	- - The Honourable Charles Henry Cust.	- - 18 years and 162 days.	125 – –	3 – –	3 – –	—
	HERTS:						
Aug. - 17	The interest of the Crown in a piece of uninclosed Waste Land, containing about 1 R. 12 P., being part of Beaston Green, in the Parish of Hitchin.	Edwin Ransom - -	- -	40 – –	- - Never in Lease, being a portion of the Waste of the Manor of Hitchin Portman and Foreign.		
	MIDDLESEX:						
Nov. - 13	A Messuage, No. 37, Bloomsbury Street, in the Parish of St. George, Bloomsbury. (This House was sold for the enlargement of the French Protestant Church and Schools.)	- - The Reverend Walton Kitching.	- - 64 years and 233 days.	530 – –	- - This house was received in exchange from the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings, per Act 18 & 19 Vict. c. 95.	15 – –	—

		NORFOLK:						
288.	Oct. - 22	Two Pieces of Land adjoining each other, and containing about 5 Acres, situated in the Parish of East Dereham.	- - The Burial Board for the Parish of East Dereham.	- - 6 years and 353 days.	500 - -	*15 - -	*15 - -	—
		SURREY:						
	June - 17	A Piece of Woodland, containing about 4 A. 3 R. 22 P., situated in the Parish of Cobham.	John Early Cook -	- -	600 - -	- - Never in Lease from the Crown, being a portion of the Property purchased from the Trustees of His late Majesty the King of the Belgians. *Vide* 46th Report to Parliament, (1868) page 64.		
		YORK:						
	April - 9	Various Wharves, Gardens, and Parcels of Land, formerly subject to the flow of the Tidal Waters of the Humber, and a Parcel of Foreshore below high-water mark of that River, containing altogether about 49 Acres, situated at Kingston-upon-Hull, and forming the site of the West Docks.	- - The Dock Company of Kingston-upon-Hull.	- - *Vide* last column.	40,000 - -	- - Part of the Land conveyed to the Dock Company, and containing about 6 Acres, consisted of some Wharves and Gardens that had been reclaimed from the Humber, and were demised in one case for a term of 99 years from 1844, and in the others for terms of 31 years from 1845, at rents amounting altogether to 134*l.* 17*s.* a year; the residue of the Land consisted of Foreshore that had never been demised.		
	Nov. - 24	A piece of Land, containing about 6 Acres, exclusive of Roads, being part of the Citadel at Kingston-upon-Hull.	- - ditto - -	- -	28,000 - -	- - The Citadel of Hull, being no longer required for purposes of defence, was transferred to the management of this Department by the Secretary of State for War in the year 1858. The Agreement for this sale was made in the year 1862, but, as the consideration money was payable in instalments, the conveyance has only recently been completed on payment of the balance. Between the years 1858 and 1862 this land was let for temporary purposes at the best rents that could be obtained.		
	1869:							
	Mar. - 16	A Piece of Land below high-water mark, containing about 2 Acres, situated on the North Bank of the River Humber at Kingston upon-Hull.	- - ditto - -	- -	2,000 - -	- -	Not before in Lease.	

Appendix, N° 3.

A SCHEDULE of COPYHOLD or CUSTOMARY PREMISES, Parcel of or holden of Manors belonging to The Crown, which have been Enfranchised between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive, by virtue of the Acts 10 Geo. IV. c. 50, 2 Will. IV. c. 1, and 14 & 15 Vict. c. 42; showing the Dates of the respective Enfranchisements; The Names of the Enfranchisees; The Copyhold or Customary Premises Enfranchised; The Quit-rents issuing thereout; and the Consideration Money paid for the Enfranchisements.

DATES of Contracts.	NAMES of PURCHASERS.	COPYHOLD OR CUSTOMARY PREMISES.	NET QUIT-RENTS.	Consideration Money.
		CHESTER:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1868:		THE MANOR OF MACCLESFIELD:		
July - 18	The Rev. James Bostock, Incumbent of Wincle.	- - The Interest of the Crown in several Pieces of Land, containing together about 3,267 square yards, with an Old Cottage and School Buildings thereon, situated in Wincle, in the Parish of Prestbury, to be appropriated partly for an addition to the Burial Ground and partly for the Parochial Schools.	- -	1 - -
		[In this Manor the Copyholds are of Inheritance, subject to the payment of Fines certain.]		
		HERTS:		
		MANOR OF HITCHIN PORTMAN AND FOREIGN:		
May - 15	James Baker - -	- - The Interest of the Crown in a Piece of Land, containing about 1 R. 30 P., situated in the Parish of Hitchin, nearly opposite the Hitchin Union Workhouse.	- - 2	4 4 -
		[In this Manor the Copyholds are of Inheritance, subject to the payment of Fines certain.]		
		LANCASTER:		
1869:		MANOR OF TORVER:		
Jan. - 15	William Barratt - -	- - The Interest of the Crown in a Piece of Land, containing about 1 R. 21 P., situated in the Parish of Ulverstone.	- - 1	- 12 4
		[In this Manor the Copyholds are of Inheritance, subject to the payment of Fines certain.]		
		LINCOLN:		
1868:		MANOR OF EAST AND WEST DEEPING:		
July - 25	George Ingman - -	- - The Interest of the Crown in a Cottage (now converted into Three Tenements), with the Appurtenances, containing about 32 Perches, situated in Town Gate, in Market Deeping.	- - 4	34 - -
„ - 28	Ann Kenney - -	- - The Interest of the Crown in a Piece of Land, containing about 2 R. 3 P., situated in Church Field, in Deeping Saint James.	- - 5	8 - -
		[In this Manor the Copyholds are of Inheritance, subject to the payment of Fines arbitrary.]		

Appendix, N° 3—SCHEDULE of Copyhold or Customary Premises, &c.—*continued.*

DATES of Contracts.	NAMES of PURCHASERS.	COPYHOLD OR CUSTOMARY PREMISES.	NET QUIT-RENTS. £.	s.	d.	Consideration Money. £.	s.	d.
		MIDDLESEX:						
1868:		HONOR AND MANOR OF HAMPTON COURT:						
April - 6	Fanny Sarah Aylward	- - The Interest of the Crown in Three Messuages and Pieces of Land and Hereditaments, containing together about 6 A. 3 R. 28 P., situated at Hampton.	-	2	-	275	-	-
Dec. - 22	Richard Robert Loane Rosoman.	- - The Interest of the Crown in Two Houses, a Cottage, Buildings, Gardens, and several Pieces of Land, containing together about 2 A. 1 R. 7 P., also situated at Hampton.	-	1	6	500	-	-
		[In this Manor the Copyholds are of Inheritance, subject in most cases to the payment of Fines arbitrary.]						
		NORFOLK:						
		MANOR OF EAST DEREHAM:						
April - 3	Elizabeth Head - -	- - The Interest of the Crown in a Piece of Land, containing about 28 Perches, with Six Tenements thereon, situated in the Town of East Dereham.	-	-	1½	30	3	9
June - 4	Robert Carr - -	- - The Interest of the Crown in Four Cottages and part of another Cottage, and in a Piece of adjoining Land, containing altogether about 18 Perches, situated in the Town of East Dereham.	-	1	-	62	10	-
„ - 6	The Rev. Joseph Thompson.	- - The Interest of the Crown in a Piece of Land, containing about 2 R. 2 P., situated in the Parish of East Dereham.	-	-	4	13	6	-
Sept. - 30	Martin Edwards - -	- - The Interest of the Crown in several Pieces of Land, containing together about 11 A. 3 R. 21 P., with a Messuage on one of the said Pieces of Land, all situated in the Parish of East Dereham.	-	2	2	164	7	6
Dec. - 12	Mary Taylor, Widow -	- - The Interest of the Crown in Three Pieces of Land, containing together about 2 R. 11 P., with 13 Messuages or Cottages thereon, situated in the Parish of East Dereham.	-	1	10	230	5	-
„ - 21	Lancelot Dashwood -	- - The Interest of the Crown in several Pieces of Land, containing together 18 Acres, situated in the Parish of Yaxham.	-	5	5	187	8	8
„ - 23	Robert Anderson Rust	- - The Interest of the Crown in a Piece of Land, containing about 2 Perches, with a Messuage thereon, situated in the Town of East Dereham.	-	1	6	39	15	-
		[In this Manor the Copyholds are of Inheritance, subject to the payment of Fines arbitrary.]						

Appendix, N° 3.—Schedule of Copyhold or Customary Premises, &c.—*continued.*

DATES of Contracts.	NAMES of PURCHASERS.	COPYHOLD OR CUSTOMARY PREMISES.	NET QUIT-RENTS.	Consideration Money.
		NORFOLK—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
		MANOR OF WEST WALTON:		
1868:				
Oct. - 7	Charles Metcalfe - -	- - The Interest of the Crown in several Pieces of Land, containing together about 25 A. 0 R. 6 P., being an undefined part of a larger Estate, with the Buildings thereon, situated in the Parishes of Walsoken and Emneth.	- 8 -	72 10 -
		[In this Manor the Copyholds are of Inheritance, according to the custom of Gavelkind, and subject to the payment of Fines certain.]		
		SURREY:		
		MANOR OF EGHAM:		
April - 4	Thomas Knight - -	- - The Interest of the Crown in a Piece of Land, with the Cottage and Sheds thereon, containing about 18 Perches, situated at Egham Hithe, in the Parish of Egham.	- - -½	70 - -
June - 25	Henry Charles Paice -	- - The Interest of the Crown in a Messuage and Garden, situated on the West side of the Station Road at Egham.	- - 6	55 - -
Sept. - 5	Trew Jegon - -	- - The Interest of the Crown in a Messuage on the South side of Egham Street at Egham.	- - 5	50 - -
Oct. - 10	Edward Budgen and William Anthony Herring (Trustees of the Will of Henry Mills).	- - The Interest of the Crown in Two Cottages, with the Carpenter's Shop and Premises, containing about 1 Rood, situated at the Glanty - and in a Messuage with the Outbuildings, Garden, and Premises, with part of an Orchard, containing about 2 R. 29 P., situated on the North side of Egham Street at Egham - - -	- 1 8	255 - -
		[In this Manor the Copyholds are of Inheritance, subject to the payment of Fines arbitrary.]		
		MANOR OF RICHMOND, otherwise WEST SHEENE:		
April - 7	Robert Few and William Strickland Cookson.	- - The Interest of the Crown in a Mansion House, situated on the Hill in Richmond, together with Three Messuages and other Buildings, and several Pieces of Land, Yards, and Gardens, containing together about 4 A. 3 R. 29 P.	- 7 2½	2,000 - -

Appendix, N° 3.—Schedule of Copyhold or Customary Premises, &c.—*continued.*

DATES of Contracts.		NAMES of PURCHASERS.	COPYHOLD OR CUSTOMARY PREMISES.	NET QUIT-RENTS.			Consideration Money.		
			Surrey—*continued.*						
			Manor of Richmond, otherwise West Sheene —*continued.*	£.	*s.*	*d.*	£.	*s.*	*d.*
1868:									
April -	7	Robert Few and William Strickland Cookson.	- - The Interest of the Crown in a Messuage, known as the "Three Pigeons" Public House, and two adjacent Messuages, with the Sheds, Stables, Outhouses, Yards, Gardens, and other Appurtenances, situated in Richmond on the East side of the Lower Road leading from Richmond to Petersham.	-	1	6	300	-	-
May -	9	John Gardner Dillman Engleheart.	- - The Interest of the Crown in several Messuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, containing together about 18 A. 1 R. 3 P., situated at Kew.	-	12	1	2,976	5	-
" -	"	John Gardner Dillman Engleheart and the Rev. Henry Engleheart.	- - The Interest of the Crown in several Messuages, Lands, and Hereditaments, containing together about 12 A. 0 R. 23 P., also situated at Kew.	-	4	6	1,850	-	-
June -	6	The Rev. Sir Henry Williams Baker, Bart.	- - The Interest of the Crown in a Piece of Land, containing about 3 R. 38 P., lying in the Upper Field of Richmond.	-	-	1	135	-	-
			[In this Manor the Copyholds are of Inheritance, according to the tenure of Borough English, subject to the payment of Fines arbitrary.]						

Appendix, N° 4.

A SCHEDULE of FREE TENEMENTS holden of a Crown Manor that have been Relieved from the Payment of Quit Rents, and from all Reliefs, Customs, and Services, between the 1st day of April 1868, and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive, by virtue of the Acts 10 Geo. 4, c. 50; 2 Will. 4, c. 1; and 14 & 15 Vict. c. 42.

DATE of Conveyance.	NAME of PURCHASER.	PREMISES.	QUIT-RENT.	Consideration Money.
		KENT:		
1869:		MANOR OF ELTHAM:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
January 28	James Laughton -	- - Several Lands and Tenements, with the Appurtenances, in Eltham.	- 12 4	18 10 -

Appendix, N° 5.

A SCHEDULE of an Apportioned Part of a FEE FARM RENT payable to the Crown in *England*, which has been Sold, and of certain Premises that have been released by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods, &c. from any Claim in respect of such Rent, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive.

DATE of Conveyance.	NAME of PURCHASER.	RENT SOLD.	PREMISES RELEASED.	Consideration Money.
1868:		YORK:		£. s. d.
June - 6	The Right Honourable George Augustus Marquis of Normanby.	- - An Apportioned Part, amounting to 200 *l.*, of a Yearly Rent of 1,200 *l.*, chargeable upon the Manors of Mulgrave and Seaton, with various Messuages, Lands, and Hereditaments in Mulgrave and the adjoining Parishes and Townships.	- - The Manor of Seaton, with various Messuages, Lands, and Hereditaments in the Parish of Hinderwell, containing altogether about 929 A. 2 R. 23 P.	5,025 - -
		[An Allowance of 195 *l.* a year for Land Tax was accustomed to be made upon Payment of the entire Rent of 1,200 *l.*, and the proportion of that Allowance, applicable to the amount that has been released, is 32 *l.* 10 *s.*]		

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Appendix, N° 6.—A SCHEDULE of Copyhold or Customary Premises, Parcel of or holden of Manors vested in Her Majesty in Right of the Crown, in Remainder or Reversion, expectant upon an Estate of Inheritance, which have been enfranchised by virtue of the Act 21 & 22 Vict. c. 94, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive.

DATES of CONTRACTS.	Name of Person in whom the Manor is now vested, subject to a Reversion to the Crown.	NAMES OF PURCHASERS.	COPYHOLD OR CUSTOMARY PREMISES.	TRUSTEES		AMOUNT of Consideration Money.	Amount of Stock Purchased.
				For the Crown.	For the Person in whom the Manor is Vested.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
			SUSSEX:				
			Manor of Ditcheling.				
1868:							
July - 31	The Right Honourable William Earl of Abergavenny.	John Attree - -	- - Lands and Tenements, containing about 70 Acres, known as Innholmes, and a Cottage and one Rood of Land, with the Appurtenances, called Gurr Innholmes, situated at Ditcheling.	- - The Right Honourable Henry Thomas Earl of Chichester.	Ralph Merrick Leeke	331 1 4	348 19 –
August 29	- Ditto - - -	James Wiley - -	- - A Messuage, Garden, Orchard, and Lands, called Scannons, in Balcombe, with their Appurtenances.	- Ditto - -	- Ditto - -	364 6 10	388 2 4
			[The Crown's Interest in this Manor is limited to the Reversion expectant upon the determination of the Estate Tail granted by the Crown, and confirmed by an Act of Philip & Mary, to the Heirs Male of Sir Edward Neville, and which is now vested in the Earl of Abergavenny.]				
			Manor of Rotherfield.				
May - 16	- Ditto - - -	Edward Latter - -	- - Several Pieces of Land, containing together about 17 A. 1 R. 32 P., with a Messuage, Windmill, and other Buildings, situated at or near to Crowborough.	- Ditto - -	- Ditto - -	135 8 11	144 1 9
			[The Crown's Interest in this Manor is the same as that in the Manor of Ditcheling, before specified.]				
			Borough of Lewes.				
" - 30	- Ditto - - -	Robert Crosskey -	- - Several Pieces of Land, with the Messuages and Buildings, situated near the Castle of the Borough of Lewes.	- Ditto - -	- Ditto - -	36 6 9	38 7 –
			[The Crown's Interest in this Borough is limited to one Moiety, but is otherwise the same as that in the Manor of Ditcheling, before specified.]				

Appendix, N° 7.

A SCHEDULE of EXCHANGES made of Parts of the Estate of the Crown for Parts of the Estates of Individuals, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive.

Dates of Exchanges.	Persons with whom the Exchanges have been made.	Crown Property.	Private Property.	Sums Paid in equalization of Exchange.	Sums Received in equalization of Exchange.
1868:		BERKS	AND BUCKS:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
July - 16	Provost of Eton College.	- - Part of an Eyott and other Lands, containing together 9 A. 1 R. 20 P., with certain Fisheries in the River Thames, in the Parishes of Datchet and New Windsor, together with the free use of a Road through part of the Home Park, and other Land at Windsor.	- - Two Eyotts and other Lands, containing together about 5 A. 0 R. 20 P., with certain Fisheries, in the Parishes of Datchet and Old and New Windsor.	—	—
		SURREY:			
June - 18	John Giles Pilcher.	- - A Piece of Meadow Land, containing about 1 A. 3 R., situated at Wick Heath, in the Parish of Egham.	- - Five Cottages, with Gardens, containing in the whole about 1 R. 19 P., situated at Wick Heath, in the Parish of Egham.	—	—
November 24	Ditto -	- - A Piece of Meadow Land, containing about 2 R. 23 P., also situated at Wick Heath.	- - Two Pieces of Land, containing together about 2 R. 3 P., also situated at Wick Heath.	—	—
		SUSSEX:			
July - 16	The Rev. John Melville Martine, D. D., Rector of Edburton.	- - A Grass Plot, Lawn, and Shrubbery, containing about 3 R. 5 P., situated adjoining to the Rectory of Edburton.	- - A Meadow, containing about 1 A. 0 R. 35 P., being Glebe Land belonging to the Rectory of Edburton.	—	—

Appendix, N° 8.

A SCHEDULE of FREE GRANTS in PERPETUITY, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive, of Parts of the Possessions of the Crown.

DATES OF GRANTS.	GRANTEES.	PREMISES.
1868:		LINCOLN:
December - - 28	The Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England.	- - Two Pieces of Land, containing together about 1 A. 2 R., situated on the North side of the High Road at Holbeach Marsh, in the Parish of Holbeach, as and for a Site for a new Church to be called the Church of St. Mark the Evangelist, in the District of Holbeach Marsh, and for a Parsonage House, with Garden and Glebe, for the residence of the Incumbent of such Church.
		SURREY:
July - - - 15	The Rev. John Samuel Bewley Monsell, D.D., Vicar of the Parish of Egham.	- - A Piece of Land, containing about 1 A. 2 R., situated near the Railway Station, in the Parish of Egham, as and for a Site for a School for the Children of the labouring or other poorer classes residing in the Parish, and as a Residence for the Teacher or Teachers of such School.
		YORK:
August - - 6	The Vicar and Churchwardens of the Parish of Swine.	- - A Piece of Land, containing about 1 R. 3 P., situated in the Village of Swine, as and for a Site for a School for Children and Adults, or Children only of the labouring or other poor classes residing in the Parish of Swine, and as a Residence for the Teacher or Teachers of such School.

Appendix, N° 9.

A SCHEDULE of TITHE RENT-CHARGES apportioned upon Property belonging to The Crown, that have been Redeemed, and of the Consideration Money paid for the same, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive.

TITHE RENT-CHARGE REDEEMED.	PROPERTY CHARGED THEREWITH.				CASH Paid for the same.
£. s. d.	KENT: Parish of Lee:	A.	R.	P.	£. s. d.
9 10 –	House, Farm, Yard, &c. - - - - - - - -	0	2	3	237 10 –
	Building Land - - - - - - - - - -	4	3	26	
	Ditto - - - - - - - - - - -	12	2	27	
	Ditto - - - - - - - - - - -	6	0	27	

Appendix, N° 10.

A SCHEDULE of PURCHASES made on behalf of Her Majesty, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive.

DATES OF PURCHASES.	FROM WHOM PURCHASED.	PREMISES PURCHASED.	PURCHASE MONEY.		
1868:			£.	s.	d
		BERKS:			
June - 29	Gordon Willoughby James Gyll.	A Piece of Land, being an Ayte in the River Thames, called Horse Line Territt, containing about 2 R. 18 P., and situated in or adjacent to the Ham, or Old Windsor Meadow, in the Parish of Old Windsor.	50	–	–
		GLOUCESTER:			
July - 24	Richard Jones - - -	A Messuage and several Pieces of Land, with the Buildings thereon, containing together about 66 A. 2 R. 4 P. (a portion of which, containing 11 A. 2 R. 2 P., is leasehold, for a term of 1,000 years from 1567), called Little Box Farm, situated in the Parish of Aure, adjoining to the Crown's Hagloe Estate.	4,644	9	7
		LINCOLN:			
Nov. - 20	The Right Hon. William John Lord Monson and others.	An Annual Out-Rent or Fee-Farm Rent of 1 *l.* 17 *s.* chargeable upon three Pieces of Crown Land, containing together about 30 A. 0 R. 31 P., situated in the Parish of Croft.	41	12	6
Dec. - 30	Thomas Rawle and Ashby Maples (Trustees for sale of an Estate devised by the Will of Henry Holland).	Two Pieces of Land, containing together about 6 A. 1 R. 9 P., situated in the Parish of Moulton, adjoining to the Crown Estate there.	424	18	–
		OXFORD:			
June - 11	William Thomas Howell (Executor of the Will of George Pratley) and others.	A Cottage and Garden, situated at Langley, in the Parish of Shipton-under-Whichwood, lying intermixed with the Crown Estate there.	110	–	–
" - "	The Right Hon. Francis George Baron Churchill.	An Annual Quit-rent of 2 *s.* 6 *d.*, chargeable on the last-mentioned Premises.	3	15	–
July - 24	Enos Kears - - -	A Cottage and Garden, situated adjoining the above-mentioned Premises.	55	–	–
" - "	The Right Hon. Francis George Baron Churchill.	An Annual Quit-rent, of 1 *s.* 6 *d.* chargeable on the last-mentioned Premises.	2	5	–

Appendix, N° 10.—Schedule of Purchases, &c., between 1st April 1868 and 31st March 1869—*continued.*

DATES OF PURCHASES.	FROM WHOM PURCHASED.	PREMISES PURCHASED.	PURCHASE MONEY.
1869:		SURREY:	£. s. d.
Jan. - 12	Richard Gates - - -	The Copyhold Interest in a Piece of Land, containing about 17 A. 0 R. 7 P., situated in the Hythe Field, in the Parish of Egham, adjoining to the Crown Estate there, and holden of the Crown Manor of Egham.	1,100 - -
Feb. - 2	The President and Scholars of Corpus Christi College, Oxford, and their Lessees.	The Freehold Interest in two Copyhold Cottages and several Pieces of Land, containing together about 6 A. 1 R. 3 P., situated in the Parish of Egham, adjoining to the Crown Estate there, and holden of the Manor of Milton.	113 3 2
1868:		WILTS:	
April - 8	Thomas Brown - - -	Several Messuages, Cottages, Lands, and Hereditaments, containing together about 193 A. 2 R. 21 P., and the Surrender of the Leasehold Interest in certain other Lands and Premises, containing together about 15 A. 2 R. 9 P., situated in the Tithing of Horton, in the Parish of Bishops Cannings, adjoining to or intermixed with the Crown Estate there.	11,500 - -
" - "	Thomas Brown the younger	Two Cottages and Gardens, situated in Horton Street, in the same Parish, adjoining the Crown Estate there.	140 - -
June - 15	George Burgess - -	A Piece of Land, containing about four Perches, situated near to Pig Lane, in the Village of Horton, in the same Parish, lying intermixed with the Crown Estate there.	5 - -
August - 8	Robert Perry and another (Trustees of the Will of Horatio Nelson Perry).	A Cottage and Garden, situated in the Tithing of Horton, in the same Parish, adjoining to the Crown Estate there.	70 - -

Appendix, No 11 (A.)—A SCHEDULE of the RENTS put in Charge with the several RECEIVERS of the LAND REVENUE in respect of Property acquired for Her Majesty by PURCHASE, LEASE, EXCHANGE, or otherwise, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive.

Annual Rent. £. s. d.	When and from what Time put in Charge.	PROPERTY.	HOW ACQUIRED.	OBSERVATIONS.
		BERKS:		
1 – –	From 10th October 1868	An Ayte in the River Thames, called Horse Line Ferritt, containing about 2 R. 18 P., in the Parish of Old Windsor.	By Purchase from Gordon Willoughby James Gyll.	*Vide* page 62.
15 – –	From 5th July 1864 -	Two Aytes and other Land, containing together about 5 A. 0 R. 20 P., with certain Fisheries in the Parishes of Datchet and Windsor.	By Exchange with the Provost of Eton College.	*Vide* page 60.
		GLOUCESTER:		
147 14 3	From 25th December 1867.	A Messuage and several Pieces of Land with the Buildings thereon, containing about 66 A. 2 R. 4 P., called Little Box Farm, situated in the Parish of Aure.	By Purchase from Richard Jones - -	*Vide* page 62.
		LINCOLN:		
16 – –	From 5th April 1868 -	Two Pieces of Land, containing together about 6 A. 1 R. 9 P., situated in the Parish of Moulton.	By Purchase from Thomas Rawle *et al.* -	*Vide* page 62.
		OXFORD:		
4 – –	From 25th March 1868	A Cottage and Garden, situated at Langley, in the Parish of Shipton-under-Whichwood.	By Purchase from William Thomas Howell *et al.*	*Vide* page 62.
		SURREY:		
2 – –	From 24th November 1868.	A Piece of Freehold Land and a Piece of Copyhold Land, containing together about 2 R. 3 P., situated at Wick Heath, in the Parish of Egham.	By Exchange with John Giles Pilcher -	*Vide* page 60.
– 10 – (per week).	From 5th April 1866 -	Four Cottages and Gardens at Wick Heath, in the Parish of Egham.	Ditto - - - - - - -	*Vide* page 60.
51 10 –	From 29th September 1868.	A Piece of Land, containing about 17 A. 0 R. 7 P., situated in the Hythe Field, in the Parish of Egham.	By Purchase from Richard Gates - -	*Vide* page 63.
		WILTS:		
371 10 –	From 5th April 1868 -	Several Messuages, Cottages, Lands, and Hereditaments, containing about 209 A. 0 R. 30 P., situated in the Tithing of Horton, in the Parish of Bishops Cannings.	By Purchase from Thomas Brown - -	*Vide* page 63.
7 – –	Ditto - - -	Cottages and Gardens, situated in Horton Street, in the Parish of Bishops Cannings.	By Purchase from Thomas Brown the younger.	*Vide* page 63.
		A Piece of Land, containing about 4 Perches, situated in Pig Lane, in the Village of Horton, in the same Parish.	By Purchase from George Burgess - -	*Vide* page 63.
4 16 –	From 29th September 1868.	A Cottage and Garden, situated in the Tithing of Horton, in the same Parish.	By Purchase from Robert Perry *et al.* -	*Vide* page 63.

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Appendix, No 11 (B.)—A SCHEDULE of the RENTS discharged from the RENTALS of the several RECEIVERS in respect of Property Sold, Exchanged, or otherwise disposed of, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive.

Annual Rent.	When and from what Time discharged.	PROPERTY.	Whether Sold, Exchanged, or otherwise disposed of.	OBSERVATIONS.
£ s. d.				
		BERKS:		
16 – –	From 5th July 1864 -	A Piece of Meadow Land at Windsor, containing 7 A. 1 R. -	Exchanged with the Provost of Eton College.	*Vide* page 60.
		ESSEX:		
209 10 –	From 10th October 1868	Several Houses, Workshops, and other Premises at Harwich -	Sold by Public Auction -	*Vide* pages 4, 50, and 51.
		HANTS:		
3 – –	From 5th January 1868 -	A small Piece of Land, situated on the South Side of the High Road at Castle Hill, West Cowes.	Sold to The Honourable Charles Henry Cust.	*Vide* page 52.
		LINCOLN:		
3 15 –	From 10th October 1868	Two Pieces of Land, containing together about 1 A. 2 R., situated in Holbeach Marsh.	Granted to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England.	*Vide* page 61.
		MIDDLESEX:		
14 13 –	From 22nd August 1865	A Coach-house and Stabling in Great Scotland Yard - -	Agreed to be sold to the Waterloo and Whitehall Railway Company.	
15 – –	Ditto - - - -	Stabling in Scotland Yard - - - - - - -	- - ditto.	
15 – –	From 29th September 1868	No. 37, Bloomsbury Street - - - - - - -	Sold to the Rev. Walton Kitching.	*Vide* page 52.
		SURREY:		
3 12 6	From 18th June 1868 -	A Piece of Meadow Land, containing about 1 A. 3 R., at Wick Heath, in the Parish of Egham.	Exchanged with John Giles Pilcher.	*Vide* page 60.
1 7 6	From 24th November 1868	A Piece of Meadow Land, containing about 2 R. 23 P., at Wick Heath, in the Parish of Egham.	- - ditto - - - -	*Vide* page 60.
6 – –	From 5th April 1868 -	A Piece of Land, containing about 1 A. 2 R., situated near the Railway Station, in the Parish of Egham.	Granted to The Rev. John Samuel Bewley Monsell, D.D.	*Vide* page 61.
		YORK:		
200 – –	From 6th June 1868 -	An apportioned Part, amounting to 200 *l.*, of a yearly rent of 1,200 *l.* chargeable upon the Manors of Mulgrave and Seaton with various Messuages, Lands, and Hereditaments in Mulgrave, and the adjoining Parishes.	Sold to The Right Honourable George Augustus Marquis of Normanby.	*Vide* pages 5 and 58.

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Appendix, N° 11 (C.)—A SCHEDULE of all MONIES due to Her Majesty in respect of Rents in Charge with the several RECEIVERS of the LAND REVENUE, under LEASES, or AGREEMENTS for LEASES, and which shall have been owing for a greater Period than a Year; showing the Term during which each Arrear shall have been accruing, and the Measures, if any, in progress for the Recovery of the same.

No. on Rental.	TENANT.	PREMISES.	Annual Rent.	Rents due to 10th October 1868, and Unpaid on 31st March 1869.		Measures, if any, in Progress for the Recovery of the Arrears.	OBSERVATIONS.
				No. of Years.	Amount.		
		CORNWALL:	£. s. d.		£. s. d.		
-	The Owners of the Kenidjack Estate.	- - Rent and Royalties in respect of the Submarine Minerals at Wheal Castle Mine, in front of the Kenidjack Estate.	1 - - and a Royalty of $\frac{1}{48}$th part of Tin, Tin Ore, and Tin Stuff raised and sold; and a Royalty of $\frac{1}{38}$th part of the value of all other Minerals raised and sold.	7½ Rent 6¾ Royalty to 5th January 1868, since which date no accounts have been rendered.	7 10 - 187 17 11	- - - - - -	- - A small portion (12 *l.* 4 *s.* 7 *d.*) of the amount due has been received since the 31st of March 1869. The balance has been remitted in consequence of the losses sustained by the Adventurers, and the unfavourable state of the Mine.
		DEVON:					
-	W. M. Mansell - -	- - Gold Mines, called the "Poltimore Gold Mines," at North Molton.	5 - - and a Royalty of $\frac{1}{12}$th of the Ore raised.	16	80 - -	- - - - - -	- - License not completed; the Works abandoned.
		GLOUCESTER:					
-	James Teague - -	- - Hagloe House, the Oatfield Farm, and Upper Hagloe Farm, with the Woods and various Pieces of Land, part of the Hagloe Estate.	421 15 3	- - Part of half year to 5th April 1863.	14 3 3½	- - - - - -	- - In consequence of the Bankruptcy of the Lessee the Lease was determined, and the Premises have been let to another person from 5th April 1863. The accounts of the Bankrupt have not yet been wound up.
		MIDDLESEX:					
412	Aaron John Jones - -	No. 29, Soho Square - - -	100 - -	- - Portion of a quarter to 5th July 1865.	5 - -		
43	Robert Cox - - -	No. 492, South side of Oxford Street	40 - -	1½	60 - -		
44	Ditto - - - -	No. 493 - - ditto - -	70 - -	2	140 - -		
45	Ditto - - - -	No. 494 - - ditto - -	51 10 -	2	103 - -		

		NORFOLK:					
-	George Collins - -	Marshland Fen - - - -	707 5 9	- - Part of half a year.	303 12 11		
		SURREY:					
-	John Craig - - -	- - 48 A. 0 R. 20 P. of Land, part of Frimley Common.	25 – – for a year and one quarter, 40 – – for a year and three quarters.	3	101 5 –	- - - - - -	- - Mr. Craig carried on the business of a Nurseryman and Market Gardener on these premises. In the year 1865, his Forcing Houses, &c. were set on fire by a boy, and the whole of those Buildings were burnt down. The Buildings were insured, but their contents, consisting of a quantity of plants and a crop of mushrooms, the value of which was not covered by the insurance, were totally destroyed. About the same time the Contractors of the Cambridge Town and Sunningdale Railway, which was in course of formation in the neighbourhood of Mr. Craig's land, failed, and the works ceased, thereby entailing a considerable loss upon him from his being unable to obtain payment for vegetables which he had supplied. Under these circumstances Mr. Craig fell into arrear with his rent. He has since surrendered the Lease of these Premises, and a Lease has been granted to him of only a portion thereof (*vide* Forty-sixth Report to Parliament 1868, page 42), and by these means it is expected that he will be enabled to recover his position as well as discharge the arrear due, a reasonable time being allowed to him for the purpose.
-	Ditto - - -	- - 1 Acre of Land as a Site for a House.	5 – –	3	15 – –		

Appendix, Nº 11 (D.)—A SCHEDULE of all MONIES Remitted on Her Majesty's Behalf in respect of any RENTS in Charge with the several RECEIVERS, specifying whether any previous Remission has taken place in respect to the same Rent, and the Circumstances and the Authority under which Remitted, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.	ANNUAL RENT.	MONIES REMITTED.	Whether any previous Remission.	Circumstances under which Remitted.	Authority for Remission.	OBSERVATIONS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
BERKS:						
Cottage and Garden at Egham Wick, occupied by F. Hoptroff.	- 2 6 per week.	3 2 6	none -	In consequence of the poverty of the Occupier - -	- - The Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury.	
Several Parcels of Building Land, containing about 13 Acres, and Houses thereon at Windsor.	340 - -	40 - -	715 - - in previous years.	- - The Tenant of this Land took it in 1865 for Building purposes, at a Rent increasing to 340 *l.* a year; a portion of the Land has been covered, but the Tenant has incurred serious losses, and part of the Rent has been remitted in order to sustain him in the Undertaking, and to prevent its abandonment.		
CORNWALL:						
The Submarine Minerals at Wheal Margery Mine.	- - A Royalty of 1-36th part of the Minerals raised.	18 12 2 being part of 20 13 6 ½ year's Royalty to Lady-day 1868.	303 - 1 in previous years.	- - The value of the Minerals raised has been less than the expense incurred by the Adventurers in working them. The Mine having been abandoned, the Lease has been surrendered from Lady-day 1868.		
DORSET:						
The Queen's Pier at Portland	110 - -	55 - -	55 - - in previous year.	- - The income derived by the Lessees from the Pier, arises from a Toll on all Passengers, &c. landing at or embarked from it; and part of the Rent has been remitted, in consequence of there having been a great falling off in the traffic since the Railway to Portland was opened.		

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LANCASTER:						
Gleaston Park Farm, containing 323 A. 1 R. 29 P.	591 7 6	36 19 2	- - An allowance of 12½ per cent., or double the amount of these sums, was made in each of the three years to Michaelmas 1867.	- - In consequence of the losses sustained by the Lessees since the commencement of their Leases, on the 10th October 1857, which losses are attributed to the increase in the price of labour in the district caused by mining operations, and to a large increase in the parochial rates.	- - The Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury.	
Seawood Farm, containing 116 A. 1 R. 38 P.	181 19 4	11 7 4				
Scales Park Farm, containing 227 A. 0 R. 36 P.	373 2 6	23 6 6				
Moat Farm and Cow Park Farm, containing 319 A. 0 R. 23 P.	539 7 8	33 14 2				
MIDDLESEX:						
A Chapel in Duke Street, Westminster, as a Site for a Messuage, &c.	42 – –	168 – –	none -	- - In 1863 an Agreement was entered into for the grant of a Building Lease of the site of this Chapel, but, when the Crown Tenant was about to pull the building down, a question of title arose as to a portion of the premises. After much delay this matter was put in train for settlement through the co-operation of the Crown Tenant, and an Agreement to carry out all necessary arrangements was prepared. Owing, however, to the sudden death of the Crown Tenant, before that agreement was executed, the business was again suspended until March 1867, when his nephew, who under his will had succeeded to his interest in the Building Agreement, attained his majority. During these protracted operations the rent remained unpaid, and it was thought reasonable that the arrears should be discharged up to the 25th March 1868, thus treating the matter as if the present Tenant had come into possession on attaining his majority, and had been allowed to hold the property at a Peppercorn for the year ending 31st March 1868, while the old Building was being removed and the new Premises erected.		

Appendix, N° 11 (E.)—A SCHEDULE of all DEFALCATIONS which shall have taken place in respect of MONIES Due and Owing to Her Majesty, specifying the circumstances under which such Defalcations shall have taken place, and the means, if any, available; and the measures, if any, taken for the Recovery of the Money, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive.

NAME of DEFAULTERS.	Amount of Defalcations. £. s. d.	Circumstances under which the Defalcations took Place.	Measures taken.	Property Recovered.
		BERKS:		
John Tappenden - -	3 – –	- - This sum is one quarter's Rent of No. 3, Park Place, Windsor, due at Lady-day 1868.	- - The Tenant absconded, and the Receiver was unable to obtain any further information respecting him.	
John Blake - - -	3 18 6	- - This sum is part of half a year's Rent for the last-mentioned House up to Christmas 1868.	- - The Tenant's effects were distrained, and 2 *l.* 1 *s.* 6 *d.* was recovered, leaving an irrecoverable arrear of 3 *l.* 18 *s.* 6 *d.* The Tenant then left the Premises, which have been let to another person.	
		KENT:		
James Lay - - -	67 10 –	- - This sum is part of a year's Rent, at the rate of 80 *l.* a year, of a Piece of Land on the Crown's Eltham Estate, which had been let to Mr. Lay for building purposes.	- - The Tenant having failed to carry out his agreement, possession of the Land was resumed by the Crown, and it has been let to another person at an increase of 50 *l.* per annum in the ultimate Rent.	
		SURREY:		
Joel Watts - - -	– 8 –	This sum is four weeks' Rent of a Cottage in Frimley.		
		WILTS:		
Elizabeth Deverall - -	1 12 –	- - This sum is the Rent for eight months, at 4 *s.* per month, of a Cottage at Bromham.	The Tenant was a poor widow, who was unable to pay the Rent.	
		YORK:		
John Simpson - -	15 17 11	- - This sum is part of half a year's Rent of a Farm at Aclome, held on lease by J. Simpson, at a Rent of 271 *l.* 15 *s.* 10 *d.* per annum.	J. Simpson became insolvent, and quitted the country.	

To the Honourable the Knights, Citizens, and Burgesses, in Parliament assembled.

THE EIGHTEENTH REPORT

Of the COMMISSIONER in charge of the WOODS, ROYAL FORESTS, CROWN, and other ALLOTMENTS; of the LAND REVENUE of the CROWN in *Scotland*, *Ireland*, *Wales*, and in the Isles of *Man* and *Alderney*; and of the FEE FARM and other UNIMPROVABLE RENTS of the CROWN in *England* and *Wales*, under the Warrant of the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, bearing date the 31st day of March 1855.

IN obedience to the directions contained in the Acts 10 Geo. 4, c. 50, and 11 & 12 Vict. c. 102, and 14 & 15 Vict. c. 42, I have to report to Her Majesty, and to the Houses of Parliament, the proceedings in the several matters and duties so assigned to me during the year ended 31st March last.

THE APPENDIX, No. 1, contains the particulars of two Conveyances of the Crown's interest over certain pieces of Waste Land in the New Forest, under the Act 10 Geo. 4, c. 50. Appendix, No. 1.

THE APPENDIX, No. 2, contains the particulars of twelve Leases or Agreements granted to certain persons of premises in the Royal Forests and Woodlands. Appendix, No. 2.

THE APPENDIX, No. 3, contains the particulars of thirty-one Conveyances made to certain persons pursuant to the Act 10 Geo. 4, c. 50, of the Crown's interest in and over several pieces of Land, part of the Waste of Dean Forest, in the county of Gloucester, not suited for the growth of Timber, and which are wholly or in part surrounded by, intermixed with, or contiguous to, other Lands not the property of the Crown. Appendix, No. 3.

THE APPENDIX, No. 4, contains the particulars of a Conveyance of the Crown's interest in and over certain premises in the Manor of Staunton. Appendix, No. 4.

Appendix, No. 5. THE APPENDIX, No. 5, contains the particulars of three Conveyances in exchange of certain Waste Land the property of the Crown, for other Land, the property of private individuals in the Forest of Dean.

Appendix, No. 6. THE APPENDIX, No. 6, contains the particulars of six Leases, Licenses, or Agreements to hold certain premises in the Forest of Dean and Highmeadow Estate.

Appendix, No. 7. THE APPENDIX, No. 7, contains the particulars of three Leases of Waste Land granted to the registered Owners of Gales within the Forest of Dean, for the better working of such Gales under the authority of the Acts 1 & 2 Vict. c. 43, and 24 & 25 Vict. c. 40.

Appendix, No. 8. THE APPENDIX, No. 8, contains the particulars of ten Leases of Stone Quarries in the Forest of Dean, granted pursuant to the Acts 1 & 2 Vict. c. 43, and 24 & 25 Vict. c. 40.

Appendix, No. 9. THE APPENDIX, No. 9, contains the particulars of four Licenses to dig and get Clay and Sand from certain Lands, part of the open Waste of the Forest of Dean, granted under the provisions of the Act 1 & 2 Vict. c. 43.

Appendix, No. 10. THE APPENDIX, No. 10, contains the particulars of six Licenses to make Rail or Tramroads through the open waste of the Forest of Dean, granted for the purposes of certain Gales under the provisions of the Act 1 & 2 Vict. c. 43.

Appendix, No. 11. THE APPENDIX, No. 11, contains the particulars of thirteen Agreements with certain persons to hold Mines in the Forest of Dean and Hundred of St. Briavels, originally granted under the powers of the Act 1 & 2 Vict. c. 43.

Appendix, No. 12. THE APPENDIX, No. 12, contains the particulars of three Agreements with certain persons to continue to hold Quarries in the Forest of Dean and Hundred of St. Briavels, originally granted under the powers of the Act 1 & 2 Vict. c. 43.

Appendix, No. 13. THE APPENDIX, No. 13, contains the particulars of six Gales of Coal and Iron, in the Forest of Dean and Hundred of St. Briavels, granted under the authority of the Act 1 & 2 Vict. c. 43.

Appendix, No. 14. THE APPENDIX, No. 14, is a copy of the notice issued by the Gaveller, to determine the Rents and Royalties of one Colliery and certain Iron Mines in the Forest of Dean and Hundred of St. Briavels, held under grants, and which became subject to revision at Midsummer 1868, under the provisions of the Act 1 & 2 Vict. c. 43.

SCOTLAND.

SCOTLAND.

THE APPENDIX, No. 15, contains the particulars of two Leases, which were granted during the past year, of the Crown's tenth part or share of the Mines in certain lands in the Island of Islay, Argyllshire. Appendix, No. 15.

THE APPENDIX, No. 16, contains the particulars of eight Leases of Salmon Fishings in Scotland, granted during the past year. The rents reserved in these Leases amount to £. 110. 10. per annum. Appendix, No. 16.

THE APPENDIX, No 17, contains the particulars of two sales of Foreshore property belonging to the Crown in Scotland, the conveyances of which Foreshore were not completed until the year 1868, although Agreements for the sales had been entered into before the passing of "The Crown Lands Act, 1866." The purchase-monies amount to the sum of £. 1,184. Appendix, No. 17.

THE APPENDIX, No. 18, contains the particulars of two sales of the Crown's interest in the Teinds of certain lands in Scotland. Under arrangement with a Heritor, who claimed to be jointly interested with the Crown in the Teinds of the United Parish of Moy and Dalarossie, one moiety of the purchase-money in the first of the sales mentioned in this Appendix is payable to him. Appendix, No. 18.

IRELAND.

THE APPENDIX, No. 19, contains the particulars of Leases, which have been granted during the past year, of two pieces of Foreshore in Belfast Lough, and of a Lease granted to Trustees on behalf of the Irish Turf Club, of a piece of land, part of the Curragh of Kildare. Appendix, No. 19.

THE APPENDIX, No. 20, contains a Schedule of Perpetual and Unimprovable Rents payable to the Crown which have been sold during the past year. Appendix, No. 20.

The rents sold amount to the annual sum of £. 199. 17. 1¼.

The purchase-money received for them amounts to £. 5,742. 6. 6.

THE APPENDIX, No. 21, contains an Account showing the Charge and Discharge, and State of Collection of the Land Revenues of the Crown in Ireland, in the year ended 31st March last. Appendix, No. 21.

THE APPENDIX, No. 22, contains a General Abstract of Quit, &c., and Leasehold Rents for the same period, showing the amount of revenue received within the year, with arrears due at its commencement and close. Appendix, No. 22.

CURRAGH OF KILDARE.

By the operation of the Curragh of Kildare Act, 1868 (31 & 32 Vict. c. 60), the care, management, and preservation of the Curragh (subject to the exceptions mentioned in the 75th section of the Act) have become vested in the Ranger. In accordance, however, with the discretionary power reserved to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury by the 70th section of the Act, the rents and other revenue accruing to the Crown from this property, are, in pursuance of directions from the Commissioners, received and accounted for by this Department; and the amount is carried to the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom as part of the income of the Land Revenue of the Crown.

ISLE OF MAN.

Appendix, No. 23.

THE Appendix, No. 23, contains the particulars of three Leases, which have been granted during the past year, of premises in the Isle of Man.

Of these Leases, two are of slate and stone, the rents and minimum Royalties reserved in which, amount to £. 12 during the first year of the terms granted, and will ultimately increase to £. 62 per annum.

The remaining Lease is a grant for a renewed term of the Foxdale Mines; the rent and minimum Royalty amounting to £. 201 per annum.

The importance of this property may be judged of from the following statement of the Royalties which have been paid to the Crown during each of the last 10 years:—

	£.	s.	d.
Year 1859 - - - - - - - -	2,362	7	4
„ 1860 - - - - - - - -	3,279	10	8
„ 1861 - - - - - - - -	3,002	17	3
„ 1862 - - - - - - - -	2,710	13	9
„ 1863 - - - - - - - -	2,732	10	3
„ 1864 - - - - - - - -	3,133	17	7
„ 1865 - - - - - - - -	2,660	8	6
„ 1866 - - - - - - - -	2,742	11	7
„ 1867 - - - - - - - -	2,767	9	5
„ 1868 - - - - - - - -	2,869	1	4

The circumstances under which the fresh Lease was granted, are as follows:—

Some time ago the Lessees of the Mines applied for a reduction in their Royalty, and they from time to time renewed this application, but I did not feel myself justified in entertaining it, because it did not appear that there was any sensible falling off in the returns derived by them from the property, and because it seemed only reasonable that if any reduction were allowed, it should be conditional on their giving up a part of their extensive Sett which was evidently too large for any one Company, possessed of a limited capital, to develope to its full extent.

In

In the Spring of this year, the Company renewed their application for a reduction of the Royalty, urging as a reason for doing so, that unless some relief were afforded them, they were satisfied that the prosperity of the Mines would be seriously and permanently endangered.

Having conferred with the Directors of the Company and the Manager of the Mines, and consulted with Mr. Warington Smyth on the subject, I came to the conclusion that it would not be expedient to consent to any permanent reduction of the Royalty, but that if the Company would consent to relinquish those portions of the Sett which they were not attempting to develope, it would be proper to grant them some temporary relief in order to encourage them to carry on the necessary explorations in the Mines which they have in work.

A proposal was therefore made to them, that they should surrender the existing Leases under which they held the Mines, and that a fresh Lease of a more limited area should be granted to them on revised terms, but subject to the same Royalty. That in the event of the exploratory works carried out by them being, in the opinion of this Department, sufficient, they should be entitled, during the first five years of the term, to claim a deduction of one-fifth part of the Royalty due by them.

This proposal was at first objected to by the Company as insufficient to meet the requirements of the case, but subsequently they agreed to the conditions which were proposed.

Under this arrangement a considerable extent of Mineral ground, offering favourable prospects for the establishment of independent Mines, has become available, and the reduction of the Crown's Royalty will only be temporary, and will be dependent on the proper and efficient development of the Mine. On the other hand, the reduction will encourage the Lessees to invest the requisite amount of capital in exploratory works, and thus tend to maintain the Mines in a permanently productive condition.

THE Appendix, No. 24, contains the particulars of five Sales which have taken place during the year, of certain Land and Foreshore in the Isle of Man, containing altogether about 67 A. 1 R. 17 P., the purchase-monies amounting to the sum of £. 781. Appendix, No. 24.

Two of these Sales were of parcels of Land which were acquired by the Crown under "The Isle of Man Disafforesting Act, 1860," but which it was not thought desirable to retain.

THE Appendix, No. 25, contains the particulars of an exchange with the Harbour Commissioners of the Isle of Man, of certain Foreshore Land at Port Erin for certain other Foreshore Land at the same place, which had been previously conveyed to the Commissioners. Appendix, No. 25.

The exchange was for the purpose of enabling the Harbour Commissioners to alter the site of a Pier and Breakwater at present in course of construction at Port Erin.

FEE FARM RENTS.

ENGLAND AND WALES.

Appendix, No. 26. THE APPENDIX, No. 26, contains the particulars of the sales of Fee Farm and other Unimprovable Rents of the Crown, payable as issuing out of Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments in England and Wales.

The Rents sold amount altogether to the sum of £. 7. 16. 1¾., reduced by allowances for Land Tax to £. 7. 12. 1¾. per annum. The purchase-monies amount to £. 228. 4. 4½.

WALES.

Appendix, No. 27. THE APPENDIX, No. 27, contains the particulars of 11 Leases which have been granted of property belonging to the Crown in Wales.

Of these, four are Leases of Land and Foreshore, the rents reserved in which amount to £. 51 per annum, irrespective of the Royalties payable in two cases on the Stone, &c., which may be shipped from the premises.

The remaining seven Leases are of Mines and Quarries, the rents and minimum royalties reserved in which amount altogether to the sum of £. 510 during the first year of the terms granted, and ultimately increase to a minimum of £. 590 per annum.

Appendix, No. 28. THE APPENDIX, No. 28, contains the particulars of 142 sales by private contract of the Crown's interest in and over Waste Lands and Encroachments upon Waste Lands belonging to the Crown in Wales. The Lands conveyed contain altogether about 1,307 A. 1 R. 6 P., and the purchase-monies amount to £. 3,675. 0. 7. With the exception of the acknowledgments received for some of the Encroachments, no revenue was derived by the Crown from the properties included in these sales.

Appendix, No. 29. THE APPENDIX, No. 29, contains the particulars of an Exchange which has been made of a piece of Land belonging to the Crown in Wales, for other Land belonging to an individual.

This exchange arose out of the settlement of a question which had arisen between the Crown Tenants of the Vron Quarry, situate in the parish of Llandwrog and county of Carnarvon, and the Owner and Tenants of a neighbouring Quarry, respecting the use and enjoyment of a Lake and Watercourse.

At the time this question was under discussion, the Vron Quarry was being opened out and worked with considerable spirit, and seemed likely to produce a large return, but owing to its situation near the boundary of the Crown Land, the Lessees had recently experienced considerable difficulty in finding convenient tipping ground for the deposit of the rubbish from the Quarry, and as this difficulty would become greater year by year, the expense of working the Quarry would be seriously increased unless further accommodation were secured.

The

The adjoining land, belonging to the owner of the neighbouring Quarry, was situate below the Vron Quarry on the slope of the Hill, and was admirably adapted for the deposit of the rubbish, and it was, therefore, thought that in arriving at an amicable settlement of the question relating to the use by the Owner and the Tenants of his Quarry, of the Water from the Lake and Water-course, it would be for the interest of the Crown, if I could succeed in acquiring at the same time a portion of this Land. I accordingly arranged that one of the conditions of settlement should be that the Crown should have the liberty of buying eight acres of land adjoining the rubbish heaps of the Vron Quarry.

It was subsequently arranged that the price to be paid by the Crown for the Land should be at the rate of £. 80 per acre, but it was suggested on behalf of the owner that in place of purchasing the land, the Crown should give in exchange an adequate quantity of Foreshore Land, lying in front of certain property belonging to him near to Foryd, in the parish of Abergele, county of Denbigh. This suggestion was adopted, and it was ultimately agreed that the Crown should grant to him in exchange for 10 (instead of eight) acres of land adjoining the Vron Quarry (the price of which, at £. 80 per acre, would have amounted to £. 800), certain parcels of land between high and low water-mark, situate near to Foryd, containing altogether about 189 acres, and valued in 1855, at the sum of £. 473.

The great discrepancy between the acreage of the land thus given and taken in exchange by the Crown, is fully explained by the difference in the nature and value of the land, and I consider that the exchange was an advantageous one, as it was the means of securing convenient tip-room for the deposit of rubbish, without which no Slate Quarry can be worked to advantage.

BY a Resolution of the Committee of the House of Commons appointed to inquire into the management of this Department, the following Schedules were required to be inserted in each Annual Report, viz.:

1st. Of Rents put in charge with the several Receivers of the Land Revenue in respect of Property acquired for Her Majesty by purchase, lease, exchange, or otherwise.

2nd. Of the Rents discharged from the Rentals of the several Receivers in respect of property sold, exchanged, or otherwise disposed of.

3rd. Of all Monies due to Her Majesty in respect of Rents in charge with the several Receivers of Land Revenues under leases, or agreements for leases, and which shall have been owing for a greater period than a year, showing the term during which each arrear shall have been accruing, and the measures (if any) in progress for the recovery of the same.

4th. Of all Monies remitted, on Her Majesty's behalf, in respect of any Rents in charge with the same Receivers, specifying whether any previous remission has taken place in respect of the same Rent, and the circumstances and the authority under which remitted.

5th. Of all defalcations that shall have taken place in respect of Monies due and owing to Her Majesty, specifying the circumstances under which such defalcation shall have taken place, and the measures (if any) taken for the recovery of the Monies.

Appendix, No. 30 (A.) (B.) (C.)

Of these Schedules there is occasion, for the purposes of this Report, to introduce the first, third, and fourth only.

ACCOUNTS.

Appendix (A. A.)

THE Appendix (A. A.) contains an Account of the Monies derived from the Hereditary Possessions of the Crown, under the management of the Commissioners of Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues, and received within the year ended 31st March 1869, and the application of all such Monies, including payment into the Exchequer of £. 360,000 as surplus Income arising from those Possessions, as well as the appropriation of the Capital Monies arising from the sale of portions of the Possessions of the Crown during the same period.

The Account for the preceding year, ended on the 31st of March 1868, has been audited, and the subsequent Monthly Accounts up to and including the month of May last, have been rendered to the Comptroller and Auditor General for examination.

JAMES K. HOWARD. (L. S.)

Office of Woods, &c.,
June 1869.

APPENDIX.

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Appendix, N° 1.

A SCHEDULE of Conveyances of the Crown's Interest in and over small Pieces of Land, part of the Waste of the New Forest, unfitted for the growth of Timber, and which are wholly, or in part, surrounded by, intermixed with, or contiguous to, other Lands not the Property of the Crown, made pursuant to the Act 10 Geo. 4, c. 50.

DATE of CONVEYANCE.	NAME OF PURCHASER.	DESCRIPTION OF PREMISES.	PURCHASE-MONEY.
1868:		*Note.*—In each of the undermentioned cases the Crown's right to all Mines and Minerals within, upon, or under the Lands sold is reserved in the Conveyance.	£. s. d.
August - 4	George Hull - -	- - The Crown's Interest in a Piece of Land, situate at Bank, in Ironshill Walk, containing 3 Perches, or thereabouts.	1 13 –
September 22	Henry Fielder Johnson, in trust for Emma Matilda Duplessis, wife of Jules Joseph Hyacinthe Duplessis, Esq.	- - The Crown's Interest in a Piece of Land, situate at Portmore in Lady Cross Walk, containing 3 R. 33 P., or thereabouts.	38 – –

Appendix, N° 2.—A SCHEDULE of LEASES of MESSUAGES, TENEMENTS, LANDS, and HEREDITAMENTS in *England* inclusive; showing, the Dates of Leases; the Premises comprised therein; the Names of the Lessees; the Terms same; the Rents reserved; the Fines paid; the Insurances to be made against Fire; and upon what other Con- Premises as have been before in Lease, by the last preceding Surveys or other Accounts; and the Rents reserved

DATES of LEASES.	PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
	NEW FOREST:			£. s. d.
1868: May 4	Land known as Cramore Mead, situate at Lyndhurst, in the Parish of Lyndhurst, in the County of Southampton, and containing 5 A. 2 R. 2 P.	Aaron Withers - -	- - Yearly tenancy from 25th March 1867.	20 – –
" 5	Land known as Cramore Mead, situate at Shobley, Extra-Parochial, in the County of Southampton, containing 3 R. 4 P.	Charles Brown - -	- - Yearly tenancy from 29th September 1867.	1 – –
" "	Messuage, with Land, Garden, and Premises, situate at Fritham, in the Parish of Bramshaw, in the County of Southampton, containing 7 A. 1 R. 3 P.	Thomas Corderey -	- - Yearly tenancy from 25th March 1867.	20 – –
" 11	Land known as Queenham Meadow, situate at Testwood, in the Parish of Eling, in the County of Southampton, containing 3 A. 0 R. 14 P.	Charles Henry Dyett -	- - Yearly tenancy from 29th September 1867.	4 – –
" "	Messuage, with Land, Garden, and Premises, situate at Lyndhurst, in the Parish of Lyndhurst, in the County of Southampton, containing 2 A. 1 R. 31 P.	James Wiltshire -	- - Yearly tenancy from 25th March 1867.	16 – –
1869: March 31	Meadow Land, situate at Lyndhurst, in the Parish of Lyndhurst, in the County of Southampton, containing 2 R. 20 P.	William Head - -	- - Yearly tenancy from 25th March 1868.	1 5 –
	DELAMERE WOODS:			
1868: May 4	Land, with the Cottage and Buildings thereon, known as Primrose Hill Lodge, in the Parish of Delamere, and County of Chester, containing 2 A. 2 R. 17 P.	Henry Thompson -	- - 16½ years from 5th April 1868.	10 – –
June 29	Land situate near to Eddisbury Lodge, in the County of Chester, containing 2 A. 1 R.	Samuel Wright - -	- - Yearly tenancy from 25th March 1868.	4 – –
1869: March 29	The Pasturage on part of Linmere Allotment, portion of the late Forest of Delamere, containing 500 Acres or thereabouts	Caleb Walker - -	- - Yearly tenancy from 2nd February 1869.	17 – –

belonging to the Crown, granted between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days
granted; the Annual Value of the Premises, as estimated or returned by the Surveyor employed to Survey the
siderations such Leases respectively have been granted; and showing, also, the Annual Value of such Parts of the
and Fines paid for the preceding Leases.

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.				£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
20 – –	- -	- -	- - - -			
1 – –	- -	- -	- - - -			
20 – –	- -	- - Tenant to insure the premises.	- - Tenant to keep premises in repair.	- - These Premises were obtained by the Crown from Mr. Eyre by way of exchange.		
4 – –	- -	- -	- - - -			
16 – –	- -	- - Tenant to insure the premises.	- - Tenant to keep premises in repair.			
1 5 –	- -	- -	- - - -	- - These Premises were purchased (among others) by the Crown from the Executors of the late Mr. Nicol.		
10 – –	- -	- -	- - - -	Heretofore occupied by a Woodman.		
4 – –	- -	- -	- - - -	4 10 –	4 10 –	—
17 – –	- -	- -	- - - -	- - The whole of the Pasturage on this Allotment (containing about 690 Acres) was formerly let at at 23 *l.* per annum, but was abandoned on account of the Cattle Plague.		

Appendix, N° 2.—Comprising LEASES granted - - - - - - -

DATES of LEASES.	PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
1868	PARKHURST WOODS:			£. s. d.
Nov. 27	License to lay down Pipes within a portion of Parkhurst Forest, in the Isle of Wight, not exceeding 100 Acres in extent, for the Supply of Water to Parkhurst Barracks.	- - Secretary of State for the War Department.	- - 21 years from 5th April 1868.	5 – –
	CHOPWELL WOODS:			
Dec. 31	Coal, Iron-stone, and Fire-clay within 50 Acres of Land in Chopwell Woods, County of Durham.	- - John Boyle, Esq., and others (Trustees of the Marquis of Bute).	- - 21 years from 1st May 1868.	- - -
1869:	BERE WOODS:			
March 13	The right of Shooting Game and Rabbits over Bulls Lodge Wood Inclosure, in the late Forest of Bere, containing 85 A. 2 R. 26 P. or thereabouts.	- - William Burnaby Casher, Esq.	- - 7 years from 1st February 1869.	5 – –

- - - - - - of MESSUAGES OF TENEMENTS, &c.—*continued.*

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. *s.* *d.*						
5 - -						
- - A Royalty of 18 *s.* per ten on Coal and 6 *d.* per ton on Iron-stone and Fire-clay raised and gotten, such Royalties not to amount to less than 100 *l.* per annum, with power to the Lessees to make up short workings.	- -	- -	- - - -	- - Formerly in Lease to the Trustees of the Marquis of Bute at a dead rent of 50 *l.*, and a Royalty of 16 *s.* per ten on Coal. This Lease expired on 1st May 1868, and the Trustees took a new Lease on the considerations mentioned.		
5 - -	- -	- -	- - - -	Mr. Casher's previous Lease expired on 1st February 1869, and he renewed it at the same rent for a further period of seven years from that date.		

DEAN FOREST.

Appendix, N° 3.

A SCHEDULE of CONVEYANCES of the Crown's Interest in and over small Pieces of LAND, part of the Waste of *Dean Forest*, unfitted for the Growth of Timber, and which are wholly or in part surrounded by, intermixed with, or contiguous to, other Lands not the Property of the Crown, made pursuant to the Act 10 Geo. 4, c. 50.

DATE of CONVEYANCE.	NAME OF PURCHASER.	DESCRIPTION OF PREMISES.	PURCHASE-MONEY. £. s. d.
		Note.—In each of the undermentioned cases the Crown's right to all Mines and Minerals within, upon, or under, the lands sold, is reserved in the Conveyance.	
1868:			
April - 8	Elizabeth Cook -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, in the County of Gloucester, situate at Stockwell Green, in Little Dean or Latimer Walk, containing 20 Perches.	40 – –
„ - 22	Philip Jones - -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, in the County of Gloucester, situate at Parkend, in Parkend or York Walk, containing 1¼ Perches.	2 5 –
„ - „	Josiah Chivers -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, in the County of Gloucester, situate at Bailey Hill, in Blakeney or Danby Walk, containing 24 Perches.	36 – –
„ - 23	Joseph James - -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, in the County of Gloucester, situate at Pillowell, in Parkend or York Walk, containing 15 Perches.	22 10 –
„ - „	Samuel Jenkins -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, in the County of Gloucester, situate at Breams Eaves, in Parkend or York Walk, containing 12 Perches.	18 – –
„ - „	James Russell -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, in the County of Gloucester, situate at Lower Bilson, in Littledean or Latimer Walk, containing 24 Perches.	48 – –
„ - „	Thomas Ruck - -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, in the County of Gloucester, situate at Broadwell or Newnham Lane End, in Parkend or York Walk, containing ½ Perch.	– 15 –

DEAN FOREST—*continued.*

Appendix, N°. 3.—A SCHEDULE of Conveyances of the Crown's Interest in and over small Pieces of Land, &c.—*cont*[d].

DATE of CONVEYANCE.	NAME OF PURCHASER.	DESCRIPTION OF PREMISES.	PURCHASE-MONEY. £.	s.	d.
1868:					
April - 24	James Dainton -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, in the County of Gloucester, situate at Bailey Hill, in Blakeney or Danby Walk, containing 10 Perches.	15	–	–
June - 4	James Roberts - Daniel Roberts - John Richards - John Charles - Edwin Howe - - Charles Taylor - (In trust for the Primitive Methodist Society.)	- - The Crown's interest in and over Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, in the County of Gloucester, situate at Coalway Lane End, in Parkend or York Walk, containing 10 Perches.	15	–	–
" - "	John Williams - Charles Hodges - Morgan Watkins - George Wilkes - Thomas Edwards - George Gwilliam - (In trust for the Primitive Methodist Society.	- - The Crown's Interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at the Lonk, in Worcester Walk, containing 2 perches.	3	–	–
" - "	Anthony Baynham -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at Newnham Lane End, in Worcester Walk, containing 4½ Perches.	6	15	–
" - 24	Sarah Wintle - -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at Bailey Hill, in Blakeney or Danby Walk, containing 1½ Perches.	2	5	–
" - "	James Wintle Blanch	- - The Crown's Interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at Bailey Hill, in Blakeney or Danby Walk, containing 25 Perches.	37	10	–
July - 10	William Brown -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at Littledean or Newnham Lane End, in Parkend or York Walk, containing 1 Perch.	1	10	–
" - "	John Shingles -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at Bream's Eaves, in Parkend or York Walk, containing 14 Perches.	21	–	–
" - 15	Richard Burrows -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at Upper Bilson, in Littledean or Latimer Walk, containing 10 Perches.	7	10	–

DEAN FOREST—*continued.*

Appendix, N° 3.—A SCHEDULE of Conveyances of the Crown's Interest in and over small Pieces of Land, &c.—*contd.*

DATE of CONVEYANCE.	NAME OF PURCHASER.	DESCRIPTION OF PREMISES.	PURCHASE-MONEY. £. s. d.
1868:			
Aug. - 15	Thomas Willetts -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at Viney Hill, in Blakeney or Danby Walk, containing 5 Perches.	7 10 –
" - "	Thomas Stephens -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at Moseley Green, in Blakeney or Danby Walk, containing 5 Perches.	7 10 –
" - "	Wm. Willetts, jun. -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at Bailey Hill, in Blakeney or Danby Walk, containing 20 Perches.	30 – –
" - "	Charles Morse -	- - The Crown's interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at Blakeney Hill, in Blakeney or Danby Walk, containing 8 Perches.	12 – –
" - "	Thomas James -	- - The Crown's interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at Bailey Hill, in Blakeney or Danby Walk, containing 10 Perches.	15 – –
Sept. - 22	Richard Wildin -	- - The Crown's interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at Bream's Eaves, in Parkend or York Walk, containing 6 Perches.	9 – –
October - 17	William Guest -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at Littledean Hill, in Littledean or Latimer Walk, containing 16 Perches.	32 – –
" - "	Thomas Ruck - -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at Barn Hill, in Worcester Walk, containing 11 Perches.	11 – –
Nov. - 30	George Adams -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at Littledean Hill, in Littledean or Latimer Walk, containing 7½ Perches.	15 – –
" - "	George Belcher -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at Bream's Eaves, in Parkend or York Walk, containing 1 Rood.	60 – –

DEAN FOREST—*continued.*

Appendix, N° 3.—A SCHEDULE of Conveyances of the Crown's Interest in and over small Pieces of Land, &c.—*contd.*

DATE of CONVEYANCE.	NAME OF PURCHASER.	DESCRIPTION OF PREMISES.	PURCHASE-MONEY.
1868:			£. s. d.
Nov. - 30	Thomas Teague -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at Breams Eaves, in Park End or York Walk, containing 20 Perches.	30 - -
Dec. - 23	Frederick Morse -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at Yorkley, in Parkend or York Walk, containing 5 Perches.	7 10 -
1869:			
Jan. - 8	Isaac Jones - -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at Breams Eaves, in Parkend or York Walk, containing 1 R. 26 P.	99 - -
" - 18	Letitia Tippins, Widow of the late William Tippins.	- - The Crown's Interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate on Ruardean Hill, in Ruardean or Herbert Walk, containing 2 Perches.	3 - -
" - "	William Ellway -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over a Piece of Land, part of the Waste of the Forest of Dean, situate at Yorkley, in Parkend or York Walk, containing 13 Perches.	19 10 -

Appendix, N° 4.

A SCHEDULE of CONVEYANCES of the Crown's Interest in and over certain Premises in the Manor of *Staunton*, in the County of *Gloucester*, made pursuant to the Act 10 Geo. 4, c. 50.

DATE of CONVEYANCE.	NAME OF PURCHASER.	DESCRIPTION OF PREMISES.	PURCHASE-MONEY.
1869:			£. s. d.
Jan. - 8	Thomas Tillings -	- - The Crown's Interest in and over a Piece or Parcel of Land, with the Cottage or Tenement thereon, being an Encroachment from the Wastes of the Manor of Staunton, situate at or near to the Crossways Farm, in the Parish of Newland, containing 1 Perch or thereabouts.	- 15 -

DEAN FOREST—*continued.*

Appendix, N° 5.

A SCHEDULE of EXCHANGES made of parts of the Estate of the Crown for parts of the Estates of Individuals, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive.

DATES of EXCHANGES.	Persons with whom the Exchanges have been made.	CROWN PROPERTY.	PRIVATE PROPERTY.	Sums paid in equalization of Exchange.	Sums received in equalization of Exchange.
1867:				£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Dec. - 11	William Simmonds	- - Twelve Pieces or Parcels of Land, situate in Littledean and Ruardean Walks, in Dean Forest, containing together 1 A. 1 R. 37 P. (reserving to Her Majesty all Mines and Minerals within, upon, or under the said Lands).	- - Several Pieces or Parcels of Land, with the Buildings thereon, situate in Littledean Walk, in Dean Forest, containing together 1 A. 3 R. 38 P.	120 - -	—
1868:					
July - 16	Richard Loveridge	- - Two Pieces or Parcels of Land, situate at Littledean Hill, in Littledean or Latimer Walk, in Dean Forest, containing together 1 R. 15 P. (reserving to Her Majesty all Mines and Minerals within, upon, or under the said Lands).	- - A Piece or Parcel of Land, situate at Hangerbury, in Worcester Walk, in Dean Forest, containing 1 R. 15 P.	—	—
1869:					
Jan. - 30	Joseph Dawe -	- - A Piece or Parcel of Land, situate at Harry Hill, in Ruardean or Herbert Walk, in Dean Forest, containing 1 A. 2 R. 34 P. (reserving to Her Majesty all Mines and Minerals within, upon, or under the said Land).	- - A Piece or Parcel of Land, situate in Harry Hill Enclosure, in Ruardean or Herbert Walk, in Dean Forest, containing 3 R. 1 P.	—	—

Dean Forest—*continued.*

Appendix, N° 6.—A SCHEDULE of Leases of Messuages, Tenements, Lands and Hereditaments in *England*, belonging to the Crown, granted between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive; showing, the Dates of Leases; the Premises comprised therein; the Names of the Lessees; the Terms granted; the Annual Value of the Premises, as estimated or returned by the Surveyor employed to survey the same; the Rents reserved; the Fines paid; the Insurances to be made against Fire; and upon what other considerations such Leases respectively have been granted; and showing, also, the Annual Value of such Parts of the Premises as have been before in Lease, by the last preceding Surveys, or other Accounts; and the Rents reserved and Fines paid for the preceding Leases.

DATES of LEASES.	PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	ON NEW LEASES:					ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
				Estimated Annual Value.	RENTS reserved in New Leases.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
1868:				£. s. d.	£. s. d.		£. s. d.		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
June 2	Land at Edge Hills, in Littledean, or Latimer Walk, known as Skerry Far Patch, and containing by estimation 1 R. 26 P.	John Osbaldeston	- Yearly tenancy, from 25th December 1867.	1 10 –	1 10 –	- -	- -	- -	This Land forms part of the Land recently purchased from William Simmonds by way of exchange.		
" "	Land known as the Kiln Close, containing 1 A. 0 R. 28 P. by estimation; and a Barn near thereto, situate at Edge Hills, in Littledean or Latimer Walk.	James Page -	- ditto - -	4 – –	4 – –	- -	- -	- -	- -	ditto.	—
" "	A Messuage with Garden Ground, &c., situate at Edge Hills, in Littledean or Latimer Walk.	Isaac Wait -	- ditto - -	5 10 –	5 10 –	- -	- -	- -	- -	ditto.	—
Sept. 22	Land known as the Upper and Lower Fish House Meadows, containing 8 A. 2 R. 35 P.; and Land known as Littleworth Field, containing 9 A. 2 R. 8 P., situate in the Parish of English Bicknor, being portions of the Highmeadow Estate.	Roger Keene -	- Yearly tenancy, from 2nd February 1868.	25 12 –	25 12 –	—	—	—	—	—	—
1869:											
Feb. 3	A Messuage called Ellwood House, and 5 A. 3 R. 6 P. of Land, in the Parish of Newland, and Township of West Dean, with the liberty of Grazing 94 A. 1 R. 23 P. of Woodland adjoining thereto.	John Harris -	- - 7 years from 29th September 1868.	45 – –	45 – –	- -	- - Tenant to insure premises to at least 3-4ths of their value.	- -	Formerly the residence of the late Mr. John Langham, the Assistant to the Deputy Surveyor.		
Mar. 12	Land at or near to Hangerberry Enclosure, in Worcester Walk, containing 1 R. 15 P.	John Bennett -	- Yearly tenancy, from 29th September 1868.	2 – –	2 – –	- -	- -	- -	This is the property obtained from Mr. Richard Loveridge by way of exchange.		

DEAN FOREST—*continued.*

Appendix, N° 7.

A SCHEDULE of LEASES of LANDS, &c., part of the Waste of the Forest of *Dean*, in the County of *Gloucester*, granted under the Act 1 & 2 Vict. c. 43, for the better working of certain Gales, between the 1st April 1868 and the 31st March 1869.

DATE OF LEASE.	NAME OF LESSEE.	DESCRIPTION OF PREMISES.	TERM GRANTED.	ANNUAL RENT.
1868:				£. s. d.
August - 11	Arthur James Price	- - Land situate in Oakwood Valley, in Parkend or York Walk, containing 19 Perches, for the better working of the Flour Mill Colliery.	- - 27 years from 24 June 1868.	– 10 –
October - 1	Benjamin Stephens	- - License to form a Pond at Clearwell Meend, and to use the Waters thereof for the better working of the Clearwell Iron Mine.	- - 21 years from 25 March 1868.	1 – –
1869:				
February - 16	Alfred James Brain, William Edward Brain, and James Albert Brain.	- - Land, with the Buildings standing thereon, situate at or near to Holly Hill Enclosure, in Littledean or Latimer Walk, containing 3 R. 24 P., for the better working of the Tormentor Colliery.	- - 31 years from 25 December 1867.	2 – –

Appendix, N° 8.

A SCHEDULE of LEASES of STONE QUARRIES in *Dean* Forest, in the County of *Gloucester*, granted pursuant to the Acts 1 & 2 Vict. c. 43, and 24 & 25 Vict. c. 40.

DATE OF LEASE.	NAME OF LESSEE.	DESCRIPTION OF PREMISES.	TERM GRANTED.	ANNUAL RENT.
1868:				£. s. d.
April - 1	Reuben Hyatt -	- - Quarry, No. 473, situate at Viney Hill, in Blakeney Walk, extending in length 20 yards.	- - 21 years from 29 September 1867.	2 – –
" - "	George Morse -	- - Quarry, No. 472, situate at Viney Hill, in Blakeney Walk, extending in length 20 yards.	- ditto - -	2 – –
" - 24	George Smith -	- - Quarries, Nos. 476 and 477 respectively, situate at Hang or Knockley Hill, in Parkend Walk. Quarry, No. 476, extending in length 20 yards; and No. 477, extending in length 30 yards.	- ditto - -	5 – –

Dean Forest—*continued.*

Appendix, No. 8.—A Schedule of Leases of Stone Quarries in *Dean* Forest, &c.—*continued.*

DATE OF LEASE.	NAME OF LESSEE.	DESCRIPTION OF PREMISES.	TERM GRANTED.	ANNUAL RENT.
1868:				£. s. d.
June - 18	Joseph Adams -	- - Quarry, No. 478, situate in Stapledge, near Howbeach Valley, in Blakeney Walk, extending in length 20 yards.	- - 21 years from 29 September 1867.	5 – –
August - 19	James Barnard -	- - Quarry, No. 479, situate at Plump Hill, in Ruardean Walk, extending in length 20 yards.	- ditto - -	2 – –
1869:				
January - 8	Thomas Cullis -	- - Quarry, No. 482, situate at Arthur's Folly, in Parkend Walk, extending in length 30 yards.	- - 21 years from 29 September 1868.	3 – –
„ - „	William Tayler -	- - Quarries, Nos. 483 and 484 respectively, situate at Drybrook, in Parkend Walk. Quarry, No. 483, extending in length 20 yards; and No. 484, extending in length 20 yards.	- ditto - -	4 – –
„ - „	Richard Jones -	- - Quarry, No. 485, situate at Little Stapledge, in Speech House Walk, extending in length 20 yards.	- ditto - -	2 – –
„ - 13	George Marshall -	- - Quarry, No. 480, situate at Viney Hill, in Blakeney Walk, extending in length 20 yards.	- - 21 years from 29 September 1867.	2 – –
March - 12	Joseph Meek -	- - Quarry, No. 481, situate at Beechen Hill, in Ruardean Walk, extending in length 20 yards.	- - 21 years from 29 September 1868.	2 – –

DEAN FOREST—*continued.*

Appendix, N° 9.

A SCHEDULE of LICENSES to dig and get CLAY or SAND off LAND, part of the open Waste of the Forest of *Dean*, in the County of *Gloucester*, granted under the provisions of the Act 1 & 2 Vict. c. 43.

DATE of LICENSE.	TO WHOM GRANTED.	DESCRIPTION.	TERM GRANTED.	ANNUAL RENT.
1868:				£. s. d.
Oct. - 19	John Davis - -	- - License to dig Clay from a Piece of open Waste Land, situate at Littledean Hill, in Littledean or Latimer Walk, containing by admeasurement 1 Rood, with License to make a Roadway for the conveyance of the Clay.	- - 15 years from 25th March 1868.	1 – – and 1 – – respectively, and $\frac{1}{12}$th of the value of Raw Clay, and $\frac{1}{15}$th of the value of all Bricks, &c.
Dec. - 24	Osman Barrett, Richard Yearsley, and James John Grenfell Borlase.	- - License to dig Clay from a Piece of open Waste Land, situate at or near Edge Hill Plantation, in Littledean or Latimer Walk, containing by admeasurement 2 R. 18 P., with License to erect a Kiln on other Land for the manufacture of Bricks from such Clay, for the exclusive purpose of Fairplay Iron Mine.	- - 10 years from 24th June 1868.	2 – – and $\frac{1}{12}$th of the value of Raw Clay, and $\frac{1}{15}$th of the value of all Bricks, &c.
1869:				
Jan. - 22	William Ball -	- - License to dig Sand from a Piece of open Waste Land at Coleford Meend, in Parkend or York Walk, containing by admeasurement 1 R. 4 P.	- - 14 years from 25th December 1868.	3 – –
March - 22	New Bowson Deep Coal Company (Limited).	- - License to dig Clay from a Piece of open Waste Land on Bilson Green, in Ruardean or Herbert Walk, containing by admeasurement 1 A. 1 R. 8 P., for the purpose of making Bricks to be used for the Company's Collieries.	- - 21 years from 24th June 1868.	2 – – and $\frac{1}{15}$th of the value of all Bricks or other manufactured articles.

Appendix, N° 10.

A SCHEDULE of LICENSES to form ROADS or TRAMWAYS over the Wastes of the Forest of *Dean*, granted under the Rules and Regulations attached to the Award of the *Dean* Forest Mining Commissioners, pursuant to the Acts 1 & 2 Vict. c. 43, and 24 & 25 Vict. c. 40.

DATE of LICENSES.	TO WHOM GRANTED.	DESCRIPTION.	FEE.
1868:			£. s. d.
April - 6	The Parkend Coal Company.	- - License to make a Railroad from the New Fancy Colliery to the Forest of Dean Central Railway.	2 – – per annum.
June - 5	William Talbot - -	- - License to make a Tramroad, to be used in connection with the Old Bow Pit Iron Mine.	2 2 –
" - "	Osman Barrett and Henry Crawshay.	- - License to make a Tramroad, to be used in connection with the Foxes' Bridge Colliery.	2 2 –
July - 24	Alfred Goold, Tom Goold (the Representatives of the late Fred. W. Goold), John Hepworth, and William P. Price.	- - License to make a Tramroad, to be used in connection with the Crumpmeadow Colliery.	2 2 –
October - 9	New Bowson Deep Coal Company.	- - License to form a Broad Gauge Tramway across the open Forest, for the purposes of the New Bowson and East Dean Deep Gales.	2 2 –
1869:			
February - 20	Lydbrook Deep Level Colliery Company.	- - License to form a Tramway across the open Forest, and also a short Branch or Incline, for the purposes of the Lydbrook Deep Level Colliery.	2 2 –

DEAN FOREST—*continued*.

Appendix, N° 11.—A SCHEDULE of AGREEMENTS for the Payment of RENTS and ROYALTIES in respect of MINES in *Dean* Forest, in the County of *Gloucester*, re-granted in the Year ended 31st March 1869.

DATE.		GRANTEE.	NAME OF WORK.	TERM GRANTED.	DEAD RENT. £. s. d.	ROYALTY.
1868:						
October	22	John Doward	Yew Tree Iron Mine	21 years from 24 June 1867.	4 – –	4 *d.* per ton.
"	29	John Richard Sneyd Ramsbottom, Frederick Joseph Morrell, Thomas Sherwood, Thomas Hedges Graham, the Rev. Charles Dundas Everett and Edward Law Hussey, as Representatives of James Morrell, Esq., deceased.	Rising Sun Engine Colliery	21 years from 24 June 1862.	80 – –	3 *d.* "
"	"	Ditto ditto	Union Pit Colliery	ditto	120 – –	3 *d.* "
November	9	Cornelius Brain	Drybrook Iron Mine	21 years from 24 June 1867.	75 – –	5 *d.* "
December	4	James Grindell, Thomas Leach Nicholas, the Rev. James Michaelmas Barrett, and Osman Barrett.	Easter Iron Mine	ditto	50 – –	5 *d.* "
"	31	The Ebbw Vale Company (Limited)	Bromley Iron Mine	ditto	50 – –	5 *d.* "
1869:						
January	13	Matthew Smart	Earl Fitzhardinge Iron Mine	21 years from 24 June 1868.	40 – –	5 *d.* "
"	15	John Jenkins and Thomas Jenkins	Frog Pit Iron Mine	ditto	5 – –	4 *d.* "
February	10	New Bowson Deep Coal Company (Limited)	New Bowson Colliery	21 years from 24 June 1865.	20 – –	2 *d.* "
"	12	Alfred James Brain, William Edward Brain, and James Albert Brain.	Eastbach Iron Mine	21 years from 24 June 1868.	10 – –	3 *d.* "
"	20	James Fletcher Corbett, the Rev. William Hulme, and Osman Barrett.	Morgan's Folly, No. 3 Colliery	ditto	10 – –	2 *d.* "
"	25	Henry Cranstoun Adams, Charles George Henry St. Patrick, and Charles Edward Ward.	Prosper-on-Harrow Hill Colliery	21 years from 24 June 1862.	10 – –	2 *d.* "
March	12	George Townsend	Whitehall Colliery	21 years from 24 June 1866.	1 – –	2 *d.* "

DEAN FOREST—*continued.*

Appendix, N° 12.—A SCHEDULE of AGREEMENTS for the Payment of RENTS in respect of "AWARD QUARRIES" in *Dean* Forest, in the County of *Gloucester*, entered into between 1st April 1868 and 31st March 1869.

DATE.	WITH WHOM MADE.	DESCRIPTION OF PREMISES, THE SUBJECT OF THE AGREEMENT.	TERM FOR WHICH AGREEMENT IS MADE.	ANNUAL RENT PAYABLE UNDER AGREEMENT.
1868:				£. s. d.
April - 22	Robert Baldwin and James Maxton	All those two several Quarries, numbered 44 and 45 respectively, situate at Birch Hill, each extending in length 20 yards; and all that Quarry, numbered 92, situate at Gosty Knoll, also extending in length 20 yards.	21 years from 3 May 1867	3 – –
October - 1	Joseph Meek - - - -	One Half of that Quarry, No. 239, situate at Beechen Hill, extending in length 20 yards.	- ditto - 29 May 1867 -	1 – –
" - "	George Meek - - - -	The other Half of that Quarry, No. 239, situate at Beechen Hill, extending in length 20 yards.	- ditto - - ditto -	1 – –

Appendix, N° 13.—A SCHEDULE of all GALES of COAL and IRON MINES in the Forest of *Dean* and Hundred of *St. Briavels*, granted in the Year ended 31st December 1868, under the authority of the Act 1 & 2 Vict. c. 43.

TO WHOM GRANTED.	DATE OF GRANT.	PERIOD FROM WHICH CERTAIN RENT COMMENCES.	DESCRIPTION OF GALE.	CERTAIN RENT.	TONNAGE.	NAME OF WORK.
	1868:			£. s. d.		
George Burgham - -	March - 6	Christmas - - 1871	Iron Mine - -	75 – –	5*d.* per ton -	Berkeley Castle Iron Mine.
Ephraim Parsons - -	July - - 17	Midsummer - - 1870	Colliery - - -	10 – –	2*d.* " -	Collingwood Colliery.
Richard Aston - -	" - - "	Midsummer - - 1872	Iron Mine - -	50 – –	4*d.* " -	Somerset Iron Mine.
Henry Brown and William Howell.	" - - "	Midsummer - - 1870	Colliery - - -	5 – –	2*d.* " -	Well Level Colliery.
William Howell, Isaiah Stephens, and Henry Brown.	" - - "	Midsummer - - 1870	Colliery - - -	5 – –	2*d.* " -	Society Colliery.
Henry Brown - - -	August - 28	Midsummer - - 1870	Colliery - - -	5 – –	2*d.* " -	Hollow Meadow Colliery.

Dean Forest—*continued.*

Appendix, N° 14.

FOREST OF DEAN AND HUNDRED OF ST. BRIAVELS.

Alteration of Rents and Royalties of Coal and Iron Mines at Midsummer 1868.

To all whom it may concern:

Take notice, that, in pursuance of the power given to me by the Acts of the 1 & 2 Vict. c. 43, and the 24 & 25 Vict. c. 40, I, the undersigned James Kenneth Howard, one of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues, and the Gaveller of the Forest of Dean, in the County of Gloucester, have elected, and do hereby elect, that the several Galeage or Dead or certain Rents, and also the several Royalties or Tonnage Duties now payable to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, for or in respect of the under-mentioned Gale of Coal or Coal Mine, and also for or in respect of the several under-mentioned Gales of Iron or Iron Mines, or Works, under or by virtue of the several Grants under which the said Coal Mine and Iron Mines respectively are held, shall cease and determine from the 24th day of June 1868.

And take notice also, that upon such cesser I shall proceed to fix the amount of the new Galeage Rents and Royalties, or Tonnage Duties, to be paid for the 21 years thence next ensuing, according to the provisions of the said Acts.

Coal Mine or Colliery above mentioned or referred to.

Morgan's Folly, No. 3.

List of the several Iron Mines or Works above mentioned or referred to.

Prince of Wales' Iron Mine.
Deans Meend Iron Mine.
Fair Play Iron Mine.
Earl Fitzhardinge Iron Mine.
Frog Pit Iron Mine.
Penswell's Iron Mine.
Eastbach Iron Mine.
Tufton Iron Mine.

Given under my hand, this 23rd day of April 1868.

(signed) *James K. Howard.*

Witness,

J. Russell Sowray,
Office of Woods, &c., Whitehall Place.

SCOTLAND.

Appendix, N° 15.—A SCHEDULE of LEASES, granted on behalf of Her Majesty, of the undermentioned PROPERTY in *Scotland*, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive.

DATES OF LEASES.	LESSEES.	PROPERTY GRANTED IN LEASE.	ANNUAL RENT.	TERM.
1868:			£. s. d.	
April - 13 May - 22	Smith Child - - -	The Tenth Part pertaining to Her Majesty of all and whole the Gold, Silver, Copper, Lead, Tin, and all other Mines and Minerals whatsoever that shall be obtained within the Estate of Lossett and other Lands belonging to the Lessee in the Island of Islay, and County of Argyle.	1 – – and a Grassum or Fine of 50 *l.*	- - 31 years from Martinmas 1867, determinable at the end of the first 15 years.
May - 5 " - 25	Charles Morrison - - -	The Tenth Part pertaining to Her Majesty of all and whole the Gold, Silver, Copper, Lead, Tin, and all other Mines and Minerals whatsoever that shall be obtained within the Lands and Barony of Islay, County Argyle.	1 – – and a Grassum or Fine of 50 *l.*	- - ditto.

Appendix, N° 16.—A SCHEDULE of LEASES of CROWN SALMON FISHINGS in *Scotland*, granted on behalf of Her Majesty, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive.

DATES OF LEASES.	LESSEES.	LANDS OPPOSITE TO WHICH THE FISHINGS ARE SITUATE.	COUNTY.	RENT.	TERM GRANTED.
1868:				£. s. d.	
April - 1	Stuart Caradoc Munro - -	Part of the Lands of Coull, in the Parish of Allness - - - - - - -	Ross - -	6 – –	- - Seven years from Martinmas 1866.
" - 4	Thomas Bell - - -	The Lands of Grange, and the Lands of Earlsferry, in the Parish of Kilconquhar - -	Fife - -	3 – –	- - Seven years from Martinmas 1867.
May - 22	Capt. George Mackay - -	The Lands of Calgary and others - - - - - - - - - -	Argyll - -	15 – –	- - Seven years from Martinmas 1866.
" - 25	Sir George Macpherson Grant, Bart., as Curator to Thos. M. Grant.	The Lands of Meikle Dysart, Over or Little Dysart, and others, in the Parish of Maryton	Forfar - -	27 – –	- - Seven years from Martinmas 1868.
June - 5	John Halliday - - -	The Lands of Mulloch, in the Parish of Rerrick - - - - - - - -	Kirkcudbright	1 – –	- - Three years from Martinmas 1867.
" - "	Sir Claude Edward Scott, Bart., and others, as Trustees of the Duke of Hamilton.	The Isle of Arran - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Bute - -	50 – –	- - Seven years from Martinmas 1867.
Aug. - 14	George Smith - - -	The Lands of Kincraig, in the Parish of Kilconquhar - - - - - - -	Fife - -	7 10 –	- - Six years from Martinmas 1868.
Nov. - 12	George Stirling Home Drummond.	The Lands of Northfield, in the Parish of Coldingham - - - - - - -	Berwick -	1 – –	- - ditto.

SCOTLAND—*continued.*

Appendix, N° 17.—A SCHEDULE of SALES effected on behalf of Her Majesty of the under-mentioned PROPERTY in *Scotland*, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive.

DATES of CONVEYANCES.	PURCHASERS.	DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY SOLD.	PURCHASE-MONEY.
1868:		COUNTY OF RENFREW:	£. s. d.
July - - 21	The Trustees of the Port and Harbours of Greenock.	- - About Seven Acres of the Alveus or Shore-ground of the River Clyde, below low-water mark, situate at the West end of Greenock.	840 – –
		COUNTY OF LINLITHGOW:	
„ - - 27	Henry Cadell - - - -	About 86 Acres of the Foreshore, on the Southern Shore of the Firth of Forth, adjoining the Lands of Grange - -	344 – –

Appendix, N° 18.—A SCHEDULE of SALES of SURPLUS TEINDS in *Scotland*, which have been made on behalf of Her Majesty, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive.

DATES of CONVEYANCES.	PURCHASERS.	LANDS, &c., Liable to Pay the SURPLUS TEINDS, Sold.	PARISH.	COUNTY.	SURPLUS TEINDS on an Average of Five Years preceding the Sale.	Number of YEARS' PURCHASE.	CONSIDERATION MONEY.
1868:					£. s. d.		£. s. d.
April - - 22	Æneas Mackintosh, of Balnespick.	- - The Town and Lands of Clune, comprehending the Plough Lands of Easter and Wester Clunes, and the Eighteenth Part Lands of Dalgarvon, and Mill and Mill Lands of Clune; also the Plough Lands of Strathnavine, commonly called Strathnoon; the Half of the Town and Lands of Raigmore, *alias* Meikle Raig, and the Half of the Mill and Mill Lands thereof; and also the Two Ploughs of Land of Corryburghmore.	- United Parishes of Moy and Delarossie	Inverness -	71 11 $6\frac{5}{12}$	9	644 3 10
1869:							
Jan. - - 22	The Provost and Town Council of the Burgh of Perth.	- - The Lands of Crawhill and Danch-haugh, now commonly called Tullylumb.	Tibbermuir -	Perth - -	1 18 9	9	17 8 9

IRELAND.

Appendix, N° 19.—A SCHEDULE containing Particulars of Leases granted on behalf of Her Majesty of the under-mentioned Property in *Ireland*, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive.

DATES of LEASES.	LESSEES.	PROPERTY GRANTED.	TERMS GRANTED.	ANNUAL RENTS.
1868:		COUNTY OF DOWN.		£. s. d.
April - 16	John O'Reilly Blackwood - -	- - A Piece of Foreshore in Belfast Lough, abutting upon a part of the Townland of Ballymenagh, with license to raise gravel, shingle, and sand found thereon between half ebb and low-water mark.	- - 21 years from 25th March 1868.	2 – –
May - 5	Thomas Greg - - - -	- - ditto - - ditto - - ditto - - - - -	- - ditto - - -	2 – –
		COUNTY OF KILDARE.		
June - 18	The Earl of Howth, the Marquis of Drogheda, and the Earl of Charlemont, as Trustees for and on behalf of the Irish Turf Club.	- - A Piece of Ground, part of the Curragh of Kildare, containing 2 A. 0 R. 26 P., or thereabouts, statute measure, upon portions of which a new Stand House has been erected, and other buildings, at the expense of the Turf Club.	- - For one year from 25th March 1868, and so on from year to year until a surrender is required.	1 1 –

IRELAND—*continued.*

Appendix, N° 20.

A SCHEDULE of PERPETUAL and UNIMPROVABLE RENTS payable to the Crown in *Ireland,* which have been Sold by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods, &c., between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive.

Numbers of Conveyances	DATES of CONVEYANCES.	NAMES OF PURCHASERS.	AMOUNT of YEARLY RENTS SOLD.	COUNTIES.	PURCHASE-MONEYS.
	1868:		£. s. d.		£. s. d.
1,326	April - 21	James Hunt - - - -	12 – 11¼	Cork - - -	346 10 –
1,327	May - 19	The Judges of the Landed Estates Court in Ireland.	11 – 4¾	- ditto - -	317 14 –
1,328	June - 12	Mathew Cassidy - - - -	– 4 7½	Roscommon -	7 15 –
1,329	" - "	Charles Kelly - - - -	4 14 9¼	Tipperary - -	134 3 6
1,330	July - 24	The Viscountess Palmerston and the Right Honourable William Cowper.	18 2 11¾	Dublin - -	514 10 –
1,331	August - 5	The Judges of the Landed Estates Court in Ireland.	12 4 6¾	Meath - -	348 – 6
1,332	September 21	Nathaniel Hone, junior - -	2 4 7	Longford - -	63 16 6
1,333	December 16	Edward Barrington - - -	– 17 4½	Wicklow - -	26 18 –
1,334	" - "	The Judges of the Landed Estates Court in Ireland.	12 10 –¼	Monaghan - -	364 17 –
	1869:				
1,335	January - 11	William FitzWilliam Lenox Conyngham.	– 18 5½	Antrim - -	28 10 –
1,336	March - 16	The Lord Inchiquin - - -	13 16 11¾	Clare - - -	402 10 –
1,337	" - "	James Boyle - - - -	– 17 2¼	Londonderry -	26 12 6
1,338	" - "	Sampson Beamish - - -	1 9 –¼	Cork - - -	42 2 6
1,339	" - "	The Judges of the Landed Estates Court in Ireland.	6 2 1½	Kilkenny - -	215 3 –
1,340	" - 22	- ditto - - ditto - - -	47 4 11¼	Wexford - -	1,332 16 –
1,341	" - "	Thomas Beamish - - -	– 4 7½	Cork - - -	7 15 –
1,342	" - "	The Right Honourable Richard More O'Ferrall.	32 2 3¼	Carlow - -	911 17 6
1,343	" - "	William Fenelon - - - -	1 7 11¼	Kilkenny - -	40 12 –
1,344	" - 24	Finlay Chester - - - -	21 13 3¾	Limerick - -	610 3 6
		TOTAL Yearly Rents Sold - - -	£.199 17 1¼	TOTAL Purchase Money - -	£.5,742 6 6

IRELAND—*continued.*

Appendix, N° 21. - - - - - - -

GENERAL ABSTRACT of QUIT, &c. LEASEHOLD and other RENTS in *Ireland*, for the Year ended Commencement and

NAMES of COLLECTORS.	COUNTY or COLLECTION.	DESCRIPTION of RENTS.	CHARGE. Arrears 31 March 1868. Solvent.	Arrears 31 March 1868. Insolvent.	Rental for the Year.	Acquittance Fees.
			£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
L. Counsel - - -	Athlone - -	Quit, &c. - -	3,785 12 1⅛	3,249 – 7⅞	6,341 2 7¾	136 16 11
Thomas Derham - -	Bandon - -	Quit, &c. - -	2,604 2 6¾	14,090 9 11¾	3,755 6 7¾	61 16 7
		Leasehold - -	66 12 8¼	- - -	128 6 4½	- -
J. Hill - - - -	Belfast - - -	Quit, &c. - -	541 13 9½	3,538 16 5¾	1,022 12 8½	15 10 –
		Leasehold - -	8 – –	- - -	29 – –	- -
	County Antrim, ditto	Mines Account -	1 – –	- - -	6 – –	- -
John Thorburn - -	Carlow - - -	Quit, &c. - -	3,233 16 3⅛	3,083 15 –⅜	4,076 – 8¾	58 15 8
		Leasehold - -	3 – 9	- - -	24 – 2	- -
	County Kildare, ditto	Mines Account -	- - -	- - -	81 11 6	- -
		Booth Rents -	- - -	- - -	13 15 –	- -
		Tent Ground -	- - -	- - -	2 10 –	- -
R. Fawcett - - -	Coleraine - -	Quit, &c. - -	280 14 11⅛	324 18 2¼	436 10 3⅛	9 16 –
		Leasehold - -	1 – –	- - -	2 – –	- -
J. Davidson - - -	Cork - - -	Quit, &c. - -	1,609 17 6¼	489 14 9¾	1,766 4 9¾	41 13 6
S. Cathcart - - -	Dublin - - -	Quit, &c. - -	1,132 17 –⅛	3,188 15 9	697 8 4¾	15 4 2
		Leasehold - -	– 6 6	- - -	10 19 –	- -
		Rentcharges - -	- - -	- - -	159 14 2¼	- -
J. Hamilton - - -	Dundalk - -	Quit, &c. - -	3,788 3 –	4,769 14 3¼	6,358 17 11⅝	122 13 5
		Leasehold - -	- - -	- - -	10 – –	- -
E. Hanly - - -	Galway - -	Quit, &c. - -	2,441 4 11¼	2,623 6 8⅝	3,082 5 6⅝	144 8 –
W. Barnes - - -	Limerick - -	Quit, &c. - -	3,809 10 3⅛	4,609 15 10	5,003 2 3⅛	117 17 3
R. Laffère - - -	Londonderry - -	Quit, &c. - -	482 – 8½	481 13 3⅛	825 16 1¼	8 1 –
M. Coleman - - -	Sligo - - -	Quit, &c. - -	2,051 6 3¼	3,811 5 1⅛	2,944 8 10¼	91 11 4
H. Rundle - - -	Waterford - -	Quit, &c. - -	3,540 5 9⅞	6,604 19 4¾	4,440 9 3¾	89 11 9
		Leasehold - -	1 5 6	- - -	2 11 –	- -
W. R. Hickey - - -	Wexford - -	Quit, &c. - -	2,237 5 7¾	2,125 16 –⅝	3,883 14 9⅝	68 2 7
		Leasehold - -	- - -	- - -	25 – –	- -
		£.	31,619 16 3	52,992 1 6¼	45,129 8 3⅜	981 18 2

£. 84,611. 17. 9¼.

IRELAND—*continued.*

- - - - - - - - Appendix, N° 21.

31st March 1869, showing the Amount of Revenue received within the Year, with the Arrears due at the Close thereof.

CHARGE.		DISCHARGE.				
Income Tax on Per-Centage allowed to Collectors.	TOTALS.	Receipts within the Year.	Rents Sold.	Insolvent Arrear Discharged.	Arrears 31 March 1869.	
					Solvent.	Insolvent.
£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
3 4 1	13,515 16 4⅜	6,459 – 7¼	24 12 –	- - -	3,762 8 1⅞	3,269 15 7⅝
1 17 9	20,513 13 6¼	3,701 19 3¼	2 14 3¾	- - -	2,641 19 8½	14,167 – 2⅝
- -	194 19 –¾	138 16 4½	- - -	- - -	56 2 8¼	—
– 10 2	5,119 3 1¾	1,017 7 1	- - -	- - -	542 12 3	3,559 3 9¾
- -	37 – –	27 – –	- - -	- - -	10 – –	—
- -	7 – –	6 – –	- - -	- - -	1 – –	—
2 – 10	10,454 8 6¼	4,007 19 10¾	28 1 2⅛	- - -	3,313 6 9⅝	3,105 – 7⅝
- -	27 – 11	23 9 5	- - -	- - -	3 11 6	—
- -	81 11 6	81 11 6	—	—	—	—
- -	13 15 –	11 – –	- - -	- - -	2 15 –	—
- -	2 10 –	2 10 –	—	—	—	—
– 4 3	1,052 3 7½	442 19 9⅛	1 7 –⅝	- - -	281 1 8½	326 15 1¼
- -	3 – –	2 – –	- - -	- - -	1 – –	—
– 17 –	3,908 7 7¾	1,753 10 5	15 6 9	- - -	1,647 8 10	492 1 7¾
– 8 2	5,034 13 5⅞	664 13 10⅛	8 11 11	- - -	1,149 11 5¼	3,211 16 3½
- -	11 5 6	10 19 –	- - -	- - -	– 6 6	—
- -	159 14 2¼	159 14 2¼	—	—	—	—
3 4 7	15,042 13 2⅞	6,502 11 8⅝	22 17 8½	- - -	3,717 18 7	4,799 5 2⅝
- -	10 – –	8 15 –	- - -	- - -	1 5 –	—
1 11 5	8,292 16 7½	3,177 9 4⅛	– 8 1½	- - -	2,474 4 2¼	2,640 14 11⅝
2 9 11	13,542 15 6¼	5,047 17 6¼	29 16 11⅝	- - -	3,826 13 8⅛	4,638 7 4¼
– 8 6	1,797 19 6⅞	872 16 3¾	- - -	- - -	439 13 6¼	485 9 8⅞
1 10 –	8,900 1 6⅝	3,047 5 2⅞	5 1 –	- - -	2,012 3 1⅝	3,835 12 2⅝
2 5 1	14,677 11 4⅜	4,562 15 11	4 14 9¼	- - -	3,461 16 10⅝	6,648 3 9¾
- -	3 16 6	2 11 –	- - -	- - -	1 5 6	—
1 18 8	8,316 17 9	3,884 12 9½	27 7 6	21 19 8¼	2,266 19 10½	2,115 17 10½
- -	25 – –	25 – –	—	—	—	—
22 10 5	130,745 14 7⅝	45,642 6 2⅝	170 19 3⅝	21 19 8¼	31,615 4 11¼	53,295 4 6⅛

£. 84,910. 9. 5⅜.

Certified 3 May 1869. (signed) *G. S. Smythe.*

IRELAND—*continued.*

Appendix, N° 22.

Dr. GENERAL ABSTRACT of QUIT, &c., RENTS, and

COLLECTORS.

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
To Cash due on the 31st March 1868				-		-	344	12	2½
Arrears claimed on Insolvent List and outstanding on the 31st March 1868				-		-	52,992	1	6¼
Solvent Arrears of Quit, &c., Rents, outstanding on the 31st March 1868				-		-	31,538	10	9¾
Ditto returned on List, exceeding Claim on Account Current				-		-	–	2	1½
One Year's Charge of Quit, &c., Rents, due 25th March 1869				44,633	17	3¾			
Add,—									
One Gale of Rents Short Charged on Rental				–	1	7⅜			
				44,633	18	11⅛			
Deduct,—	£.	s.	d.						
Remaining Gale of Rents purchased from Michaelmas 1867: Nos. of Conveyances 1,306 to 1,325, both inclusive	40	14	3⅝						
Rents purchased from Easter 1868: Nos. of Conveyances 1,326 to 1,332, both inclusive	60	12	10¼						
One Gale of Rents purchased from Michaelmas 1868: Nos. of Conveyances 1,333 to 1,344, both inclusive	69	12	1½						
				170	19	3⅜			
							44,462	19	7¾
Fees on Acquittances				-		-	981	18	2
Income Tax on Per-centage allowed to Collectors				-		-	22	10	5
Arrears of Leasehold Rents outstanding on the 31st March 1868				-		-	81	5	5¼
One Year's Charge of ditto				384	18	4½			
Add,—									
One Year's Rent to 25th March 1869 of two new Charges at 2*l.* per annum each, for Parcels of the Foreshore of Belfast Lough, County Down. Orders dated 16th May 1868 and 28th May 1868				4	–	–			
One Year's Rent to same Period for Parcel of the Curragh of Kildare, demised to Trustees for Irish Turf Club. Order dated 28th July 1868				1	1	–			
				389	19	4½			
Deduct,—	£.	s.	d.						
Three-quarters Rent of Parcel of said Curragh to 5th January 1869 discharged, Lease having been surrendered. Order dated 28th July 1868	–	–	9						
One Year's Rent of another Parcel of said Curragh to 25th March 1869, discharged for same reason. Same Order	1	–	–						
Proportion for the Period from 16th July to 5th October 1868, of Rent of 5*l.* per Annum Charged on War Department in respect of the Encampment on said Curragh, and which Rent is discharged from 16th July 1868, under Order dated 24th August 1868	1	2	1						
Proportion for the Period from 16th July 1868 to 1st January 1869, of Rent of 150*l.* per Annum Charged on War Department for privilege of taking Gravel from said Curragh, and which Rent is discharged from 16th July 1868. Same Order	68	8	6						
				70	11	4			
							319	8	–½
One Year's Charge of Rentcharges, due 1st November 1868				-		-	159	14	2¼
Weekly Rents payable for Booths in connection with the Camp on the Curragh of Kildare, for 30 Weeks from 28th August 1868 to 25th March 1869, both days inclusive. Order, 10th September 1868				-		-	13	15	–
Cash received for Occupation of Ground on said Curragh, for the erection of Tents during the Race Meeting for October 1868. Order, 2nd February 1869				-		-	2	10	–
						£.	130,919	7	6¾

IRELAND—*continued.*

- - - - - - - Appendix, N° 22.

LEASEHOLD RENTS, for the Year ending 31st March 1869. *Cr.*

CONTRA.

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
By Cash remitted				-		-	43,515	5	1
„ Cash due				-		-	392	10	3⅝
„ Per-centage on Receipts				-		-	912	6	6
„ Incidental Expenses				-		-	80	8	11
„ Property Tax allowed on Quit, &c. Rents				-		-	1,070	7	6
„ Ditto - - - Leasehold Rents				-		-	1	14	5
„ Ditto - - - Rentcharges				-		-	3	19	6
„ Poor-rates allowed on Leasehold Rents				-		-	4	–	–
Solvent Arrears of Quit, &c. Rents, outstanding on the 31st March 1869, viz.—									
Due at Michaelmas 1868	-	-	-	9,734	2	7¾			
Half Year's Rents, due 25th March 1869	22,032	4	1⅞						
Deduct, received up to 31st March 1869	228	8	–⅝						
				21,803	16	1¼			
							31,537	18	9
Arrear of 71½ Years to Michaelmas 1862, Claimed on Insolvent List, and due on a Yearly Crown Rent of 6*s.* 1¾*d.* charged on Fairs at Bree, County Wexford, discharged in pursuance of Composition entered into with the Party liable. Order dated 22nd January 1869				-		-	21	19	8½
Insolvent Arrears of Quit, &c. Rents, outstanding on the 31st March 1868				52,992	1	6¼			
Deduct,—									
Receipt on Quit, &c. Rents, included in Cash remitted	3	18	1⅝						
Arrear discharged as above	21	19	8½						
				25	17	10⅛			
				52,966	3	8⅛			
Add,—One Year's Charge of Insolvent Rent to 25th March 1869	329	6	11¾						
Deduct,—Rent transferred to Solvent List	–	6	1¾						
				329	–	10			
							53,295	4	6⅛
One Year's Tithe Rentcharge to 1st May 1868, due to Incumbent out of the Crown Lands of James Fort, or Old Fort, in Ringrone Parish, County Cork, 3*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.*, less 5*s.* 6*d.* Poor-rate, and 1*s.* 6*d.* Income Tax. Order dated 30th May 1857				-		-	2	16	4
One Year's Tithe Rentcharge to 1st November 1868, due to Incumbent out of the Crown Lands of Charles Fort, or Fort Hill, in Rincurran Parish, County Cork, 3*l.* 17*s.* 8½*d.*, less 1*s.* 10*d.* Income Tax, and 6*s.* Poor-rate. Order dated 2nd August 1855				-		-	3	9	10½
Arrears of Leasehold Rents outstanding on the 31st March 1869				-		-	74	11	2¼
Arrears of Weekly Rents of Booths in connection with the Camp on the Curragh of Kildare, outstanding on the 31st March 1869				-		-	2	15	–
						£.	130,919	7	6¾

Certified, 3 May 1869.

(signed) *G. S. Smythe.*

ISLE OF MAN. - - - - - -

Appendix, N° 23. - - - - - - -

A SCHEDULE of LEASES of MESSUAGES, TENEMENTS, LANDS, and HEREDITAMENTS in the *Isle of Man*, belonging showing,—The Dates of Leases; the Premises comprised therein; the Names of the Lessees; the Terms granted; Rents reserved; the Fines paid; the Insurances to be made against Fire; and upon what other Considerations as have been before in Lease by the last preceding Surveys, or other Accounts; and the Rents reserved and Fines

DATES of LEASES.	PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
1868:				
May 25	The Slate and Stone (other than Slate or Stone to be taken for any purposes connected with the construction or repairs of Harbours in the Isle of Man) within, under, or upon a tract of Land, containing about 495 acres, situate in the Parish of Maughold.	- - John Stanway Jackson, Wallace William Cragg, and William Hearn Ridgway (with the consent of Richard Quirk, the Receiver General and Chairman of the Harbour Trustees of the Isle of Man).	- - 21 years from 5th July 1866, determinable by the Lessees at the end of the fourth or of any subsequent year of the term, on giving six months' previous notice, and on paying one year's Rent and minimum Royalty, in addition to the Rent and Royalty due.	Uncertain -
July 17	The Slate and Stone within, under, or upon a tract of Land, containing 300 acres, or thereabouts, situate in the Parish of Maughold.	- - Melchor George Klingender and Robert Teare.	- - 21 years from 10th October 1867, determinable by the said Lessees at the end of the fourth or of any subsequent year of the term, on giving six months' previous notice, and on paying the amount of one year's Rent and minimum Royalty, in addition to the Rent and Royalty due.	Uncertain -
Dec. 23	The Metals and Metallic Ores, and Minerals, including Silver Ore (but excepting Iron Stone, and Iron Ore, Granite, Slate, and other Stone), within, under, or upon a tract of Land, containing about 10,000 acres, situate in the Parishes of Patrick, German, Malew, and Marown, comprising the Foxdale Mines.	- - Thomas Dixon, Henry Hodgson, and Arthur Potts.	- - 31 years from 10th October 1868, determinable by the said Lessees at the end of any year of the said term, on giving six months' previous notice, and on paying one year's Rent and minimum Royalty, in addition to the Rent and Royalty due.	Uncertain -

ISLE OF MAN.

Appendix, N° 23.

to the Crown, granted between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive; the Annual Value of the Premises, as estimated or returned by the Surveyor employed to survey the same; the such Leases respectively have been granted; and showing, also, the Annual Value of such Parts of the Premises paid for the preceding Leases.

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.						
1 – – and a Royalty of 1-12th part in value of all the Slate and Stone raised or gotten, not being less than 5 *l.* for the first year, 10 *l.* for the second year, 20 *l.* for the third year, and 30 *l.* per annum for the remainder of the term.	- -	- -	- - -	- - Not before in Lease.		
1 – – and a Royalty of 1-12th part in value of all Slate and Stone raised or gotten, not being less than 5 *l.* for the first year, 10 *l.* for the second, 20 *l.* for the third year, and 30 *l.* per annum during the remainder of the term.	- -	- -	- - -	- - Not before in Lease.		
1 – – and a Royalty of 1-12th part in value of all the Mineral substances raised or gotten, not being less than 200 *l.* per annum.	- -	- -	- - -	- - These Premises formed a portion of those granted on the 21st November 1848 and 24th October 1850, in Lease to Messrs. Dixon, Hodgson, and Beckwith, at a Rent of 1 *l.* per annum, and a Royalty of 1-12th part in value of all the Minerals raised or gotten. These Leases were surrendered on the 22nd December last.		

ISLE OF MAN—*continued.*

Appendix, N° 24.—A SCHEDULE of all MANORS, BUILDINGS, LANDS, and other HEREDITAMENTS, belonging to the Crown, in the *Isle of Man*, which have been Sold by Private Contract, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive, under the Authority of the Acts 10 Geo. 4, c. 50, 2 Will. 4, c. 1, and 14 & 15 Vict. c. 42; showing, the Dates of the Conveyances thereof respectively; the Property comprised therein; the Names of the Purchasers; the Terms unexpired of the subsisting Leases at the time of Sale; and the Purchase Money paid for the Property; and also showing, according to the Survey and Valuation under which the last Lease was granted, the Annual Value of such part thereof; and the Rents reserved and the Fines paid for the last or subsisting Leases thereof.

DATES of CONTRACTS.	PREMISES SOLD.	NAMES of PURCHASERS.	TERMS UNEXPIRED of subsisting Leases at the Time of Sale.	PURCHASE MONEY.	ANNUAL VALUE per Surveys for last LEASES.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
1868:				£. s. d.			
May - 21	- -wo Pieces of Foreshore Land, one Piece containing in length 18 Feet 10 Inches, or thereabouts, being in front of Land belonging to John Curphey; and the other, containing in length about 18 Feet 10 Inches, in front of Land belonging to John Kelly, forming part of the Shore of Douglas Bay.	- -John Curphey and John Kelly.	- -	6 – –			
„ 29	- - Four Pieces of Land, containing together about 25 A. 0 R. 25 P., situate in the Parishes of Kirk Malew and Kirk Marown, being Lots 42ᶜ, 43ᶜ, 45ᶜ, and 46ᶜ, sold to Her Majesty under "The Isle of Man Disafforesting Act, 1860."	Thomas Cretney - -	- -	250 – –			
1869:					- -	Never in Lease.	
March - 3	- - The interest of the Crown in a Piece of Foreshore Land, containing about 1 A. 0 R. 18 P., forming part of the Bay at Douglas; also, in Two Pieces of Foreshore Land, containing together about 1 R. 27 P., being respectively parts of the Bay aforesaid.	- - Richard Quirk (Receiver General of the Isle of Man), in trust for the Isle of Man Harbour Commissioners - - -	- - - -	100 – – 25 – –			
„ - 25	- - The Interest of the Crown in Two Pieces of Foreshore Land, containing together about 4 A. 3 R. 36 P., situate on the South side of the said Bay.	- Ditto - - -	- -	200 – –			
„ - 31	- - The Interest of the Crown in a Piece of Land, containing 35 A. 2 R. 30 P., situate in the Parish of Kirk Marown, and forming Lot 22ᶜ of the Lands purchased by the Crown under "The Isle of Man Disafforesting Act, 1860."	- - The Rev. James Alexander M'Mullen.	- -	200 – –			

ISLE OF MAN—*continued.*

Appendix, No 25.

A SCHEDULE of EXCHANGES made of parts of the Estate of the Crown for parts of the Estates of Individuals, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869 both days inclusive.

DATES of EXCHANGES.	Persons with whom the Exchanges have been made.	CROWN PROPERTY.	PRIVATE PROPERTY.	Sums Paid in Equalization of Exchange.	Sums Received in Equalization of Exchange.
1868:				£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Nov. - 17	- - Richard Quirk (Receiver General of the Isle of Man, in trust for the Isle of Man Harbour Commissioners).	- - A Piece of Foreshore Land, containing about 2 A. 0 R. 18 P., situate on the West side of the Harbour at Port Erin.	- - A Piece of Foreshore Land, containing about 2 A. 2 R. 2 P., situate on the West side of the Harbour at Port Erin, being part of a Piece of Land conveyed by the Crown to the said Richard Quirk, by Indenture, dated 17th November 1865.	—	—

ENGLAND AND WALES.

Appendix, N° 26.—A SCHEDULE of FEE-FARM and other UNIMPROVABLE RENTS payable to the Crown, in *England* and *Wales*, which have been Sold by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods, &c., between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive.

Numbers of Conveyances.	Dates of Conveyances.	NAMES OF PURCHASERS.	COUNTIES.	PREMISES AND NUMBERS ON RENTAL.	YEARLY RENTS.	PURCHASE MONIES.
	1868:				£. s. d.	£. s. d.
956	April 22	The Lord Overstone	Northampton	No. 14, Lands in Boddington Appletree	– 4 –	6 – –
957	May 28	John Lewes, Price Lewes, Richard David Jenkins, and Thomas Davies (as Trustees for Thomas Williams, a Minor), David Parry Jones, and Anne his Wife.	Cardigan	No. 7, "Two Tenements in Istrad"	– 13 4	20 – –
958	June 3	Sir Hugh Williams	Denbigh	No. 711, Lordship of Yale	1 2 –	46 10 –
				No. 713, ditto	– 9 –	
959	" 23	John Sykes	ditto	No. 812, Lordship of Bromfield	– – 8	1 – –
960	July 1	The Rev. Alfred Butler Clough and the Rev. Charles Wilson Heaton.	ditto	No. 82[a], No. 82[b] } Lands in the Vills of Erriveatt and Wenenock Wintus, Commote of Issallett	– 19 10	29 15 –
961	" 15	Charles Reynolds Williams	Merioneth	No. 3, Parish of Llanelltyd, Hundred or Commote of Ardydwy Is Artro, "Dolymelynllyn."	– 1 1	6 12 6
				No. 6, Parish of Ganllwyd, Vill of Harlech, "Ty Cerrig"	– 3 4	
962	" 16	Sir Robert Alfred Cunliffe	Denbigh	No. 81, Lordship of Bromfield	– 1 6	2 5 –
963	" 23	William Putland Meyrick	Anglesea	No. 5, "Bodronion Mill"	– 9 8	14 10 –
964	Oct. 23	David Edwards	Merioneth	No. 319, Hundred or Commote of Penllyn "House adjoining to Maes-y-llan"	– – 4	– 10 –
965	Nov. 11	Edward Hughes	ditto	No. 389, ditto "Tymawr-llyn"	– 1 –½	2 4 4½
				No. 390, ditto "Ty Fotty"	– – 5¼	

966	Dec. 1	Thomas Dixon - - - -	Chester -	No. 183^{1}, A Timber Yard on the East side of St. John's Lane, in the City of Chester.	1	6	8	34	-	-
967	" 1	J. D. Whitehead - - -	Carnarvon -	No. 36, Hundred or Commote of Isgorfai, "Glanywern, otherwise Glangwna" -	-	-	4	4	-	-
				No. 42, - ditto - ditto - "Bodrual" - - - - -	-	2	4			
968	" 1	Thomas Hughes - - -	Denbigh -	No. 214, A Tenement in the Hundred or Commote of Isalet - - - -	-	14	8	22	-	-
969	" 10	Thomas Pritchard - - -	Carnarvon -	No. 155, Hundred or Commote of Efionydd, "Hendre-bach" - - - -	-	-	5	-	12	6
970	" 16	Charles Frost - - - -	Denbigh -	No. 516, Lordship of Denbigh, "Penybryn" - - - - - - -	-	3	5	5	2	6
	1869:									
971	Jan. 18	John Argent - - - -	City of London	No. 90, Richard's Coffee House, near the Temple - - - - - -	-	4	-	6	-	-
972	Feb. 17	Owen Owens - - - -	Merioneth -	No. 9, Parish of Llanelltyd, Hundred or Commote of Ardydwy Is Artro, "Ganllyn-forwyn."	-	-	8	1	-	-
973	" 17	Joseph Gillott - - - -	- ditto -	No. 14, Vill of Llanaber, "Y Gribin" - - - - - - - -	-	-	4	-	10	-
974	" 3	The Trustees of the Marlborough Charity.	Warwick -	No. 173^{A}, Land in Merston Jabbott - - - - - - - -	-	8	-	18	12	6
				No. 173^{B}, - ditto - - - - - - - - - -	-	4	5			
975	Mar. 9	Richard John Lloyd Price -	Merioneth -	No. 178, Hundred or Commote of Penllyn, "Y Gelli" - - - - -	-	1	-	5	2	6
				No. 117, - - ditto - - "Maes-y-tail" - - - - -	-	1	-			
				No. 144, - - ditto - - "Tyddyn-ffylip" - - - -	-	-	6			
				No. 317, - - ditto - - "Tyddyn Bryn" - - - -	-	-	5			
				No. 10, Town of Bala, "Haimer acr y plasan" - - - - - -	-	-	6			
976	" 23	Rev. John Clough Williams Ellis	Carnarvon -	No. 188, Hundred or Commote of Efionydd, "Brynygwydryn issa" - - -	-	1	3	1	17	6
				TOTAL - - - £.	5	9	$-\frac{3}{4}$	163	11	$10\frac{1}{2}$

Appendix, N° 27.—A SCHEDULE of Leases of Messuages, Tenements, Lands, and Hereditaments, in days inclusive; showing the Dates of Leases; the Premises comprised therein; the Names of the Lessees; the the same; the Rents reserved; the Fines paid; the Insurances to be made against Fire; and upon what of the Premises as have been before in Lease by the last preceding Surveys or other Accounts; and the Rents

DATES of LEASES.	PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
	ANGLESEA:			£. s. d.
1868:				
April 27	The Stone within, under, or upon two Pieces of Land, containing together about 62 A. 2 R., situate on Holyhead Mountain.	- - The Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade.	- - 5 years from 5th April 1868, determinable by the Lessees at any time on giving six months' previous notice.	Uncertain -
	CARNARVON:			
Oct. 2	The Slate and Stone within, under, or upon a Piece of Land, containing about 137 Acres, situate in the Parish of Llandwrog, being parcel of the Comott of Uwchgorfai, belonging to Her Majesty, and comprising the Vron Quarry; also within, under, or upon a tract of Land, containing about 35 A. 2 R. 16 P., situate in the said Parish of Llandwrog, and forming part of the Braichrhydd Quarry.	- - John Robinson and William Tuxford.	- - 29 years from 10th October 1867, in respect of the first-mentioned land, and 26½ years from 5th April 1870, as regards the last-mentioned premises, both terms determinable by the Lessees at the end of the fifth or any subsequent year of the said term of 29 years, on giving six months' previous notice, and on paying one year's rent and minimum royalty, in addition to the rent and royalty due.	Uncertain -
Dec. 16	Foreshore Land, containing about 4 A. 3 R. 32 P., situate at Gimblet Rock, near Pwllheli, in or adjacent to the Parish of Denio, with the Shipping-place, Tramway, and Buildings thereupon.	Thomas Jump - -	- - 17 years from 10th October 1867, determinable at any time on the Lessee ceasing to be the tenant of the Gimblet Rock Quarry.	Uncertain -

Wales, belonging to The Crown, granted between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both Terms granted; the Annual Value of the Premi es, as estimated or returned by the Surveyor employed to Survey other Considerations such Leases respectively have been granted; and showing, also, the Annual Value of such Parts reserved and Fines paid for the preceding Leases.

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.					£. d.	
200 - -	- -	- -	- - - -	- -	20 –	—
30 - - per annum, and a royalty of 1-12th part in value of all the Slate and Stone raised or gotten, not being less than 200 *l.* per annum previously to the 5th April 1870, after which time not to be less than 240*l.* per annum.	- -	- -	- - - -	- - The Slate, &c. within a portion of this Land, containing about 51 A. 1 R. 33 P., was on the 29th September 1857 granted in Lease to Mr. John Lloyd Jones for the term of 21 years from the 10th October 1857, at the yearly rent of 1 *l.*, and a royalty of 1-12th part in value of the Slate, &c. raised or gotten, not being less than 80 *l.* per annum. This Lease was surrendered on the 1st October last.		
1 - - and a royalty of 1 *d.* for every ton of Slate and Stone, Minerals, and other substances, shipped from the Pier or Shipping-place, not being less than 10 *l.* per annum.	- -	- -	- - - -	- -	5 - - per annum.	—

Appendix, N° 27.—Comprising Leases granted - - - - - -

DATES of LEASES.	PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
1868:	CARNARVON—*continued.*			£. s. d.
Dec. 17	The Slate and Stone within, under or upon a tract of Land, containing about 200 Acres, situate in the Parish of Llanllechid, in Her Majesty's Comott of Uchaf.	- - David William Evans, William Evans, and John Evans.	- - 21 years from 10th October 1867, determinable by the Lessees at the end of the third or any subsequent year of the term, on giving six months' previous notice, and on paying one year's rent and minimum royalty in addition to the rent and royalty due.	Uncertain -
1869:				
March 6	The Slate and Stone and the Mines, Metals, Metallic Ores, and Minerals within, under or upon a tract of Land, containing about 265 Acres, situate adjoining Moel Faban, in the Parish of Llanllechid, parcel of Her Majesty's Comott or Hundred of Uchaf.	- - The Bangor Slate Company (Limited).	- - 18 years from 10th October 1868, determinable by the Lessees at the end of any year of the said term, on giving six months' previous notice, and on paying the amount of one year's rent and minimum royalty in addition to the rent and royalty due.	Uncertain -
1868:	FLINT:			
May 13	Foreshore of the River Clwyd, containing about 1 A. 1 R. 7 P. in or adjacent to the Parish of Rhuddlan, together with the Pier and other Buildings constructed thereon.	- - William Roberts and Sarah Roberts.	- - 21 years from 10th October 1868.	- - -
Nov. 20	Foreshore of the River Clwyd, containing about 2 R. 13 P. in or adjacent to the Parish of Rhuddlan, together with the Pier and other Buildings constructed thereon.	Robert Wheeler Preston	- - 21 years from 10th October 1868.	- - -

- - - - - of MESSUAGES or TENEMENTS, &c.—*continued.*

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. s. d.						
1 – – and a royalty of 1-12th part in value of all Slate and Stone raised or gotten, not being less than 10 *l.* during the first year, 20 *l.* for the second year, and 30 *l.* per annum during the remainder of the term.	- -	- -	- - - -	- - Not before in Lease.		
1 – – and a royalty of 1-12th part in value of all the Slate, Stone, and Mineral substances raised and gotten, not being less than 50 *l.* per annum.	- -	- -	- - - -	- - A part of this Land, containing about 165 Acres, was included in a Lease granted to the Bangor Slate Company (Limited) on the 21st October 1857 for 31 years from 10 October 1856, of the Slate, Stone, &c. within about 1,000 Acres of Land at the rent of 1 *l.* per annum, and a royalty of 1-12th part in value of the substances raised or gotten, not being less than 250 *l.* per annum. This Lease, so far as regards the Piece of Land here mentioned, was surrendered on the 5th March 1869. The remainder of the Premises was included in a Lease granted to the same Company on the 21st of December 1865, for a term of three years from the 10th October 1865 at a rent of 1 *l.* per annum and a royalty of 1-12th, not being less than 30 *l* per annum.		
14 – –	- -	- -	- - - -	- - This Land forms a portion of that containing 1 A. 1 R. 9 P., formerly in Lease to Messrs. Sisson & Rowlands for a term of 31 years from the 10th October 1837, at an annual rent of 5 *l.* The Lease expired 10th October 1868.		
35 – –	- -	- -	- - - -	- - This Land includes the remainder of the above-mentioned Parcel of Land, together with two Pieces of Land, containing together 1 R. 21 P., granted on the 6th September 1858 to Messrs. H. G. Ward and G. Ward for a term of 11 years from 10th October 1857, at a rent of 7 *l.* per annum, and a Piece of Land, containing 16 Perches, granted on the 22nd December 1858 to Mr. J. Napier, for a term of 10 years from 10th October 1858, at a rent of 2 *l.* per annum.		

Appendix, N° 27.—Comprising Leases granted - - - - - - -

DATES of LEASES.	PREMISES GRANTED.	TO WHOM.	FOR WHAT TERMS.	Estimated Annual Value.
1869:	Flint—*continued.*			
Mar. 24	The Sand, Clay, and Limestone within under or upon a Piece of Land containing about 1 A. 2 R. 3 P., situate at Foel Ddu, on Halkin Mountain, in the Parish of Halkin.	- - Isaac Pickering and Daniel Pickering.	- - 7 years from 10th October 1868.	Uncertain -
1868:	MERIONETH:			
May 2	The Slate and Stone within, under, or upon a Piece of Land, containing about 50 Acres, situate in the Parish of Festiniog, parcel of the Comott of Ardwdwy Uwch Artro, in the Lordship of Penllyn.	- - Robert M'Callan, Thomas Miller Whittaker, and William Cooper.	- - 29 years from 10th October 1867.	Uncertain -
1869:				
Jan. 19	Foreshore Land of the River Dovey containing about three Roods adjacent to Land in the Parish of Towyn.	- - Thomas Holdsworth M'Connel and William M'Connel.	- - 31 years from 10th October 1868.	Uncertain -
Feb. 24	The Metallic Mines, Ores, and Minerals within, under, or upon a Piece of Land, containing about 91 A. 1 R. 18 P., situate in the Parish of Llanycil.	- - William Griffith, Rowland Hugh Pritchard, and Robert Jones Griffith.	- - 21 years from 10th October 1868, determinable by the Lessees at the end of the third or of any subsequent year of the term, on giving six months' previous notice, and on paying one year's Rent and minimum Royalty in addition to the Rent and Royalty due.	Uncertain -

- - - - - - of MESSUAGES or TENEMENTS, &c.—*continued.*

ON NEW LEASES:				ON PRECEDING LEASES:		
RENTS reserved in NEW LEASES.	FINES paid for the same.	INSURANCES against Fire.	Other Considerations for NEW LEASES.	Annual Value per last preceding Survey.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
£. *s.* *d.*					£. *s.* *d.*	
1 - - and a Royalty of 2*d.* for every ton of Limestone, and 4*d.* for every ton of Sand and Clay raised or gotten, not being less than 6*l.* per annum.	- -	- -	- - - -	- -	1 - - and a Royalty of 2*d.* for every ton of Limestone, and 4*d.* for every ton of Sand and Clay raised or gotten, not being less than 5*l.* per annum.	—
- - Rents and Royalties at the rate reserved by a Lease granted to the same parties on the 29th March 1866. (*See* Appendix to 44th Report, pp. 126 and 127.)	- -	- -	- - - -	- - The Premises granted have been added to the Premises demised to the present Lessees by Deed, dated 29th March 1866, of the Slate and Stone within 235 Acres of Land, for the term of 29 years from 10th October 1867, and are therefore subject to the same terms and conditions.		
1 - - and a Royalty of 1*d.* per ton on all Slate and Stone, Minerals, and other Substances shipped from the land.	- -	- -	- - - -	- - This Land was included in a Lease of Foreshore, containing about 9 A. 0 R. 13 P., granted on the 12th September 1864 to Miss Frances Griffiths for a term of 10 years from the 10th October 1863, at the nominal rent of 1*l.* per annum. The Lease, so far as relates to the Land now granted, was surrendered on the 18th instant.		
1 - - and a Royalty of 1-12th part in value of all the Mineral Substances raised or gotten, not being less than 10*l.* per annum during the first three years; 20*l.* per annum for the fourth and fifth years, or for either of such two years, and 30*l.* per annum during the remainder of the term.	- -	- -	- - - -	- -	Not before in Lease.	

WALES.

Appendix, No 28.—A SCHEDULE of all Manors, Buildings, Lands, and other Hereditaments, belonging to The Crown in *Wales*, which have been Sold by Private Contract, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both days inclusive, under the Authority of the Acts 10 Geo. 4, c. 50, 2 Will. 4, c. 1, and 14 & 15 Vict c 42; showing, the Dates of the Conveyances thereof respectively; the Property comprised therein; the Names of the Purchasers; the Terms unexpired of the subsisting Leases at the Time of Sale, and the Purchase Money paid for the Property; and also showing, according to the Survey and Valuation under which the last Lease was granted, the Annual Value of such Part thereof; and the Rents reserved, and the Fines paid for the last or subsisting Leases thereof.

DATES of CONTRACTS.	PREMISES SOLD.	NAMES of PURCHASERS.	TERMS UNEXPIRED of subsisting Leases at the Time of Sale.	PURCHASE-MONEY.	ANNUAL VALUE per Surveys for last LEASES.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
				£. s. d.			
1869:	ANGLESEA:						
	The Interest of the Crown in the under-mentioned Pieces of Land, with the Buildings thereon, being Encroachments from the Common Wastes of the Crown's Lordship or Manor of Dindaithwy:						
Jan. - 9 (No. 1,439.)	Land, containing about 12 Perches, being numbered 126ª on the Plan of Gwalchmai Common.	William Williams - -	- -	– 7 –	- - Never in Lease.		
Jan. - 9 (No. 1,440.)	Land, containing about 4 R. 3 A. 7 P., being numbered respectively 156 and 4 on the said Plan.	Thomas Lewis - -	- -	9 17 9			
1868:	CARDIGAN:						
April - 30 (No. 1,354.)	The Interest of the Crown in a Piece of Land, containing about 34 A. 2 R. 32 P., being an Encroachment from the Common Wastes of the Crown's Lordship or Manor of Perverth, and numbered 103ª on the Plan of the said Lordship or Manor.	William Jenkins - -	- -	20 – –			
	CARMARTHEN:						
	The Interest of the Crown in the under-mentioned Pieces of Land, with the Buildings thereon, being Encroachments from the Common Wastes of the Crown's Lordship or Manor of Cayo:						
July - 15 (No. 1,376.)	Land, containing about 13 A. 1 R. 28 P., being numbered respectively 8 and 9 on the Plan of Cayo Common, and 10 on the Plan of Craig Twrch Common.	John Davies - - -	- -	18 11 –			
July - 15 (No. 1,377.)	Land, containing about 14 A. 1 R. 7 P., with the Buildings thereon, being numbered respectively 16, 17, and 18 on the Plan of Clynneath Common.	Henry Thomas - -	- -	34 2 6			

July - 15 (No. 1,379.)	Land, containing about 38 A. 0 R. 15 P., being numbered respectively 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, and 29 on the Plan of Cayo Common.	Thomas Phillips	-	-	51	19	6		
August - 14 (No. 1,382.)	Land, containing about 1 A. 2 R. 10 P., being numbered respectively 12 and 13 on the Plan of Craig Twrch Common.	John Thomas	-	-	8	4	6		
August - 14 (No. 1,383.)	Land, containing about 4 A. 0 R. 20 P., being numbered 4 on the said Plan.	Margaret Jones	-	-	7	7	–		
August - 14 (No. 1,384.)	Land, containing about 60 A. 3 R. 22 P., being numbered 26 on the Plan of Cayo Common.	David Davies	-	-	95	18	–		
August - 14 (No. 1,385.)	Land, containing about 9 A. 1 R. 10 P., being numbered 11 on the said Plan.	William Davies	-	-	9	16	–		
August - 14 (No. 1,386.)	Land, containing about 3 R. 19 P., being numbered 33 on the Plan of Clynneath Common.	Mary Morgan	-	-	1	8	–		
August - 14 (No. 1,389.)	Land, containing about 4 A. 1 R. 3 P., being numbered respectively 13 and 14 on the said Plan.	Margaret Jones	-	-	6	6	–		
August - 14 (No. 1,390.)	Land, containing about 14 A. 0 R. 7 P., being numbered respectively 23 and 24 on the said Plan.	William Morgan	-	-	22	11	6		
August - 14 (No. 1,391.)	Land, containing about 15 A. 3 R. 3 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered respectively 29, 30, and 31 on the said Plan.	Evan Williams	-	-	22	11	6	- - Never in Lease.	
August - 14 (No. 1,392.)	Land, containing about 19 A. 3 R. 6 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered 15 on the said Plan.	Lewis James -	-	-	42	–	–		
August - 14 (No. 1,393.)	Land, containing about 16 A. 0 R. 39 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered respectively 4 and 5 on the Plan of Clynneath Common.	Anne Davies -	-	-	29	15	–		
August - 14 (No. 1,394.)	Land, containing about 13 A. 3 R. 7 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered 18 on the Plan of Cayo Common.	Rees Davies -	-	-	17	3	–		
August - 14 (No. 1,395.)	Land, containing about 37 A. 2 R. 29 P., being numbered respectively 13 and 14 on the said Plan.	David Davies	-	-	59	6	6		
Sept. - 22 (No. 1,404.)	Land, containing about 9 A. 3 R. 6 P., with the Buildings thereon, being numbered respectively 1, 2, and 3 on the Plan of Clynneath Common.	David Roderick	-	-	22	18	6		
Sept. - 22 (No. 1,405.)	Land, containing about 1 A. 0 R. 35 P., being numbered 6 on the Plan of the said Common.	Benjamin Lewis	-	-	1	15	–		
Sept. - 22 (No. 1,406.)	Land, containing about 8 A. 3 R. 17 P., being numbered respectively 7 and 8 on the said Plan.	Morgan Morgan	-	-	12	13	–		

Appendix, N° 28.—A SCHEDULE of all Manors, Buildings, Lands, and other Hereditaments, belonging to The Crown in *Wales*, which have been Sold by Private Contract, &c.—*continued.*

DATES of CONTRACTS.	PREMISES SOLD.	NAMES of PURCHASERS.	TERMS UNEXPIRED of subsisting Leases at the Time of Sale.	PURCHASE-MONEY.	ANNUAL VALUE per Surveys for last LEASES.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
1868:	CARMARTHEN—*continued.*			£. s. d.			
Sept. - 22 (No. 1,407.)	Land, containing about 6 A. 1 R. 9 P., being numbered respectively 9, 10, 11, and 12 on the said Plan.	John Roderick - -	- -	12 12 -			
Sept. - 22 (No. 1,408.)	Land, containing about 26 A. 1 R. 38 P., being numbered respectively 5 and 16 on the Plan of Cayo Common; also 4 A. 3 R. 16 P., being numbered respectively 4 and 5 on the Plan of Mallaen Common in the said Lordship of Cayo.	John Frederick Vaughan Campbell Earl Cawdor.	- -	33 10 -			
Sept. - 22 (No. 1,049.)	Land, containing about 5 A. 3 R. 13 P., situate in the Lordship or Manor of Mallaen, being numbered 5[a] on the Plan of the said Encroachment.	Morgan Pryse Lloyd -	- -	6 – -			
Oct. - 1 (No. 1,411.)	Land, containing about 15 A. 2 R. 14 P., being numbered respectively 6 and 7 on the Plan of Craig Twrch Common, in the said Lordship of Cayo.	John Jones - - -	- -	14 14 -			
Oct. - 1 (No. 1,412.)	Land, containing about 20 A. 0 R. 5 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered respectively 25, 26, 27, and 28 on the Plan of Clynneath Common.	Evan Jones - - -	- -	37 9 -			
Oct. - 16 (No. 1,420.)	Land, containing about 1 A. 0 R. 32 P., being numbered 34 on the said Plan.	John Battersby Harford, the Rev. Thomas Dundas Harford Battersby, and Isaac Allen Cooke (Trustees under the Will of the late Rev. Alfred Harford).	- -	1 15 -	Never in Lease.		
Oct. - 23 (No. 1,428.)	Land, containing about 10 A. 1 R. 1 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered 17 on the Plan of Cayo Common.	David Davies - -	- -	13 16 6			
Oct. - 23 (No. 1,429.)	Land, containing about 17 A. 2 R. 14 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered respectively 32, 33, 34, and 35 on the said Plan.	Thomas Davies - -	- -	30 12 6			
Oct. - 23 (No. 1,430.)	Land, containing about 5 Perches, with the Building thereon, being numbered 32 on the Plan of Clynneath Common.	Morgan Morgan - -	- -	– 17 6			
Oct. - 23 (No. 1,431.)	Land, containing about 29 A. 3 R. 34 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered respectively 37 and 38 on the Plan of Cayo Common.	Thomas Williams - -	- -	36 1 -			
Oct. - 23 (No. 1,432.)	Land, containing about 4 A. 1 R. 11 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered respectively 3 and 4 on the Plan of Cayo Common.	David Davies - -	- -	6 3 1			

Dec. - 1 (No. 1,433.)	Land, containing about 9 A. 2 R. 21 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered respectively 21 and 22 on the said Plan.	David Davies - -	- -	23	12	6	Never in Lease.		
Dec. - 1 (No. 1,434.)	Land, containing about 14 A. 1 R. 11 P., with the Buildings thereon, being numbered 41 and 42 on the Plan of Cayo Common.	John Thomas - - -	- -	21	17	6			
Dec. - 1 (No. 1,435.)	Land, containing about 1 A. 2 R. 35 P., with the Buildings thereon, being numbered 14 on the Plan of Craig Twrch Common.	John Harris - - -	- -	7	3	6			
Dec. - 1 (No. 1,436.)	Land, containing about 1 R. 25 P., being numbered 9 on the said Plan -	William Walters - -	- -	–	14	–			
1869:									
Jan. - 9 (No. 1,441.)	Land, containing about 2 R. 28 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered 11 on the said Plan.	Evan Thomas - -	- -	4	11	–			
Jan. - 9 (No. 1,442.)	Land, containing about 1 A. 2 R. 9 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered respectively 1 and 2 on the said Plan.	Richard Hughes - -	- -	4	11	–			
Jan. - 9 (No. 1,443.)	Land, containing about 10 A. 2 R. 26 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered 20 on the Plan of Cayo Common.	Evan Evans - - -	- -	16	12	6			
Jan. - 9 (No. 1,444.)	Land, containing about 8 A. 2 R. 9 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered 3 on the Plan of Craig Twrch Common.	Evan Evans - - -	- -	12	15	6			
Jan. - 9 (No. 1,445.)	Land, containing about 6 A. 1 R. 17 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered 27 and 28 on the Plan of Cayo Common.	David Lewis - - -	- -	10	10	–			
Jan. - 9 (No. 1,446.)	Land, containing about 5 A. 2 R. 37 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered 40 on the said Plan.	Hugh Hughes - -	- -	9	12	6			
Jan. - 9 (No. 1,447.)	Land, containing about 20 A. 2 R. 16 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered respectively 19 and 20 on the Plan of Clynneath Common.	David Thomas - -	- -	44	9	–			
Jan. - 9 (No. 1,448.)	Land, containing about 31 A. 3 R., with the Buildings thereon, being numbered 5 on the Plan of Craig Twrch Common.	John Jones - - -	- -	30	12	6			
Feb. - 17 (No. 1,490.)	Land, containing about 1 A. 3 R. 5 P., being numbered 36 on the Plan of Cayo Common.	Charles Lloyd - -	- -	2	16	–			
	CARNARVON:								
Feb. - 12	The Interest of the Crown in two Pieces of Land, containing together 2 R. 6 P., adjoining the Mouth of the River Llanfair next the Sea, at Llanfairfechan.	The London and North Western Railway Company.	- -	6	5	–			

Appendix, N° 28.—A Schedule of all Manors, Buildings, Lands, and other Hereditaments, belonging to The Crown in *Wales*, which have been Sold by Private Contract, &c.—*continued.*

DATES of CONTRACTS.	PREMISES SOLD.	NAMES of PURCHASERS.	TERMS UNEXPIRED of subsisting Leases at the Time of Sale.	PURCHASE-MONEY.	ANNUAL VALUE per Surveys for last LEASES.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
	DENBIGH:						
1868:	The Interest of the Crown in the undermentioned Pieces of Land, with the Buildings thereon, being Encroachments from the Common Wastes of the Crown's Lordship or Manor of Bromfield and Yale:	-	- -	£. s. d.			
Aug. - 14 (No. 1,380.)	Land, containing about 17 A. 3 R. 6 P., being numbered respectively 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, and 13 on the Plan of Llay Green.	John Edward Madocks -	- -	125 13 7	- - Never in Lease.		
Aug. - 14 (No. 1,397.)	Land, containing about 10 Perches, marked 22A, and forming a portion of the Plot of Land numbered 22 on the Plan of Esclusham Common.	Edward Daniell and John Thomas (Trustees of the Independent School-room at Esclusham).	- -	– 10 –			
Aug. - 14 (No. 1,398.)	Land, containing about 20 Perches, situate at Coed Poeth, being numbered 88A on the Plan of the said Encroachment.	Thomas Jones - -	- -	– 16 8			
Aug. - 14 (No. 1,399.)	Land, containing about 37 Perches, being marked C, and forming a portion of the Plot of Land numbered 89A on the Plan of Coed Poeth.	Edward Morris - -	- -	1 10 –			
Aug. - 14 (No. 1,400.)	Land, containing about 1 R. 19 P., being marked D, and forming a portion of the Plot of Land numbered 89A on the said Plan.	John Brooks - -	- -	2 10 –			
Aug. - 14 (No. 1,401.)	Land, containing about 3 Perches, being numbered 73C on a Plan of the said Encroachment.	Joseph Jones - -	- -	– 10 –			
Oct. - 23 (No. 1,425.)	Land, containing about 5 Perches, with the Buildings thereon, being numbered 85C on the Plan of Encroachments at Cefn Mawr.	Charles Roberts - -	- -	9 19 6			
Dec. - 1 (No. 1,437.)	Land, containing about 1 R. 37 P., situate on Pentrefron Common, in the Lordship aforesaid, being numbered 5B on the Plan of the said Encroachment.	Joseph Jones - -	- -	1 10 –			
1868:	The Interest of the Crown in the undermentioned Pieces of Land, with the Buildings thereon, being Encroachments from the Common Wastes of the Crown's Lordship of Denbigh:						
April - 22 (No 1,352.)	Land, containing about 28 Perches, being numbered respectively 1,252 and 1,253 on the Plan of the said Lordship.	Hugh Roberts - -	- -	1 6 6			

April - 22 (No. 1,353.)	Land, containing about 3 A. 2 R. 1 P., with the Cottage thereon, being numbered respectively 1,086 and 1,087 on the said Plan.	William Williams	- -	13	8	–		
May - 7 (No. 1,355.)	Land, containing about 14 A. 2 R. 9 P., being numbered respectively 679 and 680 on the said Plan.	William Williams	- -	86	13	–		
May - 19 (No. 1,356.)	Land, containing about 26 A. 1 R. 28 P., being numbered respectively 557, 558, 559, 564, and 565 on the said Plan.	Hugh Jones	- -	80	7	–		
May - 19 (No. 1,357).	Land, containing about 27 A. 2 R. 21 P., being numbered 1,056 on the said Plan.	Henry Polhmann	- -	50	–	6		
May - 19 (No. 1,358.)	Land, containing about 35 Perches, being numbered 1,075 on the said Plan	Evan Roberts	- -	1	1	–		
May - 19 (No. 1,359.)	Land, containing about 1 R. 38 P., being numbered 1,079 on the said Plan.	Robert Kyffin	- -	–	16	–		
May - 19 (No. 1,360.)	Land, containing about 1 Rood, being numbered 1,224 on the said Plan	David Jones	- -	2	2	–		
May - 19 (No. 1,361.)	Land, containing about 1 Perch, with the Buildings thereon, being numbered 1,251 on the said Plan.	Philip Williams	- -	–	10	6		
June - 18 (No. 1,362.)	Land, containing about 16 A. 1 R. 14 P., with the Buildings thereon, being numbered respectively 544, 546, 548, 549, 550, and 551 on the said Plan.	Robert Jones	- -	43	11	6	- - Never in Lease.	
June - 18 (No. 1,363.)	Land, containing about 3 A. 3 R. 24 P., being numbered 1,088 on the said Plan.	William Roberts	- -	14	3	6		
June - 18 (No. 1,364.)	Land, containing about 1 R. 31 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered 1,228 on the said Plan.	Thomas Williams	- -	5	8	–		
June - 18 (No. 1,367)	Land, containing about 3 R. 24 P., with the Buildings thereon, being numbered respectively 1,186 and 1,187 on the said Plan.	Moses Jones	- -	11	1	–		
June - 18 (No. 1,368.)	Land, containing about 2 A. 1 R. 37 P., being numbered respectively 1,068 and 1,069 on the said Plan.	Henry Kirke, John Hewitt, and Mary Eliza Kirke (Trustees under the will of Jane Kirke, deceased).	- -	5	5	–		
June - 18 (No. 1,369.)	Land, containing about 1 R. 5 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered 1,165 on the said Plan.	John Parry	- -	5	10	6		
June - 23 (No. 1,371.)	Land, containing about 3 R. 18 P., being numbered 1,031 on the said Plan	Thomas Roberts	- -	5	10	6		

Appendix, N° 28.—A Schedule of all Manors, Buildings, Lands, and other Hereditaments, belonging to the Crown in *Wales*, which have been Sold by Private Contract, &c.—*continued.*

DATES of CONTRACTS.	PREMISES SOLD.	NAMES of PURCHASERS.	TERMS UNEXPIRED of subsisting Leases at the Time of Sale.	PURCHASE-MONEY.	ANNUAL VALUE per Surveys for last LEASES.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
1868:	Denbigh—*continued.*			£. s. d.			
June - 23 (No. 1,372.)	Land, containing about 4 Perches, being numbered 1,034 on the said Plan	John Owens - - -	- -	– 5 6			
July - 10 (No. 1,373.)	Land, containing about 9 A. 1 R. 34 P., being numbered respectively 1,023, 1,024, 1,025, and 1,026 on the said Plan.	Robert Williams - -	- -	19 3 7			
July - 10 (No. 1,374.)	Land, containing about 1 A. 3 R. 19 P., being numbered respectively 1,096, 1,097, and 1,098 on the said Plan.	Thomas Roberts - -	- -	8 3 –			
July - 10 (No. 1,375.)	Land, containing about 3 A. 3 R. 39 P., with the Buildings thereon, being numbered respectively 1,020, 1021, and 1,022 on the said Plan.	Robert Roberts - -	- -	16 1 4			
July - 15 (No. 1,378.)	Land, containing about 1 R. 37 P., with the Buildings thereon, being numbered 1,108 on the said Plan.	Robert Williams - -	- -	8 3 –			
Aug. - 14 (No. 1,396.)	Land, containing about 17 Acres, being numbered 1167 on the said Plan	Peter Mark Roget -	- -	31 5 –			
Sept. - 22 (No. 1,410.)	Land, containing about 2 R. 20 P., with the Buildings thereon, being numbered respectively 1,180 and 1,181 on the said Plan.	Thomas Roberts - -	- -	9 9 –	- - Never in Lease.		
Oct. - 1 (No. 1,413.)	Land, containing about 1 R. 38 P., being numbered 1,101 on the said Plan	Robert Davies - -	- -	2 2 –			
Oct. - 1 (No. 1,414.)	Land, containing about 3 Acres, with the Buildings thereon, being numbered respectively 1,102, 1,103, and 1,104 on the said Plan.	David Vaughan - -	- -	15 – –			
Oct. - 16 (No. 1,416.)	Land, containing about 3 A. 0 R. 27 P., being numbered 777 on the said Plan.	Elizabeth Hughes - -	- -	4 4 –			
Oct. - 16 (No. 1,417.)	Land, containing about 8 Perches, with the Building thereon, being numbered 1,081 on the said Plan.	Rowland Roberts - -	- -	2 7 6			
Oct. - 16 (No. 1,418.)	Land, containing about 1 A. 0 R. 7 P., being numbered 1,033 on the said Plan.	John Davies - - -	- -	6 6 –			
Oct. - 10 (No. 1,421.)	Land, containing about 17 A. 2 R. 31 P., being numbered respectively 477, 1,141, and 1,142 on the said Plan.	William Henry Palin and Samuel Field (Trustees under the will of the late Samuel Edwards).	- -	48 17 –			

Oct. - 23 (No. 1,424.)	Land, containing about 3 R. 2 P., with the Buildings thereon, being numbered 1,105 on the said Plan.	William Williams	7	2	–	
Oct. - 23 (No. 1,426.)	Land, containing about 35 Perches, with the Buildings thereon, being numbered 1,094 on the said Plan.	Robert Roberts	6	9	–	
Oct. - 23 (No. 1,427.)	Land, containing about 17 Perches, with the Buildings thereon, being numbered 1,107 on the said Plan.	William Pierce	6	16	6	
1869:						
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,449.)	Land, containing about 2 A. 0 R. 9 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered 1,177 on the said Plan.	John Owen	13	13	–	
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,450.)	Land, containing about 1 A. 0 R. 26 P., being numbered respectively 1,178 and 1,179 on the said Plan.	Robert Jones	6	16	6	
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,451.)	Land, containing about 2 A. 1 R. 16 P., being numbered 1,182 on the said Plan.	Robert Hughes	18	7	6	
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,452.)	Land, containing 1 A. 1 R. 17 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered respectively 1,190 and 1,191 on the said Plan.	Robert Williams	13	3	–	
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,453.)	Land, containing about 3 A. 1 R. 8 P., being numbered respectively 1,192 and 1,193 on the said Plan.	Richard Davies	14	4	–	
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,454.)	Land, containing about 3 R. 5 P., being numbered 1,194 on the said Plan	John Jones	3	3	–	Never in Lease.
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,455.)	Land, containing about 1 A. 1 R. 10 P., being numbered 1,195 on the said Plan.	William Jones	3	8	6	
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,456.)	Land, containing about 15 A. 0 R. 9 P., being numbered respectively 1,196, 1,197, 1,198, 1,199, 1,200, 1,208, and 1,209 on the said Plan.	John Williams	50	3	–	
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,457.)	Land, containing about 1 R. 30 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered 1,202 on the said Plan.	Robert Vaughan	9	9	6	
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,458.)	Land, containing about 3 A. 1 R. 20 P., being numbered 1,205 on the said Plan.	Henry Vaughan	14	3	6	
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,459.)	Land, containing about 2 A. 0 R. 21 P., with the Buildings thereon, being numbered respectively 1,210, 1,211, and 1,212 on the said Plan.	Richard Roberts	13	19	–	
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,460.)	Land, containing about 6 A. 2 R. 34 P., being numbered respectively 1,214, 1,215, and 1,216 on the said Plan.	Dinah Pierce	27	17	–	
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,461.)	Land, containing about 3 A. 1 R. 13 P., being numbered 1,220 on the said Plan.	Abel Roberts	7	17	6	
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,462.)	Land, containing about 8 Perches, being numbered 1,221 on the said Plan.	William Jones	1	6	6	

Appendix N° 28.—A Schedule of all Manors, Buildings, Lands, and other Hereditaments, belonging to the Crown in *Wales*, which have been Sold by Private Contract, &c.—*continued.*

DATES of CONTRACTS.	PREMISES SOLD.	NAMES of PURCHASERS.	TERMS UNEXPIRED of subsisting Leases at the Time of Sale.	PURCHASE-MONEY.	ANNUAL VALUE per Surveys for last LEASES.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
				£. s. d.			
1869:	Denbigh—*continued.*						
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,463.)	Land, containing about 1 Rood, with the Building thereon, being numbered 1,225 on the said Plan.	William Edwards - -	- -	2 13 -	- - Never in Lease.		
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,464.)	Land, containing about 3 A. 2 R. 3 P., being numbered respectively 1,226, 1,258, 1,259, and 1,260 on the said Plan.	Robert Jones - - -	- -	11 1 -			
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,465.)	Land, containing about 16 Perches, being numbered 1,227 on the said Plan.	John Jones - - -	- -	- 16 -			
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,466.)	Land, containing about 1 R. 24 P., with the Buildings thereon, being numbered 1,231 on the said Plan.	John Jones - - -	- -	2 18 -			
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,467.)	Land, containing about 1 R. 34 P., being numbered 1,232 on the said Plan.	Isaac Roberts - - -	- -	3 13 6			
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,468.)	Land, containing about 3 A. 2 R. 24 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered respectively 1,237 and 1,255 on the said Plan.	Abel Williams - -	- -	18 18 6			
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,469.)	Land, containing about 4 A. 1 R. 8 P., being numbered respectively 1,238, 1,239, 1,240, 1,256, 1,257, and 1,265 on the said Plan.	William Roberts - -	- -	18 8 -			
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,470.)	Land, containing about 2 A. 0 R. 12 P., being numbered 1,268 on the said Plan.	Jane Eyton Jones - -	- -	3 8 6			
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,471.)	Land, containing about 2 A. 2 R. 6 P., being numbered respectively 1,271, 1,272, and 1,285 on the said Plan.	Cadwalader Evans - -	- -	6 11 6			
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,472.)	Land, containing about 11 A. 3 R. 12 P., with the Buildings thereon, being numbered respectively 1,295, 1,296, 1,298, 1,304, 1,308, and 1,309 on the said Plan.	Judith Roberts - -	- -	41 5 6			
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,473.)	Land, containing about 4 A. 0 R. 5 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered 1,301 on the said Plan.	Robert Williams - -	- -	26 5 -			
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,474.)	Land, containing about 1 A. 1 R. 18 P., being numbered respectively 1,305, 1,306, and 1,307 on the said Plan.	Robert Price - - -	- -	5 - 6			
Jan. - 29 (No. 1,475.)	Land, containing about 2 A. 3 R. 17 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered 1,286 on the said Plan.	John Williams and Joseph Williams.	- -	21 16 -			

				£	s.	d.			
Feb. - 17 (No. 1,476.)	Land, containing about 7 A. 2 R., with the Building thereon, being numbered 1,133 on the said Plan.	Thomas Lloyd - -	- -	26	18	6	- - Never in Lease.		
Feb. - 17 (No. 1,477.)	Land, containing about 4 A. 1 R. 1 P., being numbered respectively 1,129 and 1,130 on the said Plan.	William Owen - -	- -	12	7	–			
Feb. - 17 (No. 1,478.)	Land, containing about 7 A. 0 R. 10 P., being numbered 1,144 on the said Plan.	John Williams - -	- -	11	6	–			
Feb. - 17 (No. 1,479.)	Land, containing about 15 A. 2 R. 5 P., being numbered respectively 1,148 and 1,149 on the said Plan.	Edward Jones - -	- -	22	17	–			
Feb. - 17 (No. 1,480.)	Land, containing about 7 A. 1 R. 9 P., being numbered respectively 1,152 and 1,153 on the said Plan.	John Edwards - -	- -	12	12	6			
Feb. - 17 (No. 1,481.)	Land, containing about 3 A. 1 R. 17 P., being numbered respectively 1,168 and 1,169 on the said Plan.	Bryan John Robin - -	- -	7	12	6			
Feb. - 17 (No. 1,482.)	Land, containing about 1 A. 0 R. 39 P., being numbered 1,053 on the said Plan.	Thomas Lloyd - -	- -	3	19	–			
Feb. - 17 (No. 1,483.)	Land, containing about 4 A. 0 R. 12 P., being numbered respectively 1,059 and 1,124 on the said Plan.	Evan Roberts - -	- -	10	15	6			
Feb. - 17 (No. 1,484.)	Land, containing about 4 A. 1 R. 36 P., being numbered respectively 1,043, 1,055, 1,074^{a}, 1,075^{a}, 1,075^{b}, 1,075^{c}, 1,076, 1,077, and 1,131 on the said Plan.	The Right Honourable Spencer Bulkeley Wynn, Lord Newborough.	- -	18	8	6			
Feb. - 17 (No. 1,485.)	Land, containing about 1 R. 13 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered 1,064 on the said Plan.	Zachariah Roberts - -	- -	7	17	6			
Feb. - 17 (No. 1,486.)	Land, containing about 33 Perches, with the Building thereon, being numbered 1,080 on the said Plan.	Thomas Gee, Robert Hughes, Owen Williams, John Foulkes, William Hughes, and Robert Hughes (Trustees of the Calvanistic Methodist Connexion at Bodrochwyn).	- -	6	6	–			
Feb. - 17 (No. 1,487.)	Land, containing about 6 A. 1 R. 29 P., with the Buildings thereon, being numbered 1,082, 1,083, and 1,084 on the said Plan.	William Hughes - -	- -	24	14	–			
Feb. - 17 (No. 1,488.)	Land, containing about 26 A. 1 R. 20 P., being numbered respectively 121, 122, 123, 124, and 1,027 on the said Plan.	George Ashley and Edward Griffith Powell.	- -	74	11	6			
Feb. - 17 (No. 1,489.)	Land, containing about 1 R. 33 P., being numbered 1,030 on the said Plan.	William Jones - -	- -	2	13	–			

Appendix, N° 28.—A SCHEDULE of all Manors, Buildings, Lands, and other Hereditaments, belonging to the Crown in *Wales*, which have been Sold by Private Contract, &c.—*continued.*

DATES of CONTRACTS.	PREMISES SOLD.	NAMES of PURCHASERS.	TERMS UNEXPIRED of subsisting Leases at the Time of Sale.	PURCHASE-MONEY.	ANNUAL VALUE per Surveys for last LEASES.	RENTS reserved in last LEASES.	FINES paid for last LEASES.
	FLINT:						
1868:	The Interest of the Crown in the undermentioned Pieces of Land, with the Buildings thereon, being Encroachments from the Common Wastes of the Crown's Lordship of Englefield:			£. s. d.			
June - 18 (No. 1,366.)	Land, containing about 13 A. 2 R. 21 P., being numbered respectively 2 and 5 on the Plan of the Parish of Gwaenysgor.	Edwin Newman - -	- -	7 – –	- - Never in Lease.		
June - 18 (No. 1,370.)	Land, containing about 6 Perches, with the Building thereon, being numbered 27 on the said Plan.	Thomas Ellis and others (Trustees of the Wesleyan Chapel at Gwaenysgor).	- -	3 17 –			
Sept. - 22 (No. 1,402.)	Land, containing about 5 A. 3 R. 33 P., being numbered respectively 24, 41, 82, 83, 84, 89, 90, 91, 91ª, 92, 93, and 94 on the Plan of the Parish of Dyserth.	John Dawson - -	- -	7 17 6			
Oct. - 16 (No. 1,415.)	Land, containing about 8 Perches, being numbered 101 on the said Plan	John Lewis - - -	- -	1 17 6			
Oct. - 16 (No. 1,419.)	Land, containing about 18 Perches, being numbered 104 on the said Plan	Thomas Ellis - - -	- -	– 17 6			
Oct. - 23 (No. 1,422.)	Land, containing about 5 Perches, with the Buildings thereon, being numbered respectively 102 and 103 on the said Plan.	Edward Jones - -	- -	1 11 6			
Oct. - 23 (No. 1,423.)	Land, containing about 18 Perches, with the Buildings thereon, being numbered 36 on the said Plan.	Thomas Jones - -	- -	14 – –			
Dec. - 1 (No. 1,438.)	Land, containing about 5½ Perches, being numbered 105 on the said Plan	John Ellis - - -	- -	1 1 –			
1869:							
Feb. - 19 (No. 1,491.)	Land, containing about 3 A. 2 R. 28 P., being numbered respectively 7, 18, 54, and 61 on the Plan of the Parish of Gwaenysgor.	Mary Carrill Worsley, Henry Evans, Henry Anne Norman, and Elizabeth Carrill Worsley.	- -	7 – –			

1869:	MERIONETH:						
March - 18	The Interest of the Crown in several Pieces of Land, containing together about 291 A. 2 R. 23 P., situate in the Parish of Aberdovey (subject to an Agreement for the Sale of a Portion thereof to the Aberystwith and Welsh Coast Railway Company).	John Soden - - -	- -	1,400 – –	} - - Never in Lease.		
	The Interest of the Crown in the undermentioned Pieces of Land, with the Buildings thereon, being Encroachments from the Common Wastes of the Crown's Lordship of Penllyn:						
1868:							
June - 18 (No. 1,365.)	Land, containing about 14 Perches, being numbered 226 on the Plan of the said Lordship.	Thomas Arthur Bertie Mostyn.	- -	– 3 6			
Aug. - 14 (No. 1,381.)	Land, containing about 57 A. 0 R. 15 P., being numbered respectively 215, 216, 219, and 220 on the said Plan.	Henry Robertson - -	- -	40 12 –			
	MONMOUTH:						
Sept. - 22 (No. 1,403.)	The Interest of the Crown in a Piece of Land, containing about 16 Perches, being an Encroachment from the Common Wastes of the Crown's Lordship or Manor of Liswery and Libennith, and numbered 104 on the Plan of Fishpool Common.	Thomas Denville Barry -	- -	10 – –			
	RADNOR:						
	The Interest of the Crown in the undermentioned Pieces of Land, with the Buildings thereon, being Encroachments from the Common Wastes of the Crown's Lordship or Manor of South Ugre:						
Aug. - 14 (No. 1,387.)	Land, containing about 4 A. 3 R. 24 P., with the Building thereon, being numbered respectively 15 and 16 on the Plan numbered 17 of the said Lordship or Manor.	John Bowen Jones -	- -	18 16 10			
Aug. - 14 (No. 1,388.)	Land, containing about 2 A. 2 R. 10 P., being numbered 23 on the said Plan.	- - ditto - - -	- -	10 15 3			

Appendix, N° 29.

A SCHEDULE of Exchanges made of Parts of the Estates of the Crown for Parts of the Estates of Individuals, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both Days inclusive.

DATE of EXCHANGE.	Person with whom the Exchange has been made.	CROWN PROPERTY.	PRIVATE PROPERTY.	Sums paid in equalisation of Exchange.	Sums received in equalisation of Exchange.
		WALES: CARNARVON AND DENBIGH:			
1868: May - 4	Hugh Robert Hughes.	- - A Piece of Foreshore Land, containing about 189 A. 0 R. 29 P., situate near Foryd, in the Parish of Abergele, in the County of Denbigh (reserving to Her Majesty all Mines of Coal, Copper, Iron, Lead, and other Mineral Substances, and all Quarries of Slate and Stone, with power to enter and work them).	- - A Piece of Land, containing about 10 Acres, situate near the Vron Quarry, in the Parish of Llandwrog, in the County of Carnarvon, including all Mines and Minerals within the same.	—	—

Appendix, N° 30 (A.)

A SCHEDULE of the Rents put in Charge with the several Receivers of the Land Revenue, in respect of Property acquired for Her Majesty by Purchase, Lease, Exchange, or otherwise, between the 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both Days inclusive.

ANNUAL RENT.	When, and from what Time put in Charge.	PROPERTY.	HOW ACQUIRED.	OBSERVATIONS.
£. s. d.		DEAN FOREST: County of Gloucester:		
1 10 -	5th November 1868, as from 25th December 1867.	- - Land at Edge Hills, in Littledean or Latimer Walk, known as Skerry Far Patch, and containing by estimation 1 R. 26 P.	- - By purchase (by way of exchange) from Mr. William Simmonds.	
4 - -	Ditto - - -	- - Land known as the Kiln Close, containing 1 A. 0 R. 28 P. by estimation, and a Barn near thereto, situate at Edge Hills, in Littledean or Latimer Walk.	- - ditto.	
5 10 -	Ditto - - -	- - A Messuage, with Garden Ground, &c., situate at Edge Hills, in Littledean or Latimer Walk.	- - ditto.	
2 - -	From 29th September 1868.	- - Land at or near Hangerberry Enclosure, in Worcester Walk, containing 1 R. 15 P.	- - By purchase (by way of exchange) from Mr. Richard Loveridge.	

Appendix, N° 30 (A.)—A SCHEDULE of the Rents put in Charge with the several Receivers, &c.—*continued.*

ANNUAL RENT.	When, and from what Time, put in Charge.	PROPERTY.	HOW ACQUIRED.	OBSERVATIONS.
£. s. d.	1868:	ISLE OF MAN:		
31 10 -	12th November -	- - A Leasehold House and Appurtenances, situate in the Parish of Onchan.	- - By escheat to the Crown on the death of the late Owner.	- - These Premises have been let on yearly Tenancies.
	1869:			
16 10 -	12th May - -	- - A Leasehold House and Appurtenances, situate in Falcon Terrace, in the Town of Douglas.		
		WALES:		
	1867:	CARNARVON:		
—	10th October - -	- - A Piece of Land, containing about 10 Acres, situate near the Vron Quarry, in the Parish of Llandwrog, including all Mines and Minerals within the same.	- - By exchange from Mr. Hugh Robert Hughes, for Foreshore Land, the Property of the Crown, in Denbigh. (*Vide* Schedule, No. 29, page 130.)	- - This Land is included in a Lease of 172 A. 2 R. 16 P. of Land at Llandwrog, granted to Messrs. Robinson & Tuxford. (*Vide* Schedule of Leases, page 112.)

Appendix, N° 30 (B.)—A SCHEDULE of all MONIES due to Her Majesty in respect of RENTS in charge with the several RECEIVERS of the LAND REVENUE under LEASES, or AGREEMENTS for LEASES, and which shall have been owing for a greater Period than a Year; showing the Term during which each Arrear shall have been accruing, and the Measures, if any, in progress for the Recovery of the same.

No. on Rental.	TENANT.	PREMISES.	Annual Rent.	Rents due to 10th October 1868, and Unpaid on 31st March 1869. No. of Years.	Rents due to 10th October 1868, and Unpaid on 31st March 1869. Amount.	Measures, if any, in progress for the Recovery of the Arrears.	OBSERVATIONS.
		DEAN FOREST:	£. s. d.		£. s. d.		
		CLAY AND QUARRY RENTAL:					
9	Grindell and Wanklyn - -	- - License to dig Clay at St. Vincent's Colliery.	2 – –	1½	3 – –	- - - - -	- - This sum has since been received.
35	Richard and John James' Representatives (William and Joseph James).	- - License to dig Clay and Sand near Locquier's Farm.	1 10 –	2	3 – –	- - - - -	- - Payment of this arrear has been delayed, owing to disputes among the Tenants.
	James Roberts - - -	Quarry 366, at East Hill - - -	1 – –	2	2 – –	- - - - -	- - Possession will be taken of this Quarry.
	George Beddis - - -	Quarry 446, at Bradley Hill - -	1 – –	3	3 – –	- - Proceedings were taken for the recovery of this arrear, but only the sum of 11 *s.* 2 *d.* was obtained, which was received after 31st March 1869.	
	Thomas Gilbert - - -	Quarry 447, at Bradley Hill - -	4 – –	2	8 – –	- - - - -	- - The Lessee being a pauper, a surrender of the Quarry has been accepted.
	Matthew Preece - - -	Quarry 455, at Gosty Knoll - -	2 – –	4	8 – –	- - - - -	- - Possession has been taken of this Quarry.
		AWARD QUARRY RENTAL:					
	W. Beavan and J. B. Girling -	Quarry 199, at Barnedge - - -	3 – –	3	9 – –	- - - - -	- - Payment of this arrear is shortly expected.
	Matthew Preece - - -	Quarry 79, at Gosty Knoll - - -	– 6 8	2	– 13 4	- - - - -	- - Possession of the Quarry has been resumed. The arrear is irrecoverable.

		LAND RENTAL:					
11	Croll and Kingsford - -	- - License to form a Railway; Woodside to Churchway.	1 – –	2	2 – –	- - - - -	- - These sums have since been received.
24	Ditto - - - -	Lease of Land for Woodside Colliery -	1 10 –	2½	3 15 –		
80 D	Constant and others - -	- - Ditto - - Darkhill Endeavour Colliery.	1 – –	2	2 – –	- - - - -	- - Payment of this arrear has been delayed, owing to the death of one of the Lessees.
		HIGHMEADOW WOODS:					
3	Allaway and Partridge - -	A Wharf at Lydbrook - - -	– 10 –	2	1 – –		
		SCOTLAND:					
		COUNTY OF ARGYLE:					
	Donald P. Campbell - -	Mines in Lands of Drumvrich - -	1 10 –	2	3 – –	- - - - -	- - It has not been thought necessary to take proceedings for the recovery of these arrears, as no doubt is entertained that they will be paid.
	Sir Thomas Miles Riddell -	- - Metals and Minerals in Lands and Barony of Ardnamurchan.	1 10 –	2	3 – –		
	Rev. A. G. Cameron, of Barcaldine.	Loch Creran Oyster Fishings - -	1 – –	2	2 – –		
	Captain Mackay - - -	Calgary Salmon Fishings - - -	15 – –	3	40 – –	- - The matter is in the hands of the Law Agent for the Crown.	
		COUNTY OF BERWICK:					
	Countess of Home - -	Whitadder Salmon Fishings - -	– 5 –	2	– 10 –	- - - - -	- - This sum has since been received.
		COUNTY OF CAITHNESS:					
	David Smith, of Pennyland, now William Macdonald.	- - The permission to convey Water from Crown Lands of Scrabster.	– 1 –	2	– 2 –	- - - - -	- - It has not been thought necessary to take proceedings for the recovery of these arrears, as no doubt is entertained that they will be paid.
		COUNTY OF DUMBARTON:					
	Robert Stevens - - -	- - Permission to take Sand from a portion of the Foreshore at Helensburgh.	– 5 –	2	– 10 –		

Appendix, N° 30 (B.)—A SCHEDULE of all Monies due to Her Majesty in respect of Rents in charge with the several Receivers, &c.—*continued.*

No. on Rental.	TENANT.	PREMISES.	Annual Rent.	Rents due to 10th October 1868, and Unpaid on 31st March 1869. No. of Years.	Rents due to 10th October 1868, and Unpaid on 31st March 1869. Amount.	Measures, if any, in progress for the Recovery of the Arrears.	OBSERVATIONS.
		SCOTLAND—*continued.*	£. s. d.		£. s. d.		
		COUNTY OF FIFE:					
	William Anderson, jun., Commanding Officer of 7th Fife R. Volunteers.	- - Portion of Foreshore at Pathhead, for a Rifle Range.	- 5 -	2	- 10 -		
		COUNTY OF LANARK:					
	Joseph Greig of Chapelhall -	Portion of Clyde Foreshore - -	1 - -	2	2 - -	- - - - -	- - It has not been thought necessary to take proceedings for the recovery of these arrears, as no doubt is entertained that they will be paid.
		COUNTY OF LINLITHGOW:					
	Various Residents at Linlithgow.	- - For permission to keep a Steamer and Boats upon the Loch.	- -	Various -	43 - -		
		COUNTY OF WIGTON:					
	George Clay - - -	Bay of Luce Oyster Fishings - -	105 - -	2	210 - -	- - - - -	- - No proceedings have at present been taken for the recovery of these arrears. The Lessee alleges that he has not been able to enjoy the Fishings, owing to the interference of trespassers.
		ISLE OF MAN:					
		FEE FARM, LEASEHOLD, and other RENTS:					
38	Various Miners and others -	Cottages and Gardens at Foxdale -	8 13 6	- -	8 17 -	- - - - -	- - These are small Rents, payable by various persons, and some only of them are in arrear for more than a year.
54	William Waterson - -	- - 2 A. 1 R. 34 P. of Land, in the Parish of Marown.	2 - -	2	4 - -	- - Arrangements have been made with the Lessee for payment of these arrears by instalments.	
		SLATE, &c. QUARRIES:					
2	Obadiah Ashe and James Ashe	- - Slate and Stone, within 270 Acres, on Greebah Mountain, in the Parish of German.	1 - -	3	3 - -	- - Proceedings are now pending with the Attorney General of the Isle of Man for the recovery of these arrears.	
		Royalty - -	5 - -		15 - -		

		MINES:					
22	William Lumsden, W. F. Moore, A. W. Adams, and F. Wingrove.	- - Metals, &c., within 420 Acres, in the Parishes of Patrick and German.	1 - -	- - 2 years, and balance.	2 - -	- - - - -	- - In consequence of some alleged misunderstanding as to the powers conferred by the Crown Lease of these Mines, no proceedings have as yet been taken for the recovery of the arrears.
		Royalty - - -	17 - -		28 - -		
		WALES:					
		ANGLESEA:					
89	Jonathan and Daniel Russell -	Part of the Bed of the Menai Straits -	50 - -	14	415 - -	- - - - -	- - The Lessees abandoned the Oyster Fishery in connection with which this Lease was obtained, and left the neighbourhood several years since. The Rent was fixed at 20 *l.* per annum for the first 10 years, and 50 *l.* per annum for the remainder of the term.
		CARDIGAN:					
79	Vaughan Prance - - -	- - Lead Mines in the Lordships of Croythin and Mevennith.	5 - -	5	25 - -	- - - - -	- - The Lease of these Premises will expire on the 10th of October next.
87	Vaughan Prance - - -	- - Mines in Fycheswen Sheep Walk, Lordship of Croythin.	1 - -	2	2 - -	- - - - -	- - Possession of these Premises was taken by the Crown under Judgment and Writ of Execution on 22nd February 1868.
88	Thomas and Henry Jones -	Nantycria Mines, Lordship of Croythin:					
		Rent - - - -	2 - -	1½	3 - -	- - - - -	- - Possession of these Premises was taken by the Crown under Judgment and Writ of Execution on 4th August 1868.
		Royalty - - -	100 - -	1½	150 - -		
		DENBIGH:					
194	Messrs. Harrison and Jones -	- - Mines, &c., in the Parishes of Llanfairtalhaiarn and Abergele.	1 - -	31 - -	31 - -	- - - - -	- - No workings; the Mine is abandoned.
		MERIONETH:					
157	John Bethell - - -	- - Mineral Substances in 220 Acres, Parish of Festiniog:					
		Rent - - - -	1 - -	6½	6 10 -	- - - - -	- - The Crown's title to this Property is still in dispute, and therefore payment of the Rent and Royalty has not been demanded.
		Royalty - - -	50 - -	6½	190 - -		

Appendix, N° 30 (C.)—A SCHEDULE of all Monies remitted on Her Majesty's behalf in respect of any Rents in charge with the several Receivers; specifying whether any previous Remission has taken place in respect to the same Rent, and the Circumstances and the Authority under which Remitted; between 1st day of April 1868 and the 31st day of March 1869, both Days inclusive.

No. on Rental.	DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.	ANNUAL RENT. £. s. d.	MONIES REMITTED. £. s. d.	Whether any previous Remission.	Circumstances under which Remitted.	Authority for Remission.	OBSERVATIONS.
	DEAN FOREST:						
	LANDS:						
28	Land, let for the purposes of the Paragon and Spero Gales.	1 10 –	15 – –	None -	Bankruptcy of Lessees - - - - - -	- - Treasury Warrant, 1st May 1868.	
28	- - ditto - - ditto - - -	1 10 –	1 10 –	15 *l.* remitted as per preceding entry.	Same remark - - - - - - - -	- - Treasury Warrant, 16th September 1868.	
94	Dwelling-house and Premises at Bixslade, in Parkend Walk.	– 10 –	– 10 –	None -	Poverty of the Tenant - - - - - -	- - Treasury Warrant, 1st May 1868.	
95	Dwelling-house and Premises at Yorkley Slade.	– 2 6	– 2 6	None -	Death of the Tenant - - - - - -	- - ditto.	
	QUARRIES:						
400	Quarry at Sharpridge - - - -	4 – –	24 – –	None -	Bankruptcy of Lessees - - - - - -	- - ditto.	
406 } 407 }	Quarries situate at Viney Hill - -	2 – –	4 – –	None -	Death of Lessee, who left no other property - -	- - ditto.	
438	Quarry at Ruardean Woodside - -	2 – –	4 – –	None -	- - Balance of arrears due. The Lessee offered to pay 4 *l.* and to surrender the Lease, which compromise was accepted.	- - ditto.	
439	Quarry at Harry Hill - - -	2 – –	10 – –	None -	- - The Lessee could not be found, and is supposed to have left the country.	- - ditto.	
	COUNTY OF CAITHNESS:						
	The right of Shooting over the Crown Lands at Dorrery.	54 – –	6 – –	None -	- - The rectification of the March between the Crown property of Dorrery, in the County of Caithness, and the adjacent estate, by which about 360 Acres of Land were taken from the former.	- - A Warrant of the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, dated 19th August 1868.	

COUNTY OF FORFAR:						
Salmon Fishings *ex adverso* the Lands of the Town of Arbroath and Tarry.	21 1 -	52 12 6	None -	- - The amount remitted had accumulated during the investigation of an adverse claim, during which time the right of Fishing was not exercised.	- - A Warrant of the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, dated 5th April 1869.	
COUNTIES OF ARGYLE, BUTE, AND DUMBARTON:						
License to lay down Submarine Telegraph Cables at the following Places, viz.; between—						
1. Row and Roseneath - - - 2. Cove and Strone - - - - 3. Ardine Point and Ardbeg Point - 4. Uilleann Point and Cumbrae Lighthouse. 5. East and West Craigans - - - 6. Portrhi and Ballylien - - - 7. Kildonan Point and Pladda - - 8. Cantyre Light and Torrhead - -	12 - -	8 - -	12 *l.* remitted, year 1867–8.	- - By the License it is stipulated that the Rents stated shall be paid at the term of Whitsunday annually while the Cables are maintained; the sum remitted is in respect of Cables not laid or used.		
CARDIGAN:						
Sporting over Land in the Parish of Llanfihangel-y-Croythin.	12 - -	18 - -	None -	- - Repeated applications having been made to the Lessee for payment without effect, the Lease was determined by the Crown, under the advice of the Solicitor.	- - Treasury Warrant, 31st October 1868.	
CARNARVON:						
A Messuage and Land called Ty-canol, in the Parish of Llysfaen.	2 16 6	2 - 2	None -	- - Death of the Lessee. Application was made to his representatives for payment without effect, and possession of the Premises was therefore taken on behalf of the Crown.	- - ditto.	
MERIONETH:						
Slate, &c., in 250 Acres of Land on Mignant Mountain.	1 - -	2 - -	None -	Insolvency, and death of the Lessees - - -	- - ditto.	
Royalty - - - -	25 - -	50 - -				

Appendix, AA.

INDEX TO THE ACCOUNTS;

1868–69.

ACCOUNTS of the COMMISSIONERS of HER MAJESTY'S WOODS, FORESTS, and LAND REVENUES, for the Year ended 31st March 1869.

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Appendix, AA.—ACCOUNTS of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

I.—AN ACCOUNT, showing the RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE of the Commissioners
31st March 1869,

"THE CAPITAL OF

Dr. Per Acts 10 Geo. 4, c. 50, 14 & 15

RECEIPT.				Cash.	Stock and other Securities.
TO BALANCES on the 1st April 1868, viz.:			£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1st. Cash Balance, as per General Abstract at page 196 - - - -			24,465 11 11		
Due to Capital for Advances on account of the removal of the Colonnade in Regent-street (per Act 11 & 12 Vict. c. 50) - - - - - - -		£. s. d. 1,353 9 11			
Less,—Received on account of Assessment made 1st November 1867 - - - - - - - -		151 3 7			
			1,202 6 4		
Due by the Trustees of Sunk Island Roads, for Advances out of Capital, under the Act 15 & 16 Vict. c. 45 - - - - - -			564 7 6		
Due by the Hull South Bridge Company (Loan Account), per Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 77 - - - - - - - - -			16,389 16 6		
			42,622 2 3		
Less,—Deposit made by the Southampton and Netley Railway Company - - - - - - - - - - -			25 – –		
				42,597 2 3	
2nd. Stock, 3 per Cent. Consolidated Annuities - - - - - - - - -				- - -	8,702 7 8
Stock, 3 per Cent. Reduced Annuities - - - - - - - - - -				- - -	49,617 4 8
Stock, 3 per Cent. Reduced Annuities (Asgill House) - - - - - -				- - -	705 15 11
TO SALES OF ESTATES, &c.:			£. s. d.		
England and Wales:					
Beds - - -	Premises at Dunstable - - - - - - -		296 – –		
Carnarvon -	Land at Llanfairfechan - - - - - -		6 5 –		
Essex - -	Land and Buildings at Harwich - -	£. s. d. 12,030 – –			
	Premises at Harwich, purchased by the Harwich Harbour Estate and Lands Improvement Company (on account) - -	2,000 – –			
	Foreshore at Walton-on-the-Naze - -	10 – –			
			14,040 – –		
Gloucester -	Waste Land within the Manor of Staunton - - -		1 10 –		
Herts - -	Waste Land within the Manor of Hitchin - - - -		40 – –		
Kent - -	Land at Dover - - - - - - - - -		2,000 – –		
Middlesex -	Right to construct and maintain in perpetuity a Road upon and over a Piece of Ground at the East end of Whitehall Place - - - - - - - -	£. s. d. 4,000 – –			
	Land at Tower Hill, and a Right of Way under Land at and adjacent to Tower Hill, and under part of the Foreshore and Bed of the River Thames - -	1,300 – –			
	Freehold Interest in No. 37, Bloomsbury Street - - - - - - -	530 – –			
	Part of the Bed and Foreshore of the River Thames, on which the Victoria Bridge is built - - - - - - -	40 – –			
			5,870 – –		
Merioneth -	Land at Towyn - - - - - - - -		1,400 – –		
Carried forward - - - £.			23,653 15 –	42,597 2 3	59,025 8 3

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869.

of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the
on Account of—

THE LAND REVENUE."
Vict. c. 42, and 29 & 30 Vict. c. 62.

Cr.

EXPENDITURE.				Cash.	Stock and other Securities.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
BY PURCHASES OF ESTATES, &c.:					
England and Wales:					
Berks - - -	An Ait in the River Thames at Windsor - - -		50 – –		
Gloucester -	A Farm, called the "Little Box Farm," adjoining the Hagloe Estate, with the Timber thereon - - -		4,644 9 7		
Lincoln - -	Land at Moulton, with the Timber thereon (Balance) - - - -	382 18 –			
	Three Cottages and Land at Billinborough (on account) - - -	45 – –			
			427 18 –		
Oxford - -	Cottages and Land at Wychwood - - - - -		171 – –		
Surrey - -	Land at Egham - - - - - - - -		1,100 – –		
Wilts - - -	Land at Bishops Cannings - - -	11,500 – –			
	Three Cottages at - ditto - - -	140 – –			
	Tenements and Land at Horton, near Bishops Cannings - - - -	75 – –			
			11,715 – –		
				18,108 7 7	
BY PURCHASE OF FORESTAL RIGHTS IN THE ROYAL FORESTS:					
New Forest, Hants—Fuel Rights - - - - - - - - - - -				20 – –	
BY REDEMPTION OF TITHE RENT-CHARGES, &c.:					
England and Wales:					
Kent—Redemption of Tithe Rent-charge on Land in the Parish of Lee - - - -				237 10 –	
BY REDEMPTION OF FIXED CHARGES ON THE LAND REVENUES:					
Lincoln—In extinguishment of an Out Rent chargeable on Land at Croft - - -				41 12 6	
BY ENFRANCHISEMENTS OF COPYHOLDS:					
Copyhold Premises holden of the following Manors, viz.:			£. s. d.		
Surrey—Land at Egham, held of the Manor of Milton - - - -			113 3 2		
Land and Cottages, part of the Esher Estate - - - -			33 12 –		
				146 15 2	
Carried forward - - - £.				18,554 5 3	—

Appendix, AA.—Accounts of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

Dr. I.—Receipt and Expenditure on Account of the "Capital of the

RECEIPT—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	Cash. £. s. d.	Stock and other Securities. £. s. d.
Brought forward - - -		23,653 15 –	42,597 2 3	59,025 8 3
TO SALES OF ESTATES, &c.—*continued.*				
England and Wales—continued.				
Norfolk - - Land at East Dereham - - - -	500 – –			
On account of Compensation payable under the Act 8 & 9 Vict. c. 388, for part of the Great Estuary lying between Norfolk and Lincoln. (*Vide* 46th Report, Appendix, page 146) - - - - - -	46 6 6			
		546 6 6		
Northumberland—Foreshore of the River Tyne - - - - -		250 – –		
Surrey - - Land at Esher - - - - - - - - -		600 – –		
Sussex - - Mudlands in Chichester Harbour - - - - - -		3,000 – –		
York - - Land and Foreshore of the River Humber (on account) - - - - -	2,200 – –			
Foreshore of the River Humber (balance) -	300 – –			
		2,500 – –		
	£.	30,550 1 6		
Isle of Man:				
Lot 22c on Award Plan of Disafforesting Commissioners -	200 – –			
The Site of Battery Pier and Approach Road, Douglas -	200 – –			
The Site of a Landing Pier at Douglas - - - -	125 – –			
Land at Castletown - - - - - - -	30 –			
A Portion of the Beach at Douglas - - - - -	6 – –			
A Plot of Land in the Parish of St. Michael - - -	2 – –			
		563 – –		
			31,113 1 6	
TO SALES OF UNIMPROVABLE RENTS, &c.:				
England and Wales—Fee-Farm and Collection Rents - - - - -		5,286 18 2		
Scotland—Surplus Teinds - - - - - - - - - -		661 12 7		
Ireland—Quit, &c. Rents - - - - - - - - - -		5,742 6 6		
			11,690 17 3	
TO SALES OF ENCROACHMENTS IN WALES - - - - - - - -			2,316 7 7	
TO ENFRANCHISEMENTS OF COPYHOLDS:				
Premises holden of the following Crown Manors; viz.:				
Chester - - Manor of Macclesfield - - - - - - -		1 – –		
Herts - - Manor of Hitchin - - - - - - - -		4 4 –		
Lancaster - Manor of Torver - - - - - - - -		– 12 4		
Lincoln - Manor of East and West Deeping - - - - - -		34 – –		
Middlesex - Honor and Manor of Hampton Court - - - - -		1,290 – –		
Norfolk - Manor of East Dereham - - - -	697 12 2			
Norfolk - Manor of West Walton - - - -	72 10 –			
		770 2 2		
Surrey - - Manor of Egham - - - - -	305 – –			
Surrey - - Manor of Esher - - - - -	636 – –			
Surrey - - Manor of Richmond - - - - -	135 – –			
		1,076 – –		
			3,175 18 6	
Carried forward - - - £.			90,893 7 1	59,025 8 3

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

LAND REVENUE," for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.* *Cr.*

EXPENDITURE—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	Cash. £. s. d.	Stock and other Securities. £. s. d.
Brought forward - - -				18,554 5 3	—
BY ADVANCES FOR PERMANENT IMPROVEMENTS (per Act 29 & 30 Vict. c. 62):					
England and Wales:					
Berks—Frimley Estate—Buildings and Fences - - - - - -			40 11 5		
Bucks—Eton—New Buildings on Mustians and Saddocks Farm, J. Cross, Lessee (on account) - - - - - - - -			1,100 – –		
Cambridge—Burwell—New Homesteads, Messrs. Stephenson, Lessees (on account) - - - - - - - - -			700 – –		
Cumberland—Lanercost Woods—Drainage - - - - - - -			5 14 9		
Essex—Stapleford Abbotts—New Farm Buildings, J. H. Smith, Lessee (on account) - - - - -		100 – –			
Hainault—New Farm Buildings, L. Ingram, Lessee (on account) - - - - - - -		250 – –			
			350 – –		
Hants—Lyndhurst—Alterations and Improvements at Holmefield Lodge -			202 – –		
Hunts—Great Staughton—Pair of Labourers' Cottages, and Additions to Farm House, J. Topham, Lessee (on account) - - - -			496 11 –		
Kent—Eltham Estate—Fencing Land, W. Blenkiron, Lessee - - - - - - - -		6 – –			
Neat's Court—Drainage, H. Knatchbull-Hugessen, Lessee - - -	10 10 2				
Ditto - ditto - William Foord, Lessee - - - - - -	169 13 4				
Ditto - ditto - Messrs. Maxted, Lessees - - - - -	5 16 2				
Ditto - Four Labourers' Cottages, and Improvements of Farm Buildings, Messrs. Maxted (on account)	1,497 5 –				
		1,683 4 8			
			1,689 4 8		
Lincoln—Billingborough—New Farm Buildings, &c., Mr. Henson, Lessee, Superintendence - - -		25 17 1			
Ditto - ditto - T. Casswell, Lessee, Superintendence - - - - - - - - -		20 3 7			
Ditto - Allowance to a Tenant for a Bay Window to his Cottage - - - - - -		10 – –			
Ditto - ditto - towards Cost of Covering an Open Drain - - - - - - - -		20 – –			
Gedney—New Buildings, Representatives of C. Webster and W. Webster, Lessees (balance) -		117 9 1			
Wingland—Alterations and Additions to Farm House and Buildings, T. E. Cole, Lessee (on account) - - - - - -	289 15 –				
Ditto - Brickmaking for proposed Works (on account) - -	20 – –				
Ditto - Filling Creeks - -	151 3 11				
		460 18 11			
			654 8 8		
Norfolk—West Walton—New Cottages, Mr. Pratt, Lessee, Superintendence			14 14 –		
Surrey—Egham Estate—Alteration and Addition to Farm House and Buildings, and New Cottage, Julian Arabin, Lessee (on account) - - -	883 1 5				
Ditto - A Double Cottage, W. Butcher, Lessee (on account) -	314 13 11				
		1,197 15 4			
Esher—New Farm Buildings, Mr. Blenkiron, Lessee (on account) -	1,300 – –				
Ditto - New Farm Buildings, (various Lessees) - - -	196 16 5				
Ditto - Drainage (various Lessees)	1,730 8 7				
		3,227 5 –			
Old Deer Park, Richmond—Alterations, &c., to Farm House (F. Fuller) - - - - -		60 19 3			
			4,485 19 7		
Wilts—Bishops Cannings—Drainage (T. Browne, Jun., Lessee) - -			84 10 1		
Carried forward - - - £.			9,823 14 2	18,554 5 3	—

Appendix, AA.—ACCOUNTS of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

Dr. I.—RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE on Account of the "CAPITAL of the

RECEIPT—*continued.*			Cash. £. s. d.	Stock and other Securities. £. s. d.
Brought forward - - -			90,893 7 1	59,025 8 3
TO SALES OF LAND, FORESTAL RIGHTS, &c., IN THE ROYAL FORESTS:		£. s. d.		
New Forest -		38 8 -		
Dean Forest -		533 10 -		
			571 18 -	
TO THE MINES ACCOUNT (per Act 29 & 30 Vict. c. 62):				
A Moiety of the Net Rents and Royalties received from Mines, &c., in the Year 1868–69, in accordance with the provisions of the 2nd section of the "Crown Lands Act, 1866" (*vide* "The Mines Account" at page 183), viz.:				
England and Wales		14,273 8 -		
Scotland		53 11 -		
Ireland		43 4 9		
Isle of Man		3,857 4 11		
		18,227 8 8		
Deduct,—A Moiety of the Amount of Salary of the Chief Mineral Inspector, for the Year ended 31st March 1869		400 - -		
			17,827 8 8	
TO DIVIDENDS OF STOCK purchased out of Money received for Damage to Asgill House, at Richmond			21 6 11	
TO MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS:				
England and Wales:		£. s. d.		
Received from the Conservators of the River Thames one-third proportion of the Money arisen in the Year 1868 from Sales of portions of the Bed and Shores of the River Thames (per Act 20 & 21 Vict. c. 147)		305 - -		
Net Proceeds of the Sale of Old Materials of Houses, Nos. 28, 29, 30, and 31, Bury Street, St. James's.		203 16 9		
Received from the Inclosure Commissioners the Crown's proportion of Surplus Money, arising out of the following Inclosures in the County of Essex, viz.:	£. s. d.			
Barking	17 17 7			
Dagenham	96 2 7			
Stapleford Abbotts	53 17 8			
		167 17 10		
Compensation for Crown's Claim in respect of a Reeve Rent on Land, called "Dodfields," at Awre, County of Gloucester		8 - -		
			684 14 7	
TO REPAYMENT OF ADVANCES:				
Received from Revenue in respect of Advances for Permanent Improvements under the "Crown Lands Act, 1866" (*vide* page 155), viz.:		£. s. d.		
Second Instalment of £. 7,647. 3. 1., advanced in 1866–67		305 17 8		
First Instalment of £. 10,561. 18. 9., advanced in 1867–68		422 9 7		
			728 7 3	
Carried forward - - - £.			110,727 2 6	59,025 8 3

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

LAND REVENUE," for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.* *Cr.*

EXPENDITURE—*continued.*				Cash.	Stock and other Securities.
			£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -			9,823 14 2	18,554 5 3	—
BY ADVANCES FOR PERMANENT IMPROVEMENTS, &c.—*continued.*					
England and Wales—continued.					
		£. s. d.			
York—Benningholme—New Washhouse and Men Servants' Bedroom (Mr. Machin, Lessee) - - - -		110 – –			
	£. s. d.				
Ellinthorpe — Drainage, Mr. Robert Walker, Lessee - - - -	427 16 1				
Drainage, Superintendence - -	21 7 9				
		449 3 10			
Skelton Cote—New Fences and Improvements on Farm Buildings (Mr. Stirke) - - - -		202 4 2			
	£. s. d.				
Sunk Island—Engineer's Services on Humber Defences and Fresh Water Supply - - - - -	152 4 –				
General Water Supply for the Estate, new Pump, &c. - - - - -	62 4 8				
Fencing, &c., Superintendence - -	27 14 4				
		242 3 –			
Swine—New Farmhouses and Farmsteads, various Lessees (Balance) -	4,682 9 4				
Cost of Monograms for Farm Houses -	5 – –				
		4,687 9 4			
Thornton Briggs—Drainage, Mr. Lund, Lessee, Superintendence - - - - - - -		7 12 3			
Woodhouse Grange—Improvement of Kitchen Offices (Mr. Beal, Lessee), Superintendence - - -		3 10 –			
			5,702 2 7		
		£.	15,525 16 9		
Scotland:		£. s. d.			
Caithness—Dorrery Estate—Balance of Cost of new Lodge -		51 18 9			
	£. s. d.				
Scrabster Estate—Building a Dyke	19 3 9				
Fencing at Scrabster Farm - -	25 3 8				
		44 7 5			
Stirling—Stirling Park Farm—Alterations to Farm Buildings (Balance) - -	86 18 6				
Boundary Wall from Dumbarton Road to St. Thomas's Well -	382 1 6				
Boundary Wall at Butt's Park -	46 – –				
		515 – –			
			611 6 2		
Isle of Man:					
Boundary Walls and Fences (Crown's proportion) - -		774 2 4			
New Drain to House at Onchan (Mrs. Hoyle) - - -		8 2 –			
			782 4 4		
				16,919 7 3	
BY MISCELLANEOUS PAYMENTS:					
England and Wales:					
Auctioneers, Surveyors, and others' Charges and Disbursements in relation to Sales, Purchases, Exchanges, Enfranchisements, &c. - -			612 2 10		
Commission of the Receiver for Wales on Sales of Fee-Farm Rents, Encroachments, &c. - - - - - - - - - - -			142 – 2		
Compensation to a Tenant, in full of all Claim to the Buildings on Premises at Harwich, County of Essex - - - - - - - -			25 – –		
		£.	779 3 –		
Scotland:					
Inverness—In settlement of a Moiety of Net Amounts of Purchase Monies of Surplus Funds in the Parishes of Moy and Delarossie, recovered by the Crown - - - - - -			409 13 11		
				1,188 16 11	
Carried forward - - - £.				36,662 9 5	—

Appendix, AA.—ACCOUNTS of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

Dr. I.—RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE on Account of the "CAPITAL of the

RECEIPT—*continued.*	Cash.	Stock and other Securities.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	110,727 2 6	59,025 8 3
TO CASH INVESTED:		
£. 636 invested in 3 per Cent. Consolidated Annuities; (*vide* per contra) - - - -	- - -	718 12 11
£. 21. 6. 11. invested in 3 per Cent. Reduced Annuities (Asgill House); (*vide* per contra) -	- - -	23 – 10
£.	110,727 2 6	59,767 2 –

AN ABSTRACT, showing the Sources from which CAPITAL

(*Vide* the foregoing

Page of Account.	HEAD OF RECEIPT.	England and Wales.	Scotland.	Ireland.	Isle of Man.	Sources Generally.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
140	Sales of Estates, &c. - - - -	30,550 1 6	- - -	- - -	563 – –	—
142	Sales of Unimprovable Rents, &c. - -	5,286 18 2	661 12 7	5,742 6 6	—	—
142	Sales of Encroachments in Wales - -	2,316 7 7	—	—	—	—
142	Enfranchisements of Copyholds - -	3,175 18 6	—	—	—	—
144	Sales of Land, &c., in the Royal Forests	571 18 –	—	—	—	—
144	The Mines Account (per Act 29 & 30 Vict. c. 62) - - - - -	*13,873 8 –	53 11 –	43 4 9	3,857 4 11	—
144	Dividends of Stock (Asgill House) -	21 6 11	—	—	—	—
144	Miscellaneous Receipts - - - -	684 14 7	—	—	—	—
144	Repayment of Advances - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	728 7 3
	£.	56,480 13 3	715 3 7	5,785 11 3	4,420 4 11	728 7 3

	£. s. d.
* *Note.*—Total for England and Wales - - - -	14,273 8 –
Less,—Salary of the Mineral Inspector - - -	400 – –
£.	13,873 8 –

TOTAL RECEIPT - - - £. 68,130. 0. 3.

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

Land Revenue," for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.* Cr.

EXPENDITURE—*continued.*			Cash.	Stock and other Securities.
			£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -			36,662 9 5	—
BY STOCK, THREE PER CENT. CONSOLIDATED ANNUITIES:				
Cost of £.718. 12. 11. Stock purchased; (*vide* per contra) - - - - - -			636 – –	
BY STOCK, THREE PER CENT. REDUCED ANNUITIES (ASGILL HOUSE):				
Cost of £.23. 0. 10. Stock purchased; (*vide* per contra) - - - - - - - -			21 6 11	
BY BALANCES on the 31st March 1869, viz.:		£. s. d.		
1st. Cash Balance, as per General Abstract at page 197 - - - -		55,528 14 10		
Due to Capital for Advances on account of the removal of the Colonnade in Regent Street (per Act 11 & 12 Vict. c. 50) - - - - - -	£. s. d. 1,000 14 4			
Less, received on Account of Assessment, made 1st November 1868 - - - - - - - -	152 6 5	848 7 11		
Due by the Trustees of Sunk Island Roads, for Advances out of Capital, under the Act 15 & 16 Vict. c. 45 - - - -		451 1		
Due by the Hull South Bridge Company (Loan Account), per Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 77 - - - - - - - - - -		16,603 13 5		
£.		73,432 6 2		
Less, Deposit made by the Southampton and Netley Railway Company		25 – –	73,407 6 2	
2nd. Stock, 3 per Cent. Consolidated Annuities - - - - - - - -			- - -	9,421 – 7
Stock, 3 per Cent. Reduced Annuities - - - - - - - - -			- - -	49,617 4 8
Stock, 3 per Cent. Reduced Annuities (Asgill House) - - - - - - -			- - -	728 16 9
£.			110,727 2 6	59,767 2 –

Moneys have arisen in the Year ended on the 31st March 1869.

Accounts for Details.)

Page of Account.	HEAD OF EXPENDITURE.	England and Wales.	Scotland.	Ireland.	Isle of Man.	Sources Generally.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
141	Purchases of Estates, &c. - - - -	18,108 7 7	—	—	—	—
141	Purchase of Forestal Rights, Royal Forests	20 – –	—	—	—	—
141	Redemption of Tithe Rent-charges - -	237 10 –	—	—	—	..
141	Redemption of Fixed Charges on the Land Revenues - - - - - -	41 12 6	—	—	—	—
141	Enfranchisements of Copyholds - - -	146 15 2	—	—	—	—
143	Advances for Permanent Improvements -	15,525 16 9	611 6 2	- - -	782 4 4	—
145	Miscellaneous Payments - - -	779 3 –	409 13 11	—	—	—
	£.	34,859 5 –	1,021 – 1	- - -	782 4 4	—

TOTAL EXPENDITURE - - - - £.36,662. 9. 5.

II.—AN ACCOUNT, showing the Receipt and Expenditure of The Commissioners
31st March 1869,
"THE INCOME OF
Per Acts 10 Geo. 4, c. 50, 14 & 15

Dr.

RECEIPT.

1.—LAND REVENUE.

	England and Wales.	Scotland.	Ireland.	Isle of Man.	Isle of Alderney.	
						£. s. d.
TO BALANCE on the 1st April 1868:						
For net available Balance, as detailed in Balance Sheet, pages 178 to 181 - - - - - - - - -						72,318 2 3
TO CROWN RENTS, &c., viz.:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Arrears 1st April 1868, viz.:						
Recoverable - - - - -	19,207 9 4	26,727 4 9	31,618 16 3	344 11 3	—	
Irrecoverable - - - - -	35,099 19 4	- -	52,992 1 6	—	—	
Rental for the Year 1868–69 - - -	281,237 – 1	28,331 17 2	45,041 16 8	3,020 15 5	455 18 11	
Rents not in charge with Receivers -	1,682 15 2	—	—	—	—	
Fines, Quit Rents, &c. (Crown Manors)	4,463 10 2	—	—	—	—	
Total Sums receivable - - £.	341,690 14 1	55,059 1 11	129,652 14 5	3,365 6 8	455 18 11	
Deduct,—						
Arrears and Rents discharged - - -	391 – 8	2,037 8 1	192 19 –	—	—	
Land Tax allowed on Welsh Rents - -	557 7 5	—	—	—	—	
Rents repaid, and Remission of Rents -	276 13 3	585 10 6	6 – –	—	—	
Arrears on the 31st March 1869, viz.:						
Recoverable - - - - -	19,123 17 3	25,396 3 4	31,614 4 11	367 19 10	—	
Irrecoverable - - - - -	35,099 19 4	- -	53,295 4 6	—	—	
Total Deductions - - £.	55,448 17 11	28,019 1 11	85,108 8 5	367 19 10	—	
Difference, being the Rents received in 1868–69 - - - - -	286,241 16 2	27,040 – –	44,544 6 –	2,997 6 10	455 18 11	
£. 361,279. 7. 11. - - - - -						361,279 7 11
Carried forward - - - £.						433,597 10 2

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the on Account of—

THE LAND REVENUE,"

Vict. c. 42, and 29 & 30 Vict. c. 62. *Cr.*

EXPENDITURE.

1.—LAND REVENUE.

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
BY SALARIES AND PER-CENTAGE OF RECEIVERS AND STEWARDS OF MANORS:		
England and Wales	6,421 12 11	
Scotland	1,743 18 3	
Ireland	910 11 7	
Isle of Man	329 2 1	
Isle of Alderney	50 – –	
		9,455 4 10
BY INCIDENTAL EXPENSES OF RECEIVERS AND STEWARDS OF MANORS:		
England and Wales	354 1 10	
Scotland	57 8 7	
Ireland	66 11 2	
Isle of Man	18 18 7	
Isle of Alderney	– 17 3	
		497 17 5
BY SURVEYS, &c., OF CROWN PROPERTY:		
Professional Charges and Expenses for Surveys, Plans, &c., in relation to the Management of Crown Property; viz.:		
England and Wales	2,861 19 2	
Scotland	72 8 2	
Ireland	22 16 6	
Isle of Man	9 6 9	
		2,966 10 7
Carried forward £.		12,919 12 10

Appendix, AA.—ACCOUNTS of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

Dr. II.—RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE on Account of the "INCOME of the

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -		- -	433,597 10 2
1.—RECEIPT from Land Revenue—*continued.*			
TO THE MINES ACCOUNT (per Act 29 & 30 Vict. c. 62):			
A Moiety of the Net Rents and Royalties received from Mines, &c., in the Year 1868-69, in accordance with the Provisions of the 2nd Section of the Crown Lands Act, 1866. (*Vide* "The Mines Account" at page 183), viz.:			
England and Wales - - - - - - - - - - -	14,273 8 -		
Scotland - - - - - - - - - - -	53 11 -		
Ireland - - - - - - - - - - -	43 4 9		
Isle of Man - - - - - - - - - - -	3,857 4 11		
		18,227 8 8	
Add,—A Moiety of the Amount of Salary paid to the Chief Mineral Inspector, for the Year ended 31st March 1869 - - - - - - - - - - -		400 - -	
			18,627 8 8
Carried forward - - - £.			452,224 18 10

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

LAND REVENUE," for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.* *Cr.*

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -				12,919 12 10
1.—EXPENDITURE for Land Revenue—*continued.*				
BY REPAIRS, &c., ON CROWN ESTATES, VIZ.:				
England and Wales:				
Berks—Windsor: Repairs of Roads - - - - - - - -		10 – –		
Ditto - Repairs to Sheet Street Road, St. Albans Street -		21 7 2		
Ditto - Repairs of Fences (Mrs. Short, Tenant) - - -		3 – 6		
Ditto - Drainage of Rose Cottages - - - - - -		4 19 5		
			39 7 1	
Bucks—Datchet: Repairs of Fences (G. Keene) - - - - - - -			11 13 6	
Cumberland—Lanercost Woods: Salary of Woodkeeper - - - -		20 – –		
Ditto - Repairs to Fences - - - -		3 17 6		
			23 17 6	
Essex—Harwich: Salary of Superintendent - - - - - -		21 – –		
Stapleford Abbotts: Repairs, &c. to Farm Buildings and a new Fence, E. Mollett, Lessee (on account) -		300 – –		
			321 – –	
Gloucester—Hagloe: Repairs to Buildings and Fences, Alfred Goold, Lessee (Balance) - - - - - - -		239 10 9		
Ditto - Repairs to Gates and Bridges (J. Smith, Lessee)		11 – –		
			250 10 9	
Hunts—Great Staughton: Remedying dampness of Walls of Farm House and Cottages (John Blott, Lessee) - - - - - - - -			256 – –	
Kent—Blackheath: Levelling Face of Gravel Pit - - - - -		53 13 8		
Eltham Estate—New Roads: Building Estate -	29 13 3			
Ditto - Sewer under Burnt Ash Lane -	410 10 2			
Ditto - Repairs of Roof of Old Palace Hall, &c. - - - - -	22 9 –			
Ditto - Additions to Wood Lodge - -	21 – –			
Ditto - Allowance to T. Westbrook for Repair of Fences - - - -	5 – –			
		483 12 5		
Eltham Woods: Salary of Woodkeeper - - - - -		60 7 8		
			602 13 9	
Lancaster—Aldingham: Salary of Woodkeeper - - - - -		5 5 –		
Ditto - Repairing Fences at Seawood Coppice - -		– 18 3		
			6 3 3	
Lincoln—Holbeach: Repairing Spouting to House, W. Metheringham, Lessee (Balance) - - - - - - -		16 7 6		
Billingborough: Salary of Local Superintendent, &c. - -		15 2 –		
Read's Island: Repairs to the Banks, Messrs. Read, Tenants		17 14 4		
			49 3 10	
Middlesex—Building Ground at Victoria Park: Salary, &c. of Clerk of the Works - - - -	163 13 9			
Forming a Road, with Entrance Gate, between the Grove Street Road and St. Augustine's Church - - - -	4 5 6			
		167 19 3		
Carried forward - - £.		167 19 3	1,560 9 8	12,919 12 10

Appendix, AA.—ACCOUNTS of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

Dr. II.—RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE on Account of the "INCOME of the

			£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -					452,224 18 10
1.—RECEIPT from Land Revenue—*continued.*					
TO FINES ON THE RENEWAL OF CROWN LEASES:					
Middlesex—Premises, No. 41, Duke Street, St. James's					236 – –
TO FEES FOR LEASES, CONVEYANCES, ASSIGNMENTS, SURVEYS, &c.:					
Fees received, viz.:					
England and Wales			4,280 13 6		
Less,—Fees returned			15 13 –		
				4,265 – 6	
Scotland				9 9 –	
Ireland				22 1 –	
Isle of Man				97 8 6	
					4,393 19 –
TO FEES ON ACQUITTANCES OF RENTS IN IRELAND					981 18 2
TO SALES OF PRODUCE OF CROWN ESTATES:					
England and Wales:					
Berks	Windsor	(Trees)		22 6 3	
Cumberland	Lanercost	(Wood, &c.)		10 – 6	
Essex	Hainault	(Trees)		8 – –	
Hants	Carisbrooke Castle	(Leaves)		– 6 –	
Kent	Eltham	(Timber, &c.)		225 – 3	
Lancaster	Torver	(Coppice Wood)		497 9 1	
Middlesex	Hampton	(A Tree)		– 8 –	
Oxford	Wychwood	(Trees, &c.)	7 18 6		
	Stowood	(Trees)	14 – –		
				21 18 6	
Surrey	Esher Woods, &c.	(Trees, Bark, &c.)	4,095 15 2		
	Egham	(Hay, Wood, &c.)	363 8 –		
	Richmond	(Trees)	29 – –		
				4,488 3 2	
Sussex	Poynings Estate	(Underwood, &c.)		76 10 2	
Wilts	Bishops Cannings	(Trees)		793 1 –	
Worcester	Bewdley	(Bark)		35 5 8	
York	Heworth Grange	(Trees)		44 – –	
			£.	6,222 8 7	
Scotland:					
Inverness	Fort Augustus	(A Tree)		– 4 –	
					6,222 12 7
Carried forward - - £.					464,059 8 7

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

LAND REVENUE," for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.* *Cr.*

		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -		167 19 3	1,560 9 8	12,919 12 10
1.—EXPENDITURE for Land Revenue—*continued.*				
BY REPAIRS, &c., OF CROWN ESTATES—*continued.*				
England and Wales—continued.				
Middlesex—Bury Street, St. James's: Cost attendant on the pulling down of Houses, Nos. 28, 29, 30, and 31, and Clearing the Sites for Re-letting - - - - - -		96 7 11		
Hampton Court, Honor and Manor of: Repairs to Iron Boundary Railing of Hampton Court Park, damaged by the fall of an Elm Tree - - - - - -		3 18 6		
Kensington: Repairing Fences, &c. on West Side of Queen's Road - - - - - - - -		4 12 4		
Penitentiary Road, Millbank: Maintenance, Lighting, and Watering - - - - - - - -		155 3 4		
Repairs of Roof of House, No. 3, Middle Scotland Yard -		1 1 11		
			429 3 3	
	£. s. d.			
Surrey—Egham Estate: Repairs of Cottages (Balance) -	337 10 1			
Ditto - Enlargement of the Wheatsheaf Inn - - - - - -	21 – –			
		358 10 1		
Esher: New Farm Buildings and Repairs, Mr. Blenkiron, Lessee (on account) - - - - - -		149 12 –		
	£. s. d.			
Ditto - Woods: Salary, &c. of Woodman -	57 12 8			
Ditto - Repairs of Roads and Fences, Cleaning Ditches - - - - - -	169 4 6			
		226 17 2		
Ditto - Repairs of and Erection of Fences at Esher Bridge -		69 3 1		
Ditto - Repairs to Cottages, J. Bacon and G. Port, Lessees -		44 3 4		
Richmond, Old Deer Park: Repair of Fencing - - - -		– 15 –		
Ditto - Allowance to a Tenant for Repairs at No. 1, Maids-of-Honor Row. (This sum was received in 1867–68 in respect of Dilapidations (*Vide* 46th Report, p. 162) - - - - - -		50 – –		
Ditto - Ham Common: Repairs of five Cottages (on account) - - - - - - - -		20 – –		
Ditto - Sudbrook Park: Repairs of Fences - - -		5 – –		
			924 – 8	
Sussex—Poynings Woods: Salary of Woodkeeper, &c. - - - - - - -			23 13 8	
		£. s. d.		
Wilts—Bishops Cannings: Salary of Superintendent - - - -		10 – –		
Ditto - Repairs to School and Schoolmaster's House		28 7 6		
	£. s. d.			
Bromham: Salary of Superintendent, &c. - -	21 12 9			
Ditto - A New Gate for Farmstead, Daniel Butler, Lessee - - - -	6 10 –			
		28 2 9		
			66 10 3	
Worcester—Bewdley: Salary of Woodkeeper - - - - - - - -			19 11 6	
Carried forward - - - £.			3,023 9 –	12,919 12 10

Appendix, AA.—ACCOUNTS of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

Dr. II.—RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE on ACCOUNT of the "INCOME of the

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -				464,059 8 7
1.—RECEIPT from Land Revenue—*continued.*				
TO INTEREST OF MONEY:				
England and Wales:				
Interest of Balance of Advances made out of Capital for the Removal of the Colonnade in the Regent's Quadrant (at 5 per Cent.) - - - - - - - - - - -		51 13 11		
Interest of Advances made out of Capital on account of Loan to the Hull South Bridge Company (per Act 25 & 26 Vict. c. 77)		243 9 –		
Dividend of 100 *l.* Share (formerly the property of W. H. White) in the Sleaford Navigation Company - - - - -		- Nil.	295 2 11	
Scotland:				
Interest of the Running Balance of the Woods and Forests Fund at the Royal Bank of Scotland, during the year 1868 - - -		243 19 9		
Interest of 720 *l.* deposited in the Royal Bank of Scotland -		37 16 3		
Interest of Rent of Property at Fort Augustus, County of Inverness - - - - - - - - - - -		– 9 7	282 5 7	
Sources generally:				
Dividend of 8,649 *l.* 11 *s.* 1 *d.* Stock, 3 per Cent. Consolidated Annuities, Bank of England (half a year) - - - - - - - - -	129 14 10			
Ditto - of 718 *l.* 12 *s.* 11 *d.* (one year to 5th July 1867) - - - - - - - -	21 4 –			
Ditto - of 771 *l.* 9 *s.* 6 *d.* (one year to 5th July 1868) - - - - - -	22 11 4			
Ditto - of 9,241 *l.* 0 *s.* 7 *d.* (half a year) - -	141 6 3	314 16 5		
Ditto - of 49,617 *l.* 4 *s.* 8 *d.* Stock, 3 per Cent. Reduced Annuities, Bank of England - - - - - - - -		1,488 10 4	1,803 6 9	2,380 15 3
Carried forward - - - £.				466,440 3 10

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

Land Revenue," for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.* *Cr.*

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -			3,023 9 –	12,919 12 10
1.—Expenditure for Land Revenue—*continued.*				
BY REPAIRS, &c., OF CROWN ESTATES—*continued.*				
England and Wales—continued.		£. s. d.		
York – Hull Citadel: Maintenance of Embankment - -		4 12 8		
Sunk Island—General Water Supply for the Estate, New Pumps, Repairs, &c. - - - - - -		30 11 3		
Sunk Island Roads—One-fifth part of the Balance (564 *l.* 7 *s.* 6 *d.*) of the sum advanced out of Capital under the Act 14 & 15 Vict. c. 45 - - - -		112 17 6		
	£. s. d.			
Woodhouse Grange—Plantation Fences, Repair of - - - - - - -	4 5 –			
Cleaning Drains - - -	6 10 –	10 15 –		
			158 16 5	
		£.	3,182 5 5	
Less,—Credits for Dilapidations on the following Estates, &c., viz.:		£. s. d.		
Hunts—Great Staughton - - - - -		65 – –		
Lincoln—Wingland - - - - - -		36 – –		
Suffolk—Shimpling Farm - - - - -		300 – –		
Surrey—Esher - - - - - - -		60 – –	461 – –	
		£.	2,721 5 5	
Scotland:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
Caithness—Scrabster Estate, Manure, Lime, &c. -	177 14 4			
Ditto - Repairs of Cottages, &c. - - -	7 10 –	185 4 4		
Inverness—Fort Augustus, Sundry Incidental Repairs to Buildings - - - - - - - - - -		71 1 11		
Orkney—Repairing Dwelling House at Seabury Walls - -		8 – –		
Stirling—Stirling Park Farm: Alterations to Farm Buildings (balance) - - - - - - - - - -		87 16 3		
			352 2 6	
Ireland:				
Kildare—Repairs, &c. of a Cottage - - - - - - - - -			4 12 –	
Isle of Man:				
Repair of Boundary Walls and Fences (Crown's proportion) - - - - - - - - -		62 15 10		
Search for source of Water, and filling-in excavation (Mrs. Hoyle, Tenant) - - - - - - - -		– 6 3		
			63 2 1	
Isle of Alderney:				
Repairs of Court House, Gaol, Pier, &c. - - - - - - - -			58 16 3	
				3,199 18 3
By Repayment to Capital in respect of Advances for Permanent Improvements, under the Crown Lands Act, 1866 (*vide* page 144):				
			£. s. d.	
Second Instalment of 7,647 *l.* 3 *s.* 1 *d.* advanced in 1866–67 - - - -			305 17 8	
First Instalment of 10,561 *l.* 18 *s.* 9 *d.* advanced in 1867–68 - - - -			422 9 7	
				728 7 3
Carried forward - - - £.				16,847 18 4

Appendix, AA.—Accounts of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

Dr. II.—Receipt and Expenditure on Account of the "Income of the

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -		466,440 3 10
1.—Receipt from Land Revenue—*continued.*		
TO INTEREST OF PURCHASE MONEYS OF ESTATES SOLD:		
England and Wales:		
Chester—Interest of Balance of Purchase Money (1,800 *l.*) of Foreshore at Birkenhead	70 4 –	
Essex—Interest of Balances of Purchase Moneys of Premises at Harwich	192 10 2	
Sussex—Interest of Balance of Purchase Money (1,000 *l.*) of Site of the Church of the Holy Trinity at Hastings	39 – –	
Worcester—Interest of Balance of Purchase Money (882 *l.* 9 *s.*) of Portion of the Bewdley Estate	34 8 2	
York—Interest of Balances of Purchase Moneys of Foreshore at the River Humber, at Hull	306 – –	
£.	642 2 4	
Scotland:		
Inverness—Interest of Purchase Money (618 *l.* 14 *s.*) of Surplus Teinds of Lands in the Parishes of Moy and Delarossie	32 10 8	
Isle of Man.		
Interest of Purchase Money (320 *l.*) of Land in the Island	3 13 –	
		678 6 –
TO ROLLS ESTATE (per Act 1 Vict. c. 46):		
Rents, &c., viz.:		
Arrears on the 5th January 1868	23 2 6	
Rental for the year 1868	396 5 –	
£.	419 7 6	
Deduct,—		
Arrears on the 5th January 1869	68 10 –	
		350 17 6
Carried forward - - - £.		467,469 7 4

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

Land Revenue," for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.* *Cr.*

			£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -			16,847 18 4
1.—Expenditure for Land Revenue—*continued.*			
BY ALLOWANCES TO CROWN TENANTS:			
Allowance to a Tenant for Improvements, &c. on the Hagloe Estate, County of Gloucester - - -			100 – –
BY RATES AND TAXES ON CROWN PROPERTY:			
Property Tax allowed to Crown Tenants, viz.:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
England and Wales - - - - - - - - -	6,884 11 11		
Scotland - - - - - - - - - - -	432 16 7		
Ireland - - - - - - - - - - -	1,076 1 4		
		8,393 9 10	
Land Tax, Drainage, Poor, Highway, and Church Rates, or Donations in lieu thereof, viz.:			
England and Wales - - - - - - - - -	1,075 4 –		
Scotland - - - - - - - - - - -	183 5 2		
Ireland - - - - - - - - - - -	10 6 2		
Isle of Alderney - - - - - - - - - -	– 18 10		
		1,269 14 2	
			9,663 4 –
BY KENSINGTON ESTATE:			
Repair of Fences of Pasture Land, &c. - - - - - - - - - -		202 5 –	
Maintenance and Repair of the Road, Footpaths, Lodges, &c., Gatekeepers' Salaries and Liveries, Lighting and Watering, Rates and Taxes on Lodges - - - - - - - - - -	£. s. d. 982 15 10		
Less,—Proportion of the Expense of Maintenance, &c. in 1867–8, paid by the Tenants - - - - - - - -	307 14 1		
		675 1 9	
			877 6 9
BY ROLLS ESTATE (per Act 1 Vict. c. 46):			
Property Tax allowed to Crown Tenants - - - - - - - - -		9 8 2	
Tithes in respect of Houses in Fetter-lane - - - - - - - - -		3 13 8	
Donations - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		11 4 –	
			24 5 10
BY FIXED CHARGES, PENSIONS, STIPENDS, AND ALLOWANCES:			
Permanent Pensions and Allowances, Stipends to Ministers, Allowances to Universities, Schools, Hospitals, &c., viz.:			
England and Wales - - - - - - - - - - - -		3,643 10 11	
Scotland - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		1,281 – 6	
Ireland - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		54 3 4	
Isle of Man - - - - - - - - - - - - -		30 17 2	
Isle of Alderney - - - - - - - - - - - -		50 – –	
			5,059 11 11
BY DONATIONS TO CHURCHES, SCHOOLS, &c.:			
Donations towards the Building, Enlargement, and Repairs of Churches and Parsonage Houses, and Subscriptions to Schools, &c., viz.:			
England and Wales - - - - - - - - - - - -		3,717 8 6	
Scotland - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		12 4 10	
Isle of Man - - - - - - - - - - - - -		41 – –	
			3,770 13 4
Carried forward - - - £.			36,343 – 2

Appendix, AA.—ACCOUNTS of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

Dr. II.—RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE on Account of the " INCOME of the

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Brought forward - - -							467,469	7	4
1.—RECEIPT from Land Revenue—*continued.*									
TO MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS:									
England and Wales:									
Received from the Keeper of the Land Revenue, Records, and Inrolments, being the Amount of the Fees for Searches, Inrolments, Copies, &c., collected by him in the Year 1868–69				470	15	10			
Rents of Premises at Hull Citadel, County York				843	4	–			
For Dilapidations on Houses, No. 7 and part of No. 6, Market Street, St. James's				45	10	–			
Received from the Lord Steward's Department, in repayment of Expenditure in 1867–68, on repair of Water-pipes at the Royal Laundry, near Richmond, County Surrey				12	7	1			
Received from the in-coming Tenants of Property at Egham, County Surrey, in respect of Tillages				57	15	–			
Various Receipts of small Amount				13	4	3			
				1,442	16	2			
Scotland:									
Sale of old Materials of a House in Ruins at Fort Augustus, County Inverness	5	13	6						
Sale of Swans at Linlithgow Loch	7	9	–						
				13	2	6			
Ireland:									
Curragh of Kildare,—Rents of Sites of Booths, &c.	22	3	4						
Fines for Trespass	–	4	6						
				22	7	10			
Isle of Man:									
Fees for Searches and Copies made in the Office of the Seneschal				11	5	11			
Isle of Alderney:									
Sale of Reeds, Timber Waif, &c.				–	12	9			
							1,490	5	2
Carried forward - - - £.							468,959	12	6

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

LAND REVENUE," for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.* *Cr.*

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -				36,343 – 2
1.—EXPENDITURE for Land Revenue—*continued.*				
BY MISCELLANEOUS PAYMENTS:				
England and Wales:				
Rents of Ground and Premises taken for the purpose of the New Street Improvements - - - - - - - -		348 6 6		
Rent of No. 12, Whitehall Place - - - -	138 7 9			
Ditto No. 6, Whitehall - - - - - -	36 1 6			
		174 9 3		
			522 15 9	
Interest of Purchase-moneys of Estates purchased - - - - - - -			120 4 2	
Paid to the Keeper of the Land Revenue Records for Searches, Inrolments, Copies, &c., in the Years 1866, 1867, and 1868 - - - - - - - -			539 2 8	
Allowed to a Tenant at Hainault, County Essex, for Loss consequent on the Cattle Plague - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			200 – –	
Hull Citadel:				
Property Tax - - - - - - - - - -		17 3 4		
Supply of Water - - - - - - - - - -		9 – –		
Cost of Flushing a Sewer - - - - - - - -		5 – –		
Repairs of River Wharf, &c. - - - - - - -		73 14 7		
			104 17 11	
Cost of Preparation of Produce and other Expenses connected with the Sales thereof on various Estates - - - - - - - - - - - -			272 7 2	
Compensation Allowances made to the Ranger and Keepers whose Offices were abolished on the Disafforestation of Wychwood Forest (per Act 16 & 17 Vict. c. 36) - -			85 – –	
Paid to the Bank of England for daily attendance of Clerks at the Office - -			24 – –	
Various Payments of small Amount - - - - - - - - - -			457 2 1	
			2,325 9 9	
Scotland:				
Salary, &c. of the Local Agent at Caithness (Two Years) - -		50 10 11		
Costs of Agents to certain Ministers of Islay, County Argyll, in conducting an Action for Reduction of Valuation of Teinds in their Parishes (Balance) - - - - - - - - -		100 – –		
Paid to the Keeper of the Land Revenue Records for Searches, Inrolments, Copies, &c., in the Year 1868-69 - - - - -		– 15 –		
Various Payments of small Amount - - - - - - -		36 15 10		
			188 1 9	
Ireland:				
Remuneration for Services in relation to the Curragh of Kildare -		150 – –		
Compassionate Allowances to the late Overseer of the Labourers on the King Williamstown Estate, 20*l.*; and to a Quit Rent Driver, 7*l.* 8*s.* 3*d.*		27 8 3		
Various Payments of small Amount - - - - - - -		16 19 –		
			194 7 3	
Isle of Man:				
Paid to the Keeper of the Land Revenue Records for Searches, Inrolments, Copies, &c., in the Year 1868-69 - - - - -		20 9 2		
Pay of a Shepherd - - - - - - - - - -		41 12 –		
Various Payments of small Amount - - - - - - -		2 10 4		
			64 11 6	
Isle of Alderney:				
Salary of the Judge - - - - - - - - - -		150 – –		
Salaries of the Procureur, Harbour Master, and Gaoler, and various Gaol and Incidental Expenses in the Island - - - - -		177 11 7		
			327 11 7	3,100 1 10
Carried forward - - - £.				39,443 2 –

Appendix, AA.—Accounts of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

Dr. II.—Receipt and Expenditure on Account of the "Income of the

	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	468,959 12 6

2.—RECEIPT FROM WINDSOR PARKS AND WOODS.

TO WINDSOR PARKS AND WOODS:

	Public Auction.	Private Contract.	Total.		
Sales of Produce:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Bark - { Timber - 252 tons 13 cwt. 2 qrs.; Flittern - 29 tons 0 cwt. 1 qr. }	- - -	1,516 17 9	1,516 17 9		
Poles	347 - -	1,416 - 9	1,763 - 9		
Cordwood or Stackwood	- - -	59 2 6	59 2 6		
Fagots or Bavins	- - -	673 15 5	673 15 5		
Miscellaneous Wood, &c.	- - -	40 10 8	40 10 8		
Charcoal	- - -	243 17 2	243 17 2		
£.	347 - -	3,950 4 3			
Receipt from Sales of Produce				4,297 4 3	
Value of Timber, &c. used for Buildings, Fences, Gates, &c.				504 13 6	
Rents of Land, Cottages, &c.				1,047 13 2	
Miscellaneous (Sale of Old Materials, &c.)				168 19 1	
				6,018 10 -	
Ranger's Department:			£. s. d.		
Sales of Live Stock (37 Oxen)			692 5 -		
Rent of a Meadow			22 - -		
Grazing Rents			25 16 -		
Rent of a Cottage on Hog Common (1¼ Years)			26 17 6		
				766 18 6	
HOME PARK:					
Rent of the Grazing				140 - -	
Total Receipt from Windsor Parks and Woods - - - £.					6,925 8 6
Carried forward - - - £.					475,885 1 -

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

LAND REVENUE," for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.* *Cr.*

	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	39,443 2 –

2.—EXPENDITURE FOR WINDSOR PARKS AND WOODS.

BY WINDSOR PARKS AND WOODS (including the Royal Stand and Hound Kennel at Ascot):

Salaries and Allowances (Ranger's Department):	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Deputy Ranger	400 – –	
Bailiff:—Salary (200 *l.*); in lieu of Horse Corn (10 *l.*)	210 – –	
Locksmith:—Salary (60 *l.*); in lieu of Horse Corn (21 *l.* 18 *s.* 6 *d.*); in lieu of Fuel Wood (17 *l.*)	98 18 6	
Park-keepers:—(2 in number); 1 at 300 *l.*, with Horse Allowance (40 *l.*), and Fuel Allowance (10 *l.*); and 1 at 175 *l.*, with Allowance in lieu of Meadow (7 *l.*), in lieu of Horse Corn (20 *l.*)	552 – –	
Acting Park-keepers (2 in number)	106 15 4	
Under Gamekeepers:—(6 in number, at 1 *l.* 1 *s.* each per week)	327 12 –	
Gatekeepers:—(4 in number, at 1 *l.* 1 *s.* each per week; Allowance to one of them, in lieu of Meadow, 6 *l.*)	224 8 –	
Men assisting ditto	122 6 8	
Fisherman:—Salary (54 *l.* 12 *s.*); in lieu of Keep of Cow (8 *l.*); in lieu of Horse Corn (20 *l.*); in lieu of Fuel (5 *l.*)	87 12 –	
Man assisting ditto	23 9 3	
Warrener	54 12 –	
Bombardier	45 12 6	
Herdsman:—Salary (36 *l.* 10 *s.*); in lieu of Keep of Cow (8 *l.*); in lieu of Fuel (5 *l.*)	49 10 –	
Chaplain	100 – –	
Organist	30 – –	
Care of Chapel	3 – –	
Liveries for Park-keepers, Under Gatekeepers, &c.	127 2 6	
TOTAL for Salaries, &c. (Ranger's Department) - - - £.	2,562 18 9	

Salaries and Allowances (Commissioners of Woods' Department):	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
Deputy Surveyor:—Salary	425 – –			
Ditto - - - Allowance for Clerk	70 – –			
Ditto - - - Allowance for Keep of Three Horses	120 – –	615 – –		
Woodmen (7 in number)	320 16 6			
Foreman of the Park	110 – –			
Clerk of Works:—Salary (180 *l.*); Horse Allowance (45 *l.* per annum)	225 – –	655 16 6		
			1,270 16 6	
TOTAL for Salaries and Allowances - - - £.				3,833 15 3

	Ranger's Department. £. s. d.	Commissioners of Woods' Department. £. s. d.	£. s. d.
New Works and Improvements, Buildings, &c.:			
Trees for the Plantations	- - - -	15 15 –	
Double Cottage at Ascot (Balance)	- - - -	59 2 1	
Additions and Alterations to the Fishing Cottage at Virginia Water (Balance)	- - - -	158 15 2	
Kitchen, Waiting-room, &c. at ditto (Balance)	- - - -	210 – –	
Double Cottage at Knob's Crook (on Account)	- - - -	387 19 10	
Huntsman's Cottage at Cumberland Lodge (on Account)	- - - -	231 7 8	
Maintenance and General Management:			
Repair and Maintenance of Roads, Drives, Fences, and Care of Plantations, Grass Land, &c.	- - - -	5,382 2 1	
Repair and Maintenance of Lodges, &c., viz.:			
Windsor Great Park	- - - -	3,747 3 9	
Bagshot Park	- - - -	142 11 11	
Royal Stand and Dog Kennel at Ascot	- - - -	514 17 7	
Attending Cattle, Bailiff's Horse, Goats, Buffaloes, &c.	212 – 6	—	
Provender for Cattle and Horses, Saddlery, &c.	188 6 1	544 6 8	
Criminal Prosecutions	- - - -	4 5 6	
Rates, Taxes, Tithes, or Allowances in lieu thereof	57 11 10	1,161 15 6	
Contingent Expenses of Forest Officers	21 3 5	173 9 3	
Contributions and Donations	25 5 –	6 5 –	
Food for the Deer, Buffaloes, Goats, &c.	268 18 8	—	
Food for the Game	500 – –	—	
Rent of Land at Hog Common	138 17 11	—	
Compassionate Allowances	93 – –	90 19 10	
Miscellaneous	92 1 7	39 10 2	
Preparation of Produce for Sale:			
Labour	- - - -	1,491 5 –	
Materials and Artificers' Bills	- - - -	109 7 –	
Expenses attendant on Purchase of Live Stock	1 13 6	—	
Expenses attendant on Sales of Live Stock	14 5 2	—	
Expenses attendant on Sales of Produce	- - - -	15 – 2	
£.	1,613 3 8	14,485 18 9	16,099 2 5

HOME PARK:

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Pay of a Constable (52 *l.* 19 *s.*); Livery (6 *l.* 13 *s.*); Property Tax (3 *l.* 10 *s.*); other Expenses (14 *l.* 3 *s.* 6 *d.*)	77 5 6	
TOTAL EXPENDITURE for WINDSOR PARKS AND WOODS - - - £.		20,010 3 2
Carried forward - - - £.		59,453 5 2

Appendix, AA.—Accounts of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

Dr. II.—Receipt and Expenditure on Account of the "Income of the

	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	475,885 1 –

3.—RECEIPT FROM ROYAL FORESTS AND WOODLANDS.

TO NEW FOREST:—(*Hampshire.*)

	Public Auction.	Private Contract.	Total.	
Sales of Produce:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Timber	1,909 – –	- - -	1,909 – –	
Bark (687 tons. 17 cwt. 2 qrs.)	3,392 2 1	2,084 4 3	5,476 6 4	
Poles	1,690 – –	300 2 5	1,990 2 5	
Cordwood or Stackwood	- - -	162 15 –	162 15 –	
Fagots or Bavins	- - -	998 7 9	998 7 9	
Fathomwood	- - -	608 1 6	608 1 6	
Boat Crooks	20 5 –	60 3 4	80 8 4	
Miscellaneous Wood, &c.	- - -	635 7 1	635 7 1	
Oak, Fir, and Holly Plants	- - -	86 7 6	86 7 6	
Hay	- - -	15 – –	15 – –	
£.	7,011 7 1	4,950 8 10		
Receipt from Sales of Produce				11,961 15 11

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Value of Trees and Plants removed from Nurseries to Plantations (*vide* per contra)	1,125 15 6	
Ditto - supplied to Bere Woods (*vide* page 171)	17 18 –	
Value of Timber, &c. used for Lodges, Fences, &c. (*vide* per contra)	147 3 8	
Value of Fuel Wood assigned in the Forest (*vide* per contra)	163 3 –	
Ditto - supplied to the Verderer's Hall	3 15 –	
		1,457 15 2
Rents of Cottages with Land, &c.		339 11 7
Rent of the Victoria Tilery, proportion of (*vide* New Forest Drainage Account at page 188)		10 – –
Forest Dues and Pannage		197 7 6
Fees for Licenses to sport over the Forest		740 – –
Fines levied on Cattle impounded		– 8 9
Transfer from "The Mines Account" of the Cost of digging Gravel, &c. in 1866-7 and 1867-8		11 7 –

BURLEY RAILS FARM:	£. s. d.	
Rent	140 – –	
Additional Rent in respect of Drainage Works	30 14 8	
		170 14 8

NEW PARK FARM:		
Rent	350 – –	
Additional Rent in respect of Drainage Works	295 6 10	
		645 6 10

TOTAL RECEIPT FROM NEW FOREST, Carried forward - - - £.	15,534 7 5	475,885 1 –

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

Land Revenue," for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.* *Cr.*

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -					59,453 5 2

3.—EXPENDITURE FOR ROYAL FORESTS AND WOODLANDS.

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
BY NEW FOREST:—(*Hampshire.*)					
I.—Planting, &c.:					
Labour - - - - - - - - - - - - -		2,950 8 4			
Materials and Artificers' Bills (including value of Forest Timber, &c. used)		508 19 4			
Trees, Plants, Seeds, &c., including carriage - - - - - -		45 18 2			
			3,505 5 10		
Value of Trees and Plants removed from Nurseries to Plantations (*vide* per contra) - -			1,125 15 6		
Total for Planting, &c. - - - £.				4,631 1 4	
II.—Maintenance and General Management:					
Salaries and Allowances:					
Deputy Surveyor:—Salary (500 *l.*); Allowance for Horses (120 *l.*); Allowance for Coals (50 *l.*) - - - - - - - - - - - - -			670 – –		
First Assistant:—Salary (150 *l.*); Horse Allowance (30 *l.*) - - - - -			180 – –		
Second Assistant:—Salary (120 *l.*); Horse Allowance (30 *l.*) - - - - -			150 – –		
Third Assistant:—Salary (120 *l.*); Horse Allowance (30 *l.*) - - - - -			150 – –		
Clerk to Deputy Surveyor - - - - - - - - - - -			100 – –		
Foresters (8 in number: 5 at 80 *l.*, and 3 at 52 *l.* each per annum) - - - -			556 – –		
Horse Allowance to three of them, at 30 *l.* each per annum - - - - -			90 – –		
House Allowance to one of them - - - - - - - - - -			10 – –		
Woodmen (11 in number, at 15 *s.* each per week) - - - - - -			450 – –		
Regarders, Attendance of - - - - - - - - - - -			13 17 6		
Constables - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			130 – –		
Total for Salaries and Allowances - - - £.			2,499 17 6		
Maintenance:					
Labour - - - - - - - - - -	2,731 17 7				
Materials and Artificers' Bills (including value of Forest Timber, &c. used) - - - - - - -	253 18 3				
		2,985 15 10			
Preparation of Produce for Sale:					
Labour - - - - - - - - - - - - -		2,542 – 7			
			5,527 16 5		
Value of Fuel Wood assigned in the Forest (*vide* per contra) - -		163 3 –			
Ditto - supplied to the Verderer's Hall - - - -		3 15 –			
			166 18 –		
Machinery, Implements, &c. - - - - - - - -		23 7 1			
Criminal Prosecutions - - - - - - - - -		128 6 7			
Surveys, Plans, &c. - - - - - - - - -		40 3 –			
Expenses attendant on Sales of Produce - - - - - -		97 3 2			
Contingent Expenses of Forest Officers - - - - - -		71 19 6			
Rates, Taxes, Tithes, or Allowances in lieu thereof - - - -		38 17 4			
Subscription to 14th Hants Rifle Volunteer Corps - - - -		20 – –			
Ditto - to the Keepers Widows' Fund - - - - -		10 – –			
Payment to the Lord of the Manor of Burley - - - - -		– 5 –			
Destruction of Vermin - - - - - - - - -		30 – –			
Compassionate Allowances - - - - - - - - -		313 12 1			
Transfer to "The Mines Account" of this Sum received for Gravel, Sand, and Marl, in 1866–67 and 1867–68 - - - - -		167 7 5			
			941 1 2		
Total for Maintenance and General Management - - - £.				9,135 13 1	
TOTAL EXPENDITURE FOR NEW FOREST, Carried forward - - - £.				13,766 14 5	59,453 5 2

Appendix, AA.—Accounts of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

Dr. II.—Receipt and Expenditure on Account of the "Income of the

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -			15,534 7 5	475,885 1 –
3.—Receipt from Royal Forests and Woodlands—*continued.*				
TO DEAN FOREST (exclusive of Mines):——(*Gloucester.*)				
Sales of Produce (by Private Contract):				
Timber - - - - - - - - - - - -		302 6 –		
Flitterns and Saplings - - - - - - - - - -		464 10 11		
Bark (402 tons, 6 cwt.) - - - - - - - - -		1,609 4 –		
Cordwood or Stackwood - - - - - - - - -		4,649 10 2		
Miscellaneous Wood, &c. - - - - - - - - -		3 3 –		
Receipt from Sales of Produce - - - £.		7,028 14 1		
Value of Trees and Plants removed from Nurseries to Plantations (*vide* per contra) - - - - - - -	11 12 –			
Ditto from Plantations to open Forest - - - -	10 15 –			
Value of Timber, &c. used for Repairs of Fences, &c. (*vide* per contra) - - - - - - - - -	71 14 11			
Value of Fuel Wood allowed to Foresters and Woodmen (*vide* per contra) - - - - - - - - -	63 – –	157 1 11		
Rents of Railways, Land, &c. - - - - - - - - -		1,395 19 6		
Received from Railway Companies in discharge of Inspectors' Salaries -		107 16 9		
Received for Oak Trees, cut down for Railway purposes, &c. - - -		15 2 6		
Fines levied on Cattle impounded - - - - - - - -		4 14 10		
Total Receipt from Dean Forest - - - £.			8,709 9 7	
Carried forward - - - £.			24,243 17 –	475,885 1 –

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

LAND REVENUE," for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.* *Cr.*

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -					13,766 14 5	59,453 5 2
3.—EXPENDITURE for Royal Forests and Woodlands—*continued.*						
BY DEAN FOREST (exclusive of Mines):—(*Gloucester.*)						
I.—PLANTING, &c.:						
Labour - - - - - - - - - - -			321 13 4			
Trees, Plants, Seeds, &c., including Carriage - - -			34 6 1			
				355 19 5		
Value of Trees and Plants removed from Nurseries to Plantations (*vide* per contra) - - - - - -			11 12 –			
Ditto from Plantations to open Forest - - - - -			10 15 –			
Ditto supplied from Highmeadow Woods (*vide* page 166) -			35 12 –			
				57 19 –		
TOTAL for Planting, &c. - - - £.				413 13 5		
II.—MAINTENANCE and GENERAL MANAGEMENT:						
Salaries and Allowances:						
Deputy Surveyor (including Salary for Highmeadow Woods) - - - - - -		400 – –				
Ditto, Allowance for Two Horses - -		60 – –				
Ditto, Allowance for Coals - - - -		20 – –				
Ditto, Salary as a Railway Inspector - -		54 12 –				
			534 12 –			
Assistant Deputy Surveyor - - - -		105 1 4				
Ditto, Allowance for Horse - - - -		44 1 1				
Ditto, Allowance for House (½ year) - -		30 – –				
Ditto, Allowance for Coals - - -		6 – –				
Ditto, Salary as a Railway Inspector - -		57 7 4				
			242 9 9			
Late Assistant Deputy Surveyor (to 23rd February 1868) -			38 19 1			
Foresters (3 in number, at 70*l.* each per annum) - -			210 – –			
Wood Foreman (at 1 *l.* 7 *s.* 6 *d.* per week) - - -			71 10 –			
Superintendent (at 1 *l.* 5 *s.* per week) - - - -			66 15 –			
Woodmen (16 in number, at 2 *s.* 6 *d.* each per diem) - -			624 – –			
TOTAL for Salaries and Allowances - - - £.			1,783 5 10			
Maintenance:						
Labour - - - - - -	1,159 5 7					
Materials and Artificers' Bills (including Value of Forest Timber, &c. used) - -	475 10 10					
		1,634 16 5				
Preparation of Produce for Sale:						
Labour - - - - - -	1,682 13 –					
Materials and Artificers' Bills -	3 7 –					
		1,686 – –				
			3,320 16 5			
Value of Fuel Wood allowed to Foresters and Woodmen (*vide* per contra) - - -		- -	63 – –			
Machinery, Implements, Harness, &c. - -		5 13 4				
Expenses attendant on Sales of Produce - -		16 6 –				
Contingent Expenses of Forest Officers - -		70 17 8				
Rates, Taxes, Tithes, or Allowances in lieu thereof - - - - - - - -		308 7 8				
Criminal Prosecutions, &c. - - - - -		– 4 6				
Insurance of Whitemead - - - - -		1 6 3				
Surveys, Plans, Searches, &c. - - - - -		30 1 –				
Commission and Expenses attendant on the Collection of Rents - - - - - -		167 3 7				
Allowance made to the Widow of the late Assistant Deputy Surveyor for Improvements at Ellwood - - - - - - - -		50 – –				
Subscription to the Gloucester Infirmary -		10 10 –				
Subscription to the 12th Gloucester Rifle Volunteer Corps - - - - - - -		20 – –				
Compassionate Allowances - - - - -		101 15 –				
Discount allowed to Purchasers of Produce -		32 3 8				
Transfer to "The Mines Account" of this Sum received for Stone and Sand in 1866–67 and 1867–68 - - - - - - - -		3 8 8				
			817 17 4			
TOTAL for Maintenance and General Management - - - - £.				5,989 19 7		
TOTAL EXPENDITURE for DEAN FOREST - - - £.					6,403 18 –	
Carried forward - - - £.					20,170 12 5	59,453 5 2

Appendix, AA.—ACCOUNTS of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

Dr. II.—RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE on Account of the "INCOME of the

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -			245,243 17 –	475,885 1 –
3.—RECEIPT from Royal Forests and Woodlands—*continued.*				
TO HIGHMEADOW WOODS:—(*Gloucester.*)				
Sales of Produce (by Private Contract):				
Timber - - - - - - - - - - - -		5 7 6		
Flitterns and Saplings - - - - - - - - -		52 15 11		
Bark (105 tons. 4 cwts.) - - - - - - - - -		502 6 7		
Cordwood or Stackwood - - - - - - - - -		2,329 13 4		
Underwood - - - - - - - - - - -		87 5 –		
Miscellaneous Wood, &c. - - - - - - - - -		3 19 4		
RECEIPT from Sales of Produce - - - £.		2,981 7 8		
Value of Trees supplied to Dean Forest (*vide* page 165)	35 12 –			
Value of Timber, &c. used for Repairs of Fences, &c. (*vide* per contra) - - - - - - -	2 – –			
Value of Fuel Wood allowed to Woodmen (*vide* per contra) - - - - - - - -	12 – –			
		49 12 –		
Rent of a Brickyard, Land, Fishery, Shooting, &c. - - - -		279 7 –		
Miscellaneous Receipts - - - - - - - - -		– 9 2		
TOTAL RECEIPT from HIGHMEADOW WOODS - - - £.			3,310 15 10	
Carried forward - - - £.			27,554 12 10	475,885 1 –

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

LAND REVENUE," for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.* *Cr.*

					£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -					20,170 12 5	59,453 5 2
3.—EXPENDITURE for Royal Forests and Woodlands—*continued.*						
BY HIGHMEADOW WOODS:—(*Gloucester.*)						
I.—PLANTING, &c.:				£. s. d.		
Labour - - - - - - - - - - - -				3 12 8		
TOTAL for Planting, &c. - - - £.				3 12 8		
II.—MAINTENANCE and GENERAL MANAGEMENT:						
Salaries and Allowances:		£. s. d.	£. s. d.			
Deputy Surveyor (Salary charged to Dean Forest—*vide* page 165) - - - -		—				
Assistant to Deputy Surveyor - - -		50 – –				
Ditto, Horse Allowance - - -		41 – 3				
			91 – 3			
Woodmen (4 in number, at 2 *s.* 6 *d.* each per diem) -			156 – –			
TOTAL for Salaries and Allowances - - - £.			247 – 3			
Maintenance:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.				
Labour - - - -	329 10 4					
Materials and Artificers' Bills (including Value of Forest Timber, &c. used) - -	22 6 3					
		351 16 7				
Preparation of Produce for Sale:						
Labour - - - -	687 4 7					
Materials and Artificers' Bills	2 – –					
		689 4 7				
			1,041 1 2			
Value of Fuel Wood allowed to Woodmen (*vide* per contra) - - - - -		- -	12 – –			
Machinery, Implements, &c. - - - -		1 9 3				
Expenses attendant on Sales of Produce -		– 16 3				
Contingent Expenses of Forest Officers -		3 17 –				
Rates, Taxes, Tithes, or Allowances in lieu thereof - - - - - - -		425 15 4				
Rent of Slag Bank near Redbrook - -		1 – –				
Compassionate Allowances - - - -		13 – –				
Discount allowed to a Purchaser of Bark -		10 – 11				
Cost of a Survey of the Highmeadow Estate (Balance) - - - - - -		182 12 6				
Commission and Expenses attendant on the Collection of Rents - - - - -		19 19 9				
			658 11 –			
TOTAL for Maintenance and General Management - - - £.				1,958 12 5		
TOTAL EXPENDITURE for HIGHMEADOW WOODS - - - £.					1,962 5 1	
Carried forward - - - £.					22,132 17 6	59,453 5 2

Appendix, AA.—Accounts of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

Dr. II.—Receipt and Expenditure on Account of the "Income of the

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	27,554 12 10	475,885 1 –

3.—Receipt from Royal Forests and Woodlands—*continued.*

TO ALICE HOLT WOODS:—(*Hampshire.*)	Public Auction.	Private Contract.	Total.		
Sales of Produce:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
Flitterns and Saplings - - - -	138 10 –	281 15 5	420 5 5		
Bark (482 tons 1 cwt. 2 qrs. 26 lbs.) -	1,624 2 3	- - -	1,624 2 3		
Poles - - - - - - -	587 10 6	12 4 4	599 14 10		
Cordwood or Stackwood - - -	439 3 6	28 12 –	467 15 6		
Fagots or Bavins - - - -	275 2 6	79 4 9	354 7 3		
Miscellaneous Wood, &c. - - -	- - -	15 1 4	15 1 4		
£.	3,064 8 9	416 17 10			
Receipt from Sales of Produce - - - - - £.			3,481 6 7		
		£. s. d.			
Value of Timber, &c. used for Repairs of Fences, &c. (*vide* per contra) - - - - - - - - -		8 7 4			
Value of Fuel Wood allowed to the Foreman and Woodman (*vide* per contra) - - - - - - -		5 17 –			
Value of Fern for Forest Horse (*vide* per contra) - -		– 6 –	14 10 4		
Rents of Cottages, Land, Shooting, &c. - - - - - - -			258 8 10		
Total Receipt from Alice Holt Woods - - - £.				3,754 5 9	

TO WOOLMER ESTATE:—(*Hampshire.*)	Public Auction.	Private Contract.	Total.		
Sales of Produce:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
Flitterns and Saplings - - - -	- - -	19 14 6	19 14 6		
Bark (28 tons 19 cwt. 18 lbs.) - -	159 12 8	- - -	159 12 8		
Poles - - - - - - - -	- - -	8 11 3	8 11 3		
Fagots or Bavins - - - - -	- - -	40 8 –	40 8 –		
Cordwood or Stackwood - - -	- - -	45 3 1	45 3 1		
Miscellaneous Wood, &c. - - -	- - -	– 1 –	– 1 –		
£.	159 12 8	113 17 10			
Receipt from Sales of Produce - - - - £.			273 10 6		
Rent of Land (Received from the War Department) - - - -			618 – –		
Total Receipt from Woolmer Estate - - -				891 10 6	
Carried forward - - - £.				32,200 9 1	475,885 1 –

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

Land Revenue," for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.* *Cr.*

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -					22,132 17 6	59,453 5 2
3.—Expenditure for Royal Forests and Woodlands—*continued.*						
BY ALICE HOLT WOODS:—(*Hampshire.*)						
I.—Planting, &c.:						
Labour				567 10 –		
Materials and Artificers' Bills				301 – 10		
Total for Planting, &c. - - - £.				868 10 10		
II.—Maintenance and General Management:						
Salaries and Allowances:						
Deputy Surveyor (apportioned Amount of the Gross Salary of the Deputy Surveyor of Alice Holt Woods, Woolmer Estate, Bere and Parkhurst Woods, applicable to Alice Holt Woods)			120 – –			
Foreman (at 3 *s.* 6 *d.* per diem)		54 12 –				
Ditto, Horse Allowance		30 – –				
			84 12 –			
Woodman (at 2 *s.* 6 *d.* per diem)			35 15 –			
Total for Salaries and Allowances - - - £.			240 7 –			
Maintenance:						
Labour	152 14 4					
Materials, and Artificers' Bills (including Value of Forest Timber, &c. used)	6 8 11					
		159 3 3				
Preparation of Produce for Sale:						
Labour	936 14 8					
Materials and Artificers' Bills	3 3 9					
		939 18 5				
			1,099 1 8			
Allowed to the Foreman and Woodmen in lieu of Fuel Wood (*vide* per contra)		5 17 –				
Value of Fern for Forest Horse (*vide* per contra)		– 6 –				
			6 3 –			
Machinery, Implements, Harness, &c.		5 12 –				
Expenses attendant on Sales of Produce		57 1 11				
Contingent Expenses of Forest Officers		9 15 11				
Rates, Taxes, Tithes, or Allowances in lieu thereof		3 5 11				
Transfer to "The Mines Account" of this Sum received for Gravel in 1867–8		– 17 6				
			76 13 3			
Total for Maintenance and General Management - - - £.				1,422 4 11		
Total Expenditure for Alice Holt Woods - - - £.					2,290 15 9	
BY WOOLMER ESTATE:—(*Hampshire.*)						
I.—Planting, &c.				Nil.		
II.—Maintenance and General Management:						
Salaries and Allowances:						
Woodman (at 3 *s.* 2 *d.* per diem)			49 11 2			
Total for Salaries and Allowances - - - £.			49 11 2			
Preparation of Produce for Sale:						
Labour		87 17 3				
Materials and Artificers' Bills		3 3 –				
			91 – 3			
Expenses attendant on Sales of Produce		1 2 –				
Contingent Expenses of Forest Officers		– 9 6				
Compassionate Allowances		10 8 –				
			11 19 6			
Total for Maintenance and General Management - - - - £.				152 10 11		
Total Expenditure for Woolmer Estate - - - £.					152 10 11	
Carried forward - - - £.					24,576 4 2	59,453 5 2

Appendix, AA.—Accounts of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

Dr. II.—Receipt and Expenditure on Account of the " Income of the

	Public Auction. £. s. d.	Private Contract. £. s. d.	Total. £. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -				32,200 9 1	475,885 1 -
3.—Receipt from Royal Forests and Woodlands—*continued.*					
TO BERE WOODS:——(*Hampshire.*)					
Sales of Produce:					
Bark (113 tons 1 qr. 25 lbs.)	636 17 10	- -	636 17 10		
Poles	508 - -	171 1 11	679 1 11		
Cordwood or Stackwood	- -	2 - -	2 - -		
Fagots or Bavins	192 19 6	212 6 3	405 5 9		
Miscellaneous Wood, &c.	- -	35 14 8	35 14 8		
£.	1,337 17 4	421 2 10			
Receipt from Sales of Produce - - - £.			1,759 - 2		
Value of Timber, &c. used for Repairs of Fences, &c. (*vide* per contra)		1 16 -			
Value of Fuel Wood allowed to the Deputy Surveyor, Foreman and Woodmen (*vide* per contra)		9 12 -			
			11 8 -		
Rent of West Lodge, Cottages, Land, Shooting, &c.			166 3 10		
Total Receipt from Bere Woods - - - £.				1,936 12 -	
TO PARKHURST WOODS:——(*Isle of Wight.*)					
Sales of Produce:					
Bark (32 tons 6 cwt. 2 qrs.)	174 4 8	- -	174 4 8		
Poles	- -	105 7 3	105 7 3		
Fagots or Bavins	- -	112 7 6	112 7 6		
Miscellaneous Wood, &c.	- -	2 15 3	2 15 3		
£.	174 4 8	220 10 -			
Receipt from Sales of Produce - - - £.			394 14 8		
Value of Fuel Wood allowed to Deputy Surveyor, Foreman, and a Labourer (*vide* per contra)			8 15 6		
Rent of a Rifle Range			10 2 6		
Transfer from "The Mines Account" of the Cost of digging Gravel in 1866-7 and 1867-8			3 6 6		
Total Receipt from Parkhurst Woods - - - £.				416 19 2	
Carried forward - - - £.				34,554 - 3	475,885 1 -

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

LAND REVENUE," for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.* *Cr.*

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -					24,576 4 2	59,453 5 2
3.—EXPENDITURE for Royal Forests and Woodlands—*continued.*						
BY BERE WOODS:——(*Hampshire.*)						
I.—PLANTING, &c.:			£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
Labour - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			10 5 –			
Trees, Plants, Seeds, &c. - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			1 4 –			
				11 9 –		
Value of Trees and Plants supplied from New Forest (*vide* page 162) - - - - - - -				17 18 –		
TOTAL for Planting, &c. - - - £.				29 7 –		
II.—MAINTENANCE and GENERAL MANAGEMENT:						
Salaries and Allowances:						
Deputy Surveyor (apportioned Amount of the Gross Salary of the Deputy Surveyor of Alice Holt Woods, Woolmer Estate, Bere and Parkhurst Woods, applicable to Bere Woods) - - - - - - - - - - - - -			80 – –			
Foreman (at 3 *s.* 6 *d.* per diem) - - - - - - - - - - -			54 12 –			
Woodmen (two in number, at 2 *s.* each per diem) - - - - - - - -			62 12 –			
TOTAL for Salaries and Allowances - - - £.			197 4 –			
Maintenance:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.				
Labour - - - - - - - - - - -	72 5 3					
Materials and Artificers' Bills (including value of Forest Timber, &c. used) - - - - - - - - -	8 16 3					
		81 1 6				
Preparation of Produce for Sale:						
Labour - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		394 4 6				
			475 6 –			
Value of Fuel Wood allowed to the Deputy Surveyor, Foreman and Woodmen (*vide* per contra) - - - - - - - - - -			9 12 –			
Machinery, Implements, Harness, &c. - - - - - - - - -		– 12 3				
Expenses attendant on Sales of Produce - - - - - - - -		17 13 1				
Contingent Expenses of Forest Officers - - - - - - - -		6 3 1				
Insurance of Bark Shed - - - - - - - - - - -		– 5 3				
Rates, Taxes, Tithes, or Allowances in lieu thereof - - - - - -		3 8 10				
Transfer to "The Mines Account" of this Sum received for Mould in 1867–8 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		– 2 –				
			28 4 6			
TOTAL for Maintenance and General Management - - - £.				710 6 6		
TOTAL EXPENDITURE for BERE WOODS - - - £.					739 13 6	
BY PARKHURST WOODS:——(*Isle of Wight.*)						
I.—PLANTING, &c. -				Nil.		
II.—MAINTENANCE and GENERAL MANAGEMENT:						
Salaries and Allowances:			£. s. d.			
Deputy Surveyor (apportioned Amount of the Gross Salary of the Deputy Surveyor of Alice Holt Woods, Woolmer Estate, Bere, and Parkhurst Woods, applicable to Parkhurst Woods) - - - - - - - - - - - - -			50 – –			
Foreman (at 1 *l.* per week) - - - - - - - - - - - - -			52 – –			
TOTAL for Salaries and Allowances - - - £.			102 – –			
Maintenance:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.				
Labour - - - - - - - - - - -	43 9 2					
Materials and Artificers' Bills - - - - - -	17 13 –					
		61 2 2				
Preparation of Produce for Sale:						
Labour - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		113 9 8				
			174 11 10			
Value of Fuel Wood allowed to Deputy Surveyor, Foreman, and a Labourer (*vide* per contra) - - - - - - - - - -		8 15 6				
Cost of Carting - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		2 – –				
			10 15 6			
Machinery, Implements, &c. - - - - - - - - - - -		– 17 –				
Expenses attendant on Sales of Produce - - - - - - - -		1 4 –				
Contingent Expenses of Forest Officers - - - - - - - -		3 2 2				
Rates, Taxes, Tithes, or Allowances in lieu thereof - - - - - -		– 8 4				
Compassionate Allowances - - - - - - - - - - -		16 10 6				
Transfer to "The Mines Account" of this Sum received for Gravel in 1866–7 and 1867–8 - - - - - - - - - - - -		21 4 –				
			43 6 –			
TOTAL for Maintenance and General Management - - - £.				330 13 4		
TOTAL EXPENDITURE for PARKHURST WOODS - - - £					330 13 4	
Carried forward - - - £.					25,646 11 –	59,453 5 2

Appendix, AA.—ACCOUNTS of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

Dr. II.—RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE on Account of the " INCOME of the

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	34,554 – 3	475,885 1 –

3.—RECEIPT from Royal Forests and Woodlands—*continued.*

TO HAZLEBOROUGH WOOD:—(*Northampton.*)	Public Auction.	Private Contract.	TOTAL.	£. s. d.
Sales of Produce:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Flitterns and Saplings - - - -	209 8 –	- - -	209 8 –	
Bark (52 tons 13 cwt.) - - - -	- - -	264 8 9	264 8 9	
Fagots or Bavins - - - - -	- - -	67 11 2	67 11 2	
Underwood - - - - - -	- - -	15 – –	15 – –	
Miscellaneous Wood, &c. - - -	- - -	– 18 –	– 18 –	
£.	209 8 –	347 17 11		
RECEIPT from Sales of Produce - - £.			557 5 11	
Value of Fuel Wood allowed to the Woodman (*vide* per contra) - -			6 – –	
Rent of Shooting - - - - - - - - - - -			50 – –	
TOTAL RECEIPT from HAZLEBOROUGH WOOD - - - £.				613 5 11

TO SALCEY WOOD:—(*Northampton.*)	Public Auction.	Private Contract.	TOTAL.	£. s. d.
Sales of Produce:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Flitterns and Saplings - - - -	135 – 6	415 – –	550 – 6	
Bark (153 tons 10 cwt.) - - - -	- - -	793 10 5	793 10 5	
Fagots or Bavins - - - - -	- - -	165 15 6	165 15 6	
Poles - - - - - - -	- - -	16 10 –	16 10 –	
Underwood - - - - - -	80 7 6	- - -	80 7 6	
£.	215 8 –	1,390 15 11		
RECEIPT from Sales of Produce - - £.			1,606 3 11	
Value of Fuel Wood allowed to the Deputy Surveyor and Woodman (*vide* per contra) - - - - - -		£. s. d. 10 – –		
Value of Stones used for Repairs of Roads (*vide* per contra) -		28 16 –		
			38 16 –	
Rents of Hartwell Lodge, Cottages, Land, Shooting, &c. - - - -			398 7 –	
TOTAL RECEIPT from SALCEY WOOD - - - £.				2,043 6 11

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Carried forward - - - £.	37,210 13 1	475,885 1 –

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

LAND REVENUE," for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.* *Cr.*

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -					25,646 11 –	59,453 5 2
3.—EXPENDITURE for Royal Forests and Woodlands—*continued.*						
BY HAZLEBOROUGH WOOD:—(*Northampton.*)						
I.—PLANTING, &c. - - - - - - - - - - - - -				Nil.		
II.—MAINTENANCE and GENERAL MANAGEMENT:						
Salaries and Allowances:						
Deputy Surveyor (apportioned Amount of the Gross Salary of the Deputy Surveyor of Hazleborough, Salcey, and Delamere Woods, applicable to Hazleborough Wood)			40 – –			
Woodman (at 2 *s.* 8 *d.* per diem) - - - - - -			41 14 8			
TOTAL for Salaries and Allowances - - £.			81 14 8			
Maintenance:						
Labour - - - - -	50 3 6					
Materials and Artificers' Bills	1 10 –					
		51 13 6				
Preparation of Produce for Sale:						
Labour - - - - -	148 13 3					
Materials and Artificers' Bills	2 6 11					
		151 – 2				
			202 13 8			
Value of Fuel Wood allowed to the Woodman (*vide* per contra) - - - - - - - - -			6 – –			
Machinery, Implements, &c. - - -		– 17 9				
Expenses attendant on Sales of Produce -		10 2 –				
Contingent Expenses of Forest Officers -		– 11 4				
Rates, Taxes, Tithes, or Allowances in lieu thereof - - - - - - - -		2 7 2				
			13 18 3			
TOTAL for Maintenance and General Management - - - £.				304 6 7		
TOTAL EXPENDITURE for HAZLEBOROUGH WOOD - - - £.					304 6 7	
BY SALCEY WOOD:—(*Northampton.*)						
I.—PLANTING, &c. - - - - - - - - - - - - -				Nil.		
II.—MAINTENANCE and GENERAL MANAGEMENT:						
Salaries and Allowances:						
Deputy Surveyor (apportioned Amount of the Gross Salary of the Deputy Surveyor of Hazleborough, Salcey, and Delamere Woods, applicable to Salcey Wood) - -			90 – –			
Woodman (at 3 *s.* 4 *d.* per diem) - - - - - -			52 3 4			
TOTAL for Salaries and Allowances - - £.			142 3 4			
Maintenance:						
Labour - - - - -	214 16 3					
Materials and Artificers' Bills (including the Value of Stones used) - - -	36 6 6					
		251 2 9				
Preparation of Produce for Sale:						
Labour - - - - -	442 10 7					
Materials and Artificers' Bills	– 14 –					
		443 4 7				
			694 7 4			
Value of Fuel Wood allowed to the Deputy Surveyor and Woodman (*vide* per contra) -		10 – –				
Allowance to the Woodman for Grass - -		2 – –				
			12 – –			
Machinery, Implements, &c. - - - -		21 18 3				
Provender for Horses - - - - - -		18 – –				
Expenses attendant on Sales of Produce -		21 11 8				
Contingent Expenses of Forest Officers -		3 15 5				
Rates, Taxes, Tithes, or Allowances in lieu thereof - - - - - - - -		9 11 3				
			74 16 7			
TOTAL for Maintenance and General Management - - - £.				923 7 3		
TOTAL EXPENDITURE for SALCEY WOOD - - - £.					923 7 3	
Carried forward - - - £.					26,874 4 10	59,453 5 2

Appendix, AA.—ACCOUNTS of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

Dr. II.—RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE on Account of the "INCOME of the

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -			37,210 13 1	475,885 1 –
3.—RECEIPT from Royal Forests and Woodlands—*continued.*				
TO DELAMERE WOODS:—(*Chester.*)				
Sales of Produce by Private Contract:				
Timber - - - - - - - - - - - - -		1,196 10 10		
Flitterns and Saplings - - - - - - - - - -		399 15 3		
Poles - - - - - - - - - - - - -		109 10 2		
Oak Cropwood - - - - - - - - - - -		27 – –		
Miscellaneous Wood, &c. - - - - - - - - -		14 3 5		
Plants - - - - - - - - - - - - -		3 15 –		
RECEIPT from Sales of Produce - - - £.		1,750 14 8		
Value of Timber, &c., used for Repairs of Fences, &c. (*vide* per contra) - - - - - - - - -	41 17 6			
Value of Gravel used in the Forest (*vide* per contra) - -	6 – –			
Value of Fuel Wood allowed to the Foreman and Woodman (*vide* per contra) - - - - - - - -	6 15 –			
		54 12 6		
Rent of Land, Hondslough Farm, &c. - - - - - - -		3,505 12 –		
Net Rent received in respect of Old and New Pale Farms - - - -		53 18 6		
TOTAL RECEIPT from DELAMERE WOODS - - - £.			5,364 17 8	
Carried forward - - - £.			42,575 10 9	475,885 1 –

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

LAND REVENUE," for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.* *Cr.*

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -					26,874 4 10	59,453 5 2
3.—EXPENDITURE for Royal Forests and Woodlands—*continued.*						
BY DELAMERE WOODS:—(*Chester.*)						
I.—PLANTING, &c. - - - - - - - - - - - -				Nil.		
II.—MAINTENANCE and GENERAL MANAGEMENT:						
Salaries and Allowances:						
Deputy Surveyor (apportioned Amount of the Gross Salary of the Deputy Surveyor of Hazleborough, Salcey, and Delamere Woods, applicable to Delamere Woods) -		200 – –				
Ditto, Horse Allowance - - - -		30 – –				
Ditto, Allowance for Fuel - - -		15 – –	245 – –			
Foreman (at 3 *s.* 6 *d.* per diem) - -		54 15 6				
Ditto Allowance in lieu of House and Land - - - - - -		20 – –	74 15 6			
Woodman (at 2 *s.* per diem) - - - - - -			31 6 –			
Watcher (at 2 *s.* 6 *d.* per diem) - - - - -			39 2 6			
TOTAL for Salaries and Allowances - - - £.			390 4 –			
Maintenance:						
Labour - - - - -	289 5 9					
Materials and Artificers' Bills (including Value of Forest Timber and Gravel used) -	105 11 7	394 17 4				
Preparation of Produce for Sale:						
Labour - - - - -	292 8 10					
Materials and Artificers' Bills	8 10 6	300 19 4	695 16 8			
Value of Fuel Wood allowed to the Foreman and Woodman (*vide* per contra) - - - - - - - - -			6 15 –			
Machinery, Implements, Harness, &c. - -		17 14 8				
Provender for Horses - - - - - -		41 1 10				
Expenses attendant on Sales of Produce -		4 19 –				
Contingent Expenses of Forest Officers -		38 10 1				
Rates, Taxes, Tithes, or Allowances in lieu thereof - - - - - - - -		92 13 3				
Compassionate Allowances - - - - -		70 – –				
Allowed to Tenants of the Old and New Pale Farms, for Repairs - - - - - -		24 3 –				
Allowed to Tenants for Land taken by Railway Company - - - - - - -		54 – –				
Surveys, Plans, &c. - - - - - -		1 11 6	344 13 4			
TOTAL for Maintenance and General Management - - - £.				1,437 9 –		
TOTAL EXPENDITURE for DELAMERE WOODS - - - £.					1,437 9 –	
Carried forward - - - £.					28,311 13 10	59,453 5 2

Appendix, AA.—Accounts of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

Dr. II.—Receipt and Expenditure on Account of the "Income of the

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -			42,575 10 9	475,885 1 –
3.—Receipt from Royal Forests and Woodlands—*continued.*				
TO CHOPWELL WOODS (exclusive of Mines):——(*Durham.*)				
Sales of Produce - - - - - - - - - -		Nil.		
Rent of Land, Cottages, and Gardens - - - - -		18 5 –		
Interest of 70*l.* 5*s.* 6*d.* expended in 1853–54 on Drainage of Land - - - - - -	4 11 4			
Interest of 8*l.* 11*s.* 8*d.* expended on the Drainage of the Foreman's Lodge - -	– 8 7			
		4 19 11		
A Shooting License - - - - - -	7 5 –			
A Fishing License - - - - - - -	– 10 –			
		7 15 –		
Use of a Watercourse - - - - - - - - -		– 5 –		
Total Receipt from Chopwell Woods - - - £.			31 4 11	
TOTAL RECEIPT from ROYAL FORESTS and WOODLANDS - - £.				42,606 15 8
£.				518,491 16 8

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

LAND REVENUE," for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.* *Cr.*

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -				28,311 13 10	59,453 5 2
3.—EXPENDITURE for Royal Forests and Woodlands—*continued.*					
BY CHOPWELL WOODS (exclusive of Mines):—(*Durham.*)					
I.—PLANTING:					
Labour - - - - - - - - - -			– 6 –		
Trees, Plants, Seeds, &c. - - - - - - -			1 3 –		
TOTAL for Planting - - - £.			1 9 –		
II.—MAINTENANCE and GENERAL MANAGEMENT:					
Salaries and Allowances:					
Superintendent - - - - - - -		100 – –			
TOTAL for Salaries and Allowances - £.		100 – –			
Maintenance:					
Labour - - - - - -	301 1 6				
Materials and Artificers' Bills -	2 19 6				
		304 1 –			
Contingent Expenses of Forest Officers - - - - - - -	13 8 10				
Cost of Prosecution for Trespass -	1 6 –				
Rates, Taxes, &c., or Allowances in lieu thereof - - - - -	20 – –				
Transfer to "The Mines Account" of a sum received for Gravel in 1867–68 - - - - - -	1 – –				
		35 14 10			
TOTAL for Maintenance and General Management - £.			439 15 10		
TOTAL EXPENDITURE for CHOPWELL WOODS - - - £.				441 4 10	
TOTAL EXPENDITURE FOR ROYAL FORESTS AND WOODLANDS - - £.					28,752 18 8
£.					88,206 3 10
BY CONSOLIDATED FUND:					
AMOUNT PAID OVER TO THE EXCHEQUER IN 1868–69, AS SURPLUS INCOME - - - - - -					360,000 – –
£.					448,206 3 10
BY BALANCE on the 31st March 1869:					
For Net Available Balance, as detailed in Balance Sheet, pages 178 to 181 - - - - - -					70,285 12 10
£.					518,491 16 8

BALANCE SHEET, explanatory of the Net Available Balances, at the Commencement and Close of the preceding Account of the Receipt and Expenditure of the Income of the Land Revenue.

Balances, 1st April 1868. Drs. £. s. d.	Balances, 1st April 1868. Crs. £. s. d.	LEDGER ACCOUNTS.	Balances, 31st March 1869. Drs. £. s. d.	Balances, 31st March 1869. Crs. £. s. d.
73,582 11 1	- -	CASH.—Proportion of the Aggregate Cash Balance at the Banks of England, Ireland, and the Royal Bank of Scotland, applicable to Income, as per General Abstract, at pages 196 and 197 - -	68,670 15 2	
		RECEIVERS, &c.		
		W. C. Higgins - - - Middlesex, &c. - - - - -	—	
		Sir John Kirkland - - Bailiwick of St. James's - - -	—	
96 4 3	- -	John Higgins - - - York, Lancaster, &c. - - - -	119 10 –	
118 1 4	- -	John Clutton - - - Lincoln, Kent, &c. { Due by him -	87 5 6	
		{ Due by Purchasers	2,209 16 –	
4 4 9	- -	H. F. Day - - - Norfolk and Suffolk - - - -	2 10 7	
	2 3 1	W. Wilkin - - - Wales, &c. - - - - -	- -	4 13 8
130 14 8	- -	F. C. Skrimshire - - Isle of Man - - - - -	228 9 7	
76 6 10	- -	J. A. Gauvain - - - Isle of Alderney - - - -	194 14 7	
44 14 6	- -	G. Bellairs - - - Ross, &c. - - - - - -	70 12 3	
– 9 5	- -	D. Campbell - - - Galloway, &c. - - - - -	- -	– – 5
		J. Berry - - - - Fife, &c. - - - - - -	- -	1 – 10
– 2 –	- -	A. J. Napier - - - Dunbar - - - - - -	—	
12 7 4	- -	John Spence - - - Orkney - - - - - -	24 5 5	
344 12 2	- -	Collectors of Inland Revenue - - - } for Ireland (14 in number) - -	392 10 3	
		DEPUTY SURVEYORS, &c.		
892 17 2	- -	Due by him - -{- L. H. Cumberbatch -} Due by him - -	92 4 8	
755 10 –	- -	Due by Purchasers {- New Forest -} Due by Purchasers	56 9 11	
203 18 10	- -	Due by him - -{- Sir J. Campbell, Bart. -} Due by him - -	349 13 1	
922 12 8	- -	Due by Purchasers {- Dean Forest, &c. -} Due by Purchasers	578 8 6	
80 8 –	- -	T. F. Brown (Deputy Gaveller) - - Mines in Dean Forest -	19 13 2	
180 18 10	- -	G. E. Francis (Receiver and Registrar) - - ditto - - -	17 4 11	
	15 1 10	Due to him - -{- T. Linnell -} Due by him - -	91 18 2	
158 7 2	- -	Due by Purchasers {- Delamere Woods, &c. -} Due by Purchasers	111 8 9	
11 2 1	- -	W. Thomson - - Chopwell Woods - - - - -	12 9 11	
776 5 –	- -	Due by him - -{- W. Menzies Windsor Parks and Woods - - -} Due by him - -	908 17 7	
634 3 9	- -	Due by Purchasers { -} Due by Purchasers	521 4 10	
18 3 –	- -	Major Gen. Seymour, Windsor Great Park - - - - -	74 5 5	
79,044 14 10	17 4 11	- - - - - Carried forward - - - - £.	74,834 8 3	5 14 11

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

Income—Balance Sheet—*continued.*

BALANCES, 1st April 1868. *Drs.*	BALANCES, 1st April 1868. *Crs.*	LEDGER ACCOUNTS.	BALANCES, 31st March 1869. *Drs.*	BALANCES, 31st March 1869. *Crs.*
£. s. d.	£. s. d.		£. s. d.	£. s. d.
79,044 14 10	17 4 11	- - - - Brought forward - - - -	74,834 8 3	5 14 11
		STEWARDS OF MANORS, &c.		
		G. Austin - - Shefford with Campton, Bedford -	—	
	2 15 10	C. Benning - - Dunstable, Bedford - - -	- -	4 10 8
	– – 6	G. Cooper - - East Dereham, Norfolk - -	—	
49 10 11	- - -	L. H. Cumberbatch Lyndhurst, Hants - - -	47 15 8	
		W. Dugmore (Steward), E. Jackson (Deputy Steward) - - West Walton-cum-Membris, Norfolk	—	
36 10 3	- - -	J. Eaden - - Burwell Ramseys, Cambridge -	63 14 2	
54 14 2	- - -	J. Hawkins - - Hitchin, Portman and Foreign, Herts	54 11 7	
	8 11 9	F. Scudamore - - East Farleigh, &c., Kent - -	56 14 4	
3 11 9	- - -	J. Secker - - Egham, Surrey - - - -	4 15 –	
– 3 –	- - -	J. Stone - - - late for Portland, Dorset - -	– 3 –	
1 10 3	- - -	B. White (Collector) Portland, Dorset - - -	1 8 1	
		MISCELLANEOUS.		
	890 – –	Public Companies, &c. - - - - - - - For Balance of Moneys lodged to meet Expenses connected with Bills in Parliament.	- - -	940 – –
	2,170 10 5	J. Clutton (Surveyor) - - - - - - - - For Balance of Accounts rendered for Professional Services.	- - -	296 11 9
	74 6 5	Houses in the Regent's Quadrant (Painting, &c.) - For Balance, standing at the credit of this Account.	- - -	75 2 6
	132 3 11	Houses in Charles Street, Saint James's (Restoration Account). For Deposit to meet the Cost of restoration of the Houses Nos. 20 to 24.	- - -	136 7 11
132 3 11	- - -	Stock Three per Cent. Reduced Annuities (Houses in Charles Street, Saint James's). For Deposit of 100 *l.* in the Year 1858, invested in this Stock, the Dividends whereof will accumulate until the expiration of the Leases of the Houses Nos. 20 to 24.	136 7 11	
	157 9 2	Houses in St. Alban's Place, Haymarket - - - For Deposit to meet the Cost of re-building Premises at Nos. 5 and 6.	- - -	162 16 7
157 9 2	- - -	Stock Three per Cent. Reduced Annuities (Houses in St. Alban's Place, Haymarket). For deposit of 140 *l.* in the Year 1864, invested in this Stock, the Dividends whereof will accumulate until the expiration of the Leases of the Houses Nos. 5 and 6.	162 16 7	
47 4 9	- - -	The Lessees of Chandos Mews - - - - - For Balance of Expenses incurred in Repairs, &c.	2 3 9	
9 9 3	- - -	The Lessees of Carlton House Terrace Mews - - For Balance of Expenses incurred in Repairs, &c.	11 8 9	
79,537 2 3	3,453 2 11	- - - - Carried forward - - - £.	75,376 7 1	1,621 4 4

Appendix, AA.—Accounts of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

Income—Balance Sheet—*continued.*

Balances, 1st April 1868. Drs. £. s. d.	Balances, 1st April 1868. Crs. £. s. d.	LEDGER ACCOUNTS.	Balances, 31st March 1869. Drs. £. s. d.	Balances, 31st March 1869. Crs. £. s. d.
79,537 2 3	3,453 2 11	Brought forward	75,376 7 1	1,621 4 4
		MISCELLANEOUS—*continued.*		
	210 – –	James Rennie & Co. Deposit in respect of the permission granted to them to place soil on a piece of land at Eltham, in the County of Kent.	- - -	210 – –
80 – –	- - -	J. and G. Pollard and the Wallasey Local Board of Health. For Amount due on account of Plans and Sections of the Road and Culvert across the North Reserve at Birkenhead.	80 – –	
	5 – –	Phillips and others. For Balance of Deposit in respect of Damage which may be done to the Lands of Trethurras by mining operations.	- - -	5 – –
	50 – –	John Higginbothom and others. For Deposit in respect of Damage which may be done to Land within the Manor of Bewdley, Worcester, by mining operations.	- - -	50 – –
	100 – –	T. Docwra and Son. For Deposit as a Security for the due performance of their agreement in relation to Land at Hampton Court.	—	
	20 – –	W. G. Roberts. For Deposit in respect of Damage which may be done in searching for Minerals in the County of Merioneth.	- - -	20 – –
	30 – –	R. Forster and others. For Deposit in respect of Damage which may be done in searching for Gold in the County of Cork.	- - -	30 – –
	25 – –	F. M. Jennings and others. For Deposit in respect of a License to be granted to them to search for Gold in the County of Wicklow.	- - -	25 – –
		Frederick Acheson. For Deposit in respect of Surface Damage in searching for Gold in the County of Wicklow.	- - -	60 – –
	30 – –	R. Rowe. For Deposit in respect of Damage which may be done at Kirk Maughold, Isle of Man, by mining operations.	- - -	30 – –
– 4 8	- - -	S. Y. M'Culloch. For Balance of Account of Improvements on Crown Estates in the County of Caithness.	– 4 8	
79,617 6 11	3,923 2 11	Carried forward £.	75,456 11 9	2,051 4 4

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

INCOME—BALANCE SHEET—*continued.*

BALANCES, 1st April 1868. Drs. £. s. d.	BALANCES, 1st April 1868. Crs. £. s. d.	LEDGER ACCOUNTS.	BALANCES, 31st March 1869. Drs. £. s. d.	BALANCES, 31st March 1869. Crs. £. s. d.
79,617 6 11	3,923 2 11	Brought forward	75,456 11 9	2,051 4 4
		MISCELLANEOUS—*continued.*		
	860 8 10	HAINAULT FOREST DISAFFORESTATION (per Act 14 & 15 Vict. c. 43). For Balance of Money which has arisen out of the Disafforestation of Hainault Forest, reserved for Appropriation in accordance with the Provisions of the Act.—(*Vide* detailed Account at page 187.)	- - -	829 8 10
	2,111 8 1	WHITTLEWOOD FOREST DISAFFORESTATION (per Act 16 & 17 Vict. c. 42). For Balance of Money which has arisen out of the Disafforestation of Whittlewood Forest, reserved for Appropriation in accordance with the Provisions of the Act.—(*Vide* detailed Account at page 187.)	- - -	1,953 8 1
	3 4 –	WINDSOR, STAINES, AND SOUTH WESTERN RAILWAY. For Balance of Lodgment in discharge of Expenses of constructing a Gate and Piers from Richmond Green into the Old Deer Park at Richmond.	- - -	3 4 –
	401 – 10	PROPERTY AND INCOME TAX (per Act 5 & 6 Vict. c. 35, *et seq.*) For Balance due to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue for Income Tax collected in the Department.	- - -	333 13 8
79,617 6 11	7,299 4 8	£.	75,456 11 9	5,170 18 11
- - -	72,318 2 3	NET AVAILABLE BALANCES brought to Account at pages 148 and 177	- - -	70,285 12 10
79,617 6 11	79,617 6 11	£.	75,456 11 9	75,456 11 9

Appendix, AA.—ACCOUNTS of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

AN ACCOUNT, showing the RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE of the
for the Year ended on the

"THE MINES
(Per Act 29 &

Dr.

RECEIPT.	ENGLAND AND WALES.	SCOTLAND.	IRELAND.	ISLE OF MAN.	TOTAL.
TO RENTS AND ROYALTIES, Viz.:—	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Arrears, 1st April 1868, viz.:					
Recoverable - - - -	3,332 15 3	3 – –	1 – –	128 10 –	3,465 5 3
Irrecoverable - - - -	—	—	—	—	—
Charge for the Year 1868-69 (including Transfers from Royal Forests, &c.) -	33,467 3 10	24 10 –	88 5 –	8,343 6 10	41,923 5 8
TOTAL Sums Receivable - - £.	36,799 19 1	27 10 –	89 5 –	8,471 16 10	45,388 10 11
Deduct,—					
Allowances for short Workings - -	267 10 5	- -	- -	- -	267 10 5
Rents and Royalties Discharged -	52 – –	- -	- -	- -	52 – –
Repayments and Remissions - -	1,008 2 5	- -	- -	- -	1,008 2 5
Arrears on the 31st March 1869, viz.:					
Recoverable - - - - -	3,721 – 9	14 10 –	1 – –	210 5 5	3,946 16 2
Irrecoverable - - - -	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL Deductions - - - £.	5,048 13 7	14 10 –	1 – –	210 5 5	5,274 9 –
Difference,—being Rents and Royalties received in 1868-69 - -	31,751 5 6	13 – –	88 5 –	8,261 11 5	40,114 1 11
Fine on the renewal of Leases of Mines in the Island of Islay, County of Inverness - - - - -	- -	100 – –	- -	- -	100 – –
Licenses for Tramways and Certificates, Dean Forest Mines - -	7 16 –	- -	- -	- -	7 16 –
£.	31,759 1 6	113 – –	88 5 –	8,261 11 5	
				£.	40,221 17 11

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues, 31st March 1869, on Account of—

ACCOUNT."

30 Vict. c. 62.)

Cr.

EXPENDITURE.	ENGLAND AND WALES.			SCOTLAND.			IRELAND.			ISLE OF MAN.			TOTAL.		
BY EXPENSES OF LOCAL MANAGEMENT:—	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Salaries and Per-centage of Receivers, &c. - - - - - -	2,254	9	1	5	13	–	1	14	11	413	1	7	2,674	18	7
Incidental Expenses of Receivers, &c.	173	9	6	–	5	–	–	–	6	20	–	–	193	15	–
Surveys, Plans, &c. - - - - -	297	2	11	-		-	-		-	-		-	297	2	11
Property Tax allowed - - -	442	17	4	-		-	-		-	-		-	442	17	4
Donations to Schools, &c. - -	-		-	-		-	-		-	114	–	–	114	–	–
Miscellaneous Payments (including Transfers from the Royal Forests, &c.) - - - - - -	44	6	9	-		-	-		-	-		-	44	6	9
£.	3,212	5	7	5	18	–	1	15	5	547	1	7			
												£.	3,767	–	7

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
BY CAPITAL OF THE LAND REVENUE:						
For Transfer, under the 2nd section of the Crown Lands Act, 1866, of a Moiety of the Net Receipt (£. 36,454. 17. 4.), on this Account - - -	18,227	8	8			
Deduct,—A Moiety of the Amount of Salary paid to the Chief Mineral Inspector out of Vote of Parliament, for the Year ended 31st March 1869 (*vide* page 193)	400	–	–			
(*Vide* "Capital" Account at page 144).				17,827	8	8
BY INCOME OF THE LAND REVENUE:						
For Transfer of the Residue of the Net Receipt, as above - - - -	18,227	8	8			
Add,—A Moiety of the Amount of Salary paid to the Chief Mineral Inspector for the Year ended 31st March 1869, charged against "Capital," as above -	400	–	–			
(*Vide* "Income" Account at page 150).				18,627	8	8
			£.	40,221	17	11

Appendix, AA.—ACCOUNTS of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

AN ABSTRACT, showing the Sources from which INCOME

[*Vide* the foregoing

Page of Account.	HEAD OF RECEIPT.	England and Wales.	Scotland.	Ireland.	Isle of Man.	Isle of Alderney.	Sources Generally.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
148	Crown Rents, &c. - -	286,241 16 2	27,040 – –	44,544 6 –	2,997 6 10	455 18 11	—
150	The Mines Account - -	*14,673 8 –	53 11 –	43 4 9	3,857 4 11	—	—
152	Fines on Renewal of Crown Leases - - - -	236 – –	—	—	—	—	—
152	Fees for Leases, Conveyances, Assignments, Surveys, &c. -	4,265 – 6	9 9 –	22 1 –	97 8 6	—	—
152	Fees on Acquittances of Rents in Ireland - - -	- - -	- - -	981 18 2	—	—	—
152	Sales of Produce of Crown Estates - - - -	6,222 8 7	– 4 –	—	—	—	—
154	Interest of Money - -	295 2 11	282 5 7	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,803 6 9
156	Interest of Purchase Moneys of Estates sold - - -	642 2 4	32 10 8	- - -	3 13 –	—	—
156	Rolls Estate - - -	350 17 6	—	—	—	—	—
158	Miscellaneous Receipts - -	1,442 16 2	13 2 6	22 7 10	11 5 11	– 12 9	—
	£.	314,369 12 2	27,431 2 9	45,613 17 9	6,966 19 2	456 11 8	1,803 6 9
	£.			396,641 10 3			
160	WINDSOR PARKS and WOODS - - - - - - - £.			6,925 8 6			
162	ROYAL FORESTS and WOODLANDS - - - - - £.			42,606 15 8			

* *Note.*—TOTAL for ENGLAND and WALES - - - £. 14,273 8 –
Add,—Salary of the Mineral Inspector - - 400 – –
£. 14,673 8 –

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

has been derived in the Year ended on the 31st of March 1869.
Accounts for Details.]

Page of Account.	HEAD OF EXPENDITURE.	England and Wales.	Scotland.	Ireland.	Isle of Man.	Isle of Alderney.	Sources Generally.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
149	Salaries and per-centage of Receivers and Stewards of Manors - - - -	6,421 12 11	1,743 18 3	910 11 7	329 2 1	50 - -	—
149	Incidental Expenses of Receivers and Stewards of Manors - - - -	354 1 10	57 8 7	66 11 2	18 18 7	- 17 3	—
149	Surveys, Plans, &c. of Crown Property - - - -	2,861 19 2	72 8 2	22 16 6	9 6 9	—	—
151	Repairs, &c. of Crown Estates	2,721 5 5	352 2 6	4 12 -	63 2 1	58 16 3	—
155	Repayment to Capital for Advances for Permanent Improvements - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	728 7 3
157	Allowances to Crown Tenants	100 - -	—	—	—	—	—
157	Property Tax allowed to Crown Tenants - - -	6,884 11 11	432 16 7	1,076 1 4	—	—	—
157	Rates and Taxes on Crown Property, or Donations in lieu thereof - - -	1,075 4 -	183 5 2	10 6 2	- - -	- 18 10	—
157	Kensington Estate - -	877 6 9	—	—	—	—	—
157	Rolls Estate - - - -	24 5 10	—	—	—	—	—
157	Fixed Charges, Pensions, Stipends, and Allowances -	3,643 10 11	1,281 - 6	54 3 4	30 17 2	50 - -	—
157	Donations to Churches, Schools, Institutions, &c. -	3,717 8 6	12 4 10	- - -	41 - -	—	—
159	Miscellaneous Payments -	2,325 9 9	188 1 9	194 7 3	64 11 6	327 11 7	—
	£.	31,006 17 -	4,323 6 4	2,339 9 4	556 18 2	488 3 11	728 7 3
			£.	39,443 2 -			
161	Windsor Parks and Woods - - - - - - £.			20,010 3 2			
163	Royal Forests and Woodlands - - - - - £.			28,752 18 8			

Appendix, AA.—Accounts of Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, &c.—*cont^d.*

Unavailable Balances due to Income.

STATEMENT, in detail, of Advances out of the Income of the Land Revenue to the Trustees of various Roads; together with the Dates at which the Advances were made, and the Amounts remaining due on the 31st March 1869.

TO WHOM ADVANCED.	DATE OF ADVANCE.	AMOUNT of Advance. £. s. d.	TOTAL. £. s. d.
The Trustees of the Derwent and Shotley Bridge Roads - - - -	29 September - 1834	200 – –	
	17 November - „	200 – –	
	25 February - 1835	200 – –	
	8 July - - „	200 – –	
	31 August - „	200 – –	1,000 – –
The Trustees of the Hollington and Hastings Road - - - -	29 June - - 1836	100 – –	
	8 May - - 1837	200 – –	
	11 June - - 1838	100 – –	
	4 February - 1839	100 – –	500 – –
The Trustees of the Dean Forest Roads	1796, 1799, and 1800	10,645 – –	
	1828	200 – –	
	1829	200 – –	
	1831	100 – –	
	15 February - 1841	500 – –	
	31 March - - 1841	2,500 – –	
	21 April - - 1841	2,000 – –	16,145 – –
Total of "Unavailable Balances" on the 31st March 1869 - £.			17,645 – –

Appendix, AA.—ACCOUNTS of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, &c.—*continued.*

AN ACCOUNT, showing the RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869, under the Act 14 & 15 Vict. c. 43, intituled, "An Act for Disafforesting the Forest of *Hainault*, in the County of *Essex*."

(*Note.*—This Account is inserted in explanation of the Balance of £. 829. 8. 10. on the 31st March 1869 (shown in the Income Balance Sheet at page 181). The Balance standing at the Credit of this Account has arisen from the proceeds of the Timber, &c. formerly standing upon the Allotments awarded to the Commoners, &c.)

Dr. | *Cr.*

RECEIPT.	£. s. d.	EXPENDITURE.	£. s. d.
To BALANCE on the 1st April 1868	860 8 10	BY Compensation Allowance paid to an Underkeeper	31 – –
		BY BALANCE on the 31st March 1869, reserved for appropriation, in accordance with the provisions of the Act 14 & 15 Vict. c. 43	829 8 10
£.	860 8 10	£.	860 8 10

AN ACCOUNT, showing the RECEIPT and EXPENDITURE of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869, under the Act 16 & 17 Vict. c. 42, intituled, "An Act for Disafforesting the Forest of *Whittlewood*, otherwise *Whittlebury*."

(*Note.*—This Account is inserted in explanation of the Balance of £. 1,953. 8. 1. on the 31st March 1869 (shown in the Income Balance Sheet at page 181). The Balance standing at the Credit of this Account has arisen from the proceeds of the Timber, &c. formerly standing upon the Allotments awarded to the Commoners, &c.)

Dr. | *Cr.*

RECEIPT.	£. s. d.	EXPENDITURE.	£. s. d.
To Balance on the 1st April 1868	2,111 8 1	BY Compensation Allowances paid to Verderers and Keepers	158 – –
		BY BALANCE on the 31st March 1869, reserved for appropriation, in accordance with the provisions of the Act 16 & 17 Vict. c. 42	1,953 8 1
£.	2,111 8 1	£.	2,111 8 1

Appendix, AA.—Accounts of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

III.—AN ACCOUNT, showing the Receipt and Expenditure of the Commissioners
31st March 1869,

" DRAINING, or otherwise
Per Act 8 & 9

Dr.

RECEIPT.	£. s. d.	Cash. £. s. d.	Exchequer Bills. £. s. d.
To Balances on the 1st April 1868, viz.:			
1st. Cash Balance, as per General Abstract, at page 196 -	163 16 5		
2nd. Cash in the hands of the Deputy Surveyor of the New Forest - - - - - - - - -	12 2 6	175 18 11	
3rd. Exchequer Bills - - - - - - - - - -		- - -	6,000 – –
To Receipt:			
Rent of the Victoria Tilery, proportion of (*vide* New Forest Account, at p. 162) - - - - - - -	20 – –		
Interest of Exchequer Bills - - - - - -	117 – –	137 – –	
£.		312 18 11	6,000 – –

IV.—AN ACCOUNT, showing the Receipt and Expenditure of the Commissioners
31st March 1869,

"The Fund for the Payment of Stipends to the Officiating Ministers of the Parish
the County of York,"

Dr.

RECEIPT.	£. s. d.	Cash. £. s. d.	Stock. £. s. d.
To Balance on the 1st April 1868, viz.:			
1st. Amount of Three per Cent. Consolidated Annuities, standing in the Names of the Lord Bishop of Peterborough and the Commissioners of Woods, &c. for the time being - - - - - - - -	8,333 6 8		
2nd. Amount of Three per Cent. Consolidated Annuities, standing in the Names of the Lord Archbishop of York and the Commissioners of Woods, &c. for the time being	8,333 6 8	- - -	16,666 13 4
To Dividends of Stock:			
Dividends on £.16,666. 13. 4. for the Year ended 5th January 1869 (less Income Tax) - - - - - - - - - - -		487 10 –	
£.		487 10 –	16,666 13 4

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the on Account of—

Improving the NEW FOREST,"
Vict. c. 93.

Cr

EXPENDITURE.	£. s. d.	Cash. £. s. d.	Exchequer Bills. £. s. d.
By Expenditure - - - - - - - - - - - - -		Nil.	
By Balance on the 31st March 1869, viz.:			
1st. Cash Balance, as per General Abstract, at page 197 -	310 16 5		
2nd. Cash in the hands of the Deputy Surveyor of the New Forest - - - - - - - - - -	2 2 6		
		312 18 11	
3rd. Exchequer Bills - - - - - - - - - -		- - -	6,000 – –
£.		312 18 11	6,000 – –

of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the on Account of—

Churches of NEWBOROUGH, in the County of Northampton, and of SUNK ISLAND, in per Act 1 Will. 4, c. 59.

Cr.

EXPENDITURE.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	Cash. £. s. d.	Stock. £. s. d.
By Stipends of Officiating Ministers, viz.:				
Parish Church of Newborough, County of Northampton:				
Rev. H. Butler, Stipend for the Year to 5th January 1869 - - - -	241 9 1			
Cost of Powers of Attorney, &c. - -	2 5 11			
		243 15 –		
Parish Church of Sunk Island, County of York:				
Rev. Thomas Sutton, Stipend for the Year ended 5th January 1869 (less Income Tax) - - - - -		243 15 –		
			487 10 –	
By Balance on the 31st March 1869, viz.:				
1st. Amount of Three per Cent. Consolidated Annuities, standing in the Names of the Lord Bishop of Peterborough and the Commissioners of Woods, &c. for the time being - - - - - - - -		8,333 6 8		
2nd. Amount of Three per Cent. Consolidated Annuities, standing in the Names of the Lord Archbishop of York and the Commissioners of Woods, &c. for the time being		8,333 6 8		
			- - -	16,666 13 4
£.			487 10 –	16,666 13 4

V.—AN ACCOUNT, showing the Receipt and Expenditure of the Commissioners
31st March 1869,

" The Fund for Maintaining and Repairing the Fabrics of the CHURCHES of Christchurch,
Per Act 5 & 6

Dr.

RECEIPT.	CHRISTCHURCH.		HOLY TRINITY.		ST. PAUL.		CINDERFORD.	
	Cash.	Stock.	Cash.	Stock.	Cash.	Stock.	Cash.	Stock.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
To Balance on the 1st April 1868, viz.:								
1st. Cash Balances, as per General Abstract, at page 196 -	63 15 2	- -	45 1 –	- -	26 12 9	- -	27 18 1	—
2nd. Amount of Three per Cent. Consolidated Annuities, standing in the Names of the Commissioners of Woods, &c., and the Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol for the time being - -	- -	333 6 8	- -	333 6 8	- -	333 6 8	- -	333 6 8
To Receipt:								
Dividends of Stock - -	10 – –	- -	10 - -	- -	10 – –	- -	10 – –	—
Cash - - - £.	73 15 2	- -	55 1 –	- -	36 12 9	- -	37 18 1	—
Stock - - - £.	- -	333 6 8	- -	333 6 8	- -	333 6 8	- -	333 6 8

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the
on Account of—

Holy Trinity, St. Paul, and Cinderford, in DEAN FOREST, in the County of Gloucester,"
Vict. c. 65.

Cr.

EXPENDITURE.	CHRISTCHURCH.		HOLY TRINITY.		ST. PAUL.		CINDERFORD.	
	Cash.	Stock.	Cash.	Stock.	Cash.	Stock.	Cash.	Stock.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
By Expenditure in 1868–69 -	5 1 6	- -	15 15 5	- -	- -	- -	6 8 7	—
By Balance on the 31st March 1869, viz.:								
1st. Cash Balances, as per General Abstract, at page 197 - - -	68 13 8	- -	39 5 7	- -	36 12 9	- -	31 9 6	—
2nd. Amount of Three per Cent. Consolidated Annuities, standing in the Names of the Commissioners of Woods, &c., and the Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol for the time being - - -	- -	333 6 8	- -	333 6 8	- -	333 6 8	- -	333 6 8
Cash - - - £.	73 15 2	- -	55 1 –	- -	36 12 9	- -	37 18 1	—
Stock - - - £.	- -	333 6 8	- -	333 6 8	- -	333 6 8	- -	333 6 8

Appendix, AA.—Accounts of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

VI.—AN ACCOUNT, showing the Receipt and Expenditure of the Commissioners
31st March 1869,

Vote, "SALARIES AND EXPENSES in the Office of Woods, &c.,
(Per

Dr.

The Unexpended Balance shown on the Account of Vote, "Salaries and Expenses in the

	£. s. d.
CIVIL SERVICE ESTIMATES (Class 2, Vote 18):	
To Amount granted for the Service of the year 1868-69 (per Act 31 & 32 Vict. c. 85), and issued from the Exchequer - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	26,958 - -
Carried forward - - - £.	26,958 - -

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the
on Account of—

and in the Office of the Land Revenue, Records, and Inrolments."
Appropriation Act.) *Cr.*

Office of Woods, &c.," for the Year ended 31st March 1868, has been surrendered.

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
CIVIL SERVICE ESTIMATES (Class 2, Vote 18):		
By Salaries, &c.:		
Commissioners (2 in number)	2,400 – –	
Principal Clerks (2 in number)	1,057 18 4	
Senior ditto (3 in number)	1,573 9 7	
Assistant ditto (8 in number)	3,197 16 11	
Supplementary Clerks, 1st Division (2 in number)	483 5 3	
Supplementary Clerks, 2nd Division (9 in number)	1,227 14 8	
Chief Mineral Inspector (*vide* "The Mines Account" at page 183)	800 – –	
Architect	850 – –	
Receiver General	700 – –	
Assistant to Receiver General	400 – –	
Book-keeper	600 – –	
Drawing Clerk	200 – –	
Office-keeper	130 – –	
Messengers (4 in number)	348 15 –	
		13,968 19 9
For the Office in Dublin:		
Senior Clerk	445 – –	
Assistant Clerk	333 15 –	
Supplementary Clerk	192 10 –	
		971 5 –
By Pay of Persons temporarily Employed:		
Land Revenue Department, England (including Copies of Maps, &c.)	705 2 4	
Ditto - - - - Scotland, Ireland, Wales, Channel Islands, Royal Forests and Woodlands	527 6 11	
Book-keeping Department	92 2 –	
Quit-rent Office, Dublin	154 14 1	
		1,479 5 4
By Incidental Expenses:		
Servants' Wages and Sundries	402 8 1	
Contingencies of the Office in Ireland	108 7 8	
		510 15 9
Carried forward - - - £.		16,930 5 10

Appendix, AA.—Accounts of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods,

VI.—An Account, showing the Receipt and Expenditure of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's

Dr.

	£.	s.	d.
Civil Service Estimates (Class 2, Vote 18)—*continued.*			
Brought forward - - -	26,958	–	–
£.	26,958	–	–

Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869—*continued.*

Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869, &c.—*continued.*

Cr.

Civil Service Estimates (Class 2, Vote 18)—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -		- - -	16,930 5 10
By Legal Branch:			
Salaries:			
Solicitor (England and Wales) - - - - - - -		1,602 18 11	
Four Clerks - - - - - - - - - -		1,251 – 2	
			2,853 19 1
Incidental Expenses:			
Solicitor (England and Wales), Disbursements - - - -		1,990 6 1	
Solicitor in Ireland - - - - - - - - -		188 14 3	
Other Legal Expenses, Agents' Bills, Costs of Local Inquiries, and other Law Costs:			
England - - - - - - - - - - -		141 5 1	
Wales - - - - - - - - - - -		13 17 11	
Scotland - - - - - - - - - - -		266 7 8	
Ireland - - - - - - - - - - -		9 18 2	
Solicitor for Department of Royal Forests, Disbursements (to 25th November 1868) - - - - - - - - - - -		382 14 10	
			2,993 4 –
			22,777 8 11
By Office of the Land Revenue, Records, and Inrolments:			
Salaries:	£. s. d.		
Keeper of the Records - - - - - -	550 – –		
Deputy Keeper - - - - - - -	385 – –		
Clerk - - - - - - - - -	171 – –		
Messenger - - - - - - - -	72 10 –		
		1,178 10 –	
Pay of Persons temporarily employed, including the examination and arrangement of Documents proposed to be transferred to the Public Record Office - - - - - - - -		425 17 –	
Incidental Expenses - - - - - - - - - -		7 10 4	
			1,611 17 4
			24,389 6 3
By Balance of the Grant for 1868-69 unexpended on the 31st March 1869, and to be surrendered, viz.:			
Amount undrawn from Exchequer - - - - - - -		2,000 – –	
Paymaster General - - - - - - - -	£. s. d. 1,307 11 7		
Less,—Outstanding Claims - - -	709 5 2		
		598 6 5	
In the hands of the Solicitor, Land Revenue (Balance of Imprests for Disbursements) - - - - - - - - - - -		10 14 3	
Ditto - - - Solicitors in Ireland - - (ditto) - - -		75 – –	
Ditto - - - Office Keeper - - - - - - -		1 11 10	
		2,685 12 6	
Less,—Due to the Inland Revenue Department, for Income Tax collected -		116 18 9	
			2,568 13 9
		£.	26,958 – –

* *Note.*—A very considerable Sum is annually received and credited to the Income of the Land Revenue, as Costs recovered in Crown Suits, and expenses incurred in the preparation of Leases, Conveyances, &c., the Charges in respect of which are, to a great extent, included under this Head of Expenditure—(*Vide* "Fees for Leases, &c.," at page 152.)

VIII.—GENERAL ABSTRACT of the Accounts of the Commissioners of Her Maj

BALANCES, 1st April 1868.					RECEIPTS.		Page of Account.	TITLES OF THE A
SECURITIES.		PERSONS, &c.		CASH.				
Exchequer Bills.	Stock.	Drs.	Crs.		Securities Purchased.	CASH.		
£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		
—	59,025 8 3	18,307 13 11	176 3 7	24,465 11 11	741 13 9	68,130 – 3	140	- - - CAPITAL (Per Acts 10 Geo. 4, c. 50, 14 & 15 V.
—	—	6,034 15 10 17,645 – –	7,299 4 8	73,582 11 1	- - - -	446,173 14 5	148	- - - INCOME (Per Acts 10 Geo. 4, c. 50, 14 & 15 V.
6,000 – –	- - -	12 2 6	- - -	163 16 5	- - - -	137 – –	188	New Forest Drainage (Per Act 8 & 9 Vict. c. 93) - -
—	16,666 13 4	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	487 10 –	188	Churches at Sunk Island and Newborough (Per Act 1 Will. 4
—	1,333 6 8	- - -	- - -	163 7 –	- - - -	40 – –	190	Churches in Dean Forest (Per Act 5 & 6 Vict. c. 65) - -
—	—	Balance surrendered -	- - -	Balance surrendered - -	- - - -	26,958 – –	192	Vote, "Salaries and Expenses in the Office of Woods, &c. and Inrolments." (Per Appropriation Act) - - -
£. 6,000 – –	77,025 8 3	41,999 12 3	7,475 8 3 34,524 4 – (Net Balance.)	98,375 6 5	741 13 9	541,926 4 8	- -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - -
	£.	41,999 12 3	41,999 12 3					
							1st April 1868.	
					—	98,375 6 5	CASH - - - -	BALANCE
					—	34,524 4 –	PERSONS, &c. - -	
					77,025 8 3	- - - -	STOCK - - -	
					6,000 – –	- - - -	EXCHEQUER BILLS	
				£.	83,767 2 –	674,825 15 1		

The foregoing Accounts have been prepared from the Books of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods, &c., the Entries in which have been founded on Accounts and Vouchers examined in the Department.

Office of Woods, &c., 29 June 1869.

Alfred John Phipps.

's Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues, for the Year ended on the 31st March 1869.

OUNTS.	Page of Account.	PAYMENTS.		BALANCES, 31st March 1869.				
		CASH.	Securities Sold.	CASH.	PERSONS, &c.		SECURITIES.	
					Drs.	*Crs.*	Stock.	Exchequer Bills.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
. 42, and 29 & 30 Vict. c. 62) - - -	141	36,662 9 5 657 6 11 (Cash invested.)	- - -	55,528 14 10	18,055 17 9	177 6 5	59,767 2 -	—
. 42, and 29 & 30 Vict. c. 62) - - -	149	88,206 3 10 360,000 - - paid into the Consolidated Fund.	- - -	68,670 15 2	6,785 16 7 17,645 - -	5,170 18 11	—	—
- - - - - - - - - - -	189	- - - -	- - -	310 16 5	2 2 6	- - - -	- - - -	6,000 - -
59) - - - - - - - - - -	189	487 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	16,666 13 4	—
- - - - - - - - - - -	191	27 5 6	- - -	176 1 6	- - - -	- - - -	1,333 6 8	—
in the Office of Land Revenue, Records - - - - - - - - -	193	24,389 6 3	- - -	- - -	2,685 12 6	116 18 9	—	—
- - - - - - - - - - - - - £.		510,430 1 11	- - -	124,686 7 11	45,174 9 4	5,465 4 1 39,709 5 3 (Net Balance.)	77,767 2 -	6,000 - -
					45,174 9 4	45,174 9 4		

31st March 1869.	Cash	Securities Sold
CASH - - -	124,686 7 11	—
PERSONS, &c. - -	39,709 5 3	—
STOCK - - -	- - - -	77,767 2 -
EXCHEQUER BILLS	- - - -	6,000 - -
£.	674,825 15 1	83,767 2 -

CHARLES GORE,
JAMES K. HOWARD, } Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues.

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TO

FORTY-SEVENTH REPORT

OF THE

Commissioners of HER MAJESTY'S Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues.

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